THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

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THE DAILY APPEAL

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THE WEEKLY APPEAL,

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Containing important NEWS, solicited from any part of the Globe. Writer's name and address required on every communication as private guarantees of good faith.

All letters on business should be addressed to A. D. WITHERSPOON, Business Manager; and communications and letters for publication, EDITORS APPEAL.

W. R. HUNT, PRESIDENT.
F. A. TYLER, SECRETARY.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

F. A. TYLER, - - - - EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, : : APRIL 23, 1870

JUDICIAL NOMINATIONS.

First Circuit Court Judge.....C. W. HEINSELL.
Second Circuit Court Judge.....IRVING HALSEY.
Criminal Court Judge.....J. R. FLIPPIN.
First Chancery Court Judge.....R. J. MORGAN.
Second Chancery Court Judge.....E. M. YERGER.
Att'y-Gen'l Criminal Court.....LUKE E. WRIGHT.

TENNESSEE NEWS.

Shelbyville wants a skating rink.

Fayette county pays a tax of twenty cents on every hundred dollars.

Matthew Rhea, of Fayette—an old citizen of the county—died last week.

Mr. Baxter Smith has been called upon to run for Chancellor of Davidson county.

The Dyersburg *Gazette* says there is considerable sickness in town—more than usual.

The Brownsville *Bee* says the farmers are planting cotton heavily, and corn too lightly.

A religious revival has just been closed in the Presbyterian church at Bristol, of no ordinary interest.

The Milan *Times* announces Colonel R. P. Caldwell, of Gibson for Congress from the Seventh District.

Mr. L. D. McCord of the Pulaski *Citizen*, was married on the 7th to Miss Bettie Thompson of Franklin.

According to the *Falcon*, the people of Fayette are in good condition to build railroads, and in a good humor to go at it.

We learn from the Knoxville *Press and Herald* that the snow was six inches deep in the vicinity of Bristol on Monday last.

The Gallatin *Examiner* says that the late frosts have done no particular harm in Sumner county, and the wheat is uninjured.

The Nashville *Union and American* says spring vegetables have been quite abundant in that market during the past week or ten days.

For the year ending March 31st, Jackson has shipped 4667 bales of cotton over the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, besides shipments via the Mississippi Central.

Persons residing in the county of Rutherford say that the fruit is not seriously injured in that region, and that, without further accident, an average yield may be expected.

John Mills, of Putnam county, tried for illicit distilling, was on Wednesday sentenced by the United States Court to twenty-four hours' imprisonment in the county jail.

In answer to calls made upon him by numerous citizens of Nashville, Hon. Wm. A. Gleaves announces himself as a candidate for re-election as Judge of the County Court of Davidson.

The Brownsville *Bee* says: "In Gibson county there were four one-legged men elected to office, says a paper, at the late election. They could stump the county better than anybody else."

The oldest representative members of the bar of Nashville have called upon Edwin H. Ewing and William F. Cooper to submit themselves to the voters of the State as candidates for the Supreme Bench from the middle district.

The Louisville and Nashville and the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad Companies have been officially notified of the passage of the ordinance granting them the right of way for a connecting track through the city of Louisville.

The Nashville *Union and American* says: "Since the 1st of July last $200,000 of the city's indebtedness has been paid, and no debts have been made by the present administration, it being a part of their religion to 'pay as they go.'" [That's the motto of Mayor Johnson, of this city.]

It seems almost incredulous that trains should be retarded by snow in any part of this State at this season of the year, yet such has been the case. The passenger train on the Virginia and Tennessee road failed to connect at Bristol on last Monday morning, the mis-connection being caused by the deep snow on the mountains which fell Sunday night.

The Sumner County Fair Association have determined to hold a spring fair on the 24th and 25th of May. One of the features of the second day's exhibition will be a foot race under the entry, "old man's trial," for fifty years old and over, p. or p., five to fill and three to start. The society adds $10. Catch weights. Track to be in condition to go with or without shoes. Distance, speed ring.

Captain John G. Turner, of Sumner county, Tennessee, sold last week, his crop of broom corn of last year, at $2048, the product of about twenty-five acres, besides about 700 bushels of seed, which is worth one dollar per bushel, which is within a small fraction of $110 per acre. He thinks that the seed will pay for the entire expense of raising the corn. Upon his small farm of ninety acres, he has cleared the past year, $2500 over all expenses of production.

