Local Matters.

Wednesday Morning, March 16, 1859.

☞ *All persons are requested not to purchase papers from our regular carriers. The papers do not belong to them; they have no authority to sell, and every sale by them is a fraud upon us, and a cheat upon our subscribers.*

☞ The regular circulation of the DAILY APPEAL is *nine fifteen hundred and thirty-six.* The circulation of the Sunday edition is *sixteen hundred and eighty.* This is larger by far than the circulation of any other daily paper in the State.

NOTICE THIS.—Desiring to purchase a lot in the city upon which to erect a printing establishment, we will give a bargain in our suburban property, if application be made during the present week.

McCLANAHAN, TROUSDALE & DILL.

THANKS.—We thank James Petty of the *Kate Frisbee* for late southern papers.

COMMON LAW COURT.—This court stands adjourned until Monday next, on account of the sickness of Judge Caruthers.

PROFITABLE.—The Recorder's Court is an excellent investment of a very small capital. Esq. East last week took, in cash, $453.50.

THANKS.—For a club of ten new subscribers to the WEEKLY APPEAL at Yorkville and Andalusia, Texas, we are indebted to Mr. E. Rutledge, to whom we tender our thanks.

THE MARKET HOUSE AND WHARF QUESTIONS SETTLED.—Council took final action on both these questions last night, as will be seen by referring in our report of the proceedings.

GRAVEL.—The gravel fever is not yet over, a bed of "pure gravel" ten inches thick is in the course of being laid down on Front Row, between Adams and Court street.

☞ J. Marshall Woodward advertises a suburban cottage residence for sale or rent. It is situated in a most desirable part of the environs of our city. See advertisement.

☞ Elder J. R. Frame will preach in the Church, on the corner of Linden and St. Patrick streets, this evening at 8 o'clock. Subject—Spiritual influence, or the power of God in the conversion of the sinner. The public are most respectfully invited to attend.

ACCOMPLICE ARRESTED.—David Turner was yesterday arrested by officers Nichols and Drake, on suspicion of being an accomplice of Catharine Connor, the hired girl who robbed the house of her mistress, Mrs. Hirschfeld.

FOUND GUILTY.—John McLean was yesterday found guilty at the Criminal Court, of stealing jewelry from the store of Messrs. Hanna, auctioneers. He was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

ROBBERY BY DAYLIGHT.—At 10 o'clock yesterday morning, an elderly man named James Wilson, a stranger in the city, walked into the house of Mrs. Plummer, on Elliott street, near Avery street, and stole a box of fancy shells. He was arrested, and a small box of finger rings was found upon him.

BOX TOP.—Messrs. Sherron & Barron, two gentlemen of skill and experience as caterers, have taken the popular *Box Tee* and open it to-day as a restaurant. This will be a restaurant simply, and will have no bar, so that gentlemen can get meals in quiet and comfort. We commend the restaurant at the Box Tee to the lovers of good living.

TAX-PAYERS TAKE NOTICE.—Esquire Richards desires the tax-payers of the fifth district to take notice that the tax book for the district, for the present year, is lying at his office for their inspection, and will be there until the first Monday in April. By inspecting this book, property-holders can ascertain whether there has been any error in the amount assessed against them.

ROBBED AND CRAZY.—George Hollan, a countryman, was yesterday found in a half crazy condition. He asserted that he reached the city the previous night, by boat; he started from the river for the railroad depot, and on the way he was knocked down, and a large sum of money he had about him was gone when he recovered his senses. Our police thought his story doubtful.

EDWARDS DEAD.—Edwards, who was so shamefully beaten and deserted on a flatboat on Wolf river, as stated by us yesterday, died yesterday morning, in the hospital. Dr. Martin made a *post mortem* examination, when he found that the cause of death was concussion of the brain, caused by violent blows. Esq. Horne held an inquest over the body, when a verdict in accordance with the facts was presented.

MAN STABBED ON FRONT ROW.—A difficulty broke out last night at 6 o'clock on Front Row below Madison street. Three or four persons jumped on a stranger from East Tennessee, near Knoxville, named Calvin Smith, who defended himself with a hunting knife, with which he inflicted a wound upon the person of Jasper Franklin. The wound was in the small of the back, but we are informed that it is not serious.

FOR SAVING LIFE.—In accordance with a resolution of Council the wharfmaster, Mr. Wolfe, has purchased material for the purpose of preventing the loss of life at the wharfboat landing. Three hundred feet of rope will be suspended beneath the guards of the wharfboat horizontally, from which will depend ropes extending to the water and connected with balls, floating on the water, at intervals of four feet. Any person falling from a boat at that landing may seize one of the floating balls, or the rope connected with it, and thus be sustained until assistance arrive.

