FINANCE AND TRADE.

FINANCE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, February 28, 1870.

The money market continues easy and quiet, with exchange in light supply at most of the banks, owing to continued inactivity in cotton. Eastern bills can be placed at any of the banks at ¾ per cent. discount, and it is understood that essier rates can be made. Borrowers of the approved stamp can get money on collateral or mercantile paper at 10 to 12 per cent. per annum.

Gold continues to decline, and touched 115 in New York to-day, closing at 115¼. There is no demand here, and but little offered. Dealers were indifferent at buying at 114, and would be difficult to place a large amount except at a much wider margin on New York rates.

City and County Scrip remain dull, and are nominal at the extremes of 75@80c covering buying and selling rates.

Bank of Tennessee money is likewise dull, dealers asking 79@80c, and reporting no sales of importance.

There is no apparent movement in Stocks and Bonds. Memphis sixes, ex-coupon, are nominally 46@47. Our advices from New York give only the opening rates of Government securities, which are as follows:

Bonds of 1881	116¼@—
5-20 Bonds of 1862	114¾@—
5-20 " 1864	113¾@—
5-20 " 1865	112¾@—
5-20 " 1865, new	112¾@—
5-20 " 1867, "	112¾@—
5-20 " 1868, "	113¾@—
10-40 Bonds	112¾@—
Pacific Sixes	111 @—

Governments irregular. Sterling exchange steady at 108¼ for sixty days' bills. Gold carrying at 4 per cent.

New York Central	96¾
New York Central Scrip	92¾
Erie	23
Reading	98
Michigan Southern	87
Cleveland and Pittsburg	—
Chicago and Northwestern	70¾
Chicago and Northwestern preferred	87½
Rock Island	120½
Pacific Mail	39¾
St. Paul	63
St. Paul preferred	76¾

A recent Washington telegram says: "The House Banking Committee to-day took up the Loughridge instructions, yesterday adopted by the House. They were found to be susceptible of two widely different interpretations. Some persons held that they might obey the order by reporting the Senate Currency bill with the addition of five millions. Others held that the House intended to provide for the issue of fifty millions in addition to what is given by the Senate bill. The committee finally decided to adopt the last-named view, and as soon as it can be drawn up will announce their readiness to report a new bill for $50,000,000 addition to our circulation. A favorable vote on this bill, of course, will be a vote for so much inflation. Its passage by the House is doubtful, and its defeat in the Senate is as certain as anything in the future can be."

The history, from official sources, of the Tennessee bonds is: The State of Tennessee created her large bonded debt mainly by the loan of her credit, in bonds which she issued in aid of railroads—to procure iron rails, and sundry equipments, and for putting down the rails—to the extent of $10,000 per mile, and $180,000 for bridges across certain rivers and streams, such bonds having not more than forty nor less than thirty years to mature. (Tennessee Code, Sections 1091, 1,992.) The law of the State (Code, Sections 1097, 1098) constitutes the bonds issued to each particular road "a lien on the whole road, superstructure, equipments and stock, and upon all the property owned by the company as incident to or necessary for its business;" vesting thus in the holders of such bonds rights of which they may not be divested. An act of February 25, 1869, allowing any railroad company to cancel its indebtedness to the State, in whole or in part before the maturity of the bonds loaned, recognized the rights vested by the particular lien in each series of bonds, in a provision, that the bonds returned or paid to the State by any company should be the same bonds or the same series of bonds issued to such company. But an act passed January 20, 1870, amending that of February, 1869, ignores the specific lien of the bonds of each particular series upon the road in aid of which issued, and would permit any railroad company to pay its indebtedness in any of the six per cent. bonds of the State outstanding, whether the same bonds or same series of bonds were issued to such company or not; and at any time, until the maturity of the bonds in 1887 or 1896, as the case may be, and to pay its interest meanwhile in past due coupons instead of money, which was required by former acts, making litigation certain, whenever any one of the few railroad companies which have the ability, shall attempt to cancel its debt and obtain the release of its road, by the return to the State of miscellaneous bonds, leaving the bonds issued to itself outstanding, their lien practically repudiated, the vested rights of their holders not accounted of, and with no other protection for their claim than a bankrupt State treasury; and roads which have neither the will nor the ability to pay (which are the many) left still to burden the State—securing comparatively nothing for the bonded debt for which they are liable—a "law" asserted by the highest legal authority to be "unconstitutional, as divesting of legal rights, and certain to be followed by suits at law."

