TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

DAILY APPEAL, one year..... $10 00
SUNDAY APPEAL, one year..... 2 50
DAILY AND SUNDAY APPEAL, one year... 12 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year..... 2 50
WEEKLY APPEAL, in clubs of two..... 4 00
DAILY, delivered in city by Carriers, seven papers per week..... 25

The WEEKLY APPEAL is regularly discontinued at the end of the time subscribed and paid for unless renewed in advance. This rule is adhered to without respect to persons.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Transient advertisements, first insertion, $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Double column advertisements 25 per cent. additional to ordinary rates.
Local notices, fourth page, 20 cents per line for each insertion.
City Items, second page, 15 cents per line each insertion.
Special notices, third page, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first, and $4 for each additional Square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged 25 per cent. additional in proportion.
Announcing Candidates for State, County and Municipal Offices, $20 each, to be paid in advance in every instance.
Marriages and Deaths are published as news; but complimentary notices of Marriages, Tributes of Respect, Obituaries and Funeral Notices, will be charged as other advertisements.
All Church Notices or notices of meetings of Charitable or Benevolent Societies, will be charged half price.
SUNDAY APPEAL.—Advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one sixth additional.
WEEKLY APPEAL.—Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY APPEAL alone, one half of DAILY rates. In both DAILY and WEEKLY, one fourth additional to DAILY rates.
In all cases all advertisements are considered due after first insertion.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
KEATING, ENGLISH & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

F. A. TYLER, - - - - EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, : : : NOV. 23, 1869.

THE memorial of the Memphis Chamber of Commerce, asking the aid of the Government to the Southern Pacific Railroad, appears in another column. The completion of this road will contribute more largely to the wealth and growth of the whole country than almost all other roads combined. It would be difficult to find a reason why Congress should refuse aid to a work likely to result in the more firm Union as well as aggrandisement of the United States; and this especially when it would return fourfold to the Treasury of the Government.

WE bide our time. And that we are gratified to believe is not a distant one. We are confident that a political revolution is going on throughout the Northern States, and the Democratic party making steady gains. That means white man's government, let the bayonet force what it may from the South. In the late election in Illinois the Republicans predicted the Democrats would not carry more than one-fourth the delegates to the Convention. Yet the Democrats have carried the Convention by a majority of two. The Judiciary will be overhauled, and other amendments adopted.

WE call the attention of our readers to Mr. NELSON's communication, in another column. Our interests are one, and all should contribute in equal proportion to their means to support them. We have heard men say, what so many think, that improvements would be effected, railroads built, etc., without their help, and that they would then get the same benefit, whether they contributed or not. But this is a reason which there should be few, and all should be ashamed, to give. It is in these cases that we draw most distinctly the line between public-spirited and niggardly men. And hence it is, since many are so often unwilling to do voluntarily, what is their proportionate share, for advantages received, that taxation becomes necessary to equalize the burden of public improvements. These we must have, one way or another.

YOUNG EDWARD KETCHUM, who was some time since sent to Sing-Sing Penitentiary for forgery, has been released from prison, his term of imprisonment having expired. He is supposed to have laid his plans to make some money without injuring others. But his plans failed. He is now received back into much favor in New York, and efforts are to be made and every possible chance given to restore him to the respect of society. The gold gamblers have taken him to their bosoms. Not a few of these are said to be rather remarkable for the peculiar excellencies of the Pharisees of former days. We hope that, in the process of reformation, he may escape the contamination of their example in this respect.

"Who killed Mrs. Stowe?
I, said the *Quarterly*;
So sharp and tartly,
I killed Mrs. Stowe."

Thus pathetically does the Philadelphia *Inquirer* lament the demise of Mrs. STOWE, at the hands of the London *Quarterly*. It has produced overwhelming proof, from letters of Lady BYRON herself, that she never entertained the infamous charge against her husband which Mrs. STOWE brought against him in her name! The obloquy must forever rest, not on the poet, but on the novelist that made but one "hit" in her life, in which the whole merit and success of her Uncle Tom's Cabin consisted. Nothing can now so much as contribute to save her from deserved disgrace but a frank confession, before the public, of her shameful error in maligning the dead. Her asseverations will not be respected. The public will no more suspend its judgment. This time her "hit" was less fortunate.

