THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1870. VOL. 30. NO.-210

MISSISSIPPI.

The *Eye of Mississippi* has winked out. Mansfield & Higbee are the principal local editors of the Tallahatie *News*.

It will cost $70,000 to repair the Capitol. Alcorn's chebang has just cost $25,000.

Two negroes in Adams quarreled about a dog, and one of them quit talking forever.

Douglas Walworth again assumes charge of the Natchez *Courier*, J. S. King retiring.

Turner, who recently turned over to Republicanism, is at length turned under. He "flopped."

Chicago dead-beats, the Goodman *Star* says, are traveling over the State plundering and defrauding those in want of laborers.

Mr. Simonds, on behalf of the N. O. and J. Railroad, has given notice that the case will be appealed to the Supreme Court.

The Oxford *Falcon* says that Stearns, of Iowa, has been appointed Chancellor of that District. Wm. A. West, Sheriff, is highly approved.

In Rodney recently, a man was detected in the act of setting fire to his store. He was crazy enough, perhaps, to hold a policy of insurance.

It costs one cent per pound to ship cotton from Columbus, over the Mobile and Ohio railroad to Mobile, 225 miles. So says the Columbus *Democrat*.

Messrs. Shands & Ferguson announce themselves in the last number of the Senatobia *Times*, as its editors, and will run the paper in the support of the Democratic party.

The editor of the Macon *Beacon* has had his pistol stolen by a Fifteenth Amendment. He proposes to give the thief the contents and no questions asked, for the safe return of the stolen property.

The Alabama and Chattanooga railroad will be completed and running from Chattanooga to Meridian within six months, say by the first of January, 1871. It is now progressing at the rate of one mile per day.

A Mr. Garrett, of Port Gibson, claims to have made a discovery by which the caterpillar, army worm, boll worm, and such other insects as have heretofore been so destructive to the cotton plant throughout the South, can be exterminated.

Revels has a brother in Nashville practicing medicine among the negroes. He used to peddle nostrums among the negroes in this city. We thought he went to Mississippi. Or is the negro Senator the Memphis doctor?

The Meridian *Gazette* says: "Rails, spikes and fish bars come in almost daily for the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, via Charleston. A large quantity of English iron has just reached Mobile for this road. It will be "boated" to Tuskaloosa at once."

A Mississippi paper approves this Texas platform: "State Sovereignty! White Supremacy! Repeal of the Fifteenth Amendment! Repudiation of the National Debt! A Republican form of Government and Suffrage for all! A Tariff for Revenue only!" This is going the whole porker.

The Scooba *Spectator* condemns the Mobile and Ohio railroad for giving free passes to the Legislature, and refusing them to editors and ministers. What more or less could be expected of a corporation? It has no soul. It can buy the Legislature, but not an editor.

The discussion of the value of Stanton's Chattanooga and New Orleans road leads us to furnish the appended table of distances, which are very nearly accurate:

	Miles.
From Chattanooga to Memphis	300
From Chattanooga to Little Rock	440
From Chattanooga (through Memphis) to San Diego	2300
From Chattanooga to Mobile	420
From Chattanooga to Pensacola	420
From Chattanooga to Vicksburg	440
From Chattanooga to New Orleans	483
From Chattanooga to New York	850
From Chattanooga to Montgomery	240
From Chattanooga to Selma	225
From Chattanooga to San Diego, Cal.	2060
From Chattanooga to Norfolk	650
From Chattanooga to Meridian	300

STOKES ON DISABILITIES.

The Redoubtable Champion of Tennessee Radicalism Tells Why he Offered his General Amnesty Bill

WASHINGTON, June 20, 1870.

Lieutenant A. A. Carter:

My Dear Sir: Yours, of the 16th, is received. I am always glad to hear from you.

I expected there would be all sorts of speculation in regard to the bill which I introduced last Monday. The purpose of the bill was to relieve every man of all disabilities. I replied to "Ward's question" if that bill would not relieve "Jeff. Davis." Yes, it made a clean sweep.

I am sorry to learn that some persons are charging me with selling out to the "Democracy." This, sir, is a grand mistake, and a great injustice to me. Never, no, never, will I join with the "Democrats."

I may do many other things by some considered worse, but being so well acquainted with the doings of the leaders of that wicked old party, I am compelled to shy clear of it "like a blind horse passing a slaughter pen;" "for I know there is some rottenness about that establishment;" as you very truthfully said in your letter, that I had laid before the Committee on Reconstruction, all the facts in regard to the overthrow of our State government, showing the cause, the means used, how, when and by whom. After doing all this, the consideration of the case has been postponed until the next session of Congress. This I contend, is due to the people, not that I would have them declare the present State government null and void, without a good and just cause, but decisive and final action should have been had, so that our people, of all parties, would know exactly what to depend upon, and what course to pursue in the future. This much was due us, to say the least.

Under the present Constitution of our State, all males over twenty-one years of age are entitled to vote, and in consideration of that fact, all should be eligible to hold office, should the present Government remain in force. This, you know, is no new doctrine with me. I have always held, that if a man was qualified to vote, he was qualified to hold office, and he should not be debarred from it.

Again, I do not see the ground or reason for so much speculation in regard to my motives; for it is well known, from one end of the State to the other, to every man, woman and child, who has heard me on the stand, in private conversation, or in print has read my opinions ever since the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, knows I have been in favor of relieving every man of his disabilities when applying to have them removed, and in this I have not failed or refused in a single instance.

I have, during the present session, presented a bill to the House every Monday, with scarcely an exception, for the last five months, containing from five to twenty names, and have proclaimed on the floor that I was ready and willing to relieve all who desired it. After having presented bill after bill every Monday containing the names of so many of the leaders, it occurs to me that it would seem but natural for a man situated as I am, to endeavor to make one bill answer for all, and thereby save paper, ink, time and further trouble. In a word, if you refuse to let a man vote, you can very properly say he shall not hold office; but if you declare he may vote, you cannot consistently say he shall not hold office. As I said before, this is no new doctrine with me. I took this ground in the canvass of 1865, when my opponents said, "Let all vote, but not hold office." I contended if a man was a voter, he should be also able to hold office. But, says some, it will let in such men as Lee, Davis, Harris, Toombs, and other leaders. Well, suppose it does, where is the wrong? Has not the Government had Jeff. Davis in hand five long years? Have they proved him guilty of a single thing, except having on his wife's petticoat or dress when he was captured? Did not the President offer a reward of one hundred thousand dollars for his arrest? Was I not a member of the committee that divided the money between the two regiments that captured him? One hundred thousand dollars of the people's money paid to capture this great criminal, and yet no proof of his having committed treason, high crimes, or misdemeanors. Nothing positive against him except as above stated.

As for Gen. Lee, I would ask, would not a thousand men in the rebel army have been proud of and accepted the position of Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate forces.

Gen. Grant said to President Johnson, when he wanted to arrest and try him: "You must let Gen. Lee alone; you can't try or hurt him while he observes his parole."