The United States, by District Attorney E. C. Camp, and Hon. A. F. Perry, and Judge Stanley Matthews, of Cincinnati, has filed a bill against the K. and K. Railroad, in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Tennessee, for the purpose of collecting the sum of $8000, which it is claimed is due the Government for machinery and rolling stock purchased in 1865. This suit is similar to those now pending against the E. and Va., and E. T. and Ga., and N. and [illegible] Companies.

The Brownsville *Bee* says: "President R. W. Haywood, of the A. M. and H. Association of Haywood county, authorizes us to announce the following premiums for the Fall Fair of the Association: $50 for the best acre of corn; $100 for the best acre of cotton; $100 for the best two bales of cotton weighing 400 pounds each, grown on one acre of land. Liberal premiums will be offered by the merchants and cotton buyers of Brownsville for the best bale or lot of short staple cotton, and for the best bale or lot of long staple cotton. Planters will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly."

The latest official election returns as published in the Nashville *Union and American* from the Secretary of State's office, afford the following recapitulation:

	New Con.	Old Con.
East Tennessee	17,232	19,805
Middle Tennessee	59,787	7,363
West Tennessee	33,968	9,244
Total	101,987	36,414

This makes a total majority for the New Constitution of 65,573, with three counties in East and one in Middle Tennessee yet to hear from.

RAILROADS.

A few days since a herd of 35,000 buffalo crossed the Union Pacific track, a short distance west of Laramie City.

The city of Baton Rouge has voted in favor of a bonus of $25,000 to the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Railroad.

A scheme is matured for chartering a railroad from Friar's Point to Oxford, via some point (Sardis, it is believed,) on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

The Rome *Daily* says that work on the Selma, Rome and Dalton road is still progressing, and that before summer is far advanced the trains will run through to Dalton.

The Helena *Clarion* of the 20th inst. says: "In compliance with our recommendation, our Council has appointed our Mayor, W. H. Rogers, and us, Jas. B. Miles, to proceed to Kansas City and report the advantages of Helena as the terminus of their road over Memphis."

A project is on foot to construct a cheap railroad from Gallatin to the Cumberland, distance about three miles, for the purpose of bringing coal and timber from the river.

In 1849 the receipts of our railroads for freights were $20,000,000; in 1869 they had increased to $280,000,000. These figures exhibit the wonderful rapidity with which railroads have been built in this country, and their universal influence on commodities consumed by the people.

On dit, that Col. Van Fleck, the distinguished Chief Engineer of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad, proposes to give a grand blow out, at Pass Christian, to the citizens of the sea-board on the 4th of July next, when the first passenger train makes its appearance.

The Helena (Ark.) *Clarion* says: "We have been examining the map lately, and have learned that there is a Helena in Montana. This is a long ways off, but, upon examination, we see that the Missouri river runs for a great distance in the direction of Helena, Ark., and turns off toward St. Louis at Kansas City. We propose to our exchanges, at the points herein mentioned, that they give us their opinion of a railroad, to be called, Helena, Omaha, Kansas City and Helena railroad, to extend from Helena, Montana, to Helena, Arkansas."

The Meridian (Miss.) *Gazette* says of the Ship Island Railroad company, that it wants to build one or more roads to Canton, a branch to Jackson, another to Meridian, another to Natchez, and still another to Vicksburg, then a branch from Canton to Deer creek a feeder to Memphis. Then roads to connect are to be built to Corinth, Columbus or Aberdeen, with such other branches, canals, etc., as the company deem desirable. But not satisfied with a monopoly in the way of railroads to every postoffice in the State, the company want to do a banking business, a commission and mercantile line of trade, run steamships, and engage in all pursuits and enterprises they may elect, and finally, to have the right to negotiate and sell the charter.

MISSISSIPPI.

Good boarding is advertised at Meridian at $15 a month.

The Macon *Beacon* wants a railroad from that point to Canton.

In some portions of La Fayette county corn is up and growing finely.

Meridian intends to have her streets lighted with gas in a very short time.

Eighteen papers in Mississippi advertise that they have the largest circulation in the State.

The next Circuit Court for Tishomingo county will be held at Iuka, now the county site.

A shell exploded while being broken up at a foundry in Vicksburg the other day, but did no damage.

The Natchez papers contain an account of the very strange suicide of Mr. Norris Delaplane of that place.

Col. J. F. Jaques, of Tunica county, is announced as a candidate for Commissioner of Immigration and Agriculture.

