TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50

Any one getting up a Club of Two or more for the WEEKLY *at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.*

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Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $5 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-third additional.*
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Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

SUNDAY APPEAL.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 15, 1868

THE NEWS.

The *Sun* nominates Manton Marble for Mayor of New York.

Forney is a candidate for Postmaster General.

New Hampshire will hold a Constitutional Convention.

The small-pox prevails at Maysliek, Kentucky.

Macon, Ga., is to have a colored fire company.

A cabbage has been grown near Jackson, Miss., with thirteen solid heads.

Gen. Joseph Wheeler is a citizen and registered voter of Lawrence county, Ala.

Thaddeus Stevens and James Buchanan are buried in the same God's acre.

Nuremburg is to have a statue to the memory of Hans Sachs, the shoemaker poet.

Dumas, Jr., writes that he shall stay in France until May and then visit us.

Gen. Hood is doing a good business as a commission merchant in New Orleans.

Kennedy, the Scotch vocalist, is winning golden opinions and things at Montreal

Iowa having adopted negro suffrage, the colored citizens of Des Moines jubilated.

Capt. Travis, the celebrated pistol shot, has opened a shooting gallery in Chicago.

The farmers of Middle Tennessee are raising the breed of hogs known as the Chester White.

More fine residences are being erected in Atlanta, Ga., than ever before at any one time.

The gin house of Capt. Jas. R. Magill, at Pleasant Hill, S. C., was burned on last Thursday. Loss $2000.

The "Homestead for the Gov. Wise" movements about to succeed in Virginia among the foreign-born citizens.

The cattle disease is raging in the vicinity of Alexandria, Va. Many valuable animals have died.

The dwelling house of Mr. James Norwood, near Harlsville, S. C., was entirely destroyed by fire on Monday night of last week

Col. Samuel T. Bailey, of Macon, has been appointed by Judge Erskine a Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of Georgia.

The people of Augusta, Ga., employ guards to watch their milk cows while they are feeding during the day to protect them from negro sunkers.

The ducking season has commenced on the Potomac. But few canvas backs have as yet been killed, and other varieties are not very numerous.

The wife of Philip Hart, a merchant of Jackson, Miss., was found drowned in a cistern on his premises, in that city, a few days ago. She was a bride of but a few weeks.

A white otter was killed by John Swope in Henderson county, Kentucky, a few days ago. This is the second animal of the kind that Mr. Swope has killed in the same locality.

Large numbers of emigrants from Iowa are settling in Gentry county, Mo. The tide of immigration to Missouri is without precedent. Three hundred families settled in Bates and six counties in one week, recently.

The first train crossed over the railroad bridge at Quincy, Ill., on the 6th. The train weighing 1,000,000 pounds, was nearly two hours in crossing, and the bridge showed scarcely a perceptible tremor.

Last Saturday night, as a Mr. Watson was riding along the highway in the vicinity of Selma, Ala., he was fired upon with a gun loaded with buckshot, the charge taking effect in his side, inflicting a serious wound. The would-be assassin escaped.

Mrs. Harriet Hewlett, of Merrick, L. I., on Friday of last week, saturated her clothing with kerosene and then set fire to them. She was burned to death. The act was done during a temporary fit of insanity. She was about thirty years of age.

On Saturday last a fire occurred at Lynchburg, Va., which destroyed the First National Bank and several other prominent buildings, involving a loss of about $ 0,000. The offices of several city officers were located in the Bank building.

The Anglo-Indian telegraph, running through Russia and Persia, will, it is stated, be opened for use in May, 1869. Recently a company of workmen started to commence operations along the Persian Gulf, taking 11,000 wrought iron posts, 33,000 insulators, and 900 miles of galvanized wire.

The new Methodist Episcopal church recently erected at Harrodsburg, Ky., at a cost of $2057, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies last Sunday, Revs. Duke Stevens and H. M. Monroe officiating. The sum of $1061 was collected to pay the balance due on the building. Rev. I. F. Harrison has the pastoral care of the church.

The *National Intelligencer* urges Congress, as soon as it meets, to repeal all legislation restricting the powers of the Executive. It says it would have claimed the same if Seward had been elected, and now it insists, as a matter of principle, that the President elect should be allowed to enter on the duties of his office untrammeled by any of the acts of Congress which tie up Mr. Johnson.

The New York *Times* says it has very little doubt that President Grant will offer Admiral Farragut a place in his Cabinet as Secretary of the Navy. Farragut is not only an officer of heroic achievements, but a man of great simple-minded capacity and of extensive knowledge in all that pertains to naval affairs. He would give wisdom, strength and glory to the Cabinet of President Grant.

