THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.–NUMBER 98

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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September, 1867. sed

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The land lies on both sides of the railroad, up to Elliott's Station, and affords eligible site for Mercantile and Manufacturing establishments. It has an abundance of fine timber, needed by the railroads; more than enough to pay the price of the whole tract. It is all level, and susceptible of divisions to suit any purposes. Has 150 acres cleared and under good fence, also a comfortable family residence with good outhouses, barns and stables—large, and the best gin, screw and cotton press—all new, in the same county. The improvements cost within the last three years $8000. Mr. Elliott desires to sell before the first of January next, and has a strong inducement to offer—he has land at ten dollars per acre, in United States Currency, for which he refused thirty dollars per acre in 1861. Time will be given, if desired, upon half the price upon fair terms. Sale must be made soon or not at all. Title of the highest grade. Refer to

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CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 15 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS.

nov21 1m

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Having removed from my old store, No. 341, to

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thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of bargains. sel

Trust Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to the undersigned by Gabriel Chase, on the 1st day of November, 1864, and registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book No. 32, pages 214, 215 and 216, to secure a certain note as therein described, I will, on the

Seventeenth day of December, 1867,

Between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 2 p.m., at the southwest corner of Court Square, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, a certain tract of land containing 51½ acres, situate in Shelby county, Tennessee, and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of a 200 acre grant of the State of Tennessee, to Charles D. McLean, thence south 89 deg. west 101 poles 16 links to a stake, gum, oak and hickory pointers in the south boundary, thence north 1 deg. west 80 poles 4 links to a stake, two gums and dogwood pointers, thence north 89 deg. east 102 poles to a stake in the east boundary, white oak pointers, thence south 1 deg. east 80 poles and 5 links to the beginning—the same being sub-division No. 2 of J. H. Saleeby's survey of said tract.

The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I will convey only as trustee.

Ayres & Randolph, Attorneys.

November 15, 1867. nov15 tds

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

A GOVERNOR THAT CANNOT VOTE.

An Ex-Senator Elect Indicted.

ISAAC MURPHY was a Delegate, in 1860 and 1861, to the Convention held at Little Rock, by which the Ordinance of Secession was adopted. In voting for Delegates, the people had also voted on the question of seceding, and nine-tenths of the counties, including MURPHY's, had voted against it. But upon the issuance of LINCOLN's Proclamation, declaring war against the Southern States, the Convention re-assembled, and by every vote but one adopted the Ordinance, and afterwards united the State with those already confederated and at war against the United States. MURPHY, a weak, silly and unnoticeable man, of neither capacity nor acquirements, obstinate, as weak men often are, voted against the Ordinance, to show his consistency, and then remained in the Convention until it finally adjourned, voting for every measure by which the State was prepared for resistance and aggression against the United States; one of the first of these being to raise a regiment and arm and equip it, and the offer of it to the Confederate States, of which Arkansas afterwards became one with the help of his vote.

How he became a Union man, after the adjournment and previously to the year 1864, we do not know; but, because he voted against the Ordinance of Secession, President LINCOLN appointed him Governor of Arkansas, when the State was about to be reconstructed by a tenth part or more of its white population, after the occupation of Little Rock by the Federal forces: and when the bogus Convention, composed in large measure of men self-appointed and of those whose very existence and names were then for the first time made known to the people of the State, had manufactured what has since been enforced as the Constitution of the State, ISAAC MURPHY was elected Governor of the State by the United States troops and the fraction of the people who voted; and under that election he is Governor yet.

Of course the 'Governor' proposed to vote under the Reconstruction Acts. He applied for registration, and his name was marked D (doubtful). He presented himself at the polls, a few weeks since, and his vote was rejected. Phaney his phelinks!

FISHBACK, in 1860 a recent importation into Arkansas, was a Delegate to the Convention from Sebastian county, and voted *for* the Ordinance of Secession. The bogus Legislature, in 1864, elected him to the Senate of the United States. Arkansas was not considered sufficiently well reconstructed for him and his colleague to be admitted to the companionship of WADE and SUMNER, and he was constrained

"to blush unseen,
And waste his sweetness on the desert air."

