Daily Appeal.

MEMPHIS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1860.

Reading Matter on Every Page

Largest Circulation in the City.

CIRCULATION OF DAILY APPEAL.....1,824
CIRCULATION OF SUNDAY EDITION.....2,206
CIRCULATION OF TRI-WEEKLY.....728
CIRCULATION OF WEEKLY.....3,800

THE CAMPAIGN APPEAL!

SIX MONTHS FOR ONE DOLLAR!

Now is the time to make up Clubs!!

For the sum of ONE DOLLAR we propose to issue the WEEKLY APPEAL from the 15th of May to the 15th of November. The approaching Presidential campaign promises to be one of the most interesting that has transpired during the existence of our government, and the newspaper on this account will become of double interest to the people. The small sum at which we propose to issue the APPEAL will place it within the reach of every man who has an inclination to read and keep pace with the times.

All Clubs, as well as individual subscriptions, should be sent in by the 15th of May, as we shall print off no extra numbers.

APRIL 2, 1860.

☞ For detailed proceedings of the afternoon session of the 15th day, and forenoon proceedings of the sixth day of the Charleston convention, see first page.

☞ The great sale of city lots will take place to-day at 10 o'clock. Don't fail to attend them.

THE TWO CHARLESTON CONVENTIONS.

It is now a fixed fact that the Democratic convention at Charleston is divided into two sections, and that a second convention has been organized, which styles itself the southern convention, carrying off something like one-tenth of the national convention. The associated press reporter Keeps us in miserable ignorance of the exact proximate cause of this division, and we shall not therefore venture upon any comments until we are enabled to see the status of the case. We have despaired of getting any clear view of it from telegraphic reports, and shall therefore await the proceedings by mail.

The regular convention made no progress, as far as we are advised by telegraph. No balloting was had. Upon a nearer and clearer view of the causes of this extraordinary division, which casts a heavy responsibility somewhere, we intend to freely and fully review the circumstances.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 30, P. M.—The minority report of the platform committee was received and adopted by the convention as a substitute for the majority report by a vote of 165 against 138.

Mr. Ashe, of North Carolina, made threats that he would withdraw from the convention and the Democratic party, if the minority resolutions were adopted.

The first of the minority resolutions, affirming the Cincinnati platform, was adopted by a vote of 237 against 76.

Mr. Glenn, of Mississippi, voted in the negative, and denounced the Cincinnati platform as an unmitigated swindle.

The delegates from Alabama, Mississippi and Florida desired to withdraw their votes, and Arkansas withdrew three of her votes upon the motion to lay the minority platform on the table.

The convention then proceeded to vote separately on the resolutions. After half an hour had been spent in motions of order, the preamble and first resolution, relating to the Dred Scott decision, was struck out. Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama and Florida declined voting. The vote was then announced—yeas 40, nays 240.

The resolution to protect foreign born citizens was unanimously adopted.

The resolution in favor of a line of railway to the Pacific was also unanimously adopted.

The delegates from Missouri, Louisiana, Texas, Florida and Alabama declined to vote on either of the preceding resolutions.

The remaining resolutions were then voted on separately, and all adopted unanimously by a vote of 272 ayes, the delegates from Missouri, Louisiana, Texas, Florida and Alabama declining to vote, and Arkansas voting but three votes.

The delegation from Alabama here withdrew from the convention, when the Mississippi delegation, followed by Louisiana, withdrew. The South Carolina delegation followed, the exception of three members, next went out, and Florida followed.

The delegates from Texas protested against the action taken by a majority of a convention.

Mr. Burrows, of Arkansas, also entered the protest of his State, signed by three of the members of the delegation.

Mr. Russell, in the name of the Virginia delegation, expressed deep sympathy for the Southern States, and asked an adjournment to allow time for consultation.

Mr. Bryant, of Delaware, for himself and another colleague, then left the hall.

Mr. Moulton, of Louisiana, in withdrawing, said that two of his delegation declined to join in the withdrawal, but being instructed to vote as a unit, no one could cast the vote of the State after a majority of the delegation had left the convention.

