THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1870. VOL. 30 NO. 154

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Steamer Called In.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 2—The steamship Union touched here yesterday on her way to Bremen.

New Jersey Rejects the XVth Amendment.

TRENTON, N. J., February 2.—The Assembly yesterday rejected the XVth Amendment, by a vote of 32 to 27.

Wisconsin Congressman Nominated.

WILWAUKEE, WIS., February 2.—David Atwood, of Madison, was nominated to-day as the Representative to Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hopkins.

New Mexico.

DENVER, COL., February 2.—The New Mexico Legislature has adopted the State Constitution, which is to be submitted to the popular vote on the first Monday in October.

Under the new tax and funding law, Territorial warrants have risen from twenty-five cents to fifty cents on the dollar.

Summary of Mexican Intelligence.

NEW ORLEANS, February 2.—News from Mexico, via Brownsville, represents that the revolutionary party there are daily strengthening. Gens. Maclas, Scurqui, Espinosa, Dorilla and others, are organizing troops to aid the rebels.

The Vera Cruz *Esperanza* says the situation of Mexico is growing worse every day, and even those who seemed to have more confidence in the future now down their heads under the weight of a bitter disappointment, and there is not any means found to conjure the storm which threatens to sink the unfortunate country in the horrors of civil war.

The revolution, in great proportions, has broken out in the States of Puebla, San Louis Potosi, Guajuato, Querto, Moralas and Michoacon, and in vain the Government attempts to overcome it with troops.

One Day in New York.

NEW YORK, February 2.—Joseph Balch, the leader of a gang of rowdies, attempted to kill John Fisher in Canal street.

Jay Gould has presented $10,000 to Princeton College.

The work on the postoffice has been suspended for want of funds.

George Wilkes is about to sue the Turf, Field and Farm for $4000 damages.

Patrick Kelly, a keeper of a whisky shop on Front street, was stabbed in the abdomen by an unknown ruffian.

Burkhart, the Sleepy Hollow murderer, attempted to assassinate his jailor and a fellow-prisoner on Monday.

Biddle, who shot the Russian, Balaski, a short time ago, at his residence in Blecker street, gave bail at the Tombs Police Court yesterday in the sum of $2000, and was discharged from custody.

The Santiago de Cuba, from Havre January 16, reports that on yesterday, at 10 p.m., she collided with the steamship Brunet e, hence for Philadelphia. The Brunette sunk in ten minutes. All the crew except two firemen, were saved.

Last night a fire occurred in a tenement house, on Thirty-fifth street, occupied by several families. It was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. The police had great difficulty in rescuing the families from their apartments.

Mr. Bergh made a descent on a cockpit in Brooklyn, last night, arrested thirteen spectators, and seized eight full-fledged warriors. The prisoners will be arraigned to-day, when Mr. Bergh will appear and make formal charges.

The Coroner held an inquest yesterday morning in the murder case of Wm. Townsend, and the prisoner, Reynolds, was fully committed. He was sullen at the examination, and pretended to be stupid. He inquired with some interest how many years he was likely to get.

About three o'clock this morning the Oehlerhausen Brothers' great sugar warehouse, on Rose street, and several tenement houses, on Vandewater street, were destroyed by fire. The fire has not yet been subdued. The loss already amounts to over $200,000, and will probably reach half a million.

A fire occurred yesterday evening in a warehouse of cotton, owned by Cyrus Olmstead, 54 and 56 Washington street, it is supposed from spontaneous combustion. The building contained one hundred and twenty bales of cotton, owned by R. T. Wilson, who estimates his loss at $20,000; partially insured. The loss on the building and other stock is about $50,000.

The murders committed daily in this city are becoming a prominent feature of news. Popular indignation at the tardy meting out of justice is aroused, and undoubtedly a vigilance committee has been organized, but their deliberations have been in secret. The police officials have taken steps to guard against the violation of the law.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

Switzerland.

ZURICH, February 2.—Dr. J. Diebs, of this city, has been chosen President of the Swiss Confederation.

Austria.

VIENNA, February 2.—The Arch-Duchess Elizabeth, of Austria, has fled to America, having embarked at Hamburg.

Spain.

MADRID, Feb. 2.—In the Cortes to-day, Senor Castillor made an effective speech against the payment of the clergy by the State.

Canada.

TORONTO, February 2.—The Dominion Government has ordered the construction of a large number of boats, to be thirty-six feet long, six feet wide, and three feet deep, for the purpose of sending men into the Winnepeg settlement on the opening of spring.

England.

LONDON, February 2.—According to the proposition of the act of Parliament empowering the government to take possession of the telegraph lines in the kingdom, the Treasury Department yesterday paid £526,000 for the cable connecting England with Germany by way of the Island of Nording.