A man named Nichols committed suicide at Meridian on Friday. He was an elderly man, and probably from Livingston, Ala.

Mr. John A. Stevens was to open in Institute Hall, at Natchez, on April 18th, with his dramatic troupe and Miss Fannie B. Price.

Dr. James M. Furguson, of Summit, has invented a stump puller, which the Summit *Times* says is destined to be of "incalculable benefit to the country."

The Jackson *Pilot* says: "On Monday, about 10 o'clock, at Calhoun Station, a brakesman named Charles Webster fell off the cars and was instantly killed."

The Macon *Beacon* says the citizens are anxious to know who holds the office of County financier, and by what authority the Board of Police sold 227 shares of M. & O. R. R. stock belonging to citizens of this county and tax-payers.

The State Medical Association held at Vicksburg adjourned last week. Many of their proceedings were quite interesting. President—Dr. S. V. D. Hill, of Macon. Vice Presidents—Drs. Cacaniss, Nailer, Gallagher and Kitrell.

Passengers from the Mobile and Ohio road report a snow-storm, with sleet and heavy frost, Sunday morning (17th), at West Point, and the sleet observable as far south as Shubuta. This would seem to settle the fruit question, being a severer, if not later, visitation than the repeated frosts of 1857, and two days later than the killing freeze of April 15, 1849.

WHAT is called the "Society of the Army of the Potomac," had its reunion last week at Philadelphia. Many generals were present, and the success in mutual compliment and glorification remarkable. They seemed fully determined that their superiority and the fact that they were the victors should not be forgotten, especially by the southern people. The enthusiasm was vast, of course. Gen. Grant was there, whose utterance was "let us have peace;" but whose practice is not peace in the time of peace, but the sword. "Order reigns in Warsaw." General Sheridan was chairman, who was recognized as the "hero of the valley" because he was fortunate enough to defeat Early by ten to one, carrying sixteen shooters! What a prodigious hero are we provoked by this bloviation to call him, especially when we do not forget his late most signal achievement in the massacre of Indian women and children! It would be more fortunate for the country if it was possible that such hints as the following from the Baltimore *Statesman* might be taken and acted on:

> The efforts to make eternal the glorification of the North over the South, may be very wise and dignified, but we think one day they will be regretted. In the midst of the American Revolution there was a resolution of thanks offered by Mr. Coke in the British House of Commons to Lord Cornwallis for a "victory over the rebels" at Camden, but on motion of *Lord North*, the words "*over the rebels*" were left out, as likely to provoke too much altercation. Alderman Wilkes then objected to the whole resolution, declaring that it was "unwise to return thanks to officers for achievements during a civil war," and adding, "*There was not an instance in the history of Rome granting a triumph in honor of any of her generals, for victories obtained in times of civil commotion.*" What a contrast to our bogus Rome!
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> Happily for society, the monsters of the French Revolution have not transmitted to the present enemies of society their dire great abilities, nor are they likely to inherit aught but the same fate which, in the case of almost every one of the French revolutionists, demonstrated that retribution is not always deferred to another world. With all the disposition to rival and surpass the most terrible crimes of history, there is a singular want of talent among them for public affairs, as has been illustrated in the signal failure of every one of them in all their political plans and enterprises. It is a consoling truth, applying alike to the ultra Radical leaders of both the Old World and the New, that they are men "of brilliant incapacity, vast and varied misinformation, and prodigious moral requirements."

DORSHIATT, the Radical correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, expresses his opinion of the benefits derived to the Southern States by the change of their Legislatures, made by Congressional negro suffrage reconstruction as follows:

> The South, for a long term of years, enjoyed a higher order of legislative talent from the limited condition of suffrage. It was not Democratic, but it was decent. We broke up that system, and, excluding the brain by law, admitted the skulls. No man questions the result. Instead of gentlemen, we have low fellows; and in place of a pride, that lifted the representatives above theft, we have rogues openly in the market."

The best part of this candid comment is, that it is so particularly true. A correspondent of the New York *World* makes the following similarly expressive and truthful statement:

> A prominent Radical Senator, who usually votes with the ultra wing, declared the other day that he would like very much to see the old Southern Senators back again; first, because he did not like the carpet-baggers; and secondly, because the Southern Senators, whatever their errors or shortcomings, could never be bought, and their moral influence was always a steady bulwark against the designs of the corruptionists.

