ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE COURT.

JUDGE PROBATE COURT.—Editors APPEAL—Gentlemen: You will please announce me a candidate for Probate Judge of Shelby county, at the approaching election in August. [le28] JAMES E. TEMPLE.

JUDGE PROBATE COURT.—I announce myself as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic nominating convention. [le29] J. W. SCALES.

JUDGE PROBATE COURT.—We are authorized to announce J. F. RAY as a candidate for Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county. le29

JUDGE PROBATE COURT.—We are authorized to announce that R. H. BARNES is a candidate for Judge of Probate Court. Primary convention, Saturday, July 16th, at 1 p.m.; nominating convention, Monday, July 18th. Election first Thursday in August.

FOR JUDGE 14TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

JUDGE 14TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Hon. P. T. SCRUGGS is a candidate for the Judgeship in the 14th Circuit, consisting of the counties of Hardeman, Fayette, Tipton and Lauderdale, and that part of Shelby county outside the corporate limits of Memphis.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.

COUNTY REGISTER.—I am a candidate for County Register. Election first Thursday in August. [le16] JNO. BROWN.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT MID. DIV.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT MIDDLE DIVISION.—We are authorized to announce P. TURNEY as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court from the Middle Division. m24

JUDGE SUPREME COURT EAST. DIV.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT EASTERN DIVISION.—In response to the published call of members of the Bar in various counties of East Tennessee, and numerous written notes of friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Bench of the Supreme Court of the State. JAS. W. DEADRICK. my19

JUDGE SUPREME COURT EASTERN DIVISION.—We are authorized and requested to announce Hon. T. A. R. NELSON as a candidate for Supreme Court Judge from the Eastern Division. The election is to be held on the first Thursday in August; and two Judges from each of the three divisions of the state are to be elected. my19

JUDGE SUPREME COURT EASTERN DIVISION.—*To the Voters of Tennessee:* I am a candidate from the Eastern Division for Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Tennessee, and request your votes at the election in August next. Respectfully,
T. NIXON VAN DYKE.
Athens, 19th May, 1870. my19

JUDGE SUPREME COURT WEST. DIV.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT WESTERN DIVISION.—We are authorized to announce THOS. J. FREEMAN as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court for the Western Division. Election August 4, 1870. my21

JUDGE SUPREME COURT WESTERN DIVISION.—We are authorized to announce S. W. DOCHAN, of Troy, Union county, Tenn., as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court from the Western division.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT WESTERN DIVISION.—The friends of Hon. JOHN L. T. SNEED, of Fayette county, are authorized by him to present his name to the people of Western Tennessee, as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court for the Western Division. Election August 4, 1870. my12

ATTY-GEN'L 12TH JUDICIAL CIRCT.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF THE FIFTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—In response to the flattering assurances of support which have been given me in many counties, I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Attorney-General of the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit. Election first Thursday in August next. WALKER WOOD

FOR JUDGE 13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

JUDGE 13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—At the request of a respectable portion of the Bar and people of the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, I announce myself a candidate for Judge of that Circuit. The election is to be held on the first Thursday, being the 4th day of August next. ISAAC M. STEELE.

FOR RENT.

ROOMS—Furnished and unfurnished, at WILLETT'S, No. 37 Adams street. je22

WANTS.

AGENTS—To sell the HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price, $25. It makes the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and is the only licensed under-feed Shuttle Machine for less than $40. Licensed by Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer & Co. All other under-feed Shuttle Machines sold for less than $40 are infringements, and the sellers and users are prosecuted. Address Johnson, Clark & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. je22

AGENTS—To sell the OTTMAN SEWING MACHINE. It is licensed, makes the lock stitch, and is warranted for 3 years. Price, $18. All other machines sold under deed and for other fees are infringements. Address Gregson Saxton Machine Co., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Pittsburg, Pa., or Boston, Mass. je22

AGENTS WANTED—HIGHER PAYS by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE Co., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. je22

FOR SALE.

HOUSE—For sale cheap, the well improved female Home, No. 52 and 54 Avery street, northwest corner of Elliott. Apply at office of Southern Life Insurance Company, No. 289 Main street, up stairs. je14

LOST—REWARD.

