THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1870. VOL. 30 NO. 166

An English Cause Celebre.

An English correspondent sends us the following:

"The London fashionable world is on the tiptoe of expectation in regard to an impending *cause celebre* of the first water.

"The interest attending trials in England depends almost exclusively upon what in the newspaper phraseology is termed 'the position of the parties.' Thus when old Lord William Russell was murdered, many years ago, by his valet Courvoisier, it produced an indescribable interest and sensation; whereas, if some ruffian had knocked a poor old plebeian on the head, none would have cared sixpence about the matter.

"In the present case, those immediately concerned, and those connected with them, occupy such a position in society as to make the trial now imminent unusually attractive to the lovers of gossip and scandal.

"For the last seven years the daughters of Sir Thomas and Lady Louisa Moncrieffe have been famous as beauties. The eldest is the wife of the Duke of Athole; another, whose beauty is uncontested, is the wife of the Earl of Dudley, 'the Iron Earl,' as he is sometimes called, in consequence of his immense iron and colliery possessions. A third married Captain Arbuthnott, whose first wife, the beautiful niece of Lord Granville, the present leader of the Government in the House of Lords, was killed in Switzerland a year or two ago, under circumstances so sad and romantic as to have probably become impressed on the minds of very many. She was struck dead by lightning, within a fortnight after her marriage.

"A fourth daughter, the subject of the approaching inquiry, married Sir Charles Mordaunt, the representative of a very ancient and honorable house long seated in the county of Warwick, and raised to the baronetage so far back as 1611.

"The family seems in these latter days to have had a run of ill luck. The late baronet was killed accidentally, while out shooting, by a friend, and Sir Charles himself has, before his present calamity, experienced one or two very disagreeable strokes of ill fortune.

"When, some time since, he became the husband of his beautiful bride, all seemed fair before him, but the prospect was soon overclouded, and he now comes to the Divorce Court as petitioner in a suit in which his wife is respondent, and Viscount Cole, eldest son of the Earl of Enniskillen, and Sir Frederick Johnstone, a wealthy sporting baronet, are co-respondents. Lord Cole's position is rendered the more unpleasant, inasmuch as he last year married Miss Baird, one of the co heiresses of the celebrated Glasgow iron-master.

"Sir Charles Mordaunt's suspicions against his wife were, it would seem, first awakened by statements made by Lady Mordaunt when in a semi-unconscious condition during her last confinement, and which tended to give a very disagreeable confirmation to the truth of the adage that 'it's a wise child which knows its own father.'

"Tennyson says in his Idylls of the King:

> "I hold that man the worst of public foes
> Who, either for his profit or his pleasure,
> To save his blood from scandal, lets the wife
> Whom he knows false abide and rule the house;
> For, to be troubled with a cowardice allowed
> Her station, taken everywhere for pure,
> She, like a new disease, unknown to men,
> Creeps, no precaution used, among the crowd,
> Makes wicked lightnings of her eyes, and stabs
> The family of our friends, and stirs the pulse
> With a wild leap, and poisons half the young.

"Since the Queen's withdrawal from public life a considerable change has come over the higher ranks of English society. 'Accommodating husbands' have, among a certain 'fast' set, become quite common, and too many men put up with anything sooner than exposure of their domestic troubles.

"It is contended by the lady's friends that her mind has long been affected, and was so at the time she gave expression to the statements on which the suspicions of misconduct are founded. When her counsel applied to the court to fix a day of trial, the judge declined to take it out of the ordinary course. Lady Mordaunt's counsel then observed that it was most desirable it should speedily come to trial, for his unfortunate client was now under the surveillance of ten mad-doctors, and if she wasn't mad already, she assuredly very soon would be. The trial will probably take place about the end of the month.

"Scandal has gone so far as to allege that what is called in England 'a very distinguished personage' narrowly escaped being made a co-respondent, but inasmuch as a similar allegation is generally made in regard to him from some charitable quarter or another, whenever a case of the sort occurs, there is not the slightest reliance to be placed upon the truth of it.

"Hard is his fate on whom the public gaze
Is fixed forever to detract or praise.

"It would appear that matrimonial 'difficulties' are apt to run in families; Mrs. Vivian, who last year eloped with the young Marquis of Waterford, is first cousin of Lady Mordaunt. Lord Waterford's younger brother has also caught the infection, and lately disappeared with the wife of the Colonel of his regiment.

"The proud pre-eminence of the Pagets in fashionable adultery will now be forced to yield to an Irish family, hitherto remarkable only for sport, political power, and the number of prelates it has furnished to the Irish Establishment. That being extinct, its energies are now, it seems, turned in a novel direction."

