LOCAL MATTERS.

CITY TAXES.—Tax Collector J. H. Bowen collected city taxes during the month of September to the amount of $19,785.26.

BRING IT BACK.—The person who borrowed an agate *sigha* from a drawer in the Merchants' Exchange, will confer a great favor by returning the same, without delay.

PIC NIC.—We learn that the ladies living in the vicinity of Collierville and Camp Abington, which is the location of Col. Looney's regiment, propose giving a pic nic at the camp on next Wednesday the 9th instant.

SINGULAR OVERSIGHT.—The present Board is paying especial attention to matters of a financial character, but last night they ordered the payment by an Alderman of an amount of money, over $45,000, received by him from the State; the amount of the same is not named in the resolution, nor does it, nor could it, appear anywhere on the record.

CITY WARRANTS.—W. O. Lofland, Esq., the City Controller, last evening officially recommended that the city apply to the Legislature for power to issue city warrants to the amount of $300,000, for sums of $10 and $20, and for higher amounts; these warrants to be issued in payment of city debts, and to be received in payment of taxes—when so receive, to be cancelled, and never reissued.

LITTLE ROCK ROAD AND BRIDGE.—In company with our good friends, Messrs. Feger, Superintendent, and Harrod, Assistant Treasurer of the above road, we yesterday took a trip to Madison, to look over the road, and especially to see the handsome new bridge there. We are compelled to hold over a statement of the facts we became acquainted with until to-morrow, on account of the meeting of the Council last evening. "Ye local," being sole alderman of the Seventh ward, was compelled to be present.

THE ENTERTAINMENT—THE SUPPER.—The young gentlemen who do not take crinoline to the entertainment at the theater to-night, and to that *rendezvous*, which has cost fair ladies so much thought and toil, must not be surprised if they find themselves sent to Coventry before the week is out. Every effort has been made to get up something, both at the theater and Odd Fellows' Hall, which will contribute to the amusement and enjoyment of the public. A grand success is looked for, and the "beauty and fashion" of the city will be present in force. They like the kindly and patriotic object of the occasion and intend to patronize it.

☞ The firm of Berthold, Smith & Co., St. Louis, whose card we publish in to-day's columns, is an excellent and first class southern house. The principal of this firm to avoid being arrested by Lincoln's minions has been compelled to seek safety in flight. A son of another one of the firm is now with Gen. Price at Lexington, and two brothers of the junior partner are with the army in Virginia—and altogether, the firm has done as much as any one in St. Louis in contributions to the southern cause, in ways which it is not prudent to mention at present. Their trade is entirely in the Southern Confederacy, where their agent, Mr. Hugh Macdonald, resides almost constantly.

CITY FINANCES.—The statement of Mr. Lofland, the City Controller, shows that during the months of July, August and September the city paid, among other things, for hospitals and paupers, $2,573.10; fire and military departments, $2,510.75; salaries of officers, $8,987.44; police, $10,321.98; public improvements, $7,720.08; ledger balances, $53,266.16; bills payable, $29,149.35; schools, $5,790.69; city treasurer, $68,496.41. The receipts include, from city treasury, $78,474.02; fire department, $12,000; privilege license, $10; wharfage, $3,204.55; taxes, $63,851.49; appropriations, $35,928.32. The revenue received during the above period was $86,642.61; the amount appropriated during the same period was $34,902.90; making an excess of receipts over appropriations of $51,679.74.

CHANCES FOR INVESTMENTS.—A number of legal sales of real estate, under the direction of John C. Lanier, Clerk and Master, will take place to-morrow at 11 o'clock, A. M. The list of property that will be offered comprises a valuable lot of land on the north side of Beal street, between De-Soto and Bayou Gayoso; thirty acres near the city being a part of the John Rice five thousand acre grant, partitioned to John C. McLemore, and subdivided by M. A. Kerr by survey of 1856, into eight lots; a lot on Tennessee street, numbered on the map as lot No. 3, Block No. 1; a lot on St. Martin street, a tract of land on McLean avenue containing ten acres, a valuable farm of four hundred and four acres, north of Wolf river, and formerly known as the "Duck Range," and also three other lots of land of 176, 200, and 200 acres respectively. Those who wish to make investments in real estate will do well to be on hand at the appointed hour.