In Hartford, Ct., on Wednesday evening there was a general celebration on account of the election. One pleasing feature of the celebration was that a Seymour and Blair Club came out with torches and joined in the procession, bearing a banner inscribed, "Let us be friends." They were given the head of the line, and were received with tumultuous cheers.

The humor of the Boston *Post* has not been emasculated of its life by the untoward result of the 3d November election. On the 8th inst. it presented the figure of a highly jubilant chant cleer, over which is inscribed the following advertisement:

For Sale—Eight roosters, as good as new, never having crowed but once. Sample.

The one occasion on which the eight noble birds were joyfully vocal in chorus, was when Connecticut went Democratic.

A machine for harvesting corn, by taking the ears from the stalks while standing in the field, was exhibited at the recent State Fair in Illinois. The apparatus is constructed to strip two rows at once. The stalks are taken between projecting metal-faced fingers, and as the machine advances the butt of the ear is brought in contact with a short sickle, playing at the rear of the fingers, cutting it off, while the stalk passes under the machine without being pulled up; the ears are received into a large hopper at the rear of the machine, and discharged when it is full.

The recent earthquakes in South America and California were not accompanied with volcanic eruptions. This fact has given rise to the surmise that these countries may expect a recurrence of these shocks. Heretofore, in countries where volcanoes are to be found, the earthquake precedes the eruption, and as soon as the subterranean commotions are relieved through the craters, the ash cones, lava cones appear to be escape pipes, and when these vents are choked, the internal forces endeavor to break out in other spots.

A telegram from Prairie du Chien of the 11th says: The convention called by the Governors of Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Minnesota, to improve the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, met to-day. The attendance was large, and demonstrated that very great interest is felt in opening a channel of water communication by the way of These Rivers, between the lakes and the Mississippi. Many prominent gentlemen from the States mentioned, including Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, Gov. Merrill, of Iowa, and several members of Congress, were present. Gen. Atwood, of Madison, was chosen temporary chairman, and Gov. Merrill, of Iowa, permanent President. The report of Gen. Warren, who has, under authority of Congress, made a survey of the Wisconsin, is entirely favorable to the improvement. Resolutions were adopted to that effect, and empowering the chairman to send a committee to Washington to procure the sanction of Congress.

An interesting bit of fashion gossip comes from Germany. It appears that a conference of German ladies of wealth and position has been held at Stuttgart, at which a motion was agreed to declaring the necessity of modifying women's toilettes, with a view to check the extravagance, the bad taste, and incessant changes of their vestments. The conference then directed the Association for the Education and Amelioration of the Condition of Women to organize a commission composed of painters, doctors, tailors and modistes, for the purpose of suggesting new toilettes. The *Gazette der Frauen* will publish the recommendations of the Commission, and hereafter we shall see none but the modest, sensible, economical fashions, the "Girl of the Period" will disappear, and men will be at their wits end for something to twit women with.

The *Detroit Advertiser* of November 7th says: As the telegraph has already informed our readers, a writ of habeas corpus has been sued out in behalf of Merton and Thompson, the express robbers now in jail at Sandwich, awaiting extradition. The evidence upon which these men were discharged at Toronto was that Put. Brown, the messenger who was robbed, was a party to the robbery, and submitted to be bound and gagged, hence no robbery was committed; or, in other words, there was an embezzlement of the Express Company's money. The second plea for the discharge of the prisoners will be urged on the ground that where there was no force used, no robbery was committed, so as to bring the offense within the recognition of the Ashburton treaty.

The Free Church of Scotland, since the separation from the Presbyterian Establishment in 1843, when nearly five hundred clergymen voluntarily resigned their homes and livings, has built nine hundred churches, six hundred and fifty manses, three theological colleges, two normal or training institutions and five hundred schools. Its average annual income for the three years previous to 1868 has been $1,850,000, and during her twenty-five years of existence, without State support, the sum raised by her amounts to over $40,000,000.

Honolulu advices to October 12th have been received by a sailing vessel. The commercial news is unimportant. There had been no foreign arrivals, and nothing later had been heard from the whaling fleet. Frequent shocks of earthquake were felt at Hilo. The atmosphere was filled with smoke, and the natives predicted that a great tidal wave would deluge Honolulu by October 4. Hundreds of the natives were ordered to the mountains for safety, but the prediction failed to accomplishment

The Scottish Iron Works during 1867 produced 1,031,000 tons of pig iron. There were 164 blast furnaces in the country, of which 112 were at work, and 52 of those at work are cold blast. There were exported 853,400 tons of iron, of which the United States took 117,000, Germany and Holland, 60,000, France, 60,000, British America, 45,000, Italy, 16,200, East Indies and South America, 14,000, Russia, 9600, and Spain and Portugal, 5300. The export of British iron to the United States during 1867 was 24,000 tons larger than that of the preceding year.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston and wife passed through Lynchburg, Va., on Wednesday evening, November 4th, on their return trip from Europe, and en route for Montgomery.