Northern Methodist Book Concern.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The majority report of the Methodist Book Committee, white-washing the former management of the Book Concern, called forth a minority report, as was expected. It is signed by Henry Slicen, James Pike, and Leroy M. Vernon. Another member, who was absent on account of sickness, would have signed it had he been present. The majority report asserts substantially that their former report was founded in error, and that no fraud, defalcation, corruption, or losses have been proven. The minority declare that they are compelled to dissent from the report because nothing has come before us during our present session to relieve our conviction of the losses and mismanagement in the book concern so insufficiently expressed in the committee's report in November last. The methods so merely practiced by the house are characterized as discreditable and damaging; and, among other things, they name the fact of the large commissions paid to one Porter, son of the Junior agent, on purchases of paper, which could have been readily purchased directly from the manufacturers. Losses to the Concern of over fifteen thousand dollars in this one direction were clearly proven, and this is especially significant from the fact that Dr. Porter, father of the young man, controlled the purchasing department of the Concern. Losses in paper to the amount of twenty thousand dollars in two years are also sand down. Other things specified. The remaining other [illegible] been made public, report has not yet [illegible] a flutter when it and will create quite [illegible] sees the light.

The Tax Bill.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue appeared before the Ways and Means Committee on Thursday, and gave his views at length regarding the administrative features of the new tax bill. He suggested no special change in the rates of taxation, but, among other things, he thought some provisions should be made for executing the internal revenue law in the Indian Territory. It had been claimed that some seizures in enforcing the law in that Territory were in violation of certain treaty stipulations, and parties feeling aggrieved had already applied to Congress for relief. The claim he did not think was justly founded, but a contest had arisen. He hoped the committee would consider the matter, and ask the attention of Congress to it. Regarding the extension of time of which the Kentucky and Tennessee whiskies should remain in bond, he seemed inclined to favor it, and the committee were disposed to add another year, thus giving them two years before taking the whiskey out of bond. In reply to an inquiry the Commissioner answered that he believed it would add greatly to the efficiency of the service if the Internal Revenue Bureau were made an independent department, separate from the control of the Treasury.

ON authority of its Salt Lake correspondent, the New York *Herald* says:

The schismatics claim to have had the rough outlines of the new constitution by direct revelation from Heaven, but that its details are to be supplied by the thoughts of individuals, Heaven having no desire to supersede human brains, and wishing the schismatics to be satisfied with their own arrangement. The rough draft is presented to our readers in the letter of our correspondent, and they can form their own opinion of it as a handiwork of Heaven. It will be especially encouraging to the Woman's Rights advocates to know that one article expressly declares that women have a right to vote on church questions, but the authorship of the draft is rendered rather doubtful by the fact that, although it deals in such minor matters as ward organizations, it fails to take grounds for or against polygamy, the great question which threatens to uproot both the new and old churches and bring about a general revolution in the whole religious organization of Mormonism. Notwithstanding the evils rampant in the chief camp of the Mormons, the missionaries of Brigham Young's dispensation are intently at work to secure more proselytes, and the movement is becoming quite successful even so near home as Long Island.

There is now on exhibition in Leipsic a speaking machine, invented by Fabor, which is a masterpiece of art. It is in imitation of all the parts of the human organs of speech, executed in India rubber and wood. A keyboard, like that of a piano, played by a young lady, puts the parts in motion, while by a pedal and bellows the required air is sent through the windpipe. The key-board has only fourteen keys, representing the sound of a, o, u, i, e, j, r, w, l, s, b, g, d, sh; the other sounds of the alphabet are produced by the same movement, and the admission of more or less air. The sounds of m and n are produced by closing the lips, n and l by pressing the tongue against the roof of the mouth, etc. The French nasal sounds are produced by a separate contrivance. The laughing, says the *German General Intelligencer*, sounds truly diabolical, and very comical is the crowing of a rooster.

The visits of the Northmen to the American continent have long been a subject of controversy and speculation, but now Mr. J. Haulay, a Chinese interpreter in San Francisco, attributes the discovery of America to the Celestials, finds a resemblance between the inhabitants of Central and South America and the Chinese, and traces a similarity in the religion of the Aztecs and Boddhism. He says the discovery by the Chinese was first made 1400 years ago, the land being called Fosang; and that 500 years ago some Buddhist visited the country and carried back to China the news that they had found Buddhist idols and religious writings. John Chinaman has been a long time in taking anything like possession of his own, and he may find some difficulty now in effacing from most people's minds the well-impressed formula that Columbus discovered America.