They say, also, there is that great traitor, Bob Toombs, are you going to let him in? Yes, let him in; perhaps Ackerman, the new Attorney General, may need his assistance, and as he had once given Ackerman a place on his staff it would seem but natural that such a turn about would be but fair play.

Now, sir, you can see the motives that have actuated me. There has been and will be no inconsistency in my course. I have proclaimed from every stump that I was in favor of relieving every man, if he would simply signify his desire to have his disabilities removed. Under those circumstances if they were all to sign the same petition, I would be compelled to grant their relief, or falsify my former pledges.

Now, sir, there is another point gained if we make a clean sweep. That is, you narrow the thing down to two parties, the Republican and the old Democratic. The former would put forward their truest and best men; the latter would of course do the same. There would be no middle, or milk and cider men. They would stand no chance. To illustrate: Suppose there is a clean sweep and all relieved. Dorsey B. Thomas and Col. Witthorne are candidates for Congress—a Republican steps out—Dorsey would have to throw up the sponge or the Republican would step in. Of course Dorsey could have no show against Witthorne, for Col. W. was a true and tried rebel soldier and a Democrat, while Dorsey was neither. This is as it should be, for I tell you in all candor that I would prefer to be represented in Congress by a straight-out ex-rebel soldier than a quasi Union man and mischief maker like Dorsey and others of the same stripe.

* * * * *

In conclusion, I will state that I shall introduce to-morrow another bill with four (4) classes excepted, and if that fails I will then try to press one through to relieve every man in my own Congressional district, so as to let on the track Savage, Gardenhire, Dibbrell, Colmes, Murray and others, and then for a jolly time.

After asking your pardon for the length of this letter, I am truly your friend, W. B. STOKES.

P. S.—Since writing the above, the Reconstruction Committee, through their chairman, introduced a general bill, with only two or three classes excepted, which saved me the trouble of presenting a second bill, as indicated above. Whether the course being pursued by me waked up the committee or not, it is a fact they have been from some cause induced to move, and I trust the movement may prove successful, and thereupon "let us have peace." W. B. STOKES.

*Which exception was a lie.

DEMOCRATIC.

Address of the Democratic Senators and Members of Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Democratic Senators and members in Congress, at a caucus held last night, agreed upon an address, which was to-day signed and issued, as follows:

To our Fellow-citizens of the United States, Friends of Constitutional, Economical and Honest Government: The undersigned beg leave to call your attention to the peculiar importance of the elections which take place this year, and respectfully to submit suggestions for your consideration. By the State Legislatures to be elected nearly one-third of the United States Senate will be chosen, and nearly all the members of the next House of Representatives are to be elected next fall. Upon the coming elections, then, depends the question whether the Democratic and Conservative element in the Senate shall be increased, and whether that element shall have a majority of Representatives in the House of Representatives, and as a consequence whether we shall have a constitutional, economical and honest Government, or a continuance of revolutionary, extravagant and willful partisan rule; whether we shall have a general, uniform, just and constitutional legislation, with reasonable taxation and frugal expenditure, or an unconstitutional, partial, unjust and class legislation, with oppressive and unequal taxation and wasteful expenditure. That we have strong reasons to hope for a favorable result is plainly apparent. The elections already held clearly show that the tide of reform has set in with a power that can't be resisted. Let no blunders be committed by the friends of reform. If they do their duty and act wisely, if they throw off all apathy and act with vigor and steadfastness, there is every reason to hope their efforts will be rewarded by success. Let there be no dissensions about minor matters; no time lost in the discussion of dead wants; no manifestation of narrow or proscriptive feeling; no sacrifice of the cause to gratify personal ambition or resentment; and let the best men be chosen for candidates, and we may hope to see our country red[illegible] from misrule. And in the [illegible] beg leave to say a w[illegible] citizens of the Southern [illegible] not risk the loss of Senators or Representatives by electing men who cannot take the test oath, or who are under the disability imposed by the Fifteenth Amendment. Whatever may be said as to the validity of that amendment, or of the test oath act, you may rest assured that Senators elected by the votes of members of the Legislatures who are held by the Radicals to be thus disqualified, will not be permitted to take their seats, and that the members of the House of Representatives thus disqualified will also be excluded. It is the plainest dictate of practical wisdom not to incur any such risks. We hope soon to see the day when all disabilities will be removed, but in the meantime we entreat you, do not lose the opportunity to strengthen the Democratic and conservative force in Congress, and the possibility, nay, probability, of obtaining a majority in the next House of Representatives, by putting it in the power of our adversaries to overthrow and disregard your elections.

Signed by the following Senators and members of Congress:

A G Thurman, of Ohio,	James B Beck, Ky,
Wm T Hamilton, Md,	C W Potter, N Y,
John B Johnston, Va,	S Hambleton, Md,
Garrett Davis, Ky,	J Proctor Knott, Ky,
Geo Vickers, Md,	S S Cox, N Y,
John H Stockton, N J,	Charles Haight, N J,
T F Bayard, Del,	S S Newhall, Ill,
E Casserly, Cal,	S L Mayham, N Y,
Thos C McCreery, Ky,	John Morrissey, N Y,
Willard Saulsbury, Del,	John Fox, N Y,
D S Norton, Minn,	Wm S Holman, Ind,
Sam J Randall, Pa,	M C Kerr, Ind,
Geo W Woodward, Pa,	D M Vansanken, Pa,
P Van Trump, Ohio,	James Brooks, N Y,
Stephen Archer, Md,	Albert G Burr, Ill,
R J Haldeman, Pa,	Wm Mengen, Ohio,
John D Stiles, Pa,	D W Voorhees, Ind,
J Lawrence Getz, Pa,	Peter M Dox, Ala,
J S McCormick, Mo,	Hervey C Calkin, N Y,
Boyd Winchester, Ky,	W C Sherrod, Ala,
W E Niblack, Ind,	J C Schumaker, N Y,
O Cleveland, N J,	Wm H Barnum, Conn,
Jno A Griswold, N J,	Thos L Jones, Ky,
Fernando Wood, N Y,	J C Connor, Texas,
E M Wilson, Minn,	W N Sweeny, Ky,
J S Smith, Oregon,	J H Lewis, Ky,
E F Dickson, Ohio,	L S Trimble, Ky,
Geo W Morgan, Ohio,	Jno T Bird, N J
Peter W Strader, Ohio,	Thomas Swan, Md,
H W Slocum, N Y,	Jno M Rice, Ky,
Jno M Crebs, Ill,	Sam B Axtell, Cal,
T S McNeely, Ill,	Chas A Eldridge, Wis,
Patrick Hamill, Md,	G M Adams, Ky,
Erastus Wells, Mo,	J M Cavanaugh, Mon,
J A Johnson, Cal,	J K Shaffer, Idaho,
H A Reeves, N Y,	S T Nuckolls, Wyom'g,
B T Biggs, Del,	A A C Rogers, Ark,

