THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 83

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE, No. 361 MAIN Street. The large foundery brown stone front, 150 long, with front and back stairs, occupied the past five years by G. H. Stood & Co., is our rent from January 1, 1869. This is one of the most attractive and best built storehouses on Main street, one and a-half blocks from the Peabody Hotel, and situated in a block bounded by many of the largest commission merchants in the city. Apply to BROOKS & DENNIS, nov24 3w 291 Main street.

FOR RENT.—Main Street Stores and excellent Offices for rent—Cellars, First and Second Floors and Sleeping Rooms, moderate to prompt tenants. W. A. Wheatley, 299 Main. nov24 1m Agent, P. C. BETHELL.

OFFICE FOR RENT.—The office, No. 9 Madison street, now occupied by Manhattan Savings Bank, formerly Levy & Borg. Inquire on premises nov20 1w

FOR RENT.—On Valentine avenue, two and a half miles from the city, my residence, cont ining eight rooms, basement, kitchen, servant's rooms, carriage house, stable, good cistern and well, all in good repair, with twenty or thirty-four acres. nov6 1m MRS. S. A. PAINE.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE.—The residence of J. Stanwood Menken, Brinkley Avenue, north of Poplar, furnished entire, will be rent at a low rate to a party of undoubted responsibility. nov15 tf

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. Adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE at the appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—I wish to sell my present Homestead, lying within 200 yards of Horn Lake Depot, Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, containing 100 acres, 40 in cultivation and balance in timber. One-half of the place is good branch bottom, balance good up land. The improvements are tolerably good, consisting of dwelling, storehouse, negro quarters, etc. I will make a low if early application be made to me on the premises. T. J. LESTER. nov15 1w

FOR SALE.—Speight, Donnell & Rodman lands in Tipton and Shelby counties. The undersigned, as attorneys of W. B. Rodman, are authorized to sell and convey Judge Rodman's interest in said lands. Persons desirous to purchase good lands will please call on the undersigned and learn terms, which will be accommodating. R. S. HEATH and A. M. LEWIS, 358 Second street. nov15 tf

For Sale.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12TH, I will sell, to the highest bidder, at Mason's Depot, a Tract of Land containing 612 Acres, situated in Tipton county, two miles north of Mason's Depot. Terms made known at time of sale. H. H. and J. F. SHERROD, nov15 law4w Administrators.

FOR SALE.—A first-class Distillery, Machinery, etc., etc., entirely new, and in good order. Will be sold low if immediate application is made. Apply to Doak Saxton, Randolph road, north of Wolf river bridge, or at Britton's Ale House, 278 Front. nov11 1m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 2 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 2 acres to 200. My residence, with from 14 to 24 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in Shelby. N. M. TREZEVANT. jel7

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Two very desirable FRONT ROOMS, with board, can be had at No. 56 Madison street. Also, a few day boarders can be accommodated. nov24

BOARDING.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with either boarding and lodging or day board, at 44 Beal street, up-stairs. nov18 tf

NOTICES.

For Rent.

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE ON Front Row, between Court and Jefferson, suitable for Provisions, etc.—one of the best stands in the city. Also, a splendid large front Cotton Office, over the same.

Apply to J. J. ANDREWS,
nov14tf Commercial Hotel.

Notice.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of John M. Johnson, deceased, by virtue of an order of the honorable Probate Court of Arkansas county, will proceed to sell the real estate of said John M. Johnson, which consists in 472 acres of land in Arkansas county, near the Adams, to the highest bidder; said sale to take place on the premises of the late deceased, near Mt. Adams, on the 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D., 1868. A credit of twelve months will be given by the purchaser, executing his bond with two good and approved securities, with a lien retained upon the property for the payment of the same. There are one hundred acres cleared land, good double log houses and out houses. SAMUEL J. JOHNSON, nov11 law1w Administrator.

Notice.

AT the next (December) term of the County Court of Shelby county, I will apply to the said Court to have an administrator appointed upon the estate of William Rose, deceased. R. N. ROSS. November 9, 1868. nov10 law4w

NOTICE.

