THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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BY MAIL.

Chas. Lever, the novelist, sleeps eighteen hours out of the twent-four.

For the first time in the history of Delaware a State Republican Convention is called.

The member of Parliament for Sheffield, England, first entered that town as an Italian image boy.

It is stated that Mr. Boucicault has arranged with Charles Dickens to dramatize "The Mystery of Edward Drood."

There is nothing new under the sun, and some one has unearthed a kerosene lamp at Pompeii. It had not yet been exploded.

Miss Edmonia Lewis, the American sculptress at Rome, is said to be a Zambo and not a negress, her parents having been one an Indian and the other a negress.

The musician, Auber, on the occasion of his attendance at a recent funeral at Mortmartre, wittily remarked that he feared it was his "last visit there as an amateur."

A strange animal that roars like a lion roams the woods of Mecklenberg, N. C., and proves of valuable service to the farmers in keeping their hands at home in the night.

Chang, the Chinese giant, is said to take much enjoyment in eating. It requires a space of twenty minutes for a mouthful of food to go from the palate, down the alimentary, to the stomach.

Washington, a Territory which casts a total vote of 5,638, and rejoices in such counties as Wauklakum, casting 31 votes; Klickitat, casting 77; and Yakima 79, is looking toward admission into the family of States.

"Orpheus C. Kerr" announces an early travesty on Dickens' latest novel, to be published under the title of "The Mystery of Mr. E. Drood." Mr. A. O. Halsey, of New York city, is preparing travesty of "Lothair."

The land sales of the Union Pacific Railroads are now averaging nearly forty thousand dollars a month. The total sales to date amount to about eight hundred thousand dollars. The average per acre is about four dollars and a half.

Victor Hugo declares that the only question which the Emperor Napoleon has a right to address to the French people is this: "Ought I to leave the Tuileries for Vincennes and give myself up to justice?" To this the reply given is "Yes."

The Lorettes of Paris have adopted modest simplicity of attire in order to distinguish themselves from the parvenues of the Empire. We may, therefore, expect soon to notice a decided improvement in the fashion of good society in America.

Colonel A. Gorlow, ordnance officer of the Russian army, is an *attache* of the Russian Legation at Washington. His commission also designates him "military agent," and his residence is Hartford, Conn., near the manufactory of the Colt Arms Company.

The Londoners are much pleased with their new horse railroads, though the cars have to them a "transatlantic" look. They are surprised to learn how much easier ordinary vehicles run when they can get the wheels, *on one* or both sides, upon the smooth horse *car* rails.

One of the novelties of Paris is a hat made of wood shavings, which sells for five cents, a really superior quality selling for twenty cents. The best look as finely as the Panama, are of exquisite whiteness, light and comfortable, and with careful handling will last some days.

At a meeting of the Directory of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company, held yesterday, Mr. Abram Murdock, President, and C. E. Rushing, Vice President, were re-elected. Peter H. Milton, Esq., and Colonel W. D. Dunn were also elected the Executive Committee.

The St. Paul *Press* suggests to Red Cloud, that when the excursionists from Boston to San Francisco, "representing fifty millions of capital," reach midway of the Plains, to imitate the Greek brigands, and hold the captives for a ransom that will make up for all the wrongs of his race.

A remarkable instance of constancy culminated in the recent marriage at Galesburg of Mr. Samuel Crosby and Mrs. Anna Hurr, aged respectively eighty-three and eighty-one. Their engagement had endured for sixty-five years, during all of which time she remained true to him and he to Hurr.

A pious man in Elkhart, Ind., punished his son for chewing tobacco, by making him stay out and chop wood till 9 o'clock at night. He then took soft soap, and washed the poor little fellow's mouth till it was raw, after which he crammed his mouth and throat full of pepper. The boy was thoroughly cured of the bad habit, for he died, and the old man is now in jail chewing the end of reflection.

Nillson recently sang before the Empress, at the Tuileries. Her Majesty inquired if it was true that she was going to the United States, and on Christine's reply in the affirmative, set herself to work in the most gallant but earnest manner to oppose it. Nillson replied that she would be glad to cancel her engagement if possible, on account of the inducements made her by the Empress to stay in Paris.

They tell a ridiculous story of a mishap to a fat man at the recent burning of the house at Springfield, Mississippi. The egress of Fatty through the door was cut off by the flames, and a window of narrower dimensions than the man was the only way of escape. He put his head out, and into the embrace of a friend, while another friend inside used a broom-handle to keep him squirming, by which means he worked his body through.

Radicalism in Congress, which is Bulldozism in Georgia, has not yet injected the helpless people of that State to such injudicious maltreatment as to have turned the Republicanism of Governor Bond, of Idaho, into sympathy for his State. He has tendered his resignation as Territorial Governor to the President, and resolved to return to Georgia to espouse the cause of the people against Bullock, that friend of the administration and pet of Congress.

