Daily Appeal.

MEMPHIS.

SATURDAY, : : : : : : JUNE 25, 1859.

Reading Matter on Every Page.

The Official Journal of the City.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ISHAM G. HARRIS.

FOR CONGRESS, TENTH DISTRICT,
WM. T. AVERY

FOR SENATE, FROM FAYETTE AND SHELBY,
R. G. PAYNE, of Shelby.

FOR FLOATER, FAYETTE, TIPTON AND SHELBY,
C. H. WHITMORE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES, SHELBY COUNTY,
J. P. FARRELLY & W. T. FARLEY

A YEAR OF COUNCIL.

As a matter of interesting historical record, and as a means of informing the citizens how their representatives have been occupied during the last year—available piece of information on the eve of an election—we have made from the official minutes of the City Register, a synopsis of all that Council has done that is of importance or interest during the corporate year just about to close. The synopsis will be found in another place. The minutes occupy a great deal of paper, and yet we shall be able to present all that has been done of any consequence during the whole year, in a very moderate space. A great portion of the meetings have been frittered away in useless talking; another important portion in inquiries and investigations that ought to be put and scrutinized in committees. A well regulated deliberative body will rarely communicate with individuals, having business before it, except through the proper committees; but our City Council compel the various city officers to attend its sessions, and when anything is wanted to be known respecting the streets, the Street Commissioner in person, instead of the Chairman of the Improvement Committee, has been applied to—or if information was required respecting the jail, not the Chairman of the Jail Committee, but the Jailor was questioned. Such irregularities cause much loss of time. We are aware that the chairman of the respective committees could not know everything respecting the special subjects intrusted to their charge; but if the responsibility of replying to interrogatories depended upon them, it would be their police, as well as their duty, to make themselves more thoroughly acquainted with the business they have in hand; where they fail, then Council should make inquiries of the proper officer. The effect of this mode of proceeding upon committees would be exceedingly good, and Council would save themselves not only from the loss of time, but from the absolute disrespect they have had to endure from "outsiders" being allowed to take a part in their deliberations.

Council have held a great many extra meetings during the year, and it is a fact that old stagers are well acquainted with, that extra meetings do not expedite business. Members get into a habit of relying upon making up by an extra meeting for time lost in profitless talk, and therefore they indulge in unlimited garrulity. One of the worst "hitches" of this year's Council, has been a gigantic propensity for passing resolutions—a body more thoroughly by "resolved" never existed. Several of the members always had their pockets charged with resolutions, just as the barrels of a revolver are with bullets. No sooner would there be a little lull in Council, than one of the "resolute" gentlemen would get up, and with a "Mr. President, while the member from the —th ward is looking for that enactment in the charter, I have a little, small resolution I hold in my hand, I should like to present." Once started the trigger is pulled again and again, the barrels wheel around, and pop, pop, goes resolution after resolution until the party is out of breath, or some member determinedly moves to refer them to some out of the way committee as fast as they are fired off, or the chairman declares that the business of the meeting cannot be stopped by the very vivacious and busy gentleman. After Ald. Douglass was elected chairman, he at once made the task of these self-appointed committees and relieved Council of a bore, by compelling them to remain quiet until the regular turn of resolutions came. Like cows they could only "let down" at milking time, a privation for which they heartily revenged themselves when their chance did come.

This resolution passing is for the most part mere "gas"—readers who have looked over dozens of resolutions in our Council reports, have, no doubt, often expected to see crossings getting fixed, footwalks paved, gutters laid, curbs put down, blocks graded, nuisances abated, and city officials active in every street, alley and corner of Memphis. Their expectations have been mistaken. The object of these periodical gains of resolutions had no such ends as the above in view. They were like the major that was not made to cut but to sell, being designed not for the accomplishment of the object named in them, but to convince constituencies that their members were energetic, industrious and attentive. So determined are three resolution brandishers to accomplish a quantity of work, that we have known two resolutions on the same thing, and with the same design, to pass on the same evening. To pass two, three, and four resolutions on the same subject on different nights, is so common as to excite no remark. If a member should chance to observe "that resolution has passed before," the officer coolly remarks, "Never mind, it will do no harm." This we have frequently witnessed. The authors of these resolutions usually leave them quietly to rest upon paper, rarely seeing that they are acted upon, but always ready, if they are complained to, to offer them over again.

Time is also lost in taking votes—instead of placing a mark in the column of a paper ruled and headed for the purpose, each member's name is written out as the vote is taken. We might pursue this topic, but we have said enough to indicate where some useful reform may be made. We have pleasure in saying, in conclusion, that whatever defects mere form may have been, Council have manifested a strong and unvarying desire to do its duty; there was earnestness and integrity of purpose—some little demagoguery, some little attempts with election objects, it is true, can be pointed out, but the action of Council generally, has been characterized by honorable integrity.

The Official Vote in Virginia.