PERSONS having business with us will find our Agent, Mr. R. W. BRADFORD, fully authorized to make settlements, at the store of Messrs. A. Vaccaro & Co., 352 Front street. nov8 1m W. K. HILL & CO.

LAWYERS.

CHAS. A. CHOATE,
COUNSELOR AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the *Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty.* nov17 1m

ALBERT PIKE. CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country, and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business, during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy3-sep10 1y

A. WRIGHT, L. D. McKISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

234 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, Burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" Stove to Thimble, Castings of great variety, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.

nov16 ROSENBAUM & BROS.

On Consignment and for Sale Low to the Trade.

200 BUSHELS A1 Malt, 30 bales fresh Hops, 25 barrels Sump Pork, 10 casks Bulk Shoulders, 500 rolls Bagging, 50 coils Rope, 1000 barrels Flour—all grades.

nov22 1w JOBE, HUNT & CO., 284 Front Street.

THE NEWS.

—Bismarck's estate covers 16,000 acres.

—Chicago contains 62,433 Germans.

—Our standing army numbers now about 48,000 men.

—Henry A. Wise is writing his autobiography.

—Senor Romero is soon to return to Washington.

—Geo. Wm. Curtis has delivered "Political Morality" to Springfield.

—Cheyenne offered Parepa $1000 to "switch off there and sing a song."

—The "peerless Morlacchi" is dancing in "Lurline" to the Boston Puritans.

—St. Paul has this year erected 361 buildings, costing $1,000 000.

—The corn crop of Ohio this year is estimated at 141 000,000 bushels.

—A divorced Westerner married again, but soon eloped with his first wife.

—Pennsylvania farmers grease their peas before planting, to prevent rotting.

—A house built on a large wagon is carrying an excursion party through Indiana.

—Two fences, each 173 miles long, are building along the Union Pacific Railroad.

—The corporation of London gave Napier a solid eighteen carat gold sword before he left for India.

—It is said that Grant has ordered "eight lighters" made out of all applications for office.

—Predicted, that in ten years the Neosho Valley, Kansas, will contain 1,000,000 people.

—Seventy-two persons have already been announced as "sure" of appointments in Grant's cabinet.

—A New York lawyer, in the Great Western suit, received $100,000 for himself and assistant counsel.

—The following ticket is proposed for 1872: For President, Anna E. Dickinson; for Vice-President, Wendell Phillips.

—The Emperor Alexander is the best horseman of the sovereigns of Europe, but is neither a marksman nor a swordsman.

—Victor Emanuel is a passionate hunter, but knows very little about fencing, and is a somewhat awkward horseman.

—Jefferson and Janauschek are amusing Buffalo. A combination performance of *Rip Van Winkle* is suggested.

—The Imperial Library in Paris, it is stated, contains 1,100,000 printed and 80,000 MS. volumes. The total number of volumes in the public libraries of France is 6,233,000, nearly 5,000,000 more than are in the libraries of Great Britain. The private collections in England, however, are much larger than those in France.

—The eruption of Mount Vesuvius will probably relieve the countries of Europe from the threatened earthquakes. The mountain, as reported by the Atlantic cable, is in a very vigorous condition—the streams of lava filling and overflowing the long, deep crevices in the side. The direction of the current is the same as during the eruption of 1855. On the night of November 16th, the upper cone discharged columns of ashes, occasionally illuminated by flames of fire. Crowds of spectators are hurrying to Naples to witness the grand sight.

—The Feejee Islands are at present devastated by a terrible war, waged between the natives and the settlers, in which both parties perpetrate the most cruel atrocities. The colonists are driven from their plantations and the buildings burnt. The commander of the British war steamer Challenger destroyed a native village and killed forty-one savages. King Thakombau has paid the first instalment of the debt due to the United States, amounting to $12,250, to the United States Consul at Melbourne.

—The explorers sent out by the Smithsonian Institute in search of American antiquities, have discovered a large number of skulls and idols in the mounds of Indiana, Missouri and Tennessee. These remains are supposed to be older than any that have hitherto been found in this country, and are believed to have belonged to a race anterior to the Indians. The skulls are smaller than any previously noticed, are box shaped and almost square. In the same mounds were also found pottery and implements, unlike any that have hitherto been discovered.