ON 'CHANGE.—The attendance on 'Change on Monday, was very large, and was good yesterday; a fair amount of business was done, considering stock on hand.... The prominent topic of remark was the increasing arrivals of cotton. The evils attending an accumulation of cotton at this or any other point, are considered too obvious to need pointing out: facts and figures, as exhibited on the books of the chamber, tell their own story with more eloquence than the most powerful words. According to those books the arrivals during the last few days were as follows: By Charleston railroad, 26 bales; Ohio railroad, 24; Mississippi railroad, 70; by White river steamboats, 3; by St. Francis river boats, 64; Vicksburg boats, 74; New Orleans boats, 44; total—by railroad, 120 bales; by river, 185. Total receipts for the two days, 305 bales. The shipments of the whole of last week were 185 bales, or 120 bales received in two days more than was shipped in one week. The Military Committee, by M. J. Wicks, Esq., their chairman, have appealed to planters to ship no more cotton, and they have given notice that should the shipping of cotton to this point be persisted in after this appeal, the committee will be compelled to order the cotton to be returned to the country at the owner's expense. It was agreed by all who discussed the matter, that the interdiction of cotton is a great hardship on planters who have families and servants to maintain, debts to pay, and improvements to make; but, it was observed, the soldier who goes into the field undergoes daily hardships and exposes his life on the battle field besides, and surely we can submit to our share of the difficulties growing out of the war, who are at our homes, and are free from personal danger.... A sample of Egyptian cotton was exhibited that was grown in the garden of Mr. Woods, of the firm of Gates & Woods. It was of beautiful color, soft, downy texture, and long staple. It excited considerable admiration; fears were expressed that if grown from year to year it would deteriorate as Sea Island cotton does. Still it was thought that an improvement would be the consequence of its culture..... The manufacture of cotton seed oil is exciting attention, now lard oil and seed oil are cut off from us. Statements were made to the following effect: There are two cotton seed oil mills in this city; they are working, with relays of hands, night and day, yet they cannot fill the numerous orders they receive. Burned in a lard oil or solar lamp, it was stated that the cotton seed oil gives as good a light as lard oil, and at a much lower price, the factories selling at $1.50 a gallon. All the cotton seed arriving here is now used here. Up to the present war the larger part of the seed that came to the city went to St. Louis. The refined oil, it was said, is as good as salad oil for the table. The cotton seed oil is also used in painting and for lubricating. Now is this all, it is important in the present scarcity of hay that it should be known that the meal and cake left, after pressing out the oil, are most excellent food for fattening and keeping stock. Here is a strictly southern product that is answering a variety of useful and important purposes. An objection was made to the round about name, "cotton seed oil," as being inconvenient, which, to call it cotton oil, would hardly be consistent with such terms as "cotton sheeting," "cotton batting," etc. It was proposed, as the oil is so strictly a southern article, directly cutting off a northern commodity, the product of the Cincinnati hog, it would be well to call it Confederate oil.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—Council met in regular session last evening.

Markets.—Ald. Morgan, from the Ordinance Committee, offered an ordinance for the regulation of the markets of the city. He also offered an amendment to it, allowing persons to sell elsewhere than in the market, provided they take out and pay for a license for the privilege. Alds. Robinson and Townsend opposed this proposition as calculated to break up the markets. Ald. Morgan said that to forbid the selling of certain articles except at market, was creating a monopoly, which is contrary to a provision of the State Constitution, which he read. It was an injustice to the citizen to say he shall be allowed to buy certain articles only in market. It would allow the market dealers to sell what they please, at such rates as they chose. If the people in market offered inducements beyond those offered outside the markets, purchasers would go there; if they do not the citizen ought to have the privilege of purchasing where he pleases.

Ald. Farmer declared that to allow the sale of certain things in the market only, would be to create a mischievous monopoly. Markets were for the benefit of citizens, not of those who held stalls in them. Ald. Robinson said there had been long dissertations on constitutional law and monopolies, but he denied that the plan of selling certain things in market only was a monopoly, for the reason that the stalls are put up by auction, and anybody may buy them, and any one may take a place in market and sell what he has on hand. If meat were sold in the streets there would be no security for goodness of quality and good weight. Ald. Morgan called the attention of the speaker to that portion of the market ordinance which forbids the sale of meats in less quantities than a quarter, even in market, except by those who rent stalls. Ald. Robinson replied that anybody could rent a stall who pleased, and that was enough. Ald. Morgan protested against the doctrine that a class of men should be created who alone should have the privilege of selling particular things. Ald. Gresham protested against long speeches; he wanted no information from any member of the Board; he came to do business; he wanted free trade and sailors' rights; he had spoken three minutes, and that was enough for anybody.

