LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ We are under obligations to S. A. Wells, news dealer, for a late copy of the New Orleans *Picayune*.

STEALING.—For stealing three shirts George, slave of Mr. Saffarrans, was yesterday sentenced by the Recorder to receive thirty-nine lashes.

SOUTHERN MOTHERS.—The executive committee of the Southern Mothers will please meet at the rooms to-day at 10 o'clock.

VIOLATING FIRE ORDINANCE.—Patrick Toohey was yesterday fined ten dollars by Recorder Moore for having a structure of wood within the fire limits.

☞ The pamphlet containing the official acts and resolutions of the late Confederate Congress can be had by application to Mr. M. J. O'Brien, at the Southern Express office.

☞ Col. Moore's card, acknowledging the receipt of various articles of clothing, etc., for Gen. Jeff. Thompson's command, will appear in to-morrow's paper.

DR. BORLAND.—Dr. Solon Borland, formerly editor of the Memphis *Enquirer*, now colonel of an Arkansas regiment, arrived in this city yesterday and is staying at the Gayoso.

BUGGY RACING.—On Sunday Mike Cary, John McGrin, and a third individual not arrested, each in a buggy, indulged in a race in the streets. The two men were fined $11 each, by the Recorder.

SUNDAY LIQUORING.—Recorder Moore, yesterday fined James Lagecia, who keeps a saloon on Front Row, between Washington and Exchange streets, $25 for selling liquor on Sunday.

CAPT. JAMES SOMERVILLE.—Capt. Somerville, of that gallant and accomplished corps, the "Shelby Greys," passed through the city a few days since en route for his place in Mississippi, where, we regret to learn, he is now confined to a bed of sickness.

☞ We had the pleasure of meeting, yesterday, two old Mississippi friends—Gen. T. N. Ward and Col. Felix Labauve—the former at present a resident of Texas and delegate to the Confederate Congress; the latter editor of the Hernando *Press*. Time has dealt gently with both.

SUSPICIOUS.—John Cabell, John Morrissa and James Ryan were, on Sunday night, found hanging about the streets with an ax and a gun in their possession. Ryan had the gun, and presented it threateningly toward a passer-by. The Recorder fined him twenty-on dollars—the other two were fined ten dollars each.

BLANKETS WANTED!—Our people have given as many blankets as they can well afford to our soldiers, but *more are wanted*, and we are authorized to state that the purchasing agent of the Confederate government will give a liberal price for all that may be carried to the room at the north east corner of Second and Madison streets.

DISGUSTING.—Mrs. Margaret Crosby, who gave in the name of Mary Williams, was yesterday fined $51 by Recorder Moore, for being in the company of a negro. The negro, a slave of Mr. Brooks, was sentenced to receive thirty-nine lashes, but that punishment was afterward commuted to a payment of twenty-six dollars.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Conrad, of the Navy, who came home in April as surgeon of the Niagara frigate, and was held a prisoner for thirty days in Boston, is now at the Gayoso, en route for New Orleans on duty. The Doctor is a Virginian, and has been since his escape from the Yankees, serving with the army of the Potomac. At the battle of Manassas, he had the misfortune to lose two of his patients while under his hands, by the bursting of an enemy's shell.

OBITUARY.—A letter from Columbus, Kentucky, gives us intelligence of the death of J. W. Willis. He was a member of the Macon Greys, and had been in the Confederate service about four months, and His bearing as a soldier and associate had endeared him to his companions, who deeply deplore the dispensation which has deprived them of one so well esteemed. He was the son of Henry and Elizabeth Willis, of Fayette county, Tennessee. His disease was inflammation of the bowels, and during his illness all that the care of kind comrades could accomplish to alleviate his sufferings was tendered. His bereaved parents may rest assured that in this affliction they have the sympathy of all who knew and loved their only son so well.

ON 'CHANGE.—Dispatches received by merchants from New Orleans stating that flour was less lively there, and a desire to know the effect on that market of the heavy receipts from this market, which, however, it is believed will not be of consequence, somewhat flattened the market yesterday. Wheat was in active demand, at rates that were slightly higher than Saturday's prices. Among the sales was one of 2,000 bushels of barley.... The subject of imported shinplasters was discussed, and the opinion was universally expressed that an issue of paper of that character by our own city authorities would be calamitous, and that its importation from Petersburg, Va., or any other place, is a nuisance, intolerable, and not to be borne, and is an insult to a community laboring as this is to avoid any participation in shinplaster schemes and shinplaster currency. The conclusion came to was that a meeting should be held at the chamber at 10 o'clock this morning, of members and business men, for the purpose of giving an expression of opinion of the mercantile public upon this question.... The particulars of the late pork seizure in New Orleans is stated as follows by the New Orleans *Price Current*: "On Saturday last the governor of the State made provisional seizure of all the pork in this market, the whole of which is wanted for the C. S. army. Although intended for the public good, this summary proceeding was not ratified by the government at Richmond, and the amount under seizure was consequently released on Wednesday morning. A Confederate States officer then came forward, and, as holders generally from patriotic considerations abated five dollars per barrel from what was regarded as the market price, he succeeded in purchasing 4,300 bbls mess at $40.00, at which he had made some considerable purchases week before last. This leaves so inconsiderable an amount on sale that it is evident planters must rely upon beef and other articles of food for the chief support of their hands, and husband their supplies of pork and bacon accordingly."