—The practice of this new theory of cure was introduced, it is stated, in the United States by a German physician, Dr. Grus, who, in the year 1825, published a treatise on the subject. At first not much attention was paid to homœopathy, but in the next ten years, six works advocating the principles of Hahnemann were published. In 1834 Jahr's manual was translated, and found many students. At present there are 3637 practitioners of homœopathy in the United States, of whom 818 are to be found in New York, 274 in Pennsylvania, 352 in Ohio, 275 in Michigan, and 251 in Massachusetts. There are 61 Societies, 3 being national, 2 sectional, 16 State and 40 local. There are 7 colleges and 14 hospitals, infirmaries, etc., in different States.

—A process for coating brass and copper with a bright surface of platinum, has recently been published in the foreign papers. A nearly neutral solution of chloride of platinum is made by carefully adding carbonate of soda to the acid solution so long as there is effervescence. To this solution is added a little glucose and some chloride of sodium, without which latter substance the platinum would be deposited black. The articles to be coated have only to be immersed in this mixture; but when it is wished to coat a number of small objects, such as pins, it is recommended to place them in a sort of glue sieve and immerse the whole in the solution, heated to about 160 degrees Fahrenheit. The coating of platinum is deposited almost immediately, and the articles have then only to be well washed and dried in warm sawdust.

—Madame Mogs has quarreled with the Empress Eugenie. Who is Madame Mogs? Her Majesty's dress-maker, who for ten years received about a hundred thousand francs a year for filling her Majesty's wardrobe; until recently the Empress always yielded to the dictation of Madame Mogs in matters of taste and style; but several months ago Eugenie commenced rebellion against her authority, and as Madame Mogs, who is a very independent lady, would not stand any snubbing, a rupture ensued. Madame Mogs now relies on the patronage of the Princess de Metternich, who has been the leader of Paris fashions for two or three years past, and who seems to remain as young as ever, while the Empress is fast growing old.

—The mastodon discovered some time ago in a slough, one and a half miles southeast of Fairmount, Vermillion county, Ill., was recently the subject of a report to the Chicago Academy of Sciences. Only one-eighth part of the bones have been exhumed, and these, owing to their having been near the surface of the earth and in the bed of the slough, which was sometimes full of water, are not in a very good state of preservation, being exceedingly brittle and hard to handle. Some of the individual bones are quite perfect, such as the bones of the feet, nearly all the lower and upper jaws, and fragments of the scapula and the head. The teeth, particularly, are well preserved, being clear and beautiful, the enamel showing no injury. The skeleton is larger than either of the two in the possession of the Academy.

—At a recent meeting of Baptist ministers in England to consider the subject of total abstinence, Mr. Spurgeon expressed himself as follows on the subject: "I may be allowed for a moment to be slightly egotistical, and say what is my position before. It may be the position of one or two others. It may illustrate it from my brother's case. Some time ago he was an avowed teetotaller; some nine months he was consistent to his pledge, but again and again he found from time to time he was literally falling, and one day, so close was he to the verge of the grave, that I said, 'Young man, there was one man who went to heaven in a chariot of fire, but that is no reason why you should go to heaven in one of water,' and I went myself and fetched a glass of wine, which enabled him to finish his day's work. He said, 'What more is to be done?' I said, 'I will tell you my own experience. I tried conscientiously to be a teetotaller for some nine months myself, but I found I was obliged to give it up, at least I thought so, and determined to take what I did take in secret. I bought some wine and some medicine glasses, and I think for a year I drank no wine but out of a medicine glass and with a locked door. But, of course, it leaked out, and I found I was doing more harm than by open drinking. I found some had got a habit of secret drinking who were confirming themselves in what I was doing; so I put the medicine glass on one side, that no one should say I was ashamed of doing publicly what I did in private.'"