We understand that he is now under indictment in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Arkansas, for perjury, in taking the oath prescribed by Act of Congress to qualify him to hold some office (Commissioner in bankruptcy, perhaps) with which it was lately attempted to reward his fidelity and consistency as a Union man of the first water.

Some special legislation by Congress is needed, for the relief of these two patriots. It is easy to *qualify* MURPHY to vote: and, as there are others, elsewhere, in like condition with FISHBACK, we suggest to Congress the passage of a special Act of grace and immunity for the relief of all such persons, being good Union men, as have improvidently taken the oath prescribed for persons appointed to office.

CONDENSED DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE, BY H. CLAY KING, ESQ.

JACKSON, NOVEMBER TERM.

Lyons vs. Mason. From Memphis Chancery

The plaintiff sued out a general attachment against the defendant and levied the same on the steamboat Southern; it as the property of the defendant. The defendant filed a plea in abatement, averring that he was a citizen and resident of Tennessee, denying the grounds of the attachment generally, and averring specially that the steamboat Southerner, his property, was engaged in commerce and trade between the ports of Memphis and New Orleans, making regular trips between said ports; that said boat was about leaving the port of Memphis for the port of New Orleans, but to return again to the home port, in the usual course of trade. The plaintiff demurred to the plea.

Held: That although the attachment laws of this State are to be liberally construed in favor of creditors, it is equally true that public policy requires that commerce and trade are to be favored, and that sending a vessel belonging to a port in this State beyond the limits of the State to return in the usual course of trade, is not such a removal of property out of this State as will authorize an attachment under the attachment laws of Tennessee.

Anderson vs. Bedford, Admr of Kinney. From Memphis Chancery.

In May, 1858, plaintiff Anderson filed his bill against Bedford, as administrator of Kinney, who died in 1857, to hold defendant to an account for the agency of Kinney in his lifetime, in the management of lands and negroes belonging to plaintiff. Defendant qualified as administrator 1st Monday of November, 1857. In May, 1860, there was an interlocutory decree of right of recovery. On the 5th of February, 1861, on motion of the defendant the bill was dismissed for champerty appearing in the proof; but without prejudice. On the 23d of March, 1861, this bill was filed by plaintiff and wife, seeking a recovery, as in the former bill. To this bill there was a demurrer, interposing the statute of limitation, and want of equity, and of right to recover.

Held: 1. The Code does not apply to the case, under section 44, because the cause of action accrued prior to October 1, 1858.

2. This bill being filed more than three years after the qualification of the administrator, is barred by the act of 1789, ch. 23, sec. 4. This act, as well as the act of 1715, ch. 48, stand alone and unconnected with the general statute of limitation. The act of 1715 makes no exception in favor of any person under disability. The act of 1789 contains exceptions only in favor of infants, *femes covert*, and persons *non compotes mentis*. The act of 1715, ch. 27, sec. 6, and 1819, ch. 28, sec. 3, make provisions for the bringing of a new suit, which saves the bar in only three cases, viz: 1. Where judgment for the plaintiff has been reversed for error. 2. Where judgment has been arrested. 3. Where the defendant cannot be served with process. In all these cases the new suit must be brought within one year. But these provisions are not contained in the act of 1715, ch. 48, nor in the act of 1789, ch. 23. The Code incorporates into the exceptions contained in sec. 6 of act of 1715, and sec. 3 of the act of 1819, and none others, into sections 2754 and 2755 in relation to the limitations of actions. But the Code does not apply to this case. The case must be governed by the act of 1789, ch. 23, standing alone.