A NEW TRADE FOR MEMPHIS.—Three bogsheads of leaf tobacco, from Gibson county, consigned to A. Hatchett, Esq., were yesterday sold by weight to the trade in this city, being the first sale of this article ever made in this city. The first was bought by Messrs. Goggin & Holt, for $7.25 per hundred, the second by Messrs. Hamilton & West, for $3.75, and the third by Messrs. O. Coleman & Co., for $3.125 per hundred pounds. Unfortunately, this tobacco was injured on the railroad by being rained on, or it would have commanded much higher figures.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER.—We are informed by reliable authority that this eminent oculist and aurist will shortly be in Memphis. He is at present in Nashville. The papers of that city report some very extraordinary operations on the eye and ear performed by the Doctor. His success there has been so great, that a number of the most influential citizens have publicly requested him to prolong his stay, and he has consequently been obliged to give up his engagements in New Orleans for this season. We would advise all who are suffering from any afflictions of the eye or ear to patiently await the Doctor's arrival, which we are assured will be in a very few days.

RECORDER'S COURT.—At this court yesterday, Wm. Allison, James Tooley, John Murphy, Wm. DeBare, J. T. Maitland and Peter Hughes were sent to the chain gang for being drunk. William, slave of Mr. Richardson, received thirty-nine lashes for the same offense. George Holland for being drunk and disorderly was put on the chain gang. Adam Shields for a misdemeanor was fined. A. B. Williams for having a weapon concealed on his person was fined. Mike Hayden and Wm. Keaton, for disorderly conduct were put on the chain gang. George Allison for the same was fined. C. W. McCoy for shooting within the corporation limits was fined. C. K. Munch, Sim Sloss and Jo Solon were discharged.

SYNARMOND D. H. MONTES BURSER.—The *D. H. Montes* is a United States government boat, plying between St. Louis and Fort Smith with troops and stores. On Saturday night, when fifteen miles below Lewisburg, at Widow Jenkins' landing, the hay with which the boat was partially loaded, took fire just as the boat was leaving the landing. The flames spread rapidly, and the crew and others on board in their escape had not time to save their clothing. The commander, Captain Washington, made a desperate effort to save a bag containing $970 in gold, but it fell into the river and was lost. No life was lost, but the escape was effected with great difficulty. The boat and cargo is a total loss.

THE NORTH MARKET HOUSE.—In the vexed question of locating a market house in the northern portion of the city, much stress has been laid on the point as to what the original document, dedicating Market Square to the city, says upon the subject. It has been stated publicly, in the Council Board and elsewhere, that the donors of the Square simply required that it should be called Market Square, and by no means made it necessary that the Square should be used for market purposes. The original document does not support this assertion for purport is to the following effect: John Overton, John C. McLemore, (in proper person,) George and William Winchester, surveying owners, by their attorney, M. B. Winchester, on the 18th September, 1828, dedicated streets and alleys to public uses. It is provided that the streets shall continue east to the bayou, alleys to continue east as far as the lots are laid off, and Court, Exchange, Market and Auction Squares to remain for public use, *according to the import of their names*, and the Promenade to be public ground for such uses as the name imports.

From this it appears that whatever argument on the subject can be drawn from the original deed, is in favor of retaining a market on Market Square.

Council Meeting.

Council met last evening in regular session, the President, Alderman Douglass, in the chair.

A resolution from the Improvement Committee, offered by Alderman Copeland, to repair the pavement on Main street between Beal and Linden streets, was adopted.

A resolution was offered to remove the plank from Union street when the contractors are ready to gravel the street. Adopted.

Alderman Hamilton moved to let a piece of unoccupied ground at the foot of Jefferson street for a lumber depot.

Alderman Hughes explained that the property there does not belong to the city. Referred to the Mayor, with power to act.

The following, from the Fire Committee, was referred to the Finance Committee: Your committee report in favor of building the following seven public cisterns, one at each of the intersections named: Main and Union, Main and Monroe, Main and Jefferson, Adams and Third, Poplar and Third, one at Auction Square, and one at the crossing of Court and Third streets.

An ordinance for the creation of the office of Chief of the Fire Department was read once and referred.

An ordinance defining how new streets shall be opened was passed finally.

An ordinance declaring how houses shall be built within the city fire limits, and forbidding the use of shingles in the city, was read a second time.

Alderman Copeland said the fire companies have their rights and modes of proceeding, and the Board would do no good to interfere with them. The ordinance was referred back to the committee.

Alderman Foute proposed that if Alderman Drew persisted in his tender of his resignation as a member of the Market House Special Committee, that Alderman Morgan be put in his place.

Alderman Drew said he had offered his resignation because no grown up man would approve of putting a market house on leased ground.

Several members opposed the acceptance of the resignation. Alderman Hughes said he believed Alderman Drew represented the views of the majority of the people upon this point. Upon a vote, the Board refused to accept Alderman Drew's resignation, and he remains a member of the committee.

