Daily Appeal.

MEMPHIS.

SATURDAY, : : : : : JUNE 11, 1859.

Largest Circulation in the City.

Reading Matter on Every Page.

The Official Journal of the City.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISHAM G. HARRIS.

FOR CONGRESS, TENTH DISTRICT,

WM. T. AVERY

FOR REPRESENTATIVES, SHELBY COUNTY,

J. P. FARRELLY & W. T. PARLEY

THE APPEAL—Is regularly discontinued at the end of the time paid for, unless renewed in advance.

SPEAKING AT GERMANTOWN.

The candidates for Congress will open the canvass at Germantown next Monday. A very large number of our citizens are desirous of attending, and it is probable an extra train may be run for their accommodation. We ask the attention of the officers of the road to the matter, and we feel persuaded if in their power, they will run a train for the accommodation of as many as may desire to attend the speaking.

☞ The Columbus (Miss.) *Democrat* says that "Hon. GEORGE EUSTIS, late member of Congress from Louisiana, has addressed a letter to his constituents declining a new nomination. Mr. EUSTIS was elected by the American party, and he says in his letter that he voted true to the principles of his party while in Congress. But, as he now regards the American party dissolved, and thinks that the contest for President in 1860 will be between the Democratic and Republican parties, the former will claim his support. How many will follow the lead of Mr. EUSTIS? While some who have acted against the Democratic party are coming over to its support, a few obscure individuals, like SAWYER and SHEPPARD, of Alabama, are attempting to divide and defeat it. But their efforts will result in miserable failures, and they will soon sink into obscurity again 'unwept, unhonored and unsung.'"

There are hundreds and thousands of others in the South who have heretofore acted with the Whigs and Americans, who will find refuge in the ranks of the Democracy when they fully understand the terms upon which the Black-Republicans propose to accept them as faithful allies. We are much mistaken if there is any man in the South, worthy the name of Southron, who would prefer an alliance with the Black-Republicans rather than a union with the Democracy. The leaders in this movement will find themselves deserted by the great masses of the people, if they persist in carrying it forward to consummation.

THE CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNOR.

The Nashville *Union* of Thursday says:

The candidates for Governor, who have been in this city since Saturday last, taking a "resting spell," to enable Gov. HARRIS to attend to various official matters claiming attention, will renew the canvass at Franklin to-morrow, commencing at ten o'clock, Gov. HARRIS making opening speech. On Saturday morning they will address their fellow-citizens at Murfreesboro, Col. NETHERLAND opening the discussion. We presume a large number of our citizens will attend at both places.

After a three weeks' tour the candidates will take another resting spell, to enable Gov. HARRIS to give some necessary attention to official business, when the canvass of East Tennessee will be resumed, commencing at Athens on Monday, the 11th of July."

☞ Since the announcement of the names of F. S. Latham and E. W. Munford, as the candidates of the Opposition for the Legislature, the Democracy are considerably *exercised*, and already, in the excitement of despair at not being able to beat Shelby in the contest, they will rather *—incorrectly formulated* the policy they intend pursuing. The cry is *Farrelly must* and shall be elected. How is it to be done?—by voting one of Harris' men for Governor, the other into office. Mr. Munford is to be beaten, they hope, and they hope to do this by trading off one of the votes he is properly entitled to, should otherwise get. I write this as a caution to that lofty game may be watched. I know Mr. Munford well enough to say that he does not desire his election by the *defeat* of Mr. Munford. Therefore let us work and vote together and we will easily elect both our candidates. VENTAS.

The foregoing card appears in the *Enquirer* of yesterday. We are inclined to think that "Ventas" has drawn upon his fancy for his facts. While the card professes on its face to be written as a caution to the Opposition, it contains a fling at Mr. LATHAM, which may or may not claim his attention. As for the Democracy, the writer may rest assured they will be vigorous to vote together for both their candidates when the election day arrives. They have no desire to elect either one of their candidates by a sacrifice of the other.

MISSISSIPPI NEWS.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION IN THE FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Our Democratic friends in the First Congressional District assemble in convention at Holly Springs, on the 13th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. Mr. LAMAR, the present incumbent, will, it is believed, be nominated without opposition.

FOOTE OR SHARKEY.—The Oxford *Mercury* thinks that *one or the other of these gentlemen* will be nominated by the Opposition for Governor of Mississippi. The Opposition Convention assembles at Jackson on the 11th of July next.