A letter has been received here from Capt. Cochrane, of the Royal navy, commanding Petrel Station on the African coast. He reports that Dr. David Livingstone, the celebrated African traveler, had been burned as a wizard by a chief in the interior.

The Globe, correcting the statement made by the Times, says: The objections to the treaties with China are confined to doubts about the faithful observance of their stipulations by the Chinese.

France.

PARIS, February 2.—The Government has commenced to make the much talked-of Prefectorial changes but so far the removals and appointments have been of but little importance.

The licenses have been given for the performance of Victor Hugo in this city.

A public meeting was dissolved by the authorities last night, because one of the speakers compared Olivier to Judas Iscariot.

La Patrie to-day alludes to the expected reduction of the army and navy, and asserts that it has reason to believe that they are without foundation. It expresses the opinion that the present military and naval forces of the country are not too large.

Files of American papers, due here over a week ago, were distributed to their subscribers this afternoon.

XLIst CONGRESS---2d SESSION.

WASHINGTON, February 2.—*House.* The Committee on Foreign Affairs reported several private bills, which were passed, and also the following:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to this House, if not incompatible with the public interest, any information which may have come to his knowledge concerning American citizens, whether native or naturalized, who may beat this time confined in the jails or prisons of Great Britain for political offenses, and and facts in relation to the treatment of such prisoners, which he may feel at liberty to communicate. After a discussion by Mr. Sloan and Wilson, of Minnesota, of Minnesota, in favor, and Willard and Cox against the resolution, it went over to the morning hour to-morrow.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Poland, Garfield and Cox as Regents of the Smithsonian Institute.

Mr. Logan offered a resolution declaring that the people of Cuba have, for more than fifteen months, carried on active hostilities against Spain for independence; that they have established and still maintain a *de facto* government, and now occupy with their armies, and control large portions of the Island, and instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire what reasons, if any exist, why the republic of Cuba should not be recognized by the United States government as belligerents, which was adopted.

Mr. Roots introduced a bill to amend the act of April 10, 1868, extending the time for the completion of the first section of Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad. Referred.

Mr. Paine introduced a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to provide for taking meteorological observations at the military stations and other points in the interior of the continent, and for giving notice on the northern lakes and seaboards of the approach of storms, which was passed.

Mr. Davis, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to establish a uniform system of naturalization, which was recommitted.

Mr. Ferns offered a resolution of inquiry as to special agents and assistant special agents of the Treasury Department, and the amount of mileage paid them, etc., which was adopted.

Mr. Banks asked the Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations to state whether that committee had considered any measure for the relief of the large number of mechanics discharged from the navy yards in various parts of the country.

Mr. Dawes replied that a bill for that purpose was before the committee and would be reported to-morrow morning, after a conference with the Navy Department.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Ferry in the chair, and took up the Senate bill for appropriating $30,000 for the poor of the District of Columbia, and allowing $10,000 worth of condemned army clothing to be distributed and assigning the storehouses in Judiciary Square to the Women's Christian Association, and to give employment to the indigent women.

The bill gave rise to considerable discussion, and several amendments were offered, but none adopted—except one by Mr. Logan for issuing rations by the War Department, and leaving the other provisions of the bill for clothing, etc., as in the original bill.

The Committee then rose and reported the bill to the House, which, without final action, at 4:20 p.m. adjourned.

Senate.—Mr. Ferry introduced a resolution for printing of copies of the charter of the harbor of Samana for the use of Senators, which was agreed to.

Mr. Carpenter, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill in regard to the resignation of Judges in certain cases, with a recommendation for its indefinite postponement, and with an amendment to the bill to establish the office of Associate Justice for the Eastern District of Texas.

The currency bill was then taken up, and the Senate proceeded to consider the amendments reported from the Committee of the Whole, and action was taken on all of them.