—The New York *World* gives the following estimate of the number of Trade Unions in the United States:

Name.	Branches.	Members in Good standing.
Carpenters and Joiners	77	2,027
Engineers and Machinists	71	826
Cigarmakers	85	3,497
Bricklayers	81	28,000
Machinists and Blacksmiths	117	10,000
Grand Forge of United States	48	1,514
Tailors	74	1,581
Typographical Union	112	6,034
Workingmen's Assembly	35	8,000
Boot and Shoemakers	5	1,625
Iron Moulders	200	10,000
Longshoremen	4	3,500
Coopers	20	1,700
Cabinet Makers	1	1,000
Waiters (New York City)	1	1,200
Laborers	1	5,000
Total	677	79,398

This list only represents the largest and most powerful organizations. There are many others of which accurate records cannot be obtained, which would add to it considerably.

—The European war clouds are the Eastern questions and the rivalry between France and Prussia. Of course, Austria is connected with both these issues, either directly or in a collateral manner, and when her rulers speak, their words will be applied to the most prominent issues. This is a natural consequence of a fevered and excited state of public opinion, and war has grown out of as slight causes. But the Great Powers are not ready for a conflict yet, and, therefore, the Chancellor of Austria's speech will not produce more than a passing ripple upon the surface of European affairs.

—An earthquake at Cologne, and a violent eruption of Mount Vesuvius, are indications that the disturbances of the earth, which, in earlier periods of this year, were experienced in South America, and upon the western coast of the United States, are transferred to Europe. Vesuvius and Etna, and all other volcanoes, have been considered chimneys by which the internal fires might have vent, and when they were most active there was the least danger from earthquakes. Vesuvius has always been considered a sort of safety valve. There were few earthquakes in Calabria and neighboring provinces when Vesuvius was active, and while the volcano smoked away the people were merry. This has been a remarkable year for disturbances of the earth, and destruction and injury to man in consequence. It is to be hoped that the lamp of our troubles will be burned out with Vesuvius.

—The journalist who has now the largest income in Paris is Louis Énbach; his pen, a veritable *plume d'or*, yields him no less than between seventy and eighty thousand francs a year. Jules Janin makes about fifty thousand francs annually; but he is growing old very fast, and is frequently prostrated by the rheumatism, so that he cannot work a great deal. His good humor, though, never leaves him for an instant, and his criticisms of artists and authors are still as good natured as if he enjoyed the best of health. He wrote lately to John Lemoine, in sending him an article: "Here is the copy for which you have sent to me so often. Excuse my delay in writing it, my dear friend; but let me tell you that I had to utter a groan at almost every word I penned, and inwardly cursed a thousand times the hapless mortal who in times of yore invented the art of writing."

TEXAS.

—Indians have been depredating on the Honds.

—The Bastrop *Advertiser* announces the death, at his residence in that place, on the 14th, of Dr. J. N. Williams.

—The courthouse at San Marcos has been destroyed by fire. Only the County Clerk's records were saved. Origin of the fire unknown.

—The election for delegate from Bell, McLenpan and Falls counties, resulted in the success of one Mullins, a negro blacksmith.

—Recently in Goliad, a caballado of 100 head of horse stock sold for $7 50 per head; saddle ponies at from $20 to $35; land from 3 to 75 cents.

—A new stage line has been established between Tyler and Marshall, connecting at the latter point with another line running to various portions of Northeastern Texas.

—From the LaGrange papers we learn that Mr. Calleson was waylaid and murdered last week; also, that a Mr. Pace was killed the same week, in a personal difficulty, both in Fayette county.

—Tom Ochiltree, held to bail for the recent assault, with a knife, upon Mr. Fitzgerald, failed to appear in court at Galveston on the 16th inst., so his bond was forfeited.

—Gen. Reynolds has appointed Brevet Col. A. G. Malloy, 1st lieut. 35th infantry, to the office of Mayor of Jefferson, Texas, vice Hodge, removed for alleged inefficiency and neglect of duty.

—The Waco *Examiner* says C. S. Merriman, who murdered Mr. W. Glosson in that place last summer, was killed by the sheriff, Morris, 125 miles from Waco, on the frontier, a short time since. The sheriff, after a long and arduous cruise, had captured Merriman, who declared he would never go back to Waco alive. He was attempting to escape when he was killed.