We have to-day the official vote for Governor from the entire State, except five counties, which are yet to be heard from officially. It figures up as follows:

For Letcher in 148 counties	75,808
For Wise in 148 counties	70,668
Majority for Letcher	5,140

The unofficial majorities of the five counties to be heard from are reported as follows:

For Letcher—Boone 142; Brooke 156; Craig 238. Total 536. For Wise—Elizabeth City 50; McDowell 25. Total 75. Majority for Letcher 461.

This last calculation, if correctly reported, will make Mr. Letcher's majority in the State 5,601.

Adding Insult to Injury.

Col. Netherland's organs are disposed to plead the statute of limitations on his vote against exempting the property of poor widows from execution. He has robbed them of this defense. He maintains his consistency on this subject. He argues that it is dishonorable for the poor debtor to avail himself of the provisions of that law. He asks on every stump whether there is a man present who would stream himself from his honest debts under the exemption law, and when confronted by a gentleman in the crowd, who boldly avowed that he would retain the means for support for himself and family as the law provides, Col. Netherland told him flatly that he didn't want his vote at the vote of any man who thought as he did.

Having failed in his attempt to defeat the law, Col. N. is now engaged in trying to disarm those who have availed themselves of its humane provisions. Foiled in his efforts to strip the poor man of his property, he now seeks to strip him of his character. Unable to prevent the passage of the exemption law and unable to secure their repeal, he now endeavors to defeat the objects of the law, by denouncing it as a fraud and dishonest.

Let it be understood that Col. Netherland does not wish any man to vote for him who has or would avail himself of the exemption law. He would doubtless feel himself contaminated by the vote of a poor man, who would refuse to give up his last horse, plow and hoe to his creditors. That he regards as highly dishonorable. But the wealthy Banker may refuse to give up his negroes and land to pay the debts of a bank, from which he has realized thousands under a charter, for which Col. Netherland voted—and incurring one word of censure from Col. N. He himself voted against making the individual property of stockholders liable for the debts of their bank. It is all right for these wealthy stockholders to screen themselves from their honest debts under the provisions of their charter. Col. Netherland is their valet. But the humble citizen, who will retain the means of support for himself and his family,—who will shield himself from pauperism, and his wife and his little ones from starvation, incurring the protest of a wise and benevolent law—this man is held up to the odium of the community, and his very support rejected as dishonorable. This is adding insult to injury.—*Nashville Union.*

A YEAR OF COUNCIL.

The following is a synopsis of the principal and most interesting things done by the City Council during the whole of the corporate year, that ends with the month. It will be found useful in assisting voters to form their judgments for the coming election:

First Meeting.—The first meeting of the present Council was held on the first of July last, Alderman Douglass in the Chair, when Council proceeded to organize. Messrs. Hughes, Douglass, and Elder were nominated for the office of President of the Board, on the fourth ballot Ald. Hughes having received eight votes was declared elected. H. Norris elected Alderman in the Second Ward, after having taken the oath of office was declared ineligible to take his seat at the Board, not having resided two years before the election as required by the charter.

Second Meeting.—The second meeting was held July 6. The Mayor's annual message was presented in which Mr. Baugh stated that although the city had been protected through the commercial panic that had existed, it had been at great expense in consequence of the repeal of the law which made it necessary for citizens to have paid their poll tax before voting—he thought the citizens should ask the Legislature to reverse its action upon this subject. The annual financial report of the Register was an approximation, the statement was not made out in detail but gave the assets and liabilities in round numbers. There was a debt of $40,000 due to the Charleston railroad company. Several of the bayou bridges had been swept away by the flood, to repair the damages would cost $10,000.

The financial report above alluded to estimates the liabilities of the city for the corporate year ending June 30, 1859, at $401,296; the assets at $272,500, leaving a deficiency of $28,796, which sum, says the report, "I am persuaded will fall short of the true amount several thousand dollars."

Sam'l T. Morgan was elected by the Board to fill the vacancy in the 2nd Ward caused by the ineligibility of Mr. Norris.

The number of policemen, privates, was fixed at thirty six.

Third Meeting, July 8.—The Mayor was directed to sell horse and wagon formerly used by the city Engineer. The Sheriff reported that at the late election only 71 votes had been polled upon the subject of paying a salary to each Alderman, of which 61 were for paying a salary and 10 against.

Fourth Meeting, July 20.—A message from the Mayor was received, recommending the purchase of land for a potter's field—the erection of a market house—the appointment of a committee to examine the books of city officers, and the laying of a tax upon negroes working in the city, whose masters reside out of it. A resolution was passed that no policeman discharged by Council should be re-appointed during the year except by consent of Council.