At an adjournment of the caucus of the Democratic and Conservative Senators and Representatives the following Democratic and Conservative campaign committee was selected, to consist of two Senators at large and one Representative from each State represented in the Senate and House by Democratic and Conservative members. This committee have power given them to appoint a Democratic and Conservative resident committee, to consist in part of their own members, together with citizens of the city to the number that may be hereafter agreed upon. The following is the Democratic Congressional Committee:

Eugene Casserly, Cal,	Boyd Winchester, Ky.,
J. P. Stockton, N. Y.,	C. A. Sharp, Tenn.,
W. H. Barnum, Con.,	Erastus Wells, Mo.,
H. F. Slocum, N. Y.,	C. A. Eldridge, Wis.,
John F. Byrd, N. Y.,	E. M. Wilson, Min.,
S. J. Randall, Pa.,	J. S. Smith, Oregon,
Ben. T. Biggs, Del.,	J. A. Johnson, Cal.,
Fred. Stone, Md.,	A. A. C. Rogers, Ark.,
J. W. Johnston, Va.,	J. C. Conner, Texas,
F. E. Schober, N. C.,	P. M. B. Young, Ga.
P. Van Trump, Ohio,	not selected from Ala.,
Wm. E. Niblack, Ia.	Adolph Bailey, La.
A. G. Burr, Illinois,	

CINCINNATI.

Merchants Here Should Read---Freights to be Regulated.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—The New Orleans firemen spent to-day riding about the city and suburbs, and visiting. Nothing of a public nature occurred, though they have been treated with much attention by the officials and private citizens. They express themselves highly pleased with their reception here. They will leave to-night at 9:45 on the railway in a splendid train, and will go directly through to Jersey City, spending one day there, and reaching Philadelphia on Thursday.

The directors of the Board of Trade to-day decided, as soon as certain conditions regarding membership are complied with, to establish a freight depot in the Board for the purpose of obtaining cheap transportation. The proposition substantially contemplates the establishment of a freight agency in the Board, with such arrangements with boats and roads as will enable them to adopt a regular system of rates.

The weather again is intensely hot; the temperature this evening at six o'clock being 92 degrees. There were a number of cases of prostration from heat during the past few days, and a few deaths. There is an unusual number of deaths from drowning.

Glorious News for Fremont and the South.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, June 28.—The Southern Pacific Railroad bill was passed by the Legislature.

NASHVILLE.

A. J. Fletcher in Hot Water—Shelby's Partridges—Dr. Christian Honored—Probate Candidates all Right.

Special to MEMPHIS APPEAL.]

NASHVILLE, June 28.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Slaughter, from the select committee to investigate charges implying a want of official integrity on the part of A. J. Fletcher, late Secretary of State, especially as relating to the disposition made of the Agricultural College scrip, submitted a lengthy report sustaining the allegations. The report was read, and on motion of Mr. Luttrell, 500 copies ordered printed for use of the Senate.

House resolution to appoint a committee of the General Assembly to superintend the canceling of coupons now in possession of the State Treasurer, was so amended as to add the Comptroller to the joint committee, and the resolution adopted.

House resolution calling for a report from the Board of Commissioners in reference to the school fund received in 1867-68, 69, was concurred in after being so amended as to require the report to be made at the next meeting of the General Assembly.

Resolution directing the Comptroller of the Treasury to make advertisement relative to bonds of State illegally used to railroad companies, was adopted.

The House bills to prevent a conflict of jurisdiction between judges, passed its first reading.

The House bills thus disposed of: To define the rights and liabilities of commission merchants. Rejected.

To protect game in Fayette county, rejected.

To fix a time for holding Chancery Court, indefinitely postponed.

To protect game in Shelby county. Passed.

To amend an act establishing the county of Christiana. Passed, after being so amended, on motion of Mr. Huttesill, as to change the name of the new county to London.

The bill regulating marriage licenses was amended so as to make the tax one dollar, and passed.

Senate bills on third reading:

To direct the Attorney General to bring suits in Chancery against defaulting officers and owners of railroads. Passed.

To direct the Attorney General to bring suits in the Davidson county Chancery Court against the officers and owners of the Tennessee and Pacific railroad. Passed.

Mr. Etheridge entered a motion to reconsider the vote adopting the resolution providing for the adjournment of the General Assembly on the 11th of July to the first Monday in December.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nominations by the Governor of the following railroad directors for the State: For the Mobile and Ohio railroad, H. T. Grisby, of Gibson; for the Knoxville and Kentucky road, George Brown, of Knox.

House bill to establish Probate Court of Shelby has passed three readings in each House, after being so amended that the Clerk of the County Court shall also be Clerk of the Probate Court. The qualifications and term of office of its Judge shall be the same as those of Circuit Judges. The court to have original jurisdiction in all matters of probate and transaction of business relating to the estate of orphans, and control all subjects and powers mentioned in sections 4201, 4203, 4204, 4205 and 4208 of code, and concurrent jurisdiction with the Chancery Court over persons and estates of idiots, lunatics, and all persons of unsound mind, and of [illegible] revenue of the State by taxing whisky two dollars per gallon.

House bills on third reading were disposed of as follows:

To punish the crime of rape with death. Rejected, ayes, 33; nays, 29.

Requiring County Registers to keep an index. Passed.

To grant further time to certain tax collectors who were in office before. Passed.

To equalize the rights of creditors. Rejected.

To index and point the Constitution of the State. Rejected.

To amend the revenue laws in relation to clerks, courts and magistrates making monthly reports. Passed.

To amend an act in relation to Hampton Sidney Academy. Passed.

To protect hired laborers. Rejected.

House bill fixing rate of taxation at thirty cents on every one hundred dollars was taken up; it failed of passing on last Saturday for lack of a quorum. The bill passed its third reading—ayes, 47, nays, 20.

PITTSBURG.

A Prescottry on Fire--An Oleaginous Conflagration.

PITTSBURG, June 28.—The most disastrous oil fire which ever occurred in this city is now raging near Sharpsburg Bridge, 18th ward, at 3 o'clock p.m.

During the terrible rain storm, in which houses were blown down and trees uprooted a 20,000 barrel tank, belonging to the Eclipse Refinery, Dr. Tweddle principal owner, was struck by lightning. Another tank, belonging to the Citizens' Refinery, was struck at the same time as the Eclipse tank, and instantly exploded, burning oil running toward the river, burning all their buildings, including Dr. Tweddle's house, fire setting to Sharpsburg bridge, which totally destroyed the Citizens' Refinery, one tank crude and a warehouse burned; Forsythe Bros. 1 tank three thousand barrels crude belonging to the Astral; John B. Bell & Son's buildings, etc.; Anchor Works; Dilworth Bros., one tank; Crude National Refinery and Storing company, bleaching-house and agitator; Allegheny Valley railroad company, ten cars of crude oil, with a loss in oil of $6000 and in cars of $8000, and the Sharpsburg bridge, which was insured for $40,000. Estimated losses of citizens, $20,000; fully insured. Eclipse buildings, $150,000; oil, $80,000; machinery, etc., $60,000; insured in Eastern companies. Swearingert & McCandless' agency for Forsythe Bros., $15,000; no insurance. Astral works, $40,000; but little insurance, and the works were not in operation. Anchor $12,000. National, 15,000; partially insured. The total loss is probably $500,000. Henry Foster, brother of the late Stephen C. Foster, clerk at the Eclipse, was burned to death. Vol Halley was injured, but not fatally.

