THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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The Memphis Appeal.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY BY

JNO. R. M'CLANAHAN.....BENJAMIN P. DILL,

Under the style and firm of

M'CLANAHAN & DILL,

whom all Letters on Business, or otherwise, should be Directed.

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NORTHMEN! STRIKE THAT FEARFUL FLAG!

Northmen! Strike that fearful flag!
Scattering abroad that angry wand!
Heaven! give a sign! Live,
Rise the last on earth!
Northmen! see the stars alone!
Behind, crazy your brother's hand!
Brotherhood, awake! Destroy
Madness from the land!

North and South—men be not rash!
But if one up, none shall be safe!
Prove good cause ere you dash
Are ye about a leap!
Northmen, Southern, where the right
You proud honor to abide?
Answer, one to curse to fight—
Nor to touch a foul!

Where the glory of the men?
Though you spit at hoary hatred,
Base to pitch to roving blast
Into dusty mold?
Brother! shall the sturdy wave
Child-of-Washington our shame!
As "round mouldering yard has gravel—
Never! by the tomb!

SALE OF MEMPHIS STOCK IN THE TENNESSEE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY.

To the citizens of Memphis:

I notice in the papers of this morning an "election notice" over the signature of Mayor Baugh, giving information on several import and facts. One of that the "finance committee" has reported to the board of mayor and aldermen in favor of an election to be held on the 19th inst. for the purpose of "obtaining the sense of the qualified voters of the city of Memphis, as to whether the city shall sell the $250,000 of her stock in the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad at not less than fifty cents cash on the dollar."

It will be remembered that the city subscribed to the capital stock of this company this amount; and paid for the same by the issuance of her time bonds, bearing interest. The proposed sale of the stock will still leave the city indebted for the bonds, and bound to pay interest on them until their maturity and payment. The city has paid dollar, in bonds, for dollar in this stock. Now the proposition is to sell, what costs the city dollar for dollar, at half price, and she still left liable for interest on her bonds, and their final payment. Is there any great necessity requiring this great sacrifice to be made? What necessity could, in the nature of things, demand such a ruinous course of policy? Must it be done to bolster up her credit? Will this sacrifice preserve or restore it, if she has lost her credit? How long will the sol of $125,000 grease the wheels of her machinery, and keep her in motion? How long before the same process will be needing sound denoting dry axles and slow revolving wheels? Aside from this consideration, is it wise or politic for the city to make this sale? I believe not. The stock may be now below par, and fifty cents on the dollar may be more than it is worth in the market. But we must remember that this road is now nearly completed, and will be finished, in all probability, in twelve months more. Then the southern connections of this road will be completed, and the stock of this company will rapidly enhance in value, and in a year afterward will, in my opinion, be worth par. But besides this, the net earnings of this road have gone into the construction and extension of the road. The company ought, and will no doubt shortly, to declare a dividend in favor of the original capital stock, equal to the sum total of net earnings that have and will go into construction up to the completion of the road. This stock dividend will not, I think, be less than fifty per cent. That dividend added to the city stock—say $125,000 to $250,000—would make the city's stock $375,000. Why not save this amount to the city instead of giving it away to the purchasers of fifty cents on the original stock? If the city should sell her $250,000 for only $125,000, she will in fact have sold $375,000 for that paltry sum. R.

POLITICAL ACTION OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

RESIGNATION OF FEDERAL OFFICERS.

The last term of the United States District court, in and for South Carolina, says the Charleston Courier, was opened and closed on Wednesday, 7th November, 1860, under Judge A. G. Magrath. The final decree was delivered in the cases of Ross C. Davis and others, owners of the steamers Nina, and the fire engine companies of the steamship Huntsville. The grand jury then presented the following:

"May it please the court: The verdict of the northern section of the Confederacy solemnly announced to the country, through the ballot box, on yesterday, has sworn away the last hope for the stability of the Federal Government of these sovereign States; and the public mind is constrained to lift itself above the consideration of doubt in the administration of law and justice, up to the vast and solemn issues which have been forced upon us. These issues involve the existence of the government of which the court is the origin and master. In these extraordinary circumstances, the grand jury respectfully decline to proceed with their presentments. They deem this explanation due to the court and to themselves."