Eighth Meeting, August 2.—An ordinance was passed forbidding steamboats to take passengers more than six hours before leaving port, or keeping more than three hours by daylight after entering it, unless they take out a hotel license, under a penalty of $25 to $50. Alderman Forrest offered a subscription list of $1700, with a pledge of $300 more, toward building a market house near the Charleston railroad depot. The APPEAL was appointed the official paper of the city. A report was received stating that David Adams had been released from jail by improper conduct on the part of certain police officers, and a resolution was passed suspending from duty for two weeks S. M. Thomas, Captain of day police, S. A. Moore, Lieutenant police, and private C. Van Campen.

Sixth Meeting, August 4.—Alderman Finnie was fined $5 for smoking in Council. The majority report in the Adams case, offered at the previous meeting, was adopted; it reported that there was no bribery or collusion between ex-Scers Thomas, Van Campen, Moore and the prisoner, but that they were guilty of mal feasance in not reporting the case to the City Marshal for prosecution—that the Mayor overlooked his prescribed duty to see all the ordinances faithfully executed—the report recommends the suspension made at the previous meeting. The Mayor was granted leave of absence, and N. B. Forrest appointed Mayor *pro tem.*

Seventh Meeting, August 5.—Nothing of interest was done.

Eighth Meeting.—A report from the board of health was received, recommending the establishment of a quarantine in consequence of yellow fever being down the river, and the cleaning of streets and alleys. A committee was appointed to consider the subject.

Ninth Meeting, August 17.—A royal salute of twenty-one guns was ordered to be fired in honor of the completion of the Atlantic cable. A message from the Mayor desired the Board to arrange for the payment of $15,000 due to the Charleston Railroad Company. The report contained a copy of certain queries sent to the Little Rock Railroad Company by the Mayor, who informs the Board that he will not pay another dollar of the company's bonds until they are answered. The Mayor thinks a thorough system of quarantine the only safeguard against yellow fever, the expense of which, he estimates, will be $3000. The Vigilance Committee reported against the employment of a special policeman at the Navy Yard, which was concurred in.

Tenth Meeting, August 19.—The President of the Little Rock Railroad read a reply to the queries of the Mayor spoken of above; he asked for an investigation. On a motion being made to hear President Robinson, Alderman Jefferson said if he was heard he would leave the Board, as he had promised his constituents he would never be a party to the Board being led by the nose by any railroad President. A motion was made and agreed to that he should be allowed to go, and he went.

Tenth Meeting, August 21.—The Quarantine Committee reported in favor of leasing Bray's Island for five years at $600 rent per annum, for quarantine purposes, which was adopted.

Eleventh Meeting, September 7.—Ald. Forrest reported that the city was greatly in want of a market house, and favored building one near the Charleston railroad depot. Ald. Copeland objected to that location. Ald. Robinson and Jefferson were in favor of three market houses; Ald. Finnie of two. Ald. Robinson moved to purchase, for $6,100, a piece of ground south of Union street for a market house. Ald. Hamilton supported the motion and proposed the building of a new house on Market Square. Ald. Robinson's resolution was lost by a vote of seven in four. A resolution was adopted appointing a committee with power to contract for building a market house near the Charleston depot, to be paid for by voluntary contributions and the rents of the stalls. The City Engineer was directed to put up a metal mark, showing the highwater mark of 1858.

Twelfth Meeting, September 9.—The City Attorney and Auditor, in connection with the Finance Committee, on motion of Alderman Kortrecht, were directed to devise a plan for reporting at each regular meeting of the Board, the financial condition of the city. Alderman Robinson proposed that an ordinance be prepared to better regulate tippling houses, which houses the City Attorney said the city could close after nine o'clock at night if she chose. Alderman Hamilton offered a resolution to have another policeman put on watch on Howard's Row. Alderman Robinson said it would be better to close the disorderly groggeries on that row. Alderman Hamilton's motion was lost on the ground that to pass it would be an act of "special legislation."

Thirteenth Meeting, September 21.—An ordinance was passed to regulate tippling houses. The hour was changed from 9 to 11 o'clock. Messrs. Drew, Morgan, Kortrecht, Hamilton, Robinson and Copeland voted in favor of the change, and Messrs. Street, Finnie, Neal, Jefferson and Elder against it. A resolution was passed requiring all the property left at the city station houses to be sold every three months. Mr. Lenow was allowed three feet of the sidewalk in Union street, near Main. A number of contracts for graveling were authorized. The Mayor was authorized to have the public cisterns filled when empty.

[We shall continue our synopsis to-morrow.]

THE CONGRESSIONAL CANVASS.

JACKSON, June 24, 1859.

EDITOR APPEAL: The candidates for Congress in this district wound up their canvass in this county at Denmark to-day, and a brilliant canvass it has been for the Democratic candidate—a succession of triumphs on every stump. Avery will increase his vote in Madison at least one hundred; there is not a man who voted for him in his last race, but will vote for him in August, and it is well-known here that there are a large number of Democrats who voted for Stephens, and some who remained neutral, who will give him a hearty support. Curtis is doing us no harm. The few votes he will get, some fifteen or sixteen, are composed of Opposition men and a few Democrats tinctured with Know-Nothingism, who refused to vote for Avery in 1857. Notwithstanding this, if a stranger were to attend the discussions of the candidates, he would come to the conclusion that the race was entirely between Avery and Curtis; that Sneed was out of the question. Poor Sneed!