Canadian Troubles—How to Settle Them.

OTTAWA, June 28.—The delegates from British Columbia have received from the Dominion Government the terms upon which it is proposed to treat with the Governor and the Council of that Colony for its entrance into the Canadian Union. Canada is to assume the debts and liabilities of the British Columbian population. The limit for the purpose of financial arrangements is fixed at $100,000. The annual grant for the support of the local Government and Legislature of British Columbia is to be $35,000.

A regular steam communication between Victoria and San Francisco is to be maintained fortnightly by two British steamers. The dominion Government will guarantee the construction, as early as practicable, of a railroad across the continent.

British Columbia is to be represented in the House of Commons by six representatives and three senators. The government will guarantee all public officers appointed to carry out the new government to be in every way acceptable to the people of British Columbia; the tariff of the Dominion to be extended over the colony, and the present tariff of British Columbia discontinued. The terms also refer to the extension of the postal service, protection of the fisheries, etc.

Spanish Barbarities.

HAVANA, June 28.—Gonzales Jance, an insurgent leader who surrendered some time ago to the Spanish authorities at Villa Clara, and was pardoned by the Government, was tried and convicted last week for crimes committed while a rebel leader, and executed this morning.

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI.

Bill Requiring Foreign Insurance Companies to Make Deposits Killed---School Bill and Railroad Measure.

Special to the MEMPHIS APPEAL.]

JACKSON, MISS., June 28.—In the Senate a substitute was adopted for the fifty-first section of the School bill, which provides for separate schools. The substitute is substantially the same as the original bill that passed the House.

The Governor's veto of the General Railroad bill was referred to a Special Committee of five, with instructions to report at an early day.

The bill which requires insurance companies doing business in this State to make a deposit in the State was taken up and killed.

FOREIGN SUMMARY.

Prim Travels.

MADRID, June 28.—General Prim has gone to Toledo. He will return on Friday, when he will go to Vichy for a few weeks.

A Flush American.

LONDON, June 28.—It is stated that an American has offered to purchase the residence of the late Mr. Dickens, at Gadshill, for £20,000.

Another Suez Canal.

ATHENS, June 28.—It is announced that work on the canal through the Isthmus of Corinth, sometime in contemplation, will be commenced at once.

The Goodwood Cup.

LONDON, June 28.—It is almost generally considered that Sabineas will win the Goodwood Cup next month. The betting is now five to two against Kingscraft for the St. Leger.

A Little Prince Makes a Ten Strike.

PARIS, June 28.—The marriage of the Prince of Vicavaro with the daughter of a Lorillard spinner, and that of William Dagroot with Miss Howley, of Stamford, Conn., are announced.

The Fenian Prisoners in England.

LONDON, June 28.—The Commissioners appointed by the Government to investigate the charges so frequently made lately that Fenians, now in confinement in England and the colonies, are harshly treated, will soon enter upon their work. The prisoners will have an opportunity to be heard privately before the officers of the Government.

Lord Clarendon's Successor.

LONDON, June 28.—The morning journals reiterate the statement that Earl Granville, Secretary of State for the colonial department, will succeed the late Earl of Clarendon as the head of the foreign office. The *Post* says that in such case the right Hon. Chichester Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, will probably succeed Earl Granville in the colonial office.

The *Times* this morning, in closing its eulogy of the late Earl of Clarendon, says an ordinary man or a mere politician could never have obtained his position. Others had to [illegible] for new topics. He was always positive. He was a large-hearted statesman.

Railway Disasters in England---Erie Bonds in London---Croquet Tournament.

LONDON, June 28.—It is reported that Geo. Otto Trevellyn, one of the junior Lords of Admiralty, will resign in consequence of variance with the Government on the Education bill now before Parliament.

A meeting of the Anti-vaccination League was held yesterday. Professor Mewman, editor of the *Geologist*, was present. There were many speakers who denounced vaccination in the strongest terms, and urged Parliament to repeal all laws on the subject.

The evidence taken at the Coroner's inquest in the Great Western railroad disaster goes substantially to prove that the casualty was caused by the sudden breaking of an axle through a flaw which could not have been detected by the ordinary means.

The financial editor of the London *Times* says that English holders of Erie shares may expect copious information as to the condition of that Company's pro[illegible]

Reports to agricultural journals from the southwestern counties represent the potato crop as not having suffered from drought, and promises an abundant yield.

The ladies' croquet tournament for all England, being held this week on Wimbledon common, is a lively and picturesque affair, and attracts large crowds.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Senate in Executive session to-day confirmed the nomination of Byron G. Daniels associate Internal Revenue collector for New Mexico. After a discussion as to desirability, taking immediate action on the San Domingo treaty, a motion to open doors and resume legislative business by a vote of 31 to 28. This is considered decisive of the fate of the treaty.

The President sent in the nominations of Edward E. Douglas, U. S. Marshall, North Alabama; J. C. Burtin, assistant Internal Revenue collector, 4th Indiana District.

Poor Child!

CINCINNATI, June 28.—A young girl named Augusta Newman fell from the third story of a building to the pavement below, and broke her neck, this evening.

Louisville Trick.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—The office of the Maryland fire insurance company, corner Postoffice avenue and Second street, was robbed about noon to-day of United States bonds and other valuable securities to the amount of $50,000.

Man Killed.

CAIRO, June 28.—James Ross, proprietor of a saw-mill in this city, was killed to-day by the circular saw, which, by accidentally coming in contact with a large rope while in motion, was wrenched from its bearings and thrown against him.

on Darkies.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28.—At the examination of the West Point Military Academy, conducted to-day, forty-eight out of sixty-six failed and are to be sent home, and it is said to have been the most rigid examination ever held.

Democracy.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—The Democratic Congressional nominations are: First District, Samuel J. Randolph; Second District, Theo. Cugler; Third District, D. R. Maffatt; Fourth District, no nomination, but for which, it is understood, there will be an indorsement of Wm. B. Thomas, independent.

Another $100,000 Fire.

PROVIDENCE, June 28.—An incendiary fire this afternoon, on Dorrance street dock, destroyed the coal elevators, sheds and considerable stock of Tucker, Swan & Co., and O. W. & E. A. Hopkins & Co., and property of the Providence and Worcester railroad company. The adjoining property was also destroyed. Loss estimated at $75,000 to $100,000. Partially insured.

Collision and Mishaps.

ALBANY, June 28.—The tow-boat Telegraph was sunk in a collision with the steamer Drew, below Catskill, last night. All the crew were saved by the boats of the Drew and the canal boats in tow of the Telegraph. The engineer of the latter was badly scalded by the explosion of the boiler at the moment of collision. The fault of the collision seems to be with the tug.