The following is an official exhibit of the present and prospective condition of the finances of the State:

Page 28 — Comptroller's report	$37,590,627 08
Tennessee bank notes	3,716,673 45
Issued to Tennessee and Pacific Railroad	600,000 00
Due schools	750,000 00
Interest due July 1, 1869	1,100,000 00
Interest due January 1, 1870	1,100,000 00
Due penitentiary	150,000 00
Miscellaneous	50,000 00
Outstanding warrants	200,000 00
	$45,236,700 43
Bonds contracted to be issued	7,000,000 00
Total	$53,236,700 43
Tax last year	1,428,949 19
Tax as agreed this year	451,400 00

The New York *World*, treating of the reduction in gold, says: "The most important cause of the reduction is one with which the Government has had nothing to do, as it has no control over the weather and the seasons. The decline in gold has resulted from several causes, of which the most important is the abundance of the cotton crop. Our chief use for gold is in the payment of foreign commodities, and cotton being as good for this purpose as gold itself, an abundant cotton crop dispenses with an equivalent value in gold for the purpose of foreign commerce. According to the most recent estimates, the cotton crop the last year does not fall short of three million bales; and, as the price is double, this crop is equal in value to six million bales before the war. We have accordingly, at present, little use for gold except for the payment of duties at the custom-house. The supply is in excess of the demand, and, as a necessary consequence, the price falls. It would be absurd to attribute this result to the policy of the Government. The abundance of the cotton crop has operated in another manner. It has carried into the South large sums of money of which only a part has been returned. Three million bales of cotton, at present prices, are worth about $250,000,000. The planters reserve out of their proceeds the money they will need for tillage, wages, and family expenses until the next crop is brought to market; and the deficiency of banks in that section causes much of this money to be locked up in private safes and desks, thus withdrawing it from circulation and practically diminishing the volume of the currency. The effect is, so far as it goes, to lessen the disparity between the value of gold and the value of greenbacks.

The following is an abstract of the condition of the National Banks of the United States, as shown by their reports to the Comptroller of the Currency on the 22d day of January, 1870:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$685,790,623 68
Overdrafts	2,991,806 67
United States bonds to secure circulation	338,972,750 00
United States bonds to secure deposits	17,522,000 00
United States bonds and securities on hand	24,619,100 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	21,819,422 57
Due from redeeming agents	71,647,226 98
Due from national banks	41,061,802 75
Due from other banks and bankers	9,189,305 28
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	25,977,394 87
Current expenses	8,436,113 99
Premiums	2,384,548 14
Checks and other cash items	11,619,157 71
Bills of national banks	15,866,481 00
Bills of other banks	91,212 00
Fractional currency	2,468,414 40
Specie	48,392,861 76
Legal tender notes	85,969,287 00
Clearing-house certificates	17,956,000 00
Three per cent. certificates	27,465,000 00
Total	$1,544,788,748 65

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$426,974,954 00
Surplus fund	90,154,717 34
Undivided profits	41,267,198 06
National bank notes outstanding	352,837,850 00
State bank notes outstanding	2,351,923 00
Individual deposits	548,213,965 95
United States deposits	6,771,159 07
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	2,344,573 22
Due to national banks	106,356,136 73
Due to other banks and bankers	28,844,075 47
Notes and bills re-discounted	2,847,542 20
Bills payable	1,516,753 49
Total	$1,544,788,748 65

NOTE.—One bank each in Oregon, Montana, Utah, and Idaho did not report in time for this abstract.

COTTON.

The market, which has been heavy and unsatisfactory during the week, was even more depressed to-day, under a further decline in gold, and closed very dull with prices nominal. Sales were 883 bales, making 5454 bales for the week, against 6965 bales last week. Holders asked 22½@23c for Middling, but the inside price was the highest realized. Low Middling was 22@22½c. The bulk of the day's business was in inferior and low mixed and Ordinary at 15@18c. In addition to the depression caused by gold, the receipts at New Orleans for the past forty-eight hours showed considerable of an increase over same time last week. Most of the cotton offered is low and stained, and it realizes only low and irregular prices. The New York market closed dull, with Uplands nominally 23½c. The Liverpool market closed quiet with Uplands 11½d.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, February 28, 1870.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1869	94
Received to-day	2,[illegible]
Received previously	213,006—216,498
Shipped to-day	1,838—216,492
Shipped previously	191,112—192,945
Stock on hand at noon to-day	23,547

IMPORTS.