3. But if the case had fallen within the provisions of the other acts alluded to, the plaintiff has not brought himself within the saving of the exceptions—it being true that a nonsuit, or dismissal of bill by a party, or the court, or the failure of the action because in the wrong forum, or when the suit was defeated by the acts and devices of the defendant, is not within the letter or equity of these acts. And, now it is equally true that the dismissal of an action caused by the wrongful act, such as champerty, or the laches of the plaintiff, does not come within the letter or spirit of those provisions preventing the bar of the statute and allowing a new suit. But it has been held that an abatement of a suit by reason of death of the plaintiff, being an act of God, does come within the spirit of the exceptions, 1 Hum. 46.

4. There being a plea of the statute of limitations filed in this cause—which it is contended by the defendant's counsel overruled the demurrer in the cause—it is further held: That although as a general rule the filing of a plea overrules the demurrer, yet the plea not being sworn to, and the same being a highly technical defence, the Chancellor did right in treating it as a nullity, and as the statute prohibits a reversal in this court except upon the merits, the plea will be disregarded here. Decree below affirmed.

Miller vs. Morrow. From Hardeman Chancery. On motion to file petition for rehearing.

Held: That the present is a continuation of the April term, 1867, of the Supreme Court at Jackson, under sec. 4511, Code, notwithstanding the intervention of the Knoxville session since the sitting of this court at Jackson, in April, 1867.

—Richard O'Gorman, Sr., the well-known Irish patriot, died recently near Dublin, aged 86.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

—Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, is expected to visit Nashville towards the close of this month, in compliance with an invitation of the Democracy of that city.

—A foreign correspondent of the *Southern Churchman*, says: "The American Bishops, on the whole, made a favorable impression on the people of England—Quintard, of Tennessee, especially, although he would be shy and chary in opposing Ritualism. He delivered a thrilling address at the Church Congress held at Wolverhampton, a few weeks ago. The Bishop of Iowa addressed a letter to Bishop Tait, of London, through the *Times*, before he left, on the subject of the Ritual mania. It did not elicit much attention.

—It is proposed by the Southern Republicans now in Washington, friendly to Chief Justice Chase, to hold a Southern Radical Convention there on the 22d of February, to bring forward the name of Mr. Chase as the candidate for President.

—Jefferson Davis left Canada on Tuesday, and, to avoid attracting attention in New York, went on board the steamship Albermarle, at her sailing hour, 9 o'clock Wednesday night. He was unaccompanied by any one. On his arrival at Richmond he took a coach and drove to the residence of Judge Ould. No one expected his arrival, not even his counsel, who deny the report that they have any intention of resisting a trial before Judge Underwood. Mr. Davis is in excellent health and quite cheerful. Many friends are calling on him to-night.

—Weston, after his failure to make the hundred miles on Saturday, the 16th inst., took a seven hours' sleep at Conneaut, Ohio, and at 1:30 o'clock on Sunday morning was again on the tramp, as blithe and fresh as ever, which is pretty good evidence that he could have made the hundred miles the day before, had himself and backers been so minded. At 9½ he was at Geneva, where he took a breakfast that "would have surfeited an alderman." At 1 p.m. he reached Painesville, and dined, having made forty-two miles, and read his letters and the morning papers while walking. At midnight of Sunday the pedestrian reached the Kennard House in Cleveland, having accomplished seventy miles. The excitement in Cleveland was extraordinary. His route through the streets was densely thronged, and sixty policemen were detailed to keep the way clear. They closed around Weston, leaving him in a hollow square, and by that means kept back the multitude.

—There was something of a sensation created on the 22d, at Washington City, by the prevalence of a story that Representative Woodbridge, of Vermont, had reversed his position on the impeachment question, and had signed the report of the Judiciary Committee in favor of the impeachment of the President, thereby converting the minority into a majority of the Committee. It was precipitated on the New York market to-day, and the brokers have been freely telegraphing, inquiring into the truth of the story. So far as can be ascertained, no such change has been made, but the committee decline to furnish any information until the official report is presented on Monday next. In the meantime, little or no credence should be attached to any of the prevailing rumors regarding it.

—The Secretary of the Treasury will, on Monday, send to the Senate a reply to the resolution calling upon him for any facts or reports in the possession of the Department on the subject of the repeal of the cotton tax, and will inclose a report from Commissioner Wells in favor of the repeal.