Alderman Robinson offered a report of the Marshal, giving the location of thirty-two mud holes and ponds in the city. Referred.

Alderman Elder offered an application for the room in the Navy Yard, in which the schools are held, for manufacturing purposes—pressing cotton oil.

Alderman Morgan asked where the schools were to be put?

Alderman Copeland said if they were no better than those in South Memphis, they might as well be abolished.

The Mayor said the No. 3 engine house had a room which might be rented for the schools.

Alderman Finnie said the place was already leased.

Referred to the Navy Yard Committee.

Alderman Copeland asked if it was correct, as reported in a morning paper, that the tenants in the navy yard refused to pay city taxes?

Alderman Foute replied that he had the authority of the city tax collector for saying they are refusing.

Alderman Douglass, from the Committee on Improving the Wharf, introduced a plan for paving the wharf with limestone or granite, of not less than four nor more than eight inches in surface, to be laid on gravel not less than five nor more than eight inches in depth; the width of the pavement to be 100 feet, the length 3300; the total expense $83,333.

Alderman Finnie suggested that a uniform grade should be established.

A resolution was passed that the blocks of stone be 12 inches deep.

At 12½ o'clock a resolution was passed that the special committee contract for paving the wharf 100 feet wide and 3000 feet long, to be done according to the specifications before the Board, the contract to be let to the highest bidder. Alderman Dupree was the only one voting against this resolution.

On the motion of Alderman Forrest, the market house question was taken up. He reported that the committee had contracted for a lot for a market house, on Fourth street, between Washington and Poplar.

A resolution offered by Alderman Robinson, to repeal all restrictions on the committee, was lost.

Alderman Robinson offered a resolution to locate the market house on Court Square. The vote for place on the market house on Market Square consisted of Messrs. Hughes, Drew, Robinson and Douglass, 4; against placing it on Market Square, Messrs. Morgan, Street, Forrest, Kortrecht, Elder, Copeland, Neal, Dupree, Finnie; Hamilton excused.

Alderman Street moved that the report offered by Alderman Forrest be adopted, and the Mayor directed to sign the contracts for the ground which is to be appropriated to a market house to be built thereon. The vote stood, for the purchase Messrs. Morgan, Street, Forrest, Kortrecht, Elder, Finnie, Foute, Neal; against the purchase Messrs. Hughes, Drew, Robinson, Copeland, Douglass and Hamilton.

Adjourned to Tuesday.

To Cotton Planters and Cotton Factors.

The undersigned desire to say that the attempt which has been made recently to establish a discount on free tied cotton, in this city, should be resisted by planters and factors, as it is unjust, and without reasonable cause therefor.

We are satisfied that some of the buyers who shipped to New Orleans were charged eight cents a tie, for taking off iron and putting on rope, by the compression; but we claim that such charge ought to have been resisted as unjust, (as we intend to show,) and that parties who took the gains to resist it were not suspected thereto.

We believe that the tariff submitted to here would have been avoided by resistance on the part of planters and merchants. We know that some of the Memphis factors favored the suppression of iron ties, and were very ready to submit to a deduction on iron tied cotton. We know that bills of sale were made out and half a dollar taken off iron tied cotton without the buyer claiming it, and have ourselves been asked by the purchaser what it meant. We know that a deduction of half a dollar per bale has been claimed, on the ground that it was an established custom, the buyer afterwards admitting that he had never been subjected to a deduction on iron tied cotton. We know that it was only necessary to advise the consignee in New Orleans, to send iron tied cotton to the press prepared to represe it to prevent any charge from being made against it.

We think it as little as merchants could calculate to do for their planting constituents, (who desired to avail themselves of the great advantages of iron ties) to instruct their iron tied cotton stored with the presses that had advertised to receive and work it, on the same terms of rope. We are pleased to be able to say, that the heaviest re-pressing establishment in New Orleans have recently adopted the use of iron ties, and that now New Orleans factors are refusing to pay any press extra charge on iron tied cotton. Hence we deem it advisable to apprise those who have iron tied cotton, of this state of facts. We append an extract from a letter of E. McGehee, Esq., whose address is Memphis, which goes to confirm our position in regard to the iron tie cotton, and we shall lay before the planters other facts correctly, which may be somewhat astounding to those who are not familiar with the manner in which the *great staple* is handled. We will furnish McComb's iron tie for seven and a half cents per pound here, or seven cents per pound at the factory at St. Louis, in any quantity, for the crop of 1859.

DAVID McCOMB & CO.

I tied my crop of 1858 with your ties, and find it easy of application, so that it can be put on much faster than rope, and hold the bale in beautiful form.

My manager is much pleased with the iron ties.

I have paid no drawbacks or extra charges, and believe that with proper instructions when shipping, none will be made.

I expect to use it in the future, and would recommend it to the planters who raise cotton.