M. E. CHURCH.

Progress of the Persecution of Dr. Lanahan---The Book-room Ring.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

NEW YORK, May 22.—The Methodist Book Committee, which met on Thursday for the purpose of suspending the Rev. Dr. Lanahan, Jr., book agent, adjourned last evening without taking any action in the premises other than to resolve that it is not deemed expedient at the present time to consider the charges. But they did consider them, and considered them very seriously. They were also compelled to consider the tempest of wrath that was excited in the entire Methodist community when this meeting and the object of it became known. The fate of the members of the book-room ring is pretty well settled already, but there were some members of the committee who have heretofore acted in concert with the ring, who felt it best to craw-fish out the best way possible.

Hon. H. Moore, member of Congress from Illinois, is a member of the committee, having been a Methodist Presiding Elder until his influence among Methodist constituents enabled him to exchange the pulpit for a seat in Congress. The gentleman has been conspicuous for his opposition to Dr. Lanahan, and his defense of the alleged fraudulent employes, but dispatches are reported to have reached him from prominent men in his district warning him that his contemplated action would alienate all of his denominational friends. As his prospect of a renomination is not of the best, he is said to have quaked in his boots, and to have been as anxious to back down as he formerly had been to proceed to the last extremity. Others considered discretion the better part of valor, and the whole affair has ended in a splendid triumph of the minority. The ring who conceived the emergency so great as to authorize the summoning of the committee by telegraph are to-day feeling very sore.

Terrible Accident.

The Randolph (*Mo.*) *Citizen* of the 19th says: "On last Saturday evening—the last day of the Roanoke Fair—after the exhibition had concluded and the most of the crowd had dispersed, two young men, named respectively Feeland and Rigby, made a race between two horses in their possession around the half-mile track on the grounds. They had made one run around the track, and were making the second when Feeland's horse became frightened, and "shied" suddenly from the course, throwing him with great violence against one of the trees which stand thick all over the grounds. His body was wrapped around the trunk of the tree, and so terrible was the concussion that he died instantly, never speaking, and scarcely drawing a breath after his fall. The deceased was a young farmer about thirty years of age, and lived in the vicinity of Fayette, Howard county. Rigby is a horse trainer, who makes his headquarters at present on the fair grounds.

Let Down.

ROCKFORD, ILL., May 24.—Private advices from Troy, N. Y., state that the Forest City Base Ball Club, of Rockford, beat the famous Haymakers, of Troy, yesterday, by a score of 21 to 3.

PRESBYTERIAN

Southern General Assembly---Third Day---Interesting Proceedings --- Theological Seminaries---Southern University---Foreign Missions---Education.

Compiled from the Louisville Commercial of Monday.]

The General Assembly opened yesterday morning with prayer and the calling of the roll.

The Synod of North Carolina wanted to know if the proceedings of meetings held without the presence of a ruling elder were legal under the constitution of the church. On motion, one portion of these overtures was referred to the Publication Committee, and the rest to the Judicial Committee.

The Presbytery of West Lexington asked the General Assembly to rescind the action of the General Assembly of 1869, authorizing the licensing of laymen to exhort in churches and among the colored people. Referred to the Committee on Bills and Overtures.

Presbytery of Roanoke also dissents from the action of the General Assembly of 1869, authorizing lay preachers, on the ground that it is an assumption by Presbyteries of the power of sessions whose rights it infringes, that it is without scriptural authority further than the right every Christian has to call on men to serve the Lord, that it introduces confusion into the church, derogates from the ministerial office, and in times of excitement and revival may lead to grave abuses. Referred to Committee on Bills and Overtures.

The stated clerk reported that in July last he had received from the stated clerk of the Presbyterian General Assembly (Old School) meeting in New York, in 1869, for the consideration of this General Assembly, a communication, in which, recognizing the Presbytery of the South, and the fraternal relations between them, Christian salutations are sent to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the Southern States, to meet in Louisville, to give expression to warm Christian fraternity, as eminently proper, since both has common faith, common forms of worship; the same sacred principles that their common ancestors upheld, which, in common, both have held in the past, and which both now uphold and therefore the desire is expressed that it may not be far distant when all branches of the Presbyterian Church will be united in one grand organization over the whole land. Referred to Committee on Foreign correspondence.

Union Theological Seminary, in Prince Edward county, Va., made a report. There are four professors and thirty-five students. There is $12,000 to erect new library buildings, besides a legacy of $200 a year to buy books. The total value of the Seminary property is $190,000; library fund $17,000; 8000 volumes in the library.

Columbia (S. C.) Theological Seminary has four professors and thirty-two students. There are 18,352 volumes in the library, and six students in the senior class. The Treasurer reported the entire receipts at $12,536 93 for last year, and expenditures $12,536 93.