IT is remarkable to see with what good sense ex-Confederate leaders everywhere have returned to the business enterprises and peaceful avocations of life, and given their energies to the rehabilitation and improvement of the South. Ex-President DAVIS is at the head of an insurance Company of this city. Generals LEE and LILLY, with Admiral MAURY, are associated as Professors in Washington College, Lexington, Virginia; KIRBY SMITH is at the head of a college in Kentucky; STEWART, of Tennessee, after the war, returned to his old professorship of mathematics and engineering in Cumberland University, at Lebanon, Tenn.; JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON will probably accept the Presidency of the University of Nashville; FORREST is building a railroad from Selma to Memphis, with prodigious energy; BEAUREGARD has charge of a railroad in Louisiana; MAHONE has charge of the Virginia and Tennessee road; HOOD is pushing business of the Life Association of America in the South; FAGIN has an insurance agency in Little Rock. Few of the prominent military leaders of the South are idle.

BEECHER and WENDELL PHILLIPS and the *Revolution* are ardent, enthusiastic economists of that divine influence which women would exert in popular elections. How far woman would be corrupted by co-operation with partizan clubs, and to what extent the sex might falter in the prosecution of right and in obedience to dictates of pure patriotism, when friends, lovers or kinsmen were aspirants for peace, is a phase of the question which the *Revolution* and BEECHER fail to consider. For some time past an electoral commission has been engaged in England in investigating frauds and almost incredible corruptions, which have controlled for years past results of elections in Lancashire and many boroughs represented in Parliament. It appears, from all the testimony taken, that in these corrupt districts women are the most unscrupulous, crafty and dextrous manipulators of voters. There is no device of art and no knavery that money may beget, no lie, which the smiles or frowns of woman may control, that is not consummated by these female corruptionists. All womanly sensibility is destroyed, all modesty lost; truth is forgotten, and in the midst of the excitement of elections, in which these English women participate, even perjury is commonly committed. They squandered gold upon ignorance; they bribed right and left with smiles and tears; they gave dresses to wives and daughters that husbands might do their bidding at the polls. In fact, these female election agents were so thoroughly corrupt and audacious that the Parliamentary Commissioners say that "one lady of Beverly was worse than all the Parliamentary agents of London." We happen to know certain ladies of this city, who, if they set their pretty heads to work and came down into our ward in opposition to any candidate, such an ambitious gentleman would instantly retire from the contest. This power of the sex would soon exhaust itself, and with it would be lost that profound reverence for womanly worth and modesty which is the boast, as it should ever be, the characteristic of Southern gentlemen. Just now woman rules the tide of human hearts as the moon does the sea. In this realm of the affections she should be content to reign with undivided sway. Here we would always bow before the unquestioned majesty of true woman's worth. Her bosom is deemed the depository of all human virtues and from his mother's breast each youth imbibes a moral as well as physical life which is only lost in death.

The assertion that woman would purify politics may therefore have a share of truthfulness, but it is equally true that woman herself would be rendered impure. Human nature is much the same the world over, in England as in America, among women and men. A chignon does not always adorn a "head entirely level" and crinoline is not a perfect safeguard for purity when subjected to dangers of participation in the coarse, vulgar politic of the day. While we reverence the virtues of our mothers and deem our wives and daughters paragons of purity in thought and action, we would have no change in these conditions of the sex, and Southern people will deny to woman as she will scorn to accept the right of suffrage.

FROM letters received and personal interviews with county delegates, and others who will participate in the action of the approaching popular convention, by which two candidates for the State Convention are to be designated, we are satisfied that no candidate will be accepted by the Democratic party or by the people of this county, who is not known to be unqualifiedly opposed to negro suffrage. That party and white people are a unit, and the little opposition in the city signifies nothing. In reference to this suffrage question the people have fixed and unchangeable opinions. No one, we believe, can properly represent their wishes who is not opposed to universal suffrage, and while Tennessee remains a republic no two men are so wise or so great that, in a representative capacity, they are not required—and will not be expected—to tell their constituents, in advance, what action they propose to take in reference to this question. Their views being in accordance with those of the people, we will not say that they should be so bound, hand and foot, that they should have no discretion, to act according to their judgment of what is for the best, in the event the wishes of the county could not be fully carried out. Their constituents, as well as themselves, will observe the will of the majority.

A SACRAMENTO paper gives the following, which may strike Eastern readers as somewhat strange:

A notice has been issued by the Central Pacific Railroad Company to its agents—a copy of it being posted at the ticket office of the passenger depot in this city—directing that on and after November 1st all freight charges and ticket rates payable in currency will be receivable only in currency. Coin will not be accepted at any figure. People designing to go East will bear this fact in mind. If by any accident they delay applying for tickets until a few moments before the departure of trains, and have not the greenbacks to tender, they will have to remain over twenty-four hours, or else pay train rates, which will greatly increase the expense.

For the Convention.

MEMPHIS, November 22, 1869.