The Austrian Government has just introduced a novelty in transmitting short messages through the postoffice at cheap rates. The object is to enable persons to send off, with the least possible trouble, messages of small importance, without the necessity of obtaining paper, pens and envelopes. Cards of a fixed size are sold at the postoffices for two kreutzers, one side being for the address and the other for the note, which may be written either with ink or with any kind of pencil. It is thrown into the box, and delivered without an envelope. A cheap post of this kind would certainly be very convenient, especially in large towns, and a man of business, carrying a few such cards in his pocket-book, would find them very useful. There is an additional advantage attached to the card, namely, that of having the address and postmark inseparably fixed to the note.

A California correspondent gives some interesting statistics about dairying in California. He states that there are 1500 dairies in California having 50 to 150 cows each. The cows are generally a cross imported with Mexican stock. They pick their own food from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December. Good grazing lands are cheap and abundant. The Coast Range Mountains extend from the Mendocini to San Diego, upward of 600 miles. Bathed by the frequent fogs of the ocean, there is plenty of moisture when dry elsewhere. This range of mountains possesses valleys of vast extent and fertility. It is full of springs, while bunch grapes and wild oats are found in exhaustless quantities. This is, therefore, of course, a fine section for the dairy business, as the land is also very cheap.

A beautiful English lady residing at Toulon for the benefit of her health received numerous and devoted letters from an admirer who signed himself "Abel," and who could not be traced. At length she became quite interested in him. Soon after a police inspector presented himself to the fair lady. "Madam," said he, "among the effects of a person lately deceased a letter has been found bearing your address. It is supposed that the deceased, who died suddenly, had no time to post it. Here it is." It was a letter from Abel. The lady recognized it at once. "And who was this Abel who wrote to me so often?" said the fair English woman. "Madam," replied the functionary, "he was a convict at the dockyard."

The critics have been in such haste to pitch Mrs. Stowe's book out of window because it does not contain "documents," that they have overlooked a very funny blunder which she makes in referring to a work with which she certainly ought to be familiar—namely, the Bible. Speaking of the pseudo-autobiography of Byron published in the *John Bull* magazine in 1824, she says that if some powerful cause had not paralyzed all feelings of honor, delicacy, and humanity toward Lady Byron, the editor "would have been overwhelmed with a storm of popular indignation, which, *like the fire upon Sodom, would have left him a pillar of salt* for a warning to all future generations." Mrs. Stowe! Remember Lot's wife.

The New Orleans *Picayune* tells the story of a gentleman who arrived there a short time since from an Eastern city in pursuit of his truant son. His search availed not, and at last, almost in despair, the distressed father was prepared to return home, when one evening at the theater he felt some one's hand thrust suddenly into his pocket. Quick as thought he grasped the intrusive member, and, wheeling around, he met, face to face, his son. Detected in his crime, the boy suffered himself to be led away from the crowd, and the next day, under the influence of an affection which vicious associations had not succeeded in entirely crushing, consented to return to his home.

NASHVILLE.

Proceedings of the Legislature and the State Convention.

SPECIAL TO MEMPHIS APPEAL.

NASHVILLE, February 14.—*Senate.*—House bill providing for the election of Justices on the fourth Saturday in March, in cases where they have been appointed by the Governor, passed its third reading.

Senate bill to preserve the school fund passed its third reading.

The Senate refused to recede from its amendments to House bill granting certain legal rights to married women.

House.—There was very little business of interest transacted in the House to-day.

Mr. Singletary introduced a resolution, which was laid over, requiring the special committee on Radical Circular to summon as witnesses any person or persons, or any one whom the parties signing the circular may designate. The resolution is not likely to be adopted, as it might involve an enormous outlay.

Mr. Tucker introduced a bill to divide the Agricultural School Fund among the three divisions of the State, and appropriate the portion for West Tennessee to Macon Masonic College of Fayette county.

Mr. Jones introduced a bill to incorporate the Atlantic, Gulf and Mississippi Steamship Company.

Mr. Thomas introduced a resolution requiring the Comptroller to bring suit against tax collectors for taxes due prior to 1869.

A resolution was adopted indorsing the action of Judge T. R. Smith, agent of the State, in purchasing for the State the assets of the Tennessee National Bank, of Memphis, and authorizing him to compromise the unpaid assets of the said bank belonging to said bank.

The Convention.—The Convention was engaged mostly the entire day in consideration of the report on common schools, which requires that the State tax shall be appropriated to free school purposes. No action was taken.

Mr. Gibson introduced a resolution to test the sense of the Convention on the Fifteenth Amendment. Laid over.