During the last week the price of cotton was irregular in the New Orleans market—middling sold at 8⅝@9. Last year, in the same week the price of the same quality was 10⅝@10¾, and in 1859 10¼@11¼. The New Orleans *Price Current* says: "The latest accounts from the interior are less discouraging with regard to the growing crops. Cotton, nevertheless, has been seriously injured both by worms and the protracted rainy weather."..... In New Orleans the stocks of sugar are nearly exhausted. A few small lots of new crop sold at 7@9 cents, with the prospects of additional supplies of new crop, and the army demand being to a great extent supplied, prices have continued to rule in favor of buyers. New molasses sold at 28 cents. The Franklin, La., *Banner* says: Active measures are now being adopted in our parish preparatory to sugar making. Some of our planters will commence rolling cane at once. Many have been kept back in their work by the continuous rains, and have a large quantity of wood still to haul. And most of the planters have yet to make hay, put up seed cane, dig potatoes, etc., before they commence rolling cane. About the last of the month we expect to see nearly all of the furnaces in full blast. The late cool nights and fine days have had a fine effect upon the cane.

The New Orleans *Picayune*, says of the last week's flour business: "The receipts have been to a moderate extent, and prices have advanced about $1 per barrel, the sales up to last evening comprising 3000 barrels at $8@8.50 for superfine, and 9@9.50 for ordinary to good extra. To-day 100 barrels choice extra (Clarkeville City Mills) sold at $10." In the New Orleans markets there are light stocks of corn and small receipts; the demand is better with advanced prices.

SHINPLASTER MEETING.—In the APPEAL of Sunday we made it known that one dollar notes, issued by the corporation of Petersburg, Va., and received there in payment of the taxes of that city, had been imported into Memphis, and quantities of it paid into the hands of persons doing business in this city. Great indignation was very generally expressed that such an insult had been offered to our citizens as to attempt to push into circulation among them irresponsible paper trash which is sure to entail loss. The Chamber of Commerce, with a promptness that does it honor, has resolved to afford the commercial portion of our population an opportunity of expressing their opinion upon the subject of a shinplaster currency, whether issued within our own city, or imported from abroad, and we are authorized to call a meeting of the members of the Chamber of Commerce, and of the business men of the city of Memphis, at the Chamber of Commerce, at the Adams express office, North Court street, at 10 o'clock this morning. Let us have a huge meeting, and such resolutions passed as will unite the commercial community in rejecting all shinplasters, and in warning the citizens in general to refuse them. If a time should come when we must perforce submit to the infliction of shinplasters, we will then submit to our fate with what endurance we can, but that time has not arrived yet, and we will not have the curse imposed on us unnecessarily.

COAL.—Unless means are used to promote healthful competition by bringing coal into this market, there is a liability of high prices during the approaching winter. We are glad to learn that a number of influential citizens contemplate the formation of a company, with the object of bringing coal into the city during the winter, from the neighborhood of Chattanooga. There will be no cotton crowding up the railroads, and we learn that the railroad authorities propose to prevent suffering in the city by bringing in an abundance of coal at the mere cost of transportation. A very excellent movement, which we are sure will meet with hearty support.

CLEARING OUT.—Mortimer Rose, *alias* Scotte, last evening ran all the inmates out of a house of ill-fame, kept by a woman known as French Lou, by threatening them with a bowie knife. A blow made at one man narrowly missed his person; his pantaloons were cut with the stroke. Scotte having the house to himself, commenced smashing the furniture, and breaking plates, dishes and tumblers. Officer Johnson arrested him and locked him up.

MARKET STALLS.—The security stalls in each of the two markets were sold yesterday for one year. In north market they brought a total of $4,320; in south market, of $4,205—total, $8,525, $560 more than they produced last year.

RECORDER'S COURT.—This institution was crowded yesterday; there were thirty-seven cases; $208 50 were collected. We are of opinion that this court, like other public exhibitions, ought to give a benefit occasionally to some patriotic purpose.

ABUSIVE.—Melinda, slave of Mr. Harbin, for indulging in some untranslatable flowers of rhetoric toward some white persons, was yesterday sentenced by the Recorder to receive twenty-five lashes.