—In Sherman they raise sweet potatoes weighing seven pounds each, and are growing pears as late as this. The *Courier* calls upon more than a dozen citizens of Republican politics, endorsers of the reconstruction acts, supporters of Gen. Grant, old citizens of Grayson county, whose property and interests are there, to come out and say how much truth there is in the statement sent forth from Sherman recently, and published all over the North, to the effect that "desperadoes had killed eight or nine soldiers, eleven white Unionists and freedmen without number," that the life and property of Union men are unsafe, etc.

—The Corsicana *Observer* gives an account of the killing of a notorious thief and murderer and refugee from justice, Ben Gregory, a young man about 25 years of age, who had formerly been a resident of Navarro county. Gregory, Kit Gregory, and a man said to be named Jim White, murdered a man in Bossier parish, La., by the name of Wm. D. V. Vanarsdel, on the 1st day of August, 1867, in cold blood, and a reward of $500 each was offered for them. Gregory was captured at Bryan, but got away by jumping off a steamboat into the Mississippi river and swimming ashore, but was again captured, tried and sentenced to be hanged, and was to have been executed last month, but he got out of jail at Shreveport by picking the locks. He was discovered in the suburbs of Corsicana, and attempting to shoot the citizens who undertook to arrest him, when he was fired on and killed.

WHAT IS THOUGHT OF IT.

The Forrest-Kilpatrick Affair—Interesting and Spicy Correspondence.

The following correspondence explains itself. In consideration for the modesty of some of the parties, we give only initials:

NEW YORK, November 10.

Gen. J—n M. C—e:

Dear General: Forrest says I am "a liar, poltroon and scoundrel." What do you think about it? Truly, etc.,
JUDSON KILPATRICK.

CHICAGO, November 14.

Gen. Kilpatrick:

Sir: Yours received. I think so too. Yours, etc., J—N M. C—E, Maj. Gen.

NEW YORK, November 7.

Gen. W. T. S—n:

Dear Sir: Forrest has published me as "a liar, poltroon and scoundrel." What ought I to do about it?
Very truly, yours,
JUDSON KILPATRICK.

CHEYENNE, November 16.

Gen. Kilpatrick:

Sir: I think you ought to call out Forrest for having lied about you—that is, for having told only half the truth.
Yours, W. T. S—N Lieut. Gen.

NEW YORK, November 8.

Gen. U. S. G—t:

Dear Sir: Forrest, of Memphis, has published a card in which he says I am "a liar, poltroon and scoundrel." What do you think should be done with an unhung rebel who thus vilifies a loyal soldier? I am, my dear General, your most obedient servant,
JUDSON KILPATRICK.

WASHINGTON, November 10.

Gen. Kilpatrick:

Sir: I don't know. Let us have peace. I have no policy on such matters. Have just had a present of a splendid bull-slut. Truly, U. S. G—T, General.

NEW YORK, November 10.

Gen. B. F. B—r:

My Dear Sir: Forrest, the infamous butcher of Fort Pillow, has published me as "a liar, poltroon and scoundrel." What ought to be done?
Very truly, JUDSON KILPATRICK.

MASSACHUSETTS, November 12.

Gen. Kilpatrick:

Dear Sir: I think he ought to be impeached. If you cannot impeach his veracity in this matter, borrow his spoons and don't return them.
Your friend, B. F. B—R.

There are several more letters in our possession upon this subject. They are mostly to the point.

SOUTHERN TRANS-CONTINENTAL RAILROAD.

Letter from Gen. Rosecrans.

In a letter to the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, on the subject of the Southern Trans-Continent Railroad, General Rosecrans makes the following suggestions:

1. This is the Congressional session, when the outgoing wishes to do something gracious, and the incoming administration ought to be glad to get rid of the responsibility of appropriations in aid of our railroads, and both ought therefore, to favor the required appropriations.

2. The development of the South and West, and the construction of a Southern Trans-Continental Railroad are so abundantly fraught with public benefits, that if those interested use proper means and minds to lay the facts before the country through the press, they can create a public opinion that will bear their measures through Congress promptly and without extra effort. But if they act without unity, and each interest understandingly conflicts with the other, I am afraid of failure, expense and mischief.

3. I earnestly suggest that only three of the principal lines, say the Kansas Branch, Atlantic and Pacific, and Memphis and New Orleans, and Fulton or Shreveport, ought to ask subsidies to the valley of the Rio Grande.