IMPORTED AFRICANS.—Three of the four wild African negroes which were bought by two planters of Marshall county, some time last winter, from the ship *Wanderer's* cargo, are dead. It is very questionable whether negroes from Africa will live long "transplanted" to this climate.—*Oxford Mercury.*

CROPS.—The river has fallen sufficiently to allow many of the overflowed planters to commence planting, all of whom intend to plant both corn and cotton. It is an asserted fact, that the best cotton ever raised in Columbus, was planted in the month of June.—*Columbus Citizen, June 4.*

EDITORIAL.—CHAS. D. KIDD, Esq., better known as "Se De Key," has become associated with the editorial department of the Louisville *Democrat*. Mr. KIDD is one of the most valuable men in the West or South—a pleasing, vigorous and instructive writer—and will impart additional interest to the columns of the *Democrat*.

Virginia Election Returns.

Annexed we give the official vote, as received by the Secretary of State, from 114 counties:

For Letcher	22,412
For Smith	22,494
Majority for Letcher	1,082

The following returns are unofficial:

	Wise.	Letcher.
Rockbridge	150	300
Bedford	300	400
Campbell	1,200	1,100
Kanawha	1,000	1,100
Lunenburg	150	197
Mathews	125	200
Northampton	175	40
	3,100	3,336

Whole vote for Wise	22,573
Whole vote for Smith	1,803
	24,376
Whole vote for Letcher	22,412
Letcher's majority in 114 counties	2,964

Thirty counties are yet to be heard from.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

Meeting of Railroad Officers.—Changes in the Different Schedules.

(From the Grand Junction Quo Nunc.)

On Thursday last there was a meeting at this place of the officers of the various railroads, for the purpose of agreeing upon the new schedules and connections which are to take effect on the 1st July. The Memphis and Charleston Railroad was represented by Col. R. Ayres, Superintendent of the Western Division; the Memphis and Ohio, Col. Robertson Topp, President, and Henry Coffin, Esq., Superintendent; the Mississippi Central and Tennessee by Gen. B. F. Neely, President, and Tracy Robinson, Esq., Superintendent; the Mississippi Central by Col. Walter Goodman, and Capt. E. G. Barney, Superintendent; and the Mobile and Ohio Road by Hon. Milton Brown, President, and L. J. Fleming, Esq., of Mobile, (General Superintendent,) and J. J. Williams, Esq., Assistant Superintendent.

The General result of the deliberations of these gentlemen was, to so arrange the schedules as to insure close double daily connections between New Orleans and the North and East, and between Memphis and the North and East, through this place.

The passenger trains on both great lines of road crossing at Grand Junction, will meet here at 2 A. M., and also at 5 P. M., remaining here about 20 minutes each time. The trains will leave Memphis at 2:30 A. M., and at 2 P. M.

The time from Memphis to Cairo, via Grand Junction, will be 13½ hours. Time from Grand Junction to Cairo, 10½ hours; to Cincinnati, 28 hours; to New York 64½ hours. Time from New Orleans, via Grand Junction and Cairo, to New York, 97½ hours, with no "lying over" anywhere.

The trains going North arrive at Cairo at 4 P. M., and at 3:15 A. M.; going South, leave Cairo at 3:30 P. M., and 6.30 P. M.—making close connections both ways.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.—The Democratic convention in the fifth district of Kentucky, which was held in Barnstown on the 7th inst., nominated John young Brown, Esq., of Hardin county, as a candidate for Congress.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Virginia Election—Presidential Prospects—Tennessee Election—The President Returned—The War in Europe, etc., etc.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7, 1859.

After the many conflicting reports it has at length been determined that Letcher, the Democratic candidate for Governor in Virginia, has succeeded over the Opposition, Know-Nothing Non-like Whig candidate, by five to seven thousand majority. This falling off in the Democratic majority is not at all attributable to the strength of the Opposition, but is owing to the divisions among Democrats and local questions, from which the party in other southern States, yet to hold elections, may profit. It is a notorious fact, that in three Congressional districts where the Opposition run candidates, Letcher gained on Wise's vote, and where they had no candidates and two Democrats run, he lost heavily. This was owing to Democrats swapping off Letcher, of whose election they were confident, to secure a vote for the candidate of their choice for Congress. Letcher's Nullification caused a great many Democrats to give him the go-by, and his opposition during the last session of Congress to the passage of the act granting pensions to the soldiers of the war of 1812, also lost him votes. The official returns will show the vote is greatly decreased from the last Gubernatorial elections. It is a fact also, that the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, Montague, will have a larger majority, by several thousand, than Letcher, owing in part to his popularity being greater, but principally to his belonging to that class of Democrats known as the strict Southern-Rights party.

The Opposition have succeeded in electing one member in Virginia, and defeating Faulkner, the late member, by a small majority, although the district gives Letcher a decided majority. As was evident, long since, the Black-Republicans and Know-Nothings will have a majority in the next House, under the name of Opposition, and in its organization will secure the election of their candidates. It is supposed that the Black-Republicans will act on the election of Grow as Speaker, giving the clerk to the Opposition from the South. The next House being Opposition, will work to the advantage of the Democratic party, as we will be likely to have a repetition of stealing and enormous useless expenditures of the House that elected Banks Speaker.