Editors Appeal: As the time for nominating candidates is drawing nigh, it behooves us to be looking around, not for the most available man, but for those who have been tried in the balance and not found wanting, who shall represent the white men of Shelby in the State Convention. Several names have been already suggested, but a majority of them are very objectionable, and we must select men in whom we can safely trust the future destiny of the old Volunteer State; and I think the men for the place are Col. Wm. H. Stephens and Col. John W. Dawson, as the first stands at the head of the Memphis Bar in legal attainments, and is eminently qualified to preside over the deliberations of the Convention; and such is the unanimous desire of the people for him to serve them in the Convention, that I am satisfied he will not feel at liberty to decline the nomination. As for Col. Dawson, he represents the commercial and industrial classes, and will defeat any negro-suffrage candidate that can be brought against him. I know that it is the desire of the working classes that he shall be one of their delegates; and his proud record during the war, and unswerving fidelity to his country, are sufficient guarantees that he will be a vigilant sentinel in that momentous hour which shall free us from the shackles of Radicalism, or leave us where we are. This is no time to be putting our fate in the hands of party tricksters, or trying to mollify our Radical brethren. We want true and tried men, and the names I have suggested I think the people of Shelby will endorse as being the ones.
SHELBY.

POLITICAL.

Even Beecher admits that the corruption of the Republican party lost it the State of New York; and corrupt indeed must anything be which shocks the *Independent*.

Free trade meetings are being held in all parts of the West. The members from that section of the Union will move in this matter at the next session of Congress.

The Radical newspapers insist that Secretary Fish dictated Minister Sickles' note to the Spanish Government, and must take the odium of the Spanish blunder all to himself. Right enough. Dan Sickles has all of the article he can conveniently carry.

The New York *Herald* pronounces Gen. Thomas the "coming man." A New Jersey contemporary says it is Hancock. Our impression is that several other gentlemen are "coming." As to who will get here first, is quite another matter.

The Springfield *Republican*, always candid, and generally correct, says of the new Massachusetts Legislature: "The Senate is strongly flavored with Democrats, and the prohibitionists have lost their working majority, contrary to their fond hopes."

The Houston (Texas) *Daily Times* says: "We had rather Texas, ourself and family should sink into the bottomless pit, than see the proposed constitution and the gag amendment adopted. O, how the mighty have fallen!"

The Hon. Columbus Delano has recently discovered that potatoes are grain, that packing pork is manufacturing, and that all brokers are bankers. This gentleman bids fair to rival the original Columbus in his discoveries.

"Carlos," the Washington correspondent of the New Orleans *Times*, says that if the military commanders in Texas and Mississippi report that those States are not in a condition to hold an election, the President will postpone the election until Congress can legislate on the subject.

The Dyersburg *Gazette* of Saturday says: "We hear our fellow-townsman, Captain S. R. Latta, favorably spoken of as a candidate to represent this Senatorial district in the State Convention. Captain Latta is a lawyer of acknowledged ability and would make a dignified member—one who would faithfully, fearlessly and ably represent his constituents and the interests of the State at large."

There is quite a difference between the actual collections and assessments. The assessment for all the States and Territories was, in round numbers, $188,000,000, and the collections reached $178,450,000. In Illinois the collections were less by $1,000,000: Indiana, $100,000; Iowa, $3,000; Ohio, $20,000; Pennsylvania, $700,000; Tennessee, $200,000; Wisconsin, $50,000, and Missouri, $1,000,000.

A New York paper yesterday announced that "A. J. H. Duganne had invented an infallible preventive of frauds at elections." The Philadelphia *Age* remarks: "A greater novelty could scarcely be imagined, for it involves the entire remodeling of Radical human nature. Unless Mr. Duganne can make Radicalism *honest*, his invention will be worthless."

The Mobile *Register* says: "It is given out that Congress will not be asked to subsidize Mr. Fremont's El Paso railroad project, but only to grant the right of way; 'enough encouragement having been given by French and English capitalists to insure the building of the road without Government aid.' When this road is well under way, it will wake up Mobile to the fact that she *must* build a road to—somewhere."

The following drafts on the public treasury will be presented the moment Congress meets to open the Federal money safe: The Kanawha Canal and James river improvement, $75,000,000; Upper Mississippi, $12,000,000; Levees of Mississippi, $20,000,000; Ohio river, $12,000,000; Louisville and Portland canal, $5,000,000; Memphis and El Paso Railroad, $75,000,000; four lines of ocean steamers, $30,000,000; Southern railroad bonds, guaranteed by the United States, $50,000,000; New York and Erie Canal, $12,000,000.