Right Rev. James Gibbons, Bishop of Wilmington, of the Roman Catholic Church, was installed in office by Archbishop Spalding, of Baltimore, on Sunday.

TENNESSEE NEWS.

A. J. Fletcher, present Secretary of State announces himself a candidate for reelection for four years, commencing with the 27th of April, at which time his commission expires.

The Nashville *Banner* of the 13th, publishes this. It "speaks for itself":

"WASHINGTON, November 12.—I've been commissioned Supervisor for Tennessee after a terrible struggle. Arnell, Brownlow, Stokes & Co., made fearful opposition. J. J. NOAH."

Two negroes and a white man committed a series of daring robberies in North Knoxville, on Saturday night last. The men in the neighborhood were absent and the thieves boldly entered the houses and robbed them of their contents in the presence of the terrified women.

The impression prevails in Knoxville that a session of the Supreme Court will be held there. Judge Smith is in the city and Judge Shackleford was expected, and there is timber in the town out of which the Governor can manufacture another Judge. It is not probable that much business will be transacted.

The Nashville *Banner* of Friday says: Forty five counties in the State have been officially heard from by the Secretary of state. With unofficial information concerning the remaining counties, Mr. Fletcher estimates the radical majority in this state at 30,000, and the Democratic gain at 20,000. Despite the franchise law, despite the unblushing frauds committed by the Radical Commissioners of registration in every part of the State the Democracy of Tennessee may well be proud of the result. It shows that with the proper effort we may yet be redeemed.

Between the 15th and 30th of this month the furnace erected by the Roane Iron Company at Rockwood, Tennessee, will commence the manufacture of pig iron. The capacity of this furnace will be ten or fifteen tons per day. With the success of this enterprise the innumerable other sites possessing advantages for the manufacture of iron immediately surrounding it will be sought out and developed by capitalists. The freight that this will furnish to the Tennessee river will demand that it be fully opened to navigation above Chattanooga. Thus the necessities of one enterprise call forth another, and thus we move on toward a perfect system of commercial economy.

The Nashville *Press and Times* of Friday says: Last Sunday morning two men were arrested in Carroll county, near the line of Gibson county, and taken to Huntingdon, where they were tried for robbery. The magistrate before whom they were examined committed them to jail to await trial before the Criminal Court. On Wednesday night the jail was surrounded by about fifty masked men, the doors thrown open and the prisoners released and carried away. The jail was guarded, but the Sheriff's posse were overpowered and resistance made of no avail. This is one of the most daring and lawless acts that we have been called upon to chronicle in a long time.

On Thursday a bill was introduced in the State Senate by Mr. Nelson to relieve the tax-payers of this State by dispensing of certain railroads, viz: Nashville and Northwestern; Edgefield and Kentucky; Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville; and Manchester and McMinnville. The act empowers the Comptroller, Secretary of State, and Treasurer, as Commissioners, to sell said roads. They shall advertise proposals of sale in some paper in New York city, and Boston, and three papers in Cincinnati and St. Louis for three months. If bids sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds be not made, the Commissioners may lease the roads for any term to secure the indebtedness due the State. They shall be empowered to lease other roads indebted to the State for interest on bonds. Passed first reading, and 100 copies ordered to be printed.

The Nashville *Banner* of Friday, in speaking of the new telegraph company, says: The Southern and Pacific Telegraph Company has now under construction another line from Louisville to Nashville and Memphis. It will be completed to this city during the next week. It is hoped that the people of the South will sustain this company in the extension of their lines and in the reduction of the cost of telegraphing. The establishment of an office in Nashville by this company has resulted in great benefit to our citizens. The sustaining of an opposition line guarantees to the public a continuation of low rates. The tariff to Memphis by the new line has been reduced to 25 cents for ten words; it has heretofore been $1 25.

The *Union and American* of Friday says: "A joint resolution of an important character, looking to the record of Hon. D. W. C Senier, Speaker of the Senate, and heir-apparent to the Governorship upon the expected resignation of the present incumbent, was offered in the Senate yesterday by Mr. Oates, of Hamilton. We were unable, after diligent effort, to procure a copy of the resolution for publication, but learn that it was declaratory of certain provisions of the Federal Constitution in the last, or fourteenth amendment; and applied them to the case of the Speaker as determining his ineligibility to office, and with the view of causing his resignation or procuring the vacation of his seat as senator. This is its purport as we understand it. The reason for withholding it from the press we do not understand. Its introduction caused a considerable sensation at the capitol and in political circles."