RESIGNATION OF U. S. JUDGE MAGRATH.

Thereupon Judge Magrath announced his resignation in these words:

"The business of the term has been disposed of; and, under ordinary circumstances, I would be my duty to dismiss you to your several avocations, with my thanks for your presence and aid. But now I have something more to do, the expression of which would not be consistent with propriety. In the political history of the United States, an event has happened of ominous import to fifteen slaveholding States. The State of which we are citizens has been always understood to have deliberately fixed its purpose whenever that event should happen. Feeling no assurance of what will be the action of the State, I consider it my duty, without delay, to prepare to obey its wishes. That preparation is made by the resignation of the office I have held. For the last time I do, as a judge of the United States, administered the laws of the United States within the limits of the State of South Carolina.

"While thus acting in obedience to a sense of duty, I cannot be indifferent to the emotions it must produce. That department of government which, I believe, has been maintained its integrity and preserved its purity, has been suspended. So far as I am concerned, the temple of justice, raised under the Constitution of the United States, is now closed. It shall be never again opened, I thank God that its doors have been closed before its altar has been desecrated with sacrifices to tyranny.

"May I not say to you, in view of that, in the future which we are about to penetrate, next to the reliance we should place in the goodness of that God who will guide us in the right way, should be our confidence in our State, and our obedience to its laws. We are about to sever our relations with others, because they have broken their covenant with us. Let us not break the covenant we have made with each other. Let us not forget that what the laws of our State require become our duties. And that he who acts against its wish, or without the command of his State, incurs that sovereign authority which we must maintain inviolate."

The manner and the act, says the Courier, were equally impressive and affecting, so that there were few dry eyes among the spectators and auditors, as Judge Magrath divested himself of the judicial robe which he had worn with acceptance, fidelity and honor, to claim the independent position and privileges of a citizen of South Carolina.

RESIGNATION OF U. S. ATTORNEY CONNER.

The resignation of Judge Magrath was followed by that of the United States District Attorney, James Conner, Esq., who announced his determination in equally decided and eloquent terms. He was followed by various members of the bar, who bore testimony to the fidelity and zeal of the resigning officers, and expressed approbation of their course. Both Messrs. Conner and Magrath were subsequently serenaded at their houses.

RESIGNATION OF COLLECTOR COLCOCK

Wm. F. Colcock, collector of the port of Charleston, publishes the following card:

"The inquiry has been frequently made of me, "what will you do if Lincoln is elected?" My reply has been, "I will answer when the time comes." The time has come, and I now say, I will not serve under the enemy of my country, and whether South Carolina secedes, concedes or submits, I will resign my office."

RESIGNATION OF FORT SUMPTER JACKS.

Mr. Jacobs, port surveyor, also publishes the following:

"As I do not desire that my friends and the community shall be in doubt as to my position as a Federal officer, I beg leave to say I cannot hold the office of surveyor, or any other office, under a Black-Republican President."

CAMP FROM THE NAVAL ARCHIVES.

John Laurens, U. S. naval officer, publishes the following card:

"The crisis in our affairs requiring a public expression from all holding Government office, I deem it due to myself to state my position. I can perceive nothing which requires officers of the customs to retire from office at the present time. On the contrary, every consideration of the duty they owe to the community renders it obligatory upon them to defer their action. Their retention of office is in aid of the common safety. Should Government speedily suspend all commerce, and be equivalent to a blockade, as nothing could enter or leave the port.

"I shall await the action of the State, and in any event, shall stand or fall with her. Not being a leader in her councils, I shall await the call of those who are, and am ready, at a moment, to obey. Until that call be made, I see neither wisdom, nor patriotism in any individual action on my part."