Messrs. Sherman and Sanbury offered amendments, which were rejected, and the bill finally passed by 39 yeas to 23 nays. The bill is as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That $45,000,000 in the notes for circulation may be issued to the National Banking Associations, in addition to the $300,000,000 authorized by the 22d section of the act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved March 3d, 1863, but the amount to be withdrawn shall not exceed $9,000,000. The Comptroller of the Currency shall, under the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury, make a statement showing the amount in circulation in each State, and to be retired by each bank, in accordance with this section, and shall, when the circulation is required, make a requisition upon the bank, commencing with the bank having a circulation exceeding $1,000,000 in the State having an excess of circulation, withdrawing one-third of the circulation in excess of $1,000,000, and then proceeding *pro rata* with the banks having a circulation exceeding $1,000,000 in the States having the largest excess of circulation, and reducing the circulation of the banks in the States having the greatest proportion in excess, leaving undisturbed the banks in the States having a smaller proportion, until the banks having the excess have been reduced to the same grade, and continuing this to make the reduction provided for by this act until the full amount of $2,000,000 herein provided for shall be distributed among the States and Territories having less than their proportion, so as to equalize the distribution of such circulation among such States and Territories upon the basis provided for by this act, and upon the failure of such bank to return the amount so required, within ninety days after said requisition, it shall be the duty of the Comptroller of the currency to sell at public auction—having given twenty day's notice, in a newspaper published in Washington City, and in New York City, of the amount of bonds deposited by said bank as security for its circulation, equal to the circulation to be withdrawn from such bank, and with the proceeds to redeem so many of the notes of such bank as they come into the Treasury, as will equal the amount required from it, and shall pay the balance to such banks, provided that no circulation shall be withdrawn from the States having an excess, until after the $45,000,000 granted in this first section shall have been issued.

The census bill was then taken up and laid over, in order that the bill to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to transfer to the Bureau of Construction and Repairs, and of Steam Engineering, certain unappropriated balances to the credit of other Bureaus, but Mr. Trumbull objected and spoke against such transfers, and the bill was laid aside.

Mr. Howe (on leave) addressed the Senate in support of the bill recently introduced by him, "More effectually to preserve the neutral relations of the United States."

The bill repeals certain sections of the act of 1818, which forbids hiring an American citizen to enlist in a foreign army, or his going abroad for that purpose; and prohibits American ship builders from being concerned in building, fitting out or equipping vessels designed to cruise against any foreign power with whom we are at peace.

Mr. Conkling desired to call up the census bill, and considerable discussion followed, upon the proper course of procedure, but without coming to an understanding on the subject.

The Senate, at 5:15 p.m., adjourned.

RED RIVER OF THE NORTH.

Interesting Intelligence from the Disaffected British Colony.

CHICAGO, February 2.—A special from St. Paul says startling news comes from Fort Garry via Pembina, January 20th. A. T. Riell has been ousted from his brief but absolute dictatorship in the Red River settlement, and the old Hudson Bay Company government reinstated under the title of Governor and Council of Assiniboine, with Gov. McTavish at its head. For some time dissatisfaction has existed among the half-breeds on account of Riell's inefficiency and over-activity, and taking advantage of his temporary absence the old regime was reinstated. A guard met Riell on his way back to Garry, and after some faint resistance he was taken to Garry.

A correspondent adds that Riell is master of the situation again, and that the report of his arrest needs confirmation. But the case as above stated, is undoubtedly true.

One object of this *coup d'etat* is to hasten the accomplishment of the original designs of the half-breeds; they will petition the Canadian Government first, and if unsuccessful, will resort to the annexation of the Crown.

Another special says that when Riell was on his way back, and nine miles from Fort Garry, two armed men joined him, and attempted to arrest him, but he drew a revolver and told them he would never be taken alive. Other citizens came up and stopped the fight, and the whole party went to Fort Garry.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 2.—The steamship Cuba, hence on Tuesday for Baltimore, broke her propeller and returned here for repairs.

The grand jury has found a true bill against Perry Fuller, the late Collector, and his associates W. C. Gray, F. A. DeWolf, Robert S. Sproule, W. A. West and Mix Durkiespiel. Five affidavits charge them with conspiring to defraud the revenues of the government.

Dr. Hoda, a prominent Cuban, telegraphed to Key West to ascertain if it was true that Castonon, the editor of the *Voce de Cuba*, had been assassinated by Cubans, as reported, and the following is the reply:

"It is true. Castonon slapped the Cuban's face. His adversary fired, killing him.

[Signed.] "D. M. ROGERS"

NASHVILLE.

Proceedings of the Legislature and the State Convention.

SPECIAL TO APPEAL.

NASHVILLE, February 2.—*House.*—A message from Gov. Senter, relative to recent outrages by bands of unknown men, was read and sent to the House. The subject matter of the message was requesting a remedy for the evil. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Committee of Conference on the Senate amendments to the House bill directing revenue officers, advise that the Senate amendment to the second section be amended by omitting the words "First National Bank of Memphis" and substituting the "Union and Planters Bank of Memphis." Report adopted and recommendation concurred in.

Rejection of the bill for the benefit of non-resident aliens was recommended. Bill referred.

In the House the report of the Judiciary Committee recommending the rejection of the bill to punish vagrancy; to exempt from punishment for acts during the war persons in either army; and to forbid marrying until a certain time after divorce, was read.

The committee to investigate the School Fund frauds asked further time to examine and report.