The Somerville *Falcon* of Thursday says: "Circuit Court, Hon. G. W. Reeves presiding, has been in session three days. But little business has been transacted, owing to the difficulty in obtaining jurors, and the fact that many of the lawyers are engaged in the Chancery Court. The Court has been busily engaged in purging the county of Ku-Klux, in compliance with a recent act of the Legislature, by propounding the following interrogatory to each juror: 'Have you associated with, promoted or encouraged any secret organization of persons that prowl through the country or town of this State, by day or night, disguised or otherwise, for the purpose of disturbing the peace or alarming the peaceable citizens of any portion of this State?' We are happy to state that so far the citizens of this county have proved all right. None of the terrible Ku-Klux have been discovered, the question having in every instance received a negative answer."

LANDS FOR IMMIGRANTS.

In the APPEAL of yesterday we suggested to the land-owners of this neighborhood the propriety of an immediate sub-division of their property into small farms, and the advertisement of them in concise but plain terms. In this way only can the people who desire to come among us ever be informed of what there is of land to sell, and how favorably and cligibly they can locate themselves, in Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi.

As we desire to assist in this enterprise we propose to publish all such advertisements, conspicuously near our commercial matter, on the fourth page, at rates very much under those we usually charge, and offer our space, for this purpose only, at *six dollars per month for every advertisement of twelve lines*, and at that rate for more or less matter.

We are prompted to this step solely by considerations such as we urge upon our land-holders, railroad companies and others, to encourage to our country a class of immigrants who will assist in its development, help to re-organize the political affairs of the State, and put them on a better basis.

THE RACES.

The races over the Memphis Association Course closed yesterday with an *eclat* such as is seldom here or elsewhere witnessed. From the first to the last day the attendance increased, until yesterday there present, according to our reporter, numbered not less than two thousand, many of them ladies of the first circles, and gentlemen who could not be drawn to encourage the "sport," were it not for the confidence inspired by the officers of the Association, the admirable management, the absence of noise or vulgarity, or indeed any of the evidences of rowdyism and ruffianism, which those who do not participate in such pastimes as racing, imagine to infest and govern the course.

Three years ago the Association commenced its existence, and has been the case with every enterprise originating with us in that time, the Managers found it up-hill business to call off the public from the "meat-and bread" struggle in which all were engaged. Yet, nothing daunted, their minds made up for a glorious future, they moved along slowly but surely, and at last have gained the confidence of the community. The rest has followed.

The abundant crops, the general distribution of money, and the removal of all occasion for the anxieties growing out of the political condition of the country, have relieved our people, lightened their burdens, opened their hearts, and disposed them for the enjoyment of every species of rational and respectable amusement.

Racing, which has ever been a leading source of pleasure with the Anglo-Saxon family, by fair descent became, and was for many years, a chief amusement among the people of the South. Scarcely a city of any note in the States that formed the Confederacy but had its race-course and racing annals running back into the colonial days, when our forefathers humbly copied "the Court" and kept alive their memories of the "old country" by perpetuating the running races and steeple chases for which Old England was most famous a hundred years ago. And not alone were we allied in memory and by the spirit which our sporting ancestors bequeathed us, but our best "racing stock traced its pedigree through a long and illustrious ancestry of English "sires" and "dames" whose names comprise the roll of equine honors for many generations.

Who that can go back in memory twelve years but can recount the glories of the "Metairie" course, of our Southern metropolis. The magnificent grand stand, radiant as a parterre of flowers with Southern beauty, and the level, well kept course, upon the "turf" of which there has been made the fastest time, and the affairs of which were controlled by men like the KENNERS, of Louisiana, and the ALEXANDERS, of Kentucky, and many others from our own State whose characters as "turf men" are well synonymized by these,

How many have survived the war who remember the Nashville course, its gentlemanly and dignified stewards, attendant upon their duties with all the suavity and dignity of old times, when men were quick but polished, and carried the gentleman into all the affairs of life. What could not the walls of Nashville tell, could they speak, of the gay life that once signalized the commencement and the close of "racing time." Dating farther back than the days of JACKSON, (a famous sport and great lover of horse-flesh,) such a history would fill a well proportioned volume, and prove as interesting as any that we have had of "Queens of Song," or "Annals of the Stage." How many now forgotten names would arise, and to what associations differing from those with which their names were formerly allied. How, as memory turns back, they glide by in shadowy and misty form, those dames who once were the beauties of the "turf" and the queens' of our now disconsolate capital. "The annals of the Nashville Turf"—how redolent of the whole life of a city as famous for its sport and sportsmen as any in the world; and how worthy of preservation.