Memphis and Charleston R. R.	142
Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.	422
Memphis, and Ohio R. R.	188
Memphis and Little Rock R. R.	—
Steamers	1509
Wagons, est.	75

EXPORTS.

Memphis and Charleston R. R.	14
Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.	—
Memphis and Ohio R. R.	419
Steamers North	1400
Steamers South	—

COTTON IN LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, February 28—11 a.m.—Cotton quiet. Sales, 10,000 bales. Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11¾@11¾d.

1 p.m.—Cotton unchanged; Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. Shipments from Bombay since last report to the 26th, 4000 bales.

5 p.m.—Cotton steady; Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. Sales 10,000 bales. Export and speculation, 2000.

COTTON IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 28—11.50 a.m. Cotton demand fair and prices firm at 22¾c. Sales, 700 bales.

2 p.m.—Cotton irregular at 22¾c. Sales 5500 bales. Receipts, 14,280. Exports, 3820.

COTTON IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 28—10:25 a.m.—Cotton quiet but steady; Ordinary, 20c; Good Ordinary, 21¾c; Low Middlings, 22¾c; Uplands, 23¼c; Good Uplands, 24¾c; Mobile, 23½c; Orleans, 23¾c.

12:15 a.m.—Cotton firm; Ordinary, 20c; Good Ordinary, 21¾c; Low Middlings, 22¾c; Uplands, 23¾c; Good Uplands, 24¾c; Mobile 23½c; Orleans, 23¾c.

2:30 p.m.—Cotton dull and unchanged; Uplands, 23¾c. Sales on spot, 1200. Contracts—Sales of March at 22¾c, 300 do at 22¾c, 300 do at 22½c, 700 do April at 22½c, 500 do May at 22¾c, 400 do at 22¾, 200 do June at 22¾c, 400 do at 22¾c, and 200 do at 22 11-16c.

4 p.m.—Cotton dull and unchanged; Uplands, 23¾c. Sales for export, 800; spinning, 740; in transit, 106; contracts, 3300, for June at 22¾c and July 22½c.

TRADE.

Trade in our general markets labors under the decline in gold and the shaky condition of the cotton market, and is dull in nearly every department, with orders limited to the requirements of the hour. It is a prevailing idea that prices have not yet touched bottom, and until the people are satisfied upon this point, trade will continue light. Boots and shoes and dry goods are quiet at about last weeks prices. The usual spring demand for these articles has not yet opened, but several buyers for the latter have entered the market during the week and bought with some spirit.

The following are the resolutions passed by the National Convention of Tobacconists recently assembled in New York:

Resolved, That while we approve of the present stamp law, and of every safeguard calculated to prevent and detect fraud, yet, in our opinion, the necessity for monthly returns and annual inventories has ceased, and therefore they should be abolished, since they subject the trade to an humiliating and detestable espionage.

Resolved, That we urge upon Congress to restore the duty on imported cigars to $3 per pound and 50 per cent. *ad valorem*, which is absolutely essential to protect our home industry against the cheap labor of foreign lands.

Resolved, That we urge upon Congress the repayment of the taxes unjustly collected upon all goods which can conclusively show that they have once paid the tax.

Resolved, That we petition for a uniform tax of sixteen cents per pound on tobacco; for the establishment of bonded warehouses wherever the necessities of the trade may require them; to be allowed two removals of goods in bond instead of one, as now; and against the proposed compulsory payment of all taxes at the factory.

RAGGING—There is no change to note. The demand is light. India, 24½@25c; Heavy Kentucky, 25@26c.

BEANS—Good Mixed, $2 75@$3 25; BUTTER—Good Western, 28 to 30c; common, 25 to 27c; no extra choice in market.

BROOMS AND BROOMCORN—Brooms are firm at $36@$40 per dozen. Broomcorn $120@130 per ton, as to cure and condition.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Louisville Cement $3@3 25; Rosendale $4 50@4 75. Plaster $4 50@5. Hair, in 40 lb bales, $2 75@3. Fire brick $60@7. Building Brick $8 per M. Ohio River Lime $1 50@1 75 per bbl. Alabama $1 75@$2 00. Cape $3.

CORNMEAL—Fresh on levee $4 25@ 4 50, as to quality. From store about 25c higher, in a small way.

COTTON—The market is dull and stock good. Rio, 18@20c, as to quality. Java, 30@32c.