The Presidential contest in 1860, promises to be more exciting than any previous one, inasmuch as the Black-Republicans anticipate having important allies at the South, and instead of an almost unanimous South, as in the contest of 1856, that the Democrats will meet with serious opposition there. Some of the Opposition speakers in the late canvass in Virginia, went so far as to say, that they preferred the election of a Black-Republican in 1860, to a Democrat. The Black-Republicans suppose this feeling prevails to a great extent with the Opposition in the South. The Democrats are quietly waiting to enter into the contest, and the only question with them now, is the selection of the proper person as their standard-bearer. Mr. Buchanan has declared that he is not a candidate for the nomination. The presses were confident of sharing the best chance for the nomination are Lane and Breckenridge, both of whom are deemed available, if nominated. Lane has a great many warm supporters at the North, as also at the South, and will be a strong candidate before the convention. But Douglas and his friends are there is no chance for him in 1860, and as he desires to be in the "line of safe precedents" for 1864, he is aware that Lane's nomination in 1860 would act prejudicial to his claims four years hence, he will oppose it, and declares the South is entitled to the next candidate, which the South is itself disposed to claim. This improves the chances of Breckinridge, especially as the Douglas influence at the North greatly prefers him to Lane. To the South, either Lane or Breckinridge could not be otherwise than acceptable.

The election in Tennessee is looked to with considerable interest, as the result will show whether the old line Whigs, who refused to act with the Know-Nothings in the days of their strength and power, are now going to unite with them, when they have become a defined organization, and are now in league with the Black-Republicans. Although they have changed their name to Opposition, the same elements and men that governed and ruled Know-Nothingism are now the master spirits in this movement. The districts fairly represented by Atkins—Ready—Maynard—Houston—Jones—Martin—Savage—especially in the Black-Republican, as they are extremely anxious for the defeat of two such able and fearless defenders of the South—so much so in fact, that they, to secure that end, are willing to give them material aid if required. They seem confident of Avery's defeat, on account of the action of Currin, but are fearful that from Etheridge's known Black-Republican sentiments and affiliations while in Congress, Atkins will defeat him.

The President returned to-day from his trip to Chapel Hill, North Carolina, whither he has been to attend, with Hon. Jacob Thompson, the commencement of that institution. Wherever he went he was received with much hospitality and enthusiasm.

The accounts from Europe report a battle at Montebello, and the impression now is confirmed that a long and bloody struggle will be the result, in which the whole of Europe will be engaged, if so, there is a probability that Cuba will be acquired by purchase during the present Administration, and that will be something of a set-off against the depression in commercial affairs arising out of the war. Cotton has declined, and it is likely it will decline still further under the effect that actual hostilities have commenced; but this cannot be of long duration, and the next crop will command as much, if not more, than that of last year.

At the municipal election here, on yesterday, the Democrats succeeded in carrying all the Know-Nothings or Opposition candidates, by large majorities, the Know-Nothings or Opposition candidates seeking before the election their weakness, and did not make even a respectable race. The election passed off quietly, and very much to the credit of the population of Washington. In fact, all the disturbances we have heretofore had at elections were caused by the importation of gangs of lawless men from Baltimore to prevent Democrats from voting.

Mr. Pryor, editor of the *Sentinel*, determined he would retire from the charge of that paper, and return to Virginia, to engage in the business of the law, which determination he is now about carrying out. Although on this writer, his connection with the *Union* has not added to his reputation, owing to the peculiar circumstances under which he became connected with it. J.

Meeting of the Democratic Association.

At a regular meeting of the Democratic Association, held last evening, the 9th inst., at their Club room, for the purpose of transacting its business, the Executive Committee was called, when J. Knox Walker, Chairman of said Committee, took the Chair, and made a report, containing the names of the members of the different districts or organization in the county, which report will be published hereafter. Mr. Walker urged, in a felicitous manner, the duty of every member, on organization, to discharge his duty well, promptly and faithfully.

The Committee on Organization of the 8th Ward made a report, through their Chairman, Jas. T. Wynne, which was received, adopted, and ordered to be filed.

The Committee of the other wards were requested to make their reports at the next meeting, Thursday night, 16th inst.

Col. J. C. Burch, late Speaker of the Senate, was introduced to the Association, by Mr. Walker, and made a brief, pertinent and eloquent address, which was frequently interrupted by long and continued applause.

Dr. Maynard offered a resolution, being introduced, made a telling speech of ten minutes length, in which he secured the Association that all was right in his section of the country.

L. McGehee, Esq., made a short but telling speech.

Mr. S. T. Morgan being called on excused himself on the ground of not wishing to speak, but assured the Democracy that he was with them heart and hand.