The confusion and disorder which prevailed after the withdrawal beggars all description.

The convention adjourned until 6 o'clock, P. M., after a session of six hours duration.

The excitement in this city is intense. A salute is being fired in honor of the southern delegations who have seceded.

The seceders are to hold a meeting to-night and nominate Dickinson for President, and probably Stephens for Vice-President.

There is considerable feeling manifested against the three South Carolina delegates who refused to secede. The delegates from North Carolina and Maryland stand firm. A portion of the delegates from Virginia and Georgia are withdrawing. The Kentucky delegates are holding a consultation.

Douglas will be nominated to-morrow on the first ballot.

WASHINGTON, April 30, P. M.—The excitement in this city is intense. The members of Congress from Tennessee in replying to dispatches from Charleston advised their delegates to remain in the convention and support the nominee.

A SOUTHERN CONVENTION.

CHARLESTON, May 1.—The seceding delegates from the regular Democratic convention, held a meeting to-day and effected an organization by the election of Senator James A. Bayard, of Delaware, as president, together with eight vice-presidents and four secretaries.

No progress was made to-day in the regular convention. There is no prospect of a ballot to-night.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

CHARLESTON, April 29, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The convention was engaged during all of yesterday afternoon and night in considering the majority and minority platforms. It was a most excited and turbulent session; made so chiefly by the efforts on the part of the anti-Douglas men to prevent a vote on the main question. However, about twelve o'clock the previous question was sustained, and to-morrow morning at ten o'clock fixed for taking the vote. The indications are that the convention will accept the report of the majority by a decided majority. I learn that the Tennessee delegation will be divided on the question, and that in all probability a majority of our members will be for the report of the majority. It is the universal impression that it will not be long before this question of platforms will be disposed of, and the convention will proceed immediately to ballot for the candidate for President. This morning the Douglas men are more confident than ever. They say they can poll almost if not quite a majority on the first ballot. For myself I cannot see why both platforms and nominee cannot be made by twelve o'clock to-morrow night.

The Alabama delegation still threatens to withdraw if the minority platform is adopted, or Douglas nominated. Very little importance has been attached to the threat up to this time, but, basing my opinion upon recent information, it would not surprise me if they did secede, for a while, at least. It is now said that her example will be imitated by Mississippi only. But we must await further developments. D.

☞ SIGNIFICANT SIGN.—Gov. Corwin, of Ohio, made a speech in the house of representatives Wednesday, which is indicative of the purpose of the Chicago convention to nominate a man more conservative than Seward. He took the ground substantially that the men who were contemporaries with the framers of the Constitution made the fugitive slave law because property in slaves, unlike other property, only existed by force of local law.

THE CAPTURE OF THE MEXICAN STEAMERS.

The London Times of the 3rd, in an article reviewing the leading provisions of the treaty between the United States and President Juarez, and the capture of the steamers Miramon and Marquez, remarks:

The American Government, it is clear, have accepted the responsibility of this collision, and are, no doubt, prepared for the result. We do not see how they can stop now until the disturbances in Mexico have been concluded, by the permanent establishment of one or other of the parties struggling for ascendancy. America has interfered forcibly between the contending factions, and she can hardly retire, draw and leave those who took to the American flag for protection, at the mercy of the followers of a chief who possesses still sufficient resources to create frightful havoc in Mexico. The President of the United States has a force at his disposal, and he may employ that force at discretion. It is in the interest of American citizens, and for their protection, we are told, that the squadron under Commander Jarvis took up a position at San Juan d'Ulloa, and seized the barkade at Vera Cruz by the capture of the steamers Marquez and Miramon.

We must be very blind to passing events, and entirely ignorant of the policy of the American Government, were we to accept this explanation of the successful action of the American squadron in the Mexican waters. The action required to be taken had just arrived, is the commencement of that armed intervention by the United States in the affairs of Mexico, for which a fitting opportunity has been so long sought by the Cabinet at Washington. We must not be understood, from these remarks, to denounce the policy of Mr. Buchanan and his Cabinet. We have all regarded the support of the popular and constitutional party, as opposed to the party of the priests of Mexico, and of the foreign bondholders, as a duty, if they are on the right side. Had there been a better understanding between the British and American, and we may add the French governments upon the affairs of Mexico, it would not have been difficult to have adjusted matters, and the interruption to trade, to say nothing of the blood which is now, we fear, inevitable, might have been avoided.

