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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

BENJAMIN F. DILL.

To Whom all Letters should be Addressed.

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THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU BILL.

Owing to the great interest awakened in this measure by the President's veto, we append a copy of the bill as it originally passed the Senate, as follows:

SECTION 1. That there set to establish a Bureau for the relief of freedmen and refugees, approved March 3, 1865, shall continue in force and its duties, powers and jurisdiction, medical or otherwise, as he may deem needful for the relief of freedmen and refugees, and to supply destitute and suffering refugees and freedmen and their wives and children, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe.

Sec. 2. That the President be authorized to assign to refugees and freedmen, under the homestead or pre-emption laws, and lease apart of the public lands in Florida, Mississippi and Arkansas, not exceeding in all 1,000,000 of acres, upon such terms and conditions, and under the direction of the President, shall seem the most beneficial to the United States, and be assigned, in parcels not exceeding 40 acres to the head of any family, or single person, who shall be possessed in the use and enjoyment thereof six months from the time of such assignment, or so much of the same as the Commissioner and such refugees and freedmen, to whom it may be assigned, may agree upon as the land, to be ascertained in such a manner as the Commissioner may, under the direction of the President, shall cause the same to be surveyed, described, and set off, and at such term, or sooner if the Commissioner shall, upon thorough trial, be satisfied that such parcels so assigned may purchase the land and receive a title therefor, shall be entitled to receive in lieu upon paying therefor the value of the land, ascertained as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That the Commissioner, with the approval of the President, is empowered to make Gen. Sherman's special field order, dated at Savannah, January 16, 1865, merely construed in their possessions for the period of three years from the date of said order, and no persons shall be disturbed in or ousted from said possessions during said three years, unless a settlement shall be made with said persons and the owner, satisfactory to the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau.

SEC. 4. That the Commissioner shall, under the direction of the President, in person, in the name of the United States, be equal to purchase, such lands within the districts aforesaid, as may be required for refugees and freedmen dependent on the Government for support, and to make provision for their settlement upon such farms and schools. But no such purchase shall be made, nor subsisted for the same ordered, and no other expenditure shall be made after appropriations shall have been provided for the payment of the purchase of the lands set out, when payments for said lands shall be made and the Commissioner shall report such lands from time to time to be relieved, assigned and sold in the manner and form prescribed in the preceding section of this act, and that the said lands shall not be sold for less than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

SEC. 7. That whenever in any State or district in which her ordinary course of judicial proceedings has been interrupted by the rebellion, and wherein, in consequence of any State or local law, ordinance, police regulation, or custom, the civil rights or immunities belonging to white persons, including the right to make and enforce general contracts, to sue, to be parties and give evidence, to inherit, purchase, lease, sell, hold and convey real and personal property, and to have full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of person and estate, are refused or denied to negroes, mulattoes or freedmen or refugees, or any other person on account of race, color or any previous condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, or any law, ordinance, regulation, or custom, shall, in any State or district in which the ordinary course of judicial proceedings has been interrupted by the rebellion, subject or cause to be subjected any negro, mulattoe, freedman, refugee or other person, on account of race and color, or any previous condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, or any law, ordinance, regulation, or custom, shall be secured to white persons or to any other or different punishment than white persons are subject to for the commission of like acts or offenses, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment, not exceeding one year, or both, and it shall be the duty of the officers and agents of this Bureau to take cognizance of and hear and determine all offenses committed against the provisions of this section, and also of all cases affecting negroes, mulattoes, freedmen, refugees or other persons who are discriminated against in any of the particulars mentioned in the preceding section of this act, under such rules and regulations as the President through the War Department, shall prescribe. The jurisdiction conferred by this section, on the officers and agents of this Bureau, is in cases and during the continuance of the discrimination on account of which it is conferred cease, and in no event to be exercised in any State in which the ordinary course of judicial proceedings has not been interrupted by the rebellion, nor in any State after it shall have been fully restored in all its constitutional relations to the United States, and the courts of the United States within the same are not disturbed or stopped in the peaceable course of justice.

The House added to the above three amendments, one of which it afterward receded, of the two which were adopted by the Senate and thus became a part of the bill, one was to the effect that no person shall be deemed destitute, suffering or dependent upon the Government, who, being able to find employment, could by proper industry and exertion avoid such destitution, suffering and dependence; and the other added to the bill a new section, viz:

Provided, that whenever the former owners of lands occupied under Gen. Sherman's field order shall make application for restoration of possession, the Commissioner is hereby authorized, upon agreement and with the written consent of said occupants, to secure other lands for them, if they desire it, in exchange, upon terms for such occupant, or to set apart for them, out of the public lands, lands fit for the purpose in sections four of this bill, forty acres each, upon the terms and conditions named in said section.