COTTON YARNS—No. 400, 22c; 500, 20c; 600, 18c; 700, 16c.

CHEESE—Factory 16c, W R. 18c, E. D. 19c. Market steady.

COTTON SEED AND MOTES—Cotton Seed on levee $12 00, and $12 50 delivered at mills, buyer furnishing sacks; Motes 1 to 4c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Condensed milk, $14@16 50 per case. Cove oysters, 1 lb, $1 70 per doz.; 2 lbs, $2 75. Peaches, $2 50@2 75. Pears, $3 50. Tomatoes, $1 65@1 75. Cherries, $3@3 25. Pineapples, $4. Strawberries, $3 25. Brandy Peaches, $4 50@5. Damson Plums, $3 75@$4. Pickles, half gal. per doz., $5 50; quarts, $3 50; pints, $2 50. Tomato Catsup, $1 25@2 25. Peppersauce, $1 25.

EGGS—Market better supplied and easier; 20c per dozen.

FLOUR—All grades are firm, but the demand is light and runs on low and medium, of which the stock is larger. Fine, $4 75@5 00; Super, $5@5 50; X $5 75; XX $6@6 25; XXX to Fancy $6 50@8.

FRUIT—An extra choice apple retails at $5 to $6, and good lots are selling at $4@4 50. All kinds are rather scarce. Dried Apples, 9@10c; Dried Peaches, 20@25c and dull; Peeled do. 11@14c; Currants 15c; Prunes 18c. Cranberries $9 per bbl.

FISH—Mackerel No 1, bbls $24@25; ½ bbls $13 50@$13 00; No. 2, in bbls $17 50; ½ do $8 75; No. 1, kits $2 00@$3; No. 2 do $2 15@$2 25; No. 3, $1 90@$2. White fish, ½ bbls, $9 50. Sardines $18@19 50 per case for quarters; $32@33 for halves. Fresh Lake Fish 10c per lb.

FEED—The market is well supplied with corn and oats, but other kinds are scarce. Corn is firm at 90@92c on the levee. Oats 65@65c. Bran is in demand at $25, and might sell higher. Hay is firm at $27 50@28 per ton. Cooked Cottonseed Meal, $27@$25 per ton at mills.

GAME AND POULTRY — Chickens are scarce at $500@6 00. Geese $5 00 to $9 00. Turkeys range from $18 00 to $22 00. Ducks $5 00@$6 00. Dressed Turkeys 20@22c per lb. Venison 7@9c. Wild Turkeys $12@15 per doz. Wild Ducks $3@4. Bear meat dull at 15@18c. Quails $2 @2 25. Squirrels $1 50@1 75. Rabbit. $1 50@2.

GUNNIES—Good No. 1 seconds 17@18c, and firm.

HIDES—Market quiet and firm Dry Flint 18c; Dry Salt 14c; Green do. 8@8½c. Green 6¾@7c. Tallow 9c. Beeswax 30 @33c.

LEATHER—Hemlock Sole 33@35c; Oak Sole 42@46c; Saddle 40@43c; Bridles $48@ 69 per dozen; Uppers 40@50c; Calfskins, French $45@70; American do. $30@50.

LIVE STOCK—Mules $125 to $175. Horses $75 to $150. There is but a medium supply of Beef Cattle in market. Choice, 6½ to 7c; No. 2, 5 to 6c; inferior, 3 to 4c gross. Hogs, 7c to 8c, gross. Sheep, 5c to 7c gross. Milk Cows $30@60 per head. Work Oxen, $70@100 per yoke.

MOLASSES—The demand is active and prices firm. Prime 75@80c; choice 83@ 85c.

NAVAL STORES—Tar, in kags, $5 25 to 5 75 for Pine; in 40 gallon bbls, $8 to 10; Pitch $6 per bbl; Oakum $5 to $6 per bale.

NAILS—Fair demand at $4 75@$4 85.

OILS—Coal, 35@37c; Linseed raw, $1 10; do. boiled, $1 15@1 20; Lard, $1 55@1 60; Lubricating Coal Oil, 50@55c; Train Oil, $1 25@1 30.

POWDER—Rifle per keg $6 50; blasting, $4 50.

PRODUCE—There is no change to note. Potatoes are in good supply. Peach Blows $1 75@2 00. Pink Eyes $2 50@ 3 00. London Ladies nominal. Early Goodrich $4, in small lots. Russetts $1 90@$2 00. Onions $5@$6 per barrel.