The Association will meet next Thursday night. WM. H. CARROLL,

President Democratic Association.

JAS. T. WYNNE, Sec'y, pro tem.

EDITOR APPEAL: You were pleasedlie bring to public notice that several parties who refused to pay for street-sprinkling werefeft out, and had to contest themselves with dust. Would you not please to bring to notice, also, that we who do pay $3 per month are just as bad off; for during the whole of this week the block between Adams and Jefferson streets has been sprinkled but once a day, and that in the evening, and the whole day we are consumed by dust. I think it is right that the sprinkling company should be paid; but it is strong when they make merchants pay and will not do their duty. To sprinkle once a day is nothing.

A MERCHANT.

MEMPHIS, June 9, 1859.

ANOTHER WAR RUMOR.—The Chicago *Press and Tribune* translates a curious statement from the Illinois *State Zeitung*:

"Dr. Lewis Seager, the German correspondent of that paper, states that a secret treaty exists between France and Spain, by which the latter was to furnish a large contingent for the Italian war against Austria, in return for which Napoleon agrees to a division of Portugal between the two powers, and guarantees to Spain the undisturbed possession of Cuba."

University of Mississippi—Commencement.

We learn from the Holly Springs *Herald*, that the examination of the Senior Class in this flourishing State institution, commenced on the 23rd ult., and concluded on the 27th ult. It is said to have been very rigid and thorough, satisfactory and creditable to the young gentlemen who are about to sever their connection with the College. The *Herald* furnishes the public with the following information which will be interesting to the friends of the students and such persons as may intend to witness the commencement exercises:

First Honor.—James H. Stuart, Jackson, Mississippi.

Second Honor.—R. E. Wilbourne, Yalobusha county.

Third Honor.—R. M. Leavell, Pontotoc county.

The examination of the lower classes will commence on Wednesday, the 11th day of June, and close on Friday, the 1st day of July.

On Monday, the 4th, the Sophomore Prize Declamation will take place.

On Tuesday, the 5th, will be held the exhibition of the Junior class. The Junior orators are selected partly by the Faculty and partly by the two literary societies in the University. Four from each society were chosen this year by the Faculty, and three by each society.

On Tuesday evening the Annual Oration before the literary societies will be delivered by Hon. J. W. Clapp, of Holly Springs.

On Tuesday night, the oration before the Alumni will be delivered by F. W. Keyes, Esq., of Carrollton.

On Wednesday, July 6th, the annual commencement will take place, at which time degrees will be conferred, and diplomas publicly delivered to the graduates.

The commencement ball, complimentary to the graduating class, comes off on Wednesday night, in the spacious dining-room of the Steward's Hall. It will be a brilliant affair, and we advise our pleasure-loving friends to attend.

The University is in a prosperous condition, and the coming commencement exercises will be the most interesting that have taken place since its organization.

PERSONAL APPEAL.—In consideration of this morning there appeared an "abstract statement of the indebtedness of the City of Memphis created from July, 1858, to May, 1859." This only shows certain payments by the city for the objects therein mentioned, and may answer, so far as it goes, for a statement of the expenditure of the money of the city, but it is all this could. Wherefore the source from whence the means are obtained to make those payments. Are they sufficient to meet the demands? And are we, as a people, progressing or retrograding? In other words, is the city able to pay her way? or is it spending more and more to date every year? The people wish a full and full statement, showing both sides of the picture. The abstract shows no indebtedness of the city. It does not show a very important fact, viz: that the floating debt of the city increased or decreased within the last fiscal year? If it has increased, the cause of such increase should be shown. We find in the abstract the following item:

"Incidental expenses of the city government, $17,045.19."

This requires explanation, and that it may be understood, it might be well to *itemize* it. It is hoped that the Secretary will not consider this "abstract" as being sufficient to satisfy the people. Its peculiarities only tend to increase their anxiety to see a complete exposure of the whole matter. They wish to see the "*grand total*," sure enough. X.

MEMPHIS, June 10, 1859.

The Frost.

The Pittsburg *Gazette* of Monday says:

We never saw a day more crowded with distressing reports of desolated crops, than was yesterday. If our thought at we heard on that subject was true, we would have no heart to write a word about it. We think the shock of falling from such a hight of hope to, possibly, entire disappointment has been more than people can bear. Many of their expectations blasted, they abandon those which are yet to be fulfilled. They are unable to view the matter philosophically. The transition from the most wonderful promise of Saturday last to the desolation of Sunday was so sudden as to leave no intermediate ground for examination and consideration. We think that a day or two will renew hope in those who are now in despair. Some say the wheat is destroyed; some say the rye. We think this will prove too far advanced. Most of the potatoes are safe. Some early ones are probably ruined. There is yet plenty of time for corn to ripen. Even if not planted before to-day there is time for it to grow ripe. The tender blades which were cut down on Sunday night may renew. A day or so will show. The small crops we can spare. If the wheat and potatoes are safe we will get through.