THE LATE MOB IN KNOXVILLE—ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE AFFAIR.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* furnishes that paper the following account of the late mob in Knoxville:

About two months ago, Gen. A. C. Gillem, commanding the District of East Tennessee, sent to this place two companies of colored soldiers, of the sixteenth United States colored infantry, commanded by Capt. William J. Abdill, to help Capt. Wainwright in the removal of the Government stores that had accumulated here, to the Post of Chattanooga, to be disposed of. The men were sent here without ammunition, in compliance with an order previously issued. The men had, however, a few rounds, not over seventy-five rounds in the two companies.

Everything went bravely on until the fourteenth of February, when there was a sale of Government property, and a large number present from both town and country. Each person, after buying anything, was given a pass to enter the sales room and obtain the articles purchased. Before the door of this room was placed a guard—private Alvin Brady, company C, 16th United States colored infantry, with instructions to let a certain number of persons in at one time, but no more.

A Mr. Dyer, late Lieutenant Colonel of the 1st Tennessee United States Cavalry, made some purchases and secured the proper papers to enter the building, but arrived at the door in company with another person, who was allowed to enter, when Dyer was hailed by the sentinel and told that he could not pass yet. Dyer told the sentinel that he had permission to enter, and did not halt as the guard had directed, when the guard brought the gun down before him. At the moment that the guard did this, Dyer stepped back and thrust his hand under his coat; at this the guard stepped back and fired, killing Dyer instantly.

Capt. Abdill ordered the guard to be arrest at once, and had him sent to Capt. Wainwright's headquarters. Soon after the transaction it was seen that there was a mob gathering in the streets. They soon presented themselves to Capt. Abdill, with a request for the nigger that shot Dyer. The Captain informed them that he was under arrest, and that he had sent him to the corral, where the rest of the soldiers were quartered, and that he would not give him to the mob; that if the soldier had committed any crime he should be punished by court-martial, as there was one in session at Chattanooga, and he would have him immediately sent there for trial.

Upon this announcement, the mob seized Captain Abdill, and told him unless he produced the nigger immediately, they would hang him. The Captain tried to reason with them, but they would hear nothing from him, and brandished knives and pistols, and called him everything they could think of, and time and again, holding pistols already cocked against his head, told him that they would shoot the brains out of the "low-lived nigger officer."

The Captain finally concluded that he was in their power, and so he went to the corral, with a man hold of each arm, and a number of pistols cocked and pointing at him, for fear, should he make a move to get away, that they might instantly kill him. When they arrived at the corral, the soldier saw the mob, and broke guard and ran, but a portion of the mob pursued and shot him three times, the soldier falling at the third shot. They then seized him, put a rope around his neck, and dragged him to the building occupied by the Freedmen's Bureau, and breaking the glass out over the door, hung him up there; but the rope broke and the nigger fell to the ground, and, coming to, started and ran, but was soon overtaken, and then was hung on a tree in the front yard of the building occupied by Capt. Wainwright and Capt. Abdill. He was stripped of his clothing, and was hacked with knives. Then they placed a board upon his head; the following is a copy:

"This is to show to the Freedmen's Bureau, and to the nigger officers, and to the niggers, what loyal East Tennessees think of them, and whether they will be rule over."

The mob entered the house of Captain Abdill and before his wife and little girls, used the worst oaths they could utter, and all the obscene language they could lay their tongues to.

Quite a large number of the civil officers were leaders in the mob.

THE THEORY OF VACCINATION.

Alexander Tweedie, in his "System of Practical Medicine," thus discourses on the subject of vaccination:

"It would lead us into too wide a field to review all the observations and different views that have taken regarding the modus operandi of vaccination. Some writers have strongly pressed and steadily adhered to the notion, that cow-pock and small-pox were identical in their nature, and that vaccination was only a milder form of inoculated small-pox. This opinion has received much, and justifiable countenance from the recent experiments of Mr. Ceely, at Aylesbury, who succeeded in producing small-pox, inoculated with various matter, and that in passing through the body of the animal, the matter is converted into cow-pox, and that, although it be admitted that cow-pox and small-pox are identical, yet the fact remains that we know that they are identical diseases and exerting the same influence on the particular effects of the latter, are undoubtedly different. The general inflammation is different, and the constitutional influence which follows, which is to be considered as urging regarding their utter inadmissibility, is still in an active state. The National Vaccine Establishment has also, on several occasions, received their stock of lymph with advantage. In France, a new variety of vaccine lymph, obtained from the dairies of Passy, near Paris, and called Passy lymph, was brought into use in 1836, and is considered as very active and efficacious. In 1836, Mr. Ralim, of Bristol, opened a new source of lymph from a cow in Gloucestershire, which had been found very energetic, and is now employed in many parts of England in preference to the lymph of the National Vaccine Establishment.