Ald. Vollintine was always glad to receive information from other members, and to mingle his voice with theirs. He thought the market law as it stood worked well. If market hours and houses were broken down, people would not send their servants to sell their chickens, etc., in the city. If servants were allowed to sell in the streets they would learn to drink and become immoral. He protested against changing the law and breaking down market houses. Ald. Robinson moved to lay the ordinance on the table, which was lost. Ald. Townsend called attention to the state of things before we had markets, and the improvements since; it would be a pity to break them down. Ald. Morgan rose to speak. Ald. Kortrecht said he had no right to speak again. The Chair decided he had the right. On a vote the proposition to strike from the ordinance the words requiring articles to be sold in market alone, was lost, and citizens must still buy in market alone meats and other articles. A proposition in the new ordinance to allow of smallstalls at a rent of 10 cents a day, was at first objected to, but was ultimately adopted. Ald. Townsend wished to allow the sale of fruits, strawberries, melons, etc., in the streets. Ald. Kortrecht proposed to do so, and to allow butter, eggs, lard, and other articles of country produce to be sold at licensed provision stores, which was adopted.

Council Meetings.—Ald. Morgan reported against a resolution to meet every Tuesday. Ald. Merrill contended that the business of the city would be much better performed if meetings were held weekly. Ald. Robinson said there was too much legislation now. Ald. Kortrecht said that if the regular committees were to be gone through every week instead of every two weeks, the business of Council would be largely increased, and he thought daily meetings would become necessary. He thought it would be better to diminish than to increase the meeting. Ald. Robinson moved to have one regular meeting a month, the first Tuesday. Ald. Merrill said that would make it necessary to meet every night; he was opposed to so many adjourned meeting. Ald. Robinson's motion was lost. Ald. Kortrecht proposed the restriction of the introduction of new business to the first meeting of each month. Ald. Merrill said much inconvenience would arise from such a plan, and the proposition was lost. The proposition to meet once a week was not agreed to.

GROCERIES IN EXCHANGE FOR COTTON.—We are requested by Mr. R. F. Gibbs, at No. 88, Front Row, to say to the planters that he has in store a large supply of sugar, coffee, salt, and molasses, which he is willing to exchange for cotton; the cotton to be received at the depots most convenient to the planters. As there are many planters who are not supplied with these articles, an opportunity is here offered to do so.

SOUTHERN MAGAZINE.—The October number of Hutton & Freligh's *Southern Monthly* has been laid on our table, and can be had of the agents. As we do not wish to pass the new serial over with a mere "newspaper puff," and as it is our rule to read before we criticise, we shall reserve a more extended notice for another day, merely remarking, *en passant*, that on glancing our eye over the pages, we like the appearance of this number much better than that of the former one. The *Southern Monthly* is a good effort in the way of southern literature, and should meet with generous encouragement.

MAD SHOT.—A young man, a son of ex-policeman Ford, at half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon, entered the gun shop of Leopold Wangersheim, on Madison street, next door to Specht's saloon, with a gun which he wished repaired. The gunsmith, having no suspicion that it was loaded, handled it without taking particular care, when it went off, the load entering the side of young Ford. Mr. Wangersheim proceeded to the station house and there delivered himself up to Olin, the station house keeper. He asked permission to go and close his shop up which was granted, and after having done so he returned to the station house and is now in custody. The young man is seriously wounded and fears of a fatal result are entertained.

RIVER NEWS.—The river is slowly falling.... The weather was cloudy, but fine yesterday.... The levee was busy with arrivals.... The Kanawha Valley from White river, had 3 bales cotton, 9 sacks saltpetre, 34 bbls. potatoes and a quantity of butter, lard, eggs, bacon and dried fruit.... The Cotton Plant, from Columbus, had 777 barrels and boxes apples, and 60 casks potatoes.... The H. D. Mears, from Vicksburg, had 74 bales cotton, 800 sacks cotton seed, and a lot of hides, corn, butter, and lard.... The Gen. Quitman, from New Orleans, had 20 bales cotton, 113 packages dry goods, 200 tons pig iron, 55 barrels molasses, 5 hhds. sugar, 248 hides, 17 bales wool, and a large amount of miscellaneous freight.... The Grand Duke, from New Orleans, had 22 packages dry goods, 21 hhds. and 43 barrels sugar, 4 bales cotton, 1,000 hides, 1,100 sacks salt, 30 barrels molasses, 30 tierces bacon, 5 cases shoes, and bagging, gunnies, hardware, tea, a sack of coffee, and other articles.... The Kanawha Valley left for White river, the Cotton plant for Columbus, and the St. Francis for St. Francis river.

Boats Leaving.

FOR VICKSBURG.—The steamer H. D. Mears, Berry, master, leaves as above this evening at 5 o'clock. J. G. Jones and Jerry H. Banks, agents.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.—The packet Fred Notrebe, Biddell, master, leaves as above this evening at 5 o'clock. Larry Harmstad, agent.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The steamer Natchez, Leathers, master, leaves as above this evening at 5 o'clock. Larry Harmstad, agent.