As it is, there are British subjects as well as American citizens in Mexico whose lives and property must be protected in the approaching struggle. We should be glad to know what steps have been taken to afford that security against Mexican violence and treachery, which, no doubt, is at the present moment so much needed. During times of comparative tranquillity, Mexico is not a particularly safe place for a British subject, and matters have not been improved by the course pursued by our late minister at the republic. Would it not be well that the government should be questioned on this important subject in the House of Commons? We throw out the suggestion, and shall be very happy to find it has been acted upon. It would be extremely satisfactory to those who have commercial transactions with Mexico, or whose relatives or friends are located in that country, to know that steps have been taken to afford adequate protection to British interests in Mexico; and it would also be important to learn how Her Majesty's government regard the proceedings of the American government in that part of the world.

THE FIGHT BETWEEN HEENAN AND SAYERS.

From the London News, April 28.

The long-projected fight between Heenan and Sayers took place yesterday. By four o'clock in the morning the visitors to the scene of action were conveyed from the London Bridge Station, and they alighted near Farnborough. The fight lasted two hours and eight minutes, during which thirty-nine rounds were fought. Sayers drew first blood, and Heenan claimed the first knock-down blow. Sayers did not show any signs of punishment, but his right arm was much injured by his attempt to ward off Heenan's tremendous blows. Heenan soon got the champion's head under his arm, and seemed about to strangle him. The referee subsequently quitted the ring, and declared a drawn battle, but two or three more skirmishes were made, Heenan seeming indifferent as to whether he hit Sayers or his seconds.

The mob of people at the fight was immense. Long before four o'clock this (Tuesday) morning, London Bridge Station was literally besieged by spectators to witness the fight, and at half-past four yesterday the first special train was dispatched, containing about one thousand persons, and after traveling for about two hours and a half, arrived at a place called Ash, near Farnham, where all the parties got out of the train, when, after crossing several fields and ditches, they arrived at a meadow, in which a ring 24 yards in diameter was formed, and precisely at half-past seven o'clock the two men entered the ring, and the Benicia Boy approached Sayers and shook hands warmly with him.

1st round. Sayers led out with his left, and caught Heenan in the mouth, and upon a second foint he landed a significant blow on Heenan's nose, upon the latter closed and collared of Sayers by the throat, and Sayers fell.

2d. Heenan, after a few minutes coaxing of his antagonist, let fly his left and landed a blow on his mouth, closed and threw him.

3d. Heenan caught Sayers on the mouth, the latter falling.

4th. Heenan went up to Sayers, shot out tremendously with his left, and hit Sayers again on the mouth, and sent him spinning to the ground.

In the fifth and sixth rounds Sayers fell without any punishment being given on either side.

7th. Sayers landed a fearful blow on Heenan's left cheek, cutting it open, and Heenan's left eye became almost immediately in darkness.

This round lasted twelve minutes, and ended with Heenan's knocking Sayers down by a blow in the mouth.

8th. Heenan shot out with his left, but was beautifully stopped with Sayer's right. After much parleying on both sides, Heenan caught Sayers on the mouth, and caused the claret to flow profusely. This round lasted twenty minutes, and ended with Heenan knocking Sayers down.

9th. Heenan went up to Sayers, caught him on the mouth, and sent him to mother earth. Betting, which had been up, to this time, two to one on Sayers, rose to even, Heenan having the call.

10th. Heenan closed, and threw Sayers heavily.

11th. Sayers struck Heenan on the mouth and fell.

12th. Heenan went up to Sayers and knocked him down, which he also did in the thirteenth round.

14th. Counter-hitting on both sides in the mouth, then closed and Sayers fell.

15th. Heenan caught Sayers in the mouth with his left, and sent him spinning round, and followed up his advantage by knocking the man down.