Red Men Raving---Soldiers Pursuing.

CHEYENNE, June 27.—Frank Hayor, a prominent merchant of this city, died yesterday.

A large number of Indians have congregated at Medeline, Bow river. It is thought they have hostile intentions.

Telegrams from Rawlins, Wyoming, say that forty-six Sioux warriors passed yesterday going south. They stole five horses and killed one man. Lieutenant Rounge and thirty-five soldiers started in pursuit of them last night.

Louisville Outdone.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 28.—Considerable excitement and interest prevails in regard to the murder of the two girls on Saturday, and various rumors are current. One is that the largest girl, Mary Hennebry, was worth twelve or fifteen thousand dollars, and that she was put out of the way by persons who would inherit it. The court record shows only two hundred dollars and some claims against the State of Missouri, which are considered valueless. Two boys were arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the murder, but were dismissed on investigation.

NEW YORK.

One Sane Woman---George Wilkes' Ugly Suit---One Hundred Thousand Dollar Fire---Public Baths in New York---Radicals Plotting---New British Minister---Loyal League.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Drs. Hammond and Neales pronounce Princess Editha Gilbert Montez to be perfectly sane. Her highness was therefore released from custody yesterday.

The libel suit in which Geo. Wilkes, of the *Spirit of the Times*, is complainant, and Messrs. Price, Barby & Simpson, of the *Turf Field and Farm*, are defendants, was before Oyer and Terminer yesterday for trial. Defendants asked to have the trial postponed. Judge Cardoza after hearing the argument, ordered that the trial be set down peremptarily for Monday, 3d July next.

At 12 m. a fire commenced in the woods between Deer Park and Islip, L. I., Sunday night, and burned over about 3000 acres of land. The fire originated about dark and was not extinguished until yesterday. Five hundred cords of wood were burned, besides miles of fence. The loss is estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000. The entire tract of land between Long Island and the Southside roads was burned over. This section of land was regarded as the most valuable timber land on the island.

An important order is to be issued by Superintendent Jordan, by direction of the board of police. The police are instructed hereafter to strictly enforce the law which requires all licensed places to be closed between the hours of one and five o'clock in the morning, and that no intoxicating liquors be sold or given away on Sunday. Captains of the several precincts are to be held responsible for any neglect of inefficiency in executing this order.

The Department of Public Works has issued regulations for the government of the public baths, which are to be opened to the free use of the citizens on Thursday next, and will be divided between the sexes. Men will have to use bath houses on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, and women on alternate days.

Trains on the Morris and Essex railroad ran through Bergen tunnel yesterday, as usual, notwithstanding the interdiction of the Erie directors. On the arrival of each train, the superintendent of the tunnel forbade the engineers to drive through and switchmen to turn off the points; but no notice was taken of the prohibition, and the points having been turned on by an employee of the Morris and Erie railroad company, the trains proceeded without further opposition.

The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen yesterday ordered the Comptroller to pay $35,000 to the Park Commissioners, and the Mayor was directed to sign the amount thereof. This ends the Park imbroglio.

At an informal meeting of the Merchants Commission yesterday afternoon, it was resolved to await the action of the Quarantine Commissioners of health officers and ex-officers of this city and Brooklyn at their meeting to-morrow, and in the event the officers not acceding to what merchants deem their just demands regarding lighterage, etc., other measures will be taken by the merchants to obtain their rights.

The Executive Committee of the Union League of America held a secret session at the St. Nicholas Hotel to-day to discuss measures to promote the interests of the Republican party in the fall campaign. Ex-Governor Jewell, of Connecticut, was the only member present from New England, and the West had but one representative, Jas. T. Beach, of Missouri.

The *Express* says the English mission has been offered to ex-Senator Morgan, of New York.

C. F. Lutz, the defaulting tobacconist, was arrested at Glasgow, Scotland, a few days since, but the authorities were unable to hold him.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Pacific Railroad Bills---Tax Bill---Coffee---Tariff on Merchandise---Dry Goods.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Senate proceeded with the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad bill as the business of the morning hour.

An amendment by Mr. Harlan that neither the original nor present land grant shall apply to lands within the Indian Territory, and requiring full compen[illegible] was advocated by Messrs. Harlan and Davies as involving the good faith of the Government in existing treaties by which the Indian titles had been created in the Indian Territory.

After opposition remarks by Mr. Howard the amendment prevailed by 26 to 29.

Mr. Cameron then entered a motion to reconsider the vote on the Texas railroad bill, so as to amend it by providing that the amounts of foreign iron to be used should be limited to 20,000 tons. He asked a present consideration of the motion. Mr. Casserly objected.

At one o'clock, Mr. Morton moved an executive session, on which Mr. Sherman demanded the yeas and nays, involving a postponement of the tax bill. The motion was agreed to, yeas, 32; nays, 25, and the doors were closed. At one thirty the doors were opened, when it was agreed by unanimous consent, that the five minutes rule of debate on the tax bill should be enforced for to-day.

The Tax bill was then proceeded with, the question being on the amendment of Mr. Yates, which was modified to provide that no duties hereafter shall be levied on teas and coffee. After discussion, the amendment was rejected—yeas 9, nays 41.

The vote of the Senate refusing to strike out the House provisions reducing the duties on sugar, was, on Mr. Cameron's motion, reconsidered by 30 to 24, and the House classification was stricken out by 27 to 26—leaving the rates at three cents per pound according to the present law. The recommendations of the Finance Committee striking out the House rate on pimento, pepper and spices of different kinds; on wines, champagne, brandy, cordials and manufactures of cotton, were agreed to. The effect is to leave entries as at present.

The paragraph relative to corsets and manufactured cloth was withdrawn by Mr. Sherman.

The new paragraphs making duty on elytes of every description, six cents per 1000; on ultramarine, six cents per pound; and regulating duties on Manilla, Russia and other hemps, unmanufactured, $25 per ton, were adopted.

Other amendments adopted were as follows: On cotton bagging, or other manufactures not otherwise provided for, suitable uses to which cotton bagging is composed, in whole or part of hemp, jute, flax, gunny-bags, gunny cloths, or other material and value less than ten cents per square yard, 2 cents per pound; on cotton as above, valued at over ten cents per square yard, 3 cents per pound.

The following paragraph was debated: On bituminous coal or shale, 50 cents for a ton of twenty-eight bushels—eighty pounds to the bushel.

Mr. Bowman opposed the proposed reduction as destructive of the coal interest of West Virginia and Pennsylvania.

Messrs. Scott and Willey followed upon the same side, and without taking a vote on the paragraph, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Bingham, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the Senate bill granting priority in the United States Courts in certain cases to which a State is a party. Passed.

Mr. Garfield, from the Committee on Banking, reported the bill construing section 55 of the National Bank Currency act of June 3, 1864, which provides penalties for offenses against it to apply to every president, director cashier, teller, clerk or agent of national banks. Passed.