Congress is to be memorialized for the improvement of the Tennessee river. This river is the sixth in magnitude among the rivers of the North American Continent, and it flows through five great States of the Union. The resources of this productive region, embraced in North Alabama, Middle Tennessee, East Tennessee and portions of Georgia, Virginia and North Carolina, are throttled at Muscle Shoals. There are along the bank of this river, in North Alabama, 1,120,000 acres of Government land, now a wilderness, which would be occupied but for this obstruction.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: "Our present financial and business stagnation is the legitimate result of the Slaveholders' Rebellion." To which the Philadelphia *Age* responds: "There's wisdom for you. The Radical party plunder the Treasury, augment the expenses of the Government, prevent nearly one-half of the States from adding to the business and wealth of the country, and then the *Inquirer* wakes from its long nap and attributes the condition of the country at the present time to the "Slaveholders' Rebellion." Why not attribute it to confusion of tongues at the building of the tower of Babel?"

In response to a letter of inquiry from W. H. Mangum of Mississippi, Hon. Emerson Etheridge writes: "Your letter of the 5th inst. is received. There is not one word of truth in any report 'that the Legislature had passed a bill restricting the rights of the colored people,' or 'that a bill had been passed prohibiting that class of citizens from holding property unless through the agency of white men.' There has been no proposition, so far as I am informed, before the Legislature touching the rights or interests of the colored man in any way. Nothing has been said upon the subject, nor do I believe anything will be said. I am sure nothing will be done."

The Knoxville *Whig*, of a recent date, thus compliments two of our prominent lawyers: Among the prominent gentlemen mentioned as candidates in Memphis for the Convention, is Col. Carrick Heiskell, the son of Maj. F. S. Heiskell, of this county. This is a worthy tribute to the worth of our distinguished young Tennessean, and we trust he may have the honor of representing that beautiful city in the approaching Convention. Col. Heiskell is one of the most intellectual young men of the State, and has made a fine reputation in the west as an able lawyer. His brother, Col. J. B. Heiskell, is also spoken of. We are glad that we can chronicle these striking evidences of the growing strength and popularity of those gentlemen. Both of them are East Tennesseans, and both had endeared themselves to a wide circle of friends by their manly bearing and their upright course.

James E. Stewart, Esq., of Corinth, is an independent candidate for Secretary of State of Mississippi. His opponents are both negroes. The Jackson *Tribune* says they have the advantage of him in color, but in nothing else; for Mr. Stewart is an able and well-posted politician, a scholar, and above all, bears in his bosom as true and kindly a heart as ever beat for a friend or throbbed for his country.

The citizens of Green county called a meeting and nominated Mr. Johnson as their choice to represent them in the Constitutional Convention, soon to be called. The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "*Resolved*, That Andrew Johnson is the choice of the people of Green county to represent us in said Convention, and we trust that he will accept this nomination as a pledge of our fidelity and of our confidence in his honesty, ability and integrity." Andy will accept and will be elected, and will and ought to be President of the Convention.

Don Piatt, in a recent letter to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, from Washington, says: "The agricultural interests of the West never had a representation in Washington. Strangely indifferent to its own good, it elects carpet-baggers from New England, or, what is worse, political scalawags from the Lord knows where, so ignorant that they lead by the nose and base their claim to statesmanship on keeping up a war in which they took no reputable part, and considered themselves heroes on the fact that they can now kick with impunity the dead lion. Reconstruction! The word makes one sick. Like the ass who undertook to regulate the weather through a thermometer, these fellows claim to control and regulate elements that in fact control and regulate them. In the mean time, our vital interests are sacrificed to the greed of a few capitalists, claiming bounties for their trades. We have few or no representatives in Congress, and no lobby and no rings of low men and lewd women to watch our interests and prosecute our claims. An obscure individual gets up a resolution and organizes a little delegation to have all immediately submerged by high conbinations of unprincipled capitalists.

DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS

B. Lowenstein & Bros

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

200 cases beautiful New Prints,
100 cases Bleached Domestic,
100 cases Cotton Plaids,
100 cases Jeans,
50 cases Linseys,
50 cases Flannels,
20 cases Shawls,
5 cases Cloaks,
50 cases Breakfast Shawls,
5 cases Arabs,
20 cases Balmoral Skirts,
10 cases Boulevard Skirts,
100 bales Osnaburg,
100 bales Brown Domestic,
50 bales Blankets,
25 bales Kerseys.

Also, an Immense New Stock of
Dress Goods,
Hosiery,
Gloves and
Notions,
WHICH WE OFFER TO
Country and City Merchants
As LOW as can be shipped from New York City. Close buyers would do well to give us a call before making their purchases.