To be brief, we much informed by a gentleman from Indiana county, and another from Westmoreland, that the peaches are showering down from the trees. The frost has cut the grain in a partial extent. The wheat is generally injured to a great extent. The corn, little about the city, is generally cut down. The potatoes are good as dead for the year. Others, in situations apparently as unfavorable, are still fresh, and grow as if nothing had occurred.

This sudden and destructive cold is probably local in its character. Its influence is not general, even within the scope of our own observation and inquiry. Along the river bottoms a sort of veil of mist hung down, and protected the growing plants. Higher up, above that, in some hills a portion of the growth would be blasted, and another portion apparently as much exposed in all respects, appears uninjured. In one vineyard we know of, three or four upper rows of vines are withered, as by the touch of fire, and below that all are safe. These peculiar streaks of good and ill fortune run through the whole fields.

The *Boston Express* says:

There was a pretty severe frost in this neighborhood on Saturday night. We noticed that on the high land in the eastern part of the city the potatoes, beans and several other kinds of vegetables, were cut with the frost, and were turned quite black. We learn that a few miles north of this city indications of a severe frost upon vessels which were out in the night are. The captain of a canal boat, which passed here this morning, informed us that north of Tipton the frost made a severe work, beans and potatoes down on the ground, and the flowers were nipped in the bud."

AN EXCITING RACE.—We copy the following account of an exciting race from a recent letter from a correspondent in Washington county, Mississippi, to the Louisville *Courier*:

Notwithstanding the order issued early in Kentucky based on "Jockeyism," we are still down here, who are deprived of the privilege of horse racing, although they cannot have Kilpatrick and Lexington, and a dry track, they can have racing, and do have racing. This morning we had a great race—distance one mile; purse one thousand dollars.

The parties were few, but entire and important. Thus the morning Robert J. Ward, jr., as well as his "Little Bob Ward," the representative of a sight stream in this county, called the first horse, was one of the parties, and Mr. Mat. Johnson, of Lake Washington, the other. The race was run in that beautiful lake. There was a great many overflowed sugar plantations, in their "glorious pride," to witness the great race. Well, the boats were manned each with six noble looking darkies at the oar, and "Little Bob" and Mat. Johnson at their posts, as helmsmen. At the signal both boats got off together, fairly and squarely. Bob soon got ahead, and kept the lead through. The Gratiot skiff rowed out fully fifty yards ahead. Time, six minutes and a few seconds. Great was the rejoicing of the "shirtless" no-if boys. Bob's boys had their hair done up in blue ribbons, or some fashion. So sure as the boat struck the shore, the Gratiot niggers lifted their mates Bob on their shoulders, and struck up a "Coon" jig.

[illegible]

They tore off the Lake Washington boys' money in fine "spirits."

☞ A paragraph from the Louisville *Journal* is copied in the *Patriot*, showing a Democratic gain in one district in Northwestern Virginia. The change of the paragraph is, that there is an abolition sentiment in that district, and that the gain for Letcher is the consequence. Now the adjacent district, containing as few slaves as the one referred to, gave Goggin more than his whole gain in the State. The strongest abolitionist district in the State, the district of Leffler, gave Letcher 700. Thus far in that there was but one Democratic candidate for Congress in the district referred to in the article copied by the *Patriot*, and there was a Know-Nothing candidate against a democrat in the fourth district. In the district where Goggin made his heavy gain there were two Democratic candidates and no Know-Nothing opposition. Thus all the figures demonstrate the fact that the whole loss in Virginia was occasioned by the contest between candidates. Had the Know-Nothings run a candidate for Congress and the Legislature in all the districts, the Democratic majority would have been twenty thousand.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

Missing Parents's Letters.

Bishop Purcell published a letter in the Catholic Telegraph of this week, calling attention to the encyclical letter of the Pope, ordering prayers throughout the Catholic world "to avert the scandal of Sons of Catholic parents armed with all the murderous appliance of modern warfare for mutual destruction."

He says "there is no foundation, in history, in can, or Scripture, for the predictions that the Pope will have to fly to Western isles, or continent for safety. His tenure of his peaceful throne we consider secure, as long as that of any of he Crowned Heads whose cruelty to one another he deplores."

But he adds:

"If it be, indeed, true that his people, forgetful, or unmindful of his past benefits, will not have him any longer to rule over them, we is it that cannot see in this rejection the Vicar's resemblance to Christ, whom his people rejected."