A resolution was introduced and laid over appointing a committee of five, with power to send for persons and papers, to investigate the condition of the State finances.

FOREIGN SUMMARY.

From Prussia.

BERLIN, February 14.—It is said that Bismarck, in case that other great powers concur, will prepare a protest against the Papal Syllabus.

From Italy.

FLORENCE, February 14.—The Italian corvette Bendetta has sailed for the Red Sea to establish a naval station in those waters. She has a scientific commission on board.

From Spain.

MADRID, February 14.—It is probable that Senor Bicers, Colonial Minister, will soon retire, owing to the strong discussion in the Cortes, on Saturday, on the subject of his dismissal of a subordinate officer.

From France.

PARIS, February 14.—Rochefort has addressed a letter to the Prefect of Police, claiming, in moderate and respectful terms, the right to furnish articles to his own journal, *La Marseillaise*, without submitting them to the examination of the keeper of the prison.

From England.

LONDON, February 14.—The weather yesterday was cold and tempestuous. Many shipping disasters have been reported.

Dion Boucicault has brought action for libel against the *Saturday Review*, for an unfavorable criticism on his play of *Formosa*, wherein the editors criticised the author as an associate of blacklegs and charlatans.

The *Times*, in reviewing the book on iron-clads, recently issued by the English Naval Constructor, E. J. Reid, exults in Secretary Robinson's admission of the absolute worthlessness of American vessels.

The cotton mills at Lancashire, compelled to stop a short time since on account of the depression in the cotton trade, are resuming business.

XLIst CONGRESS---2d SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—*House.*—Mr. Laugheridge offered a resolution declaring as the opinion of the House, that the business interests of the country require an increase in the value of the circulating currency, and instructing the Committee on Banking and Currency to report, as soon as possible, a bill increasing the currency to the amount of at least $50,000,000.

Mr. Ward moved to table the resolution. Not agreed to by 73 to 93; which Mr. Ingersoll characterized as "a healthy indication."

The morning hour expired, however, and the resolution went over till next Monday.

At the last meeting of Sorosis, the strong-minded ladies entertained themselves by singing some very pretty love songs, and it was agreed that vocal and instrumental music should be a part of their proceedings hereafter. Thus it is, after all, that the women, under all circumstances, come back to first principles. Political economy is a fine thing; women's rights are "splendid;" the progress of reform and the elevation of literature are "charming." But, after all, they are rather too dry, and not quite juicy enough, even for the determinate dames and damsels of Sorosis. "It is a familiar beast," says Shakespeare, "and signifies love." "Love's like a red, red rose," says the old song. "For all we know," says old Waller, "is that they sing and that they love." "Oh," cried Campbell, "Oh, how love! in such a wilderness as this!" "Love," said Scott, "is loveliest when embalmed in tears." "If music be the food of love," said Shakespeare, "play on." And again he says, "For stony limits cannot hold love out." All of which quotations from the poets we commend to the consideration of Sorosis at the next meeting.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazettee*, writes, February 9: "The prevailing sentiment relative to the Supreme Court is illustrated by two bills brought into the Senate this afternoon. One came from Senator Wilson, and increases the number of Judges to ten, adding one to the present number. The object of this measure means to be to put the Court into such shape that it cannot declare against the constitutionality of the Legal Tender act. The other bill comes from the Senate Judiciary Committee, and requires each Judge to live in the circuit where he holds court. It does not apply to the Chief Justice, and grows out of the opposition to the confirmation of Hoar and Bradley.

The Portmadoc and Festinoig Railway, of Wales, is but two foot gauge, runs engines only ten tons weight, and carriages of only three thousand pounds for twelve passengers.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Bible in the Cincinnati Schools.

CINCINNATI, February 14.—Contrary to public expectations, the oponion of the Judges of the Superior Court as to the question of introducing the Bible into public schools was not delivered. It is understood that each Judge has written his opinion, but nothing has transpired to indicate what the decision will be. The decision will probably be made to-morrow or next day.

Robbery in Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 14.—The business book-keeper of Talmin & Reny, druggists, 35 South Water street, name not given, was detected, a few days since, in stealing opium, quinine and morphine from his employers. He confessed to taking $8000 worth, and his relations settled with the firm, and he was allowed to go to Canada, on account of the respectability of his family, where he will probably again practice his swindling.

Death of John J. Roe.