PIN—On the street, Saturday last, a lady's gold enameled pin, decorated across centre with pearls. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

MARES—$25 REWARD—On the 8th inst. from the subscriber, three miles east of Memphis, on the Macon railroad, two Bay mares, one with foal, about four years old, with right eye out and some marks. The other of medium size, blue name and tail, and star in her forehead, also some marks. The above reward will be paid for their delivery to me, or for information by which I can recover them. [je14] J. U. DEP.

STRAYED---STOLEN.

MARE—$25 REWARD—From my place, on Monday, 6th inst., one sorrel mare, 16 hands high, about eight years old, four legs white to the knees, dished face, star in the forehead, blaze on the nose, and branded with a J on the left shoulder. I will pay the above reward for her delivery to me, at my place, on Hernando and Raleigh road, two miles south of National Cemetery, or for information leading to her recovery. F. R. JONES. je14

MARES—$50 REWARD.—From my place, 14 miles east of Memphis, on M. and C. R. R., on 26th inst., two mares—one bay, about 16 hands high, 7 years old, about 8 inches in front, blaze and lot of left eye snagged with a nail, top of neck slightly sore from collar; the other brown, about 15 hands high, 8 years old, shod all round, mane falls on each side of neck. The reward will be paid for their delivery to me at Bain & Owen's stable, Memphis, or at my place, near Germantown. [le14] J. H. ANDERSON.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

On and after May 29, 1870, trains will run daily (sundays excepted), as follows:

	Arrive.	Leave.
Homefield	8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m.
Lonsdale	11.05 p.m.	1.00 p.m.

Ferry boat will leave wharfboat, foot of Union street, daily at 7 10 a.m.

R. D. WILLIAMS,
General Agent and Superintendent.
R. P. Robins, Gen'l Sup't.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON R.R.
Change of time, taking effect Sunday, June 12.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Mail	3.40 p.m.	10.45 a.m.
Junction accom	8.35 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Somerville accom	8.00 a.m.	4.40 p.m.
Freight (with con'l at Grand Junc'n)	7.25 p.m.	6.00 a.m.

Ticket office, 358 Main street, corner of South Court.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Day Express	12.55 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
Night Express	4.00 a.m.	1.15 p.m.
Brownsville Accom	5.00 a.m.	3.30 p.m.

Railroad time fifteen minutes faster than city time. Depot at head of Main street. Ticket office 283½ Main street, one door north of Jefferson.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD

	Arrive.	Leave.
New Orleans Mail, daily	2.25 p.m.	12.05 p.m.
Express, daily	8.30 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Freight, daily except Sunday	3.30 p.m.	3.10 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 12, 1870.
Depot at foot of Main street. Ticket Office, 283½ Main street, one door north of Jefferson.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

MEMPHIS POSTOFFICE.—Office hours from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays from 9 to 10 a.m.

Closes.		Arrives
A.M.	P.M.	
12:30	12:30	Memphis & Louisville R. R.—all points North and East. Twice daily
	12:30	Memphis & Louisville R. R.—way mails
		Memphis & Charleston R. R.—All cities East & South and way mails
9:30		Miss & Tenn. R. R.—All cities South and way mail
11:15		Memphis & Little Rock R. R. daily except Sundays
	12:00	Mississippi river to Helena and Friar's Point, daily
	3:00	Miss. river to Vicksburg, tri-weekly, on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays
	3:00	Miss. river to St. Louis, semi-weekly, on Mondays and Thursdays
	3:00	White river, semi-weekly Tuesdays and Saturdays, Mondays and Fridays
	9:00	Arkansas river, tri-weekly, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
	9:00	Memphis to Marion, Ark., tri-weekly, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
10:00		Memphis to Cuba, Tenn., weekly, Friday
	12:30	Memphis to Byhalia and Olive Branch, Miss., semi-weekly, Tues. & Fridays
	5:00	

J. DELOACH, P. M.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Well Known River Pilot Shot by a Woman.

Mysterious and Fearful Tragedy—The Murderess Arrested.

Harrowing Scene—Great Excitement.