The Opposition bestow all their praises upon Curtis. Their candidate falls so very far below their expectations that they have not the face to say a word in his favor, and that is saying a great deal for the modesty of the select of Know-Nothingism. It is hard to tell whether the imbecility of the party deserves most our pity or our contempt. Their only hope of success is by flattering and petting Curtis to the Democrats, hoping thereby to get up a feeling in his favor among them, and by dividing the party, to conquer Avery. They don't care a farthing for Sneed. All they desire is to defeat Avery; in proof of this, many of them express the desire that Sneed should be taken off the track, and let the race be run by Avery and Curtis. The Democrats are perfectly well satisfied with the present arrangement. No good, reliable Democrat will vote for Curtis. They regard him as a disorganizer; and no man who, to gratify his own malignity, would sacrifice the peace and harmony of singularity, will ever be supported by the Democratic party. He that is not for us is against us; and any Democrat who so far forgets his duty to his country and his party as to give aid and comfort to the enemy by voting for Mr. Curtis in this race, must be lamented by his old comrades as one who has lost his political integrity. It was suggested by some who heard the discussion at Mount Pisgah, that perhaps a new programme was to be followed by the two Opposition candidates in future. In addressing the people on yesterday, they referred to each other as we, showing that an alliance had been entered into between them. Mr. Sneed said, "We have called upon Mr. Avery to know what his position upon certain questions were." Mr. Curtis says that "*We* have charged Mr. Avery with certain political sentiments," etc., etc. Heretofore, it has been a triangular fight, "each knight for his castle," and against all others; now it seems that he who unhorses the field in single combat, is to meet the point. There will be a gentle passage at arms at Denmark to-day, when the knight of the white plume will make them tell which king they serve by, and if it be true that they are making common cause to break down the Democratic party, those Democrats who are giving Mr. Curtis their support should to advised of the position they have assumed, and if they persist in their course, then "off with their heads."

Harris will also make a handsome gain in Madison, and our gallant young leader in this county, the eloquent candidate for representative, E. B. McClanahan, will not only make a gain, but will run the Opposition candidate down to a very small majority.

MADISON.

MISSISSIPPI NEWS.

CROPS IN TALLAHATCHIE.—We have taken a good deal of pains during the past week to inquire of our friends from the country, the present condition of their crops, and have received from all quarters the most cheering intelligence. Some little anxiety had been felt, during the fore part of the week, owing to the dry weather that has prevailed for some time, but a copious shower on Tuesday evening relieved all solicitude for the present on that score.

We may therefore safely say, that the present prospects for an abundant crop of corn and cotton are very good; even our valley planters that have been annoyed with the overflow, are now in fine spirits; most of them have planted about their usual amount of ground.—*Tallahatchie Sun June 8.*

OUR BRANCH RAILROAD.—We are informed that our Branch road is now completed to within about three miles from the river, and the whistle of the locomotive may already be heard in our town. It is confidently expected that the road will be finished and in running order to the place where the bridge is to be built over the Tombechee, by the 14th of July next. There are, however, we are told, considerable repairs and much work to be done near this end of the road, before the rails can be laid, and in consequence, the entire completion of the work to the river may be necessarily deferred a few days longer. The working the bridge has been, or will be commenced without delay, and it is supposed that it will be built during this summer or fall.—*Columbus Democrat.*

MARION COUNTY.—The Democracy of this county met last Monday week. The *Hamburg Journal* say that Mr. V. L. Terrell received the nomination for Representative of Covington county, and the meeting passed a resolution in favor of direct taxation for the purpose of building the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad.

LEGISLATIVE.—The Democratic Senatorial District Convention for Adams, Amite and Wilkinson met at Woodville on the 12th, and the Hon. G. H. Gordon was unanimously nominated for Senator. Immediately after the adjournment of the Senatorial Convention, the Wilkinson county Convention met and unanimously nominated Maj. H. S. Van Ridder for county Representative to represent that county in the State Legislature.

A MONKEY ABDUCTING A NEGRO.—Sunday afternoon we were startled from a comfortable nap by most diabolical screams issuing from the gallery to learn the cause, thinking that we surely had a good local item. We were rather amused, however, when we found that the excitement was caused by a little monkey that had broken prison and who, in his perambulations around town, had seen a little negro girl. The monkey being, we presume, of a speculative turn of mind, immediately resolved to embark in the slave trade, and forthwith made an attack upon the premises in which he had discovered the little negro, climed into the window, pounced upon the little darkey, and despite the young darkey's screams and yells, was about to carry her off in triumph, when he was driven back by a reinforcement.—*Woodville Republican, 18th.*

HORACE GREELEY ON PRAIRIE "VARMINTS."

