TO THE PUBLIC.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 23, 1869.

THE WEEKLY APPEAL will be ready for delivery to-morrow. The contents comprise every article of interest or value that has appeared during the week in our daily issues. The news of the day in every shape; interesting dramatic, literary, art and personal items; telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press; local news; agricultual items; railroad matters; editorials on current topics; river news; and a thorough and searching review of the markets, embracing a careful synopsis of the week's work in the cotton market. Commission merchants should order copies for their customers. They will find them done up in wrappers, price only five cents. Yearly rate, $2 50.

THE *Post* of last evening, discussing President JOHNSON's return home, says that "loud as may be the applause of the "rebel press and masses, he will have to "summon all the brazen effrontery of "the most impudent felon [the School "Fund thief for instance] to face the "hissing and scorn which he will receive "from the whole body of old Tennessee "Unionists." Few in numbers and of very small caliber, these are no doubt so overwhelmed with the shameful character of the stewardship account they will have to render to their old and patriotic leader that they will hide their heads; or, attempting a hiss, it will be turned against the unconscionable thieves who pocketed the $650,000 in gold restored to the State by advice of ex-Gov. HARRIS.

BROWNLOW, in his proclamation calling out the militia, says: "WHEREAS, "There are now sixteen hundred State "Guards at Nashville, armed and equip-"ped, under the command of Gen. Jos "A. COOPER; and, whereas, these troops "are intended to preserve the peace and "enforce the laws in counties heretofore "partially in rebellion; now, therefore, "I do hereby proclaim martial law." He does not say there is *now* any rebellion against his *un* constitutional authority, but that *heretofore*, there was *partially* a rebellion, and therefore his troops must be employed. It would not do to disband sixteen hundred armed and equipped militia without giving them an opportunity of proving themselves the reliable tools to stir up and excite rebellion that BROWNLOW thinks them. That would be to confess himself what the world already believes him, a needless alarmist and mischief-maker. No, no; that would never do. He *must* be right, or appear to be. Therefore he attempts to justify himself in calling for this militia, and makes occasion for their services by going back to a time (when he does not say exactly) of rebellion or disturbance, perhaps as remote as the late civil war. Poor, bleeding, desecrated Tennessee.

BY what authority we know not, the following was telegraphed from Nashville to the Louisville *Courier Journal* of Sunday: "Recent developments render "it almost certain that there will not be "any Democratic Convention in Ten-"nessee this year, and that no guberna-"torial candidate will be brought out by "that party under any circumstances, "unless the Supreme Court of the United "States should declare the franchise law "unconstitutional. Leading men from "different parts of the State, after com-"paring notes, arrived at this decision, "and since BROWNLOW has refused to "give the certificates of election to the "Democratic Congressmen elected in "the Fourth and Eighth Districts, the "sentiment has become almost universal "that a canvass this year with the regis-"tration and election machinery under "the absolute control of one man, would "be nothing better than a farce. So "it may be set down as certain that "ANDY JOHNSON nor any other man "will be put forward this year by the "Democratic party. It is not improba-"ble that the bitter feeling between the "BROWNLOW and FLETCHER wings of "the Radical party will bring about a "split, and that two candidates for the "Governorship will make the race. In "that case, the one committed to rebel "enfranchisement would be likely to re-"ceive the Conservative vote." We would like to hear from our leading men of West Tennessee upon this subject.

THE NASHVILLE papers have been discussing the constitutionality of SENTER's surrender of membership in the Senate when he becomes Governor. The Legislature says that when he enters upon the duties of the gubernatorial office, he will have vacated not only his Speakership of the Senate, but his position as a member of that body. The *Union and American* (good authority) says: "Whenever the Speaker of the "Senate becomes the acting Governor, "the Senate should properly elect a "Speaker *pro tempore* to preside over its "deliberations, if the Legislature be in "session, but Mr. SENTER must retain his "authority, whether he exercises it or "not, to go into the Senate and vote on "any question before that body, and if "he so desire, to preside over its deliber-"ations, else he has no warrant in the "Constitution to exercise the powers and "duties of the office of Governor." Of "course, SENTER and the Legislature care nothing for the Constitution, and will act as may please them best, just as they have done for the past three years. It is not fashionable to discuss constitutionalities with Radicals, and we are surprised that our dignified contemporary should for a moment have forgotten the prevalent political etiquette and suggested the Constitution to those who have murdered and buried it.