Rev. Dr. Lyon presented a memorial from the Presbytery of Mississippi, urging the importance of taking measures to establish a Southern Presbyterian university worthy of the denomination. The memorial asked the appointment of a special committee *ad interim* to be composed of one member from each synod, to whom the whole subject should be referred with authority to confer with the churches, learn their feelings upon the subject, and if judged expedient perfect a plan to be presented to the next General Assembly. The memorial strongly urged such consideration of the matter as should lead to entire harmony in the church which was abundantly able to have a university for thirteen rich and now prosperous States. Referred to the following committee:

Rev. Dr. Palmer, Louisiana.
Rev. E. M. Green, South Carolina.
Rev. Dr. Davies, Arkansas.
Rev. C. K. Caldwell, Memphis.
Rev. Dr. Rice, Nashville.
Rev. J. H. Smith, North Carolina.
Rev. Dr. J. W. Miller, Texas.
Rev. T. A. Hamilton, Alabama.
Rev. Thomas R. Shelby, Kentucky.
Mr. R. A. Fair, Georgia.
Mr. J. L. Campbell, Virginia.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Wilson presented the ninth annual report of the Executive Committee on Foreign Missions. The total receipts last year were $27,258 81, which with funds on hand, amounted altogether to $29,054 19. Of this sum, $1,112 49 came from outsiders, and $3254 from Sunday school children. The funds came mainly from the churches, of whom six hundred and thirty-three sent contributions, while only five hundred and ninety-eight did so last year. This increase is gratifying, but eight hundred and twenty-seven churches didn't give anything. The expenditures were $3675 on Indian missions; $1,678 17 on two Chinese missions; $1000 to the Brazilian mission; $1565 78 on the Colombian, S. A., mission, and $900 on the Italian mission. Total on missions, $19,418 95. The balance being about twenty-five per cent. of the whole amount, was expended for officers, salaries and office expenses.

The missions are reported to be in a flourishing condition, the missionaries being well, and several of them having schools.

The Executive Committee on Education made their ninth annual report. Receipts during the year just ended, $17,208, which is $6173 more than last year. They paid out $17,187 02; lost $5 by a bad bill, and have $177 in the treasury. They will not need more than $2800 to meet engagements for the ensuing year. All aid properly asked was granted. Having to pay unexpected back balances appropriated by Presbyteries, they have adopted a rule that all appropriations must hereafter be prospective. It is probable that the number of students aided will during the ensuing year be two hundred and seventy-five or three hundred. The committee have tested paid agencies and are satisfied that the system will not pay. The report showed that of the expenditures Alabama students got $1650 35; Arkansas, $747 62; Georgia, $1192 96; Kentucky, $492 60; Virginia, $624 37; and North Carolina, $1030 35. The entire amount paid to support students was $15,078 66.

The Rev. Dr. R. Robinson, from the Committee on Bills and Overtures, made a partial report. On overtures first, second, third and fourth, relative to lay preaching, he was prepared to report, but as a number of other overtures on the same subject had been handed to the clerk and not yet transmitted to the committee, he withdrew that portion of his report.

On overtures fifth and sixth, from Winchester and Montgomery Presbyteries, in relation to ministers serving as stated supplies for churches of other denominations, Congregationalists or others, the committee recommended that it be left entirely to the Presbyteries to which such ministers belonged. The report of the committee was ordered to be put on the docket.

On overture seventh, from Montgomery Presbytery, asking that the Book of Discipline, chapter fourth, section nineteenth, in reference to not making public church trials and censures for minor offenses, the committee admitted the propriety of the suggestion, but did not consider it of sufficient consequence to take up the time of the Assembly. Adopted.

The fraternal greetings of the Southern Methodist Church were warmly received and appropriately referred.

An overture was presented from the Presbytery of North Mississippi asking that the location of the executive committees on sustentation and education should be transferred back to their original locations at New Orleans and Memphis, from whence they were removed during the war. Referred, on motion, to the Committees on Education and Sustentation severally.

An overture was received from West Hanover Presbytery giving reasons for rescinding the action of the last Assembly in referring to licensing lay exhorters among the colored people as, first, unnecessary; second, an infringement of ministerial rights; third, unconstitutional. Referred to Committee on Bills and Overtures.

Overtures from the Presbytery of Roanoke and West Hanover, against the establishment of a Southern University, were presented. First, it is as wrong for the church to engage in secular education as to influence political action; second, it has not been generally desired by the church; third, it is an unfavorable time for the undertaking. Referred to special committee on university.

Dr. Palmer asked that four more members should be added to the Committee on Foreign Correspondence.

