MEMPHIS APPEAL.

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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1866.

☞ Gen. GRANT's late order in regard to the Press, is stated to extend North as well as South. There is quite as much need for it North as South, and its enforcement there will do much to quiet the country and restore harmony.

☞ The statement in a morning paper, a day or two ago, that Gen. STONEMAN had reported all the papers in Memphis disloyal except the *Post* and *Tribune*, was entirely without foundation. We attached no credence to the report, and refer to it now only to do justice to that excellent officer, and acknowledge his courtesy in promptly correcting the statement.

MR. STEPHENS' ADDRESS.

With the exception of WASHINGTON's Farewell Address, it has not been our privilege to lay before our readers anything so full of pure wisdom, so entirely imbued with unalloyed patriotism, so full of good suggestions for the adoption of our people, as the Address of ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS to the General Assembly of the State of Georgia on the 22d inst. There is not a sentence nor a sentiment in it that is not worthy of all acceptation, and which is not fruitful of good to this generation and to all coming generations. It should be printed in letters of gold, and its great and good lessons be inscribed on every heart. Read it and re-read it, and let your children ponder over it. It will be found on our first page.

A GOOD ORDER.

In another column will be found a very, excellent and timely Order, published by Gen. STONEMAN, from which we anticipate the very best results in the maintenance and preservation of order. A large number of pretended "soldiers" have already been arrested under it, and stripped of their uniforms. There is good reason to believe that many of the outrages committed lately by so-appearing rebel soldiers, were the work of discharged men. When they were mustered out, they were allowed by the Government to purchase and retain their uniform clothing and arms, and these squads of "soldiers" who have been breaking into and robbing stores and houses, most probably are discharged soldiers, or negroes who have obtained their uniforms and arms. Under this order all men found with uniforms who do not belong to the service, are arrested, and set to work on the fortifications. After some days service there, they are made to leave off their disguise, and turned loose. We imagine we shall hereafter hear less of outrages committed by "negro soldiers."

SYMPATHY WANING.

We find the following in the New York *Herald* of the 19th instant:

A meeting was held yesterday at the Cooper Union to raise funds for the support of the President's Bureau, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. Twenty-five or twenty persons only were present. There was not a small attendance, but the report of the Generals who had promised to be present from the audience.

How is this? We have found some other topic of excitement, or is the sympathy there for the freedmen growing cold? Time was when the announcement of such a lecture, from so distinguished a lecturer, would have crowded the building to its fullest capacity. We note the occurrence as one of the phases in the social history of our mercurial and excitable people. To-day they are wild with enthusiasm over some new-found idolatry. To-morrow they turn to another worship. We trust the small attendance on the General's lecture is an evidence that the negro hobby is about to be given over into the hands of sober-minded statesmanship. It has been an element of popular passion long enough.

RADICAL VITUPERATION.

In order to show that the President, when he was speaking of ANDREW JOHNSON to the people of Washington, did not go beyond a just retaliation upon his radical assailants, we need but to give a few specimens of the language and temper in which he has been assailed. Our readers have already had laid before them the violent denunciations of the leader, THAD. STEVENS. Here is a specimen from one of his followers, Mr. WILLIAMS, of Pennsylvania:

[illegible] Look to it that no traitor escapes. Let the President beware how he trifles with the patience of the people. See that no Traitor Judge, no Treasonable Jury escapes, not by quibble, technicality, or pardon. Let the President beware how he trifles. When these great criminals do receive their just doom, let the people, if need be, rise and hold the traitors, and with much increasing rigor and irrevocable severities as you only have at your command, to account.

And the Pittsburg *Gazette*, understood to be the local organ of this bellicose assailant of the President, thus echoes the war-cry:

Whatever doubts may have rested on the question of the extent of treason among the leaders and sympathizers of the President, there is no place for them any longer. The President sided with the Traitors of the rebellion. Henceforth there can be no mistake about his purpose. Thursday gave the country, and loyal men now as well as ever, to expectancy in the face, takes the lessons of the Copperhead Club Dinner, the conspiracy, and that other edict such measures as Congress may adopt to secure the fruits of the victory, will be treated as the President treats the Constitution—with contempt.

When here is WENDEL PHILLIPS, an eloquent leader, the WARWICK of the Radicals. Hear how he talks in his late harangue at Brooklyn. It will be seen he deals right and left, hitting Gen. HOWARD a blow as he passes on to his assault upon the President:

I say, without fear of contradiction, that the black population who have refused to work on Sundays, refused to work for him at the President's Bureau, believe in the Decalogue and believe God's law by compulsion, and not by man's law. I say, without fear of contradiction, that they obey it when they please, and they please to obey it when they please. Yet that they [illegible] when he pronounced him so; that he is an admirer to the white man's law and a violator of God's law, I say that black man is all wrong.

But we will see the Freedmen Bureau agrees to the theory of the South and of Gen. Howard. The contraband of Washington was fought against by the Democratic party. The Democratic party is today against Andrew Johnson; while the heads of the Democratic party, Pendleton, Vallandigham, Wood, Cox, Vallandigham, Wood, Cox, Pendleton, have shifted from the camp into the Northern party, it has shifted from the Democratic party, and great conservative Republicans [illegible] the party lines rather than [illegible] Johnson. Now, I say, we have [illegible] the difficulty is when they [illegible] the present road, the present road, [illegible] and [illegible] to where the Northern road, [illegible] the South. [illegible] the battle settled. [illegible] the South, [illegible] and [illegible] North settled [illegible] Congress and [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and