—It is understood that the new fifteen cent denomination of fractional currency is now ready to be issued, but that the delay is occasioned by a desire to know the opinion of Congress on the subject of issuing it. It seems that so far all the members who have been conversed with in that regard are favorable to the new denomination.

—A number of leading Senators are in favor of the adjournment of both Houses on Monday next, until the 23d of December. The presentation of the impeachment report in the House, however, will keep that body in session several days next week.

—Representative Eliot, of Massachusetts, who was the Chairman of the Special Committee on Freedmen, will introduce a resolution in a few days to ascertain whether any reasons exist why the Freedmen's Bureau should not be continued beyond the time limited by law, and to send for persons and papers.

—Gen. Grant will soon submit to Congress the report of Maj. Whittlesey, who was detailed last spring to visit the leading Colleges of the country, with the view to suggesting a plan for the introduction of military instruction. The plan proposed contemplates a Bureau of Military Education in the War Department, under the charge of a Director-General, with the rank and pay of a Brigadier General. State Legislatures are to designate Colleges in which the plan may be carried out, and to each of these the President is to appoint two Military Professors. Students who pursue military studies are to have books and camp equipage furnished free. A limited number of college graduates, showing the greatest proficiency in military studies, are to have their names published in the *Army Register*, and one graduate per year from each college will be commissioned as Second Lieutenant in the army, on the same footing with West Point graduates.

—The meteors fell in such profusion in Leavenworth on the 16th, that the deck hands on board the steamer Hensley became frightened; and, falling upon their knees, called upon God for mercy, satisfied as they were, that the day of judgment was at hand.

—The first sale of Confederate property in charge of the Freedmen's Bureau, will take place at Augusta on the 3d of next month, when certain machine works and Clay City lots will be sold for the benefit of the schools.

—The feeling in the House, especially among western members, is very strong against any farther contraction, and several resolutions are ready for introduction on Monday, attacking any power of the Secretary to contract four millions per month. Such a resolution, it is thought, will pass the House by a large majority, but it is not expected that it can be got beyond the Senate Finance Committee after McCulloch's report has been read.

—A serious disturbance has occurred between the blacks at Falmouth, Island of Jamaica, on the Northside, and the soldiers and new police. The blacks are on trial. This is the first measure of the government towards establishing a military force. The scheme of emigration from the Southern States of the United States has been sustained, and Gov. Graham is confident a subsidy to the New Orleans line of steamers will be given.

A correspondent of the Portland (Me.) *Argus*, writing from Sweden in that State, tells the following disgraceful story:

A man living in this town has just committed an act that deserves the censure of the public as it has already reared that of his neighbors. He has formally contracted with his brother to take out, of his way his aged and invalid wife and support, clothe and bury her for $1000. She has been a hard working and faithful wife and has raised a large family of children, who have never felt what it was to be disgraced till now. One of them a man of twenty years and upward, cried like a child when he heard of the affair. He had offered to support her himself if the old man would give him the farm to do it with, which was refused. And now this man sends his wife from home, where "she has outlived her usefulness," to die among strangers! He has not even the excuse of poverty to plead, for he is accounted the richest man in town.

A Paris letter says: "The Prince of Wales has become quite an animal; he looks like Henry VIII, and acts like George IV. But we Americans must not say one word even against him. How did he act at the Exposition towards our poor little humble department! You must know that in that monster house the world is represented. Nearly every nation has a cafe; for it is too far out of the city to return always to lunch or dinner. Of course he is looked upon as being the head of the greatest nation upon earth, and great preparations were made for his reception, but he declared he would take his first lunch nowhere but in America, and, to begin with, drank three sodawaters without stopping."

The Duke of Argyle tells a good story. He was traveling with the Duke of Northumberland in first-class carriage on the Northeastern Railway. At one of the stations a little commercial traveler got in. The three chatted familiarly until the train stopped. A servant came to the door. Here the Duke of Northumberland got out, and was met by a train of flunkeys and servants. The commercial traveler said to his remaining companion, "Yes," said the Duke of Argyle, "he is the Duke of Northumberland. "Bless me," exclaimed the bagman; "and to think that he should have been so affable to two little snobs like us."