—Eugenie, it is said, has recently become a Spiritualist through the influence of a clever clairvoyant.

ORITUARY.

HON. WALKER BROOKE.

The Vicksburg *Herald* of Saturday announces the death of Hon. Walker Brooke, formerly Senator from that State, in the following paragraph: "As we feared—from the critical condition in which he was placed by the accident detailed in our issue of yesterday—it becomes our painful duty, this morning, to announce the death of Hon. Walker Brooke. This sad calamity befel our community at fifteen minutes past three o'clock yesterday morning, and has cast a gloom over the entire city, every face indicating a deep and settled sorrow at the sudden loss of this truly great and good man, whom none knew but to love. His demise will long be sadly deplored. His many virtues and great nobility of soul have greatly endeared him to the hearts of all, and his memory will long be deeply revered. But we designed in this, merely to announce the melancholy event."

THE New York *Tribune*, good Radical authority, says "it is not believed that the next Congress will be able to give the majority necessary to carry the Fifteenth Constitutional Amendment." Good news for the country. The "nigger" will sleep for a season. Thank GOD.

A NOTICEABLE part of BROWNLOW's last proclamation is that wherein he warns Gen. COOPER to punish, with all the severity of the law, habitual drunkenness. He does not specify those hitherto great crimes of militia bodies—theft, arson, outrage, rape, rapine and robbery. These, we presume, he proposes shall be indulged in freely. If so, we much mistake the manhood of Tennessee. Until there are steps in that direction, we counsel our people to peace, strict observance of the law, and closest attention to business.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Struggle for the Treasury Department and Internal Revenue Bureau—Cabinet Rumors and the Retiring President—The Congressional Globe—The Tenure of Office—When Colfax will resign—Defrees enters a Denial—What Bill will likely Pass—Jefferson Davis—Colfax in Preparation—The President Indignant—Baltimore and the Retiring President—What Grant will do First—Missouri Pressure.

From the Baltimore Gazette.]

THE FARCE OF RADICAL HONESTY.

It is to be feared that all the twaddle about prospective "*honesty*" in the collection of the revenue, like that of "economy" in its expenditure will end in smoke. Signs are abundant enough, and of daily exhibition, showing that the great struggle among all the cliques of the dominant party is for the Treasury Department and its important appendage, the Internal Revenue Bureau. Although our foreign relations are by no means in a safe position, there is little or no controversy here as to who shall fill the State Department. In the face of a serious and imminent misunderstanding with Great Britain, leading Radicals appear to be utterly indifferent whether our Foreign Secretary shall be Sumner or Geo. Francis Train, or whether the new Envoy to that Government be Mr. Motley or Mr. Cornell Jewett. With regard to a manager of our finances, however, the magnets are still fighting with a will. And wherefore (if the "rings" are all to be demolished—if the collectors, assessors, and supervisors are all to be honest men), this extraordinary sensitiveness on the part of wire-pullers possessing, or at least professing to possess, the ear of the new President? The marines may swallow the stuff in vogue about honesty, but the sailors will not. The Tenure-of-Office Act is yet unrepealed, and will not be touched until the "coming man" has entered into bond with approved security upon these vitally important points.

CABINET RUMORS AND THE RETIRING PRESIDENT.

In this connection I may say that public rumors are rapidly assuming an authentic shape in reference to the more important Cabinet positions. Undoubtedly leading Radicals have become decidedly more cheerful within a day or two past. I stated the other day that the "slate" had been divulged to some of them. It is now confidently stated that the make-up receives the approbation of such differently classified men as Sumner and Stanton, on the one hand, and Bingham and Trumbull, on the other. Indeed, it is predicted, with more than usual audacity, that at least two of those worthies will themselves occupy conspicuous positions, although heretofore regarded as antipodes to each other in the classification of "wings." Speaking of the names now "freely bruited about by Radical partisans of persons who are to compose the Cabinet," the *Intelligencer* says: "To re are *blood stains of cruelty* upon the skirts of one named for a most exalted place, and of another little can be said other than that he is nothing *outside of a narrow and malignant proscriptiveness.*"

It is understood that President Johnson will take no part in the ceremonies of the inauguration, and will vacate the White House at once, and leave town as soon as possible for his home in Tennessee. He will doubtless be the Conservative candidate for Governor of that State. In the meantime he will probably visit Europe.