Mr. Greeley, writing from section 15, Prairie Dog Creek, half way between Leavenworth and Pike's Peak, gives the following account of the animals inhabiting the prairies:

The prairie wolf was the first of these gentry to pay his respects to us. He is a sneaking, cowardly little wretch, of a dull or dirty white color, much resembling a small, short-bodied dog, up on pretty long legs. I believe his only feat entitling him to rank as a beast of prey consists in sometimes, when hard pressed by hunger, digging out a prairie dog and making a meal of him. He will eat any provender in the carcass—no matter how putrid—of any dead buffalo, mule or ox that he may find exposed on the prairies. He is a paltry creature.

The prairie dog, which I take to be a denizen of the prairies (I think we have seen at least a dozen of the species to-day)—is a scoundrel of much more imposing caliber. He delights to live in populous villages, burrow and dodge, keeping out of sight, and unsuspected, in the ravines and creek timber so far as possible; and woe to the unlucky calf that strays, (which seldom does) outside of the well defined line of defense formed by the bulls. If very large and hungry, the gray wolf will sometimes manage to cut a cow off from the herd, and, interposing himself between her and the settlement, detain or drive her further away, until she is beyond the hope of rescue, when her doom is sealed. His liveliest hope, however, in that of fodder, is to whom some unlucky cow has wounded, so that he cannot keep up with the herd; especially should it be stampeded. Let him once get such a one by himself, and a few snaps at his hamstrings will bring her down. He is a coward of the way of his horns, insures that the victim will have ceased to be a buffalo, and become mere wolf meat before another morning.

I regard it a misfortune to the prairies to realize the impudence of these prairie-lawyers. Of some twenty of them that I have seen within the last two days, I think not six have yet reached the age when they can be sent before us two hours ago, kept on his way across the prairie, stopping occasionally to take a good look at us, but hurrying himself in what he deems a safe distance in ten or some minutes within good rifle range. Once to-day our division superintendent sent a ball after one who was making very deliberate time away from us, hitting him a fair shoulder blow; the compliment should have expedited his motion; but it did not seem to have that effect. It is very common for these wolves to follow at sight a mule team for miles on the road on a wolf, not making any belligerent demonstrations, but waiting for whatever may turn up. Sometimes the express wagons have been followed in this way; but I think that usually, if a mule team is up to anything wherein there is a chance for game.

The prairie-dog is the funny fellow of these parts. Imagine himself the sole owner of ninety-nine acres, more or less, of this species of land, and fancy yourself a little of merry disposition, and you have the exact idea of his position. He dens on any dry, grassy ground—usually on the driest part of the high prairie—and his hole is superficially a very large one; but this is necessary owing to its center. On this sun-full site the proprietor—often more than one—a chunky little fellow—in size between a gray squirrel and a rabbit—say about half a wood-chuck. When we approach, he raises the cry of danger—if danger at all, but something between the piping of a frog on a warm spring evening, and the noise made by a very young puppy—then drops into his hole, and is heard no more. His hole holes are not very regularly placed, but some thirty feet apart, and when I say that I believe we have to-day passed within sight of at least three square miles of prairie-dog town, the reader can guess how many of the animals must exist here, even supposing that there is usually but one to each hole. I judge that there cannot be less than a hundred square miles of prairie-dog towns within the present Buffalo range.

That the prairie dog, and the owl—of a small, brown-backed, white-bellied species—do live harmoniously in the same hole, I know, for I have seen it. I presume the owl pays for his lodging like a gentleman, probably by turning in some provisions towards the supply of the common table. If so, this is the most successful example of industrial and household associations yet furnished. That the rattlesnake is ever admitted as a third partner, I indignantly deny. No doubt he has been found in the prairie dog's home—it would be just like him to seek so cozy a nest—but he doubtless entered like a true border ruffian, and contrived to make himself a much more free than welcome. Politeness, or (if you please) prudence, may have induced the rightful owner to submit to a joint tenancy at will—the will of the tenant, not that of the rightful landlord—but no cordiality was ever given, unless under constraint of that potent logic which the intruder carries at the tip of his tail.

From the Seat of War.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The *Express* has received by the steamer Kangaroo, from Mr. Jas. Brooks, senior editor of the *Express*, who left Paris Tuesday night, the Paris *Patrie* of the 7th, which gives the very latest news from Paris and the Austrian camp. Mr. Brooks says that notwithstanding the tone and tenor of the Austrian articles in the London *Times*, founded upon its dispatches from Vienna, the evidence is clear that the French won a great and brilliant victory at Magenta, the practical result of which was the abandonment at Milan by the Austrians, and a general retreat along the whole line. The loss of the French, he thinks, is probably a great deal larger than the Emperor's telegrams admit.