B. Lowenstein & Bros.
242 & 244 MAIN ST.,
Entrance to Wholesale Department, 244 Main Street.

N.B.—We are the exclusive Agents for
WARD'S PAPER COLLARS.

— INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S
INSURANCE COMPANY
OFFICE:
16 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.
— TAKES —
Fire, Marine and River Risks.
CAPITAL STOCK, $300,000 00
ASSETS:
Cash Assets, : : : : : $179,182 12
Stockholders Notes Secured, 150,000 00
$329,182 12
No Liabilities whatever, except amount necessary to Reinsure Outstanding Risks, say $25,000 00.
W. B. GREENLAW, President. JAMES ELDER, Vice-Pres't.
J. A. SIMMONS, Sec'y.
DIRECTORS:
W. B. GREENLAW, JAMES ELDER, JOHN OVERTON, JR., WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. W. GOYER, N. S. BRUCE, EUGENE MAGEVNEY.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

J. W. Jefferson vs. J. Henry McCormack.
AFFIDAVIT for Attachment having been made in this cause, in pursuance of section 3,455 of the code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued, levied, and returned, etc. It is therefore ordered that the said defendant appear before me, on the 25th day of December, at 10 o'clock, a.m., and defend said suit, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the case heard ex parte, and that a copy of the order be published once a week, for four successive weeks in the Memphis DAILY APPEAL. JAMES HALL, J. P., for Shelby County, Tenn.
HART, HEARN & MILLER, Attorneys. no9

INSURANCE.

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS,
OFFICE: No. 17 MADISON STREET.
S. H. DUNSCOMB, President. W. B. GALBREATH, Vice-President.
F. M. NELSON, Secretary. W. B. MALLORY, Ass't Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
S. H. DUNSCOMB, E. F. RISK, R. S. JONES, D. H. TOWNSEND, JOE BRUCE, W. B. GALBREATH, A. VACCARO, LOUIS HANAUER, N. FONTAINE.
INSURES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE, MA- RINE AND RIVER RISKS.
jy10

PLANTERS'
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENN.,
Office: Cor. Madison and Second.
J. G. LONSDALE, President.
D. H. TOWNSEND, Vice-President.
WALTER A. GOODMAN, Secretary.
J. G. LONSDALE, Jr., Ass't Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
D. H. TOWNSEND, J. G. LONSDALE, G. V. RAMBAUT, D. T. PORTER, C. I. PHILLIPS, A. VACCARO, M. J. WICKS, J. J. BUSHY, R. MEYER, S. F. MCNUTT, J. F. FRANK, R. F. HARBERT, J. C. NEELY, E. J. TAYLOR, N. R. SLEDGE.
This Company is prepared to do a general Fire and Marine Business. aug8

STOVES, ETC.

CHARTER OAK STOVE
CATECHISM:
Question.—Who made the first Charter Oak Stove?
Answer.—G. F. Filley, of St. Louis.
Q.—When was it first made?
A.—In the year 1856.
Q.—Are they good Stoves?
A.—The "best in the world."
Q.—How are they made?
A.—From the best quality of Iron.
Q.—Who says they are good Stoves?
A.—All those that use them.
Q.—How many were sold in 1868?
A.—There were 12,247 sold.
Q.—How many out of that number failed?
A.—Not one.
Q.—Who sells the genuine Charter Oak in Memphis?
A.—*J. F. SCHABEL & CO., 227 MAIN ST.*
Q.—Are there imitation stoves of that name?
A.—Yes; plenty of them.
Q.—How can purchasers tell the genuine?
A.—By seeing the name of G. F. Filley on each Stove.
Q.—How should parties order them?
A.—Tell your merchant to get Filley's.
Q.—Does J. F. SCHABEL & Co. have a good stock?
A.—*Yes; they sell them at Wholesale and Retail, and keep TIN WARE, CASTINGS, etc., in good supply.*
J. F. SCHABEL & CO.,
NO. 227 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS,
Sole Agents.
au17

THE FAVORITE
Is guaranteed to be in all respects a
FIRST-CLASS COOK STOVE.
Call and examine them. For sale by
T. S. JUKES,
328 Second Street
☞ Roofing, Guttering and General Work solicited and promptly executed. oc

ELECTION NOTICE.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE following persons are appointed Judges, Clerks and Deputy Commissioners to open and hold an election in the following districts and places on
December 13, 1869,
For Co stables and Magistrates in the different districts.
The Deputy Commissioners will please call at my office and be sworn, and receive the necessary blanks, at room 26, Circuit Courthouse.

1st District—At Stephen English's.
R. M. Bond—Deputy Commissioner. G. W. Thorn, J. Smith, J. Hughes—Judges. R. W. Ricks, C. M. Fried—Clerks.