PROVISIONS—The demand is active in a jobbing way, and stocks are light. Mess pork, $29@29 50. Bacon clearsides 17½@ 17½c; sugar cured hams, 18 @ 20c. Clear Rib Sides 15¾ to 16c. Clear Rib 15¼c. Shoulders 11¼ to 12c. Lard, 16@16½c for tierce, and 17½@ 18c for kegs. Dressed Pork (fresh) 10c. City packed Corn Beef $15@$16 per barrel.

SALT—Good supply: 280lb. bbls. $2 45 in lots.

SUGARS—All grades are firm, and demand fair. Common Louisiana, 9¾@10c; Fair, 10@10¼c; Good do 10½@11c; Fully Fair, 11⅛@ 11½c; Prime, 12⅛@12½; Choice, 13@13¼c. Yellow Clarified, 13⅛@14c White Clarified, 14¾@15½c.

SPIRITS—Demand fair, and prices firm; highwines, 97@98c; proof spirits, $1 15 @$1 25; rectified whisky 75c@$1.

STARCH—5¾@6c per lb.

SOAP—Mottled 9¾@10¼c; yellow 7¾@ 8½c; common 2@7c. Candles 15@20c.

TOBACCO—Prime natural leaf, 87@1 10; fine navy, 90@95c; fine bright pounds, 80@90c; medium bright pounds, 70@80c; common bright pounds, 60@70c; medium bright half pounds, sound, 62@70c; smoking, fine and fancy, 60@80c; medium and common 35@55.

VINEGAR—Common and pickling, 16c @22c.

HARDWARE.

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Situated in the very center and business portion of the city. Equally calculated for courtrooms, societies, or any business whatever; also, a few PLEASANT BEDROOMS, at reasonable rates. Apply to

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HARMON & MORTON,

General Agents, 322½ Main st., Between Monroe and Calon. feb9

We have provided ourselves with a full stock of Plantation Supplies which, to the trade, we are offering at great inducements. Among which may be found the following:

900 dozen Planter's Hoes,
110 dozen Blind Bridles,
280 dozen Hames,
230 dozen Hogskin Collars,
1,200 coils Cotton and Grass Plow Line,
5,000 pairs Tracechains
75 dozen Single and Double Trees,
125 dozen Back Bands,
140,000 pounds Hollowware Castings,
600 dozen Axes.

Sole Agents in Memphis for the Brinley Separate Share & Urie Steel Plows, Owners of the Mitchels Patent; also, the Teagues Patent Cotton Scrapers, A full Stock of Hardware and Agricultural Implements in store.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

Occupational Ailments.—Fresh, pure air is a vitalizing elixir. Whoever is debarred by circumstances from unrestricted access to this invisible, but powerful stimulant, needs a medicinal invigorant of some kind. The great object should be to choose the best. Popularity is a pretty good guarantee of merit in this scrutinizing and intelligent age, and tried by this criterion, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, stands first among the invigorating and regulating medicines of the present day. To the wants of persons engaged in indoor employments, especially in crowded factories where even with the best possible ventilation the atmosphere is always in some degree polluted, this salubrious vegetable tonic is peculiarly adapted. The nature of the ingredients is no mystery. It consists of an absolutely pure diffusive stimulant, tinctured—or rather surcharged—with the fluid extracts of sanatous roots and barks and herbs. The pharmacopœia has no affinities, but what are they? The juice of only a single root or bark or plant is present in each. Not one of them contains the three properties of a tonic, an alterative, and an aperient. All these elements are blended in the bitters; nor are these the sum of its medicinal virtues. All these elements are blended in the bitters; nor are these the sum of its medicinal virtues. It is also a blood depurent and an antispasmodic.

The baleful effect which air that has been partially exhausted of its oxygen by frequent breathing produces on the vital organization, is notorious, and to counteract the deviations from health superadded the respirable vapor of hot air furnaces, it becomes deleterious and depressing in the extreme. To enable the system to keep up, even for a few hours each day against the debilitating influence of a vitiated atmosphere, a wholesome tonic and alterative is imperatively required. This grand desideratum is supplied in Hostetter's Bitters, which as a strengthening, invigorating, health-protecting agent has no rival, either among official or advertised medicines.

THIRTY DEADLY POISONS,

According to one "Journal of Chemistry," are sold in this market to change the color of the hair. The "Medical Gazette" says that they are worthless as dyes, and that their sale is a CRIME. The proprietors dare not submit them to chemical analysis.