☞ We are gratified to learn that our friend Shepherd M. Ashe, of this city, has been appointed brigade quartermaster in the Confederate service. He is well fitted for the position and will discharge the duties of his office faithfully.

NO SHINPLASTERS.—Be at the shinplaster meeting at the Merchant's Exchange at 10 o'clock this morning.

RIVER.—The river is again rising—it rose nearly two feet yesterday.... The Little Rock State *Gazette* of Saturday says the Arkansas river continues to decline, with scant twenty inches above and thirty inches below that point.... The river at New Orleans on Friday was twelve feet two inches below high water mark.... The weather here was fine yesterday, with a cool wind.... Business was moderately active.... The splendid boat Magenta, which, from her neatness, convenience, and the gentlemanly qualities of her officers, Capt. Wilson, and Messrs. R. Holmes and A. McVay, clerks, is certain to become a favorite, arrived from New Orleans, bringing 1520 sacks salt, 500 hides, 23 bbls. and 6 barrels sugar, 240 bundles lead, and other freight. She returns to-morrow.....

That royal boat, the Prince of Wales, arrived from New Orleans with 286 packages dry goods, 1123 dry hides, 102 barrels pork, 63 barrels molasses, 49 boxes of boots and shoes, and a large amount of other freight. The Prince returns this evening and we cordially commend her to shippers and travelers. She is a first class boat, spacious, airy, with roomy state rooms and every convenience. Capt. Lee is an experienced and careful commander, and Mr. Folger, her clerk, is one of the most courteous and gentlemanly of men: we have traveled with him and speak what we know.... The neat boat, Cotton Plant, leaves for Columbus to-day, in place of the Kentucky, which will be by awhile.... The Alonzo Child came in from Columbus last night, where she has been doing good service for the Confederate States. She has lost her regular day in attending the call of patriotism. To-morrow we shall announce the day of her departure. Capt. DeHaven is a warm adherent of the southern cause, and from the time he ran his boat from St. Louis with powder and lead for the Confederate army, he has never hesitated to sacrifice one trip after another, to risk his boat in service where he had no insurance, and to make the heaviest sacrifices when called upon. Such devotion should meet its reward. Acknowledgments of various army officers, and of that spirited *corps* the Watson battery, which we publish below, are proof that we have not over estimated the gallant conduct of the patriotic Captain D. DeHaven..... The Kanawha Valley leaves this evening, for White river.... The Louisville came in from New Orleans; she had 57 hhds. and 10 bds. sugar, 51 bdls. molasses, 8 bales cotton and other freight. The Ingomar came in from above; the Mats and Jeff. Davis left for up the river.... The New Moon is reported to be aground near Helena..... The Alamo has knocked a hole in her hull on the Arkansas; she will soon be running again.... The Clara Dolsen and the favorite boat, Fred. Kennett, left New Orleans for Memphis on Friday night; the Louis D'Or was to leave there, also, for this place last night.... The following are the cards mentioned above:

STEAMBOAT ALONZO CHILD,
October 4th, 1861.

The undersigned, officers of the Confederate States service, have received so many kind attentions from the Captain and officers of the steamer *Alonzo Child*, they are desirous of expressing in some form their appreciation and gratitude for the same. On our trip from Point Pleasant to Columbus, we received every attention for ourselves and our men, the sick were provided and cared for as though at their own homes, and we ourselves were treated with princely hospitality. We return our sincere thanks to Capt. DeHaven and his officers, and hope our friends and the southern public at large will duly appreciate and acknowledge the sacrifices and kindnesses of these gentlemen at this time.

P. R. CLEBURNE, Col. com. 1st reg. Ark. Vols.
W. J. HARDEE, Brigadier-General.
SOLON BORLAND, Col. Cavalry.
D. G. WHITE, Lieutenant.
JOHN R. SIDDELL, Aid-de-Camp.
S. H. PERKINS, Aid-de-Camp.

At a meeting held on board the Alonzo Child, September 30th, 1861, by the members of the Watson battery, P. F. Coiron was elected President and J. J. Polk Secretary, and the following preamble and resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Capt. D. DeHaven, of the steamer Alonzo Child, has voluntarily sacrificed his regular trip (and a very profitable one) from Memphis to New Orleans, for the purpose of conveying the Watson battery from Memphis to Columbus, for a sum scarcely sufficient to procure fuel during the trip, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Watson Battery, hereby tender our heartfelt thanks to Capt. DeHaven for the kind treatment we have received at his hands during our passage, and we also take pleasure in recommending him to the traveling public as an efficient officer, a gentleman, and a true patriot.

Resolved, That the foregoing preamble and resolution be published in the Memphis APPEAL, with the request that the New Orleans papers copy them. P. F. COIRON, President.