2d District—At Nelson's.
W. P. York—Deputy Commissioner. A. D. Hunter, T. R. Nelson, W. S. Noblin—Judges. W. C. Ward, W. T. Nelson—Clerks.

3d District—At Bolton's Store.
W. T. A. Bell—Deputy Commissioner. J. L. Wynne, N. B. Sparks, E. M. Bateman—Judges. Benj. F. Duncan, H. Rembert—Clerks.

4th District—At Old Union Church.
Thos. L. Giles—Deputy Commissioner. James Connel, E. B. Harold, A. McSouth—Judges. W. Leftwich, J. W. Carroll—Clerks.

5th District—At Raleigh.
W. H. Moncrief—Deputy Commissioner. H. B. Williford, Thos. M. Ward, G. L. Nickels—Judges. R. W. Pryor, H. R. Fuller—Clerks.

7th District—At Bartlett.
E. W. Colwell—Deputy Commissioner. W. B. Williamson, W. Hamilton, J. B. Mercer—Judges. W. J. Ward, A. Mercer—Clerks.

8th District—At Shelby Depot.
L. McMullins—Deputy Commissioner. Wm. Grillin, Silas Wherry, G. B. English—Judges. J. M. Williams, W. P. Thompson—Clerks.

9th District—At Fisherville.
W. H. Webber—Deputy Commissioner. J. M. Brooks, W. S. Baxter, J. W. Morris—Judges. W. N. Priddy, G. M. Strong—Clerks.

10th District—At Collierville.
H. Irby—Deputy Commissioner. J. M. Fleming, Jesse Applewhite, J. G. Moore—Judges. A. S. Stratton, J. W. Koon—Clerks.

11th District—At Germantown.
L. A. Rhodes—Deputy Commissioner. R. Weir, J. C. Callis, J. C. Wenford—Judges. M. P. Webb, Wm. Carter—Clerks.

12th District—At Mechanicville.
D. Pearson—Deputy Commissioner. J. W. Elam, W. M. Moore, Wm. Connell—Judges. M. W. Redford, T. T. Lewis—Clerks.

13th District—At Arnold's.
F. C. Stephenson—Deputy Commissioner. W. L. Lundy, W. A. Dooly, J. M. Levi—Judges. F. P. Dooly, G. M. S. Williamson—Clerks.

14th District—At County Courthouse.
R. T. Boughner—Deputy Commissioner. John Norton, J. H. Burke, W. Wildberger—Judges. James Foggerty, W. W. Gilbert—Clerks.

15th District—At Chelsea House, Second Street, in Chelsea.
J. D. Danbury, Deputy Commissioner. John Herrin, C. M. Wedrick, W. R. Gibson—Judges. J. V. Handwerker, F. C. Schapper—Clerks.

16th District—At White's Station.
J. G. Harvey, Deputy Commissioner. J. H. Goodlett, W. R. Horne, A. W. Moore—Judges. A. J. Brooks, A. G. Gates—Clerks.

17th District—At McConnell's Church.
T. D. Massey, Deputy Commissioner. J. Massey, A. M. Stout, A. R. Roark—Judges. T. M. Alexander, Robt. Stone—Clerks.
JOHN P. BOUGHNER,
Commissioner of Registration for Shelby County.
Memphis, Tenn., November 16, 1869.
Ledger copy. nov17

LIQUOR DEALERS.

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, A. R. VACCARO
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Non-Resident Notice.

Municipal Court of Memphis, November Term, 1869.
3415, A.D.—S. Hill, Adm'r of M. R. Hill, deceased, vs. Moses Stout.
ON motion of plaintiff's attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that an original attachment was had and levied in this case, returnable to this term of the Court, and it further appearing that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him: It is ordered that publication be made, for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal, a newspaper published in the city of Memphis, requiring him to appear before the Judge of this Court, at the court-room of said court, within the first three days of said term or judgment by default will be taken against him.
A true copy from the Record.
FRANK TAFT, Clerk.
Stephens & Smith, Att'y for Pltf. no21

BANKS AND BANKING.

UNION AND PLANTERS BANK
Of Memphis.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
MEMPHIS, November 1, 1869.
The Board of Directors have ordered an installment of 10s upon the Subscribed Capital of this Bank to be paid on or before the first of January next.
nov2 S. P. READ, Cashier.