16th. After a few exchanges Heenan shot out and knocked Sayers down. The 17th was a similar round to this.

18th. Sayers did much forward closing Heenan's right eye, and fell.

19th and 20th rounds. They closed, Heenan throwing Sayers in both instances. In the 21st and 22d rounds Heenan went up to Sayers and knocked him down. Loud cheers. Betting four to one on Heenan.

23d. After some severe hitting on both sides, Heenan's face becoming much disfigured, they closed, and Sayers had a throw recorded in his favor.

24th. Heenan again knocked Sayers down.

25th. Sayers caught Heenan a poser on the nose, the claret flying about; the two closed, and Sayers fell uninjured.

26th. Sayers landed a severe blow on Heenan's left cheek and fell.

27th. Heenan caught Sayers about the ribs, slight counter-hitting. The former landed on another blow on Sayers' mouth, and he fell.

28th. A similar round to the last, Sayers falling.

29th. Heenan with his left caught Sayers in the mouth and brought him to the ground.

30th. Sayers caught Heenan a bang on the nose; the two closed and Sayers scale fell.

31st. Sayers landed a severe blow on the mouth, the two closing and Sayers under.

32d. In this round Sayers, in leaving his corner, and seemed rather reluctant at calling out; Sayers looking at him anxiously, let fly with his left, and gave a telling blow on Heenan's forehead, the latter reel on Sayers. At this time it was evident that daylight was becoming of no avail to Heenan, as both his eyes were nearly closed, and he was almost blind, presenting a frightful appearance.

33d. Heenan landed a crasher on Sayers' mouth, and sent him spinning to the ground. It was now plain to the ring that Sayers' right arm was not of much avail to him, from the repeated stopping of blows, and Heenan's hand also became much swollen from the repeated use he had made of it.

34th. Sayers hit out rapidly, twice giving it to Heenan, both on the nose and mouth. Heenan, however, followed Sayers up and struck him heavily on the mouth, and went him to the ground.

35th. The two soon closed, and Sayers getting hold of Heenan by the neck, hit him severely over his left ear.

36th. The two closed, Sayers was thrown.

37th. Heenan gave Sayers one on the mouth, the latter falling.

38th. Sayers closed and fell.

39th. Heenan gave Sayers one on the head when he had almost reached the ground. A fresh bloody claimed, but not preserved in, being considered an accidental fall.

40th. Heenan got his arm around Sayers' neck, and to all appearances was strangling him. Cries of 'let him go' were raised. Heenan, however, stuck to his hold, and the ring was broken in.

The greatest confusion prevailed. The simple fact of Sayers having declared his intention of not proceeding, the fight was prematurely brought to a close, and Heenan was then declared the winner.

The contest lasted two hours and eight minutes.

THE STOLEN TRUNKS TO OHIO GIRL.—We have already mentioned the case of a young girl who left her home in Toledo to follow, as it was said, the man, by whom she had disappeared near Detroit. The Detroit Advertiser of Saturday states that the young girl has been found, and gives the following as her story:

J. B. Howard, a painter, of Toledo, a married man, quite intimate with her family, ingratiated himself into her affections, represented that he was divorced from his wife, and would get a divorce, and then would marry Miss Myra Young. The confidence the young girl of eighteen years of age reposed in him was taken advantage of as early as Sunday last, and the criminal intercourse continued till certain appearances indicated that to remain at home would result in the revelation of the disgraceful intimacy. Accordingly she stole away from home on the 10th inst., arrived here, remained at the Russell House over night, and the next day, the 11th, went to Pontiac, where she has since remained. She bore the name there of Mrs. Howard. Howard visited her on the 12th, and remained two or three days. His heartlessness will appear the more detestable when it is known that he was in the confidence of the family, was in the constant habit of visiting them, and actually assisted (apparently) in endeavoring to find traces of the missing girl.

Officer Chabin telegraphed to Marshal Beecher, of Toledo, yesterday, to arrest Howard, and the order was complied with.

WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

California Mail Service—Redpath in Washington—The Slave Trade—Dinner of Mr. Guthrie—Chase and Seward—Corruption in the passport of the English mail.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Assistant Postmaster-General, Dundas, estimates the weight of the California mail matter at one thousand pounds daily. This might be transported by three separate routes, by dividing it up into daily pony service for letters and weekly service for more bulky matter. Under such an arrangement a northern or direct mail established between New York and San Francisco would be practicable for letters.

James Redpath has been on a visit here to his friend, Mr. Hyatt, in jail. It is more than probable that he would have remained in that delectable residence for a time longer, if secretary Seward, Senator McNair of the Senate, had known of his whereabouts, as he has been twice summoned to testify before the Senate Harper's Ferry committee, but has failed to appear.

I hear that the Secretary of War has been for some weeks engaged in preparing a dispatch, answering the demand of the British Government for a more effective execution of the laws and engagements for suppressing the African slave trade.

Governors Seward, Chase, Corwin, Pennington and Dennison, of Ohio, Senator Wade, Messrs. Grow, Frank P. Blair, Jr., Washburne, of Maine, and Spaulding of New York, were guests of Hon. J. J. Crittenden, of Ohio, at a dinner party this evening. The special object of this sitting was a compliment to Governor Dennison and Governor Chase—the two magnificent army of Republican celebrities has an under-current pointing in another direction. These quiet festivals produce a good deal of fun, which sometimes delight. The right Pennington and Corwin, had a jolly setto on the subject of the Presidency. Corwin, whose complexion is historic, was quite merry over the idea that he was talked of as a candidate for the presidency. Pennington, the speaker, said he was a candidate himself, and had hit upon a plan to get rid of Corwin. When the Japanese embassy came, he would appoint Corwin on the committee, and they would take him for one of their own number, and carry him off. Corwin dried up on the proposal, and immediately after opened upon Charleston and Douglas, remarking that the only squatter sovereign in this country was a squatter officer with a club. This turned the tables, and the party broke up in high glee at the prospect of Charleston.

Gov. Chase, of Ohio, is here, running a tilt with Seward for the chances at Chicago. It is conceded on all hands that as Seward cannot carry Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and will array the whole American party, press, orators and capital against him, he is out of the ring, and therefore Chase may with reason come here and look the field over.

Redpath, editor of the Democratic paper at Toledo, Ohio, has testified before the Covode committee that Wendell gave him five thousand dollars to grab the English bill through the House of Representatives. ALPHA.

Interesting from Mexico.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Accounts received here to-day from Mexico, brought to Galveston by the packet cutter Dodge, state that Miramon, on returning from the expedition to Vera Cruz, arrived at the capital on the 17th, where he was received with the utmost enthusiasm. Long before four o'clock this (Tuesday) morning, London Bridge Station was literally besieged by spectators to witness the fight, and at half-past four yesterday the first special train was dispatched, containing about one thousand persons, and after traveling for about two hours and a half, arrived at a place called Ash, near Farnham, where all the parties got out of the train, when, after crossing several fields and ditches, they arrived at a meadow, in which a ring 24 yards in diameter was formed, and precisely at half-past seven o'clock the two men entered the ring, and the Benicia Boy approached Sayers and shook hands warmly with him.

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Officer Chabin telegraphed to Marshal Beecher, of Toledo, yesterday, to arrest Howard, and the order was complied with.

Husband Poisoning.

Mrs. Catherine Killam, of the ancient borough of Bridgeport, was arrested and brought before Esq. DeWolf, of Chicago, yesterday, upon the rather serious charge of poisoning her husband, by administering to him poison, on the morning of Sunday last. The evidence: Spanish flies—with infernal fires and three to kill him, the said Samuel Killam.

It appeared from the testimony that Sam. was taken sick on Sunday, in the early part of last March. On Monday evening following, some of the neighbors were at Sam.'s house, and took tea with Mr. and Mrs. Killam. They all went home sick, the symptoms being, as was supposed, those of poison. The wife, it appeared, made use of the expression that "Samuel Killam had got a dose down him which he would not get over." Samuel got worse.