E. McGEHEE.

THE GAIETY.—This evening Miss Logan will personate "Pauline" in Bulwer's play of the *Lady of Lyons*. We believe it is the first time this season that this play has been represented at the Gaiety. To-morrow evening Miss Eliza Logan will take her benefit, when we trust to see an appreciative and crowded audience.

The dramatic season will close with the present week, and we would advise our playgoers to gather entertainment while they can, from the splendid and artistic representations of their favorite, Miss Logan.

We would again remind the public the deserving stage manager, Mr. Benson, will have a benefit on Friday evening. We wish this horse in mind.

☞ We invite attention to the advertisement of M. Kaufman & Co., who have just received a large new stock of clothing, dry goods, etc., which they will sell at very reasonable figures.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire last night about ten o'clock, was in consequence of the burning of a small hoppy on Union street, east of the bayou.

Port of Memphis.

No advertisements of Steamboats inserted except through Agents in this city, who will be held responsible for advertising fees.

The river yesterday stood at seven inches below high water mark, one inch lower than the day before; the rise on that day was evidently the effect of wind, and the river has really been stationary since yesterday week. The weather was sunny yesterday with a cold wind. Business at the landing was rather dull.

The Jenny Whipple is advertised to leave today as the regular weekly Little Rock and Arkansas river packet. The boat is excellently adapted to the trade she runs in, and passengers will receive at the hands of Geo. Hynson, the clever and popular clerk, every necessary attention.

The Lady Walton, on the Arkansas river, ran on a snag, a few days ago, knocking a very large hole in her hull. A bulkhead was built and the boat so far repaired as to be able to proceed.

Geo. Hynson, clerk of the Whipple, informs us that the S. H. Tucker had broken her cylinder timber on the Arkansas river. She was obliged to turn back to Little Rock.

The Joan of Arc brought 843 bales of cotton from the Hatchie river on her last two trips. She has cleared out all the cotton to be obtained from that region and will soon lie up until a load of lumber and corn is ready for her

The magnificent and spacious Ingraham is the regular packet for New Orleans to-day. She starts at 5 o'clock this evening.

The Ohio river packet Memphis, Capt. John Bugher, Dean, clerk, is one of the most popular boats that lands at our wharf. For regularity in its time, for speed and safety, and for the thorough skillfulness of its officers in their profession, the Memphis is unsurpassed. She leaves for Louisville, Cincinnati and other ports on the Ohio river at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Wornbach is the agent.

Capt. McKay's Virginia Belle is advertised to start at 3 o'clock this evening for Little Rock and ports on the Arkansas; the boat is light and adapted to the navigation of the Arkansas, and Capt. McKay is an experienced and attentive officer. Three o'clock is the time set for starting.

The Louisville Courier, of Saturday, reports:

The steamer Endeavor was still on the rocks, last evening. Her position was somewhat changed since the preceding evening, but not any for the better. She got on the rocks by some of her machinery breaking just as she was rounding to. The towboat Judge McClure went alongside of her, yesterday, and took some of her freight off. The McClure also got aground, but was soon got off. The Endeavor has an anchor out.

Green river was falling at last accounts, but high enough for all navigable purposes, if not too high. Some trouble was anticipated at Mud river lock, owing to the accumulated mud, but we believe it has been washed away.

Shawneetown was entirely submerged in the late rise. The Illinoisan says the water was four feet deep on Main street, and the only dry land to be seen was a few rods at the upper end of the place, called the Mounds; all the inhabitants were driven for safety to the second story of their dwellings. The streets were navigable in almost any part for steamboats. Business generally was suspended on account of the great difficulty in getting to and from communication with the country. A vast sheet of water, miles in extent, met the view of the eye in every direction.

The Washington (Ark.) Democrat, of March 8, says:

Red river is again rising; several boats have passed up during the week. Every pilot above the shoals should be ready now to ship; the boats will doubtless be there, shortly.

The Little Rock *True Democrat*, of March 9, reports:

There is about six feet water in the channel, and stationary. There are prospects of a rise.

The Vicksburg *Whig*, of Friday last, says:

The river is still rising. During the twenty-four hours ending up to 6 o'clock last evening, it had risen a little over four inches and a half. The depth in the vicinity of Lake Providence, La., have taken alarm at the continued rise in the river, and a public meeting was to have assembled on Tuesday last, to take into consideration the threatening condition of the levees. That across the Hagaman crevasse had already "sloughed off" very much in some places, and in others "sunk" to the depth of two feet or more. We learn that the levee at Edington's store, about forty miles above here, was broke, and about one-third of his place is overflowed.

The New Orleans *Price Current*, of March 9, says:

The river has risen seven inches since our last report, and is now two feet three inches below high water mark.

The New Orleans True Delta says:

Something must be done—scientifically, if you will, but practically and promptly—else Carroll Parish and other sections of the State contiguous to it, will be doomed to another fearful invasion from the Mississippi. During the month of February, 938 boats passed Cairo; of this number 178 were New Orleans packets, 90 being bound up stream, and 88 packets going down.