Announcement was made that the Rev. W. McElwee, commissioner of the Associate Reformed Synod of the South, and the Rev. J. C. Bowden, D. D., commissioner from the General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, were present. The Moderator proposed that the hearing of any communications that they might have to make to the General Assembly should be the special order for ten o'clock next Wednesday morning. Dr. Hopkins thought it would be more convenient to let it come in regular course, so, on motion, it was made the special order for ten o'clock on Monday morning.

Reports from delegates appointed at the last General Assembly to the Cumberland Presbyterian and Associate Reformed bodies were called for, but not presented.

The trustees of the General Assembly reported that they had accepted the donation of $10,000 from Mrs. Ann Fitzgerald, of Fredericksburg, Va., its income to be devoted to the support of Presbyterian ministers of her denomination in Virginia, and after her death those denominated by the Synod of Virginia. The trustees state that something will be realized from a legacy left by Judge Wm. E. Kennedy, to be devoted to the publication, education and foreign mission funds. At the request of the trustees their report was referred to a special committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Fair, Rutherford and Hamilton.

TENNESSEE NEWS.

The smallpox has not yet abated at Jacksboro.

The graves of Confederate soldiers will be decorated at Knoxville on the 10th of June.

A lumber kiln and lumber to the amount of $1500 was destroyed by fire at Knoxville on Thursday night.

Bills are being introduced numerously in the Legislature. The more legislation we have, it seems, the more we need.

Three hundred and fifty-four loaded freight cars were sent South on the N. and C. R. R. on last Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Confederate graves at Union City will be appropriately decorated on the 5th of June. The same ceremonial was had at Brownsville yesterday.

The miners in the coal mines at Coal creek and Caryville, near Knoxville, are on a strike in consequence of a reduction of their wages ½ cent a bushel.

The State Convention of the Sons of Temperance, met at Camden, Tenn., on the 11th inst., and a number of resolutions, looking to the good of the order, were adopted.

The examination of the Clarksville Female Academy will commence on the 13th of June. Dr. J. W. Hanner will preach the commencement sermon, and the annual address will be delivered by Hon. J. F. House.

A playful murder was committed near Union City, on Wednesday last. A son of A. J. Byrd, on approaching two young huntsmen on his father's place whom he knew, was told by one of the party that "he would do," and at the same time the gun went off, the whole charge lodging in the breast of young Byrd, killing him instantly.

The Dyersburg *Gazette*, of Saturday, says that a number of Gipsies have been camped in that county for several days, telling fortunes and swapping horses. The caravan numbers ten vehicles, fifty men, women and children, two parrots, four mocking and two canary birds, a lot of horses and more dogs than you can shake a stick at. The camp presented a picturesque scene, and some of the girls were quite pretty.

The Knoxville *Press and Herald* says: "On Sunday last a young man, whose name we failed to learn, was instantly killed by another lad by the name of Anderson. An altercation occurred in regard to some peculiarity in the young man's name who was killed, which resulted in young Anderson stabbing him in the neck, severing the carotid artery, and producing death almost instantly. The murderer escaped, and at last accounts had not been arrested."

The Knoxville *Whig*, of Friday, says: "We have this morning to add the name of another victim to the spirit of vengeance that seems to characterize the warfare in Hawkins county between these parties. In the night of the 17th inst., Mr. Thomas Sizemore, brother of Captain William, killed by Willis, was called to the door of his residence in that county, and was shot through the head and heart, killing him instantly. No clue whatever is publicly known as to the assassin. Is this terrible warfare never to be ended?"

The East Tennessee *Union Flag* has the following: "Eli Henry, who resided on Boon's creek in this county, died a few days ago at the advanced age of ninety years. Mr. Henry was remarkable man in many respects. He retained almost the vigor of youth up to his death. He was a soldier under Old Hickory, and during General Jackson's memorable Indian campaign it became necessary to run a 'flatboat' to Natchez, Miss., laden with supplies for the suffering troops. The banks of the Tennessee and Mississippi were at that time lined with murderous, hostile savages, and not a man could be found who would attempt the hazardous feat of taking the boat-load of supplies through, until Mr. Henry volunteered his services. They laughed at him for his recklessness, as they thought. But all undaunted, he manned his frail bark *alone*, after setting up a number of sticks about his boat, and clothing them with United States soldiers' habiliments, with wool hats to match. Then, with his trusty rifle and bowie-knife in belt, he pushed off and floated leisurely to his destination. The Indians scarcely knew what to make of such a craft, and kept at a proper distance, allowing him to make the dangerous voyage safe and in good time."

DELINQUENT RAILROADS.

Important Report from the Investigating Committee.

Wholesale Issuance of State Bonds, and What was Done with Them.

From the Nashville Banner of Sunday.]

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Clementson, chairman of the joint select Committee on Railroad Investigation, submitted the report of the Committee on the Ten Nessee and Pacific Railroad, which report was received and ordered to be transmitted to the House. The committee find, by records in the office of the Secretary of State, that there have been issued to said road eleven hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars in the bonds of the State, being 1185 bonds of $1000 each, 300 of which bonds were issued in accordance with the act of May 24, 1866. The others were issued under an act passed December 7, 1867.