THE CHARLESTON POST OFFICE.

The *Courier* has the following, addressed to Hon. Alfred Huger:

SIR: In view of the announcement which has been made this morning of the resignation of many Federal officers, we desire to express our opinion that the interests of our State and community would be jeopardized by the resignation of our postmaster here. We therefore request that you should not resign until the State assumes, in her sovereign capacity, the management of the postal arrangements.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Further News from Georgia Looks Serious—Philadelphia North American—Virginia—A. H. Stephens, of Georgia.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

The news from Georgia has increased the excitement here, and the most conservative and best informed of our citizens now believe that the [illegible], and are preparing to meet it. Not any long time is the causes of the impending crisis. The men who are now disunionists at the South have passed resolutions in favor of those who voted for Breckinridge and Lane in the free States, directly after they had denounced the Union as infamous and injurious to them, and declared for a separation from the North, not for a destruction of all great southern interests.

In an article on this subject the Philadelphia *North American* of to-day says:

"They and others from Georgia and Alabama who spoke and acted with such claims openly avowed and proposed to break up the Charleston convention, not because of any special objection to Judge Douglas, but through the disruption and defeat of the Democratic party to force a state of things by which they hoped to bring about a collision between the North and South, and eventually disunion. All that cities of men were desirous to have Mr. Seward nominated at Chicago, expecting to use the prejudices which had been cultivated against him as a leverage for their cherished object. These opinions and wishes were unreservedly proclaimed during the convention. The resignation of Mr. Toombs and Mr. Cobb must have not much significance as was at first supposed. The former pledged himself to withdraw in case of Mr. Lincoln's election, and therefore had no escape; the other has acted under a sense of duty to his State, and doubtless with perfect conviction of patriotism. It remains to be seen whether the members of the House of Representatives will resign. If they should, the political majority in the next Congress will be radically changed. It is not stated yet whether the resignations referred to are immediate or prospective; and Mr. Toombs has much method in his madness, it is fair to suppose he will be in his seat a few weeks hence."

Mr. Hammond, of South Carolina, appears to have taken no part in all the recent excitement, although it is known that the conservatives with which he surprised the country in 1858 have been yielding rapidly to the pressure of an angry and inflamed opinion at home. There is a rumor here, however, to-day, that Mr. Hammond resigned yesterday. Although the excitement continues to be very great, yet I believe the Union feeling is daily gaining strength in Virginia, for the citizens of these States are generally satisfied that all this secession agitation is only the natural result of allowing *fire eaters* and unscrupulous disappointed southern politicians to become the exponents of popular opinion in the slave States. With this and the mistaken notions of the of a fear of the Northern States in reference to the fugitive-slave law, they imagine they have more than ordinary cause of complaint. The Richmond Whig, the most influential journal of the Old Dominion, has the following in its to-day's issue:

"A SUGGESTION TO THE PEOPLE OF VIRGINIA.—Now that the secession movement is over, and has resulted adversely to the wishes and the interests of the southern people, it behooves the people of Virginia, in our judgment, to preserve a masterly inactivity for the present. We throw out this suggestion, not as partisans, but as Virginians, devoted to the rights and honor of the Commonwealth, and looking to her as our sole stay in the assurance of her rights and honor at any cost. In a word, let the true and patriotic people of Virginia, instead of indulging in party conviction or delusion, wait and watch, and in the spirit of patiently and dignifiedly await the development of events. Let there be no passion, no excitement, no willness on the part of any of us, either to move or what has already passed, or in view of the probabilities of the future, the action of Virginia should at all times, and especially in critical times like these, be calm, deliberate and enlightened. There is neither wisdom nor patriotism in haste in a conjuncture like the present. The threatening aspect of affairs certainly demands the bravery and patriotic devotion of us all; therefore, let none of us be in a hurry; let none of us be driven or seduced into rash committals or precipitation. This is our opinion as to the course Virginia should pursue under the existing circumstances.