"Let others hail the rising Sun—"

The other leg of the couplet is not applicable; for Mr. Johnson will yet give his present tormentors trouble enough Take it all in all, the retiring President has, "in his high office," done "as well as could be expected." With the counsellors who surrounded and deceived him, he did wonders; and will yet do more! Seward lied to him to the last. It will seem scarcely credible to some, but is nevertheless a fact, that not a week before the latter went over, body and soul, to the Radical candidate, Mr. Johnson assured the writer of this, that not a member of his Cabinet, to his knowledge, entertained the remotest idea of supporting Gen. Grant's pretensions.

THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE.

It is evidently the fixed determination of the dominant party in Congress to "wipe out" the *Congressional Globe*, and to turn over to the public printer the publication of the daily proceedings of our great National Sanhedrim. It has been shown by figures (and it is said that figures won't lie) that the Government will save by this change in the mode of printing Congressional proceedings at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars the *first* year. This may be true of the first year, during which the army of jobbers may be organizing for their assault on this branch of the public service; but, *after* the first year, what a field of plunder will be offered in the mammoth Printing Department: On the other hand, no one here, however, regrets that the work is to be taken from the publishers of the *Congressional Globe*, an establishment which has already amassed a large fortune out of the public printing, and now retain 40,000 copies of their *Globe* to be furnished in sets to new Congressmen for many years to come, the price, of course, constantly increasing as the edition becomes exhausted. There were other bidders, but they had no chance, in view of the fine prospect offered to throw wide the doors of the Treasury through the intervention of a Printing Department.

From other Exchanges.]

THE TENURE OF OFFICE.

The fight for the repeal of the civil tenure law commenced in the Senate to-day in dead earnest, and the discussion, headed by Conkling, was against the repeal. Of course no vote was reached. A careful calculation shows, that, with the entire Democratic vote, the friends of Gen. Grant can barely secure a vote for the House bill erasing the odious measure from the statute books. The contest is more bitter and close than either side had imagined. The carpet-bag Senators have taken a very decided stand against the repeal, which fact is not likely to insure them many favors with Grant.

WHEN COLFAX WILL RESIGN.

Mr. Colfax will resign the Speakership at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, March 3, when the House will proceed at once to the election of a Speaker for the balance of the Fortieth Congress. This resignation is absolutely necessary, because Mr. Colfax must take the oath of office as Vice-President of the United States before 12 o'clock on Thursday, March 4, in order that he may administer the oath of office to the newly-elected Senators, and call the Senate to order at 12 o'clock on that day.

DEFREES ENTERS A DENIAL.

Both Messrs. Colfax and Defrees unite in pronouncing, without the slightest foundation, the report that Gen. Grant has accorded the Vice President elect the privilege of selecting one member of the cabinet, and that Mr. Defrees is that selection. No such custom has ever prevailed, and the only instance of such a practice is the case of Mr. Welles, recommended by Mr. Hamlin, but also the choice of Mr. Lincoln at the same time.

WHAT BILLS WILL LIKELY PASS.

The new Tax bill cannot possibly become a law this session. Probably the bill providing, in effect, for additional currency for the South and West may get through, as it is understood it will receive the signature of the present Executive.

SPECULATIVE.

Among the Cabinet *on dits* to-day is one that Elihu B. Washburne is going to Paris as Minister, and Gen. Dix is coming home to go in the State Department.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The United States, plaintiff in error, against Jefferson Davis, on certificates of division of opinion between Chief Justice Chase and Judge Underwood, of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Virginia. On motion of Attorney-General Evarts, it was ordered by the Court that these certificates of division be dismissed.

COLFAX IN PREPARATION.

Mr. Colfax is having a room in the basement story of the Senate wing fitted up for his private use. The Vice-President's room is one of the show rooms of the Capitol, and is constantly invaded by crowds of visitors. Mr. Colfax has accordingly determined to have a place to which he can retire to write letters, and where he can receive his personal friends.

THE PRESIDENT INDIGNANT.

The President has become indignant at the contemptuous manner with which the Senate treats his recommendations for office, and threatens to refuse to sign any more bills. He sent four to Congress to-day which had become laws without his signature. After to-day the Constitutional ten days in which he has to sign bills expires, and every bill which he does not sign fails to become a law. There is likely to be a good deal of the time of the Forty-first Congress taken up in repassing the bills of this session.