J. J. POLK, Secretary.

FOR WHITE RIVER.—The passenger packet Kanawha Valley Price, master, leaves as above this evening at 5 o'clock. Larry Harnstad, agent.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The passenger packet Prince of Wales, Lee, master, leaves as above this evening at 5 o'clock. J. C. McMunn, Morton & Co. and Bourne & Co., agents.

To the Public.

I have no taste whatever for a newspaper controversy, and do not desire to engage in one, and will merely state, in relation to the communication in the *Avalanche* of yesterday, over the signature of one G. B. Massey (not a relation of the very clever gentleman of this place of the same surname), that I am sure that every one who is at all acquainted with the character of Gen. Polk, Gov. Harris, or myself, will know at once that each of us faithfully and honestly discharged our respective duties, as military chieftain, Governor of the State of Tennessee, and attorney-at-law, in the case of the steamer B. P. Cheeney; and the great southern heart will throb with just indignation at the insinuations couched in that communication against those high-toned and patriotic officials, and it may suffice for me to say that the same communication which attempts to cast reflections upon their course in the matter also attempts to reflect upon mine.

J. H. UNTHANK,
Attorney-at-Law.

Butler on a Spree.

The northern press is not half satisfied with the brilliant achievement of Gen. Butler and Com. Stringham off Hatteras. It wants them to keep at it, and never stop to eat, drink or rest, night or day, until the entire South is ravaged. One of the leading northern papers discourses in the following amiable strain:

What followed? "Did the intrepid Butler and the gallant Stringham" go on with the good work? Did they send their prisoners home and spread consternation along the coast? Did they strike at any one of a dozen important points that were defenseless before them? Did they attempt to capture the enemy's shipping in Pamlico sound?

Did they stampede the South Carolina troops from Virginia by burning a little coal and raising a smoke off the South Carolina coast? Did they press their advantage and obtain a foothold on the main land of North Carolina?

Not at all. The first thing we heard of Gen. Butler, he was in Washington and sea-sick, and in the hands of the most superb and vivacious of blatherskites, Gen. Hiram Waldridge, of New York, and he was making a speech and receiving the glorifications of his sublime heroism and Carsonian exploits by the populace.

And the next thing he was in Boston, with the "hub of the universe" revolving around him, and then he was enjoying a magnificent reception at his home in Lowell, where he made his appearance ("to the astonishing been connected") amid the buying of brass bands, and the roar of artillery, and he made another speech, acknowledging the Honor—flattering reception—never effaced from his heart—proudest day of his life—and all that sort of things. Where he is just now we don't know, and, to tell the truth, if he is on a speech-making expedition, don't care. Charitable people will excuse him by saying he visited home to see his family. It happens that his family had been living with him all summer at Fortress Monroe, in a nice yellow brick house, surrounded by pleasant trees.

Stringham, too, had a reception, and made a speech at Brooklyn. Could not anybody less than a commodore have served as an escort for the high-toned chivalry who were made prisoners at Hatteras? We are glad to see that Stringham is again as far south as Fortress Monroe. It is possible that he may reach Hatteras in time to prevent the rebel from retaking the position and mounting their ten-inch Columbiad. The panic along the southern coast is quieted by the assurance, which the southern press are confident to give that there is no danger, as "Bombastes Butler" and "Old Stringham" are "off on a big spree."

ART OF WAR.—The greatest success in the art of war is revealed by Wellington in speaking of the battle of Waterloo. He said:

"We pounded the French, and they pounded us, and it seems we pounded the hardest."

HEADQUARTERS 1st DIV. WESTERN DEPT.
COLUMBUS, Ky., Oct. 4, 1861.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 37.

All persons not belonging to the army, and not residing permanently in Columbus, are hereby ordered to leave the camp in forty-eight hours. No citizens shall hereafter be permitted to visit the camp, unless they have business with the commandant of the post, or the general in command. By command of Maj. Gen. Polk.

E. D. BLAKE,
o5-1w Capt. C. S. A., A. A. A. G.

NEW SOUTHERN STYLES!

MISS M. PERDUE,
326 Main Street,

IS now prepared to present to the ladies of Memphis and vicinity the Southern styles received by express from Southern cities. We are also receiving per each express the very latest New York fashions and fashions, which never did suit our climate or our people. We will have our opening of

FALL MILLINERY,

On Saturday, October 5th. We ask you, ladies, one and all, to call and examine our goods, and then decide for yourselves if Memphis has not outdone anything New York could ever present to the South. oct

PEACH BRANDY AND APPLE BRANDY.

A FEW barrels old and choice BRANDY, from Georgia and North Carolina. On consignment and for sale low to close. oct1-daw1w JONES, BROWN & CO.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

FROM the subscriber, on Friday, Sept. 20th, one SORREL MULE and one BAY MULE. Each had a rope around the neck on leaving. A liberal reward will be paid for their return to me, on the corner of Beal and Hernando streets, South Memphis Market. H. PHILIPS.
oct-1w

JULY 14, 1861.