FOR WHITE RIVER.—The passenger packet Colonel Morgan, Quisenberry, master, will leave as above this evening at 5 o'clock. Larry Harmstad, agent.

MEMPHIS PIETY—The Shreveport *Flag* has the following: "The vending of newspapers in the streets on Sunday, has been prohibited in Memphis, Tenn. Wonder if this is an indication of the progress of Christianity in that city?" Wonder whether that editor don't take Mayor Park for a Christian missionary!

NEW POLICE.—Council last night confirmed the nomination of J. F. Myers and P. K. Cassell as policemen.

OFFICIAL COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held yesterday, October 1, 1861, at 7 o'clock P. M.—Present, John Park, Mayor, Chairman Merrill, Aldermen Morgan, Townsend, Robinson, Patrick, Amis, Vollintine, Cochran, Kirby, Kortrecht, Ayres, Farmer, Tighe.

A quorum being announced, the chairman took his seat and called the Board to order, when the roll of Aldermen was called, and the minutes of the four preceding meetings read and approved.

RECORDER'S REPORT.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

I would respectfully submit the following as my report for the month ending September 30, 1861:

No. of cases tried	528
No. paid	292
No. sent to the workhouse	116
No. discharged	122
Total amount of fines	$3827 50
Total amount of fines paid	2125 75

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. A. MOORE, Recorder.

WHARF MASTER'S REPORT.

To the Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: I hereby report to your honorable body, that my receipts for the month of September, 1861, were—

From Steamboats	$1,007 45
From Coalboats	54 00
Total receipts for the month	$1,061 45

All of which is respectfully submitted

by your obedient servt.

TOMAS WOLF, Wharfmaster.

Memphis, October 1, 1861.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Septemb er 30 h, 1861.—To amounts received from all sources for the month, per vouchers filed..... $83,159 21
do do previously, do..... 5,546 91
$88,706 12

1861. CONTRA.
Sept. 30th—To Mayor's warrants paid in September..... $29,816 52
do do previously..... 53,796 70
83,612 42
$5,093 70

The above balance is on wharf contract.

HENRY R. PERIN.

Memphis, October 1st, 1861.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

The following is the amount of work done in the different Wards of the city, during the month of September, 1861:

First Ward.—Filling Third and part of Auction streets..... $8 30 00

Second Ward.—Putting down crossing and rounding up Fourth alley, and cleaning pavement at the fire, corner Washington street and Front row..... 31 00

Fourth Ward.—Grading and filling alley between Jefferson and Court streets, cleaning and rounding alley around Southern Mothers..... 48 00

Fifth Ward.—Repairing Main street..... 200 00

Sixth Ward.—Rounding up Butler street and putting sewer across same..... 60 00

Seventh Ward.—Grading Vance street and repairing gutters and re-laying crossing for building bridge, rounding Brown's avenue, opening and repairing gutters on Madison street, putting down platform in front of No. 7's engine house, and rounding up Vance at the intersection of Avery street..... 258 00

Eighth Ward.—Grading Thornton avenue filling Alabama street, laying crossing on Hill and Polk streets and Winchester avenue..... 60 00

Total..... $667 00

The following is the chain gang report for the month of September, 1861:

Number on hand September 1st	26
Committed during the month	142
Discharged by the Recorder	73
Discharged by Mayor	45
Discharged by Dr. Peyton	2
Runaway	10
Time out	21
Number on hand 1st October	10

All of which is very respectfully submitted.

S. M. THOMAS,
Street Commissioner.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, October 1, 1861.

To the Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: The accounts of assessors and clerks, referred to me, have been adjusted as follows:

J. Park and J. T. Trezevant, for 27 days' service each	$132.79
G. W. Lincoln and W. H. Taylor, for 34 days service	167.21
J. B. Locke, for 27 days' service	65.85
A. D. Gibson, for 55 days' service	134.15

It will be observed that this adjustment is based upon the *number of days' service performed* by each individual, as it was impossible for me to judge of the *value* of each one's service. The amounts have been placed to the credit of each respectively.

I will take the liberty of suggesting to the Board the propriety of asking the Legislature for the privilege of issuing treasury warrants, of the denominations of $10, $20, $50, and $100, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum, until paid—to be paid out in redemption of the present due debt of the city, and to be received by the city in payment of all dues.