And the Atlanta *Constitutionalist* calls attention to the affirmation of Cornelius Wendell, made several years ago, "that he had bought plenty of Northern Congressmen but dared not ask a Southern member to take money for his vote." The *Constitutionalist* represents the Blodgett men who have "stood up to the rights of Georgia" in Congress as men who were able to stand only by being "propped with State Bonds."

THE speech of Senator Morton on the question of the Bingham amendment to the Georgia bill is replete with statements of pretended facts and horrible details, running back for four or five years, which rivals the story of our own Fletcher, eclipses Munchausen, and throws Mrs. Stowe on Uncle Tom and Lord Byron quite into the shade. He was evidently careless as to the truth, and careful to make capital for party. It was "blood and thunder," beginning with the sensational announcement that the speech was delivered on the anniversary of the assassination of Lincoln, and ending with the alarming declaration that even now "Union men of the South are everywhere falling," and that the "time for action has come; there is the smell of blood in the air; it is sprinkled all along the pathway through which we are marching!" It would seem the fellow was crazy or a fool, if there was not so much method and purpose apparent in his madness. The whole Butler carpet-bagger gang was roused to fury, and poured forth grape red-hot. Morgan C. Hamilton, of Texas, ex-Governor Boreman, of West Virginia, Pool, of North Carolina, and others, were all sure, with Hamilton, that "upon the judgment of the Senate on the amendment of Mr. Bingham in the House hangs the destiny of ten States of this Union," and that it was "the turning point in the long struggle in which the government has been engaged with the conquered rebels in efforts to reconstruct their local governments upon a republican basis; and disguises it as we may, it is a substantial surrender to them of all they claimed from the first." The vast matter of the spoils hung in the balance, to be lost or won. And the failure of what they term a "last opportunity to give protection to loyal people" in Georgia, Forney proclaims, means "not only a failure of reconstruction there, but in every Southern State. It means utter defiance to the power of the General Government, and a determination to reinstate in power the old leaders of rebellion and oppression." But while they clamor for the admission of Georgia, with power to the Radicals to hold over until the next presidential election, they anticipate trouble, and "Occasional" says:

> If we refuse to do this, and remand Georgia back to the military government, we distrust our well tried friends, and encourage our most inveterate enemies. We reopen a new agitation where quiet should be encouraged. The validity of the ratification of the amendment will be disputed, and a new political issue will be raised; but admit Georgia with her present legislature, recognized for its constitutional term of two years from the date of such admission, and the great work will be completed by the Union men and for the Union.

A SPECIAL of the 20th, from Washington, to the St. Louis *Republican*, says: "Although the Senate substitute for the House Georgia bill was adopted at midnight, the final vote on it was not taken till two o'clock this morning. Two hours were consumed by the enemies of the bill in a fierce, persistent, parliamentary opposition, led, principally, by Drake. There were nearly a hundred members of the House on the Senate floor during the session, including Butler on one hand, and Bingham on the other, while Gov. Bullock and his friends were also present in force lobying against the Bingham amendment. The scene, altogether, was the most exciting of the session, while result indicated that the Radical programme for reinaugurating military control of the Southern States has assumed positive shape. As the bill passed, it remands Georgia into a provisional government, makes a new military district and places it under the control of Gen. Terry. In a word, it is the commencement of military reconstruction over again. Another legislature is to be elected and a new set of Senators are to be chosen next November, after which the State is to again apply for admission. While Bullock and company rejoice at the defeat of the Bingham amendment, they do not find themselves any better off, as the term of the legislature is even more restricted under the new bill, and the State is virtually taken from their control. To their complaints of the new programme, Radical Senators answer that they have been here howling about alleged outrages in that State, and now they turn round and denounce the bill to suppress these outrages by military force. The bill reached the House to-day, and Butler had it referred to the Reconstruction Committee. It looks very much as if the two houses would come to a dead lock. The Georgia carpet-baggers are domoralized.

TEN members, including the whole bar of Somerville, have signed a card asking General Sneed to announce himself as a candidate for the Supreme Court. Several similar calls have been made, but we refer to this as showing how this gentleman is esteemed in the place of his own residence. They regard him as "possessing in a pre-eminent degree all the qualifications so essential to the discharge of the high, responsible and delicate duties incident to the position;" and say:

> We have known General Sneed long and well, and have been intimately associated with him in social as well as professional life. Gifted with a high order of intellect; a mind highly cultivated and richly stored with classic and legal lore; a profound lawyer and able jurist; a kind, Christian gentleman, with courtesy, affable and agreeable manners and disposition; his elevation to the position, in our judgment, would have the indorsement of the people, the approbation of the Bar, and would add to the lustre and dignity of the Bench.