GEO. W. JONES & CO.,

229 Main Street,

Memphis.....Tennessee,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

30 brls. Lard Oil,
75 brls. Lubricating Oil--equal to best Sperm Oil.
50 brls. Alcohol,
2 brls. Pure Cream Tartar,
1000 ozs. Sulph. Quinine,
50 ozs. Sulph. Morphine,
100 lbs. Blue Mass,
100 lbs. Calomel,
3000 boxes Window Glass!

Which will be sold as low as the condition of things will admit. G. W. JONES & CO.,
jy14-daw 229 Main street.

W. B. MILLER.....GEORGE DASHIELL.
JOHN H. TAYLOR.....W. F. TAYLOR.

W. B. MILLER & CO.,

197 MAIN-ST.,

HAVE RECEIVED A

NEW STOCK
OF
FALL DRY GOODS!

DeLaines,
Prints,
Plaids,
Cassimeres,
Gray Overcoats,
Blue Pilot Overcoats!
Hosiery,
Hickory Shirts,
Flannels,

oct1-daw

ON CONSIGNMENT!

10,000 YDS Imperial Bleached Sheeting.
5000 yds. " " Shirting.
1500 pcs. Scotch Plaids.
1000 " Irish Linen.
500 " Black Alpaca and Cobourgs.
500 " Palmetto Plaids.
500 " Colored Cambric.
100 dozen six cord Sp. of Cotton.
50 " Printed Swiss Handkerchiefs.
12 " Pure Irish Linen Shirts.
6 " Colored Cambric Shirts.

Just received by Express and for sale by
J. M. PATRICK & CO.
oct3-1w

FOR RENT,

THE west half of a fine two story BRICK, double tenement RESIDENCE, situate on Auction street, beyond the bayou. The main house contains seven rooms, brick kitchen, three servants rooms, a large glass room, wash room, stable and carriage house, etc., all in good order. Formerly rented for $450 per month, but will now be rented to a good tenant for $30 per month. Possession given immediately. Apply to H. M. LUSHER,
At the office of Street, Hungerford & Jackson, Navy Yard, or on the premises.
oct5-1wk

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

WEEKLY REPORT OF THE MARKET

FURNISHED FROM THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

MEMPHIS, October 8, 1861.

[NOTE.—The quotations given in the following review, it must be understood, are wholesale prices, except where otherwise noted; and that in all sales in the filling of small orders, higher rates will be charged.]

Operations in our general market continue on the same active and liberal scale as heretofore, with an accelerated movement in two or three of the leading articles. In flour the week's sales sum up the heaviest of the season, and on a firmly established advance at the close of one dollar per hundred. Wheat has also moved off freely, with prices more in favor of sellers; while in corn, oats, hay, bran, fodder, etc., a seasonable amount of business has transpired without any material fluctuation in rates. In cotton and tobacco there is nothing doing, and no prospects of any movement until the raising of the blockade shall open the way for the resumption of business in these articles. Some pretty large sales of bacon have transpired and the market is a shade firmer, but in pork, lard and beef, we hear of no change. Molasses are easier, coffee is unchanged, and sugar, with light stocks and a good demand, is firmer at about previous rates. New Orleans exchange continues active at 44@5 per cent premium. Gold is in good supply and fair demand at 96@97, and silver at 14@15 per cent premium.

RECEIPTS OF LEADING ARTICLES FOR THE PAST WEEK.

Apples	barrels	19[illegible]
Bacon	pieces	[illegible]
Butter	packs	1120
Bagging	packs and pieces	[illegible]
Bale rope	coils	22
Corn	bushels	1,[illegible]
Dry Goods	packages	1,[illegible]
Feathers	packages	[illegible]
Flour	barrels	[illegible]
Fodder	bales	2,[illegible]
Hay	bales	[illegible]
Hides	pieces	2,[illegible]
Lard	packages	[illegible]
Leather	rolls	2[illegible]
Molasses	barrels	2[illegible]
Potatoes	sacks	[illegible]
Rye	sacks	[illegible]
Salt	packages	[illegible]
Tobacco	hogsheads	21
Tobacco	boxes and kegs	4[illegible]
Wheat	sacks	2,[illegible]

COTTON—The business of the week has been confined to a few small parcels, for the filling of interior manufacturer's orders, aside from which there is no inquiry whatever. Prices are altogether nominal and we again omit quotations.

The total receipts of Cotton at this point, from Sept. 1st to date, comprises 1109 bales against 24,659 bales, to same date last year—because this year 23,551 bales. The shipments during the same period embrace 908 bales, and to 10,161 bales to same date last year—and consequently this year 13,398 bale s.