☞ The ladies are again invited to attend the auction sales of watches and jewelry, made every day at three o'clock p. m., at the auction store of G. B. Locke & Co., 202 Main street. All who have been at attended these sales have been well pleased. The sales will continue, for their benefit, every day at 3 o'clock, until the entire stock is closed out. The assignee is very anxious to close out in as short a time as possible, and consequently does not stand on sacrifices. Sales for gentlemen every night at seven o'clock. Goods warranted as represented, and sold without limit.

☞ Dr. Edmonds had his pocketbook stolen on Saturday. It contained, among other moneys, a one dollar bill on the "Charter Oak Bank of Connecticut." Any one finding such bill in circulation, will please notify the Doctor, as it may enable him to detect the thief. A "reward" is indorsed on the back of the described bill.

INDICTMENTS.—At the Criminal Court yesterday, the grand jury returned a true bill against R. DeBare for obtaining a promissory note on false pretences; also against the same for larceny; against Jno. Clark, John Glass, and Sam'l Harris, for larceny; also, a second against Harris, for larceny.

INQUEST.—Esq. Horne yesterday held an inquest on the body of an Irishman, who died at Mrs. Hart's boarding house. Some few nights ago he received several blows upon the head; the physician explained that he did not die of his wounds but from inflamation of the throat. Verdict accordingly.

A BAD MALE SPECIMEN.—Mike Hayden entered the house of his sister Kate yesterday, and assaulted one of the frail sisterhood; the girl took refuge in a closet, when he took his knife, and obtaining possession of her clothing he cut it to pieces. The Recorder sent him to jail for forty-three days.

SENT TO THE CHAINGANG.—J. T. Maitland and Wm. DeBare, the two men who were arrested when drinking out of two bottles of spirits on the steps of the Presbyterian church on Monday, were yesterday sent by the Recorder to the chaingang for twenty-three days each.

THE MARKET HOUSE MEETING.—At the meeting on Monday night upon the market house question, the resolutions offered by Mr. Perkins, which we printed, were unanimously adopted. The sense of the meeting was strongly in favor of the retention of the market on Market Square.

Common Law Court Calendar.

Cases set for Trial.—Thursday, March 17.

19 Carter vs. Union Bank.
169 Dennis vs. Bell.
170 Heffernan vs. Douglass.
172 Patrick vs. Mitchell.
173 Leake vs. Hill.
175 Cartwright vs. Steamboat "Lucy Robinson."
180 Leftwich vs. Vallentine.
181 Sangster vs. Goff.
183 Burt vs. Felts.
184 Peplon vs. Park.
185 Levy vs. Moses.
186 Orange vs. Chalmers.
188 Shirley vs. Miller.
189 Brown vs. Hawthorne.
191 Jarnagin vs. Hoss.
192 Humphreys vs. James.
193 Gray vs. Williams.
194 Grant vs. Duncan.
195 Massey vs. Bradford.
198 Isler vs. Baxter.
202 McNamee vs. M. & T. R. R. Co.
203 Smedley vs. Walker.
204 Shannon vs. Crenshaw.
207 Ward vs. Pattison.
208 Cotnwell vs. same.
209 Phelon vs. Fletcher.
210 Fletcher vs. Turner.

THE IMMENSE DEMAND FOR SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES

HAS rendered more extensive accommodations necessary. A SPLENDID LARGE SALESROOM has been fitted up at No. 190 Main street, next door to Mr. Lee's Furniture Store, connecting with the latter upon the second floor.

The reputation of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, is so well established, it is deemed needless to dwell upon their merits, especially since it is customary to advertise every kind of Sewing Machine, whether good or bad, as superior, or at least equal to all others. But assertion is not proof, and no sensible person will trust to a public advertisement, while he can, of himself of the opportunity of judging for personal inspection the Machine he may feel inclined to buy.

It is impossible for the purchaser of a Singer Machine to be deceived, simply because each Machine is sold with the privilege of returning it in a given time if it should not prove to be what it was represented.

Were it necessary, we could point to a volume of facts illustrative of the maxim: "Success is a sure evidence of merit." It is well known that I. M. Singer and Company, who constitute the firm of I. M. Singer & Co., are the largest manufacturers in the world of Family Sewing Machines, and have always commanded a higher price, and sold more than a much larger number of them than any other Machine. Facts that transfer of Singer Machines have been in constant daily use for upwards of two years, being still in good condition.

Singer's new manufactory in New York, is considered a remarkable structure even in that city of mammoth establishments; yet with all these immense facilities they are barely able to supply the demand, which has more than doubled since the public have discovered the sufficiency and worthlessness of the many of Sewing Machines with which the whole country is deluged.