"In the course of a few weeks, or months, at farthest, we shall be prepared to look the times squarely and intelligently in the face, and determine our course of action as Virginians, if any motion should be deemed necessary. In short, let the people of Virginia be quiet and calm for some time to come."

An absurd rumor is afloat here to day that Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, has turned disunionist, and made secession speeches in that State. We know a story needs no contradiction. CLEVELAND.

ARKANSAS ELECTION RETURNS.

The following returns, which we clip from the *True Democrat* of the 10th inst., comprise as all we have yet received from Arkansas:

Arkadelphia gives Breckinridge 310; Bell 255; Douglas 11. It is supposed by our informant that the county will go for Breckinridge by at least 400 majority.

The news from Prairie county makes it nearly a tie between Breckinridge and Bell—one township to hear from.

Washington, Hempstead county, gave Bell a majority of 6. The county will probably go for Breckinridge by a majority of 100.

Perry county gives Breckinridge a majority of about 50.

News from Hot Springs on the day of the election reports Breckinridge as running ahead at the rate of six to one.

A friend who left Pope county on the day of the election, says Breckinridge was carrying that county by a heavy majority.

Pike Bluff gives Bell and Douglas majorities over Breckinridge. The probability is that the county will be close.

A letter from Springfield, Conway county, says Breckinridge carried that county by twenty-five votes out of one hundred and twenty, and will undoubtedly carry the county by an overwhelming majority.

The vote in Benton, Saline county, stands for Bell 177, Breckinridge 54, Douglas 14.

A friend writes from Antoine that Breckinridge carried that township by ten to one.

The probability is that Arkansas will give a majority of 5,000 or 8,000 for Breckinridge and Lane.

Sebastian county—Complete except one precinct—Breckinridge 563; Bell 561; Douglas 258. The county will probably give Breckinridge a small majority.

Washington county—Breckinridge's majority 140.

Benton county—Reported that Bell has a small majority; figures not given.

Carroll and Madison county—Both gone by large majorities for Breckinridge.

Crawford county—As far as heard from, Douglas 15; Breckinridge 205; Bell 365.

Clarksville, Johnson county—Breckinridge 254; Bell 75; Douglas 2.

Later from California.

[By the Pony Express.]

FORT KEARNEY, November 13.—The pony express, with California advices to the 4th instant, passed the fort at four o'clock this afternoon.

The pony express, with St. Louis dates to the 19th ult., reached San Francisco on the 1st inst.

Beverly Johnson had been speaking the last two days in the New Almaden mine case.

Fremont's Mariposa mines for the past five months had yielded $176,000.

The political state of the campaign was drawing to a close without much excitement, all per ne expecting the election of Lincoln.

The municipal election in San Francisco promises to be unusually exciting.

Accounts from Lower California represent that a band of Mexicans, Americans in California thieves and murderers had lately entered that Territory and committed atrocious outrages upon many persons, besides murdering ten natives and one American. The whole country was alarmed.

Advices from British Columbia state that Governor Douglas had visited the Rock Creek mines with a strong military force, drilling on every trader, and compelling some of them to pay as high as $120 for the privilege of selling goods to miners.

The excitement continued relative to the new diggings. The miners are reported to be making from $8 to $20 per day.