WE learn that Hon. George W. Reeves, Judge of the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, departed this life at his residence in Somerville, Fayette county, on Thursday evening, at half-past five o'clock. He had been confined for several months from a severe attack of hemorrhage from the lungs, which he was [illegible]

Every owner of a [illegible] on or [illegible]

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expected. He was appointed by Andrew Johnson, then military Governor of Tennessee, in the month of July, 1865, Judge of this Circuit, comprising the counties of Shelby, Fayette and Tipton, and organized and held the courts until May, 1869, when he was elected by the people for eight years. He has been a resident of Fayette county for a quarter of a century, and was highly respected both as a citizen and a Judge. He was born in North Carolina, and leaves a large family. We suppose him to have been about sixty-five years of age. Judge Swayne has held his courts since December last.

IT will be remembered that a committee was appointed by the Legislature to investigate as to misappropriations of money etc., which has proceeded to Knoxville, and the *Press and Herald* has the following announcement as to what is believed to have been discovered: "The Committee on Railroad Investigations, which has been for several weeks in session in this city, leaves to-day for Nashville. The proceedings of the committee were confidential, and we have, therefore, not been able to obtain any of the testimony for publication. It is understood that many startling revelations were made regarding the wrongful issue of State bonds and the misappropriation of the money, which, when published, will startle our citizens who little dream of the dishonorable means by which the debt of the State has been made so enormous."

WE are not sure that the fight for the reconstruction of Tennessee is over. But we are sure that this city has made no effort to prevent it; while, if the diabolism should be averted, Nashville has done much, and we thank the public spirited men of that city for what they have done. The programme seems to be to remand Georgia partially to military control; and, for aught we yet see, the plan of Brownlow, so amiably set forth in another column, may be in store for us. We would suggest, as a problem, the matter of reconciling the existence of such a viper with the Divine benevolence. We suppose it is to be accounted for the same way with snakes.

POLITICAL.

Mr. Julian's female suffrage amendment to the Constitution is known in Boston as "the sweet sixteenth."

The Radicals are afraid that the negroes in Delaware will not get to vote in the election in that State next fall, on account of the peculiar character of the registry and assessment laws of the State, and they are importuning Congress to "intervene."

"Earnest," a correspondent of the Jackson (Miss.) *Pilot*, (Rad.) thinks the people of Mississippi are too ignorant to be intrusted with the election of their county school superintendent and directors. God help them if they don't know more than H. R. Pease, the State Superintendent of Education!

Ex-Auditor Wickliffe, of Louisiana, is said to have gone on a little pleasure trip without leaving word where letters should be addressed to him. This oversight is much regretted by numerous persons to whom he sold $150,000 worth of State bonds, which, in the hurry of preparing for his journey, he inadvertently took from the wrong pile.

A statement of the gross collections of internal revenue since the organization of the bureau, in 1863, shows the amount collected to June 30, next, to be $1,297,825,838.01. The receipts of the present fiscal year are estimated at $175,000,000. Some idea can be formed from this statement of the taxable virtue of the people of the United States.

Senator Sumner has a bill prepared to simplify and reduce the rate of postage, to abolish the franking privilege, etc., which makes a reduction of the postage to one cent for half ounce letters, and substitutes for the franking privilege a system of stamped envelopes. It is to be offered as a substitute for the pending bill to abolish the franking privilege.

An exciting fall campaign in Maryland is predicted. Radicals in Washington are boasting that they will carry four out of the five Congressional districts, and that the negroes will vote with them to a man. There will be no stint of expenditure, nor lack of stump speeches to "redeem" Maryland from the rebel Democracy, as the Radicals term saddling the State with carpet-baglism and exposing her treasury to plunder.

"X," the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette*, says on the 18th instant, Judge Holt, in an editorial published in the organ of this morning, announces the Radical creed upon this point thus: "The people, in forming their fundamental law, in giving expression to their will in a Constitution, retained all powers necessary to continue the United Government and charged the General Government with the responsibility of its own preservation. The extent of the power possessed by the people—that is, the General Government—for self-preservation, was not fully known until tested in the late rebellion, when it fully appears that this supreme power extended not only to the use of the estates and fortunes of individuals, but of their very lives." And this is precisely the doctrines advocated by Sumner, Drake, Morton and their fellow-revolutionists in the Senate for the past year, and will certainly be applied as well to the powers of the States, as to the Supreme Court, and finally to the Executive.

