MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FRIDAY, : : : : : FEBRUARY 23, 1866.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

Our Business Office

Will be opened from 5 o'clock A. M., until 8 P. M. Advertisers will please bear this in mind and hand in their favors early.

The Mails Close.

☞ *For New Orleans, Vicksburg, Jackson and Grenada*, three times a week, via Memphis & Charleston and Mississippi Central Railroad.

☞ *Nashville, Louisville and Cincinnati*, daily, 3:15 p. m. via Nashville & Decatur Railroad.

☞ *New York, Richmond, Baltimore, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, and all Eastern cities*, daily, at 3:15 p.m., via Memphis & Charleston and East Tennessee & Virginia Railroads.

☞ *Cairo, St. Louis and Chicago*, daily, at 3:15 p.m., via Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Mobile and Ohio Railroads.

☞ *Vicksburg*, river and way landings, three times a week.

☞ *Montgomery and Mobile*, and Mobile & Ohio Railroad, daily, at 3:15 p.m.

☞ *Mississippi & Tennessee Railroad*, three times per week, at 3 p.m.

☞ *Memphis & Ohio Railroad*, daily, at 3:00 p.m.

☞ *Little Rock and White River*, three times a week, at 4 p.m.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THANKS.—Rush Loop, of the Southern Express Company, rushed into our sanctum yesterday, with the latest papers from all points.

FAVORS.—The Pioneer Express brought us yesterday the very latest Northern and Southern papers.

NOT DEAD.—Officer Wm. Mower, who was shot by a negro on Tuesday night, was still alive at a late hour yesterday afternoon, though no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

DESPERATE AFFRAY.—On Wednesday night, we so learn from Officer David Carroll, a party of negroes at a house on South street, got into a row, during which, two of them were shot and killed. We were unable to learn their names.

INQUEST.—Squire Creighton held an inquest yesterday morning upon the body of a negro named Robert Wright, at the corner of Fourth and Court streets, who committed suicide by taking arsenic, from the fact that his lady love had jilted him.

CONSECRATION.—The Consecration of the new Synagogue Beth Ki Emeth, at the corner of Second and Monroe Streets, takes place to-day. The services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Isaiks, assisted by Rev. Dr. Bitterman, and will be very interesting.

CROSS PURPOSES.—Bob Black appeared before Squire Creighton yesterday, and swore out a peace warrant against Mike Harrigan, and had him arrested and bound over to keep the peace. As soon as Mike was released, he in turn swore out one against Bob, and had him bound over also. So we suppose there will be peace between the house of Harrigan and Black hereafter.

ROW AMONG THE POLICE.—A disturbance occurred yesterday morning in a saloon on Front street, in which a policeman was engaged; two others attempted to arrest him, when he resisted until one of them beat him over the head with the butt of a pistol, inflicting some ugly looking wounds.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON R. R.—The following changes were made in the officers of this road yesterday: Capt. M. Sexton, General Superintendent; C. L. Anderson, Superintendent of the Western, and Charles S. Williams, Superintendent of the Eastern Divisions of the Road. Mr. W. S. Dansy succeeds Mr. Anderson as General Ticket Agent.

THE TWENTY-SECOND.—There was no general observance of this day yesterday. The City Schools gave an interesting exhibition in honor of the day, which our space forbids our noticing at length, as we expect to do to-morrow. The Emmets unfurled their banner from their Hall on Jefferson street, in commemoration of the day.

BURGLARY.—A bold robbery was committed at the house of David Mack, on Market street, on last Wednesday night, by some burglars, who entered the house and carried off a trunk containing a large amount of silver ware and a fine overcoat. Notwithstanding the vigorous measures adopted for the apprehension of the thieves, no clue has as yet been found to the stolen property.

TELEGRAMS.—The following dispatches remain uncalled for at the Telegraph Office:

T. W. Wilson, Mai. Thomas,
Kemler & Co., H. Titus,
Isaac Tate, R. S. S. Mallett,
H. S. Meyers, H. L. Lock,
G. W. Barnes, J. H. Loughry,
Moss, Brown & Co., Col. D. H. Leatherman,
J. R. Peck, R. Pulse,
B. Bagley, H. H. Fowling,
F. T. Sloan, C. Farmer.

CRIMINAL COURT.—In this Court yesterday, William Hay and John Barry were sentenced to seven years' servitude in the Penitentiary, for a burglary committed on Linden street, and Reuben McDowell, a gentle freedman, for steal. ing a revolver, went up to the same institution for ten years. John Harrison, a boy about fourteen years of age, who was arraigned on the charge of stealing $8 from Wilkinson & Blair, was, on account of his youth, let off with twenty-four hours confinement in the county jail, where he has already spent six months. To-day the cases of Wm. Burks, B. E. Morris and Allen Brown, all charged with larceny, came up for trial.