The bills payable, exclusive of those issued for city purposes, now outstanding, amount to $307,000, the holders of a large portion of which would prefer having the liability in the shape suggested. The advantage in changing the *form* of the debt would be in relessing the endorsers to the extent of the warrants issued; in enabling you to reduce your liability more rapidly by reason of a large amount being distributed in small sums in the hands of a great many more tax payers; and if the banks could be prevailed upon to receive and pay out your treasury warrants, (which privilege would perhaps be granted them by the Legislature) the whole amount of your outstanding notes would soon be in a shape that would greatly relieve the holders; and, instead of being, as at present, tied up—not only useless, but absolutely a very great incumbrance, both to the holders and endorsers—would become useful and beneficial to the community as a circulating medium, the security for the ultimate payment of which is not possessed in a higher degree by any bank in the State for its own liabilities. Whether or not the banks of Memphis will receive and pay out these warrants is a question, of course, to be decided by their directors; but, with the sanction of the Legislature, there are many reasons why they should, and one is, the unquestionable character of the security for the ultimate payment of all liabilities of the city, the courts of the country having decided that the whole amount of the real estate in the corporate limits is bound for the debts of the city.

As all your notes are endorsed by one or more of the best business men, it would relieve them of the odium of protest, and greatly facilitate many of their business operations.

The amount of bills payable, exclusive of the war debt, which is provided for, is now $307,000. At the beginning of the 34th corporate year the amount was $431,000; showing a decrease, at this time, of $131,000, notwithstanding the expenses of the city government for the last corporate year were greater than for any previous year; besides, the appropriations for improvements were much larger than they are likely to be this year, while the expenses for the city government proper will be very materially reduced, thereby enabling you, from these retrenchments, to apply so much more of your receipts to the payment of your debt.

Besides the revenue arising from the office of Recorder, from privileges, from the wharf and navy yard, there is the entire assessment of taxes for the 35th corporate year, amounting to $220,000

Unpaid taxes for the 34th corporate year, amounting to..... 150,000

Unpaid taxes for the 32d and 33d corporate years, amounting to..... 80,000

$500,000

With these facts and figures before us, I should think it would not be hazardous to say that if the whole amount of your bills payable, say $300,000, were in the shape of treasury warrants, nearly $200,000 would be redeemed by the city during the present corporate year—particularly if the same policy in regard to retrenchment be continued throughout the year as has been pursued to the present time.

The issuance of the warrants should be restricted to the redemption of the bills payable, and when taken up by the city should be cancelled, and not reissued for any purpose whatever. Respectfully, W. O. LOFLAND,
City Controller.

REPORT OF THE CAPTAIN OF DAY POLICE—RECAPITULATION.

1st Ward	No. of arrests 35	Amount of fines	$237 00
2nd "	" " 55	" "	364 50
3d "	" " 14	" "	108 00
4th "	" " 41	" "	372 50
5th "	" " 88	" "	148 25
6th "	" " 26	" "	141 50
7th "	" " 21	" "	241 0
8th "	" " 56	" "	273 50
River	" " 49	" "	281 00
Navy Yard	" " 19	" "	119 50
Total amount	296	Total fines	$2,178 75

CITY ENGINEER'S REPORT.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE, October 1, 1861.

To the Hon. the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: The owners of property fronting on the following sidewalks, having been ordered to pave or repair them have performed the work:

East side of Shelby street, between Gayoso street and Gayoso House—repaired.

South side of Madison, between Specht's and Second streets—repaired.

The north side of Jackson between Second and Main streets, has been properly paved, except the lot at the corner of Main street, which has the curb a few inches out of line.

The owners of property fronting on the south side of Madison street, west of the bayou, north side of Linden from Main to Shelby, west side of Second from Monroe to Union, and west side of Main street, in front of the Eclipse Stable, have also been ordered to pave or repair their sidewalks; the thirty days allowed by law to complete them has expired, and none of the work has been done. J. H. HUMPHREYS,
City Engineer.

TAX COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, Oct. 1, 1861.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: My collections for the month of September amount to $19,785.26—all from taxes.

Very respectfully,
JOHN H. BOWEN, T. C.

REPORT OF THE CAPTAIN OF NIGHT POLICE—RECAPITULATION.

1st Ward	No. of arrests 43	Amount of fines	$360 00
2d "	" " 21	" "	229 00
3d "	" " 15	" "	103 50
4th "	" " 18	" "	162 50
5th "	" " 27	" "	218 50
6th "	" " 11	" "	116 50
7th "	" " 17	" "	157 50
8th "	" " 60	" "	400 00
Navy Yard	" " 18	" "	81 00
Riverward	" " 23	" "	235 50
Total fines			$1,770 00

A communication from the City Controller in relation to a city note belonging to, and lost by D. Jamison, was read and referred to the Finance Committee.

A recommendation of the Street Commissioner in relation to certain work required to be done, was adopted by the Board, and a requisition from the same for gas in the City Stable allowed, and the improvements ordered to be made.