THE DeSOTO BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES ELDER, T. R. FARNSWORTH, W. H. WOOD, S. H. DUNSCOMB, JOHN R. LEECH.
OFFICERS:
JAMES ELDER, : : President.
W. H. WOOD, : : Vice-President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, : Cashier.
oct4

EMMET BANK,
No. 6 MADISON STREET.
Thos. Fisher, Pres't.
SELLS Sight Drafts on Ireland, and Three and Sixty Days' Sight on London, at New York rates; and can draw in sums to suit purchasers on all the principal cities and towns in Continental Europe.
Also, transacts a general Exchange and Banking Business. oct4

MERCHANTS'
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
Does a General Banking and Exchange Business.
Collections made at all points and Promptly Remitted.
DIRECTORS:
AMOS WOODRUFF, J. E. MERRIMAN, H. T. TOMLINSON, H. A. PARTEE, A. T. LACEY, THOS. R. SMITH, A. J. WHITE, J. R. WATKINS, W. H. CHERRY.
W. H. CHERRY, President. H. A. PARTEE, Cashier
AMOS WOODRUFF, Vice President. J. J. FREEMAN, Ass't Cashier.
se19

BANKING HOUSE
— OF —
MEMPHIS LIFE
And Gen'l Insurance Company,
Cor. Front and Madison Sts.,
D. B. MOLLOY, President.
au8 FERDINAND MOLLOY, Cashier.

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
DIRECTORS:
B. EISMAN, F. S. DAVIS, J. T. FARGASON, G. H. JUDAH, J. N. OLIVER, C. F. SMITH, NEWTON FORD, W. W. THATCHER, W. P. PROUDFIT, W. W. YOUNG, W. R. MOORE, J. W. JEFFERSON, C. C. PARTEE.
F. S. DAVIS, President.
NEWTON FORD, Vice-President.
W. W. THACHER, Cashier.

DISPENSARY.

ORLEANS INFIRMARY,
142 CANAL STREET,
NEW ORLEANS, - LOUISIANA.
CONDUCTED BY
Drs. Choppin, C. Beard, Brickell and Bruns.
This Institution is now Open for the Treatment of Medical and Surgical Diseases.
DR. SAMUEL CHOPPIN,
General Surgery, and Diseases of the Rectum, Bladder and Urethra; all operations for deformities, such as Club-foot, Hare-lip, Cleft-palate, etc.
DR. C. BEARD,
Diseases of the Eye and Ear.
DR. D. W. BRICKELL,
Diseases peculiar to Women—Operations for the relief of Ovarian Tumors, Hysterectomy, Vesicovaginal Fistula, Laceration of the Perineum, etc., etc.
DR. I. DICKSON BRUNS,
Diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Throat.
☞ The best nurses are provided. Fare and accommodations equal to those of first-class hotels.
Postoffice Box 67, New Orleans. oc22

DRUGS, ETC.

DIRECT IMPORTATION
— OF —
Perfumeries, Drugs
— AND —
CHEMICALS.
THEODORE HOERNER,
54 and 56 Beal Street,
(Corner of Second.)
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
☞ QUANTITATIVE ANALYSES made, and written reports furnished.
☞ Having made arrangements with Parisian and German Houses, I am prepared to furnish to the trade and public generally the FINEST AND PUREST PERFUMES, at Importers Prices.
Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.
☞ ON HAND, a large stock of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Brushes, Sponges, etc., etc.
The Trade Supplied.
se22

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

D. DeHAVEN. J. B. CROSS. G. CARSON. W. D. WARD.
DeHaven, Cross & Co.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 412 NORTH LEVEE,
no13 ST. LOUIS.

J. LEE FINNEY,
Late of St. Louis and Vicksburg Packet Co.
BEN. W. CLARK,
Late Treasurer Memphis & St. Louis Pkt. Co.
FINNEY & CLARK,
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANTS
AND GENERAL PURCHASING AGENTS, Nos. 301 and 303 North Commercial Street, corner of Olive, ST. LOUIS, MO. no4

T. L. ALDEN, Memphis, Tenn. L. F. OVERTON, Little Rock.
ALDEN & OVERTON,
Gen'l Commission Merchants,
For purchase of Cotton, and sale of every description of Western Produce,
No. 57 Main Street, Little Rock, Ark.
☞ Refer to Thos. H. Allen & Co., Guy, McClellan & Co., Meacham & Treadwell, Schoolfield & Hanauer. se29

J. A. AUSTIN.
EVANS, GARDNER & CO.
IMPORTERS
Jobbers of Dry Goods, White Goods,
Notions, Etc.,
Have removed to 537, 539, 541 Broadway, New York, a few doors above St. Nicholas Hotel. nov2

GROCERS AND COTTON FACTORS.