4. That thence to the Pacific there should be but one grand trunk line, over which all the westward bound lines from the Mississippi and Gulf to the valley of the Rio Grande should have equal rights to run trains at uniform rates and charges.

5. That the rights and subsidies for its construction from the Rio Grande to the Colorado should belong to that one of those lines which should first reach the initial point to be fixed in the valley of the Rio Grande, and from the Colorado westward to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, or to the San Diego and Gila City Railroad Company.

6. That the initial point should be fixed in the valley of the Rio Grande, near El Paso, because that will open two hundred miles of that great and fertile valley, accommodate all the westward bound railroad lines from the Kansas branch to the Rio Grande, give an initial point for a railroad to Chihuahua, and for an overland thence to the Pacific, possessing all the advantages set forth in the note appended to this letter, to which I beg to call especial attention.

7. To effect the best results, the friends of these railroad lines should organize, appoint special representatives under one general head, and discuss and arrange the programme which this head should carry out.

This arrangement will give all a fair chance, do most that can be done for the entire railroad interest, and prevent those otherwise necessary combinations of extreme and stronger interests which in self-defense crush minor ones, while it would reduce to a minimum the chances of corruption and public demoralization.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

The Production of the Pennsylvania Oil Regions.

A correspondent of the Chicago *Times* writing from the oil regions of Pennsylvania, says:

The returns of the whole oil region show a product for October of 340 813 barrels; for the last day, 11,113 barrels—a reduction of 1414 barrels upon the last day of the previous month. From the 1st of January to the 1st of November, the aggregate yield was 3,090,000 barrels—with nearly double the number of new wells—an increase of only about 10 per cent. upon last year's product. During this period of ten months, the shipments to foreign countries have increased 50 per cent upon last year's; whilst the stock on hand in Europe aggregate no more, showing a greatly increased consumption there. Meantime, the whole stock on hand here is only 266,000 barrels, against 666,000 (or 400,000 less than) the same time last year. The price averages $4 00 per barrel, against $5 50 last year.

The number of new wells being drilled is 435 against 255 the same time a year ago, and of these 213 are at Pleasantville, where there are already about 100 producing wells, the whole yielding daily about 2000 barrels. It is estimated that there are about 1000 wells in operation in the whole region, averaging only 10 to 12 barrels each daily.

The old oil region proper is all on the west side of the Alleghany river, with the exception of a few wells on the east side, immediately upon the margin of the river. These few wells on the east side have all been spasmodic, and, with the exception of those opposite Tidioute, very short lived—the oil having been obtained only within a few hundred feet of the surface, in the first or second sand rock; no third or fourth sand rock having been found, either at the river or 20 miles east of it, although in the latter instance the wells are sunk a thousand feet. The general impression was that there was a third or fourth oil strata (which are the reliable ones for productiveness) on the east side, notwithstanding Profs. Agassiz and Bowen gave their opinions that they might be found there at some distance back, where they were not, as at the river, displaced entirely; provided the real eastward dip of the strata was taken into consideration.

As at Pleasantville, the Mecca of Olldum, it seemed to be reserved for a Chicagoan to make the discovery of the great third sandrock, or regular oil-bearing stratum on the east side. By regarding the suggestions of these distinguished geologists, a citizen of your place has just reached, at considerable depth, the very desirable third sandrock, with abundance of oil-pebbles, and is now drilling for a fourth, with a certainty of oil in large quantities when he shall have found an opening or crevasse, as at Pithole or upon Oil Creek in old times, when it was no uncommon thing to strike a flowing well that yielded from 500 to even 3000 barrels per day.

Petroleum having become such an indispensable article both at home and abroad, the importance of this discovery to consumers cannot very well be exaggerated; nor to trade, when we remember that after being refined its aggregate value amounts to from $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 annually; especially when we reflect that the old oil region, on the west side has ceased to flow, has but one well of even 250 barrels, and less than five yielding over 100 barrels daily; showing that it is, more or less, one common basin, daily being emptied lower and lower of its gas and oil.

DIRECT TRADE.

Knoxville the Place of Meeting

From the Knoxville Press and Times.]