The evidence also showed that the sick man and his wife had lived together upon very bad terms. She is a stout, healthy, buxom body of some thirty summers. He, on the contrary, is a man of weak and juvenile body, not much as his better, larger and heavier half seems to have coveted. Several witnesses testified to having heard her threaten to poison him. To one of these she declared that Sam. Killim was not the man she took him for, and she would be rid of him.

Another witness testified that Mrs. Killam sent him to get twenty cents worth of Spanish flies, with which to make a blister for Bill Anderson, a young man who dwelt with them. She desired him to get the Spanish flies ground fine. Witness got the flies, but forgot to get them ground. Mrs. Killim thought they would do. But, according to the testimony of Bill Anderson, it was not the blister him that Mrs. Killam wanted them. He never requested her to get any Spanish flies for him, nor is he aware that Mrs. Killam did not blister him, blister him. Mrs. Killam did not blister him, and he knew nothing at all about the Spanish fly business.

His brother, suspecting that Samuel had been poisoned, took him away from Mrs. Killam, and provided for him in his own house. Doctors Valentz and Schmidt were called to attend him. Dr. Valentz treated him for disease of the lungs, with which he had been troubled before. He was seized, however, with paralysis of the limbs, and sunk to a very low condition. This sudden change in the condition led the physicians to suspect that there was something in the supposition of poison, and accordingly the suspected party was arrested.

Many other witnesses testified, and many of the medical faculty, some of the physicians who have at various times attended the invalid Killam, testified that he prescribed for pain in his back and organic disease of the kidneys.

Sunbeam Spring of a well known Character.—Every noteworthy affair occurred in the western part of the city yesterday, which will more than likely result in the death of Edmund Gaither, Esq., one of our oldest citizens, and a man widely known and universally respected. Mr. Gaither left his residence on Mound street, near George, yesterday afternoon, and failed to return home to tea at his usual hour. This circumstance caused his family some little uneasiness, but as the evening wore away and he still was absent, their uneasiness increased to great anxiety. One of the members of the family procured the assistance of two officers and repaired to Mr. Gaither's place of business on Second street, near John, and hunting open the front door found him lying on the floor in an insensible condition. He was immediately removed to his residence, and the services of Dr. Cook procured, who gave it as his opinion, from the symptoms, that he had taken some powerful opiate, most probably laudanum. The reason assigned for this is said to be mental depression.

Mr. Gaither some time ago lost a son by an untimely death, since which he has been extremely low spirited.

We visited the house about two o'clock this morning, and there learned that there were no hopes for his recovery.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

THREE THOUSAND DOLLAR FORGERY.—Quite an adroit forgery, as well as for a very large amount, was committed in this city last week. The names of the parties in the transaction we suppress, for the reason that the gentlemen whose names the forgery was committed, desire that they be not made public. The circumstances are as follows: Last Monday, a man residing near the interior of Illinois, whom we will call Smith, for the sake of a name, presented to one of our citizens a promissory note for three thousand dollars, payable to order, and bearing date on its face, the note was backed by three indorsers, each of whom was individually responsible for more than three times the face of the note. The bit of paper was bargained for, and passed into the hands of the Cincinnatian; but three days afterward it was found that the names of the indorsers had been forged. Lieut. Cook, of the Ninth street station house, was apprised of the affair, and immediately set himself to work to recover the money and arrest the guilty party. He repaired to the town in Illinois where the man lived, and by the aid of a proper disguise, laid his plans without being suspected, and on Friday last he succeeded in arresting the man and securing the funds.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"FOR YOUNG WIVES."—Under this head Mrs. Crowly gives some very sensible advice. We append the following extract:

Consulting a husband's tastes is also the whole secret of the art of "managing a husband." A wife who acts upon this principle may be sure of having the same consideration extended to her tastes, if she happens to be married to a brute, or very mean man; and to such, at present, we have nothing to say. It is easy to see, however, that few men could refuse anything to a wife who kept their clothes carefully brushed, mended and buttoned; who provided their pet dishes, let them read a four column Congressional speech without interrupting them, and dressed herself as carefully for our pair of eyes, as if she expected to encounter the admiration of a crowd. Most men admire taste and elegance in their wives, though they sometimes grumble a little at the cost; but, after all, it is taste and tact that is required more than great outlay, and wives should carefully study to have their dresses quite right, fitness and taste, with the expenditure proper to their means. Those who, through carelessness, neglect, or imaginary nervous headache, sink into dowdyism and, fretful slovenliness, may expect to see the attention and admiration they consider exclusively their own, transferred to some other quarter—nor do they deserve much better fate.