BALTIMORE AND THE RETIRING PRESIDENT.

A joint committee of the Baltimore City Council propose to visit the city to tender officially to Andrew Johnson, on his retiring from the Presidency, the hospitalities of the city with a public reception, in accordance with the preamble and resolution of the Council.

WHAT GRANT WILL DO FIRST.

It appears to-day to be well understood that among the first acts of Grant's administration, will be to place General Sheridan in command of New Orleans, vice Buchanan, and to relieve Stoneman from the District of Virginia, and appoint General Sickles thereto. General Sickles is now in Washington, and will remain here until he receives the appointment.

MISSOURI PRESSURE.

A dead set has been made on General Grant by the Missouri Radicals for the control of all the Federal appointments in that State. Senator elect, Carl Schurz, has had a daily interview with General Grant since his arrival here, and has been reinforced by Governor Fletcher of that State. This is the first formidable pressure on the President elect which has been made.

GRANT FUN.

He Won't Go Back on the Military.

Anecdotes of Gen. Grant are becoming quite the staple of talk. They all have a very sharp application. Speaking of the Tenure-of-Office act the other day, he made this very characteristic illustration: "It is no reason because you have found it necessary to put a curb bit in the mouth of one horse that you should try it on another."

His opposition to any violent reduction of the army, such as is now proposed by the amendments before the House, is well known. He proposes to reduce by the process of absorption, which he recommended while Secretary of War, and which is now going on rapidly. A member of Congress was conversing with him the other day on this subject, when Gen. Grant said, "I see you propose to reduce the army about seven-eighths." "Oh, no," was the reply, "Only about one-half." "Well," said Grant, "these officers have had a right to believe that their positions were for life, or during good behavior. If they go out there will be a great many meritorious men out of positions, and I don't see but I shall have to provide for them in the Customhouse and the Revenue Department, if I have any officers at my disposal."

—The Germania Sugar Beet Company, of Illinois, consumes about forty-nine tons of beets every twenty-four hours.

—The Pope has forbidden the Prelates in Spain who were elected in seats to the Constitutional Cortez to take them.

By Telegraph

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 22.—A Senatorial caucus to-day remained in session till about twenty minutes past three, considering the Tenure-of-Office Act, at which time less than one-half the Republican members were present. On a vote for postponing the consideration of the question of repeal until after the 4th of March, twenty-two were in the affirmative, including several who have heretofore pronounced in favor of repeal. The other members of the caucus then present refused to vote, and announced their determination not to be bound by the caucus, and withdrew.

The Mayor of Baltimore and Committee of the City Council called at the Executive mansion this morning to present to President Johnson the resolutions tendering him the hospitalities of Baltimore during his passage through that place, after the close of his administration. Representative Phelps, of Maryland, accompanied them. Maj. Banks read the resolutions, and addressed the President in a few brief remarks, making complimentary reference to his administration. The President expressed his gratitude at the compliment, and, in reference to the invitation, said he would be glad to accept it, and would, at a future time, designate a day when he would visit Baltimore. Mr. Johnson spoke about twenty minutes, and, in the course of his remarks, alluded to his administration of the office of President, which he said had been exercised in the interest of peace, and for the general good of the country, without regard to any present or future popularity. His constant aim had been towards restoration of prosperity to the country and the happiness of all its citizens. The proceedings were held in the east room, about fifty persons being present.

Executive Departments observed to-day by closing at an earlier hour than usual. Treasury Department closed at 1 o'clock. War Department closed all day as far as clerical duties were concerned; Gen. Grant, however, has been at his headquarters all day. Several visitors called but nothing of special interest transpired.

Cabinet officers, Welles, Schofield and Evarts, had long interviews with the President this a.m.

The President vetoed the Copper-Tariff bill.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 22.—Jas. Watson Webb sailed for Brazil to-day to resume the duties of his mission.

John H. Bell, of Middletown, and David W. Reeve, of Wauwayanda county, prominent Democratic politicians, have been taken to Washington by the Sergeant-at-arms of the House for refusing to answer questions of the New York Election Committee.

Washington's birthday was observed as a legal holiday. Very little business was transacted.