The report shows that the 1185 bonds mentioned were received by Gen. George Maney as President of said road, and that $33 of them have been hypothecated as security for loans negotiated for construction and equipment, and that the remaining bonds are in possession of the company. That 29½ miles of road is prepared for iron, and track is now being laid; that no work had been done when the first State bonds were issued, but that $51,000 of individual stock had been subscribed, and $600,000 in county subscriptions; that the 933 bonds were hypothecated for loans falling due—$293,346 July 1, 1870, and $80,000 26th May, 1870, and to be paid before the 933 bonds can be released, that $16,000 of individual stock has been paid in, and that $300,000 in bonds of Davidson, Wilson and Smith counties, each, have been subscribed. In conclusion the report says: "The committee would respectfully call the attention of the Legislature to the very limited security the State has for the large amount of bonds issued to said road—$1,185,000.

* * * * * * *

The committee would suggest that it is highly important that some legislation should be at once enacted that would protect the large interest of the State in said road, and secure the State from very great impending loss."

EAST TENNESSEE AND WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Mr. Clementson also submitted the report of the committee in regard to the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina Railroad, showing that $400,000 in the bonds of the State had been issued to said road; $12,000 arising from the interest thereon, has been paid to the State; that the company owes interest on the $400,000 in bonds from January 1, 1869, to the present time; that fifteen miles of said road is graded, five miles ironed, and two bridges completed; that the road is thirty and a half miles long, and construction so far has cost $10,000 per mile. In conclusion the report says:

"The committee would respectfully submit that it is clearly evident that the Executive of this State, in issuing the bonds to said road, has construed the various acts appropriating to the same as not being affected by the various conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by the internal improvement laws of the State, and the construction placed upon said acts by the Governor, if correct, can only the more forcibly illustrate how unwise has been the policy that departed from the rule laid down by the Legislature that first enacted a law authorising the issuance of bonds to railroads. The committee would respectfully suggest that it is highly important that some action be taken by the Legislature to stop, if possible, the accumulation of interest on so large a number of bonds for which the State has so little security, every year increasing the debt of said road $24,000 by interest."

KNOXVILLE AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

The report of the committee relative to the condition of the Knoxville and Charleston railroad was also received and ordered to be transmitted to the House. The report shows that 710 State bonds—$1000 each—have been issued to said road, most of which have, in disregard of law, been sold for less than their par value; that all its property is worth about $574,250—$135,745 less than the principal debt of the State. The committee recommend such legislation as may be best deemed to secure the State against the danger of further loss.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Good Thing for Tax-Payers---A Joke on Railway Managers---Secretary Fletcher Gone to Grass--Loafers Caught at Last--Fraternal Fortunes of John Happy---Tinkering at the New Constitution---How Many will go Crazy?

NASHVILLE, May 24.—The Senate had under discussion much of the day the bill permitting husband or wife, when one or the other becomes insane, to have the power to obtain a divorce, which was under consideration when the Senate adjourned.

The House proceeded to elect an assistant clerk, caused by the resignation of Colonel Renny. Roberts, Shelton and Hughes were put in nomination. On the second ballot Clay Roberts received 41 votes and was declared elected. Hughes received 25 and Shelton 10 votes.

Bills on third reading—Bill allowing tax collectors and revenue collectors to receive Comptroller's warrants for taxes due, passed. Bill regulating freights on railroads, and preventing discrimination in transportation by railroad agents, passed. Bill establishing a county workhouse in each of the counties of the State, making petit larceny all under $50, and authorizing county courts to hire such convicts, passed; but was reconsidered and referred for amendments.

Secretary Fletcher has left for Meadow Bend.

By a resolution, a committee was appointed to hunt up the laws overlooked and not published, through some clerical mistake, of the last session.

Blackburn, late Comptroller, has petitioned the Legislature for $5000 for money he had expended for clerk hire. Referred.

Mr. Lackey offered a bill repealing the law declaring Hatchie river navigable. Passed first reading.

Mr. Townsend offered a bill authorizing judges to have lists of cases published for trial. Passed first reading.

Also, a bill to establish a Probate Court in Shelby county.

A bill was introduced to-day to dispose of the proceeds of the sixteenth section of the school lands.

Propositions will be introduced in a day or two to amend the new Constitution, making the executive officers and chancery clerks elective by the people, and abrogating the poll tax provision on the elective franchise.

FOREIGN SUMMARY.

The Greek Brigands.

ATHENS, May 24.—The remainder of the brigands were tried yesterday, and all seven sentenced to death.

The Christian Conference.

LONDON, May 24.—The Lord Mayor urges that the invitation to attend the American Christian Conference be answered in the name of the people of England.