MEMPHIS COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1861	bales	1,471
Received past week	387	
Received prev. weeks	922	1,309
Total		2,780
Shipped past week	608	
Shipped previously	292	900
Stock on hand this date		1,880

EXPORTS OF COTTON FROM MEMPHIS.

	Past Week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans	108	177
Interior points	1[illegible]	7[illegible]
Total	908	9[illegible]

TOBACCO—We have not heard of a sale during the week. Quotations are nominal, as stated below:

MEMPHIS TOBACCO QUOTATIONS.

Inferior Lugs	5@[illegible]
Good Lugs	[illegible]
Common Additional	[illegible]
Fair	[illegible]
Good	[illegible]
Choice and Selections	[illegible]

WHEAT—The week has been one of increased activity in the market for this article, attended by an irregular advance of 5@15c ₱ bushel. The sales have been liberal throughout, the market closing with considerable firmness on the part of holders at $1.15@1.25 for extra choice lots of red and white, $1.05@1.10 for prime red, 95@$1 for good and fair, and 85@90 for inferior and common.

FLOUR—We left a firm market at the date of our last report, with an advance of 25@50c ₱ barrel upon previous rates. During the current week under the influence of a brisk local and export demand, occasioned by a decided upward movement in the New Orleans market, prices have gradually stiffened until at the close we find that a further advance of fully $1 ₱ barrel has been established. The week's sales embrace about 12,000 barrels, of which 9500 barrels have gone forward to New Orleans and other southern markets. We now quote a firm market at $6.50 for fine, $7@7.50 and 7.75 for country and city superfine, in sacks and barrels, and $8@8.50 for good and choice extra.

CORN—The demand is active and the market poorly supplied, at 70c for yellow and white, in lots.

OATS—Light sales during the week. We again quote 70c for prime, in lots.

RYE—In fair request and firm at last week's prices—$1.10@1.20 ₱ bushel, sacks included.

HAY—The market continues to advance and is now firm at $28@30 ₱ ton for prairie, and $40@45 for timothy, in lots.

BRAN—Sales at $27@30 ₱ ton, from mills and stores.

BACON—The market has further advanced and is now firm at 23@25c for clear and rib sides, shoulders and hams 26c.

LIVERPOOL SALT—The market has been quiet, but prices continue to advance, holders generally being firm at $1.40 for coarse, in lots from levee, and $1.50 from store. Fine is in limited supply, with sales at $5.30@5.50. Sales of Turk's Island at $1.90@2.00 ₱ sack.

MESS PORK—Selling in small lots only at $40 ₱ barrel.

LARD—Little or none in market. We quote 24c in barrels and tierces, and 25c in kegs.

SUGAR—With light stocks the market is unchanged, and we again quote fair 9¼@9½c, fair to fully fair 9¾@10¼c, prime 10¼@11c, choice 11¼@12c, and clarified and fancy 12¼@13½c, as to quality.

COFFEE—We quote a firm market at 40c ₱ lb, in lots. Stock light.

MOLASSES—In good demand and firm at 40c, in lots.

BAGGING—Market active and the retail demand supplied at 21c for India, 21c for hand, and 22@23c for power.

ROPE—Scarce and in demand at 18¾@20c for machine.

IRON TIES—The market is now firm at 17@18c.

SOAP—We now quote family 10c, No. 1 12½c, cotton seed 12½, and German 15c ₱ lb.

HIDES—Buyers are now offering 8c for dry flint, 6c for salted, and 4c for green.

CORN MEAL—In fair request at 80@85c, in lots.

OILS—Stocks of all kinds limited and market firm at $2.50 for coal, $2.50 for lard, $1.75@2.00 for linseed, and $1.50 for cotton seed

GUNNIES—We note a brisk demand at 16@18c for single second hand, and 19@20c for double do. New gunnies are selling at 23@25c for single and double.

NAILS—Firm and scarce at 8¾@9 ₱ keg.

LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER—Lime is in fair demand at $2.50@3 ₱ barrel for Oolite, and —— for caps, from store. Rosedale and Newark cement at ——, and Ohio falls at $4.50 ₱ barrel. Cleveland plaster is in good demand at $6@7, with very little in market.

BUTTER—We note a moderate inquiry for prime at 28@30c for tubs and kegs, in lots.

EGG—The supply of eggs is about equal to the demand. We quote 23@24c, in lots.

RICE—In good supply and demand at 4¼@4½c for old crop.

For Congress.

WE are authorized to announce D. M. CURRIN as a candidate for Congress in the 10th Congressional District. Election first Wednesday in November.
oct3-tiaprtc*

For Congress.

WE are authorized to announce B. D. NABERS as a candidate for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District. oct2-tf*

For Congress.