And Memphis, though young, very young in comparison with either of her sisters, she, too, has her turf annals, when before the war our city was taken in course by the gallant sportsmen of the time, and wa were treated to contests of metal and bottom such as only the South could afford; when gentlemen were attracted to our city, and money changed hands freely, and truly every thing went "merry as a marriage bell." To recover for Memphis the prestige in those days achieved has been the business of the "Association." How well they have labored, and only those barren and darksome years to work in, let the success which to-day is in every man's mouth attest. On looking over our files of the week, we are struck with the increased number of visitors from day to day, and the increased number of lady visitors over all former years. The stables, too, have been of the first character for speed and bottom, and the running time and general features of the races have been of the very best character. All who have attended have expressed themselves delighted, but our visitors from abroad are loudest in their praises. So fair a result augurs well for the future of the Association and for the racing interests of our city. And we may be permitted to hope that the friendships that have been formed and been cemented on "our turf" will ripen into an affection, on the part of those from abroad, that will redound to our credit and be the means of increasing the attendance and interest at the Memphis races of 1869.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Recruiting for the Cuban expedition is said to have ceased in this city. Col. Gibbons having already enrolled 5500 men, which is 1500 more than he wants. He alleges that the whole command is to devolve upon a wealthy Havanese, who is famous as a military leader under Don Carlos and Maximilian, and who, so far, has furnished all the funds necessary. The intention is to annex Cuba to the Union. A public meeting is to be held in relation to the matter in Cooper Institute.

An elevator lying in the Atlantic dock basin, Brooklyn, was nearly destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $50,000. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

As M. John T. Shumaker, Congressman elect from the Second District of New York, alighted from a Broadway stage at the corner of Amity street, he was set upon by three men. One of them stole a diamond pin, valued at $1000, from Shumaker's shirt bosom, and passed it to a confederate, who made his escape. Two of the robbers, giving their names as William B. Roberts and John E. Toneninsen, were arrested on the spot.

The *Herald's* London special says Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese embassadors will be officially received by the Queen, at Windsor, on the 20th inst.

At a meeting held by the various political clubs in Madrid, it was unanimously resolved to accept a monarchial form of government, not based on a divine right, but a sovereignty of the people expressed by universal suffrage.

A Mexican special to the *Herald* says the Government deems it inexpedient to bring before Congress the recent treaties drawn up between Secretary Seward and Mr Romero. The concession to the Mexico and Vera Cruz Railroad has been formally agreed to. A bill in favor of American railroad and telegraphic enterprises has passed a second reading.

Advices from St. Domingo state that the insurrection against the Belize Government is in active progress.

The *Herald's* Porto Rico correspondent says that from 800 to 1000 prisoners are held in Oricibo, some of them being the most prominent men in the island Those taken in arms are to be tried by military courts, and will probably be shot The island, according to government reports, is now tranquil.

The *Herald* says a private letter from a prominent insurgent in Cuba states that the revolutionary Junta in Havana have sworn to destroy the property of every individual who shall, over his own signature, life, wealth or protection, favor the government cause. In no other case shall property be attacked.

The South American news received today states that earthquakes have continued all along the coasts of Chili and Peru. In Caspirpa severe shocks have been experienced, doing considerable damage to property, but no lives were lost. A very heavy one occurred on the 13th of October, lasting nearly three minutes. Another lasted four minutes.

It is thought a bloody civil war is imminent in Chili, growing out of the support given to Evvasurriez for the Presidency.

A terrible collision occurred on East river, this morning, between the Fulton ferry boats Union and Hamilton as the latter was entering the slip on the New York side. Both boats were badly damaged. A boy named George Brower, apprentice at the printing business, was killed, and Wm. Brock, a fellow-apprentice, fatally injured The following persons were also fatally injured: George Devor, since died; John Thompson, Alfred Hart, Francis Mearly and Wm. Cummings. The following are badly hurt, limbs broken, etc: Kate Farrell, Julia Mahon, Mrs. Quinby, Charles Gamlish, Mrs. and Miss Carrigan, Michael Hart, Wm. De Caballiro, Michael Morrell, Sarah Clark, Lizzie Clark, Charles Grass, Eliza Camperon, Mrs. Schanuel, Julia Darley, Catherine Mancelly, Miss Cunningham, and a number of others, whose names as yet are unknown.