Governor Wright, presiding Chief of the Choctaw Nation, in a message to the Legislature of the Nation, in extra session, on the 21st of March, makes the following suggestion to his people, with the view to their meeting the views and wishes of the United States Government as to the Christianizing and civilizing of the Indians, and their admission to citizenship. He says: "Just as soon as we shall have adjusted our land question, we will organize ourselves at once as the State of 'Okla-hum-ma,' and ask for admission on as one of the States of the Union. If it is the honest desire of the United States Government not to have us become citizens of the said American Union, she will evince in our petition for admission. This, in my opinion, is a better and surer way to test her sincerity in her wishes of our becoming its citizens. To carry out this object, I would recommend the propriety of inviting, by a resolution, all the tribes of Indian Nations interested on this subject, to meet in general convention at an early day, for mutual consultation. Should other Nations be unwilling to go into a State at once without going through the ordeal tutelage, I would further suggest that the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations be organized into a State, for we have a country large enough for that purpose. In the meantime I would recommend that you enter a protest against any territorial government at present, for the reasons already stated, and submit the same to Congress and to the President of the United States."

THOMAS H. ESTES, J. W. MILLER

ESTES, MILLER & CO.,

MERCHANDISE BROKERS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

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Dress Goods

Which, for Variety of Style and Qualities, for Elegance of Fabric and Design, have never been equaled in Memphis, and at prices that defy all competition.

Japanese Silks,

In Silver Gray, Stripes, Plaids, Checks, etc.

Irish Tabinets,

In beautiful colors.

Cortes Cloth,

Very wide, Spring colors, and Silk and Wool Texture.

Silk Grenadines,

In elegant embroidered figures, of superior quality.

Iron Grenadines,

Varying from ¾ to 2 yards in width, Black and White, very desirable.

Florentine,

A very handsome material for mourning wear, in extra quality.

Fine French Organdies,

At 65 cents—worth 50.

White Goods,

In Swisses, Mulls, Organdies, Nainsooks, Bishops and Victoria Lawn, Piques, Brilliants, Jaconets, Cambrics, etc., etc., in Plain, Plaid, Figured and Striped.

Linens.

We offer great advantages to purchasers in this department in Sheetings, Shirtings, Table Damasks, Towelings, Napkins, Doylies, etc.

Domestics.

It is generally known that we are, at all times, from one to two cents a yard under the prices of any other house in the best branches of Bleached Cottons.

☞ The attention of dealers, and the trade generally, is invited to examine our stock.

A. SEESSEL & SON

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New and Elegant Styles

—OF—

FURNITURE

—AND—

CARPETS!

BY E. FEGAN

No. 260 Second St.,

Opp. Court Square.

mh 3

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between S. M. Jobe and C. P. Hunt, under the name and style of Jobe, Hunt & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to settle any unclosed business of the firm.

S. M. JOBE,
C. P. HUNT.

S. Mosby, late Mosby & Dorlon,
C. P. Hunt, late Jobe, Hunt & Co.
W. M. Redwine, late with Peoples Bank.

MOSBY, HUNT & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Com'n Mcht's.

284 FRONT STREET.

WE, the undersigned, having this day bought the interest of Mr. S. M. Jobe, in the firm of Jobe, Hunt & Co., and associated ourselves together for the purpose of conducting a wholesale grocery and general commission business, beg leave to refer the attention of our friends, the public, and the friends of the old firm at large, to the above card, and to solicit their patronage, and promise at all times to exert our best efforts for the interest of our friends.

SAMUEL MOSBY,
C. P. HUNT,
W. M. REDWINE.

I do not hesitate to recommend the above firm as gentlemen of responsibility, to solicit a continuance of the patronage extended to Jobe, Hunt & Co. [ap5] S. M. JOBE.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

N. J. BIGLEY. GEO. MELLERSH. D. B. M'NEAL

WE have this day associated with us as a partner, Dr. D. McNEAL; the firm name will be continued. We return our thanks to the citizens of Memphis and surrounding country for their liberal patronage during the past, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same for the future, guaranteeing always to furnish the best article of Coal at the lowest market rates, and to attend to all orders promptly, with an aim solely to give satisfaction. BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO.,

South Court and Main

Memphis, April 1, 1870. ap15

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

THE delinquent list has been turned over to the Court, and all those wishing to pay cost of advertising can do so by coming to the office of the City Tax-Collector, where citizens can see who are not paying. FELIX W. ROBERTSON,

City Tax-Collector.

