SUNDAY APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street

MASONIC DIRECTORY

LODGES.

ANDERSONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. John Zent, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SHRINE, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 226. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellersh, Sec. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 2d.; Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

SHEKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, T. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

HERMES AND MITHRAS Lodges meet in conjunction 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

CAMPHIA Council of Princes of Jermalem, 18th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 2d., Tarah.·.; ——, Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 2d, M.·. W.·.; E. T. Tomlinson, 2d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K.—h, 30th. No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 2d., Comm.·.; William Y. Cirode, 2d, Rec.·.

DONISPHAN OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

ODD-FELLOWS DIRECTORY

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. J. H. McClure, C. P.; F. Mellersh, H. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. jes

MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 6.—Meets every Tuesday night. F. Mellersh, N. G.; M. Pump, Secretary. au19

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Catholic.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, Adams street, corner of Third, Very Rev. J. A. Kelly, O. S. B., Pastor; Revs. J. H. Lynch, D. A. O'Brien and M. B. Fortune, O. S. B., Assistant Pastors. Mass on Sundays at 6, 7, 8 and 9 a.m. High Mass and Sermon, 10½ a.m. Sunday School and Catechism, 2½ p.m. Vespers and Lecture, 8 p.m. Pastoral residence, St Adams street.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH, Linden street, corner of Wilkins, Very Rev. M. Riordan, Pastor; Rev. M. Coll, Assistant. Mass on Sundays at 6, 7 and 8 a.m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 3 p.m.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH (German), Third street, corner of Market. Rev. Mr. Snider, Pastor. Mass on Sundays at 7½ a.m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 3 p.m.

Episcopal.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL—Poplar street, east of Adams, Richard Hines, D. D., Dean—Daily services at 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. Holy Communion celebrated on all Festivals and Saints' Days, and every Sunday morning at 8 o'clock, except on the first Sunday in the month, when the celebration takes place at 10½ a.m. Sunday School at 8½ a.m.

GRACE CHURCH—Hernando street, near Vance—Rev. Dr. Brooke, Rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7½ p.m. Sunday school at 9 a.m. Mission School No. 1, on Shelby street at 4 p.m. Mission School No. 2 corner Clay and DeSoto streets, 4 p.m.

ST. LAZARUS CHURCH—J. T. Wheat, D. D. Rector—Madison street. Services at 10½ a.m. and 8 p.m. Sunday school at 9 a.m. Daily services at 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.

CALVARY CHURCH, Second street, corner of Adams, George White, D.D., Rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7½ p.m. All the feasts and fasts of the Church are observed throughout the year by services, as presented by the Book of Common Prayer.

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, corner of Mill and Fourth streets, Rev. J. J. Vaulx, Missionary in charge.

Lutheran.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH, 110 Main street Rev. G. M. Gotsch, D.D., Pastor.

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, (TABERNACLE), Court street, between Second and Third, Rev. R. H. Ford, LL. D., pastor. Services, Sunday at 10½ o'clock a.m. and 8 p.m., and Thursday at 8 o'clock p.m. Young Men's Prayer Meeting Monday at 8 o'clock p.m. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a.m. MARCUS COOPER, Supt.

CHELSEA BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at this Church at 11 a.m. and at 7½ p.m. Rev. Mr. Burton will preach. Sabbath School at 3½ p.m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. D. E. Burns, at 11 o'clock a.m. TURLEY CHAPEL, corner Linden and Wellington streets. Sabbath school 2 p.m.; Preaching 4 p.m.

Cumberland Presbyterian.

FIRST CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Court street—Rev. L. C. Ransom, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and at 7½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9 a.m.

Christian.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Linden street, corner of Mulberry street, Rev. Mr. Cook, Pastor.

Congregational.

CONGREGATIONAL UNION CHURCH, Union street, between Third and Fourth streets, Rev Thomas E. Bliss, Pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a.m.; Public Worship at 11 a.m.; Evening service at 7:30.

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Third street corner of Poplar. ——, pastor.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Corner of Main and Beal streets. Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, pastor.

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Corner Sixth and Chelsea streets—Rev. W. A. Sample. Service at 10½ a.m.

MISSION CHAPEL—Corner Jones avenue and Alabama street—J. O. Steadman, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10½ a.m.

Methodist.