Panama advices state that the United States Consul, as well as other representatives of foreign governments, advises Americans, if increased contribution is enforced, to file protests with him, and they will be forwarded to Washington. He regards the contributions as an extraordinary tax. The various Consuls have united in a remonstrance against the tax, which is levied to aid the Revolutionists against the Government.

Dispatches from Hartford, Poughkeepsie, Fort Monroe and Richmond mention brilliant meteoric showers during the night.

The number of meteors seen here last night was 2later by actual count.

Gen. Grant left the Metropolitan Hotel for West Point, accompanied by Mrs. Grant and Gen. Dent. He will return Monday.

A Washington special says private advices from authoritative English sources are to the effect that the English Government has agreed to withdraw her title of joint occupancy in the Island of San Juan.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—The *Times* of this morning says about thirty young men, under the leadership of two or three old filibusters, held a meeting here last night, and an organization was effected with a view to raise an expedition to Cuba.

The Bunker Hill (Ill.) *Gazette* states in substance that in a barn attached to a place where a tavern has been kept for years, in the vicinity of that town, the remains of three human beings have been found buried beneath the floor, and that the skeletons of five other men, supposed to have been murdered, have been discovered in the neighborhood of the same premises. The inn-keeper is suspected of having been engaged in robbery and murder for years. The *Gazette* says he has been arrested, and is now in prison waiting trial, bail having been refused.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 14.—In the contested election cases before the Court of Common Pleas to-day, a motion was made by the Democratic lawyers to quash the petitions on the ground that the affidavits are defective. The Court fixed Friday next for the argument on the motion.

A building used for wintering Forepaugh's menagerie was totally destroyed by fire to-day. Several valuable animals were consumed, and others escaped into the street, causing great alarm, but did no damage. A large African lion was caught in the street by throwing over him a box used for making mortar. A leopard rushed into a house where there were several women and children, but the beast was much frightened and took refuge in a cellar without biting any one.

CANADA.

QUEBEC, November 14.—His Excellency Lord Monck and family sailed by S. S. Victoria this morning. The usual compliments were paid him.

Charles Wyndham has been sworn in as administrator of the Government. It is stated on good authority that the new Governor-General will leave England sooner than was expected. It was thought probably he may arrive by the steamer Austrian, due here in a few days.

The Dominion Privy Council left for Ottawa this morning.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 14.—There was an extraordinary meteor shower here last night, commencing about 10:30 p.m. and lasting nearly an hour. At 2 a.m. the display rivaled in splendor that of November 14 1867. Several meteors left trails of light distinguishable for many seconds. The general direction appeared to be from east to west.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—The following is the official report from Commodore Sands, Superintendent of the Naval Observatory, in regard to the recent meteoric showers, received at the Navy Department this evening:

WASHINGTON, November 14, 1868.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following preliminary report of the meteoric shower of this morning: During the evening of the 13th inst. there were no greater number of meteors to be seen than are usually observed on clear nights, until about 11 p.m., when there seemed to be an increase in number and brilliancy, though not sufficient to indicate the beginning of a shower. At midnight the number had considerably increased, and the prevalence of trains was generally noted. At thirty-five minutes past midnight the Observatory party, consisting of Prof. Eastman and Messrs. Harrison, Frisby and Hays, began to count meteors and to spot the tracks of the principal ones. At 1:35 over 300 meteors had been counted. They were quite brilliant, having green, blue or red trains. Thus far the display had not been confined to any portion of the sky, but most of them were in the northern and southern heavens, scarcely in position to be placed in the star chart. Many of the trains were visible several minutes; one lasted ten minutes, and traces near B Ursa Minor were seen 30 minutes after the appearance of the meteor. After 1:50, Prof. Eastman, assisted by Mr. Harrison, devoted his time to mapping and noting time of the apparition of the principal meteors, and succeeded in sketching tracks of about 90 during one hour and 40 minutes. Four hundred have been counted, and afterwards successive hundreds were observed in the following intervals. The intervals are here given by Com. Sands' observators, and were continued until after six a.m., at which time there had been counted 5073. At 2:20 a.m. Prof. Nunn and son joined the party of observers and assisted in counting meteors in the western heavens. During the whole display there were many meteors seen in the west, but from five to six the number were about equal in the east and west. The time of maximum frequency was about five hours, when they fell at the rate of 250 per hour. The radient point was quite well defined during the latter end of the shower, and was found by estimation to be 149 degrees in right ascension, and twenty minutes thirty seconds in declination. The trails were unusually brilliant, presenting the various green, orange, blue and red, and remained visible for an unusual time, and frequently all could be seen at once.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, November 14.—A brilliant meteoric shower was observed here at 1 a.m.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, November 14.—The sky was clouded last night. No meteors were seen.