We find the following proceedings of the company organized at Norfolk, at the time of the Direct Trade Convention there, on October 14th, in the Lynchburg *News*. It might be proper to state that this meeting was held at Lynchburg on the day of the meeting of the stockholders of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, November 18th:

Pursuant to advertised notice, the International Commercial Company of the City of Norfolk, convened at the Corn Exchange yesterday at 12 o'clock, noon. The attendance was large in point of numbers, and highly respectable in point of the business standing and intelligence of the gentlemen present.

The meeting was called to order by Col. Wm. Lamb, who enquired whether it would not be better, in view of the circumstance that several large subscriptions were not represented, to adjourn the organization till some subsequent occasion.

Col. Fayette McMullen arose and subscribed for one share of stock in the company; and took occasion to add a few forcible remarks on the importance of direct trade between Southern ports and Europe. The speaker paid also a glowing tribute to Gen. Mahone, and his management of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad.

Dr. Robinson, of Norfolk, addressed the meeting, urging the importance of direct trade, and promising the measure at all times his heartiest support. He did not consider the present a fit occasion, however, to effect an organization of the company.

After further discussion, the following resolutions were offered and adopted, after which the meeting adjourned:

Resolved, That the subscribers to the International Commercial Company, now assembled in general meeting, deem it inexpedient at this time to perfect a permanent organization, as many of the subscribers to the company, residing in this and other States, are not present.

Resolved, That this meeting of the stockholders adjourn to meet in the city of Knoxville, Tennessee, on the second Wednesday of February next, for permanent organization.

Resolved, That the Commissioners named in the charter of the International Commercial Company are hereby requested to continue their efforts to obtain subscriptions, and are hereby authorized, so far as this meeting can do so, to collect ten per cent. on subscriptions made, and to have the same fund deposited with the treasurer appointed by them, who will be required to give ample security for the safe-keeping of such fund, and to hold it in trust for the company when the same is legally organized.

Resolved, That the railroad companies interested in this important scheme of Direct Trade, are hereby requested to furnish free passage to any agents who are traveling exclusively in the interest of this company.

MUSICAL.

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H. A. PARTEE, - - - President.
J. R. GRAVES, - - - Secretary.

Authorized Capital, - - - - $400,000
Subscribed Capital, - - - - - 79,000
Paid up Capital, - - - - - - 38,000
Due on Call Dec. 10th, - - - - 10,000

DIRECTORS:

W. H. CHERRY, P. C. ROGERS,
W. B. WALDRAN, P. S. JONES,
N. S. BRUCE, S. R. WOOD.

STOCKHOLDERS:

John R. Watkins, W. B. Waldran,
W. H. Cherry, J. R. Graves,
P. C. Rogers, S. R. Wood,
H. A. Partee, P. S. Jones,
J. L. Verner, J. D. Jones,
Robert C. Gist, W. D. Andrews,
J. H. Choate, M. Cooper,
E. G. Wicker, R. D. Goodwin,
Charles Stout & Bro., Taylor, Redford & Co.,
A. Hatchett, F. M. White,
James M. Beattie, Larry Harmstad,
R. G. Craig, J. B. Canada,
I. Izzard, J. M. Rutledge.

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TRUST SALE.

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me as Trustee by Hetty Lanier, F. R. Lanier and Martha Lanier, dated the 24th day of March, 1858, I will sell, as Trustee, for the purpose of paying the debts specified in said deed, they not having been paid, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at Bethell's corner, Main street, Memphis, Tennessee,

On the 5th Day of December, 1868,

The lands described in the deed of trust, to-wit: One tract of land containing about thirteen hundred acres, situated in the county of Mississippi, State of Arkansas, in Social Bend, on the Mississippi river, opposite Island No. 84, being the land purchased by Isaac Lanier of James Barrett, and on which said Isaac resided at his death; and one other tract of land situated in the same county and State, and lying on said river opposite Island No. 35, and known as the Williams farm, and purchased by said Isaac of Josiah Williams and E. H. Ewing, and a description of which will be found in their deed to said Isaac. The said Deed of Trust has been duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county of Mississippi, in Record Book Vol. 3, pages 257, 258 and 259, to which reference is made for the terms thereof. This the 27th day of August, 1868.