The committee to examine the affairs of the Treasurer submitted their report, stating that there had been no defalcation on the part of said official, who had accounted for every dollar expended.

The special committee to examine the publication of the last report of John Eaton, jr., Superintendent of Public Instruction, state that said publication cost the State between five and six thousand dollars, and ought not to have cost over five hundred. The report further says that the publication of such a costly report was unnecessary, and a glaring fraud deserving the severest censure of the people of Tennessee. Report received and resolution embodying its sense adopted.

The Governor's message in reference to outrages by marauders was referred to a special committee.

House bill to amend school law passed third reading.

Senate.—A resolution asking the Committee on Federal Relations to report at an early day on the XVth Amendment, was referred to that committee.

Speaker Thomas moved to reconsider the vote referring the resolution relative to the report on the XVth Amendment. Carried, and after explanatory remarks by Thomas and Peyton, the resolution was again referred.

A bill was offered by Mr. Etheridge, changing the time of holding the March elections from 1st to 4th Saturday, as reported by the Convention Committee. Passed.

The bill incorporating the Jackson and Fulton Railroad Company, passed its third reading.

The bill providing for the collection of State and county taxes by Sheriffs, passed its first reading.

Convention—In the Convention Mr. Blackburn presented propositions to amend the Constitution so as to prevent the State from passing laws to abridge the rights of any of its citizens according to the fourteenth article of the Federal Constitution. Referred.

The Committee on Elections recommend that the offices of Justices of the Peace be declared vacant upon the ratification of the new Constitution.

The report of the Judiciary Committee not being ready, the unfinished business of yesterday was taken up.

Section two, as amended, provides that when the senate sits as a Court of Impeachment, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside.

Section one, as amended, provides that the judicial power of the State shall be vested in one Supreme Court and such Circuit, Chancery and other inferior Courts as the Legislature shall ordain in the Judges thereof and in Justices of the Peace.

Section two, as amended and adopted, provides that the Supreme Court shall consist of five Judges, of whom not less than two shall reside in any one division of the State, and who shall designate one of their number as Chief Justice.

Section third, as amended and adopted, provides for the election of Supreme Court judges by the people, such judges to be thirty-five years of age, and residents of the State five years before their election; to be elected for eight years instead of twelve, as proposed.

The fourth section, relating to election and term of Circuit and Chancery Judges, was under consideration, when the Convention adjourned.

A disastrous fire occurred at Clarksville to-day, destroying the block of buildings of Atwell & Mehlpo, on the west side of the Public Square, from the Bank of Tennessee to Coats' furniture store, and burned eight buildings in all. Loss $16,000; insurance small.

Bishop Quintard is seriously ill at Montevideo, Alabama.

An old gentleman named Francis P. Knight, was furiously assaulted Sunday night, at his home near Decatur, Alabama, by a party of marauders, who shot and seriously wounded him. As this was the second attack of the kind made upon Knight, his friends yesterday brought him to Nashville, as a matter of safety, and he is now in the hospital here. But little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Ex-Governor Harris, John L. T. Sneed, and John Farrington, Esqs., are in the city on professional business.

It is observed that in the Convention they studiously avoid any reference to political affairs.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, February 2.—Gov. Senter transmitted to the Legislature to-day a special message relative to recent murders by mobs, and asked for additional power to bring the offenders to justice.

The Constitutional Convention adopted a resolution to-day, and sent it to the Legislature, asking for a postponement of the county elections till the fourth Saturday in March, in order that the amended Constitution may be submitted to the people at the same time.

WASHINGTON.

Public Debt---Reconstruction---Mississippi.

WASHINGTON, February 2.—The warrants issued from the Treasury Department during January were as follows: Civil and Miscellaneous and Foreign Intercourse, $3,036,041; War Department, $5,300,200; Navy Department, $3,696,900; Interior, Pensions and Indian Departments, $661,043. Total, $12,694,243. This does not include the warrants issued on account of the public debt.

The Committee on Reconstruction have before them bills to enforce the 13th and 14th articles of the Constitution of the United States, but nothing definite on these subjects will be done until the return of Ben. Butler.

The Senate Judiciary Committee were to-day unable to consider the subject of Mississippi in connection with repre-sentation in Congress, the delay being caused by the non-registration of the official papers, but the committee will hold a special meeting as soon as the papers arrive.

The Roach Murder.