ST. JOHN'S M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. F. A. Mason, Pastor. Services held in the law court room, Greenlaw Building, at 10½ a.m. and 7½ p.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.—Second street, corner of Poplar. Alfred T. Mann, D. D., Pastor. Services 10½ a.m. and 7½ p.m. Sunday school, 9 a.m.

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH—Union street Sunday school at 9 a.m. Preaching at 10½ a.m. by Rev. W. M. Patterson, Pastor.

ASBURY CHAPEL—Corner of Linden and Hernando—Rev. F. S. Poiway, Pastor. Services at 10½ a.m.

Synagogues.

CONGREGATION OF THE CHILDREN OF ISRAEL, Main street, corner of Exchange street. Services every Friday evening at sunset, and Saturday morning at nine o'clock. Rev. Simon Tuska, Rabbi.

CONGREGATION BETH EMMET, Monroe street corner of second street. Hitterman, rabbi.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUE, DeSoto street, between Union and Monroe streets.

Gents' good Calf Boots $5 Gen's' Clothing extra low. Gents' Good white Knit Under-shirts and Drawers 75 cts J. H. Loewenstine & Bro's, No. 231 Main st. Great bargains in Hats.

FREE LUNCH daily at Raggio's, 15 Jefferson street. 1m

DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 290 Main street, open day and night. New pupils can begin any day in writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, etc., etc. tf

DR. CLOPTON is in the city, and may be consulted at the Overton Hotel. He treats Piles, Fistula, Strictures, Tumors, etc. Refers to many of the physicians of the city. He leaves on the 26th inst. tf

Herzog & Bro. in Clark's Marble Block, have the largest assortment of Fringes, Gimps and Buttons, in the city.

THE largest, best selected and cheapest stock of Dry Goods and Clothing at Walker Bros. & Co. 3t

CITY MATTERS.

DR. WM. J. BARBEE will preach at Linden street Christian Church to-day at 11 a.m. and at 7 p.m. Seats free. The public are cordially invited.

WANTED, three influential, first-class dry goods salesmen. Best of reference required. None others need apply. Walker Bros. & Co. 3t

Dress Goods at greatly reduced prices, at Herzog & Bro. 294, Main street, Clark's Marble Block.

EMMETT SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 6 Madison street, has for sale City, County, and School Scrip, in amounts to suit tax payers. 2w

LECTURE.—Mr. J. W. Rogers, who was late a clergyman in the Protestant Episcopal church, will deliver a lecture at the Greenlaw Opera House to-night week, on the subject "Why am I a Catholic?"

THE GREAT TROT between the two fast nags of Memphis will be sure to come off on the 26th inst. Lots of fun and good sport may be looked for, and we understand a couple more matches have been made for the same day and occasion.

EAGLE BOOT AND SHOE STORE, kept by Mr. John W. Voegeli, at No. 344 Main street, contains one of the largest, most complete and carefully selected stock of boots and shoes, fine and heavy, for men's, women's and children's wear. Call and examine the stock before going elsewhere.

GRAND SERVICES.—We learn that there will be grand musical services at St. Peter's Church to-day. In the morning at high mass Wels' grand mass in C *minor*, and at vesper, Millard's beautiful vesper service, will be performed.

THE FIRST FREEZE of the season occurred night before last. Ice stood in the gutter in shady places almost all day, and everything wore a wintry aspect—the sky, the streets, the park and the people—the latter looking especially blue.

MESSRS. BIGLEY, MELLERSH & Co. are prepared to furnish, at the very shortest notice, steamboats, hotels, factories or private dwellings, with wood or coal in any quantity, or of any quality. Call at their office, corner South Court and Main streets, and leave your orders for fuel. 2t

THE following telegrams remain undelivered in the Western Union Telegraph office: V. H. Lindenberger, Geo. J Henry, Matthews, Judson & Co., Katzenbach, A. Hatchett, Leech & Carver, Edward White, Vinson & Donahue, J. H Banks, F. Lane & Co., N. B. Phipps, Sawyer & Gibson.

Good 10-4 all wool white Blankets $4 50. Fine Breakfast shawls $1. All wool Flannels 25 cts. Good Opera Flannels, all colors, 50 cts. J. H. Loewenstine & Bro's closing out sale, No. 231 Main street.

CATASTROPHE.—The interior of the Oil Works, at the head of Jefferson street, (the old United States Bonded warehouse,) at the Memphis and Charleston depot, fell in with a crash yesterday morning about 12 o'clock. Fortunately no lives were lost, and the damage done is of such a nature that it will soon be repaired, and the factory go ahead on the even tenor of its way.

TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL.—We invite attention to our new Meat Store, No. 189, Main street, between Poplar and Washington. The choicest of meats always on hand. Beef, pork, mutton, poultry, game and vegetables. Call and see us. Our assortment shall be second to none, both in price and quality. Open on Monday, Nov. 23, 1868.

L. SHILLING.

GRAND SUPPER AT THE PEABODY HOTEL.—This elegant entertainment will commence Tuesday night. It is for the benefit of the new and spacious church building going up on Second street. The ladies have made arrangements to make the supper the most unique and attractive ever given in this city. It will be a fitting opening of the magnificent hotel.

LUNCH!—MONSTER TURTLE!!—The Monroe Exchange, No. 35 Monroe street, will set a splendid lunch for its customers to-morrow (Monday) morning, at ten o'clock. One of the great attractions on this occasion will be turtle soup, made from a monster turtle, weighing two hundred and fifty pounds. The finest of wines and liquors at the bar, and the best of fresh beer on tap.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—The well known firm of C. C. Cleaves & Co., No 283 Main street, are prepared for the fall trade with a large supply of medical, law and school books. Their stock of stationery is the cheapest and best in the city. Capt. Jim Hatcher is still with the house, and will take pleasure in waiting on friends and customers. Lawyers are particularly requested to call.

SIGN PAINTING.—Nothing so sets off a store, office or place of business, as a handsome, well painted, and artistic sign. Besides the mere telling the business or bringing a man's name before the people, it is an ornament. Messrs. Hook & LaGrill, Monroe street, between Main and Second street, are artists in this line and have made some of the most beautiful signs in the city. Those in need of such work should call on these gentlemen.

FILIBUSTERING.—The telegraph yesterday morning, with its usual veracity, told us about a filibustering expedition which was about starting from Memphis for Cuba. We have the best authority for stating that nothing of the sort is, or has been on the *tapis* here in Memphis. We are also informed that Gen. Forrest is spoken of in various quarters as connected with the movement. We understand that *point-blanc* offers have been made to Gen. Forrest to participate in such expeditions, but that he has refused all overtures, and has not mixed himself with the affair in any way.

OUR old and valued friend, Col. M. Magevney, jr., having withdrawn from the firm of A. Vaccaro & Co., has united himself in business with Col. J. W. Rogan, formerly of the house of A. J. Roach & Co., for the purpose of transacting a wholesale grocery business at 320 Front street. With the energy, industry and business tact of these gentlemen, success awaits them, and none are more worthy of public patronage. They left last evening for the North and East to purchase a stock, and intend opening by December 1st. We wish them prosperity. The style of the firm will be Magevney & Rogan.

NORFOLK challenges the world to compete with her oysters in size and flavor. They are incomparable, and are to other oysters as Pompano are to other fish, or cream to milk. Messrs. D. Aste & Co., southwest corner of Union and Main streets, were the first to introduce them to the Memphis trade, for which the people ought to feel grateful. Messrs. Aste & Co. are continually receiving them, both in shell, kegs and cans, and offer them to the public wholesale or retail. They are also well fixed to get up an oyster supper at any time, and have one of the best of cooks. Those fond of a treat of that sort should not not fail to pay them a visit.

Lyon Haven, Cherrystones, etc., Oysters, just arrived last night.

REORGANIZATION OF THE BENEVOLENT ORDER OF THE I. O. S. M., INGOMAR LODGE.—Under the daily development of distress in our city, it is deemed an absolute necessity to revive this ancient Order, the noble and generous deeds of which yet lives in the memory of thousands of our fellow beings. The committee appointed for this purpose on the 20th inst., by a large and enthusiastic meeting of the old members, earnestly urge our Brethren of the Order to be present at the final working reorganization, which will take place in the Hall of Cyrene Commandery, No 294 Front street, on Tuesday, 24th inst., at 7 p.m. By order of the COMMITTEE.

TERRIBLE FIRE.

City Stables Burned.

The Watchman Dangerously Injured.

Several Animals Burned to Death.

This morning about half-past twelve o'clock, the stables on Washington street above the market, near Fourth street, known as the City Stables, were set fire to, and in despite of the efforts of the Fire Department, burned to the ground.

At this hour it is impossible to give any of the particulars, more than that the Watchman, Edward O'Donnel, who was considerably under the influence of liquor, was terribly burned before any aid could reach him. All the stock, wagons and buggies in the stable were destroyed, with the exception of two mules and a horse.