2. Immunities. By many of the physicians of Germany, the opinion is entertained, and is especially important in its effects, nor less widely extended than the inoculation itself. The authorities in Paris, on the other hand, have reported to the French Government against the necessity of revaccination, and there is really some difficulty in deciding on the actual merits of the question. It is certain that few, if any, of the twenty revaccinated have taken, under the influence of small pox, but the time which has elapsed since the operation, and the same measure from the value of such a statement. The practice may be recommended for the safety, since it is the only means we possess of ensuring an accurate day. We have sufficient facts before us to state with confidence that it need only be performed once during the period of life, and that the age best fitted for it is from the period of puberty to that of confirmed manhood.

Mock Auctions.

Severe justice has at last overtaken one of the tribe of "mock auctioneers" with which several of our cities have been so long afflicted. On Thursday, Judge Barnard, of New York, sentenced one of them to two years and six months' imprisonment, and this sentence was demanded by the court to be an example, just as he had set similar examples in punishing burglars, incendiaries, pickpockets, garroters and others.

The individual had sold an inexperienced stranger a very valuable lot of goods at one of his swindling sales, and had defrauded her out of $1,000. The profession was denounced as one of impurity and constant imposture, living thriving and prospering on deception.

No one who understands the character of such establishments will think the language too strong, or that the court imposed too severe a sentence. The prisoner, who had passed through long years of such business with impunity, seemed to be thunderstruck when his fate was announced.

☞ A mother who was in the habit of asking her children, before they retired at night, what they had done to make others happy, found her two twin-daughters silent. The question was repeated. "I can remember nothing good all this day, dear mother; only one of my schoolmates was happier because she had gained the head of the class, and I smiled on her, and ran to kiss her; so she said I was good. That is all, dear mother." The other spoke slowly and sadly, "A little girl, whose at with me on the beach at school, has lost a little brother. I saw that, while she studied her lesson, she hid her face in her book and wept. I felt sorry, and laid my face on the same book and wept with her. Then she looked up and was comforted, and put her arms around my neck, but I do not know why she said I had done her good." "Come to my arms, my darling!" said the mother; "to rejoice with those that rejoice, and weep with those that weep, is to obey our blessed Redeemer!"

DUMBFOUNDED.—A special from Washington to the St. Louis *Radical Democrat*, relates:

"The recent change of front made by the President has placed the Government employes, heretofore known as Union men, on their good behavior. At first, however, in common with loyal men everywhere, they felt and expressed much indignation; but friends high in authority advised strict reticence as regards political powers, else the guillotine might be put into operation, therefore a majority now have no opinion to express on the subject now agitating the country. This reticence is in part due to the fact that about a dozen or more clerks in the Quartermaster General's office have already been summarily dismissed for uttering, in the heat of excitement, expressions considered disrespectful towards the Chief Magistrate.

☞ The question of the admission of a lawyer to practice before the Supreme Court who cannot take the test oath, is set for trial on the 5th of this month.

☞ The peach crop in Central Indiana is pretty generally destroyed.

FROM MEXICO VIA HAVANA.

Our files of the *Diario de la Marina*, reaching to the 18th ult., bring us news from the city of Mexico to the 8th, brought to Havana by the French steam packet Louisiana.

On the 4th D. Carlos Garcia Cano, who had been tried and sentenced to death for revolt, was executed.

The Baron Magnus, Minister from Prussia, had arrived.

It is stated on the 6th that the French forces at San Luis were to have started the day before for Saltillo, under the command of Gen. Douay. This means, we presume, to march on to Monterey, and thence co-operate with Gen. Mejia.

Defeat of Regules.

An official dispatch from the Imperialist Mexican Gen. Mendez, dated at midnight, 28th January, claims that at 2 o'clock that day, after five hours of close combat at the Cerro of San Ignacio, in Michoacan, he had, with 400 infantry and 300 cavalry, defeated 3,000 men comprising the force of Regules, taking from 600 to 700 prisoners, all their ammunition, transportation and arms, and dispersing the rest of them.