So satisfied were the French of the brilliancy of their victory that the news was not only disseminated, but cannon were firing from all the forts and military positions in and around Paris; and on the 7th, at noon, Notre Dame was filled with the presence of the great officers of the Empire, and of the military under the lead of the Empress, chanting the Te Deum in thanks for the victory. The Empress and Princess Clotilde appeared in the front of the throne on their way with the liveliest demonstration of enthusiasm. The body of General Espinasse, killed at Magenta, has been embalmed to be taken home to France.

Havre, on the 7th and the night following, was in a high state of excitement and glee over the victory. Flags adorned all the public places and shipping in the harbor, in honor of the Fourth of France, under the direction of the Empress, were all engaged in the making of list for the wounded of the French and Sardinian army, and those of the enemy were left to their miseries. The wife of the minister of war had started the movement, which was becoming fashionable and general.

The loyal official call for list shows what havoc war is making in the army. It was on Sunday that the dispatch from the Emperor reached the Empress, who caused it to be posted in pleasant on the streets, and to be telegraphed to the Prefects throughout all France, so that on Sunday evening and night the rejoicing was general in the empire. The Empress rode through some of the principal streets, where the crowds thronged her carriage, and even clung to the wheels, crying out in the loudest terms, "Long live the Emperor, the Emperor and the young Prince, too," who was not forgotten.

General Canrobert is not dead, nor mortally wounded.

The Empress herself caused the death of Gen. Claire to be announced to his wife as having died gloriously.

THE SIMMS AND DAVIS DIFFICULTY.—We learn upon reliable authority that the difficulty between the Hon. Garrett Davis and Capt. Wm. E. Simms has been adjusted. The parties returned home from Cincinnati, yesterday, with their friends. We suppose the particulars will be made known by an authentic publication, and we shall therefore offer no comments. In the meantime, however, the friends of both gentlemen will rejoice that the difficulty has been settled without a resort to arms upon the field of honor, which might have resulted in the wounding or death of one or both. And we trust that Capt. Simms will now be enabled to complete his canvass, and to win the race for Congress without any personalities in the press or upon the stump, which may superadd to a political strife even the preliminaries to a hostile meeting between him and any one else.—*Louisville Courier.*

Garibaldi's dispatches, written in the true soul, sick, sire style, run in this way: "I have been attacked by the Austrians; I have beaten them; I am pursuing them; the population rise and help me."

FUNERAL INVITATION.

The friends and acquaintances of H. T. and Valeria Hulbert are invited to attend the funeral of their infant daughter, LIZZIE CLELAND, from their residence, on Poplar street, this morning, at 10 o'clock. Services by Rev. Dr. White.

Hacks will be in waiting at the livery stable of Mr. Chas. Mayer.

MARRIED,

On the 21st inst., by Rev. B. P. Griffin, SAMUEL J. MARSH to MISS PARMELIA LONG, all of Tipton county, Tennessee.

DIED,

On the 23d inst., near Raleigh, Tenn., Mrs. LUCY L. SEWALL, wife of R. G. Sewall.

New Advertisements.

All Advertisements for the Appeal must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

All transient advertisements must be marked for a specified time. When not thus marked, they will be charged for one week, and discontinued at the end of that time.

All Advertisements published in the Weekly Appeal are charged One Dollar per square for each insertion.

WANTED.

A SALESMAN in a dry goods business. One who has an extensive city acquaintance preferred. Best of reference wanted. No other need apply.

Address box 21, Post Office. Jun26-tf.

I. O. S. M.

MEMBERS of INGOMAR LODGE No. 1 are notified that from 10 o'clock A. M. till 2 P. M. to-day to supply the members with the regalia for the procession.

Jun25-1t

I. O. S. M.

THERE will be a regular weekly meeting at 8 o'clock this P. M.

By order of O. C.

Jun25-1t D. G. REED, Secretary.

$50 Reward.

THE undersigned will pay the above reward for the delivery to him, in Memphis, of a Negro man, named JOHN, who ran off on the 4th instant. He is about five feet ten inches high, black complexion, weighs about 190 pounds, thick visage, very upright and thirty years of age.

Jun22-3mTS HENRY T. HILBERT.

W. H. SEABROOK & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

No. 11 Madison Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

may6-dw

For Sale.

A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, nineteen years old; a good cook, washer and ironer. Apply to

BILL & DORION,

Jun23-1w No. 10 Front Row.

COTTON PRESS.

URIAH T. & CALVIN E. STEWART have invested a new and useful improvement in the Cotton Press, viz: a SQUARE-ACTING JACK-SCREW PRESS. This Press is constructed on two presing boxes, which are operated by levers, rack-bar and pinion. It employs the full power of two men, and yet can be used by one press-ing box, the other set are filling the other box; the press-box is large enough to hold a bale of cotton, the bale out of one box, the other follow-block is prepared a bale in the other box. If desired, they may be operated with but one presing box.