ST. LOUIS, February 14.—John J. Roe, the senior partner of the firm of John J. Roe & Co., the heaviest pork packing house in this city, died suddenly about 4 o'clock this afternoon of apoplexy. Mr. Roe was on Change at noon in good health, and at 2 p.m. attended an election for Directors of the State Savings Institution, of which he was President. At 3 o'clock he attended a meeting of the Directors of the Memphis Packet Company, of which he was Vice-President, and after chatting about an hour on business matters, he suddenly fell backward, gasping for breath, and died before a physician could reach him.

Contempt of Court.

CHICAGO, February 14.—Edward Rummel, Secretary of State, has refused to respond to the summons issued by the grand jury of this county to appear before them and bring with him the original petition by which the sentence of Walsh, the wife-murderer, was commuted from hanging to imprisonment for life. This morning District-Attorney Reed applied to Judge McAllister for an attachment upon which to bring the Secretary *volens volens* before the grand jury. To-morrow it will be decided whether or not the case is one of contempt.

Prize Fight---General Ewell---Louisiana Legislature---Bank Robbery.

NEW ORLEANS, February 14.—Gallagher whipped Conley in nineteen rounds.

General Ewell is at the St. Charles.

In the Legislature to-day a resolution was introduced forbidding C. L. Jewell, of the *Commercial Bulletin*, from entering the House of Representatives. The alleged cause is Mr. Jewell's language regarding certain members, and his political course.

The safe in the residence of J. S. Clarke was blown open last night and robbed of $20,000.

Excitement at Salt Lake City.

CHICAGO, February 14.—A special from Ogden says that the election for city officers takes place in Salt Lake City Monday. The Mormon church nominated their ticket a few days ago. An opposition ticket, supported by Smythe and Godbeite, Gentiles, was to be nominated Thursday night. When the parties reached the hall, it was filled by Brighamites and a large number of secret ward police, who went through the farce of nominating an orthodox ticket, giving the opposition to understand that they could do no business there. The general opinion is, that if an opposition ticket is attempted, serious trouble will result. Brigham Young is making preparations to visit the extreme Southern portion of his Territory. Godbeite says it is a move to shift the responsibility of the election trouble from himself. There is great excitement at Salt Lake under present circumstances, and it is doubtful whether any opposition ticket will be attempted.

The woman's suffrage bill was defeated in the Colorado Territorial Legislature.

Cincinnati Items.

CINCINNATI, February 14.—The cases involving the validity of the forty-eight hour rule for fermentation in the manufacture of spirits, recently begun in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, will, by consent of all parties, be transferred to the U. S. Circuit Court to-morrow, where they will come up early on their merits.

The recent removal of Captain Naughton, Gauger of the Second District, for alleged disrespect shown to his superiors, has excited a great deal of dissatisfaction. He has the reputation of being one of the best officers in the District, and was appointed on the urgent recommendation of Governor Hays.

Several women, indicted by the Grand Jury recently for keeping houses of ill-fame, pleaded guilty to-day and were fined the costs and $100. A man, indicted for the same offence, pleading guilty, was sent to the workhouse for sixty days.

A. Bunderman was stabbed yesterday at the Union House, in Storr's Township, by Joseph Larmouth, and probably fatally wounded.

Rev. J. G. White, who has created a sensation in some circles of late, is lecturing on Romanism this week in Newport, and will begin his lectures here next Sunday.

News by Way of New York.

NEW YORK, February 14.—Havana correspondence announces the pleasing event that a Princess has been born to the beautiful Amelia Bourbon de Hamell, who ran away from Europe with Prince Juan Louis de Bourbon, of Naples, and was joined in holy wedlock with him by Justice Dodge at the Jefferson Market Police Court, in this city, on the 20th of March last. The interesting infant is to be called after its several grandmothers. The aristocratic circles in Havana have been agreeably agitated by a circumstance so unusual as the birth of a Cuban Princess.

Among the notable news yesterday was a sermon by Rev. Father Peston, of Stano Church, in explanation and defense of the dogma of Papal infallibility; one by Rev. Mr. Young, of St. Peter's Church, on Fifty-ninth street, against sensational story papers, and another by Rev. Mr. Boole, at Cooper Institute, in favor of the Bible in public schools.

The report, in a Rochester paper, in which it was stated Captain Francisco Deporta, who fought a duel last summer with the Spanish editor, E. L. Cronistoe, had been killed in another duel with some party at Niagara Falls, is a canard.

Captain Oliver is well in this city.

In Williamsburg the Mormons are about entering into negotiation for the purchase of a genuine church edifice in the center of the district.