O'Donnel was carried to the drug-store of Murphy & Smith, and his burns, which are of a very serious nature, dressed. At the present writing he still lies there in horrible agony.

DEADLY ASSAULT.—Hans Margum, who has already made himself notorious by deeds of violence and blood, committed a deadly assault upon Chris Nagle last evening about 6 o'clock, on Poplar street. He drove a knife into the throat and cheek of Nagle, narrowly escaping the jugular vein. An eighth of an inch further and the knife would have severed the vital artery. Margum was arrested by officer Cullen and lodged in the First District Station House. He will have a hearing before Squire Millard tomorrow morning, and will, without doubt, be committed without bail.

COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR.

His Report for the Month of October, 1868.

An Interesting Statement.

We publish below the report of the County Tax Collector for the month of October. This statement is one of peculiar interest to our readers. Mr. McLean, the Tax Collector, has made his report as soon as it was possible to do so under the very heavy business pressing upon the office and with his assistants, Messrs. Wm. H. Miller and Thos. Carroll, deserves a great deal of praise for his promptness. It will be seen that the collections have been heavier than ever before known. The amount yet uncollected will no doubt be liquidated by the 1st of January, when our county will be in comparatively easy circumstances:

"OFFICE OF STATE AND COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR, SHELBY COUNTY, TENN., MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 1, 1868.

"John Lonague, Esq., County Court Clerk Shelby County:

"*Sir:* In accordance with the amended revenue law of the State of Tennessee, passed by the General Assembly on the 13th of March, 1868, which requires sworn statements of the amount of State and county taxes collected, and the amount outstanding, etc., to be filed by Collectors in their respective County Clerk's offices on the 1st days of November, December and January of each year, I have the honor to submit herewith the statement for Shelby county on this, 1st day of November, 1868. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

"WILLIAM MCLEAN,
"Tax Collector Shelby County."

STATEMENT OF COLLECTIONS BY WM. MCLEAN, TAX AND CITY TAX COLLECTOR FOR SHELBY COUNTY.

Total amount of Taxes: State tax, $179,270 61; County tax, $179,270 61; Railroad bond tax $86 624 06; Jail tax. $86 624 06. Grand total, $531,789 84. Of which the following amounts have been collected: State tax, $87,359 81; County tax, $94,605 98; Railroad tax, $42 744 09; Jail tax, $46,372 91; total $271,073 69; leaving $91,919 due on State; $84,664 63. County; $43,879 07, Railroad taxes. Total due, $260 716 15.

(Signed.) WM. MCLEAN,
Tax Collector Shelby County.

THE SONS OF MALTA.

Revival of the Ancient and Honored Order.

On Friday evening last, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the old members of the ancient and honorable order of *Sons of Malta*, convened at the rooms of Mr. Sam. Shock, near the Overton Hotel, Main street. Col. A. H. Douglas was called to the chair, and in a few words explained the object of the convocation. Winter, he said, was rapidly approaching—indeed was already on us. The partial failure of the crops and other reasons had superinduced a sort of commercial and financial stagnation, and large numbers of the poor were in truly a pitiable condition. Something must be done to alleviate their wants, and he knew of no better way of doing so than waking up—resuscitating our ancient and honorable order, whose sole end and aim and object was the alleviation of human suffering and misery. He said "waking up," because the order was not dead, but merely sleeping. The order was founded upon the eternal principles of *Charity, Friendship* and *Truth*, and like these rocks upon which it is built, it, as its principles, is eternal.

After the address of Col. Douglas, committees were appointed to take the necessary steps toward the desired end of resuscitating and putting in working order the ancient institution, and the meeting adjourned. Yesterday the committees held a meeting and reported progress. The result is the advertisement which appears in another column.

We are sure that this bare announcement will send a thrill of joy to hundreds—yes, thousands of hearts in the community—apart from the poor and needy, who, in times gone by, had good cause to remember and bless the orders of the Sons of Malta—not that order that such perjured and forsworn creatures as those who furnished the so-called "ritual" for sensational newspapers made it out to be, but the order which it proved itself to be by its daily and hourly action.

On Tuesday evening next, as will be seen by the published advertisement, there will be held a preliminary meeting to organize. All those who formerly belonged to the order, and who are now willing to assist in the building up anew of the noble system of charity which was formerly exemplified in its practical workings, are invited to attend and enroll their names. The meeting will be held in the rooms of Cyrene Commandery, (A. A. S. R. Masonry,) over 293, Front Row, at 7½ o'clock.