A communication from H. Kirkland in relation to the bell at the Beal street market was referred to the Committee on Markets.

A communication from Wheys, Bros. & Co., was referred to the Mayor and Secretary of the Board of Health.

B. B. Capps, Market Master, Poplar street Market, reported his collections for the month of September to be $229.00; and Henry Kirkland reported his collections at the Beal street Market to be $154.75.

A communication was received from the Chief of Police in relation to pavements ordered paved by the Board—reporting delinquents, etc. In connection with the communication, Ald. Farmer presented the following resolution, which was adopted by the Board:

Resolved, That all delinquent property holders, hereafter, required to pave their side walks and make other improvements ordered by the Board, and who have failed to do so, be immediately summoned by the Chief of Police before the City Recorder to show cause why they have thus failed, or be fined according to City ordinances.

The monthly statement of the City Controller, in relation to receipts and disbursements for the past month, was read and ordered filed.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were reported favorably upon by the committee and allowed by the Board:

John H. Bowen	$257 87
John Newsom	152 28
Tobias Wolfe	74 30
W. H. Bridges	83 33
John Park	208 33
L. R. Richards	166 66
W. O. Lofland	208 33
S. A. Moore	125 00
H. Kirkland	40 00
B. B. Capps	40 00
John Smoot	103 50
Ed. Keating	30 00
S. M. Thomas	208 32
Street Commissioner's forces	415 00
W. Cummings	15 00
Johnson & Goodyear	272 50
John Beck	53 33
Stillman & Breen	37 50
F. E. Rudcliff & Co.	191 00

Jamison & Bro's account was referred to the Improvement Committee.

A motion was made to lay the accounts of W. H. Taylor, and G. W. Lincoln, City Assessors, on the table—lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Tighe, Morgan, Kortrecht, Farmer, Robinson and Merrill—6.

Nays—Cochran, Amis, Ayres, Gresham, Kirby, Townsend, Patrick and Vollintine—8.

The accounts were then referred to the Finance Committee.

ORDINANCE COMMITTEE.

The following ordinance, in relation to markets, was read a second time, and after being amended, was adopted finally, and is as follows—Ald. Gailor appearing and taking his seat pending a vote on the same:

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

1. Markets shall be held at the two market houses every day in the week, except Sundays, and during such hours as shall be prescribed by this Board.

2. A market master shall be appointed for each market house, and as often as a vacancy occurs, who shall receive such compensation as the Board may allow. Market masters shall take the usual oath of office, and give bond for the faithful performance of their duties.

3. It shall be the duty of the market master to make all peaceful regulations for the location of stands in and around the market houses, collect market fees, preserve good order, settle disputes between vendors and customers, inspect the quality of provisions offered for sale, keep the markets in a cleanly condition, and to exercise police powers upon the market grounds during market hours.

4. The Mayor shall, after due notice given, so set the stalls and stands to be offered for rent at auction, on the first Monday of October of every year, prior to which shall be made at the time of renting. The rent thus shall be made for one year, and no person or firm shall be permitted to rent, or sublet, directly or indirectly, more than two stands or stalls; and such stands and stalls shall not be occupied by any other person than the renter, except the same be duly transferred by consent of the market master.

5. Stalls and stands not rented by the year, shall be rented by the market master from day to day at ten to five cents each, and persons selling at the market from carts and other vehicles, shall also pay twenty-five cents each for his privilege. The market master shall also procure stands of such dimensions to be prescribed by the day at ten cents each.

6. No person shall for-stall the markets by buying during market hours any article commonly sold in market for the purpose of selling be same again; nor shall any person offer any such article for sale in the city during market hours, except at one of the stalls or stands provided for the purpose in or near the market houses; and all combinations in hindrance in any way the prices of articles offered in the market, shall be an nuisance.

7. It shall be the duty of occupiers of stalls and stands to leave the same in a neat and cleanly condition at every close of market hours.

8. No person shall offer for sale at the market houses or elsewhere in the city, the flesh of any diseased animal, or any person shall not consume the flesh of any animal not considered edible food, or flesh in a state of partial decay or putrefaction, or other spoiled or unwholesome food of any kind; and no person shall offer for sale at the markets, or bring upon the market premises any unhealthy or insalubrious articles.

9. Butter, bread, or other articles offered for sale in the market by weight, without being weighed in presence of purchasers, shall be examined by the market masters, and if the parcels be found lighter than represented by the vendors, they shall be forfeited and sold at auction by the market masters, for the benefit of the city.