Letters just received here from Mr. Seward, who is yet at Havana, state that the ex-Secretary proposes, as soon as the situation in Hayti will permit, to visit that country, with a view after a short sojourn there to proceed to St. Domingo, where he intends to remain until April, and thus avoid the severe March weather at his home in New York State. It is believed that Mr. Seward's presence in the Dominican Republic will assist materially in settling the somewhat unsatisfactory condition of affairs that appears to prevail in the Republic, and which appears the result of the attempt to carry into effect his policy concerning the cession of that country to the United States. His health is much improved.

Catacazy, the Russian Minister, and Boris Donzas, Secretary of the Russian Legation, are in this city, and it is said the Russian Government has made a demand, through Catacazy, for the interest on the Alaska purchase money, from the date of the stipulation of payment by treaty to the actual date of payment.

General Negrete is in Herras preparing to sweep down on the national capital, and has registered an oath to shoot Juarez, Romero and Mejia on sight. Two battles have been fought in the neighborhood of San Luis. The result of the first was doubtful; in the second, the Government troops were badly beaten. General Escobedo now commands the national army, and General Agrine is generalissimo of the revolutionists. The Mexican Congress, before adjourning, invested Juarez with ample powers, thus making him eventually leader.

A Vera Cruz correspondence gives a summary of events in Mexico till the beginning of February. The insurrection against Juarez is making rapid progress. The strength of the revolution is in the very heart of the Republic. The Liberals, Conservatives and Imperialists are united, and make a common cause against Juarez. The insurgents have complete possession of the State of San Luis Potosi. The unpopularity of Juarez has been augmented by his extravagant outlay in entertaining Mr. Seward, and by the suspicion that there were some real estate transactions involved in their meeting. It is believed in Vera Cruz that Juarez will not be able to retain power longer than four months.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February, 14.—Cotton heavy and declining. Sales 1700 bales; uplands 20½c. Flour, $4 75@4 85. Whisky heavy; 97½c. Wheat active; No. 2 spring, $1 20. Corn, mixed 85@86c. Rice dull at 6½@7½c. Coffee firm. Sugar steady; Cuba, 9@10½c. Molasses dull; New orleans, 68@76c.

Dry Goods.—The market is fairly active, and prices of all grades of cotton goods are very strong. Hope 4-4 bleached advanced to 16c; other grades unchanged. The Cotton Exchange was opened to-day at the corner of Beaver and Pearl streets, under the auspices of the Board of Cotton Brokers. The suspension of Thos. N. Dale & Co., manufacturers of tailor's trimmings, etc., is announced. Halstead and Steele, whose suspension has already been announced, are said to have offered a compromise of 75 per cent, which is said to meet the general approval of their creditors.

Money—Notwithstanding the somewhat unfavorable features of the Bank Statement, the week opens with a very easy feeling in the Money Market. The rates were 4@6 per cent. on call; discounts, 6@8 per cent.; sterling steady at 9½@9¾. Gold was weak in the forenoon under a strong "bear" movement, but became stronger in the afternoon upon a report from Washington that the House had refused, by a vote of 93 to 73, to table the bill providing for the issue of $50,000,000 additional legal tenders. The price opened at 18¾, touched 19@19⅛, closing at 18⅞@19⅛. The carrying rates were 4@6 per cent. Clearances $20,000,000. Governments are heavy and rather lower under the reduced quotations for gold, and the return of bonds from Europe at the late comparative quotations in the market and Frankfort has been a good market for the importation of bonds, and some considerable amounts have been bought abroad on New York account. State securities are strong, except new Tennessee, which are lower. Old Tennessees, 57; new, 56½.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, February 14.—Flour higher; superfine, $4 25@4 50. Wheat, No. 2 spring, 90c. Corn, mixed, 60@61c. Oats, 41@43c. Barley, $1 15. Rye, 70@72c. Whisky, 96c. Sugar, 10@10½c. Molasses, 70c@$1. Pork, $27 25@27 50. Bulk shoulders, 12½c; sides, 13@13½c. Bacon shoulders held at 12½c; sides, 15¾@16c; hams, 18@18½c. Lard 14¾@15c. Eggs, 17@18c. Sugar-cured hams, 18@19c. Molasses, 68@70c.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, February 14.—Tobacco—sales 93 hhds lugs at 6@8; leaf, $8 16@18. Cotton dull; middlings, 20½c. Flour, $5 25 for family extra. Grain nominal. Mess Pork, $28. Provisions firm. Pork, $27 25. Bacon shoulders, 12½c; sides, 15@15½c. Bulk meats—shoulders, 11½c; sides, 13@13½c. Lard, 15½c. Hams sugar-cured, 18@19c. Whisky, 93c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 14—Flour—Steady and unchanged. Wheat, 92@92½c for spring. Corn, 72c cash; 72½c for May. Oats, 40@40½c. Rye, 72@73c. Barley, 95@97c. High Wines, 90@92c. Pork, $28 25@28 50; lard, 14½c; bulk shoulders, 12c; rough sides, 12½c; hams, 14½@15c. Whisky, 93c. Lard, 15½c. Hams sugar-cured, 18@19c. Whisky, 93c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 14—Cotton active and firm at 20¼@20½c; sales, 2750 bales; receipts, [illegible]; exports to Crossfield, 1858 bales. Flour, low grades, firm; superfine, $3 45; XX $4 85; XXX, $5. Corn firm at 71½c; cars lower. Oats, 40@40½c. Rye, 70@71c. Barley, $1 10@1 20; hay lower, choice $28. Pork firmer; $28 50@28 62½. Lard easier; shoulders, 12½c; sides, 12½@13c; lard quiet; leaves, 15½@15¾c. Whisky, 93c. Sugar dull and lower; prime, 10½@10¾. Molasses quiet; prime, 70@75. Whisky quiet at 90@91½c. Coffee firm; fair, 19¾@19¾c; prime, 19¾@20c; gold 135½. Sterling, 30. New York sight, ½ discount.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, February 14.—Consols for money 92¾@92¾; 5-20s, 80¾@87¾; 10-40s, 83.