An appalling and bloody tragedy, attended with mysterious and apparently inexplicable circumstances, occurred yesterday evening at six o'clock, at the store of Van Pelt & Gibson, opposite Court Square—the victim being a young river pilot, named Gus Banks, well and favorably known in this city, where he was brought up, who was shot by a woman under the following circumstances, which we glean from various sources:

About quarter to six o'clock yesterday evening, Mr. Banks was observed by a friend to be standing around the door of Van Pelt & Gibson's store, as if waiting for some person. Very soon a young woman, very neatly and stylishly dressed, walked up and beckoning to him, the pair entered the store together and quietly seated themselves near each other on a settee. They commenced a conversation in a very quiet, low tone, and Mr. Van Pelt, who thought that they were customers waiting to be served, walked forward to wait upon them. On nearing them he discovered that he was mistaken, and that they were desirous of having a private conversation. He remained near them long enough to hear the woman say, "You did!" to which Mr. Banks responded, "I did not." This was repeated twice. Mr. Van Pelt turned and started back to the desk, and had got half way down the store when he heard a pistol shot. He instantly turned back and saw Mr. Banks on the floor and the woman deliberately firing at him with a pistol which she held firmly pointed at his head. Mr. Gibson, who was at his desk, rushed forward, and got near enough, as the fourth shot was fired, to hear her say, "You will tell another lie on me, will you?"

At this instant a police officer, who had been standing at the corner of the park when the woman drew the pistol, rushed up and took her into custody. She surrendered without a word, except remarking quietly, "He wronged me, and I paid him for it," or words to that effect. She was quickly conveyed to the station-house, where she gave her name as Myra Day, residence city. At the station-house she repeated the remark that he (Banks) "had wronged her, and she had paid him for it." She gave up the weapon which she had used—a four-barreled repeater of the Sharpe patent, apparently perfectly new.

A crowd instantly gathered around the wounded man, who was lying on the matting in the vestibule of the store, bleeding from three wounds in his head. Dr. Rogers, Dr. Nutall and other physicians were quickly in attendance, and when the wounds were examined they were found to be three in number—one entering the skull near the temple, and lodging in the upper portion of the brain, (supposed to have been the first shot fired); another entering the throat and ranging upward, lodging in the lower portion of the brain. The third was near the first shot, and though an ugly wound, is not thought to have penetrated the skull. Either of the two first are sufficient under ordinary circumstances to produce death.

The wounded man was removed from the door back to the office, where he was placed in a more comfortable position than that in which he fell, but he never spoke or showed any signs of consciousness from the moment he fell.

A heart-rending scene occurred in the course of a few moments—when his sister, brothers and father arrived. The grief of the sister was something awful, and unnerved the stoutest heart. The father, our old and highly esteemed townsman, Colonel James Banks, was, of course, more stoic, but the scene is one long to be remembered. As soon as a mattress and a conveyance could be secured, the body—still breathing, but dead to all the purposes of this earth—was removed to the family residence.

THE CAUSE

of the desperate deed is to a certain extent a mystery, as the murderess refused to have any conversation with the reporters. We were compelled, therefore, to take hearsay rumors, which are to the following effect:

Banks and the woman, Myra Day, who is a loose character, have for some time past been living together. A few nights ago he had his suspicions aroused that she was admitting negroes to her house, and accordingly watched her. Night before last he went to the house and was refused admittance. He forced his way in, however, and verified his suspicion. Yesterday morning he accused her of cohabiting with negroes to some person who carried the accusation to her, and she determined on revenge, with what result we have already detailed.

FURTHER.

Since writing the above, we have been called upon by a gentleman, Mr. Jack Wilson, who makes the following statement: About a quarter to six he (Wilson) was starting home, and met Banks near Barnum's jewelry store. Having known him for a number of years, and living in the same direction, he proposed to Banks to walk home together. The latter declined, saying that he had heard that a detective would be around there soon to arrest him for having slapped a woman, the night previous. He denied having done so, however, and said that he had suspected the woman, who thus accused him, of cohabiting with negroes, and had satisfied himself of the truth of the suspicion at the time mentioned. While they (Wilson and Banks) were talking together, the woman, Myra Day, appeared on the opposite side of the street. Banks remarked, "There she is now—she wants to see me;" and walked toward the crossing, the pair meeting at Van Pelt & Gibson's store, and entering. After waiting a moment, Wilson went down the street, and as he passed the door looked in, and saw them sitting near each other, as detailed by Mr. Van Pelt. He proceeded down the street, but he had not gone a dozen paces before he heard the pistol shots, as before detailed, and came back to find his friend weltering in his blood.