Of Napoleon, he says:

"Aware, we are, of the antecedents of the present Napoleon, and of his uncle, we share not in the disquietude of many Catholic minds, that the present, apparent, Dictator of the destinies of Europe, entertains any ideas that are hostile to the integrity of the States of the Church. He should, indeed, be blind not to see in history where the downfall of the first Napoleon began, or fail to perceive that a similar policy would work with him himself."

In conclusion, he exclaim "that every one of our beloved clergy celebrate on the 29th, or the 10th, of June, a Votive Mass *pro pace*.

GETTING READY TO CHEROKEE.—The Paris correspondent of the *London Times* says that preparations are to be made immediately at the cathedral of *Notre Dame* for a grand *Te Deum* in thanksgiving of a great victory. The Emperor determined to make all the remaining troops can out of the year, and there to go, in—to have the celebration of a victory delayed for want of preparation.

THE BATTLE OF MONTEBELLO.

Correspondence of the London *News*.

TURIN, May 21, 1859.

The first victory has been won—May it be a good omen for the Allied armies. This morning, as I was returning from Olivi, I gleaned some important details, which I am happy to say enable me to give you a fair, if not complete, description of the battle which was fought yesterday, and which will be recorded, in the annals of the present struggle, as "The Battle of Montebello." Since Thursday night, it had been rumored in our camp that the Emperor of Austria had arrived at Pavia, in company with Field Marshal Hess. Our informants had come from Argenta to the head-quarters of Marshal D'Hillyers, through lush paths. They also reported that a great deal of warlike bustle had been noticed in the Austrian camp, near the Bridge of Lobalia. The telegraph has informed you that on Thursday the Austrian corps, coming from Stradella, the position of Castagnio, chiefly defended by cavalry. From that place, after a valiant stand made by the Piedmontese cavalry, in which Capt. Pola was slightly wounded, the Austrians were obliged to retire. As soon as Marshal D'Hillyers got wind of the fact that the Austrians were plotting mischief for the next day, he sent orders to Gen. Forey to be on guard with his Division. The distinguished officer moved his forces in the direction of Montebello, as it was thought, after the retreat on Thursday, the enemy would perhaps again attack the advanced guard of our army. You will not have forgotten, that from the lines of the Gilera and Tesino, we drove to the last great European conflict, that Montebello and Castagnio have been important military positions. This indemnificent place was conquered by Hannibal, who did not really conquer, but brought from Publius Decius. A remarkable memorial of the Carthaginian still exists in the form of a mound, called by immemorial tradition, the Fantasma Hannibale. It was near Castagnio, that on the 17th of June, 1800, in the memorable battle between the French and Austrians was fought. This battle, so wonderfully described by Thiers, is usually called Montebello, from Villanova, where the French army finally routed the corps de reserve of the enemy, fifty years ago. The fortune of the day was there decided by Victor. Yesterday it was decided by a bold assault of General Brunar, who paid his life for the victory obtained. Forey's division, a brigade of which he commanded, and the Sardinian cavalry under Col. De Sonnaz, at 11 o'clock yesterday, was attacked by fifteen thousand Austrians, under orders of Gen. Scrabitzer.

The appropriate name bestowed the Piedmontese troops, at Montebello, which were occupied by one hundred Sardinian horse, supported by a battalion of Bersaglieri, and the heavy artillery of the Sardinian army, was chiefly to Pelli Rick on Sadie's Park, Barlin county, Friday, June 10th. Tennessee, Hardin county, Saturday, July 9th. Wesley, Hardin county, Thursday, July 21st. Cherrytie, Hardin county, Friday, July 22d. Speaking will commence at 11 o'clock each day.

CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Clarendon, Monroe county, Monday, June 13.
Coldwater, Tate county, Wednesday, June 15.
Hernando, Desoto county, Saturday, June 18.
Mount Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 16.
Belmer, Marshall county, Friday, June 17.
Holly, Marshall county, Saturday, June 18.
Pontotoc, Pontotoc county, Monday, June 20.
Ripley, Lafayette county, Tuesday, June 21.
Mount Grove, Marshall county, Tuesday, June 21.
Spring Creek, Marshall county, Wednesday, June 22.
Mt. Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 23.
Bucksnort, Marshall county, Friday, June 24.
Wolfenoot, Marshall county, Saturday, June 25.
Cayce, Marshall county, Monday, June 27.
Lafayette, Marshall county, Tuesday, June 28.
Wadesville, Marshall county, Wednesday, June 29.
Collierville, Shelby county, Thursday, June 30.
Brownsville, Haywood county, Saturday, July 2.
Mt. Pelier, Haywood county, Monday, July 4.
Mt. Zion, Haywood county, Tuesday, July 5.
Oakland, Fayette county, Wednesday, July 13.
Moscow, Fayette county, Friday, July 14.
Bethel, Fayette county, Saturday, July 16.
Hard Plat, Shelby county, Monday, July 18.
Fisherville, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 19.
Raleigh, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 19.
Cole, Shelby county, Wednesday, July 20.
Memphis, Shelby county, Thursday, July 21.
Germantown, Shelby county, Friday, July 22.
The undersigned will address the people at Mt. Pelier, Saturday, June 25th.