From the Vicksburg Herald of the 1st inst. we gather the following particulars of this murder, of which we have heretofore had but a mere rumor by telegraph. The Herald quotes Mr. McDowell's testimony, as follows:

"About two o'clock p.m. Wednesday, the 26th inst., witness was with the deceased and his brother David, on the Good Hope plantation, on Wolf Lake, in Yazoo county. Having sat down to dinner deceased helped David Roach to ham, but without eating, he, David, left the table and the room. Witness and deceased, after dinner, went into a bedroom adjoining, and were sitting, one on each side of the fire-place, reading newspapers, when David Roach entered and took a seat between them. Mr. McDowell is somewhat deaf, and states if David made any remark after coming in and sitting down he did not hear them. Says he heard deceased remark that he 'would put a stop to such conduct.' A moment after, glancing up from his paper, witness saw David Roach with his pistol presented, and before he could make a movement to prevent the act, Benjamin Roach was shot through the head. Witness then seized David, and endeavored to hold him, till in scuffling they reached the gallery, when witness seeing about forty steps off, Street, Gower and McCorkle, called to them to come and assist him, but they paid no attention to him. Witness also called to some colored men, but they seemed too much frightened to render any assistance. David Roach then looked over to where those white men were and said, "If you don't befriend me as you promised, I will tell who gave me the pistol. Then N B. Street came to David and took him by the collar, saying, "I want to talk to this man; David has to take care of himself," and took him off. Witness says all these men had been drinking and were armed, so he concluded to let David go. McCorkle was on a horse, but got off and Gower got on, and witness hallooed to Gower to lend him that horse to send for a doctor and to take David to town, but Gower declined, saying the horse belonged to Mr. Street. Soon after this witness saw David on the horse, and Mr. Street talking to him from the ground, and in a short time after, saw David riding off through the field.

This testimony of Mr. McDowell's was corroborated by other witnesses. Report says that David Roach was addicted to drinking, the use of drugs, and gambling, and had squandered his property and become deeply involved, and surrounded with the worst associates. In this condition of affairs, Mr. Benjamin Roach, who was one of the executors of the father's will, decided to take charge of David's property and endeavor to restore his affairs to a sound condition. David's mind was so injured by his excesses that he was in fact incapable of the necessary mental effort to do this.

Benjamin Roach, with Mr. McDowell, an old friend and overseer in the family, arrived at the Good Hope Plantation about the 1st of January, 1870. It was Benj. Roach's design to get rid of the associates David had upon the place, and to recover him from their influence. Street and the other associates that David had there were angered at this, and Street is reputed to have said he "would have revenge and then hunt tall timber." The general talk among the people is that Street and others are in some way implicated in the affair. Street is in confinement and so is Roach. Roach looks terribly bad. During the trial he preserved a silence yet seemed attentive to the examination, and occasionally wept. His face is pale and hair disordered, and the veins of his forehead exhibited great mental suffering. The impression was general that Davin was too much under the influence of liquor and drugs to be conscious of his action at the time of the killing, and that he was but a tool of others.

Mr. Caruthers, of Toledo, Ohio, proposed to break his engagement with Miss Andrews. Miss Andrews thereupon tackled him with a carving-knife and a horse-pistol, and now there will be an interment of mutilated remains by the surving members of the Caruthers family. Miss Andrews is soothing her lacerated feelings with penitential hard-tack in jail.

"Blue-sky-filled-with-music" is the name of a Seneca Indian girl near Buffalo, who has just married a paleface. If she should get on the warpath and lift her husband's scalp, and sound the war-whoop on the front staircase, and bury the hatchet in the brain of the hired girl, there may be occasion to change her name.

San Francisco Chinamen are getting civilized to such an extent that they wont stand and let boys pull their back hair more than an hour without reasoning with the boys with the toe of a boot. This is the sort of foolishness that comes from your XVth Amendments. Think of a Chinaman taking his cue from Sumner?

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 2.—Cotton heavy and declining; uplands 29½c. Flour $4 60 @ 5. Whisky 88@89. Wheat—No. 2 Spring $1 17@$1 23. Corn 88@93. Sugar—Cuba 9½@10½c. Rice dull, 6@7. Molasses 68@87. Coffee dull.

Dry Goods—The advance noticed yesterday in heavy brown sheetings of the Atlantic and Pacific brands has extended to other makes to-day, and some buyers consequently seem more anxious to take hold of this class of goods, while others stand aloof, knowing that the advance cannot be maintained a month hence. The Appleton A, Amoskeag A, Stark A, and Indian Head yard wide brown sheetings are all advanced from 16@ 18½c, and Wamsutta and such brands from 16½@18c, but all other brands are reduced from 18@18½c. Prints of good styles, and printing cloths, are in good request at fair prices, while bad styles in fugitive colors are selling at low rates. Pacific Lawns are in fine display at 18c, and Spragues at 17c.