MADRID, November 14.—The provisional government has declared all Spanish colonial ports free. Anchorage duties are abolished.

BERLIN, November 14.—Count Sondegaltz, the Prussian Embassador at Paris, has resigned. Von Werther, the present Minister to Austria, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

LISBON, November 14.—The mail steamer brings later news from the seat of war. The allied army was before Augostora. The Paraguayans came out in force and attacked it, but were repulsed with a loss of 380 killed and wounded. It was fully confirmed that President Lopez has shot his brothers Benjanie and Henzid. Many of Lopez' troops are deserting.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

PITTSBURG, November 14.—River seven feet two inches and falling.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—Arrived—Darling. Departed—Cora S, Alice Dean and Clifton.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—Departed—Kate Kinney and Commonwealth for New Orleans, Forsythe for Memphis. The river has fallen two feet.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—Departed—Indiana. The river is stationary, with 5½ feet in the canal, with 10 feet in the channel. A rise coming. The low pressure steamer Richmond resumes trips to to New Orleans Saturday, 21st instant, in time for the fall races. The weather is clear and pleasant.

CAIRO, November 14.—Up—Hale and Able 9 a.m., McGill 5 a.m., Marble City 4 p.m. Down—Belle Memphis 7 p.m. The river rose two feet.

SAVANNAH, November 14,—White frost here last night,

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Cotton a shade lower; sales 280 bales; uplands, 26½c. Superfine flour, $5 65@6 85. Wheat quiet; Western free, $1 05@1 08. Rice dull; Carolina, 8½@9c. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet; Cuba, 11½@12c. Molasses dull; copper Tennessee, 25½@28c. Wheat quiet and declining. Corn, $1 10@1 14. Money easy; call, 7c; Sterling quiet, 9½@9¾c; Gold, 35½@36c. The stock exchange was wildly excited this afternoon. There was further advance on prices based on reports that leading Bull and Bear reporters had joined issues to work in concert for an upward movement. Business was enormous.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 14.—Cotton declined: middlings, 25½@25¾c; receipts, 1151 bales; exports, 10,540 bales. Gold 35½@36c; sterling advanced; commercial, 43¾@44c; bank, 47@47c; York sight, par to ¼ premium. Sugar dull; common, 8c; fair, 9c; choice, 10c; clarified, 11½@12c. Molasses declining; prime, 56c; choice, 60c. Flour steady and unchanged. Corn scarce; new, $1@1 05. Oats, light supply and easy, 64c. Bran, $1 25. Hay scarce; Western, 30@35c. Pork dull and lower, $29 25. Bacon dull; shoulders, 16½c; clear rib sides, 18c; clear sides, 19½c. Lard dull; tierces, 16½c; keg, 20c. Coffee firm and unchanged.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—Tobacco firm; good lugs to fair leaf, 8@16c. Rope, 9½c gross. Cotton, 25c. Superfine flour, $5 50. Wheat, $1 70@1 80. New corn in bulk, 80@90c; ear and in bags, 1 00@1 05. Oats, 65@70c. Mess pork, $4 50. Bacon shoulders, 12½c; clear rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 18½@18¾c. Prime lard in tierces, 16½c. High wines, $1.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—Flour, family, $7 50@7 75. Wheat, $1 70. Corn, new, 87c. Oats, 59@60c. Cotton dull and nominal, 22c. Whiskey, $1 20. Green meats, 11@11½c; bulk meats, 12, 12, 14¼ and 14½c. Weather unfavorable for curing. Lard, 16@16½c. Hams, 16@17c. Butter, 30@37c. Eggs, 30c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, November 13.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Superfine flour, $4 00@5 00. Wheat $1 50@1 60. Corn 65@78c. Oats, 47@48c. Old pork, 28; new, 24 50. Bacon, clear sides, 18@18½c. Lard, 16@16½c.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, November 14.—Consols for money, 94¼. 5-20s, 74¾.

FRANKFORT, November 14.—Bonds, 78⅝@79.

LIVERPOOL, November 14.—Cotton not quotably lower; sales 8000 bales; middling uplands, 10¼d; Orleans ltd. Breadstuffs unchanged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE.—Saloon Fixtures, Stock, and Boarding house Furniture, corner Union and second streets. Apply on the premises. nov15 1m

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE.—The residence of J. Shannon Monkes, Brinkley avenue, north of Poplar, furnished entire, will be rent at a low rate to a party of undoubted responsibility. nov15tf

FOR RENT OR LEASE ON LONG TIME, OR CHEAP.—A lot of ground corner of Tennessee and Talbot streets—80 feet front on Tennessee by 150 feet on Talbot street. Apply to R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Attorney. nov14 5t No. 19 Madison Street.