"THE ITALY OF AMERICA."—The Leavenworth correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican*, says:

But few persons have any idea of the extensive exploitations which have resulted from the settlement of the Pike's Peak country. Prior to that settlement but little was known of the immense region of country on the head waters of the Rio Grande del Norte and Colorado rivers, but within the past season numerous parties of gold-seekers have traversed and explored the entire region, and its geographical features are now almost as well known among miners at the Peak as the landmarks of their native States. While the results of this labor are yet to be seen, they are gratifying to the actors, it nevertheless has accomplished much good in exploding a false idea, generally entertained, concerning the Rocky Mountains. Good adventurers do not find in quantities to indicate that this region is rich in the precious metals; yet, instead of barren wastes and unhospitable clime, they found fertile valleys teeming with flowers, pastures and forests, and bearing the wild fruits in abundance, under the genial rays of a soft summer's sun. From the description given of the land it could well contain the name of Italy of America, while the snowy range and adjacent country might well form our Switzerland. With the present swift march of empire in the West before us, it needs no prophetic eye to look ahead to the time when this land will be densely populated, and afford a field alike for the enjoyments of pleasure, the researches of science and the wanderings of the tourist.

Dr. Walter Brashear, an eminent physician of New Orleans, died on the 23d ult., aged 85 years.

An Asiatic traveler reports that he has discovered the unicorn of scripture. In a here

Vanity Fair says 'tgh water is good for a extaract.

Arrabs are said to be the Irish conversational weapons.

EUROPE AND THE SOUTHERN STATES.—The New York *Courrier des Etats Unis*, the leading French journal in the United States, contains in its number of the 1st instant, the following intimation:

"If our information is correct, preparatory overtures have really been made to the French government to know whether, in case of a dissolution of the Union, it would consent to take under its ægis the commercial neutrality of any point on the southern coast of the United States. The answer was the questions of this sort can only be solved in presence of accomplished facts, owing to the diversity of aspects which such questions assume according to circumstances; therefore, no encouragement of any sort has been given, nor has any hope been authorized to any degree whatever. Nevertheless, the persons charged with the negotiations appear to have gained the impression that if a government regularly organized at the South, after having given evidence of an independent existence, should proclaim one of its ports free, it would have the chance of obtaining the guaranty of the French flag for the neutrality of the port thus delivered to the commerce of the world. Hence the idea of inaugurating the disunion movement by the erection of Charleston into a free port."

These statements having attracted remark at the hands of its cotemporaries, the *Courrier* of Saturday last explains that its remarks were directed to a commercial rather than a political dissolution of the Union, the former being, in its judgment, "the most serious as well as most real phase of disunion."

WHY DOES THEY RESIGN?—We learn by telegraph that the Federal officers of South Carolina, including the collector of the port of Charleston, have resigned, in accordance with the disunion programme, on the announcement of Abe Lincoln's election. We visited our custom-house yesterday, and, to our astonishment, we found all the bureaus open and the officials, from the county collector down, hard at work. We anticipated a different state of affairs, and so freely expressed ourselves. We expected to see the establishment closed up to learn that every official, from the immaculate Hatch, the recognized leader of the Silver Greys in this State, to the meek humble man-or-on office, had resigned. Such, however, was not the case. Why don't they follow in the wake of South Carolina? Why don' they practice what they preach? Why don't they resign?—*N. O. True Delta.*

ITEMS.

Rev. David Clattery, a Roman Catholic priest, died at Sacramento, California, on the 8th ult.

J. J. Kleine, Esq., of the Kansas City bar, died on Monday last.

Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, Brown's Bronchial Troches.

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BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

ENTERED according to act of Congress, in the year 1857, by J. & I. Brown, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the District of Massachusetts.

THE ABOVE cut represents our trade mark, and each genuine box of our troches bears the fac-simile of our signature in addition to the usual form of Letters Patent.

Experience having proven that troches or lozenges are speedily and certainly which cases of disease requiring relief, it has been our endeavor to have the "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or L. troche, on the market in such form as to deserve and receive public favor. In this we believe we have succeeded, as by the unanimous testimony of those who have used them they are pronounced a more certain cure than any other article.

Brown's Bronchial Troches,

☞ Cures Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza; Cures any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat; Relieves the Hacking Cough in Consumption; Relieves Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh; Clears and gives strength to the voice of SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS.