This is emphatically a labor-saving invention, performing in one day what other presses do in two days.

The Press is a horizontal framework, easily constructed, and requires but little timber, the timbers all being up to platform.

We do not expect to bring this Press into repute by anything we say in its favor. To appreciate and appreciate it it must be seen to be properly appreciated. We have built and have several of them in successful operation, and we now challenge a comparison between it and a model of the press, to any persons who may wish to make it, at any place convenient to the purchaser, which will be a fair test for twenty dollars. We will also sell rights for counties, or for whole States. Persons wishing to make a profit, can, perhaps, find no better way, or on a skillful agent, at Lafayette or Monroe

Our address is Lafayette, Tipton Co., Tenn., for the sale of five thousand dollars, the right for the entire State of Mississippi; and to Thomas H. Ormsby, for 7 to thousand dollars, the right for the entire State of Arkansas. These purchasers will shortly canvass Home States for the purpose of disposing of individual or county rights.

U. T. & C. E. STEWART.

Jun23-6w11 Patentees.

Proclamation.

ISAAC G. HARRIS, Governor of the State of Tennessee, to all who shall see these presents, Greeting: Whereas, It has been made to appear to me by a certain JOSEPH NUCKLES, charged with having committed a foul and felonious murder upon the person of Mary Ann Nuckles, the body of South Mason, late of our county of Franklin, has fled from justice, and is now running at large:

Now, therefore, I, ISAAC G. HARRIS, Governor as aforesaid, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by the laws of said State, do hereby offer a reward of Fifty Dollars to any person or persons who may apprehend the said Joseph Nuckles and deliver him to the proper jailor of any county of this State, to be dealt with according to law, upon receipt of this proclamation.

Given under my hand and seal of State, at Nashville, this the 20th day of June, A. D. 1859.

ISAAC G. HARRIS.

J. S. D. RAY, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION:

The said Joseph Nuckles is a young man about twenty years of age, about six feet high, swarthy complexion, black eyes which appear to be slightly swollen, he though to be drunk, dark coburn hair; light beard, and rather dull look.

Jun22-4t

Wanted.

A PLEASANT, unfurnished Room, with Board, for a gentleman and his Wife, in a house where there are no other boarders. References given. Address "R.," Box 222, Post Office. Jun24-2t

Board Wanted

A MARRIED GENTLEMAN with a wife and child, desires board for himself and family in a respectable private family boarding, in a family having no other boarders, within a few squares of Main and Madison streets. Address box 32 Post Office, stating terms, &c.

Jun24-2t

Administrator's Sale.

ON the 5th day of July, 1859 I will expose to sale to the highest bidder, for cash, the personal property belonging to the estate of Jno. Ingram, deceased, consisting of household furniture of various kinds, and one negro man about 40 years of age.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., at his late residence on Market street, in the city of Memphis.

C. DELOACH,

Jun23-td6w Administrator.

Land For Sale.

I WISH to sell four farms on which I now reside, being one of the best improved farms in Tipton adjoining county, containing 400 acres, about 200 in cultivation, well fenced, with good dwelling, out houses and undercrated fence. There is a comfortable dwelling house and kitchen, frame smoke house, kitchen, new cribs and stables, good orchard well stocked with fruit, and a never failing spring and outbuilding. For terms, etc., apply to me on the premises at Black Land, Tippah county, Mississippi. June 20th, 1859.

Jun24-w4t THOS. BREWSTER.

31,000 Acres of Choice Arkansas Land

AND a Beautiful Cottage Residence in South Memphis. Call at HEARD & HEDRICK'S,

Jun23-1t 203 Main street.

J. S. KENNEDY,

General Book-keeper and Accountant,

S. W. COR. MAIN AND JEFFERSON STS.,

MEMPHIS.

THE undersigned having been for the last 20 years a practical Book-keeper and Accountant, offers his services to the mercantile, mechanical and professional gentlemen of Memphis, whose business does not require a book-keeper all the time, but occasionally needs a book-keeper regularly employed. All calls to post their books, draw off balance sheets or trial balances, adjust averages, close up old books, or commence the draw off accounts, &c., &c., will be promptly attended to.

J. S. KENNEDY.

For Rent.

A GOOD BRICK DWELLING HOUSE in South Memphis, within two minutes' walk of Court Square; has a good cistern, well and out-houses.

Apply to MATT BRIDGES,

Jun22-tfdly Real Estate Broker, 28 Madison st.

ANNIVERSARY

OF

BROWNSVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE!

June 26th and 29th.

JUNE 26—Annual Sermon by Rev. Dr. Bowman.

MONDAY and TUESDAY—Examination of Classes.

MONDAY NIGHT—Distribution of Prizes and Annual Address by Col. Sneed, Corporator, of Memphis.