10. The market masters shall keep an exact account of all moneys received by them in the execution of this ordinance, and pay the same to the Treasurer of the city weekly. They shall also make a report of their doings to the Board of Aldermen at the first meeting of said Board in every month.

11. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars, with costs.

12. That it shall be and is hereby made unlawful for any person or persons hereafter, during market hours as above prescribed, to peddle or sell by retail through the streets of this city, or at any other place therein except at the market houses, and at regular licensed provision stores, any butter, eggs, lard, or other articles of country produce, or cabbage or other vegetables, except strawberries, mulberries, blackberries, and the wild fruit kinds of fruit and melons, which may be sold at any hour and in any place in the city.

13. All ordinances heretofore passed regulating the markets, an ordinances and part of ordinances conflicting in any way with the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

14. This ordinance shall take effect and go into operation from and after its passage.

Ald. Morgan offered the following as an amendment to the above ordinance, and the same was voted upon and lost:

Nothing in this ordinance shall be so construed as to prohibit any person or persons from selling through the streets of the city, during market hours any articles, such as meats and vegetables, usually sold in market, provided that such person or persons shall first apply to and obtain from the City Register License so to do, and pay therefor such sum annually as shall be prescribed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

The following ordinance was reported favorably upon by the committee, and passed finally:

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, any city officer who shall make an account against the city of Memphis, either by the purchase of articles in its name or otherwise, without the authority of the Board of Aldermen to do so, shall be removed from office therefor, two-thirds of the Aldermen elected concurring therein. [Passed first reading and referred to Ordinance Committee.]

In lieu of a resolution by Ald. Farmer, the committee submitted the following, which was adopted by the Board:

Resolved, etc., That in conducting the business of this Board, after standing and special committees shall have made their reports, the Chairman shall call up all business by wards, beginning at the First ward with petitions, and at the Eighth ward with resolutions.

AMENDMENTS TO CITY CHARTER.

The following proposed amendments to the City Charter were presented by the Ordinance Committee and ordered to be published:

[We will publish the amendments to-morrow.]

Ald. Greenlaw presented the following as an amendment to the City Charter, and the same was ordered to be published:

Nor shall any person be allowed to vote in the annual election for city officers unless he shall have first paid his poll tax for the preceding corporate year, ten days prior to the holding of such election.

Ald. Merrill rendered a verbal statement of the disposition of the military fund, or appropriation made by the Board of Aldermen for the defense of the city, and in connection therewith offered the following resolution, which was adopted by the Board:

Resolved, That Ald. Merrill be directed to pay the amount received by him from the State, in liquidation of the debt created for military defenses; and that the Mayor be authorized to appropriate so much of the proceeds of the sale of arms to the Confederate States as may be required to complete the payment of said debt.

Upon a resolution, making the regular meetings of the Board every Tuesday, the report of the Ordinance Committee was favorable, and was nonconcurred in by the Board by the following vote: Yeas—Alds. Tighe, Cochran, Morgan, Merrill, Amis, and Kirby—6; nays—Alds. Greenlaw, Townsend, Robinson, Gailor, Vollintine, and Kortrecht—6.

POLICE COMMITTEE.

The following accounts were reported favorably upon by the committee and allowed by the Board:

B. G. Garrett's salary	$ 100 00
H. J. Klink, Day Police	1,269 00
R. G. Tucker, Night Police	1,207 00

The report of the Station House keeper was returned by the committee and ordered filed.

The committee presented a requisition from the Chief of Police for the following articles for the station house, and the same were allowed by the Board and ordered to be purchased: 6 mattresses, 12 blankets, 40 barrels coal, 36 dozen Ward books, and some one to repair the windows of the station house.

Ald. Kortrecht presented the following requisition from the Mayor, and the same was allowed:

An appropriation is required for the registration of two deeds; also, for pokers and shovels for each fire place at Mayor's office, also one for hand shears for trimming shrubbery in Court Square, also for fixing the gates at Court Square so they will shut easy.

By Ald. Gailor:

Resolved, etc., That the Mayor be, and is hereby instructed to purchase six gas burners for the use of the city jail and station-house, said burners not to cost more than fifty cents each.

By Ald. Tighe:

Resolved, etc., That the Mayor be and is hereby instructed to purchase one thousand feet of three inch express lumber for the use of the Street Commissioner, for the purpose of making connection between the sidewalks and crossings. [Adopted.]

The Mayor announced two vacancies in the police force by the death of Mr. Balton and the resignation of T. McBride, nominating in their places, J. F. Meyers and P. Cussack. [Nominations confirmed.

Profiles of Court and Fourth streets were presented and referred to the Improvement Committee, and thereupon the Board adjourned to tonight at 7 o'clock.