Fluting. Fluting. Fluting.

AS my fluting is acknowledged to be superior to all other fluting done in the city, I will inform the ladies of city and vicinity that I am prepared to flute velvets, lace, ribbons, cloths and all kinds of goods from one to fifteen inches wide. Mrs. GEO. P. ZIELIFF.
No 137 Hill street, one door north of Alabama street. nov15 1w

A CARD.

THE LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S SALOON at Joe Specht's is reopened, where

Oysters, Coffee, Chocolate, Etc.,

Will be served in the best style. The undersigned most respectfully invites his friends to give him a call.

JOSEPH SPECHT,
No. 37 Madison Street.
nov15 1m

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The calendar published for yesterday was entirely disposed of. The cases for trial on Monday are as follows:

1132 Dougherty vs Winters.
1135 Wilcox, Wright & Co vs Black, Camron & Co.
1148 Mississippi Planing Mill Company vs Bot land.
1152 Kuhl vs Trigg.
1156 Orgill Bros & Co vs Larkin.
1177 Mahoney vs Evans.
1178 Rosel vs Cicalin.
1179 Mayhan vs Hunt & Co.
1180 Fenton et al vs Peter & Son.
1181 Andrews vs Allen et al.
1182 Messick, adm'r, vs Walker et al.
1183 Lowery & Co vs Waggener & Co.
1184 Same vs Same.
1185 Cochran v Kelley et al.
1187 Martin vs Caldwell.
1188 Ward & Co vs Hise.
1189 Vaught vs Waddell.
1190 State of Tennessee vs Speed, McManus & Co.
1191 Mosby (Receiver) vs Slaughter.
1192 Same vs Waddell et al.
1193 Humes vs Warren & Looney.
1199 Stanton & Moore vs West, Taylor & Carmichael.
1197 Mathews & Moore vs Russell, Grove & Co.
1198 Cresdwell & Co. vs Taylor.
1199 Ryan, administrator, vs Memphis Association Cotton.
1200 Burrell vs Citizens' Union Bank of Memphis.
1201 Merchants' National Bank vs Wildberger.
1202 Waterhouse, Foot & Co. vs Vesey & Cartwright.
1203 Crisp vs Park.
1204 Briggs & Peterson vs Woodward.
1205 Moore and wife vs Trigg et al.
1206 Aiken & Co. vs Gaunt et al.
1207 Robinson vs Gross.
1208 Lee Saw vs Scudder et al.
1209 Hooth vs Dogwell.
1210 Miller vs Grant.
1211 Tennessee State M. F. Insurance Company vs Becker.
1212 Barr & Co. vs Wenn.
1213 Mitchell vs Simpson & Co.
1214 Drake & Co. vs Parsons.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—Meets Monday morning, when the calendar published Saturday, for that day, will be taken up.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—Saturday was motion day. All the motions on docket were called and disposed of. Writs of inquiry will be executed Monday morning, after which the Court will resume the trial of the case of Raffin vs. Ferguson, which it is probable will occupy the remainder of the day.

MARRIED.

BUCHANAN—LAWRASON—On the 12th inst., by Rev. J. L. Robinson, at the residence of Jesse Johnson, Esq., in Desoto county, Miss., Mr. CHARLES R. BUCHANAN, of this city, to Miss ANNIE C., daughter of the late Dr. James Lawrason, of Hernando, Miss.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Angerona Lodge No. 168, are requested to meet at their hall, this Sunday evening at 2 o'clock, to assist in laying the Corner Stone of the Central Methodist Church. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited.
By order JOHN ZENT, W. M.
JOHN BRAMEH, Secretary. nov15 1t

MASONIC NOTICE.—In pursuance of an order received from the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of Tennessee F. and A. M., the officers and members of Leila Scott Lodge, No. 289, F. and A. M., will assemble at their Hall on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT, at 2 o'clock. Prompt attendance is requested.
By order H. COWPERTHWAIT, S. W., acting W. M.
C. CURTIS, Secretary. nov14 2t

MASONIC NOTICE.—At the request of R. W. Brother A. J. Wheeler, Senior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, the officers and members of Hamilton Lodge, No. 299, are hereby requested to meet at 2 o'clock this Sunday evening, November 15th, for the purpose of joining our sister city