Marauders in Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 24.—Fifteen marauders descended from the mountains upon some shepherds in the valley of Thessalia, killing three herdsmen and driving off their flocks. Turkish troops pursued the outlaws, who escaped.

Another Fenian to the Front.

ST. PAUL, May 24.—Fenian General Morgan left the city this morning for Duluth.

Fenian Plottings.

ST. PAUL, May 24.—A Fenian Council, composed of some twenty Centers, has been in session here for some days. The greatest secrecy is maintained in regard to their action.

Democracy Moving.

COLUMBUS, O., May 24.—The Democratic Committee of the Seventh Congressional District met to-day to fix the time for the Convention. It was decided to hold it June 4, at London, Ohio.

Fenians on a Tare.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, May 24.—The 10:50 express train on the Lake Shore road took out a large body of Fenians from Cleveland last evening in special cars going east. The men were apparently unarmed.

Having a High Old Time.

HAMILTON, OHIO, May 24.—The train of Pullman cars from Boston, with the Boston Board of Trade excursionists on board, bound for California, passed here at six o'clock this morning, going at the rate of fifty miles an hour. The passengers were breakfasting and reading the *Trans-Continental*, the morning paper published on board the train.

Fearful Smash-up.

LANCASTER, PA., May 24.—A Philadelphia express train going east this morning plunged into an emigrant train going west, which was standing at Leaman Place. The switch connecting two tracks had been left open by neglect of the conductor of some freight train which had passed over the road during the night, and the express train, at a sharp speed, was thus led from its own track directly against the locomotive of the emigrant train. The only person killed was the brakeman on the express train, Thomas Swayne, of Philadelphia, who died at his post of duty. A German emigrant was injured. The express, baggage and mail cars were tossed across the track, and all the inmates escaped by jumping off.

Frightful Tempest.

LANSING, IOWA, May 24.—The most terrific storm of rain and hail ever known in this part of the country passed through a portion of Allamake county on Saturday afternoon, leaving in its wake a scene of terrific devastation. Numberless hogs and cattle were killed, fruit trees and crops damaged to a considerable extent, windows shattered, buildings blown down, fences prostrated and other damages done. Many farmers will be obliged to replant almost their entire crops. The storm passed from northwest to southeast, spreading over an area of twenty-six miles in width. It is reported that several persons were killed in different parts of the county.

Indian Depredators.

CHICAGO, May 24.—News was received in this city to-day that the Indians who made a recent attack on white men along the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, had crossed the Union Pacific road at Antelope station on their way north. Several parties of troops are in pursuit of the savages. The military authorities seem confident that they will be soon overtaken and punished. The party of Indians numbers about sixty. A dispatch from General Hancock, who arrived at Fort Randall, Dakota, a few days ago, on a tour of inspection, states that preparations are being rapidly made for a better defense of that country against Indian depredations, by a judicious disposition of troops. There will be no serious collision between the troops and savages at present.

Missouri Republican in Flames.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—The office of the Missouri *Republican* took fire about eight o'clock this evening, and from present appearances will be entirely destroyed, as well as the whole block. The streets are full of people. The whole eastern part of the city is lit up. The flames spread very rapidly, and the fire department could do little to check them.

TERRORS OF THE CONFLAGRATION.

Midnight.—The *Republican* office building, stock and fixtures, are a total loss. They are partly covered by insurance, but to what amount it is impossible to ascertain at this time. Through the efforts of the fire department the fire was mainly confined to that office, with the exception of a cigar and tobacco factory adjoining, which was also consumed.

The damage by water to buildings and stock in the neighborhood was considerable. The fire was first discovered by the police, who notified the compositors in the office, who had not a minute to lose, so rapid was the progress of the fire upon the front wall of the *Republican* building.

The Fenians Mean Business.

NEW YORK, May 24.—It is reported this evening that two strong Fenian bodies are marching simultaneously one to the Red river country and the other toward the Dominion. General Spears is in command on the Canadian border just now, but the precise location of O'Neil is kept a profound secret. The Secretary was busily engaged in receiving and answering dispatches.

Last night there was a private meeting, at Headquarters, of ex-Federal and Confederate officers, who have all commands in the Fenian army. All the arms have long since been forwarded to convenient points along the border, so as to obviate the necessity of carrying them with the moving troops. The United States Government has stopped the trains for a certain length of time, but the men will find other means of transportation. The Fenian army will subsist on Canadian farms until the Government storehouses are captured. There was a considerable stir at the Headquarters of the organization, under command of Savage, to-day.

New York city alone is to furnish a contingent of 25,000 men. Squads of men have left by all the trains to-day on the Hudson River Railroad. They don't travel in a body; each man purchases his own ticket, and maintains strict secrecy.

Gustavus A. Henry.