Several other gentlemen make corroborative statements, and we are left under the necessity of believing these statements. The case will probably be examined this morning before a Magistrate, when all the facts will probably be made public.

MR. BANKS

was a young man between twenty-two and twenty-three years of age. He was brought up, if not born, in Memphis, and was an universal favorite—having been known and liked by everybody.

THE WOMAN

is not so young—say twenty-five or twenty-six years old; is of small figure and pleasing features. We learn that she is a native of Vicksburg, and was brought up "above the Bayou." She has never been regarded as a quarrelsome or dangerous character, and all who knew her were not more shocked and horrified than they were astonished at her deed.

WATCHES FOR CONDUCTORS.

WATCHES FOR ENGINEERS.

Watches of all styles and prices.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND DIAMONDS.

Fresh goods, new styles.

We are selling goods at reduced prices and lower than any house in the city.

"WE STUDY TO PLEASE."
WILLIAM C. BYRD,
Successor to MERSMAN, BYRD & Co.,
275 Main street, Memphis.

HALF-DOZEN first quality Wamsutta P. Y. Shirts made to order for $18.
WIGGANS & THORN,
233 Main street.

SEE advertisement of Dr. Butts' Dispensary, headed, Book for the million—MARRIAGE GUIDE—in another column, it should be read by all.

LADIES' JET JEWELRY

LATEST STYLES

AT J. ROESCHER'S JET PALACE,
328 MAIN STREET.

All Jet Goods bought in my establishment will be repaired without charge.
J. ROESCHER, Jeweler.

HITE & CORWINE, proprietors of the Job Printing establishment in the APPEAL Building, 14 Union street, are now prepared to execute orders for Job Printing on the shortest notice. The patrons of the APPEAL will bear this in mind and act accordingly.

MEMPHIS LITERARY SOCIETY.—At the semi-annual election of officers of this Society, held on Saturday last, June 25th, the following were elected for the ensuing term: G. W. Baxter, President; W. H. Trader, Vice President; J. P. Crews, Recording Secretary; W. W. Littlejohn, Corresponding Secretary; J. R. Lisenburry, Treasurer; F. G. Guthers, Critic; I. A. Spicer, Editor; E. F. Wills, Librarian; and W. H. Eastland, Censor.

SILVER-MOUNTAIN SOAP, exclusively wholesale, by Wilde, Collins & Co., wholesale grocers, 194 Main street.

JOE LOCKE has the largest assortment of dailies on his counter at 236½ Main street.

MACCARONI.—Just received, 200 boxes fresh Italian Maccaroni, imported from Genoa, No. 55½ Jefferson street.
L. MONTEDONICO.

MRS. MYRA CLARK GAINES.

Her Character and Fortunes---Her Residence in Memphis--Gen. Gaines and the Fortunes of Memphis.

The name of Myra Clark Gaines will be remembered while womanly heroism, tireless energy, unfaltering confidence in the divinity that shapes our ends, are honored among men. Amid all the varying fortunes incident to her extraordinary life, there was never a breath of calumny that affected her fame. Her womanly worth, palpable in every act, in every day demeanor, in her intercourse with jurists and statesmen, has ever been confessed. Those who have lost most by her steady toil, while she was helpless and penniless, save as she was rich in the exhaustless resources of tireless energy and inflexible purpose, have been her staunchest friends and asserted most persistently her exalted womanly worth. We have seen her under circumstances that tested every quality of her head and heart. The writer watched her fixed, resolute expression of face when the Supreme Court of the United States was pronouncing its opinion in the winter of 1861, by which the object of a lifetime of anxiety and toil was attained. She was as true to herself, to her fame, to her strength of character in that final, decisive hour, when many millions of wealth hung upon the breath of Taney, as when, a few hours before, she was the cynosure of a social circle in a fashionable hotel. Her conduct at Richmond in the winter of 1863-4 was worthy of her fame. She refused to do more than demand her legal rights, and that these should be expounded in accordance with the same principles that defined those of other citizens of the Confederacy. A Louisiana Confederate court had refused to recognize the decision of the supreme judicial authority of the United States. Mrs. Gaines was daunted by no danger, she shrank from no responsibility, and defied all opposition. Long ago her invincible spirit was illustrated in