The House joint Committee of the whole on the sundry civil service appropriation bill, to which amendments were adopted increasing the appropriation to the amount of $260,000, including $7640 to Henry O. Holliday and D. T. Parker, in satisfaction for judgement rendered in the United States Court in Southern Illinois. $29,000 for observation of the eclipse of the sun in Europe next Dec.; $15,000 for a statute for General Scott, Franklin and Washington; $185,983 for various Indian matters, etc.

An amendment was also adopted repealing the law which requires the laying up of five or six revenue cutters on the northern lakes and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasurer to put them all in commission, to be specially charged with aiding vessels in distress. The bill then passed.

Mr. Finkelbury, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to regulate the appraisement in the inspection of imports.

Slaughter of Indians.

CHEYENNE, June 28.—Couriers which came into Rawlins last night from Lieutenant Young, report that he came upon the Indians about twenty-five miles from Rawlins, and had a fight with about two hundred, and killed fifteen. No soldiers were hurt. He feels confident that he will capture the whole party.

Lieutenant O'Brien left Rawlins this morning with reinforcements and ammunition.

It is reported at Bryant that a party of Indians two hundred strong, came into South Pass City on Saturday morning, rode through town, and drove off about sixty or seventy head of horses.

CHICAGO.

No Divorce Yesterday—Boy Dies Without Cause—Lightning Trumps.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Charles Heckox Paul, a lad of 17 years, son of E. R. Paul, of Evanstown, who was accidentally shot in the arm yesterday, while hunting, died last night from the effects of his wound, which was not regarded as dangerous at the time of the occurrence.

There have been two or three lively thunder showers here to-day, which have considerably toned down the heated term which has prevailed here for the past five days. It is believed that these storms extended through the country west of here, if so, much good to the crops will follow.

During the thunder storm to-day, Tip Edwards, a laborer in Conkling & Campbell's brick yard, at Bridgeport, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

About the time the lightning struck the Bird House of Chicago, the club house at Dexter trotting park was demolished, the building and falling timbers killing John Coffey, in the employ of Patchen & Brown, at the Union stock yards, who was inside of the building at the time.

Terrific Explosion.

ALBANY, June 28.—This morning an explosion occurred in Hyatt & Williard's ball manufactory, Beaver street, which blew out a portion of the rear wall and set the house on fire. The explosion was caused by mice nibbling matches lying among gun cotton.

MARKETS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

New York.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Cotton is dull and heavy; sales 400 bales; Middling Uplands 21c. Flour heavy and 10@20c lower; superfine State and Western $5 10@5 30. Whisky is firmer at $1 03@1 05, closing firm at the latter figures. Wheat heavy and 3@4c lower; red and amber Western $1 40@1 45, the latter an extreme. Corn unchanged; new mixed 90@98c. Coffee unchanged and quiet. Sugar is in fair request; sales of 780 hhds.; Cuba 8¾@9¾c; Porto Rico 9@9⅝c. Molasses in moderate demand; sales 100 hhds; Muscovado 40@42c. Rice quiet at 8¼@8¾c.

Dry Goods—The weather is excessively hot, and trade is accordingly quiet. The break in the price of heavy brown sheetings has failed, as is shown in the late demand, but it is more than probable that the leading jobbing houses will buy up all the available stock at present low rates. Appleton sheeting, weighing 290 yards to the pound, sells at 13c, whereas Lawrence, a fine article, weighing 344 yards to the pound, is held at 15c. This disparity in rates cannot continue and there must be a settling of values soon. The trade is now taking stock.

Money—There is a firmer tone in the Wall street market this evening, with a general improvement in prices and rather more activity. This was brought about chiefly by telegrams from Washington that the bill of the committee of Conference on Currency will probably be defeated in the House. The Assistant Treasurer to day commences to anticipate the July interest; amount paid out, $2,407,928. Money very easy at 3@5 on call, with occasional loans at 2. Sterling firmer at 9⅝@9⅞, leading bankers asking the latter. Gold firmer; it opened at 11, advanced to 11⅜, and closed at 11¼@11⅜. Borrowing rates flat to ⅛. Clearances $47,000,000. Governments are strong and higher, with increased business. State bonds weak in Tennessee but steady in others. Old Tennessees 65½; new 54¼. Sub-Treasury balance—Gold, $86,900,862; currency, $12,592,271; general balance, $91,531,962; canceled gold certificates sent to Washington, $485,000; exports of gold, $17,000.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—Flour is dull and lower; superfine, $5 50@5 62; double, $5 [illegible]; treble, $6. Corn firm; mixed, 95c; yellow, [illegible]; white, $1 10. Oats dull and lower; fair 63c. Bran $1 01@1 02½c. Hay, prime, $22@22½. Other markets unchanged. Cotton irregular; sales 2000 bales; receipts 235 bales; exports to Boston 782 bales; prices unchanged. Sterling 122; sight ¼@⅜c premium; gold, 11.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Flour very dull and almost nominal. Wheat 4½@5c lower; sales of No. 2 at $1 05½@1 05⅝, cash, closing at $1 04¾, cash. Corn active at 77@79c for No. 2, closing at 78@78¼c. Oats steady at 50½@50⅝c. Rye 2c lower, closing at 80c for No. 2. Barley dull at 95@$1 for No. 2. Highwines 99@$1. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 28.—Bagging firm at 30c. Cotton dull; middling 19c. Flour unchanged. Grain inactive, nominal and unchanged. Provisions quiet and weak. Pork $30 50. Bacon 13½@16⅝@17½c. Bulk meats 12½@15¼@17½c. Lard 17c. Hams 21½@22c. Whisky is dull at 98@99c. Tobacco—market active; sales 124 hhds; $4 75@6 for frosted; $6 50@7 25 for lugs; $7 50@30 for low leaf to medium bright wrappers.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat very dull and unchanged; [illegible] and [illegible] held at $1 15@1 20. Corn very dull [illegible] downward; nominal at 80@85c. [illegible] Rye 95c. Cotton dull and prices nominal; no demand; Middling held at 20c. Tobacco firm and in good demand; sales 290 hhds at $5 50@23 40. Whisky closed firmer at $1. Provisions nominally unchanged.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—Flour dull and lower; fall superfine $4 50@4 60. Wheat is dull and easier; No. 2 spring 97c; No. 2 red fall $1 05@$1 10. Corn dull and lower; prime yellow 85c. Oats 52½@54c. Rye 80c. Whisky firmer at $1 03. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork $30. Bacon shoulders, 13½@13¾c; clear sides 17½c. Lard—small sales of choice kettle at 16c.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, June 28.—Superfine grades of Cotton have advanced; 17c is asked for Good Ordinary. Sales 32 bales. Receipts 281 bales. Stock, 17,450.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, June 28.—Cotton dull; middling 19½c. Sales 50 bales. Receipts 120 bales. Stock 55,383 bales.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18½@18¾c. Sales 100 bales. Receipts 452 bales. Stock, 18,542 bales.

Mobile.