From Rev. R. Bentley, A. M., President Athens (Ohio) Athens, Tenn.—"I have found great benefit in preaching, as they present inconvenience, to which I am subject, from a bad cold. I think they will prove a great benefit to ministers and public speakers."

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

From Rev. G. R. Chase, D. D., New York.—"I consider your Lozenges an excellent article for their purpose, and recommend their use to public speakers."

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

From Mr. C. H. Goodrich, Proprietor of the Bristol's Female Seminary, New York.—"Your troches are used with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found so beneficial that I want you to send me."

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ For children laboring from Cough, Whooping Cough, or Hoarseness, are particularly adapted, as no injurious drug enters into the composition; containing only expectoration, and yet sending in the most delicate form.

☞ Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per box.

J. & I. BROWN,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

UNSURPASSED IN QUALITY AND EFFECTS!

BAKER & Co's MEDICINAL TRANSPARENT COD LIVER OIL.

Extract from the Lancet, Medical Journal of London.

BEING THE SWEETEST AND BEST PREPARED!

☞ Sold by Druggists at 75 cents per bottle.

To the Ladies.

MME. MOREL, from Paris, late superintendent of the establishment, Le Bon Ton, N. Y., has just arrived in this city, and will be pleased to wait on ladies at her rooms, No. 2 Second, two blocks from Wall Street, where she will continue to use the most simple combination with the beautiful and perfect system of cutting and fitting LADIES' DRESSES. Dresses made in a few hours notice, with taste and elegance. nov 15-1m

NOTICE.

HAVING this day purchased the entire stock of Saddlery Hardware, Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, etc., of Mr. T. T. Taylor, we would take this occasion to respectfully inform our friends and the public that we will continue the business at the old stand, and hope by strict attention to business to give entire satisfaction. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of goods, which we offer at the lowest prices.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,
GUN AND MILL BANDS,
PLASTERING HAIR.

T. T. TAYLOR, A. M.
Tipton good. Redemption waived.
sept 16 JOHN C. SAINT, Trustee.

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J. T. BEGBIE,
(Successor to W. P. Lewis & Bro.)
Corner of Main and Monroe Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
MANUFACTURER OF SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, CARPET-BAGS, etc., and dealer in
LEATHERS.
Such as SKIRTING, HARNESS, SOLE, BRIDLE, CALF SKINS, PATENT and ENAMELED LEATHER, etc.
SHOE FINDINGS,
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
GUN AND MILL BANDS,
PLASTERING HAIR.
jy31-4m

LINCOLN ELECTED PRESIDENT!

Dissolution and Civil War anticipated!!

I HAVE $100,000 in Real Estate in the City and Suburbs for sale, which I will sell in exchange for likely FIELD NEGROES at fair prices. $20,000 in IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, principally in the heart of the city, and renting for from ten to sixteen per cent on the investment. And $80,000 in IMPROVED SUBURBAN PROPERTY, beautiful Woodlawn, and in one of the most rapidly improving neighborhoods in the environs of the city. J. M. WOODWARD,
nov6-dawtm Memphis, Tenn.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

IN pursuance of a deed of trust made to me as trustee, I by R. F. Montgomery, on the 15th day of June, 1860, which is recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book No. 42, pages 270 and 271, to which reference is hereunto made to secure a certain note therein described, I will, on FRIDAY, the 30th day of November, 1860, in front of the office of the Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court of the city of Memphis, on the south side of Court square, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit: Lots eleven and eighteen (11 and 18), in Brown, of the District of Middleton and Wm. Draper, east of the city of Memphis, part of the tract conveyed by Reed to said Draper, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Court avenue, 67½ feet south of the intersection of Court avenue with Central avenue; running thence southwardly at right angles to Cooper avenue 116 feet to Hall's avenue; thence westwardly with the west line of Hall's avenue 33½ feet to a stake; thence westwardly in a direct line to Cooper avenue 116 feet; thence northward along the east line of Cooper avenue 33½ feet to the beginning; containing 19 32-100 feet.