THE MARKETS.—The dark, cold and disagreeable weather kept the ladies—all except those who are strictly housekeepers—at home yesterday evening, and the markets wore, consequently, a rather forlorn and disconsolate appearance. The stalls were well supplied, however, with the usual articles of consumption, and at prices differing but little from last Saturday's, to-wit: Chickens, live, per pair, 70@80c; cleaned, 80@$1. Ducks, live, 60@70c per pair. Turkeys, live, $1@1 40 each; cleaned, $1 25@1 50. Eggs, fresh country, 40c per dozen. Fresh country butter, 50c per pound. Beef, choice cuts of choice beef, 20c per pound; ordinary, 15@18c. Mutton, same. Pork, same. Sausage meat, 20c. Head cheese, 20c. Tripe, 75c. Sweet potatoes, 85c@$1; Irish, 90c@$1. Apples, $1 25 per bushel. Cabbage, 10@15c per head. Tomatoes and green corn "echo." Fish were scarce, there being but one stand in Beal Street Market which had any fit to look at. Messrs. Wm. Yanakay & Co., at the corner stand on Beal street had some good "white" and other fish.

DECATUR AND ABERDEEN RAILROAD. Major Green, of New Orleans, arrived in Decatur on Tuesday last, and with a competent corps of engineers and assistants, commenced a survey of the intended route of the proposed road from that point to Aberdeen. By this route, the distance between New Orleans and any of the points now reached from there over the N. O., Jackson and Great Northern road, will be shortened over a hundred miles. The road will be pushed forward to an early commencement and completion.

THE BOOT AND SHOE TRADE.

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps for the Fall Trade. The House of Goodbar & Gilliland Their Immense and Carefully Selected Stock.

Memphis has many large and enterprising dealers in the various branches of trade. Many of our wholesale houses would take rank among the first houses of any of the older cities. Their stocks are selected with that care and intelligence which are the usual accompaniments of capital gained in legitimate trade in this active business age when nothing but good commercial and financial ability could succeed against the active rivalries of the times. We point to these houses with a degree of pride. They are the bone and sinew of our commercial strength, and by affording the greatest advantages to retail dealers have attracted hither a trade which has given our city its growth, and which has been a source of fair profit to themselves as well as the hundreds of purchasers who would have sought more distant markets, at largely increased expense and great inconvenience.

Among those who have done much that is creditable to Memphis in this way, and afforded to purchasers all that liberality and enterprise could offer in any market, are Messrs. J. M. Goodbar & J. R. S. Gilliland, of No. 201 Main street, who have already purchased their third stock of fall goods, and whose immense storehouse is now replete with as well selected a stock as was ever offered in this market. Success has only stimulated them to increased exertions. When a purchaser enters their store, he feels at once that the proprietors of such a house are active, energetic business men; that they are in earnest; that they know the wants of the community in which they live, and are able to deal with customers in a liberal spirit. Mr. Goodbar has just returned from the East, where he has purchased in person a stock of boots, shoes, hats and caps, which we now advise our readers cannot be surpassed. Their stock, we aver, is one of the most complete ever brought to Memphis, and is exactly suited to this market. They do an exclusive wholesale business. Dealers need no further information on this subject. They will scarcely leave the city without visiting this elegant establishment.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE.

A Quarrel Over the Booty.

A Lawsuit on Hand Among the Subscribers of Property.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of Friday (whose statement about any person, or set of persons, who can be ever so remotely accused of the awful crime of being Southern or Democratic, must be taken with considerable margin,) has the following about the late "Paschall House Association." What is most remarkable in the affair, is the *Republican* of the same date does not have a word about these wonderful disclosures:

Mr. John King, well and favorably known to all lovers of mint juleps, brandy smashes and other American drinks, as the proprietor of King's saloon, under the Planters' House, has filed a petition in the Circuit court, setting forth some rather curious facts connected with the great "Paschall House Drawing." The petition is quite lengthy, and having been filed at a late hour yesterday afternoon, we are not able at present to give more than a brief synopsis of its contents.