The other Mendez.

From about Tampico, Ciudad Victoria, etc., we have accounts of the successes of the Republican Mendez.

He has had full sway in all the country back of Tampico, ever since Ciudad Victoria was abandoned by the Imperial troops, and "robberies, assassinations and disasters," are the sole headings of the news of *El Iris*, the official paper at Tampico, of the 27th ult. With 600 men he robbed a train with $300,000 worth of valuables, on its way to Tula.

On all the haciendas and ranches, constant robberies and violences take place, and one of his captains, Pedro Blanco by name, actually hung a whole family, consisting of the father, mother, and a child of four years.

The *Extoffete* also adds that, after his success with the wagon trains, Mendez went to Tula, which was without a garrison, and committed the many terrible outrages. His hand is composed in part of negroes from the frontier.

From Sinaola and Sonora.

The town of Alamos had been taken from the Imperialists, under Almada, by Toledo, Martinez and Correa, after six hours fighting. The place was sacked, many of the inhabitants killed and women violated.

Trade was altogether ruined in Sinaola.

Corona, to whom Patoni had united himself with 600 men, had now 2,000, and hovers around Mazatlan, attacking all the detachments which go out from there. He has a band of 100 North Americans, who go plundering whoever they please on their own account.

On the other hand, at Nacori, in Sonora, a great triumph had been achieved by D. Francisco A. Gandara, Sub-Prefect of the District of Magdalena.

One Secret of Long Life.

—In Germany is buried one, Dr. Julius Fleischweiler, recently died at the age of one hundred and nine years. In his will he left the following statement: "That his great age is entirely to be ascribed to his constant habit of sleeping with his head towards the North, and the rest of his body in a direction coinciding as closely as possible with that of the meridian—that is, with his feet to the South. From persisting in this habit the learned doctor considered that the iron contained in our blood, which itself in the direction of the magnetic currents which are constantly flowing over the surface of the globe towards the North pole, becomes magnetized, and thus increases the energy of the vital principle. This may appear fanciful to some people, and may not be strictly true to the extent the doctor puts it, but there is a great deal in the subject of human magnetism and polarity worthy of the attention of scientific men.

☞ Some wag, who ought to be condemned to read the speeches of Sumner and Stevens from beginning to end, lately sent to the President a copy of a medieval placard, lettered, "Shaved and Constitutions restored. Use Helmbold's Buchu." The barbarism wrote in pencil on the margin, "Try it, Andy, on the present Constitution."

☞ The Louisville *Journal* advocates the organization of a new party, with patriotism as its basis and support of Andrew Johnson as its practice.

PROFESSIONAL.

William H. Morgan,
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—AND—
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REFERENCES: H. T. Tomlinson, F. Salzenstein, B. A. Winston. feb 16m

Thomas D. Eldridge,
Attorney at Law, Conveyancer, etc.
Office, Southwest Corner Court Square,
feb 1m Next to Dr. Hopkins' Office.

DR. J. R. ALLEN
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Office 275 Symphonia 71 Union Street. feb 1m

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Late of St. Louis, Mo. Memphis, Tenn.
Hart & Carmack,
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ONE Splendid COTTAGE BUILDING, on Union street—8 rooms, all new; and can be purchased cheap—$8000—one-half cash.
Vance Street.
ONE BRICK HOUSE, with six rooms, on Vance street.
LOT, 36 feet by 85. $450; $200 cash; six and twelve months.
BRICK COTTAGE, on Vance street—5 rooms, out houses and lot. Terms, $2500 cash.
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One Two-story NEW FRAME HOUSE—six rooms, out houses, fine cistern; in a desirable position, near Mrs. Talbot's residence—$1,600—one-half cash; 6 and 12 months.
Main Street.
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One two-story FRAME HOUSE, for two tenements, front Vauxhall.
LOT, 60 by 100 feet. Terms, $12,000—one-fourth cash; 8 and 12 months.
☞ Inquire on premises.
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City Residence,
Front on Wellington street. Good house—five rooms, out house, fine evergreens in the yard. Price, $2500—one-half cash; balance in one year. $2750 all cash.
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Tackle Blocks, Horse Shoes, Boat Spikes,
FRENCH WINDOW GLASS,
GARDEN SEEDS,
Feed Cutters, Belting & Packing
Horse Powers
Reaping, Mowing and Threshing
MACHINES,
And everything pertaining to the
Hardware and Agricultural Trade.
At Their Old Stand,
No. 312 FRONT STREET,
Corner Monroe,
nov9 1m MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