FRANKFORT, February 14.—U. S. Bonds firm at 92½.

PARIS, February [illegible].—The Bourse is firm; rentes 71 30c.

HAVRE, February 14.—Cotton firm; spot, 130c; radical, 126c.

LIVERPOOL, February 14.—Cotton quiet. Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 1 3-32d. Sales, 9,000 bales. Breadstuffs, firm. California wheat, 9s 4d@9s 5d; western No 2, 9s 3d@9s 4d; red winter, 8s 6d@8s 9d. Western flour, 28s 6d. Oats, 2s 8d. Barley, 5s. Peas, 39s.

MARRIED.

SABATZKY—WHITE—In Grace Church, on Monday, February 14th, by Rev. James Carmichael, Prof. H. SABATZKY and Miss ELLA WHITE, both of this city.

DIED.

OAKLEY—In this city, on 14th February, at 3 o'clock a.m., JOHN D., son of C. P. and Hattie Oakley.

Funeral will take place at 10 o'clock this (TUESDAY) morning, 15th inst., from the residence of J. M. Pamplin, corner Shelby and Georgia streets. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Indianapolis (Ind.) papers please copy.

LAKE—At the residence of her husband, Daniel Lake, on Jackson street, near the river, Fort Pickering, in the 47th year of her age, MARY ADALINA LAKE.

The friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (TUESDAY) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Services by Rev. Dr. Steadman

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

Capital, - One Million Dollars.

ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1870:

Cash on hand or in course of transmission	$ 185,559 24
Premiums due or in hands of Agents	122,404 37
Bills Receivable for Inland and other Premiums	75,581 96
Call Loans, exclusively on United States Collaterals	200,000 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	378,234 00
United States Stocks	710,8[illegible] 97
State, County and City Bonds	105,376 00
Salvages, Interest Accrued, etc	83,677 09
Other Property, miscellaneous items	147,051 28
Total assets	$2,017,869 81

LIABILITIES, $119,651 42.

19TH DIVIDEND, JANUARY 17, 1870.

A Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. and the Government Tax (1) has been declared, payable on demand.

The SECURITY (Fire and Inland) INSURANCE COMPANY, with the above record, offers its Policies as favorable terms as those of any other company equally reliable. Its agencies exist in all of the principal cities, towns or villages in the United States.

A. F. HASTINGS, President.
W. B. BUCKHOUT, Vice-Pres't.
NATHAN HARPER, Secretary.
W. H. CUNNINGHAM, Superintendent Western Branch, Chicago.
WALKER & KUTCHIN, Agts.
Gen'l Agents Inland Department, Buffalo.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, January 1, 1870.

I, G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Security Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on insurance companies, and I further certify that R. V. Vredenburgh, Agent of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases.

Wherefore, said Security Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tennessee. G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of Tennessee.

R. V. VREDENBURGH, AGENT,
feb15 No. 22 Madison Street.

NOTICE.

District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee.—In the matter of G. W. Trotter, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named Bankrupt: Take notice, that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt will be held at the office of T. J. Latham, Esq., Register in the city of Memphis, in said District, on the 15th day of February, 1870, at 10 o'clock a.m.

ja22 WM. MCGEE, Assignee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL communication of Lodge Scott Lodge No. 299, will be held This (TUESDAY) Evening, February 15, at 7 o'clock, for work in the F. C. Degree. All F. C.'s are fraternally invited.