It states that Alex. Kelsey, Dan Able and others, composed the "Paschall House Association; that Philip S. Lanham was selected as the agent to dispose of the tickets and attend to the other parts of the business, for which he was to receive a certain commission, and was guaranteed against all losses that might be met. It was agreed that all the tickets remaining unsold at the time of the drawing were to belong to the persons who had put in the property constituting the principal prizes, and the stockholder who withdrew his property before the drawing was to forfeit twenty-five per cent. of its value."

With this understanding Mr. King put in his house, worth $15,000. He states that the Paschall House was really worth only $100,000, and was put into the lottery as the first prize at $250,000; that the house of Dan Able at Memphis was worth $25,000, and was taken in at $60 000; the house on Eighth street, worth $5000, at $15,000; the house on Morgan street, worth $5000, at $15,000; the house on Chouteau avenue, worth $4000, at $10,000; the house No 716 Chesnut street, worth $3000, at $9000; the house No. 412 Morgan street, worth $5000, at $15 000; the Jefferson City house, worth $6000, at $18 000; the house No. 1545 Chesnut street, worth $15,000, at $18 000.

He further states that 70,000 tickets were sold at $350,000, and demands a statement from the agents and committee of the association, composed of Kelsey and Able. He estimates the outlay for advertising, etc., at $80,000, and asks for a statement of costs and expenses. He alleges that Kelsey & Co., received over $500,000, and demands that they be required to exhibit their accounts. He has received for his share $4100—$3600 in money and the balance in tickets, and as his house was drawn by the association, and he did not get as big a share as he thinks he was entitled to, he now objects to making a deed for the property, and repudiates the whole business as an illegal transaction.

To morrow we expect to give a fuller report of this remarkable lawsuit.

Herzog & Bro. are receiving new goods daily. Call at their new store, 294, Main street, Clark's Marble Block.

LADIES all go to inspect and buy from the large st and cheapest stock of Silks and fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings in the city. Walker Bros. & Co. 3t

NEGRO M. E. CHURCH.—Bishop Bobt. Paine, of the M. E. Church South, has been holding a conference of the African Branch of that Church, at the North Memphis Methodist Church, for several days past. The Hon. Jno. W. Leftwich, Judge Swayne and Judge Morgan addressed them, on Friday, by express invitation. The conference adjourned yesterday. The *Christian Advocate* will publish their doings in its to-day's issue.

THE surviving members of the 154th (Senior) Regiment of Tennessee Volunteers of the late Confederate army, will this morning at 10½ o'clock, escort the remains of the late chaplain of the regiment—Rev. W. T. Heiskell—to the Charleston depot, where they will be embarked for Jackson for interment in the family grounds. The deceased will be remembered by many of our citizens as the son of the gifted Gen. W. T. Heiskell, and a young man as noted for his intellectual gifts as he was for a piety as sincere as it was genuine and practical. Loved, honored and revered as he was by his surviving comrades, the reinterment of the remains of Mr. Heiskell will revive the hearty regrets with which his death was greeted at the time of its occurrence.

REVENUE DECISIONS.—The following decisions have lately been made by Commissioner Rollins: The term "breadstuffs" is held to apply to flour, meal, shorts, etc., made from corn, wheat, rye and other grains, but does not include bread, crackers, or other products of bakers. The term "unmanufactured lumber" is held to apply to lumber in the rough, as it leaves the saw, including shingles, lathes and rough clapboards. Lumber which is planed, tongued, grooved or otherwise dressed, is not regarded as "unmanufactured," but is subject, under the act, to a tax on sales in excess of $1250 per quarter.

THE best light is made from the sunlight coal (non-explosive.) For lamps, halo shades, lard oil, pitch, resin, tinware, a superior article of axle grease, call at O. F. Prescott & Co., No. 40 Jefferson street. 2t

BANKRUPTS discharged November 20, 1868: Charles Michli, Edward Warburg, J. N. Forrest.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

Object of the Fair and Festival.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