Money—The market is easy at 5@6, with exceptions at 4@5 on call. Sterling firm at 8½@9. Gold quiet; opening at 21¾ and closing at 21¾@21⅞. Exports to-dry, $214,700; 8 months, $27,166,000. Governments steady. State securities active and generally higher. Old Tennessee's, 74; New, 49¾.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, February 2.—Cotton dull. Low Middling 22½; good Ordinary 20¼. Stock on hand 620 bales. Wheat, red, $1; amber $1 10; white $1 15. Corn 85c loose; 87@91 sacked and delivered. Oats, loose, 50c; sacked 70c. Flour $4 50 to $6 50 for superfine to fancy. Bacon, clear sides 17c; shoulders 12½; country hams 17@18; city sugar-cured 20c; plain city lard, 15@c. Bulk clear sides 15½c; clear ribbed 16½; shoulders 13½c. Rump pork $24 per bbl.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, February 2.—Flour, superfine, $3 50@$4 40. Wheat, No. 2 Spring 96c. Corn 76c. Oats 56@56c. Barley $1 05@1 15. Rye 78@80. Whisky 92c. Sugar 10@12½c. Molasses 65@70c. Pork $27 25@27 75. Bulk shoulders 11c; sides 14@14½c. Bacon shoulders 12½@13½c; sides 14@16½c; hams 18@19c. Lard 16½. Tobacco steady; lugs, $6 00@8 50; medium leaf, $9 00@11 00; manufacturing, $12 00@24 00.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 2.—Flour—Spring X $3 85@4 75. Wheat Seconds. Corn 71c. Oats 36½c. Rye 66@67c. Barley 74@75c. Highwines 91½@92. Pork $25 50. Lard 15 7 [illegible] sides 13½@13¾c; shoulders 12½; middles 13½c. Hams 11@15½. Sugar 11½@12½.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, February 2.—Flour dull—family $5 20@5 40. Wheat $1 10@1 12. Corn, 74@75. Oats 50@56. Rye 65@66. Cotton—middlings 24½@25½c. Whisky 91c. Pork $25 50. Lard 16c. Bulk shoulders 13@13½c; sides 14@14½c. Bacon shoulders 12½c; sides 15@15½c; hams 18@19c. Butter 35c. Eggs 21c. Cheese 17½@18c. Sugar 11½@12c. Coffee 18@24c. Molasses 75@77c.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, February 2.—Cotton lower, 25½c. Flour, family, $5. Wheat $1 05. Corn 86c. Oats 65c. Sales of Tobacco 275 hhds. $4@$20 00. Mess pork $28 00. Bacon shoulders 11c; sides 15@15½c. Bulk shoulders 11½; sides 15@15½c. Hams, sugar cured, 16½@20c. Lard tierce, 17c. Whisky 90c.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 2.—Cotton 24½c. Sales 762; Exports to Liverpool, 1827. Flour $5 40@5 50@6 12. Corn $1 07@1 08. Hay $30 00. Oats 75c. Pork $29 50. Sugar dull, prime 11½c. Molasses, prime, 68@70c. Whisky 90@91 c. Coffee—fair 13@17½c. Prime 17½@18c. Bacon shoulders 14c; rib 17½. Gold 22½. Sterling 23½. New York sight ½ discount. Lard 16c.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, February 2.—Cotton irregular; Uplands 12½d; Orleans 12½d; sales 10,000 bales. Wheat—8s for California white, 7s 8@7s 9d for Red Western, and 8s 3d for Winter; Flour 28s6d. Corn 26s 9d. Oats 2s 5d. Peas 34s 6d. Barley 5s.

LONDON, February 2.—Consols for money 92¾. U. S. 5-20s, 86¾; 10-40's, 84½.

FRANKFORT, February 2.—Bonds firm; 92@92½.

HAVRE, February 2.—Cotton opened heavy.

PARIS, February 2.—The Bourse is dull; rentes 73f 32c.

MARRIED.

PEARSON—GOODMAN—On Thursday, Jan. 27th, in Memphis, by Rev. John S. Park, Mr. THOMAS H. PEARSON and Miss EMMA G. GOODMAN.

Richmond papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL communication of Kilwinning Lodge No. 340, will be held on THURSDAY Evening, February 3d, for work in the E. C. degree.

All F. C.'s are fraternally invited.

By order of W. H. EDMONDS, W. M.

LOUIS CAYSKI, Secretary. feb3

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD will receive Freights TO DAY.

A. J. LOWE, Agent.

February 3, 1870. feb3

SHIPPERS, ATTENTION!

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD,
OFFICE OF FREIGHT AGENT,
Memphis, Tenn., February 3, 1870.

NO FREIGHT will be received by the M. and T. R. R. TO-DAY.