nov12 td C. E. HILLMAN, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust made to me by Scipio Means on the 31 day of January, 1868, I will on

Thursday, the 10th Day of December, 1868,

At the southwest corner of Main and Madison streets, in the city of Memphis, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following lot or parcel of land situate, lying and being in said city of Memphis and State of Tennessee, and described as follows: Part of Lot No. 3, in block No. 38 in said city, beginning at a point in the east line of St. Martin street at the southeast corner of Mr. Noel's lot; running thence southwardly with the line of St. Martin street 26 feet; thence eastwardly at right angles to the center of the bayou 164 feet; thence northwardly with the center of the bayou 26 feet to Mr. Noel's line; thence westwardly with said Noel's south line 164 feet to the beginning.

Sale at 11 o'clock a.m.

nov7 tds JOHN G. FINNIE, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of the authority vested in me by Deed of Trust executed to me by James L. Rennin on the 4th day of December, 1867, to secure the payment of certain debts therein specified, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 62, pages 546 and 547, I will, on

Saturday, the 5th Day of December, 1868,

At 10 o'clock a.m., at the northwest corner of Main and Vance streets, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, an undivided one-half interest in the following described lot or parcel of land in the city of Memphis, to-wit: The south part of block No. 27: Beginning at the northwest corner of the intersection of Main and Vance streets; thence north with the west side of Main street 150 feet to a stake; thence west and parallel with Vance street 150 feet to a stake; thence south and parallel with Main street 150 feet to the north side of Vance street; thence east with Vance street 150 feet to the beginning. Equity of redemption waived, and the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee. JOHN JOHNSTON, Trustee.

November 2, 1868. nov3

TRUSTEE SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Wm. D. Fly on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1859, to John D. Trotter, Trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes payable as follows, to wit: One note for six thousand dollars, due and payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 30th day of January, A.D. 1860, with ten per cent. interest from date, and dated the 30th of March, A. D. 1859. One note of the same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on 30th day of March, A.D. 1861, with legal interest from date. And one note of same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1862, with legal interest from date. Said Deed of Trust is recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Tunica county, State of Mississippi, in Book E, of the record of deeds for said county, page 341. And by virtue of, and in pursuance of a Decree of the Chancery Court of said Tunica county, made at the April term thereof, A.D. 1868, investing myself with the powers of Trustee in said Deed of Trust, the death of the said Jno. D. Trotter, Trustee as aforesaid, having been suggested to said Chancery Court, I will, on the

28th Day of December, A.D. 1868,

At the courthouse door in the town of Austin in the county of Tunica, State of Mississippi proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash the following lands as described in said Deed of Trust, as follows, to wit: All of section seven (7) of Township (4) of Range eleven, (11), west lying and being in said Tunica county and State of Mississippi. Sale within lawful hours. Title supposed to be good, but I will sell only as Trustee. J. F. SAMPLE, Trustee.

October 15, 1868. oc27 tds

Bankrupt Sale of Personal Property.

In the several matters of A. S. Coleman, No. 297; Alison P. Johnson, No. 315; G. & H. Frank, No. 337; Coolidge & Cooper and S. H. Melcher & Co., No. 341; A. A. Burleson, No. 30; and H. F. Farnsworth, No. 13.

In Bankruptcy, at Memphis, Tennessee.

BY virtue of orders of sale entered in the above-named cases, on the 6th day of November, 1868, by the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, in Bankruptcy, I will proceed to sell, on

Friday, November 27, 1868,

To the highest and best bidder, FOR CASH, at the front door of U. S. Court, Waldran Block, No. 450 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. and commencing at 12 o'clock m. of said day, all the right, title and interest, legal and equitable, which belonged to said several Bankrupts at the date of filing their respective petitions in bankruptcy, in and to the following described personal property, to-wit: All the bills of exchange, promissory notes, securities, bonds, stocks, debts, demands, claims, rights, equities, accounts, books of account, choses in action, and all the singular, the personal effects and assets of said Bankrupts, of every kind and description.

Sale positive, and possession given immediately. W. M. V