SOCIAL LIFE IN NEW ENGLAND.—A correspondent of the *Springfield Republican* makes this revelation of the progress of "social life" reform in the rural districts:

"Mister editer, if you hate all how the folks out hear have got to acting, I'm gin to gather up my pen and write you a few lines a week, ou'd married folks and leetle folks as set married but wants to be and when the are got to gether they run and jump and hik and laf and chase each a rumpus as you never se the hete of. tha go to room, take hold of hands all round a rope in a kind of a ring, sam body gets in the mid and they tha all run a great lein til the do sum thing else. the ould men chase the young gals all over the room til sum body gits ketched, then the gals screems, but screems dont do no good, tha kiss and hik and laf and then if you believe it mister editer, you could hear the smack clean out in the street."

☞ What a Kansas City paper calls "a Congress of ex-drivers," the "firighters of the great Western plains, including more of substantial men from the first houses in Paris and New York. If you desire a story well made behind and yourself, it shows to prove, you need not go a second time, give our friend Goldberg a call. Site.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT

Cannot be surpassed in quality or price

Dress Goods, Trimmings and Hosiery,

Which he has a complete stock of are all offered at very reduced prices. It shows to prove, you need not go anything else but line for you to call and see for yourselves.

M. GOLDBERG,
No. 316 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

FINE BRANDY

AT AUCTION.

We will sell on THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock,

12 casks of genuine

Hennessey Brandy.

Sale without reserve. Terms cash.

may2-2t MONNARRAT, DUPREE & CO.

$60. HOWE'S $60.

Sewing Machines!

may2 **199 *MAIN STREET.***

M. J. FARRINGTON,

REAL ESTATE

AGENT.

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC SALE ON

TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1860,

EIGHT HUNDRED AND SIXTY-NINE

ACRES OF LAND,

Lying between the

LOOSA HATCHIE AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS,

Commencing within half a mile of the city of Memphis.

The said Land is owned in common by James Rider, M. J. Wicks, F. M. White, Dr. J. D. Martin, Charles Potter and Judge A. M. Clayton. There are many

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES ON THE LAND.

It will be laid out in convenient subdivisions, with Avenues and all conveniences necessary to make desirable homes for

RESIDENCES, GARDENS, PLEASURE GROUNDS, Etc.

A plan of said Grounds, with all desirable information, can be obtained at my room, Bank Avenue. This Land is heavily timbered, which *of itself*, is of great value. There is now a splendid new bridge just finished across Wolf river, affording safe access to said land at all seasons of the year. No such inducements to speculators has been offered to the citizens of Memphis for many years.

TERMS OF SALE LIBERAL.

may2-4t

HILL'S DIVISION,

ON

Walnut, Fayette and Robertson Streets

TWENTY-TWO LOTS

WE WILL SELL, AT AUCTION,

ON SATURDAY, MAY 5,

COMMENCING AT TEN O'CLOCK,

Some of the most beautiful

WOODLAND LOTS,

That have been offered this season, situated on the streets above named, and in a portion of the suburbs eagerly sought after for residences. The lots are just outside of the corporation limits, and therefore free from city taxes, and are within pleasant walking distance of the business portions of the city. Terms liberal—sale positive.

MONNARRAT, DUPREE & CO., Auctioneers.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Acting and Stage Manager.....WM. C. THOMPSON.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 2,

THIRD NIGHT OF

RUMSEY'S & NEWCOMB'S

ORIGINAL CAMPBELL MINSTRELS.

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.

Scenes at the N. Orleans Opera House;

Or, A Row among the Italians.