On Monday evening a fair and festival will be inaugurated at the Memphis Club Hall, and I desire to call the attention of the citizens of Memphis to the object of the entertainment, which is stated to be for the benefit of St. Patrick's Church, or rather to aid in paying the debt incurred by the purchase of Calvary Cemetery, which was bought by Rev. Father Riordan about two years since on what was then considered very favorable terms. The necessity for a new cemetery that should be worthy of our growing and populous city, was patent to many Catholics at that time, at whose request and that of Bishop Feehan, the eighty-one acres of land now forming Calvary Cemetery were secured. Ten thousand dollars of the purchase money has been paid, and $6200 has been expended for improvements, while the receipts up to the present time has been only $4806. About $4000 is due from parties who have purchased lots, which it is impossible to collect at the present time. On the 1st of January a $5000 payment on the cemetery has to be made, and the main object of the present fair and festival is to obtain funds to aid in making the payment. Father Riordan commenced operations as pastor of St. Patricks about three years since, and the result of his labor is most gratifying, and can be seen in the substantial Church edifice on Linden street, which has a very large congregation, and the fine cemetery on the Hernando road, which is growing more beautiful day by day, under the combined influence of nature and art, and will in a few years compare favorably with any "City of the Dead" in the Southwest. It is to be hoped that our citizens generally, and especially the Catholic portion of the community, will respond to this appeal and extend a helping hand to Father Riordan in his financial difficulties.

M.

NEW BOOKS.

THE TROTTING HORSES OF AMERICA, how to train and drive him, with reminiscences of the trotting turf; by HIRAM WOODRUFF; New York, J. B. Ford & Co.

This work is without doubt, the greatest horse book ever issued. It is a compilation of a series of papers originally published in *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*. The increasing demand for papers containing these sketches, and the inability of that journal to publish back numbers containing them, led to their collection and issuance in book form. Hiram Woodruff, the author, may be said to be the creator of our distinctively national animal—the trotting horse. It was he who, more than any other man or men, developed the wonderful capabilities of the horse for *speed in harness*, and who was not only the trainer and driver of the most remarkable horses on the American turf, but was acknowledged to have had as much experience, and to know as much about the horse, as any other man in his calling. As a record of his experiences and as suggestions of his skill, the value of this work cannot be overrated, either to gentlemen owning horses, professional trainers and drivers, farmers, horse-raisers—in fact to every man who has driven or loves this noble animal. It is written in a style that is attractive to the general reader, and should be read by all who desire to post themselves upon one of the most characteristic American development. The book is for sale in Memphis by Church & Co.

MOHUN, THE LAST DAYS OF LEE AND HIS PALADINS; Final scenes in the Army of Northern Virginia from the Mass. Commandery of Eagle's Nest; by JOHN ESTEN COOKE; New York, J. J. Hundington & Co.

This work is by the author of that best novel of the war, "Surrey of Eagle's Nest," and is, as its title indicates, a continuance, or rather a sequel, to that story. Southern readers are too well acquainted with Mr. Cooke's style, to make it necessary for us to describe it; for purity and easiness of diction, and freedom from bombast, it compares well with the best standard English authors. All who have read "Surrey of Eagle's Nest" know the brilliancy and beauty of his descriptive powers, which are even more strikingly illustrated than "Mohun" in some of the battle-scenes of which,—especially his cavalry fights,—we are carried away with the descriptions, and in fancy hear the ringing "Charge!" the battle shout—that terrible rebel yell which haunts the dreams of the Yankee soldier even now—we hear the sabre clash, the bullet whistle, and the deep boom of the artillery. The grand and awful sights of thousands of men and horses commingled in deadly fray—the dust, the turmoil, and the ardor of battle are brought vividly before us. In every chapter of "Mohun," we feel that we are brought in close contact with the great leaders of our struggle for independence—with Stuart especially, that paladin, as brave and true as ever was a Roland, or any who followed Charlemagne or fell at Roncesvalles. As to the spirit which actuates the writer and shows through every paragraph, we will but quote his own words in the prologue: "I think of the past without bitterness. God decreed it—God, the all-wise and all-merciful, for his own purpose. I do not indulge any repinings or reflect with rancor upon the issues of the struggle. I prefer recalling the stirring adventure, the brave voices, the gallant faces; even in that tremendous drama of 1864 and '65 I can find something besides blood and tears—even then and there some sunshine."

"Mohun" is *the* novel that the war has produced, and as such, will be marked by everyone who reads it; which we recommend all of our friends to do. For sale by Cowperthait, Chapman & Co.

From Messrs. Church & Co., we have also received "Mildred," by Georgiana M. Craik, and the "Bramleighs of Bishop's Folley," in paper, which we have only had time to glance at.