DAVID W. CURRIN.
JAS. T. WYNNE.
WM. T. AVERY.

APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Centreville, Bedford county, Saturday, June 4.
Pleasant Grove, Bedford county, Monday, June 6.
Shelbyville, Bedford county, Tuesday, June 7.
Turkeville, Giles county, Wednesday, June 8.
Lynn Grove, Giles county, Friday, June 10.
Mount Pleasant, Maury county, Saturday, June 11.
Hickory Grove, Maury county, Monday, June 13.
Columbia, Maury county, Tuesday, June 14.
Union City, Obion county, Tuesday, June 21.
Black Oak, Obion county, Wednesday, June 22.
Troy, Obion county, Friday, June 24.
Dyersburg, Dyer county, Saturday, June 25.
Gibbs, Henry county, Monday, July 4.
McLemoreville, Carroll county, Wednesday, July 6.
Huntingdon, Carroll county, Thursday, July 7.
Hurnbolt, Gibson county, Saturday, July 9.
Trenton, Gibson county, Monday, July 11.
Laviniu, Carroll county, Wednesday, July 13.
Clarksburg, Carroll county, Thursday, July 14.
Brown Vista, Carroll county, Friday, July 15.
Huntsville, Carroll county, Saturday, July 16.
Sharp Grove, Henderson county, Monday, July 18.
Milton, Henderson county, Tuesday, July 19.
Jack Creek, Henderson county, Wednesday, July 20.
South Bill, Henderson county, Friday, July 22.
Pinkney, Henderson county, Saturday, July 23.
Parnesville, Henderson county, Monday, July 25.
Mechanic, Carroll county, Wednesday, July 27.
Jackson, Madison county, Thursday, July 28.
Cypresville, Madison county, Saturday, July 30.
Jed Hill, Madison county, Monday, July 31.
Spraking will commence at 11 o'clock each day.

CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Somerville, Fayette county, Monday, June 13.
Oakland, Fayette county, Tuesday, June 14.
Moscow, Fayette county, Wednesday, June 15.
Rossville, Fayette county, Thursday, June 16.
Collierville, Shelby county, Friday, June 17.
Memphis, Shelby county, Saturday, June 18.
Raleigh, Shelby county, Monday, June 20.
Germantown, Shelby county, Tuesday, June 21.
Robertson Top Tank Hollow, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 5.
Frayer Grove, Harrison county, Wednesday, July 6.
Mouth of O Pass, Harrison county, Thursday, July 7.
Pocahontas, Hardeman county, Friday, July 8.
Bolivar, Hardeman county, Saturday, July 9.
Somerville, Fayette county, Monday, July 11.
Whole, Fayette county, Tuesday, July 12.
Oakland, Fayette county, Wednesday, July 13.
Fisherville, Shelby county, Friday, July 15.
Raleigh, Shelby county, Saturday, July 16.
Hard Plat, Shelby county, Monday, July 18.
Germantown, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 19.
Memphis, Shelby county, Wednesday, July 20.
Wolfenoot, Haywood county, Thursday, July 21.
Brownsville, Haywood county, Friday, July 22.
The undersigned will address the people at Mt. Pelier, July 26th.

DAVID W. CURRIN.
JAS. T. WYNNE.
WM. T. AVERY.

APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Columbia, Monday, June 6
Centreville, Thursday, " 9
Shelbyville, Friday, " 10
Wartrace, Saturday, " 11
Bellefonte, Monday, " 13
Lewisburg, Tuesday, " 14
Franklin, Wednesday, " 15
Thompson's Station, Thursday, " 16
Spring Hill, Friday, " 17
Columbia, Saturday, " 18
Lobelia, Monday, " 20
Waverly, Tuesday, " 21
Linden, Wednesday, " 22
Perryville, Friday, " 24
Sparta, Saturday, " 25
Doyle, Monday, July 4
Chattanooga, Tuesday, " 5
Cleveland, Wednesday, " 6
Benton, Thursday, " 7
Pikeville, Saturday, " 9
Dunlap, Monday, " 11
Spring City, Tuesday, " 12
Kingston, Wednesday, " 13
Knoxville, Thursday, " 14
Sevierville, Friday, " 15
Dandridge, Saturday, " 16
Newport, Monday, " 18
Jonesborough, Tuesday, " 19
Blountville, Wednesday, " 20
Bristol, Thursday, " 21
Abingdon, Friday, " 22
Gladeville, Saturday, " 23
Rogersville, Monday, " 25
Rogersville, Tuesday, " 26
Jamestown, Friday, " 29
Tazewell, Saturday, " 30
Tazewell, Monday, July 11
Jacksboro, Tuesday, " 12
Clinton, Saturday, " 16
Kingston, Monday, " 18
Loudon, Tuesday, " 19