WE are authorized to announce Hon. J. D. C. ATKINS as a candidate for Congress in the Ninth Congressional District. Election first Thursday in November oct1-tf

For Congress.

WE are authorized to announce JAS. H. PATTERSON as a candidate for Congress in the Fourth Congressional District of Arkansas, at the ensuing November election. oct2-1c

LIME! LIME!

THE best article of LIME for sale in the city, may be found at FRANK SMITH & CO'S, No. 4 Brinkley Block. oct-1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

Authorized Capital....$1,000,000.
Cash capital and surplus paid up..... 380,000.
Office on Madison street, opposite the Bank of Memphis.

J. T. WEST,
oct-1-ly Agent.

CHEROKEE CURE!

An ended ing cure for Seminal Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Impotency, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, Stone in the Bladder, Obstructed and Difficult Menstruation, and all diseases caused by deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in Self Pollution.

By the use of this Cure all improper discharges are removed, the weakened organs of generation are speedily cured and full vigor restored.

Either sex, contemplating marriage, should reflect that a sound mind and body are necessary to promote connubial happiness.

In the Cherokee Cure the poor, debilitated, worn down and despairing devotee of sensual pleasure, will find relief.

It is safe and pleasant in taste, but immediate in its action; containing no mineral poison, but is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, in the form of a delicious syrup.

Price $3 per bottle, or three bottles for $5, and forwarded by express to all parts of the world.

Sold by all respectable druggists everywhere.

POTTER & MERWIN, Proprietors.

Sole Proprietors, 63 Jefferson street, near post office, general dealers in all popular family medicines, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Sold in Memphis by all responsible druggists. m6tf&tuesdaily

M'LEAN'S CORDIAL.

As may be seen on inserting this week the advertisement of McLean's Cordial, etc.

It is very well known we are not particularly favorable to patent medicines, as a general thing, esclaw the whole of them with but little ceremony, and with these sentiments we declined inserting this advertisement until we knew what were the ingredients of the medicine, and how compounded. This we have learned and believing, as we do, that the ingredients are good, and the compound judiciously made, we recommend it as a mixture worthy of public confidence.

The above is from the St. Louis Christian Advocate edited by the renowned Rev. Dr. McAnally, which speaks volumes in favor of McLean's Cordial. We say to all, try it. See the advertisement in another column. feb11daw

DR. EDMONDS,
Homeopath and Hydropath.

Residence four doors of Beal street, second house west of the Medical College. Office over S. Mansfield & Co's Drug Store, Main street. Office hours 8 to 9 A. M., and 2 to 3 P. M. m29-1y

☞ See F. H. Clark & Co.'s column.

DeSoto Savings' Institution,

OF MEMPHIS,

NO. 272 MAIN STREET.

H. LAIRD, President,
W. R. ROSS, Cashier. ap12 6m

☞ See advertisement of Ward & McClain, wholesale and retail Druggists, 175 and 177 Main street, opposite Worsham Houses. m3

☞ The attention of the readers of the APPEAL is directed to the advertisement of G. W. JONES & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 229 Main street. m3 1y

Market Ordinance.

BE it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

1. Markets shall be held at the row market houses every day in the week, except Sundays, and during such hours as shall be prescribed by this Board.

2. A market master shall be appointed for each market, annually, and as often as vacancies may occur, who shall receive such compensation as the Board may allow. Market masters shall take the usual oath of office, and give bond for the faithful performance of their duties.

3. It shall be the duty of market masters to make all needful regulations for the location of stands in and around the market houses, collect market dues, preserve proper order, settle disputes about weights and measures, inspect the quality of provisions offered for sale, keep the markets in a cleanly condition, and to exercise police powers upon the market grounds during market hours.

4. The Mayor shall, after due notice given, cause the stalls and stands to be offered for rent at public outcry, first Monday of October of every year, pursuant for which shall be made at the time of renting. The rent thus obtained shall be due and payable one person or more shall be permitted to rent, either directly or indirectly, more than two stands or stalls, and such stalls and stands shall not be occupied by any other person than the renter, except the same be duly transferred by consent of the market master.

5. Stands and stalls not rented by the year, shall be rented by the market master from day to day—inside rents at 50 cents, and outside rents at 25 cents each. And persons selling at the market from carts and other vehicles, shall pay twenty-five cents each for the privilege. The market master shall have prepared (suitable) vegetable stands of smaller dimensions, to be rented by the day, at ten cents each.

6. No person shall forestall the markets by buying during market hours any article commonly sold in market, for the purpose of selling the same again; nor shall any person offer any such article for sale on the day during market hours, except at one of the stalls or stands provided for the purpose in or near the market houses; and all combinations to raise or lower in any way the prices of articles offered in the market, shall be an nuisance.