The appended dispatch will give a share of satisfaction to the extent that furnishes a hope that the Hon. Gustavus A. Henry may yet be restored to health:

CLARKSVILLE, May 24, 1870.

D. Cockrell:

My father is probably a little better today. P. HENRY.

Alarm in Canada.

DETROIT, May 24.—Advices from Sault Ste Marie state that the American commander has notified Colonel Bolton that a number of suspicious characters have passed through the canal, and consequently the guard has been doubled. There is great consternation in consequence of the intended invasion and attack, and the volunteers are kept in readiness.

What is Needed Along the Mississippi.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 24.—The Miami and Erie Canal is being inspected by the Board of Public Works of the State, with reference to opening the same to a sufficient depth for ship navigation. The project is deemed feasible. It is understood that capitalists will make an effort to accomplish the improvement within the present year.

Resurrection.

LA CROSSE, WIS., May 24.—The body of one of the deck hands of the steamer War Eagle, recently burned here, was found yesterday evening about half a mile below here nearly a mile from the scene of the disaster. Preparations are being made to raise the hull of the War Eagle.

The Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company are building a new depot on the site of the one burned.

Honor to the Queen.

ST. PAUL, May 24.—The Red River *New Nation* of the 6th of May is received. It announces the receipt of favorable news from the delegates sent recently to Ottowa to arrange terms with Canada. Peace prevails in the settlement and business is brightening up under fair auspices. No trouble from the Indian tribes is anticipated. Preparations are being made for a grand celebration at Winnipeg on the 24th of May, being the Queen's birthday.

Fenian Troubles.

CHICAGO, May 24.—The Fenians of this city are not in favor of the movement on Canada, about which there has been so much excitement, but will render all the assistance in their power. If O'Neil is at all successful they have fourteen hundred stand of arms, breech loaders, in this city, and more than enough men to shoulder them and march to the front.

Monsieur Perault, the Red River emissary to Gen. O'Neil, left town en route eastward to join the Fenian raiders.

Perault expressed himself much disgusted and dispirited by the shifting policy of O'Neil. The latter had appointed a meeting in this city, but Perault yesterday received dispatches from O'Neil requesting an interview at Buffalo.

MARKETS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

New York.

NEW YORK, WALL STREET, May 24, 5 p.m.—Money very easy through the day at 3@5 on call. The supply of capital seeking temporary investment is largely in excess of the demand. Prime business notes are active, and wanted at 6@7 per cent. Exchange firmer; advanced to 109¼ on 60 day bills, and 109½ for commercial bills. It is probable that a Canard packet to-morrow will take further instalments of bars and silver. Gold firmer, 114½@114¾. Rates 1½, 2, 2¼ and 3¼. Governments firm, and few offerings. Southerns quiet and firm; Tennessee 6s, ex-coupons, 68¼@68¾; new, 55¼@55¾; levees 6s, 71½@75½; 6s, 52@61; Arkansas 7s, 75½@76; Alabama 8s, 101¼@102½; Union Pacific, 45¾@47¼; income 87¼@87¾; land grant, 76¼@76¾; 1st mortgage 88@89¼; Central, 83¼@86¼. Stocks active and strong; highest prices of the day made at the advance was equal to 1@3 per cent, on the extreme low prices of yesterday; the most active and strongest were Lake Shore, Pacific Central, Reading, Rock Island, St. Paul, Northwestern and Ohio and Mississippi.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 24.—Bagging active and upward tendency, 29c. Cotton weak and inactive; small sale of middlings at 21½c. Flour—Family firm; extra family, $5 25. Corn fair; $1 20 for choice shelled in sacks. Wheat steady; $1 08@1 20 for red and white. Rye firm at 91. Oats firm at 56c. Barley and malt unchanged. Groceries firm at yesterday's quotations. Hay, choice timothy delivered at depot, $19 50. Provisions very quiet; mess pork, $29 50. Bacon—shoulders, 15½c; clear rib, 17c; clear sides, 18½c. Hams steady, 10½@21½c. Lard quiet, 16@19½c. Sugar firm; common, 8½@9½; prime, 11@11½c. Molasses quiet but firm; fermenting, 60@70c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 24.—Provisions easier; Pork $29 75. Lard, 16½@16c. Meats ½c lower. Bulk shoulders, 11½c; sides, 13½c; clear rib, 15½c; clear, 15½c; held at ½@¼c above. Bacon—shoulders nominal at 13½c; sides 15@17½c for shoulders, clear rib and clear, 18@18½@20c. Flour dull and lower; sales of extras at $5; family, $5 30@5 40; choice trade brands, $5 60@5 62; extra medium, $5 30@5 15; supers, $4 50; low grades, $3 90@4 40. Wheat quiet; white firm; sales of fall at $1 25; red dull, $1 10@1 12. Corn active; sales of inferior ear at 80c; sound mixed, 65@67c; shelled in bags $1 05@1 08. Oats quiet, no change. Rye, 86c. Barley nominal. Hay, $16@17; $13 50 for common. Bran, $13 50@19. Butter dull, 20@22c. Cheese, 12½@13c. Eggs, 12½@13c. Linseed oil, $1 00@1 07. Lard oil, $1 20@1 27. Whisky, $1 00@1 08. Cotton, 22@22½c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—Flour dull at $4 15@4 25 for fall superfine. Wheat slightly firmer at 93@98 for No. 2. Corn demoralized; accurate quotations cannot be given. Oats dull and lower; 60c offered, and 61@62c asked for red. Rye and Barley, nothing doing. Whisky dull at $1 08. Provisions weak and declining. Pork, $29 75@30. Bacon, 14@15c lower, with sales at about yesterday's quotations. Lard dull; sales of half bbls of choice kettle at 16½c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 24.—Flour firm and quiet. Wheat, 1@2c better; amber, $1 16; red, $1 18. Corn, 58c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—Cotton, 10¼@11¼d. Wheat advanced. Corn, 2s. Receipts of wheat for three days, 12,500 quarter, nearly all American. Pork, 102s 6d. Bacon, 58s 6d. Lard, 68s 6d. Tallow, 44s.