MOBILE, June 28.—Cotton quiet; low middling 18c. Sales 50 bales. Receipts 60 bales. Exports to New Orleans 87 bales. Stock 25,522 bales.

Foreign.

LONDON, June 28.—Consols for money 92¾; on account 92¾@92⅞. American securities easier; '62's, 90⅝; 65's, 90; 67's, 89½; 10-40's, 88. Stocks steady.

PARIS, June 28.—The Bourse is dull at 72f 37c.

LIVERPOOL, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10d; Orleans, 10¼d. Sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet; receipts of wheat for three days 13,500 quarters; 10,000 American. California white wheat 10s 5d; red Western No. 2, 8s 9d. Corn, No. 2 mixed, 31s 6d. Oats 2s 5d.

FRANKFORT, June 28.—Bonds flat 95¾.

HAVRE, June 28.—Cotton firm at 117¾.

MANCHESTER, June 28.—Advices are less favorable.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

QUINN—The friends and acquaintances of J. H. Quinn are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his wife, from his residence, No. 14 Jefferson street, this (WEDNESDAY) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL communication of DeSoto Lodge No. 299, will be held this (WEDNESDAY) Evening, 29th inst., at 8 o'clock, for work in the M. M. degree. All M. M.'s are fraternally invited. By order of JOHN D. BEAIRD, W. M. B. W. SHELTON, Secretary. je29

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Shelby County Turnpike Company, held June 27th, it was unanimously

Resolved, That calls be made upon the subscribers to this company, payable as follows:
4th—call of $5 per share, payable July 10th.
5th—call of $5 per share, payable July 25th.
6th—call of $5 per share, payable August 1st.
7th—call of $2 50 per share, payable Aug. 10th.
je29 J. C. JOHNSON, Secretary.

Fort Pickering Property.

THERE will be an adjourned meeting of the parties interested in the late order to Col. Patterson in regard to the tax sales of 1864, at Assembly Hall, on WEDNESDAY night, at 8 o'clock.
je28 JOHN LOAGUE, Chairman.

NOTICE.

By Councilman Pepper:

Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized to notify the different newspapers of the city to send in bids for the publishing of the tax list, and the bid be let to the lowest responsible bidder. Adopted by Council.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, June 29, 1870.

In accordance with the above resolution, bids for publishing the tax list will be received at this office until Tuesday, July 5, 1870.
je29 JOHN JOHNSON, Mayor.

Notice.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee.—In the matter of L. Howkins, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of L. Howkins, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 28th day of June, A.D., 1870. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
je29 Assignee, etc., No. 7 Madison st.

Insolvent Notice.

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of George M. Gill, deceased, I hereby give notice for all persons having claims against said estate to appear before the County Court Clerk and file the same, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the second day of December, 1870; and any claim not filed on or before said day, or before an appropriation of the funds of said estate is made, shall be forever barred, both in law and equity. S. TATE,
Adm'r Estate of Geo. M. Gill, dec'd.
Memphis, June 28, 1870. je29

DISPENSARY.

DR. D. S. JOHNSON'S Medical Dispensary, Memphis, Tenn.

No. 210 MAIN STREET,

FOR the cure of all forms of private diseases. Impotence, Seminal Weakness, Syphilis, etc., speedily cured; also, diseases peculiar to females. Dr. Johnson has given his special attention to the cure of Private Diseases for 25 years. All afflicted should call or write. Medicines sent by express to all parts, and cures guaranteed.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays 9 to 11 a.m. je8 D. S. JOHNSON, M.D.

DRY GOODS.

A FURTHER REDUCTION!

—AT—

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Wishing soon to begin the intended improvements about our store, we are compelled to

Reduce our Immense Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS

And have therefore made another

SWEEPING REDUCTION

Our entire stock has been

MARKED LOWER!

We will offer THIS WEEK

Extraordinary Bargains

—IN—

House Furnishing Goods
Dress Goods,
White Goods,
Lace Shawls,
Parsols,
Embroideries,
Handkerchiefs,
Ribbons,
Notions,
Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

242 Main St., cor. Jefferson.

10,000 yards handsome DRESS GOODS at 12½ cents per yard, but worth more than double the money. Ladies, don't fail to look at them.

SCHOOLS.

Cumberland University,

Lebanon, Tenn.

ASKS special attention to its Department of Arts and its Commercial College. je25

W. E. WARD'S SEMINARY,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

THIS Seminary has just closed its fifth year. Twenty-five young ladies, representing ten States, took the honors; 300 pupils attended during the year. It is the largest Institution and most complete in its Departments of Music, French and General Course of Study to be found in the country. No death of a pupil has ever occurred in the house. Next Session opens SEPTEMBER 1ST. For catalogue, address
je28 W. E. WARD.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of a fiera facias from the Chancery Court of Memphis, to me directed, in case of R. L. Rash et al. vs. A. Wallace and C. J. Selden, for 2929, judgment 23d day of February, 1870, I will, on

Saturday, 30th Day of July, 1870,

In Front of the Sheriff's office, in the Greenlaw Opera House building, on Second street, within legal hours, proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: A certain house and lot, lying and being in Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in the city of Memphis, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the south line of Madison street 91 feet 2 inches west of its intersection with the west line of Main street, and being the northwest corner of the lot conveyed to C. J. Selden by D. H. Townsend, on the 21st day of June, 1866; running thence eastwardly with the south line of Madison street 41½ feet; thence southwardly parallel with Main street about 68 feet to an alley; thence westwardly parallel with Madison street 41½ feet; thence northwardly parallel with Main street about 68 feet to the beginning, levied on as the property of C. J. Selden to satisfy said fiera facias.

MARCUS J. WRIGHT, Sheriff.
By W. W. COLEMAN, Deputy Sheriff Shelby county, Tennessee.
June 25, 1870. je28

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD, SEC'Y AND TREASURER'S OFFICE, Memphis, Tenn., June 27, 1870.

COUPONS of the 8 per cent. consolidated bonds of this Company, maturing 1st July, 1870 will be paid at the Union and Planter's Bank of Memphis at maturity.
je27 J. H. LAMB, Sec'y and Treas.
Avalanche and Ledger copy one week.

REMOVAL.

W. W. LUSK, Agent of SANDS' CHICAGO ALE, has removed his depot to No. 44 Adams street, Gaston's old stand. He will be pleased to see his old friends at his present stand. je28

CHANCERY SALE ON TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1870.

Second Chancery Court of Shelby county.—Ben. A. Shepherd et al. vs. E. A. Shepherd et al.

BY virtue of an order of resale made in this cause, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises,

On Tuesday, July 19, 1870,

Within legal hours, the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Lying and being in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, and in the city of Memphis, being the east half of the property situated on the south side of Poplar street 38 feet 11⅜ inches west of its intersection with west line of Center alley; thence south 74 feet 3 inches; thence west parallel with Poplar street 37 feet 3 inches; thence north 74 feet 3 inches to Poplar street; thence east to the beginning.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third cash, balance on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale; notes with security bearing interest taken, and a lien retained till payment of purchase money. This June 28, 1870.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk and Master.
Humes & Poston, Sols. for compl'ts. je29

AUCTION.