J. T. FARGASON. C. C. CLAY
FARGASON & CLAY,
Wholesale Grocers,
— AND —
COTTON FACTORS,
330 Front Street,
Terms Cash. Memphis, Tenn.
WE are now receiving one of the largest and best selected stocks of goods it has ever been our pleasure to offer to the trade, and to first-class buyers we are prepared to offer inducements that cannot be surpassed.
600 sacks Rio Coffee—all grades;
500 barrels Refined Sugar—all grades;
50 hhds. Louisiana Sugar—all grades;
500 packages Syrups and Molasses—all grades;
100 kegs English Soda;
200 boxes English Soda;
1000 packages New Mackerel;
500 packages Virginia Tobacco;
50 barrels Robinson County Whisky;
100 " Bourbon Whisky;
100 " Rectified Whisky;
50 " Tennessee White Whisky;
100 boxes Layer Raisins;
50 boxes assorted Nuts;
100 cases Sardines;
100 cases Brandy Cherries and Peaches.
For sale by FARGASON & CLAY,
se8 330 Front Street.

N. HILL. N. FONTAINE
HILL, FONTAINE & CO
SUCCESSORS TO WILLIAMSON, HILL & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
COTTON FACTORS
— AND —
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
326 FRONT STREET,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE
HAVE for sale, and keep constantly on hand, a full assortment, consisting in part as follows:
100 sacks Bacon;
300 barrels Mess Pork;
100 barrels Jowls and Rumps;
200 kegs Lard;
100 hhds. Louisiana Sugar;
200 sacks Coffee;
300 pkgs. Molasses—hhds., tbs., bls. & qrs.
1000 pieces Kentucky Bagging (M. & M. K'y., by Landeman, and J. & D. Flax.)
100 boxes celebrated "Arrow Ties."
500 kegs Nails—assorted sizes;
500 barrels Flour;
North Carolina Roe cut and gross Herring
100 bbls. pure, copper-distilled Whisky;
100 barrels rectified Whisky;
50 barrels Robinson County Whisky.
Calling your attention to the above, we respectfully request a continuation of your patronage, and promise, by strict attention to business, with the interest of our patrons ever before us, to merit it.
aug18 daw HILL, FONTAINE & CO.

NEWTON FORD & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton Factors
— AND —
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
17 UNION STREET,
Lee Block, : Memphis, Tenn.
se2 daw

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL
Meacham & Treadwell,
Wholesale Grocers
— AND —
COTTON FACTORS,
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - Memphis, Tenn.
WE are now receiving a complete and carefully selected stock of GROCERIES. Our goods were shipped at very low rates of freight, and we offer them to the trade as low prices. Call and examine.
☞ Special attention given to the sale of Cotton, and consignments solicited. se2 daw

ED. J. TAYLOR, Of DeSoto Co., Miss. WM. C. RUTLAND, Of DeSoto Co., Miss.
TAYLOR & RUTLAND,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
— AND —
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 304 FRONT STREET,
Mosby and Hunt's Block, - MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Consignments solicited. aug8

MEDICAL.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. B. SCARBOROUGH
HAS permanently located in Memphis, and will treat CHRONIC DISEASES of every description. For Venereal Diseases he has an INFALLIBLE SPECIFIC that removes every vestige of the disease, without giving mercury. Those suffering with CONSUMPTION or SCROFULA he especially invites to avail themselves of his treatment, feeling assured, from experience, that he has discovered the remedies a Merciful Providence has provided for these formidable and hitherto considered incurable diseases. Ladies afflicted with diseases peculiar to their sex successfully treated. All communications by letter promptly answered. Office—27 Second st., Up-Stairs. oc7

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES
HATS AND CAPS,
201 MAIN STREET, WEBSTER BLOCK.
Memphis, Tennessee.
We are now receiving our fall stock, the largest we have ever offered to the trade. MERCHANTS will find it to their interest to examine before buying. aug11

New Firm—New Goods
SOUTHWORTH & THAYER,
STRICTLY
WHOLESALE DEALERS
— IN —
Boots, Shoes & Hats
199 Main St., Memphis.
☞ At competing prices with any other Market. Goods SOLD ONLY TO MERCHANTS. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. se30d1w

CARPETINGS, ETC.

GLEN ECHO MILLS,
GERMANTOWN, PA.
M'Callum, Crease & Sloan,
Manufacturers, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
CARPETINGS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, Etc.
WE invite the attention of the trade to our extensive stock of Domestic Carpetings both of our own and other makes, as well as a large assortment of Foreign Goods.
WAREHOUSE,
No. 509 CHESTNUT STREET,
Opposite the State House,
oct sod Philadelphia.

Carolina Life Insurance Co.
OF MEMP