7. It shall be the duty of occupiers of stalls and stands to leave the same in a neatly and cleanly condition at every close of market hours.

8. No person shall offer for sale at the market houses or elsewhere in the city, the flesh of any diseased animal or the flesh of any animal not commonly considered edible; nor shall it be lawful to offer for sale any meat in a state of partial decay or putrefaction, or other spoiled or unwholesome food of any kind; and no person shall offer for sale at the markets, or bring upon the market premises any alcoholic or intoxicating liquors.

9. Butter, lard, and other articles offered for sale in the markets by weight, without being weighed in presence of purchasers, shall be examined by the market master, and if the scales be found lighter than represented by the seller, they shall be forfeited and sold at auction by the market masters, for the benefit of the city.

10. The market masters shall keep an exact account of all moneys received by them in the execution of this ordinance, and pay the same to the Treasurer of the city weekly. They shall make a report of their doings to the Board of Aldermen at the first meeting of said Board in every month.

11. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars, with costs.

12. It shall be and is hereby made unlawful for any person or persons hereafter, during market hours as above prescribed, to peddle or sell by or about the streets of this city, or at any other place therein except at the market houses, and at regular licensed peddlers stands, any butter, eggs, poultry, or articles of country produce, or cabbages or other vegetables, except strawberries, raspberries, blackberries and the various kinds of fruit and vegetables, which may be sold at any hour and in any place in the city.

13. All ordinances heretofore passed regulating the markets, and ordinances and parts of ordinances conflicting in any way with the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

14. This ordinance shall take effect and go into operation from and after its passage.

Approved October 3d, 1861. JOHN PARK, Mayor.

Attest—L. B. RICHARDS, City Register.
oct3-1tt

Accounts--City Officers.

BE it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, any city officer who shall make an account against the city of Memphis, either by the purchase of articles in the name or otherwise, without the authority of the Board of Aldermen to do so, shall be removed from office therefor, two-thirds of the Aldermen elected concurring therein.

Approved October 3d, 1861. JOHN PARK, Mayor.

Attest—L. B. RICHARDS, City Register.
oct-1tt

INGRAHAM & LEES,
283 Main Street, 283
Brinkley Block.

BEING determined not to Bankrupt those who have for five years relied upon them for their supplies of

House Furnishing Goods,

Have, at much labor and expense, obtained their usual

FALL STOCK!

Which they now offer at as

LOW PRICES

As the present scarcity will permit.

Cash Purchasers

Will find our stock more complete than any other house in the city. oct

A. WHIPPLE.....ARCH. REID.....M. O. HOPKINS

PLANING MILL
AND
LUMBER YARD!

WE have recently built a large addition to our PLANING MILL and fitted up our manufacturing department with all the modern machinery for the manufacture of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Mantles, Door and Window Frames, Casings, Cornices, Brackets, Newell Posts, Turning, and Scroll Work of every style. We have on hand a large stock of LUMBER of all kinds, such as Flooring, White Pine and Poplar Weatherboarding, Shingles, Fencing, and a large lot of Cedar Posts. Our manufacturing department is under the supervision of an experienced foreman, and we flatter ourselves that as to price, quality, style and durability, we can compete with any similar establishment in the United States. Orders promptly filled. WHIPPLE, REID & CO.,
Planing Mills,
jy12-1y Near the Bayou, on Madison street.

White Winter Seed Oats.

A FEW sacks just received and for sale by
R. B. CRAIG, Seedsman,
a29 daw Cor. Second and Union sts., Memphis.

NOTICE!

A TEACHER is wanted immediately to take charge of six or eight pupils, in a private family. One competent to prepare boys for college required. A liberal salary will be given. For particulars, address
JOHN S. PEETE, M. D.,
Sharon, Tipton county, Tennessee.
oct3-1m

WATCHES---JEWELRY.

OCTOBER 1st, 1861.

OUR stock is large and well assorted in all its branches—our leading articles are

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

DIAMONDS,

SILVERWARE,

SILVER PLATED GOODS,

GUNS, PISTOLS,

CUTLERY, CLOCKS,

SPECTACLES,

TO SUIT EVERY CONDITION OF SIGHT.

FANCY GOODS, CANES, Etc.

OUR MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT.

In addition to our own force we have in our employ skillful and experienced workmen; also, a large stock of tools and materials, embracing the latest improvements and inventions, and can do all kinds of work in our line, including the making of new and complicated parts, in the best manner and with dispatch. Also, plain and ornamental engraving.

Our Daguerrean Gallery.

WE have built and arranged a suite of Rooms for this express purpose. Our light combines all the modern improvements.

Producing Pictures Quickly and True to Nature.

Our Laboratory is furnished with all the appliances necessary to prepare the best chemicals. We are aided by a first class Art