BANKS.

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F. S. DAVIS, President.

NEWTON FORD, Vice-President.

W. W. THACHER, Cashier.

EMMET BANK,

No. 1 and 3 Madison Street,

STANTON BLOCK.

Thos. Fisher, Pres't.

SELLS Sight Drafts on Ireland, and Three and Sixty Days' Sight on London, at New York rates; and draw in sums to suit purchasers on all the principal cities and towns in Continental Europe.

Also, transacts a general Exchange and Banking Business. ja2

REMOVAL.

THE City Bank has removed from the corner of Jefferson and Front streets to the new Bank Building, No. 9 Madison street.

S. H. TORBY, President. E. C. KIRK, Cashier.
J. A. HAYES, Jr., Assistant Cashier.

CITY BANK,

New Bank Building, No. 9 Madison St.

TRANSACTS A

GENERAL BANKING

AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS,

And Deals in Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds, City and County Scrip, and

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.

☞ DRAFTS for sale in sums to suit, on England, Ireland, Scotland, France, and all parts of Germany. Also, Gold Drafts on New York. de23

MILLINERY GOODS.

LADIES CAN GET BARGAINS

—IN—

MILLINERY

—AT—

MRS. M. J. YANCEY & CO.'S

192 MAIN STREET.

☞ Country dealers in Millinery will find it to their interest to call on us. ap17

FASHIONS! FASHIONS!

MRS. M. C. HUNTER'S

SOUTHERN EMPORIUM

No. 247 Main Street, Memphis.

Millinery and Fancy Goods of every description, and dress making in the LATEST PARISIAN MODE.

Stamping and Braiding done to order. mh15

M. Perdue, Dealer in Millinery Trimmings

AND Fancy Goods, Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Laces, Silks, and all other Millinery articles; also, a splendid assortment of Laces, Embroidery and Fancy Jewelry, No. 273½ MAIN STREET, opposite Court square, Memphis, Tenn. Dress and Cloak-making in the latest styles. Agent in Memphis for the sale of E. Butterick & Co.'s celebrated Patters of Garments for ladies, misses, boys and little children of both sexes.

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 1, 1870.—Miss M. Perdue would respectfully announce to her many friends and the public generally, that she has associated Mrs. ROSE P. THOMPSON with her business, and trusts that her former reputation for taste and elegance will again insure her the patronage she so well deserves. She will at all times be found at 273½ Main street, opposite Court Square, ready and most willing to serve her friends. ap1

Fresh Arrival of Millinery Goods.

Misses Quinlan.

CORNER JEFFERSON AND MAIN STS. Also, Dress-making done in the latest style, at short notice. Ladies call. mh30

BOOTS AND SHOES.

F. G. TERRY WM. B. MITCHELL

TERRY & MITCHELL,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers

—IN—

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

NO. 329 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - TENNESSEE.

1870.

Have just received a large stock for

SPRING TRADE,

WHICH WE OFFER TO

MERCHANTS ONLY.

TERRY & MITCHELL.

mh8

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

261 MAIN STREET, WEBSTER BLOCK.

Memphis, Tennessee.

We are now receiving our Spring Stock, the largest we have ever offered to the trade. MERCHANTS will find it to their interest to examine before buying. mh20

EUREKA!

☞ Come and fit yourself to a pair of beautiful Boots.

☞ The Boot of the Period is the Eureka.

☞ If you prefer

☞ SHOES ☜

We have a splendid line for Gents, Ladies, Misses and Children.

☞ We are sole agents for the

☞ CHAMPION SHOE ☜

The best Shoe for the laboring man or for plantation use that is made.

JOS. S. LEVETT & CO.

mh27 336 MAIN STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

FORSYTH'S

STANDARD SCALES,

Of all kinds. Nearly 200 varieties, adapted to every business. Every Scale warranted COMPLETE, STRONG AND DURABLE.

OGDILL BROS. & CO.,

Corner Monroe and Front streets,

Sole Agents for Memphis and Vicinity.

A full stock always on hand. ia16 daw

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE

—OF THE—

Steamboat "COMMERCIAL."

Harris, Cochran & Co., et al, vs. Steamboat "Commercial."