Right of redemption is expressly waived, and title believed to be good, though I only convey as trustee.

Terms—cash, to pay expenses of trust, and to pay said note.

nov8-td J. M. REID, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY decree of the Chancery Court of Shelby Law and Chancery Court of the city of Memphis, I will sell at the court house door, on the south side of Court square, on SATURDAY, December 1, 1860, at the auction hours of M. C. Guyer & Son, in Memphis, Tennessee, sell to the highest bidder for cash, Lots 13 and 14, of John Catterson's subdivision of the Lots Nos. 27, 28 and 29 laid off for Willis Wilkinson, by R. B. Todd, and Lots fronting on Jackson street, north-east of the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee.

Sale at 11 o'clock, A. M. JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
For sale by the trade by
J. P. DEARING & WITHERILL,
250 Main street, below Union, west side.
oct8 dawtm Greenlee's Block.

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nov6-dawtm Memphis, Tenn.

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IN pursuance of a deed of trust made to me as trustee, I by R. F. Montgomery, on the 15th day of June, 1860, which is recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book No. 42, pages 270 and 271, to which reference is hereunto made to secure a certain note therein described, I will, on FRIDAY, the 30th day of November, 1860, in front of the office of the Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court of the city of Memphis, on the south side of Court square, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit: Lots eleventh and eighteen (11 and 18), in Brown, of the District of Middleton and Wm. Draper, east of the city of Memphis, part of the tract conveyed by Reed to said Draper, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Court avenue, 67½ feet south of the intersection of Court avenue with Central avenue; running thence southwardly at right angles to Cooper avenue 116 feet to Hall's avenue; thence westwardly with the west line of Hall's avenue 33½ feet to a stake; thence westwardly in a direct line to Cooper avenue 116 feet; thence northward along the east line of Cooper avenue 33½ feet to the beginning; containing 19 32-100 feet.

Right of redemption is expressly waived, and title believed to be good, though I only convey as trustee.

Terms—cash, to pay expenses of trust, and to pay said note.

nov8-td J. M. REID, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY decree of the Chancery Court of Shelby Law and Chancery Court of the city of Memphis, I will sell at the court house door, on the south side of Court square, on SATURDAY, December 1, 1860, at the auction hours of M. C. Guyer & Son, in Memphis, Tennessee, sell to the highest bidder for cash, Lots 13 and 14, of John Catterson's subdivision of the Lots Nos. 27, 28 and 29 laid off for Willis Wilkinson, by R. B. Todd, and Lots fronting on Jackson street, north-east of the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee.

Sale at 11 o'clock, A. M. JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
For sale by the trade by
J. P. DEARING & WITHERILL,
250 Main street, below Union, west side.
oct8 dawtm Greenlee's Block.

To the Ladies.

MME. MOREL, from Paris, late superintendent of the establishment, Le Bon Ton, N. Y., has just arrived in this city, and will be pleased to wait on ladies at her rooms, No. 2 Second, two blocks from Wall Street, where she will continue to use the most simple combination with the beautiful and perfect system of cutting and fitting LADIES' DRESSES. Dresses made in a few hours notice, with taste and elegance. nov 15-1m

NOTICE.

HAVING this day purchased the entire stock of Saddlery Hardware, Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, etc., of Mr. T. T. Taylor, we would take this occasion to respectfully inform our friends and the public that we will continue the business at the old stand, I would be pleased to receive the patronage of the former customers of Mr. Taylor, and also attention to business to give entire satisfaction. My friends and the public generally will know where to find me. [jy31-2m] J. T. BEGBIE.