J. M. PAMPLIN, Agent.

NOTICE.

UNION AND PLANTERS BANK OF MEMPHIS,
MEMPHIS, TENN., February 2, 1870.

AT a regular meeting of the Directory, held this day, it was unanimously ordered that a call be made upon the Stockholders for the entire balance of unpaid subscriptions of stock to this Bank, payable as follows:

10 per cent. payable.....March 15, 1870.
10 per cent. payable.....April 15, 1870.
10 per cent. payable.....May 15, 1870.

Prompt payment is respectfully requested.

S. P. READ, Cashier.

NOTICE.

To the Taxpayers of the 5th Civil District.

HAVING been appointed by the County Court of Shelby county TAX ASSESSOR FOR THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT of said county, I hereby notify the Taxpayers of said District, that on the

16th Day of the Present Month,

I will be at the Works of the Memphis Gas-light Company; on the 23d, I will be at the corner of Adams street and Boundary avenue; and on the 30th, I will be at the northeast corner of Front and Madison streets, where the Taxpayers can attend, and hand in the lists of their property.

THOS. H. MYNATT, Assessor
For the Fifth Civil District.

feb2

5000 Acres of Land for Sale.

WE will sell, at Osceola, Mississippi county, Arkansas, on

Monday, the 4th Day of April, 1870,

Five thousand acres of valuable woodland in the Mississippi bottom. Much of this land is valuable to cultivate, and all well timbered. The sale will be at public auction, for cash in hand. This land lies in township 13 north, range 11 east; and in 15 north, range 12 east. A rare chance is here offered for profitable investment. For further information address CHARLES Rogers, Osceola, Ark., or CARLTON & SIMMS,
febtow Att'ys-at-Law, Lake Village, Ark.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of two Deeds in Trust, made to me by A. M. Ferguson—one made on the 23 day of January, 1866, and recorded in the Register's office for Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book 56, part 1st, pages 472, 473 and 474; and the other made on the 23d day of February, 1866, and duly recorded in the Register's office for Shelby county, Tennessee, in Record Book 56, pages 475, 476 and 477, to secure the payment of a note for $2,000, both payable to Patrick O'Toole; and, whereas, said notes were not promptly paid at maturity, and having been required so to do, by Bridget O'Toole, Administratrix of said Patrick O'Toole, now deceased, I will, on

Saturday, the 26th Day of February, 1870,

In Front of the Circuit Courtroom, on the corner of Union and second streets, in the city of Memphis, sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the lot on the southwest corner of Real and Desoto streets, fronting on Real street sixty (60) feet, and running back south, between parallel lines, one hundred and twenty (120) feet, and now fully and particularly described in said Trust Deed, recorded in Book 56, pages 472, 473 and 474, and to which reference is here made.

At the same time and place I will also sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described lot, beginning at a stake one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet south from the south line of Real street, and running thence south 'all the west line of Desoto street thirty (30) feet; thence west one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence north thirty (30) feet to the south side of an alley; thence east with the south line of said alley one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the beginning, being the same lot described in the Trust Deed, recorded in Book 56, pages 475, 476 and 477, and to which reference is here made. The sale will be made between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 2 o'clock p.m.

The security of redemption is specially waived in said Trust Deeds, and the title is believed to be good, but I only convey as Trustee.

EUGENE MAGEVNEY, Trustee.

Hansen, Swingley & Dashiell, Att'ys. feb3

FURNITURE.

CARPETS!

CHEAPER NOW THAN EVER.

I WILL OFFER, FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS, for CASH, Carpeting at extremely LOW PRICES, as follows:

Best Velvets at $3 75 per yard;
English Body Brussels at $2 60;
English Tapestry Brussels at $1 75;
Three-plys from $1 75 to $1 85;
Ingrains from 65c to $1 50;
Hemp Carpeting at 50c per yard;
Oilcloth, Matting and Shades in proportion.

Call and see for yourselves. TERMS CASH.

E. FEGAN,
jal6 260 Second Street.

WM. K. THIXTON,

MANUFACTURER OF

MATTRESSES & BEDDING,

And General Upholstery and

FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT

No. 44 COURT STREET,

Next Southern Express Co., MEMPHIS, TENN.
ja19

AMES, BEATTIE & CO.,

396 GAYOSO BLOCK,

OFFER ALL KINDS OF

Furniture, Carpets,

WINDOW SHADES,

Oil Cloths, Mattresses, Etc.,

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

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AMUSEMENTS.

Greenlaw Opera House---Patti.

MAX STRAKOSCH respectfully announces that the world-renowned and unrivaled Concert Vocalist, Miss CARLOTTA

PATTI!