Body Brussels Carpets---Velvet and Tapestry Rugs, new,

AT AUCTION.

BY A. E. FRANKLAND, 187 MAIN ST., THIS WEDNESDAY MORNING, June 29th, at 10 o'clock. je29

BY EZEKIEL & CO., Auctioneers.

Corner Second and Adams Sts.

Continuation Sale of Entire Stock of

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, CUTLERY, SHOES, Etc.,

AT AUCTION,

Thursday Morning, June 30th, at 10 o'clock.

For particulars see catalogues. [illegible] Every lot will be sold without [illegible] close consignments.

TERMS CASH. [illegible]
je29 A. S. ROGERSON, [illegible]

TO MILLERS AND CAPITALISTS.

VALUABLE MERCHANT MILLS,

IN THE CITY OF MEMPHIS,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

TO-DAY!

UNDER the directions and for account of the First National Bank of Memphis, we shall offer at Public Sale, on

This Afternoon June 28th, 1870.

At 5 o'clock upon the premises, that valuable property known as the CITY MILLS, on Third street, near Beale, the largest and most complete Flour Mills in the city of Memphis.

The lot is 70 feet front by 160 feet deep, and the Mill House is a substantial four-story brick, supplied with three run of Burr Stones for Flour and one for Corn, with capacity for turning out two hundred barrels per day.

No point in the whole Valley of the Mississippi offers greater inducements for a first-class Flouring Mill than Memphis, where new wheat can be obtained from four to six weeks earlier than at St. Louis, and a market at the door for every barrel of flour that can be ground.

Desiring to offer great inducements to purchasers, the property will be sold for one-third cash, and the deferred payments arranged to meet the purchaser's entire concurrence.

Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auct'rs.
je27

AMUSEMENTS.

HOLLYWOOD Memorial Association Picnic,

At James' Park, Friday, July 1st,

(Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg.

PROCEEDS TO BE DEVOTED TO

Removal of Gettysburg Confederate Dead.

COMMITTEES:

ON ARRANGEMENTS—Messrs. J. W. Dawson, R. Dudley Frayser, C. W. Frazer, J. A. Louden, J. J. Dubose, J. G. Barbour, Dr. R. W. Mitchell, Walter A. Goodman, R. J. Black, J. B. Marshall.

ON FLOOR—Messrs. T. D. Johnson, J. S. Hatcher, W. P. Gray, Raphael Semmes, Jr., R. T. English, A. J. Black, L. B. McFarland and M. B. Thurmond.

GATE COMMITTEE—Messrs. Chas. Locke, Jerry Lewis, R. E. Catron, T. P. Holland, L. Podesta, Geo. B. Elliott.

COMMITTEE ON RECEPTION—Hon. Jefferson Davis, Gov. Isham G. Harris, Gens. G. J. Pillow, J. C. Fizer, R. H. Ewell, P. J. Quarles, Colonels Robt. Snowden, M. Magevney, Jr., M. J. Wicks, J. J. Murphy, W. R. Hunt, Judges H. T. Ellet, R. J. Morgan, J. R. Flippin, E. M. Yerger, C. W. Heiskell, Reverends J. Carmichael, J. T. Wheat and also. Hines; Messrs. Frank Titus, M. Magevny, Sr., Louis Hanauer, Sol. Hesse, Lew Wexler, Lod Lenbrie, H. M. Loewenstine, E. M. Apperson.

PRIZES:

Fine ORNAMENTAL CAKE will be voted to the prettiest young lady on the ground.

Fine CIGAR CASE to be voted to the handsomest young man on the ground.

[illegible]

RAZOR KNIFE to be voted to the ugliest looking young man on the ground.

Beautiful pair of TOY VASES to be presented to the young miss, under twelve, dancing the best fancy dance. All invited to compete.

The programme of the day will consist of short addresses, recitation of favorite poems, fancy dancing, swinging and other amusements.

Good lights for the night will be provided. Plenty of water and other comforts will be on the ground.

The prizes can now be seen at Messrs. Podesta & Canessa's ice-cream saloon. All are invited to see them. je28

MEMPHIS THEATER.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 29th.

TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT OF

FILOMEMO AND SALCEDO!

On which occasion both artists will be assisted by resident celebrities.

JOSEFINA FILOMENO
The Greatest Musical WONDER OF THE AGE.
SENOR JUAN SALCEDO,
The unrivaled Cornet-a-Piston Player.
PROF. LOUIS MEYER, the Eminent Pianist,
HENRY FARMER,
The Exquisite Flutist, and others.

Seats secured at Benson's.
Admission, $1; family circle, 50 cts.
The Piano furnished for the concert from Hollenberg's. je28

ORPHANS' PIC-NIC!

THE annual Picnic for the Benefit of ST PETER'S ORPHAN ASYLUM will take place

AT JAMES' PARK.

JULY 4, 1870.

TICKETS—FIFTY CENTS. je28

BROOM'S OPERA HOUSE

(Jefferson Street, near Main.)

CHAS. H. H. BROOM......Lessee and Proprietor
EUGENE F. GORMAN......Acting Stage Manager
Prof. FRANK ARNOLD......Leader of Orchestra

THIS STANDARD VARIETY THEATER is open the year round with a powerful and talented corps of male and female artists, presenting each evening a programme replete with music, mirth and melody.

Admission, 75c; Private Boxes, $5. ap27

Attachment Notice.

State of Tennessee, Shelby county—S. G. Rhine vs. Wm. H. Isom.

AFFIDAVIT having been made and bond given and attachment having been issued as required by law in attachment cases, and the same having been duly returned, served by garnishment, etc., and defendant not found:

It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant, Wm. H. Isom, appear before me, at my office, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tenn., on the 11th day of July, 1870, and make defense to said suit, or the same will be tried exparte; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal once a week for four consecutive weeks.

S. A. MOORE, J. P.
June 11, 1870. je12

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the Engineer's office, Memphis, Tennessee, until 12 m. on the 1st August, 1870, for the graduation, masonry and superstructure of bridges on the MISSISSIPPI RIVER RAILROAD, between Covington and Ripley, about fifteen miles. A portion of the work is heavy and worthy the attention of contractors. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, 450 Main street, Memphis, on and after June 6, 1870.

THOS. H. MILLINGTON,
je2 Chief Eng. Miss. River R. R.

The Purest, [illegible] and Cheapest

Estab. 1806 COLGATE & CO. NEW-YORK LAUNDRY SOAPS

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Insolvent Notice.

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of John F. Mills, jr., deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to appear before the County Court Clerk and file the same, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the second day of December, 1870; and any claim not filed on or before said day, or before an appropriation of the funds of said estate is made, shall be forever barred both in law and equity.

H. DOW,
Administrator Estate of John F. Mills, jr., Deceased.
Memphis, June 1, 1870. [illegible]