DIED.

WHITE—Yesterday morning, May 24, 1870, at 6½ o'clock, CHARLIE W., infant son of William H. and Katie White, aged twenty-two months and seven days.

Calm on the bosom of my God,
Young spirit! rest thee now,
Even while with us thy footsteps trod,
His seal was on thy brow.

Dust, to its narrow house beneath!
Soul to its place on high!
They that have seen thy look in death,
No more may fear to die.

Lone are the paths, and sad the bowers,
Whence thy meek smile is gone;
But, oh!—a brighter home than ours,
In heaven is now thine own.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from their residence, corner Marshall avenue and Madison street, this (WEDNESDAY) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Louisville papers please copy.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BACQUET—The friends and acquaintances of M. L. Bacquet are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of MRS. ELIZABETH L. BACQUET, his wife, this (WEDNESDAY) afternoon, May 25th, at 1 o'clock, from his residence, on Pigeon Roost road, 4½ miles from Memphis.

An Old Fallacy Exploded.---Thirty or forty yearr ago, it was the fashion to administer powerful purgatives as "spring medicines." Terrific doses of salt and senna, calomel and jalap, or glauber salts were given to all the members of a family, whether sick or well, by way of preparing them for the warm weather in prospect. This pernicious custom is nearly obsolete, but there are some old Bourbons of private life, incapable alike of forgetting anything or learning anything, who obstinately cling to it still. Nothing could be more pernicious, more utterly unphilosophical, than such an onslaught on the vigor and elasticity of the system. In order to enable the physical structures to resist the enervating effects of spring damps and summer heats, it should be toned and reinforced, not relaxed and weakened. The best medicine agent for this purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Its effect is to tone the stomach and liver, gently relieve the bowels from obstructions, brace the nerves, improve the quality of the blood, stimulate the appetite and cheer the spirits. In this improved condition the organization is capable of resisting unhealthy influences, which would prostrate an enfeebled system. A vigorous digestion is absolutely essential to health, and there is no danger of the stomach faltering or failing in its important office if this genial vegetable elixir is taken regularly as a stomachic. None of the tonic tinctures or extracts will supply the place of the Bitters, for the simple reason that they operate as astringents only. In fact, in ordinary practice, five or six prescriptions would be required to produce separately the beneficial results, which are effected simultaneously and harmoniously by this single specific.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE following articles are in my possession, and can be had by the owners by proving property:

One lot of Overcoats,
One lot of Clothing,
One Trunk and Contents,
One box Tobacco.

my25 T. W. O'DONNELL, Chief Police.

MASONIC NOTICE

A SPECIAL communication of DeSoto Lodge No. 299, will be held this (WEDNESDAY) Evening, 25th inst., at 8 o'clock, for work in the F. C. degree.

All F. C.'s are fraternally invited.

By order of JOHN D. BEAIRD, W. M.
R. W. SHELTON, Secretary. my25

MASONIC BOARD OF RELIEF.

YOU are hereby ordered to attend a meeting of the Board of Relief on WEDNESDAY evening, at five o'clock, at the office of Messrs. Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., Front street. The committees appointed by the different Lodges will please attend, as business of importance will be brought before the Board. J. S. MARTIN, Secretary. m24

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL.

THIS splendid hotel, for the accommodation of invalids and seekers of pleasure, is now open for the season, by the undersigned, and every arrangement made to give the most complete satisfaction to all who may favor us with a visit.

A FINE BAND OF MUSIC

Will be kept constantly on hand during the watering season.

The Charges