S. W. MONTGOMERY,
(Successor to Montgomery & Brock, Louisville, Ky., and Chicago, Ill.)
Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Bourbon, Rye, Monongahela,
RECTIFIED WHISKY,
DOMESTIC WINES,
Brandies, Gins, Etc., Etc.
No. 12 South Water Street,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
I respectfully invite the attention of dealers. Our market for High Wines is universally lower than any other in the country by which Demijohns Liquor and common Whisky controlled. My goods are equal in quality to any sold in the country. Orders by mail or otherwise will have prompt attention. feb1 1m

Copartnership.
WE have associated with us, Wm. M. Brooks, (late associate with Hall & Co.), dating from 1st November, ult. The style of our firm will hereafter be Gates, Wood & Co. The style of the old firm will be used by either partners of the present, only in liquidation.
1, November 1, 1865. GATES & WOOD.
S. M. GATES. A. E. WOOD. WM. M. BROOKS.
Gates, Wood & Co.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 204 Front Street, Up Stairs.
feb9 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

BANKING.
JAMES TAIT & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
Dealers in
SPECIE, BANK NOTES, EXCHANGE ETC.
Prompt attention given to Collections.
No. 50 St. Francis St., MOBILE, ALA.
JAMES TAIT, SAMUEL LYONS. feb16 1y

GUAYOSO
SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
Banking House, 19 Madison St.
This Institution, organized in 1858, continues to transact a
General Exchange & Banking Business.
Will Receive Deposits, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money. Sell Exchange on cities to suit purchasers, on London and all the leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible points South and West.
JOHN G. FLANNIGAN, President.
E. M. AVERY, Cashier. jan1 3m

MERCHANTS'
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 9 Jefferson Street.
Paid in Capital, - - - - - $250,000
Authorized Capital, - - $1,000,000
OFFICERS:
W. H. CHERRY, - - - - President.
A. T. LACEY. - - - - Vice-President.
R. C. DANIEL, - - - - - - Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
AMOS WOODRUFF, President Memphis and Ohio Railroad.
Capt. C. H. CHURCH.
R. HOUGH, U. S. Collector Internal Revenue.
A. J. WHITE, of A. J. White & Co.
JNO. L. TAYLOR, of Taylor, McEven, Duke & Co.
THOS. R. SMITH, of Pitser Miller & Co.
J. H. WAGGONER, of J. H. Waggoner & Co.
H. A. PARTEE, Commission Merchant.
Dr. JOHN W. SMITH.
H. T. TOMLINSON, Insurance Agent.
JAS. E. MERRIMAN, of Jas. E. Merriman & Co.
W. H. CHERRY.
A. E. LACEY, of Lacey & McGhee.
THIS Bank will Buy and Sell Exchange on all points, North and South, and deal in all kinds of State and United States Securities; and in addition to a General Exchange and Deposit business, has opened a
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT,
in which Deposits of ONE DOLLAR, and greater sums will be received, and draw interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, when the sums remain three months or longer. jan1 1m

FRANKLIN
INSURANCE COMPANY,
—OF—
Memphis, Tennessee,
(Chartered by the State of Tennessee in 1860,)
still continues to transact solely a
GENERAL BANKING
—AND—
EXCHANGE BUSINESS,
At the Corner of
Front and Jefferson Streets,
Place formerly occupied by Commercial Bank
Sight Drafts for Sale in Sums to Suit, on all the principal cities in the United States.
Collections Promptly Attended To.
Our facilities are unsurpassed in this department, having prompt and reliable correspondents and hourly all the cities in the Western District of Tennessee, North Mississippi, Western and Interior Alabama, affording the ready opportunity for the collection of commercial paper, possessed by but few, if any.
Our connections in Europe, those who may entrust business to our care, may rely on the best attention to their interests.
Officers:
S. D. MCCLURE, President.
JNO. A. NOLAN, Secretary.
N. S. WHITE, Treasurer.
Directors:
J. J. Rawlings, firm of J. J. Rawlings & Co.
S. D. McClure.
M. L. Sorry, firm of Irwin, Sorry & Co.
Jno. J. Toole.
Newton Ford, firm of Newton, Ford & Co.
W. R. Galbreath, Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
H. Cary, Esq. jan1-1m

NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Successor to Cameron & Cary, Bankers,
Offices, No. 12 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
JOHN F. CAMERON, : : President.
HUNSDEN CARY, : : : Secretary.
DEALERS IN
GOLD, SILVER & UNCURRENT
MONEY.
Buys and Sells Exchange on New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis & N. Orleans.
Pays Interest at the rate of Six per cent. per annum on
Deposits Remaining Three Months or More.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS
From Twenty-Five Cts. & Upwards.
Superior Inducements Offered to Laboring Classes, to Special Attention will be paid to the class of depositors. jan1 3m.