PRAIRIE fires continue to rage in nearly all sections of the West. They have been particulary severe in western and northern Missouri and Kansas—in many instances destroying whole farms. Immense amounts of property have been destroyed. The swamps in southeast Missouri are said to be a mass of fire, and along the Illinois Central Railroad, for a distance of one hundred miles, the prairies are burning. In Union county, Illinois, the flames extended into the woods, which are now on fire. No relief is looked for until a heavy general rain falls, of which there is no immediate prospect.

COTTON—COMMISSION.

E. P. BATES & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants.

Office—No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

sep19 1m—sp24

F. M. STANLEY. M. C. KING. J. M. SMITH.

Stanley, King & Smith,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 272 Front Street.

Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.

au27 daw

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,

Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce.

Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of these articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments.

ROBERT BLACK, Late Black & Pittman. Z. N. ESTES, Late Horton, Estes & Co.

BLACK, ESTES & CO.,

Successors to Horton, Estes & Co.

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Office, 1 and 2 Cooper Block, No. 11 Monroe Street, corner Center Alley,

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CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope and all Supplies furnished at the lowest rates. Liberal cash advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. Regular legitimate rates charged for all business done. se6 3m

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No. 3 PROMENADE STREET,

Elliott Block : : MEMPHIS, TENN

W. P. WRIGHT,

Storage, Forwarding and

General Commission Merchant.

Head-Quarters for Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes, Onions, and Produce generally. Also, Lime, Cement and Plaster.

☞ I sell for Cash only, consequently at lowest prices. Particular attention given to filling orders. no15tm

MARTIN WALT & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND—

Cotton Factors,

(Agents for the Regular Arkansas River Packets).

No. 272 Front Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

500 Bbls Mess Pork,
75 Casks Bacon Sides,
25 Casks Shoulders,
325 Sacks Choice Coffee,
250 Bbls Sugar, assorted,
800 Bbls Flour, all grades,
200 Bbls Meal,
50 Bbls Whisky,
100 Bbls N. O. Molasses,
150 Half Bbls N. O. Molasses,
500 Kits Mackerel,
50 Bbls No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel
250 Pieces Kentucky Bagging,
20 Bales India Bagging,
100 Coils Rope,
200 Half Coils Rope,
300 Kegs Lard,
50 Tierces Lard,
100 Bxs Tobacco, assrt'd brands
50 Bbls No. 1 Cider Vinegar,
50 Bbls Breakfast Bacon,
50 Tierces Sugar-cured Hams,

And an extra large assortment of Groceries which will be sold low for cash, or on usual time to responsible paying customers.

Advances will be made on shipments of Cotton, for sale here, or to our friends in New Orleans.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,

se28 272 Front Street.

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD.

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

(Successors Moore, Whitfield & Ragner.)

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

No. 1 Howard's Row,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments; also, to furnish Bagging, Rope or Ties, to parties who will ship us their Cotton. We are agents for

LEBANON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn.
PICKMIAN COTTON GIN, manufactured by W. G. Clemmons, Brown & Co.
SORGHUM OR CANE MILLS (cast iron), manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio.
The Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER.
R. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LIME. oc26 daw

M. L. MEACHAM, Formerly of Meacham & Gailbreath. A. C. TREADWELL, Formerly of F. Lane & Co.

MEACHAM & TREADWELL

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Plantation Supplies,

No. 9 UNION STREET.

Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, they hope by unremitting attention to business to still merit a continuance of public favor.