THE OVERTON HOTEL CASE.—In the Chancery Court yesterday, Judge Smith gave his opinion in this case as follows: "The complainants in this case, have entered up a consent decree, wherein the Trustees are permitted to proceed and sell the property, giving thirty days notice of sale by publication. The terms of this decree are the cash payment of $7,000, the remainder to be paid in installments in one and two years after date of sale, it being optionary with the purchaser, however, to pay eight months. The Trustees shall pay into court the sum of $3,000 in cash for the benefit of the complainants. If then the sale should not be made, this decree shall be null and void, and none of the parties are to be prejudiced thereby."

"CRUEL TREATMENT."—The statement that we published some days since in relation to the arrest of Mr. J. M. Ward, having been contradicted, we publish below the statement of Mr. Fuller, to corroborate what we then stated, and also the whole evidence in the case, from which it will be seen that the negro reported to have been murdered, never existed:

Statement of Mr. A. Fuller.

On the morning of February 12, I was arrested by order of Mr. J. M. Ward, having been conducted, at Lafayette station, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, by a Lieut. Harper and about twenty colored soldiers, armed with rifles and pistols. After we had traveled about six miles, we saw the soldiers ride up in front of Mr. Ward's wife, who making the vicious snatch of the horse, asked him to let her get out of the wagon, to an animal which they relieved, and told him to go on. In a short time he was hailed by the guard and halted. He then, I believe, told me that his leg was broken, and I told the lieutenant, and that Mr. Ward was not able to travel, and that I would pay the expenses for taking him and four guards to Memphis in the cars. He replied that he was ordered to carry him on horseback, and he was going to do it. We then traveled back six miles to Ward's Neville's. There I procured a buggy from Mr. Neville and put Mr. Ward in it, and we came to the city, and were taken before the Provost Marshal of the Freedmen's Bureau, and myself and Mr. Ward were sent to the guard house at the Station House, where we were kept until sunrise the next morning, when we were again taken before the Provost Marshal, and I was released on a bond of $500 for my appearance on the 23d inst., when I again appeared before him, when he introduced the following testimony:

Testimony.

OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL FREEDMEN, MEMPHIS TENN., Feb. 21, 1866.

United States vs. Andy Fuller.

Statement of Elizabeth Burns (sworn): On the 20th of November, 1865, I went to my church with a colored man named Sam, to a plantation about five miles from Lafayette, and about four miles and a half from Lafayette, Tenn. After being there some three or four days, Fuller came into the house where I was and said to Sam that he had a pistol and that he would not allow him to carry it. Sam replied that he was a free man, and had been a soldier and had a permit to carry it. Fuller said to Sam, Fuller said, "I have a warrant for the pistol, that the rules of the country did not allow him to have a pistol, and he had no right to carry it." Sam then said to Fuller, my man and I will go elsewhere to work. Fuller objected, saying that he had hired him and meant remain. When Fuller left, he told the quarters he was accompanied by J. Grant, Scott Ware, Br. Ware and brother, all having pistols in their hands. Sam further said that if Fuller objected, he his boy, a pistol on the place he would go some where else to work. He then left the place and went to the quarters and started towards the house. Sam then left the quarters and started in the direction of the depot, saying he was going to get another place to work. In less than fifteen minutes I heard the report of three pistols fired in the direction. In a few minutes thereafter I started to meet another colored man, named Dick Bickett, (who went with me) for the purpose of carrying my child, in the direction of the depot. We had gone but a short distance when we met Fuller and party returning. Fuller then saw Bickett in the land and his own in the other. Fuller asked me where I was going. I said, to the depot. After I passed the party a few steps, I saw Bicket upon the ground, and, following the trail, I found the body of Sam, covered up with brush, but not sufficient to conceal the body. I came to Memphis next day on the cars, and came on the next train. I went to the residence of a colored woman, named Amanda Fuller who lived near Mr. J. M. Mulford's, on Mr. Neville's, with whom I lived before going to the farm of Fuller. I came there to Amanda's house the same night. The next morning I found a pack of cards, which belonged to Sam, on the window, stained with blood.

Fuller gave to Amanda a fancy belt, which I have seen to belong to Sam. About two days after I came to Memphis, Sam's wife came to inquire of me if I knew anything about her husband. Amanda had said that her husband was killed. I told her where I saw him, and she went to the place to find him. In conversation with her when she first came to inquire about her husband, Amanda, present, said, "I had told the man to tell her Sam's wife about it, but after I the left he was killed, got mad, and said that I ought did kill Sam, and would kill more. I replied to her that the affair might yet be reversed. Amanda then continued crying, saying that she was sorry she had helped to get Sam killed, or himself. Amanda told me that Fuller said that he had killed Sam; she was a witness, and had helped to get rid of him, saying that he would advise me as a friend not to come there again. I did I would get away.

Richard Warren sworn—Knows Mr. Fuller. Knows Sam. Knew him in the month of November, 1865. Saw Sam in company with Elizabeth Burns and a colored woman and child with him, and saw Fuller ride up on the depot to my house. Fuller said to Sam, "I have orders sent to me from Memphis that there was no negro allowed to carry a pistol." Sam said, "I have a pistol." Fuller said