SPECIAL attention is called to the immense stock of staple Dry Goods received by us during the week. Walker Bros & Co. 3t

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.—The Memorial Society of Nashville beg to inform the friends of the "Lost Cause," in Tennessee, and in all the Southern States, that they have purchased upon very liberal terms, four acres of the new Catholic Cemetery, adjoining Mt. Olive, to reinter the brave and honored Confederate soldiers, whose remains are now lying in the commons and fields of Davidson county. We hope all who are interested in this cause will send their contributions to the Treasurer, or to either of the following Committee:

MRS. JAS. K. POLK,	MRS. F. G. PORTER,
" M. P. MAGUIRE,	" J. FRENCH,
" THOS. FARRAR,	" S. MCG. LINDSLEY,
" JNO. KIRKMAN,	" WM. CARE,
" T. J. HARDING,	" T. CREIGHEAD,
" HENRI WEBER,	" WM. EVANS,
" THOS. MONEES,	" H. R. BOKHER,
" G. CUNNINGHAM,	" JOHN OVERTON.

MRS. FELICIA G. PORTER, Ch'm.
MRS. H. B. BUCKNER, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES OF CEMETERY.

Gen. Wm B. Bate, Gen. B. Frank Cheatham, Mr. D. F. Carter, John Kirkman, Wm. H. Evans, M C. Cotton.

Papers throughout the South will please copy.

Best Prints 12 1-2 cts. Good Prints 8 1-2 cts. Best 4-4 Lonsdale Bleached Domestics 9 cts. Best 4-4 Brown Domestics 18 cts. J. H. Loewenstine & Bro's, No. 231 Main st Extra bargains in Boots and Shoes.

READY MADE Clothing, men's and boys'. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth, at New York prices to merchants and dealers. Walker Bros & Co. 3t

THE NEW MEMPHIS.—A very small Saturday night house assembled last night to bid farewell to the Couldock's, and see Mr. Couldock in his great personification of "Louis XI." We have taken occasion twice before to speak of Mr. Couldock in this gem role, in which he gives us the "King himself," and depicts to us *Louis le debonnaire* to the very life. Last night he equalled, if not excelled, his former acting, and was greeted frequently with storms of applause. He was once called before the curtain, and made a few humorous remarks, reflecting rather severely on the empty chairs.

COTTON.

It is still King.

The Productive Capacity of the South.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In all our history there has never been a time when the South could derive greater benefits from a correct knowledge of her condition and resources. I may be mistaken, but it occurs to me that our people are too prone to conclude that we are "ruined." Matters are bad enough, it is true; but not as desperate as our morbid fancies might color them.

The condition of our industrial wealth may be a correct index of our past and future prosperity. The South produces the chief exports of the Union—cotton and tobacco. Let us look into one of these as shown to us in 1860 and 1868.

The cotton crop had grown from 2,445,793 bales in 1849, to 5,196,944 bales in 1859—an increase of 110 per cent. The steady increase in production was always exceeded by the demand for consumption; and, to-day, cotton clothes more people than all other fabrics in the world. The crop of 1859-60, was the large st one ever made. Putting it at 5,000,000 bales, in round numbers, and at $50 per bale, it was worth the enormous sum of $250,000,000. Less than one million bales were consumed in the United States, while four millions sought foreign markets. This gave life and activity to the largest commerce on the ocean; the export trade being the basis of a still greater import trade. Its demand for the looms of England had become so great in 1857, that, according to the *London Economist*, three-fourths of the commerce of that Kingdom were based upon it, in its raw or its manufactured forms. More than anything else, it affected mining, manufacturing and commercial interests; for the constant conversion of it into different forms, sunk mines, built machinery, erected manufactures, built ships, and created marvels of wealth. As enormous as was the value of the cotton crop of '59-'60, much of it was unnecessarily lost to the producers. The South spent much of it in buying food which could have been raised at home. Then, again, the planter had to feed not only his *laboring* hands, but also the children. He had to clothe men, women and children, pay taxes on them, as property, pay doctor's bills, and lose all their time if they were sick. All these concomitants of slavery drew heavily on his cotton crop.

This year we may estimate the cotton crop at 2,000 000 bales, and the price $100 per bale. This will bring into the cotton States $200,000,000, or within one fifth as much money as when we produced 5,000,000 bales. Now let us look at the charges against these 2,000,000 bales, as compared with those against the 5,000,000—our largest crop. The planter no longer *owns* the negro; but the *labor* is still here, though lamentably inefficient. He hires the negro now, and feeds him. There his charges end. He does not clothe him; does not pay his taxes or doctor's bill, and does not lose his time in sickness. He does not feed or clothe his wife and children, or pay their taxes and doctor's bills, as formerly. But the difference does not end here. The South buys but little food from the North now. She can produce, and this