Their facilities for storing and selling Cotton are unsurpassed by any house in the city. A commodious fire-proof Shed attached to their store house gives them immediate and constant oversight of all Cotton in store. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless instructions to the contrary.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

M. C. PEARCE, J. H. M'CLELLAN, T. C. PARK, L. B. SUGGS

PEARCE, PARK & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

No. 204 Front Row,

(Between Washington and Adams Streets,)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Bagging, Rope, and Plantation Supplies. Liberal advances made on Cotton for shipment or otherwise. se17 3m

OFFICE MEMPHIS GAYOSO GAS COMPANY, MEMPHIS, TENN., November 7, 1867. To the Stockholders of the Memphis Gayoso Gas Company:

An additional call of twenty per cent. on the subscribed stock of the Company is hereby made payable at the Company's office, southwest corner of Main and Jefferson streets, on or before the 18th day of November, 1867.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.

GARLAND P. WARE, Secretary. nov8 10t

R. B. FORSTER, late with A. J. White & Co., Cincinnati, formerly with Cosell, Hill & Co., late of city Mobile Hamilton.

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Grocers, Cotton & Commission

MERCHANTS,

300 Main Street, : : MEMPHIS.

☞ Capt. Kealhofer will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned us. oct13

DRY GOODS.

FOR BARGAINS

—IN—

DRY-GOODS,

Yankee Notions,

CLOTHING,

—OR—

Furnishing Goods

GO TO THE

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—AT—

ELSONS'

MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,

297 Main Street.

GREAT BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

nov24

FALL GOODS AT COST!

WINTER GOODS AT COST!

NEW YORK COST!

We have determined to sell from MONDAY, November 25th, our immense stock of DRY GOODS at

This is a positive fact. Call early and secure Bargains.

SOUTHERN PALACE,

HOWELL, WOOD & CO., 332 Main Street.

no24tm

READ! READ!

NO HUMBUG!

NO CLEARING OUT SALE!

NO CLOSING SALE!

B. LOWENSTEIN

& BROS.

ARE NOT SELLING OUT, BUT INTEND to remain here in business. They have but

ONE PRICE

AND THAT IS

The Lowest Possible Price.

They keep pace with the Panic, and offer Goods at ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES. On and after MONDAY, November 25th, our Entire Large stock of

DRY-GOODS

Will be sold at such prices as will

Defy All Competition!

Poplins reduced to 25c.

Shepard Plaids reduced to 12 1-2c.

Empress Cloths, 75c to $1 00.

Colored Alpacas, 40 to 75c.

Best Colored French Merinoe, 60c to $1 00.

Also, a large stock of

BLEACHED and BROWN DOMESTICS, PRINTS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, TWEEDS, LINSEYS, TOWELS, DAMASK, FLANNELS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

And such goods as are kept in a First Class Dry Goods House.

We call the attention of the Ladies to our

CLOAK & SILK ROOM,

Where all shades and qualities of Silks can be found. We have also received new shades of

CLOAKING & TRIMMINGS,

And are prepared to make up the

LATEST STYLES OF CLOAKS

TO ORDER, AND A

Good Fit Will Be Guaranteed.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,

242 Main Street,

nov24 Corner Jefferson.

NEW GOODS!

RICE & ENGEL

224 MAIN STREET,

ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALL STOCK

Of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing and

PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

We also pay special attention to the sale of Cotton, and will fill orders for Plantation Supplies for all who may favor us with their patronage. se28 3m

LYONS, FIES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,

240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

H. LYONS, J. FIES, J. SARTORIUS. } PLANTATION SUPPLIES

INSURANCE.

Southern

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE REMOVED

TO NO. 17 MADISON STREET.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the

Southern Life Insurance Company

Of Memphis, held on the 21 instant, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

R. C. Brinkley,	Sam. Tate,
Amos Woodruff,	F. S. Lavis,
C. F. Norris,	W. A. Gwyn,
L. Howes,	G. W. McLean,
F. H. Wilk,	C. C. Spencer,
G. W. Fraser,	N. R. Kennel,
Jacob Weller,	S. H. De BaVolse,
	Frank White.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directory, the following officers were unanimously elected:

President	G. W. McLEAN.
Vice Presidents	R. C. BRINKLEY and SAM TATE.
Secretary	BEN MAY.
Treasurer	F. S. DAVIS. nov23

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, C