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye,

On the contrary, has been analyzed by Prof. Chilton, the great analytical chemist, and pronounced absolutely harmless, as well as efficient. See his written certificate, at Cristadoro's, Astor House, New York.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative, as a Dressing, acts like a charm on the Hair after Dyeing. Try it.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.

Step by step this commodity has attained its unprecedented fame. They are universally approved. They support, strengthen and aid the growth of muscles. They appear to have a peculiar virtue in giving back lifeby irritability, while supplying warmth. They seem to accumulate electricity, and aid the circulation of the fluids through the part where applied, by which healthy actions are induced.

Even in paralysis, where articulation was suspended, the use of the Porous Plasters to the spine restored the articulation, and materially reduced the paralysis. In fact, the patient could help herself, while before the Porous Plaster was applied she was as helpless as a baby. We refer to Mrs. Sally Elliott, Springfield, Mass.

Sold by druggists. Agency, Brandreth House, New York.

What Every Horseman Wants:—A good, cheap and reliable Liniment. Such an article is Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. Flat bottles at one dollar. For Rheumatism, Cuts, Galls, Colic, Sprains, etc., warranted better than any other. It is used by all the great horsemen on Long Island course. It will not cure Ringbone nor Spavin, as there is no Liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does.

No owner of horses will be without it after trying one bottle. One dose revives and often saves the life of a valuable animal. Sold by Druggists. For Colic and Belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to take the lead in the branch of the day.

Use it one and all. Sold by the druggists and sporting gentlemen throughout the United States. Depot, 16 Park Place, N. Y.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous. Does not contain lead, nor any VITALIC poison to produce paralysis or death. Avoid the vamped and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye has had 20 years untarnished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only Perfect Hair Dye—Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists. Applied at 16 Bond street, N. Y.

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Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!

WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!

OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

Phalon's Vitalia

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

MADAME ROSS,

THE GREAT

EUROPEAN ASTROLOGIST,

HAS ARRIVED IN THIS CITY, and can be consulted for A SHORT TIME ONLY, at her consultation rooms at WHITEMORE HOUSE. $5,000 to any one who can equal her in her profession, in telling the past, present and future in causing speedy marriages; bringing the separated together, and showing the likeness of absent friends, husband or wife. She is the

WONDER OF THE AGE.

She can tell your very thoughts the moment you enter her studio.

Ladies invited. Satisfaction guaranteed, or NO PAY.

Consultation Fee—Ladies $1; Gents $1 50.

Remember, WHITEMORE HOUSE, No. 193 Adams street, Memphis. feb6

LEGAL NOTICES.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 839, N. R.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.—Benjamin F. Ball vs. Goggin, Trader & Holt et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendents, R. W. L. Holt, James M. Goggin and Euclid Borland are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in March, 1870, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A Copy—Attest.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, Deputy Clerk and Master.

Estes & Jackson, Sols. for Complainant. ja30

Legal Notice.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the estate of S. C. Mount, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate will present them within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to the estate are required to make payment immediately.

JOHN JOHNSON,

W. S. BURCE, Executors.

feb20

NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as the Executor of the will of F. W. Garkey, deceased, creditors are hereby notified to file with me their accounts, claims, or demands, of any nature whatever against his estate. Those owing the estate will come forward and settle, to save expenses. JOS. SPEGHT.

feb19

CHANCERY SALE

Caroline Bradshaw, Adm'x, vs. Heirs and creditors of Hugh Bradshaw, deceased. | Chancery Court at Columbia, Tenn., Sept'r Term, 1869.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court in the cause of October 15th, 1869, I will sell to the highest bidder, on

MONDAY, MARCH 7th, 1870,

Within legal hours, at the auctionhouse of Royster, Trezevant & Co., northeast corner of Main and Jefferson streets, in the city of Memphis, the tract of land set apart to the heirs of Hugh Bradshaw, deceased, by decree of the Chancery Court at Memphis, in the case of A. Bradshaw et al. vs. E. H. Mitchell et al., containing FOURTEEN ACRES, more or less, in the south-eastern suburbs of Memphis, near State Female College, subdivided according to a plan which will be exhibited at the time and place of sale.