The Stock Boards, the Banks and Produce Exchange are closed. The Custom House and Postoffice were open only a short time in the forenoon. No mails dispatched after ten o'clock. No military parade in consequence of the many receptions appointed for this evening. No display of fireworks to-day, the appropriation having failed in the City Council. In the forenoon there was a full choral service at Trinity, with a reading of the farewell address.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, February 22.—Mr. Turner, Representative from Lawrence county, and thorough Radical, publishes a card in the *Press and Times*, declaring there was no necessity for the declaration of martial law in that county—in which there is no obstruction to the laws and peace prevails.

The remains of Detective Barmore arrived here this evening. H. H. Thornberg, a citizen of this place, had them placed in a burial case, and is taking up a subscription to pay the expense of their removal to his family at Cedar Forks, Menoulmee county, Michigan.

AUBURN.

AUBURN, N. Y., February 22.—The attempt of Bishop McQuade to install the priest Kavanaugh in place of the old priest, Fisherty, yesterday, was prevented by the Catholics of this place. The Bishop was prevented from saying mass in the morning, being led out of the church by the crowd, Fisherty preventing violence. Subsequently over one thousand Catholics held a meeting, and were addressed by influential Catholics, and unanimously resolved to stand by Father Fisherty. They condemned the Bishop's course, and expressed a determination not to submit, but to appeal to the ecclesiastical authorities, and if necessary, to the Pope. They also resolved not to allow any new appointee to occupy the parsonage.

FOREIGN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 22.—The orders recently issued by the Sublime Porte against the Greeks have been revoked, and the Turkish ports have been thrown open again to Greek shipping.

LONDON, February 22.—In the House of Commons to-day, in reply to inquiry, Mr. Tortenscue said that the Government proposed to release from imprisonment forty-five Fenians who have been convicted of treason in England and Ireland, including several leaders.

Baron Lionel De Rothschild, Liberal, has been elected to Parliament from London city, in place of Mr. Bell, Conservative.

DUBLIN, February 22.—Castello and Warmouth, Fenian prisoners, have been set free.

BREMEN, February 22.—The German bark Bee has sailed on another polar expedition.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 22.—To-day was observed as a holiday. The Legislature adjourned. The public offices were closed, and the newspaper and foreign offices flying their flags. The First Infantry, Fourth Artillery and a number of German Turner Societies paraded.

A number of the members of the Southern Press Convention are here on invitation of the St. Charles Hotel.

PHILADELPHIA.

HARRISBURG, February 22.—At the State Arsenal this evening, while a salute was being fired off, the premature discharge of a cannon blew off the right hand of George Church, and the left hand of a man named Marshall.

FORDA.

FORDA, N. Y., February 22.—Two men were killed and three seriously injured, this evening, by the explosion of a blast of the Fords, Johnston and Gloversville Railroad.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CAIRO, February 22.—Up—The City of Cairo, 10 p. m.; Mollie Able, 1 a. m.; Swallow, 6 p. m.; Clifton, noon; Commonwealth, 6 p. m. Down—Tigress, 6 a. m.; Dexter, 10 a. m.

River stationary. Snowing hard.

LOUISVILLE, February 22.—River stationary at ten feet in the canal.

ST. LOUIS, February 22.—The river is swelling. Has 16 feet of water to Cairo.

ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, GA., February 22.—Foster Blodgett, Chairman of the Radical State Central Committee, issued a call on Saturday for the committee to assemble here to-day. Many were not able to be present on such notice. The meeting was packed, and finally broke up in confusion. A convention will be called to meet here on the 5th of March.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, February 22.—Last night, in the adjoining town of Manchester, John Rogers, a respectable citizen was shot dead by Tom Willis, whom he had ordered from his lot. Willis was arrested.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, February 22.

HOUSE.

Mr. Williams introduced a joint resolution, granting the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad, from El Paso to the Pacific ocean, and moved the previous question on its passage.

Mr. Washburne, of Wisconsin, remarked that it was a very important measure, and appealed to the House to secure the previous question. It was seconded and the main question ordered. Nays, 45; yeas, 122.

Mr. Longbridge moved to lay the joint resolution on the table. Lost. Yeas, 35; nays, 124.

The joint resolution was then passed. Yeas, 122; nays, 40.

Mr. Schenck called up the bill introduced by him, and reported from the Committee on Ways and Means to strengthen the public credit.

Mr. Butler, of Mass., moved that the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole on the Postoffice Appropriation Bill—thus cutting off Mr. Schenck's bill for the present. Mr. Butler's motion was agreed to; ayes 77, noes 48.