J. T. BEGBIE,
(Successor to W. P. Lewis & Bro.)
Corner of Main and Monroe Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
MANUFACTURER OF SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, CARPET-BAGS, etc., and dealer in
LEATHERS.
Such as SKIRTING, HARNESS, SOLE, BRIDLE, CALF SKINS, PATENT and ENAMELED LEATHER, etc.
SHOE FINDINGS,
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
GUN AND MILL BANDS,
PLASTERING HAIR.
jy31-4m

LINCOLN ELECTED PRESIDENT!

Dissolution and Civil War anticipated!!

I HAVE $100,000 in Real Estate in the City and Suburbs for sale, which I will sell in exchange for likely FIELD NEGROES at fair prices. $20,000 in IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, principally in the heart of the city, and renting for from ten to sixteen per cent on the investment. And $80,000 in IMPROVED SUBURBAN PROPERTY, beautiful Woodlawn, and in one of the most rapidly improving neighborhoods in the environs of the city. J. M. WOODWARD,
nov6-dawtm Memphis, Tenn.

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Miscellaneous.

DR. WARNER,

OF

BERLIN, PRUSSIA,

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN

AND

OPERATING SURGEON

OF THE

Hands, Feet and Face,

FORMERLY OF

MOBILE, ALABAMA.

THE ONLY PROFESSOR

OF THIS

IMPORTANT

BUT NEGLECTED BRANCH OF

SURGERY;

WHO CURES

EFFICACIOUSLY and PERMANENTLY

CLUB FEET,

CORNS AND BUNIONS,

CALLOSITIES,

Diseased Nails,

AND ALL

EXCRESCENCES AND DEFORMITIES

OF THE

FEET, HANDS AND FACE,

WITHOUT CUTTING

OR

CAUSING THE LEAST PAIN.

Dr. Warner will Remain in Memphis During the Whole Winter!

Dr. WARNER's success (written it unnecessary to this community) is so well established that the honest responsible claim his patronage. Those who have in his possession, and open to the inspection of all; but referring to a few of the cases which have recently attracted attention will show what he can accomplish.

MOBILE REFERENCES,

OF THE MOST UNDOUBTED RESPECTABILITY.

DR. J. C. NOTT,
Professor of Surgery, Medical College.

DR. F. A. ROSS,
Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College.

DR. G. A. KETCHUM,
Professor of Practice of Medicine, Medical College.

HON. A. H. MEEK,
HON. JOHN FORSYTH,
Members of the Legislature.

AUGUSTA TESTIMONY:

From Hon. H. V. Campbell, W. S. Jones and J. A. Eve. Warner experienced the benefit of Dr. Warner's method of removing Corns. It will only be necessary to call and examine his cases, to be convinced of his skill and gentleness in his operations, and we cheerfully recommend him to those who require his services.

HENRY P. CAMPBELL, M. D.,
W. S. JONES, M. D.,
J. A. EVE, M. D.

Augusta, Ga., August 7, 1858.

Those Suffering from Club Feet, Corns, Bunions, Callosities, or Diseased Nails, will be Permanently CURED.

DR. WARNER

May be consulted from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.,

AT HIS

CONSULTING ROOMS,

GREENLAW'S BLOCK,

329 Main Street,

BETWEEN UNION AND GAYOSO.

☞ LADIES will be waited upon at their residences, by leaving their address at the doctor's office. oct 16 1m

AVOID CLASPS! CLASPS SUPERSEDED!

Dr. W. W. MORGAN,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

IS now permanently located in MEMPHIS, where he performs all DENTAL operations in the most approved and satisfactory manner. His PRICES are as LOW as the VERY LOWEST, for the same style, execution and warranty as other eight dentists who claim to do CLASPS altogether, in consequence of their inferior ability to execute the dental trade to any making of the misery, the feelingness breath, or the gloomy and dismal look in the mouth of all such sets. He inserts from a SINGLE TOOTH to an entire set, in a STYLE (without clasps) which no other competent dentist can surpass, and which, in point of ease, durability and comfort, and in fact all the various styles known in the profession, he defies competition. He will accordingly satisfy all who will peruse their teeth.

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