By order of R. W. MITCHELL, W. M.
S. STURM, Secretary. feb15

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

OFFICE FREIGHT AGENT M. & C. R. R., February 15, 1870.

NO FREIGHT RECEIVED THIS DAY.

feb15 A. J. LOWE, Agent.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS.

YOU are hereby ordered to attend a special conclave of Cyrene Commandery No. 4 Knights Templar, This (TUESDAY) Evening, February 15th, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the orders.

Visiting Sir Knights courteously invited.

By command of GEO. MELLEDGE, E. C.
T. J. BARCHUS, Recorder. febl5

Billiard Tables Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a Trust Deed executed to Joseph Longonotti, by me as trustee, dated 10th June, A.D., 1869, recorded in Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, Book 1 of Chattel Mortgages, pages 59 to 63, on

Friday, 25th Day of February, A.D., 1870,

At the CRYSTAL PALACE SALOON, Memphis, I will sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property named in said Trust Deed, under authority herein named, viz:

Six new medium size Billiard Tables of make J. M. Brunswick & Bros., Nos. 4159 (second), 4112, 4108, 4116, 4183 and 4114 (being four pocket tables), together with balls, cues, counters, rests and covers, now at said saloon.

C. A. CHOATE, Trustee.

February 14, 1870. febl5

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

OFFICE OF FREIGHT AGENT, M. & T. R. R., Memphis, Tenn., February 15, 1870.

Freights for Local Stations only, on Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, will be received THIS DAY, and until further notice.

febl5 J. M. PAMPLIN, Agent.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

DISEASES OF THE SCALP

Produce GRAY HAIR AND BALDNESS! The use of

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Will restore it to its natural color and promote its growth.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

Treadwell Brothers,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

No. 15 Union Street,

LEE BLOCK, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

Have on hand and to arrive:

250 hhds. Louisiana Sugar,
500 packages Molasses,
500 bags Coffee,
500 barrels Salt,
500 barrels Flour--all grades,
250 barrels Whisky--all grades,

And numerous articles not mentioned. ja15

CARPETS!

Carpets, Carpets

BOUGHT AT

THE LATE DECLINE

—AND—

WILL BE SOLD LOWER

—THAN EVER—

Offered in the South

FOR CASH

BY E. FEGAN

No. 260 Second St.

—ALSO—

OIL CLOTHS,

Straw Mattings, Shades, Etc

febl1

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between J. A. L. Jungle and Wm. J. Harmon, under the style of Jungle & Harmon, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the same place, No. 351 Second street, by J. A. L. Jungle, who assumes all liabilities, and will collect all the assets of the firm. J. A. L. JUNGLE,
WM. J. HARMON.

February 12, 1870. febl1

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

301 MAIN STREET, WEBSTER BLOCK,

Memphis, Tennessee.

We are now receiving our fall stock, the largest we have ever offered to the trade. MERCHANTS will find it to their interest to examine before buying. ang11

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having associated with them Mr. M. L. SELDEN, the firm will hereafter be MAGEVNEY, ROGAN & CO. The business of the old firm will be settled at the office of Magevney, Rogan & Co.

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN.

M. MAGEVNEY. M. L. SELDEN. J. W. ROGAN.

MAGEVNEY, ROGAN & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

320 Front st, Memphis, Tennessee.

febl2

ARROW TIE.

E. C. McCOMB,

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Messrs. BARTLETT & RAYNE,
General Agents, New Orleans.
Messrs. ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
General Agents, Memphis.

febl2

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND ST. LOUIS TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, No. 290 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN., Feb. 5, 1870.

An election for FIVE DIRECTORS, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 7th of MARCH, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 3 o'clock p.m.

Stockholders may vote in person or by proxy.

A. L. CUMMINS,
febl6 Secretary and Treasurer

DRY GOODS.

Bleached Muslins

Menken Bros.

Offer a Complete Line of

LONSDALE,
ANDROSCOGGIN,
NEW YORK MILLS,
WAMSUATTA,
10-4 PEPPERELL, HOPE.
10-4 UTICA,
10-4 MONADNOCK,

Silks! Silks! Silks!

At 75 cents per yard.

Black Gross Grain Silk

At $1 62 1-2 per yard.

HANDSOME LINE OF

NEW SPRAGUE PRINTS

Special Bargains Offered to Country Merchants.

Menken Brothers

Cor. Court and Main Sts.,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

febl2

DISPENSARY.

DR. D. S. JOHNSON'S

MEDICAL DISPENSARY

210 MA