W. H. BRIDGES, Secretary.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—Sale of new and second-hand household furniture, this morning, at 10 o'clock A. M., by A. L. Andrews & Co., 262 Main street, consisting of bureaus, bedsteds, chairs kitchen and crockery ware, etc.

CAPT. J. G. STOCKS.—This gallant officer was in service during the Mexican war, and acquired some distinction for his gallantry. Since the beginning of the existing war, he has been a lieutenant in the Tennessee Mounted Rifles, and has attracted the notice of the commanding general by his daring and gallantry. We wish him success in his enterprise. See advertisement in another column.

THANKS.—To my fair and patriotic lady friends, the Misses Kirk, I express my grateful acknowledgments for the receipt of two hundred dollars, a portion of the contribution to the tableaux given at the Memphis Theater, September 24, 1861. This generous donation for the benefit of my company is not the only exhibition of liberality for which these ladies have won praise and heartfelt thanks from our volunteer soldiers. While such noble hearted women smile upon and encourage our soldiers, the cause of the South must prosper, and our country be saved from ruthless invaders. THOS. W. PRESTON,
Captain Memphis Grays.

EXHIBITION AT GERMANTOWN.—The ladies of Germantown and vicinity will give a concert with tableaux, at the Presbyterian church, Thursday evening, the 3d inst., for the benefit of our volunteers. MISS ADIE PLUNKETT.

GERMANTOWN, Tenn., Oct. 1, 1861. Sec'y.

CAPT. MILLER'S ARTILLERY.—Members of this company are notified to join their command at Fort Pillow on or before the 4th inst., or they will be proceeded against as deserters.

WM. MILLER, Captain.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

HAVING purchased the above well known hotel in business, Dr. D. T. Scott, late of Nashville, Tenn., whose long experience in the business will enable him to offer increased inducements to our old friends and the public for their patronage.

The interior of the house is in good condition, and the entire house will be put in thorough repair, and every effort made to render comfortable and agreeable all who may favor us as guests.

S. M. JONES & SON.

In assuming the responsibilities of the management of the Commercial Hotel, I will say to my friends and the public that I will be found at my post in the office to get them, and see that they are made comfortable and happy so that when they depart they may go on their way rejoicing. D. T. SCOTT.

oct-1tf

JULY 14, 1861.

GEO. W. JONES & CO.,

229 Main Street.

Memphis.....Tennessee.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

30 brls. Lard Oil.
75 brls. Lubricating Oil—equal to best Sperm Oil.
50 brls. Alcohol.
2 brls. Pure Cream Tartar.
1000 ozs. Sulph. Quinine.
50 ozs. Sulph. Morphine.
100 lbs. Blue Mass.
100 lbs. Calomel.
3000 boxes Window Glass!

Which will be sold as low as the condition of things will admit. G. W. JONES & CO.,
229 Main street.

jy14-d-w

MILITARY HATS!

JUST RECEIVED BY A NEW ROUTE

15,000 HATS!

Of Different Colors and Shapes!

SUITABLE

For Military Companies!

In lots from seventy-five to one hundred and fifty, at

FRANCISCO & CO'S,

229 MAIN STREET.
BRINKLEY'S BLOCK.

A. WHIPPLE....ARCH. REID....M. O. HOPKINS.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD!

WE have recently built a large addition to our PLANING MILL, and fitted up our manufacturing department with all the modern machinery for the manufacture of Sash, Doors Blinds, Mouldings, Mantles, Door and Window Frames, Cleatings, Showcases, Brackets, Newell Posts, Turning, and Scroll Work of every style. We have on hand a large stock of UNDER of all kinds, such as Flooring, White Pine and Poplar Weather-boarding, Sheeting, Shingles, Fencing, and a large lot of Cedar Posts. Our manufacturing department is under the supervision of an experienced foreman, and we flatter ourselves that as to price, quality style and durability, we can compete with any similar establishment in the United States. Orders promptly filled. WHIPPLE, REID & CO.

Planing Mills,
Near the Bayou, on Madison street.

sep22-1y

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. J. H. SCUDDER will open his School for Boys on TUESDAY, September 10th, 1861. School room formerly occupied by J. W. Armstrong, near the St. Agnes Academy.

REFERENCES.—Dr. Grundy, R. C. Brinkley, Isham G. Harris, S. P. Walker, A. M. Boyd and R. A. Parker.

sep20-2w

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

DAILY REPORT OF THE MARKET.

FURNISHED FROM THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

MEMPHIS October 2, 1861.

COTTON—Sales of 9 bales at 8½c. Receipts, 160 bales. Shipments, 31 bales.

TOBACCO—No sales reported. We continue to quote:

MEMPHIS T