IN compliance with an order of sale issued in the above cause from the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Tennessee, I will, at 11 o'clock a.m.,

On Saturday, April 30, 1870,

From the door of the U. S. Court-room, No. 450 Main street, Memphis, Tenn., offer, at public auction for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said steamboat "Commercial," her engines, machinery, tackle, apparel and furniture. L. B. EATON,

ap16 United States Marshal.

Carolina Life Insurance Co.

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Hon. JEFFERSON DAVIS, President,

M. J. WICKS, 1st Vice-President. J. T. PETTIT, 2d Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary. J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
ELLETT & PHELAN, Attorneys.

Assets, - - $778,383 04

PRINCIPAL OFFICE---No. 42 MADISON STREET.

COTTON FACTORS.

CHARLES H. DORION, Jr.,

(Late of Mosby & Dorion),

Cotton Factor,

Office, 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building,

UP-STAIRS,

804 Front St., 804

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

☞ Bagging, Rope, Ties and Supplies furnished customers. de31

GROCERS AND COTTON FACTORS

TO THE TRADE.

WE have just received, and offer to the trade, at the LOWEST MARKET RATES:

3,000 bbls. FLOUR, all grades,
100 hhds. SUGAR,
300 bbls. & hlf. bbls. MOLASSES,
100 bbls. SYRUP,
200 bbls. SUGAR, all grades,
500 kegs NAILS,
200 bbls. MESS PORK,
50,000 lbs. PORK,
20 tierces HAMS,
200 bbls. WHISKY,

Together with a complete assortment of all goods usually kept in our line. The attention of the trade is especially invited.

STEWART BROTHERS & FIZER.

No. 11 Union Street,

feb24 STONEWALL BLOCK.

HIDES AND LEATHER.

D. B. THOMAS. B. F. GROSS

THOMAS & GROSS

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEATHER

AND DEALERS IN

Leather & Shoe Findin's

Foreign and Domestic Calf and Kip Skins, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools, Tanners' Oils, Etc.,

366 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Leather in the rough. se18

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. VACCARO. E. VACCARO. A. B. VACCARO

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.

324 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

JUST RECEIVED,

10 PIPES PURE MUSCAT WINE,

m29 10 PIPES SHERRY.

REMOVAL.

HITE & CORWINE

JOB PRINTERS

AND BINDERS,

14 Union St., Appeal Building.

☞ We take pleasure in stating to our patrons that we have removed our Job Printing Establishment to No. 14 Union street, Appeal Building, where we hope to see our old customers and as many new ones as will examine our work and prices. We are now prepared to do ALL kinds of Printing and Binding on the most reasonable terms.

Our stock of Cards, Billheads and Cap Papers is complete. Our material consists of latest styles of type, presses, etc. mh8

THOMPSON & STEELE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING

POWDER,

No. 11 N. Fifth Street,

mh13 ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

COTTON PLANTATION

FOR SALE.

LYING in Phillips county, Ark., on main road, leading to Little Rock, and 12 miles from Helena, containing 65 acres, 20 of which are cleared and fairly fenced; one or two small cabins on the premises.

These lands are among the best in Phillips county, and are in a first-rate neighborhood.

☞ Terms, half cash and balance in six and twelve months.

For further information, refer to Messrs. Tappan & Horner, Attorneys, Helena, Ark., or to J. H. HORNER, Trustee,

mh19 Chattanooga, Tenn.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

Is the only infallible Hair Preparation for

Restoring Gray Hair to its Original Color and Promoting its Growth.

It is the cheapest preparation ever offered to the public, as one bottle will last longer and accomplish more than three bottles of any other preparation.

Our Renewer is not a Dye; it will not stain the skin as others.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the Scalp, and makes the Hair SOFT, LUSTROUS AND SILKEN.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors

For sale by all druggists

W. H. PASSMORE. J. D. RUFFIN

PASSMORE & RUFFIN,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

No. 9 COURT STREET,

Between Main and Front, Memphis, Tenn.

WILL pay particular attention to the Sale, Lease or Renting of Real Estate, either public or private. NEGOTIATIONS MADE FOR MERCHANDISE in exchange for improved property. In offering our services to the public, we do so confident of being able to render entire satisfaction to all who may intrust their interests to our care. We have lists of property, improved and unimproved, to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

PASSMORE & RUFFIN,
Real Estate Agents,
ap3 No. 9 Court street.

Notice.

THE "Franklin House," at Raleigh Springs, will