TUESDAY NIGHT—Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

WEDNESDAY—Reading Essays by the Graduates, Conferring Degrees, and Literary Address by C. Nagle, Esq., of Memphis.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT—A Party given to the Graduates.

Jun23-td7t

A TEACHER WANTED

For the Raleigh Male and Female Academy.

THE persons have just closed in the above Academy, and the trustees are now ready to receive a Male and Female Teacher for them. These that are qualified to teach the languages would be sought in academies should apply. It is the desire of the trustees that the schools should commence at or by the first of September next.

Address Jesse W. King or James M. Odonnel, Raleigh, Tennessee. Jun23-tw4t

Situation Wanted.

A VIRGINIAN, who is an experienced Chemist and Mineralogist, Engineer, and who has spent three years past principal of an academy, desires to be informed of where he can find an eligible situation for establishing a Female Academy in the Southern States. Would be willing to accept a situation as professor in a college, or as principal of a female school. Address box 1, Post Office, Jno. F. Johnson, Memphis, and address Principal of Rapid Ann Academy, Greene Hill, Madison county, Va. Reliable references given and required.

Jun23-2twsw3t

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of N. D. WEYBURN, Jr., & CO., was dissolved on the 15th day of May, by mutual consent. All debts due to and by said firm will be settled by the undersigned, who alone are authorized to use the name of the said firm in liquidation. The business will be continued as heretofore at the old stand, 22 Jefferson street.

MORTON, HOLMES & CO.

Jun23-1w

WILLIAM R. STRANGE & CO.,

Under Odd-Fellows' Hall.

THE VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

THE Virginia Springs and Springs of the South and West, by J. J. Marriott, M. D., resident physician at the White Sulphur Springs; with map and plates, and the routes and distances to the various springs.

Beautiful new Waverly Novels. Cheap reprints, twelve volumes; bound in sheep and calf.

Popular Works. Elegantly bound in cloth and sheep. Abbott's Napoleon. Elegantly bound and illustrated. Napoleon and his Marshals.

The Constitution of the Federal States of the Union and the United States, including the Declaration of Independence and Articles of Confederation. Sale's Koran, authentic translation.

Jun23 WM. R. STRANGE & CO.'S, Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

Madame Racine,

MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT,

HAS arrived in Memphis, and takes rooms at the UNIVERSAL HOTEL for a few days, where she may be consulted by the public upon her safe and speedy method of treating and curing the diseases of every description, and retains the pleasure of persons afflicted with

DISEASE OF THE HEART AND LUNGS, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, PARALYSIS, DROPSY, HIP DISEASES, CANCERS, DISEASES INCIDENT TO FEMALES, &c., &c.

☞ Her opinions are entirely explicitly and free from prejudice.

☞ Office hours from 9 A. M. to 12, and from 2 P. M. to 6 o'clock.

☞ Charge for examination, $2; charge for treatment according to case. Jun23-tw

Also Something Good to Drink,

CLARET Wines of the best brands; White Ale; Brandy; Old Bourbon, Champagne, Port and Madeira Wines at

J. S. MITCHELL & CO'S

Jun4 Province & Stewart's Block.

Paris Soft Hats,

OF rare quality, expressly adapted for summer wear, just received by steamer Pacific.

Jun23-1w M. H. MILLER & CO.

New Advertisements.

100 HONEST MEN WANTED.

COME AND HELP US!

Saturday, June 25th, at 10 o'clock,

WE will pay to parties to the south side of Court Square, Time and there we will sell you the acre of rich land, nearly all in a high state of cultivation; a good cottage with three rooms, 3 miles northeast of the city, the side of Cane Creek, bounded by Dr. James Tinney's and Mr. Kingsbury's property. This is a nice home; it must and will be sold. Possession given immediately.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance six, nine and twelve months, with interest.

M. C. CATCH & SON,

Jun22-2t Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents.

Prices Reduced.

BEING desirous to reduce our stock, and to dispose of all our SUMMER GOODS, we are now selling

FIGURED LINENS,
LAWNS,
MUSLINS
MANDOES,
GRENADINE MUSLINS,
PLAIN AND FIGURED SWISSES,
PAPAROLA,
FANS,
LACE MANTLES,
LIGHT-COLORED PRINTS,

And many other articles, from ten to fifteen per cent lower than they can be had any other place.

☞ If you wish bargains, call at 291—corner Main and Monroe streets, Strahan's Row.

Jun22 BOSTON & HUNTER.

A GOOD OPENING!

ANY one wishing to engage in the MERCANTILE BUSINESS, in this city, possessed of business qualifications and habits, with a capital of from

Seven to Ten Thousand Dollars,

may find an opportunity of doing so, in connection with

A House now Well Established

IN BUSINESS.

☞ None need apply except those who can come fully up to the requirements of this notice.

☞ Address "J. K.," care Appeal Office. Jun22

DALY'S

AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY!

For Medical Use.

HAS now taken that position in the world's estimation,