The Speaker, before leaving the chair, announced that he would to-morrow morning lay before the House the President's veto message on the Copper tariff bill.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Poland in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation Bill. It was further amended and passed.

SENATE.

The Senate met with prayer, then took a recess till evening.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, February 22.—Cotton advanced ¼c; middlings 28@28½c; demand strong; offerings light; sales 2800 bales; receipts since Saturday 9567; no exports. Nothing in exchange; banks closed. Flour, low grades scarce and firmer; superfine $6 62½; XX $7 25; XXX $7 50. Corn scarce 88@87½c. Oats 75c. Bran $1 15. Hay prime $28@30. Pork declining $33. Bacon dull and nominal; shoulders 15c; clear rib 18c; clear 18½c. Lard dull; tierce 20c; keg 22½c. Sugar higher; common 12½@12¾c; prime 13½c; yellow clarified 16½c. Molasses higher; prime 78@80c. Whisky firm; Western rectified $1@1 05. Coffee firm; fair 15@16c; prime 17½@18½c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, February 22.—Flour $5 50@6. Corn 67@72c. Wheat, fall $1 50@1 90. Oats 62@65c. Barley $2@2 30. Rye $1 27@1 30. Whisky 90c. Pork $32@32½. Bulk Meats 15½, 16½@16½c. Bacon 14½, 17½@17½c. Lard 19@21½c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, February 22.—Sales of Tobacco 55 hhds—42 6@12 10 for lugs to medium leaf. Pork 32. Lard 20c. Bulk Meats 15½, 16½@16½c. Bacon 14½, 17½@17½c. Lard 19@21½c. Corn 60@65c. Oats 62@65c. Whisky 93c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, February 22.—Flour, family $6 50@7 75. Grain unchanged. Whisky 92c. Bacon, shoulders 15½c; split shoulders 17c. Lard 21c. Pork $31. Wheat $1 00@1 30.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, February 22.—No stock Board nor produce exchange to-day. Flags out. Holiday prevails. Gold 135½.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, February 22.—Holiday. No markets.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, February 22.—Consols 93½. 5-20s 78½.

LIVERPOOL, February 22.—Cotton firmer; sales 12,000 bales—middling uplands 12½; Orleans 12¾d.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

FRANKLIN

PRINTING HOUSE

S. C. TOOF, PROPRIETOR,

No. 15 West Court Street,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

New Presses! New Type! Beautiful Designs! Cuts representing all kinds of business! Prices very Low!

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.

Orders respectfully solicited. feb23

SPRING IMPORTATION, 1869

RIBBONS,

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO

237 & 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

Importers and Jobbers of

BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS,

VELVET AND SASH RIBBONS, BONNET Crapes Silk and Satins, Illusions, Blonds, Laces, Ruches, Netts and Velvets, French Flowers and Feathers, Straw Bonnets and ladies' Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed Sundowns and Shaker Hoods.

The largest stock of Millinery Goods in this country, and unequaled in choice variety, which we offer at prices that will defy competition.

ORDERS SOLICITED. feb23

NOTICES.

Notice.

WE have this day sold our stock of Saddlery and Saddlery Hardware and Shoe Findings to

MOORES, LETSOM & PETERS,

Who will continue the business at our old stand. We solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage bestowed upon the old firm.

The unsettled business of the old firm will be settled by Ed. Letsom and James C. Moores, at the old stand. MOORES, SMITH & CO.

Memphis, February 2, 1869. feb

NOTICE.

MY patrons and all who wish to have their Pianos and Organs Tuned or Repaired by me in a superior workmanlike manner, will please leave their orders at Clark's Jewelry Store, or at No. 256 Second street, and NOT at Mr. Katvenbach's music store, as I have no connection whatever with that establishment.

H. G. HOLLENBERG,

jal6 Piano and Organ Maker.

AUCTION.

GROCERIES AT AUCTION

BY A. E. FRANKLAND, 197 MAIN STREET.

I will sell on WEDNESDAY MORNING, the 24th, at 10 o'clock, at Salesroom, GROCERIES of a select variety—the stock of a Front street store.

A. E. FRANKLAND.

Extension Sale of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, ETC.

On Wednesday, at 10 O'clock,

At our Salesroom, we will sell, without reserve, an invoice of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Also, an invoice of

DRY GOODS, HATS, ETC.