Will make her first and only appearance in Memphis (since her return from Europe) in TWO GRAND CONCERTS

Monday and Tuesday, February 7th & 8th

At 8 o'clock. Miss CARLOTTA PATTI will be assisted by Mons. THEODORE RITTER the great classical Pianist—this first appearance here; Mr. HENRY SQUIRES, the popular Tenor; Mons. J. F. PAUMS, the distinguished Violinist; JOSEF HOFMANN, the great German Basso, Mr. G. W. COLBY, Musical Director.

Admission (including reserved seats), $2 00; Gallery, $1 00.

Seats can now be secured at Benson's Music Store, 317 Main street.

Steinway's Grand Piano will be used at all Patti's concerts. ja30

MEMPHIS THEATER.

Spalding, Bidwell & MacDonough, Propr's.
R. W. YOUNG.....Acting Manager

THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, February 3d—THE LEFFINGWELL, in his great specialty of the WIDOW TWANKAY, in ALADIN; or THE WONDERFUL SCAMP, supported by MARY LEFFINGWELL, Miss MILLIE SACKETT, and the New Orleans Stock Company. During the burlesque the old nursery rhymes will be introduced in a new dress. Also, an entirely new arrangement of "Shoody, Don't Bother Me."

The programme will be commenced with the Comedy of SIX MONTHS AGO.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, for the BENEFIT of the Leffingwell, on which occasion a new comedy will be produced, entitled "A Victim of Circumstances, and Romeo, Jeffer Jenkins. Leffingwell Matinee Saturday.

PARLOR MUSIC HALL,

235 Second Street.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT.

MONDAY EVENING, January 10th.—Grand Double Company. The management, in addition to their already mammoth combination, have engaged the following well-known talent: Misses stanley, St. Clare, Whelan, DeLave, Davenport, Henderson, Geo. C. Thompson and Master Bobby, making the most powerful variety entertainment ever presented to the people of this city.

ADMISSION.....25 Cents
ORCHESTRA CHAIRS.....50 Cents

BROOM'S OPERA HOUSE

(Jefferson Street, near Main.)

CHAS. H. H. BROOM.....Lessee and Proprietor
CHARLEY WHITE.....Stage Manager
Prof. FRANK ARNOLD.....Leader of Orchestra

Open Every Night,

COMMENCING THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 29d, with a Mammoth Company.

The entertainment to consist of Negro Minstrelsy, Songs and Dances, Fancy Dances, Ballads, Banjo Duettists, Extravaganzas, Burlesques, Pantomimes and Farces.

Admission, 50c; Private Boxes, $5. se23

TRANSPORTATION.

QUICK TIME EAST!!

Louisville Route Always Ahead

SUMMER SCHEDULE,

Commencing May 2, 1869.

DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS ON THE

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line:

Leave Memphis (city time) 4:00 a.m. 2:45 p.m. Morning train from Memphis does not run on Sunday.

Leave Memphis, city time, 4:00 a.m. 2:45 p.m. Arrive at Nashville.....11:45 p.m. 5:00 a.m.

Sleeping Car on Evening Train from Memphis to Louisville and Memphis to Nashville.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates

Can be procured at the Company's office, 257 1-2 Main street, and at Depot, head of Main st.

Baggage Checked at Depot, or by the Memphis City Transfer Company, at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. R. JONES, Supt.
SELL HOWELL, Passenger Agent. se23

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D. R. THOMAS. R. F. GROSS

THOMAS & GROSS

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEATHER

AND DEALERS IN

Leather & Shoe Findin's

Foreign and Domestic Calf and Kip Skins, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools, Tanners' Oils, Etc.,

366 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

Cash paid for Hides and Leather in the rough. se19

ASHBROOK & WHITE,

Successors to GEO. PHELLER & Co.,

— DEALERS IN —

Hides and Peltries

Highest Cash Prices Paid for

Hides,
Furs,
Deer Skins,
Beeswax,
Tallow,
Wool, Etc.

Constantly on Consignment,

Harness, Bridle, Skirting and Sole Leather,

ADAMS STREET,

Between Front Row and Water St.,

se1 MEMPHIS, TENN.

HUME F. HILL,

COMMISSIONER FOR THE

District Court of the Unit'd States

COMMISSIONER FOR THE

Court of Claims at Washington,

Commissioner of Deeds for the Several States and Territories, and

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Special and prompt attention given to the taking of Depositions, or Commissions from other States.

OFFICE: No. 1 COURT STREET,

Near Front street, Parrington & Howell's New Block. de1

$300 REWARD.

Something More About McGinnis.

I WILL pay three hundred dollars reward for the body of George W. McGinnis, if delivered to me in fifteen (15) days from this date. Said McGinn