Those who are not posted in the Sewing Machine trade, would do well to make a thorough examination before buying.

☞ Prices of Singer's Machines from $65 to $150.

Jal-dawtf EDWIN DEAN, Agent.

Latest News by Telegraph.

TO ASSOCIATED PRESS OF MEMPHIS

Mexican News.

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—The Tennessee's mails, which have been received here, confirm the success of the Liberals.

General Ampudia reports that the Indians under Cobaq, numbering fifteen hundred men, were twice beaten back by an inferior force.

General Miramon was reported retreating to Orizaba; only 500 men were left at the capital.

The news of the intended action of the United States Government had greatly encouraged the Liberals.

The English and French were harassing Juarez.

The sloop of war Savannah had arrived at Vera Cruz.

Washington News—Mexican Affairs.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—It is creditably ascertained that England and France disclaim any other intention in sending naval forces to the coast of Mexico than to procure due reparation for wrongs committed on their subjects. They do not intend to take sides with either contending party. Our Government does not believe that they will do anything conflicting with the Monroe doctrine.

The Mexican Legation here has received no information touching the defeat of Miramon.

The Paraguay Expedition.

NEW YORK, March 15.—News has been received here from Buenos Ayres, January 23d. Commissioner Bowlding and Commodore Shubick had an interview with General Urquiza, who subsequently went, it is supposed, to consult President Lopez, and offer most reasonable terms of settlement.

Hopes of peace were more general at Buenos Ayres, it being thought that Lopez will yield.

The steamer Southern Star is engaged in towing the Sloop-of-war Preble up the river.

United States Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The balance in the treasury on the 7th was $7,188,000. Receipts for the week $715,000. Drafts paid $732,000. Drafts issued $10,440,000, being a reduction of $229,000. Receipts in New York for the week ending on the 11th $1,272,000, including $1,600,000 on account of the United States loan.

Treasury Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Secretary of the Treasury has notified the successful bidders for the late loan, that they need not make further deposits unless they choose, as Government is not requiring money at present.

Slaver Captured.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The silver captured off Porto Rico, in February, was the Mystic, with over a thousand slaves aboard. The captain is an American, and also the owner, had a million with the authorities and escaped. Nearly all the negroes were landed at Huranaes.

River News.

LOUISVILLE, March 15.—River rising, with 8 feet 9 inches in the canal, and 6 feet 9 inches on the falls.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—Arrived, Champion, Pioneer, Peerless and Ogden. Departed, Morrison.

Congress Nomination.

NASHVILLE, March 15.—James M. Quarles, of Montgomery, has been nominated by the Opposition for Congress, in the Eighth District.

Vessels Arrived.

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—Arrived, ships Wabash, St. Charles and Soltana, from New York; also, bark Dirigo. Harry Hammond, from Boston, and Panama, from Rio.

Tehuantepec Route.

New York, March 15.—The Tehuantepec steamer *Cosf Coalcos* sails on the 23d, and takes passengers only for Havana and New Orleans.

Declined.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Senator Jones has declined the mission to Bogota.

Died.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Judge Vespasian Ellis died here yesterday, of dropsy.

Telegraphic Markets.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—Mess Pork $18 at retail.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Cotton dull on account of the inclemency of the weather. Sales 300 bales. Flour dull, sales 7300 bbls. White Wheat $1 40@1 45. Corn 77@78c. Whisky 28@28c. Sugar steady at 6@7½c. Coffee firm at 10@12¼. Molasses 34@40c.

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—Sales of cotton to-day 4500 bales at 11@11½c. Sales for three days 14,000 bales. Receipts for three days 22,500 bales against 57,000 bales last year. Total receipts 1,100,000 bales. Molasses 32c. Oats 80c. Lard buoyant at 12c. Freights on cotton to Liverpool 15-32d.

Business Notices.

EDITORS APPEAL: In reply to your article in this morning's paper, in regard to Mr. Milton's connection in the insurance business, I would state that I now hold Milton & Putnam's receipt for the amount I paid, in Mr. Milton's own hand writing, which can be produced when necessary.

EDITORS APPEAL: The above card appeared in your paper of the 20th of February, which I pronounce an unqualified *falsehood*, and *he knows it*. Tenfold has neither policy nor receipt in his possession ever signed by me, nor did I ever see the creature to know him until long after the fire. I have not thought it necessary to notice this card before, believing that the entire thing was got up by a rival of Mr. Putnam in the insurance business. I now, under the advice of friends, publish this card of contradiction. If Mr. Putnam did not give notice to policy-holders of the failure of the company, he certainly acted very unwisely. I would further state that there is neither agency nor company in the city of Memphis which has paid more on account of losses, and with as little trouble, as the agency of Sam. Putnam since the first January last.