To conclude with the laughable burlesque,

A JOHNNY ROACH.

Change of programme every evening.

Performance commences promptly, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. Box office open from 10 to 12, and 3 to 5 P. M. Boxes and Parquette 50 cents; Whole Dress Circle and Gallery 25 cents.

may2

To Everybody.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Corth & Kenny and to R. Kenny & Co., will please call at our office and settle the same before the first day of July next, or their accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection. This is all persons who saw the late firm.

QUINTI & ROBINSON,
Successors to Kenny & Co.

may2-3t

Notice.

WHEREAS, some of the subscribers to the Memphis and Big Creek Pinebend have not paid their subscription to the said road: We, the President and Directors of said road, make a call upon them for the whole of their stock in said road within sixty days, to be paid into the hands of John Harding. In case of failure, their stock in said road will be sold at the Court house door in the town of Raleigh, on Monday, the 23d day of July next.

JOHN HARDING,
may2-dtw&w2w Secretary and Treasurer.

New Advertisements.

Wanted.

A BOY about sixteen years of age to attend to a Clothing Store. Reference required as to honesty and capacity. Apply at the saloon of W. J. KENNEDY, may2-2t at the Charleston depot.

Wanted.

20 WOOD CHOPPERS immediately, for which the highest price will be paid by H. MCMURRAY, may2-1w* at Mallory, Ark.

Wanted.

A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer. Call on Board in Beer, No. 332 Main street, or J. C. Mills, No. 19 Madison street. may2-3t*

Free Lunch.

THERE will be a FREE LUNCH at the corner of Second and Jackson street, Fort Pickering, from 12 o'clock to 2 o'clock. may2-3t* CHARLES VIGUIES.

For Sale.

THE LOT on the north-west corner of Madison and Second streets. The owner will take one-fifth cash, Refer to Prof. Lail'd and L. B. Kittrell. may2-1y [Bulletin copy one week.]

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM Eugene Allen's, near Raleigh, on the night of Wednesday last, a bay mare, about 7 years old, a large yet bony Horse, seven years of age, slat in the forehead, no shoes nor brand, as well as remembered, both hind feet white. He is a natural pacer and paces all the time, but was supposed to be trotting. A liberal reward will be given for the delivery to me in Memphis and any information of her or her whereabouts addressed to me, or to J. E. Bowden, care of Hicks, Tatum & Co., will be thankfully received.

may2-3t* JOHN O'HARA.

$10 Reward.

RANAWAY from my residence, on Tuesday night last, 24th April, a negro man named JESSE, aged about 20 or 22 years; black complection; about 5 feet 8 inches high; heavy built. Said negro also belongs to the estate of C. D. Fraser, deceased, and was hired to me on the 1st January last to drive a cart. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me.

may2-3t E. J. PARKER.

Notice.

M. Will & Co. } Attachment Notice.
vs.
R. H. Ray.

THIS defendant in the case will please take notice that I, on the 9th day of June, 1860, the undersigned will move for judgment against him, before me, at my office, in Memphis, in a suit commenced by attachment sued out upon the ground, that he had removed, or was about to remove himself, or his property, beyond the limits of this State, when and where you can attend and defend, if you think proper, otherwise the case will be proceeded with ex-parte.

J. HOEFER, J. P.

Memphis, May 1st, 1860. may2-6w*

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

ON

1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years,

Without any Cash Required.

I WILL, at private sale, dispose of some

95 Lots on Kerr's Avenue,

about 2½ miles from the city on Horn Lake road, adjoining Dr. Wheaton and Vanarsdale. Said lots are beautifully timbered, and are only fifteen minutes ride from Court Square.

The very best of bargains will be given—both as to price and time. The neighborhood is one of the best around or near the city and is rapidly improving.

J. P. PARKINSON,
may2-1t Bank Avenue.

MAY 2.

SECOND STOCK

AT

Rice, Lull & Co's

OPENING! OPENING!

Prices Declining

AT

RICE, LULL & CO'S,

CLAY BUILDING,

may2 **199 *MAIN STREET.***

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A plan of