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. JOHN V. WRIGHT will address his fellow-citizens of the Seventh Congressional District as follows:

Pulaski, Giles county, Friday, June 10th.
Lynnville, Giles county, Saturday, June 11th.
Mount Pleasant, Maury county, Monday, June 13th.
Columbia, Maury county, Tuesday, June 14th.
Shelbyville, Bedford county, Friday, June 17th.
Wartrace, Bedford county, Saturday, June 18th.
Fairfield, Rutherford county, Monday, June 20th.
Murfreesboro, Rutherford county, Tuesday, June 21st.
Lebanon, Wilson county, Wednesday, June 22d.
Gallatin, Sumner county, Thursday, June 23d.
Hartsville, Trousdale county, Friday, June 24th.
Carthage, Smith county, Saturday, June 25th.
Gainesboro, Jackson county, Monday, June 27th.
Cookeville, Putnam county, Tuesday, June 28th.
Sparta, White county, Wednesday, June 29th.
Doyle's Port, Warren county, Friday, June 30th.
Beersheba, Warren county, Saturday, July 1st.
McMinnville, Warren county, Monday, July 4th.
Manchester, Coffee county, Tuesday, July 5th.
Hillsboro, Coffee county, Wednesday, July 6th.
Tullahoma, Coffee county, Thursday, July 7th.
Fayetteville, Lincoln county, Friday, July 8th.
Petersburg, Lincoln county, Saturday, July 9th.
Pulaski, Giles county, Monday, July 11th.
Speaking will commence at 11 o'clock each day.

CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Clarendon, Monroe county, Monday, June 13.
Coldwater, Tate county, Wednesday, June 15.
Hernando, Desoto county, Saturday, June 18.
Mount Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 16.
Belmer, Marshall county, Friday, June 17.
Holly, Marshall county, Saturday, June 18.
Pontotoc, Pontotoc county, Monday, June 20.
Ripley, Lafayette county, Tuesday, June 21.
Mount Grove, Marshall county, Tuesday, June 21.
Spring Creek, Marshall county, Wednesday, June 22.
Mt. Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 23.
Bucksnort, Marshall county, Friday, June 24.
Wolfenoot, Haywood county, Saturday, June 25.
Cayce, Marshall county, Monday, June 27.
Lafayette, Haywood county, Tuesday, June 28.
Wadesville, Haywood county, Wednesday, June 29.
Collierville, Shelby county, Thursday, June 30.
Brownsville, Haywood county, Saturday, July 2.
Mt. Pelier, Haywood county, Monday, July 4.
Mt. Zion, Haywood county, Tuesday, July 5.
Oakland, Fayette county, Wednesday, July 13.
Moscow, Fayette county, Friday, July 14.
Rossville, Fayette county, Saturday, July 16.
Hard Plat, Shelby county, Monday, July 18.
Fisherville, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 19.
Raleigh, Shelby county, Tuesday, July 19.
Cole, Shelby county, Wednesday, July 20.
Memphis, Shelby county, Thursday, July 21.
Germantown, Shelby county, Friday, July 22.
The undersigned will address the people at Mt. Pelier, July 26th.

DAVID W. CURRIN.
JAS. T. WYNNE.
WM. T. AVERY.

APPOINTMENTS.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people at the following times and places:

Clarendon, Monroe county, Monday, June 13.
Coldwater, Tate county, Wednesday, June 15.
Hernando, Desoto county, Saturday, June 18.
Mount Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 16.
Belmer, Marshall county, Friday, June 17.
Holly, Marshall county, Saturday, June 18.
Pontotoc, Pontotoc county, Monday, June 20.
Ripley, Lafayette county, Tuesday, June 21.
Mount Grove, Marshall county, Tuesday, June 21.
Spring Creek, Marshall county, Wednesday, June 22.
Mt. Pleasant, Marshall county, Thursday, June 23.
Bucksnort, Marshall county, Friday, June 24.
Wolfenoot, Haywood county, Saturday, June 25.
Cayce, Marshall county, Monday, June 27.
Lafayette, Haywood county, Tuesday, June 28.
Wadesville, Haywood county, Wednesday, June 29.
Collierville, Shelby county, Thursday, June 30.
Brownsville, Haywood county, Saturday, July 2.
Mt. Pelier, Haywood county, Monday, July 4.
Mt. Zion, Haywood county, Tuesday, July 5.
Oakland, Fayette county, Wednesday, July 13.
Moscow, Fayette county, Friday, July 14.
Rossville, Fayette county, Saturday, July 16.
Hard Plat