The attention of the trade is specially invited.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

SHELBY COUNTY

FARM LANDS

On Tuesday, March 9, 1869,

ON the premises, we will sell to the highest bidder

2,500 ACRES OF FINE FARM LANDS,

Belonging to the estate of Gen. Sam'l J. Hays, dec'd, situated at and near Hayswille Depot, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, about 20 miles from the city. These lands are advantageously subdivided in

Tracts of from 25 to 250 Acres

and will be sold for one-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest.

Plans of subdivision can be seen at our office.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,

feb16 AUCTIONEERS.

Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes At Auction,

BY A. E. FRANKLAND, 197 MAIN STREET, TUESDAY MORNING, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock. A. E. FRANKLAND,

feb21 Auctioneer.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

AT AUCTION,

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.

231 SECOND STREET, commencing on TUESDAY MORNING, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, a splendid stock of first class Gold Watches, by the most celebrated French, English and Swiss manufacturers, consisting of heavy cased chronometers, with Government certificates of rating; fine hunting case levers by Jurgensen, Murray, of London, Patick & Co., and others. Ladies' hunting watches gold, diamond and enameled cases; also, some elegant open-face watches, silver English levers, etc.; also, fine diamond, emerald and sapphire rings of the latest Parisian styles. The above goods are all of the best styles and workmanship, and fully guaranteed. Goods on exhibition Monday morning. feb21

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER

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BUTTER.

THE

ECONOMY BUTTER CO

Ask the attention of all interested in the reduction of the extravagant cost of Butter, to their practical and economical system of making pure prime Butter by aid of the

EXTRACT OF BUTTER PLANT.

A brief allusion to the origin of this important discovery may not prove uninteresting. Among the authenticated records of the renowned Captain Cook's voyage around the world, is found the statement, that while sojourning for a short time on the Brazilian Coast of South America, he observed the natives using, in the preparation of their food, a peculiar oil, which, upon examination, he found to possess the appearance, taste and flavor of Butter; upon further inquiry, however, he ascertained that it was simply a substance that the natives distilled in a crude and imperfect manner from a rich and luxuriant plant that grew spontaneously and abundantly in that warm tropical country. A few years ago an eminent French chemist, while on a professional visit to the tropics, made numerous experiments with this remarkable production of nature, and succeeded in extracting a concentrated essence of the plant. The formula for its preparation, and the Sole Right for the sale in this country are the exclusive property of this company, by whom it was purchased from the original discoverer. We claim for this remarkable, yet simple and perfectly harmless preparation—

1st. That by its use a net gain of from 50 to 200 per cent. is made in the manufacture of Butter.

2d. That Butter, which from age or whatever cause, may be strong, rancid, streaked or coarse-grained, and comparatively useless for general use, by the aid of this Extract is restored to its original freshness and sweetness, fine grain and even color.

3d. By the use of this Extract, one pound of delicious, fresh Butter is actually made from one pint of milk.

4th. That a pure and excellent table Butter can be made, at a cost of from 15 to 20 cents per pound. The chief expense wherein being Butter, which is the essential base.

5th. That Butter manufactured by the aid of this Extract is equal in every respect to the best Butter made by the ordinary method.

6th. The Extract, after thorough analysis, by able chemists, is pronounced perfectly free from any deleterious substance, the ingredients being purely of a vegetable nature.

7th. In proof of the foregoing assertions, the factory of this company is making one ton of Butter per day, which meets with ready sale in the New York market, and is consumed from the tables of the first hotels, restaurants and private families in this city and elsewhere.

A sample package of the EXTRACT sufficient to make fifty pounds of Butter, with full directions for use, will be sent to any address on the receipt of $1.

CAUTION.—As all articles of real merit are subject to spurious imitations, we would specially caution the public against counterfeits and worthless imitations, advertised as powders, compounds, etc., as the Extract of the Butter Plant is prepared and sold only by

The Economy Butter Company.

Office—115 LIBERTY STREET.

Factory—236 GREENWICH STREET, N. Y.

State, County and City Rights for sale, offering to capitalists rare opportunities for establishing a staple business, paying enormous profits.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

M. CADART'S Pure Vegetable Coloring, $1 a pound, sufficient to give a rich golden yellow to 200 pounds of White Butter; 50 cents per sample package, sent to any address. No farmer should be without it, as white and streaky Butter is worth from six to ten cents a pound less in all markets than that of a rich yellow. feb21

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Fair Play,
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