HUGH B. M'CAULEY, JOHN GEORGE
Late of McCauley, Bro. & Brewster. Late of Aldridge & Co.
Young, Moore & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS
—OF—
Hosiery, Gloves, White Goods,
Furnishing Goods, Notions, etc.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Particular attention paid to the filling of orders. jan5 3m

City Stables.
No. 61 Monroe & 323 Third Sts.
HORSES AND BUGGIES FOR HIRE.
HORSES & MULES ON HAND FOR SALE.
Auction sale of Stock, Wagons, etc., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS. Having leased the above stables, I will be pleased to have my friends call and see me. I have associated with myself in business D. D. Dunnikes, lately of Vicksburg, under the firm name of DUNKES & KELLOGG. Frank Hyde will also be on hand to wait on his friends.
feb9-1m GEORGE KELLOGG.

Cotton Seed! Cotton Seed!
5000 BUSHELS
Choice New Cotton Seed.
In order to close up a partnership account, we will sell the above named quantity of strictly prime new seed for the next fifteen days at sixty-five cents per bushel.
BEAUMONT, HAMILTON & CO.,
feb24-2w No. 300 Front Row, 2d floor.

Notice of Dissolution.
THE partnership which heretofore existed between the undersigned and John B. Hightower, under the name of J. B. RANDLE & CO., was dissolved by the death of said Hightower, on the 23d instant. The unsettled business of said firm will be closed by the undersigned; and those indebted to said firm, or having claims against it, are notified to come forward immediately for settlement.
The undersigned will continue business at the Chickasaw Iron Foundry and Machine shop, southwest corner of Second and Winchester streets, Memphis, Tenn.
J. B. RANDLE,
J. WILSON HEATH.
February 28, 1866—mar1 3t.

LOOK OUT FOR THE BIG GUN!
WM. SCHNEIDER,
PRACTICAL GUN SMITH,
No. 199 Main St., (up stairs) cor. Washington,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch. ja14-3m

Attention, Everybody!
I AM now prepared to supply every one wishing to ride, with fine top buggies, open buggies, light fashionable rockaways, carriages and spring wagons. All sorts of repairing done at the shortest notice, on the corner of Third and Washington streets, by
feb16 1m A. P. MORGAN.

GROCERIES.
JNO. J. ROE & CO.'S,
SUGAR CURED HAMS,
CANVASSED AND UNCANVASSED.
To the Trade.
We are Agents for the sale of these celebrated Sugar Cured Hams, and keep a large supply constantly on hand.
STRATTON, GOYER & CO.
feb27 1m
JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE LOW FOR CASH!
200 Bbls Mess Pork and Beef.
50 Casks Bacon—Clear Sides.
50 Bbls and half bbls White Fish.
50 Bbls Texas Pecans.
50 Boxes Sicily Lemons.
40 Casks, Quarts and Pts., "W. Younger & Co.'s" strong Ale.
20 Casks, Quarts and Pts., "W. Younger & Co.'s" Brown Stout.
10 Bbls Bourbon Whisky (4 years old.)
7 Bbls Robertson do
Also, our Own Importations of:
100 Baskets, Qts. and Pts., "Piper Heidsick" Champagne.
50 Boxes, Qts. and Pts., "Chas. Farre Hillery" Champagne.
50 Boxes, Qts. and Pts., "De St. Marceaux" Champagne.
50 Boxes, Qts. and Pts., Olive Oil.
100 Cases ½ and ¼ Sardines.
100 Cases Claret, various brands.
24 Casks, Qts. and Pts., "Robt. Younger & Son's" Sparkling Ale.
25 Pipes "Duque Sancho" Table Sherry.
5 Pipes Old Port Wine.
2 Pipes "J. Denis Henry Mounie & Co.'s Cognac, 1858."
1 Pipe "Pinet Castillon & Co.," do 1860.
10 Pipes "La Rochelle United Proprietors," Cognac, 1864.
50,000 Havana Segars, various brands.
Besides a full assortment of Goods usually found in our line, warranted fresh.
J. E. FRANK & CO.,