W. E. MILTON.

REDUCED BY DYSPEPSIA TO A MERE SKELETON.—*Cured by "Barhave's Holland Bitters."* Mr. A. Mitchell, a trader, probably as well known as any man in Western Pennsylvania, states as follows: "I met with a farmer in Armstrong county who was *reduced by Dyspepsia a mere skeleton*. I persuaded him to buy a bottle of Barhave's Holland Bitters, believing it would cure him. Meeting him subsequently a few days after, he made my acquaintance at finding him a hale, hearty man; he told me he now weighed 200 pounds, and that this wonderful change had been produced by Barhave's Holland Bitters, to which he attributed solely his restoration."

DAILY EVENING LEDGER.—We would respectfully inform our friends and patrons that we will resume the publication of our paper on Tuesday evening, the 15th inst. Our office will be located on the south side of Court Square, at Wallace's auction mart, where we will be pleased to see our old friends and as many new ones as may feel disposed to patronize us.

S. H. WHITSETT & CO.

CASEYVILLE, TENN., March, 1859.

MR. S. R. Wood, Agent Ætna Insurance Company, Boston: Dear Sir: Please cancel my policy. I acknowledge the receipt of $1150, the full amount of my policy (No. 800) in your Agency, on my dwelling and furniture which was consumed by fire on the night of the 4th inst. I was fully aware by a provision in the policy that I was not entitled to the money till sixty days after proof, but not believing a moment was paid up as soon as proof was furnished, I have entertained a different idea for days before this. I must take this opportunity to express my thanks for the promptness and great liberality with which the claim has been paid, and I now advise every person who lives within the bounds of your Agency to lose no time in having their property insured against insurance in the Ætna Company, as I can assure them it is no bogus concern but stands to the last. Yours very truly,

WILLIAM A. JOHNSON.

NOTICE.—We are at present located over the Music Store of J. A. McClure, in the Previne Block, where we may at all times be found ready to wait on our friends. We are prepared to do any kind of job work that our friends may have to do. We will have our tools for all kind of manufacturing purpose in about ten days.

mar10-d&wtf SAFFARRANS & STREATTON.

C. MULLER, OPTICIAN.—In consequence of the increasing demand for his Spectacles, Mr. Muller will return to Europe, in order to make more extensive arrangements concerning the manufacture of his celebrated Spectacles. Those desirous to have him fit them with his superior glasses before his return, next Fall, should not fail to call before June. f11-dtw2m

Norton & Colburg, wholesale liquor dealers, No. 30 Monroe street, having a large and fine stock of liquors and cigars, are prepared to furnish orders from the country and hotel and steamboat bars lower than any house in the city; also, with lager beer and cream ale, bottled and sec. f12-3mdaw

WHEAT AND CORN.—C. T. Elliott wants 10,000 bushels of wheat and corn immediately, at the highest cash price, at the Eagle Flouring Mills, Memphis. ma10-1w

FLOUR.—C. T. Elliott keeps choice flour, for family and bakers' use; also corn meal, bran and shorts constantly on hand, at the Eagle Mills. ma10-1w

SHAD.—I am receiving fresh shad every day by express. I can fill orders from steamboats or from the country at the shortest notice, and pack in ice, if necessary. H. DOW,

ma5-2w* 155 Main street.

In another column, see the advertisement of GEORGE PATTISON & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 263 Main street, near Madison street.

See advertisement of Turf Oil, in another column, and call on Ward & Jones, and get a pamphlet. It cures man and beast.

HARDWARE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.—If you are in want of such goods, read advertisement of Lowman, Orgill & Co., on fourth page.

Just Received.

200 BBLS. Double Extra Family Flour.
20 boxes prime Soil Rifine.
25 firkins and kegs do.
100 kegs Sweet Butter.
25 cans Manilla Soap.
50 half chests Green and Black Tea.
50 boxes prime Starch.
20 boxes Kennedy and New York Mustard.

Together with a general assortment of Groceries in store and for sale low by CHAS McLEAN,

mar16 107 Front Row.

Medical Card.

I HAVE associated with me in the practice of medicine, Dr. JOHN C. BOOTH. Office, on the alley, between Court and Madison, in the Turner Building.

mar11-dm JNO. PITMAN.

WILLIAM A. WILLIAMS.....GEORGE WEST
late of Memphis, Tenn. Late of Holly Springs, Miss

WILLIAMS & WEST,
General Land and Collecting Agents,
Helena, Arkansas.

WILL give prompt attention to the interests of non-resident land and other owners of lands in Arkansas and Mississippi, in the matter of paying taxes; redemption lands sold for taxes; location of warrants and scrip; the adjustment of titles and the examination and sale of lands. Special attention given also to the collection of debts. my23-dtwyr&y

Fine Cutlery.

A LARGE and extensive assortment of Rogers, A. Crosby's and Westenhoffer's POCKET KNIVES, just received, and for sale by CLEAVER & YARDLEY,

ma16d

Commercial Matters.

MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL OFFICE, WEDNESDAY, March 16, 1859.

COTTON—The market generally remained dull and unchanged. The sales were 2 bales at 8 cents, 2 at 7.90 c, 19 at 8, 11 at 8¼, 43 at 8¼, 78 at 8, 9 at 8¼, 27 at 8¼, 7 at 8¼, 75 at 8¼, 18 at 8¼, 3 at 8¼, 8 at 8¼, 48 at 11, 9 at 11¼, 48 at 11¼, 113 at 11¼, 37 at 11¼, 23 at 11¼, 48 at 11, 13 at 11¼, 78 at 12c, 1 at 12c. Total, 707 bales of which 270 sold below and 437 at and over 11 cents.

Inferior	8 @ 7¾	Middling	10 @ 10¼
Ordinary	7¾ @ 8¼	Good Middling	11 @ 11¼
Good Ordinary	8 @ 8¼	Middling Fair	12 @ 12½
L Middling	10 @ 10¼	Fair	13 @ 13½

New Orleans Market.

COTTON—The Price Current of March 9 reports: Our last report closed upon advanced claims on the part of factors, which had tended to check operations, but buyers were not either more readily on Saturday, nor business was transacted to the extent of about 4000 bales. On Monday market opened with quite an active inquiry, but buyers were again met by claims of very full prices, which were not responded to, and in the sales which took place, concessions of ¼@½c were made, in some instances, in favor of the buyer. The sales amounted to about 2500 bales, of which 1000 were taken by the trade, and the balance by the speculators. The receipts at this port since 1st September, (exclusive of the arrivals from Mobile, Florida and Texas) are 1,443,827 bales, against 1,166,983 bales to same date last year; and the increase in the receipts at all the ports, up to the latest dates as compared with last year is 211,264 bales. In the exports from the United States to foreign ports, as compared with the same dates last year, there is an increase of 188,867 bales to Great Britain, of 22,934 to France, and of 108,680 bales to other foreign ports.

COMPARATIVE PRICES OF COTTON

	1859.	1858.	1857.
Inferior	6 @ 7¾	5 @ 7	4 @ 8½
Ordinary to Good Ordy.	8 @10	8 @ 8¾	10 @ 12½
Middling	11 @11¼	10 @10¾	12 @ 12½
Good Middling	11 @11¾	11 @11¼	12 @ 12½
Middling Fair	12 @12½	12 @12	12½ @ 13½
Fair	13 @—	13 @—	13 @—
Good Fair	nominal.	nominal.	nominal.
Good and Fine	nominal.	nominal.	nominal.
Freight to Liverpool	—@7-16	—@ ⅛	7-16@ —
Sterling Exchange	9½ @ prem. 9½ @ prem.		9½ @ prem. 9½ @ prem.

LATEST LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

February 18th.	1859.	1858.
Fair Orleans	7¾ @ — d	7¾ @—d
Middling Orleans	7 1-16@ — d	7⅜ @—d

The Financial, of March 11, gives the same quotations as above and says: With the Arabia's advices at hand an active demand has prevailed to-day, resulting in sales of also at 27,000 bales. The market has been firm with unstable signs on prevailing at the close. The general market was pretty lively for the week, the news from Europe by the Arabia strengthened the feeling in commercial and speculative circles, and the intelligence of a firm Liverpool cotton market so firm, with an advancing tendency, and the accounts of increased consumption from this side well calculated to weaken the confidence of holders there. Hence the simultaneous demand for our large supplies and heavy stock accounts is looked upon as conclusive evidence of the maintenance, not only of the existing cotton value, but of an advance on the current rate. The war spirit seems to be much larger by this arrival.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL TOBACCO MARKETS.—Messrs. Wm. Cox's Circular, London, February 5, 1859: The dull and idleness position of the London tobacco market, reported in our circular of the 15th, continued without interruption till toward the close of the past month, when a little improvement was experienced, resulting in sales to the extent of 1500 bales of all descriptions. Of this aggregate, western stripe constituted the largest proportion, and were taken exclusively by our manufacturers, who, having been fairly met, with such reasonable concessions as were justified by the position of the article, relatively with other qualities, have shown a disposition to purchase more than for some time past. In Virginia stripe the transactions were extremely limited, while leaf of that growth, as well as factory fried western, and Kentucky, ruled in general demand.

The transactions in the Liverpool tobacco market since the new year have been on a larger scale than for some time past. More than half is of Virginia stripe, and was taken for the manufacture by buyers from Scotland, and subsequently by rival dealers for resale in Glasgow. The trade in other qualities is limited in prices, but it is generally understood that purchasers obtained an average concession of not less than ½d ℔. The same may be said of the Kentucky, which ruled rather the lower grades of the quality. The home trade continues to buy with great caution, and the decline in prices appears to be still insufficient to induce them to hold stock, leaving the import