Terms of sale—500 cash, the balance on six, twelve and eighteen months credit, the purchaser to execute notes with two or more approved securities, and lien retained for the payment of the purchase money.

feb26 J. L. WILLIAMS, Clerk and Master.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed in Trust executed to us by W. A. Alexander, J. M. Alexander, Robert S. Ammon and D. C. Ammon, on the 8th day of May, 1869, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in Book No. 71, page 624, to secure a certain indebtedness therein described to T. R. Billard, R. A. Pinson, John W. Dillard and R. L. Coffin,

On the 28th of March, 1870,

In front of the office of Dickinson, Williams & Co., No. 216 Front street, Memphis, at eleven o'clock a.m. we will sell, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property, viz: A tract of land and all improvements thereon, situated on or near the New Raleigh road, known as the Amnon property, conveyed to us in Deed in Trust, and particularly described therein. Redemption waived.

J. W. DICKINSON.

Feb. 19, 1870. [fe26] W. W. GUY.

Attachment Suit.

State of Tennessee, Shelby county. Before Thomas B. Mynatt, Justice of the Peace in and for said county.

Davis & Baugh vs. P. S. Harrell.

AFFIDAVIT having been made and bond in proper form as required by law, and attachment having been issued and returned before me, levied, etc., on the property of defendants, and defendant not to be found in my county:

It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant appear before me, at my office, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, on the 6th day of February, 1870, at 10 o'clock a.m., and make defense to said suit, or the same will be tried exparte; and that a copy of this notice be published in the Memphis Appeal for four successive weeks.

THOS. B. MYNATT, J. P.

January 5, 1870. ja6

ATTACHMENT.

State of Tennessee, Shelby county, ss.:

G. H. Blood & Co. vs. Ass Hodges. } Before S. A. Moore, J. P., in and for said county.

AFFIDAVIT having been made, and bond given, and attachment having been issued, as required by law in attachment cases, and the same having been duly returned, served by garnalishment, etc., and defendant not found, it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear before me, at my office in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tenn., on the 7th day of March, 1870, at 10 o'clock a.m., and make defense to said suit, or the same will be tried exparte; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal for four consecutive weeks.

S. A. MOORE, J. P.

B. P. ANDERSON, Att'y for Pltf. feb6

Attachment Suit.

State of Tennessee, Shelby county. Before Hume F. Hill, Justice of the Peace in and for said county.—Shilds, Noel & Co. vs. Wm. Katz.

AFFIDAVIT having been made and bond given, and attachment having been issued, as required by law in attachment cases, and the same having been duly returned "levied upon five bales cotton" as the property of the defendant, and defendant not being found:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant appear before me, at my office, in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, on the 1st day of February, 1870, at 10 o'clock a.m., and make defense to said suit, or the same will be tried exparte; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal for four consecutive weeks.

HUME F. HILL,

Justice of the Peace.

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of the City Memphis.—R. S. Taylor and P. C. Taylor, firm of R. S. Taylor & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. P. M. Morgan and W. F. Baker, surviving partners of John McClellan & Co., Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3866 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendants:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant appear at the Municipal Courtroom, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in March next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and the case set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy:

FRANK TAFT, Clerk.

By R. F. ROSWELL, D. C.

Myers & Wyatt, Att'ys for Pltfs. ja25

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by R. M. Mason, August 14, 1866, to secure certain debts therein specified, and registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book 37, part 1, page 620, I will, on

Friday, 25th March, 1870,

In front of the Circuit Courtroom, in the city of Memphis, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock a.m., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, the property described in said Deed of Trust, to-wit: 140 acres of land, situate in Shelby county, Tenn., in the 18th Civil District of said county, about 8 miles east of the city of Memphis, and one mile north of White's Station, on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, being the tract of land upon which R. M. Mason is now living and farming, and composed of several small tracts, as follows, to-wit: One parcel containing 50 acres, known as the Sandrin tract, purchased by the said Mason from Dempsey Sanderlin about 1854; one parcel known as the Wyatt tract, containing about 18 acres, purchased by said Mason of James Sykes in 1856; one parcel known as the Greenwood tract, containing 11 acres, purchased by said Mason of John D. Graham's estate in 1862; one small parcel containing more or less, purchased of Meredith Yates in 1866—all of which purchases are of record in the Register's office, to which reference is made for a more full description; the balance of the 140 acres, adjoining the above, being composed of several small parcels, purchased of various parties, whose deeds age of record and reference made for a fuller description. Also, at same time and place, will be sold 31 Wagons and sixteen Mules.

I will convey