A THRILLING SPEECH,

in her own case made by Mrs. Gaines herself. In the early part of its progress, a question was before the court which it was very important to Mrs. Gaines, should it be decided in her favor. But upon some grounds, by a ruling of the court, the judge refused to hear any argument from her lawyers. General Gaines appealed to the court to allow him to speak to the point involved. But no, the court would not hear even General Gaines. Finally, provoked to exasperation at what she conceived to be the injustice of the arbitrary ruling of the court, she demanded the privilege of defending her case, and for one hour and a half, with such truth and eloquence, brought before the court such an array of facts and law that the court, the bar and spectators were all overwhelmed. She victoriously carried her point.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

Many years ago, two attempts were made to take her life; one by shooting at her while she was standing on the verandah of her boarding-house on Canal street. At another time she was violently assaulted while walking with some lady friends in a garden in New Orleans. These attacks were made soon after the commencement of her suit, and not long after the death of her first husband, Mr. Wm. Whitney.

A PROPHET AND GENERAL.

The interest manifested in behalf of Mrs. Gaines in her effort to secure her estate arises in part from a lively recollection by our oldest citizens of the virtues and goodness of her excellent husband, and the remembrance of the deep interest he ever manifested in Memphis and the welfare of her people during his residence here in 1833-34-35. This city was then his military headquarters, and his residence was at the big spring two miles east of Memphis. Of all the good and great men who have worked for the growth and advancement of Memphis, no one is more entitled to the gratitude and praise of this people than General E. P. Gaines. He was the first to direct public attention to Memphis as the best point in the Mississippi valley for a great railroad center. In 1833 he made a map of this and the adjacent States, pointing out the best and most practicable routes for railroads terminating at Memphis. His map was printed and extensively circulated at the time, a copy of which may now be found in the possession of one of our old citizens, and an inspection of it will show how thoroughly he had studied in advance of all other men the subject of railroads, and their relative importance and bearing upon the prosperity of Memphis. Nearly every road and projected road in the Southwest is indicated on Gen. Gaines' map, made in Memphis, nearly forty years ago. At one time he owned a large amount of real estate in this county and city, and had he lived a few years longer, would perhaps have made his permanent residence here. He died at his military headquarters, in the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, in 1849. The purity of his life, the generous impulses and the uniform courtesy and kindness that characterized his intercourse with citizens and soldiers, won for him the utmost confidence and respect of all classes of the community. There are not many of his contemporaries now living. Greenlaw, Newson, Charles McLean, W. Park, A. B. Hoal, Eugene Magevney, Cobb, Lofland, Dr. Frayser, R. Topp and F. Titus are among the few remaining who were citizens of Memphis when Gen. Gaines made this city his home.

MRS. GAINES' FORTUNES.

The above remarks have been suggested by the newspaper accounts of the late decision in favor of Mrs. Gaines by the United States Circuit Court in New Orleans, Justice Bradley presiding. This decision places her in possession of all the property awarded her by the Supreme Court of the United States in 1867. The delay in enforcing the decree was owing to Judge Durell, the resident Judge, excusing himself from enforcing the decree, on the ground that he was a party interested, having been made a defendant in one of the bills filed by Mrs. Gaines. This decision is all she expected or asked of the court, and is to her a satisfactory guarantee that she will soon recover her entire estate; the property involved in the suit being a portion of one hundred and thirty acres in the city of New Orleans, the remainder being in the possession of parties who were not embraced in the suit just decided.

The decree is full and ample, as will be seen by the following paragraph:

"And the court doth further order, and adjudge, and decree, that the complainant, Myra Clark Gaines, as the legitimate and only child of the said Daniel Clark, and universal legatee under his last will and testament, is justly and lawfully entitled to the property aforesaid, so claimed and held by the defendant Laymeyer, together with all the yearly rents and profits, accruing from the same, since the same came into the said defendant's possession, to-wit: On the 30th of September, 1826, and for which the defendant is hereby adjudged, ordered and decreed to account to the said Myra Clark Gaines."

The same decree is entered against the city of New Orleans and the other defendants in the cases then before the Court.

The Court peremptorily orders the property to be placed in her possession, thus declaring that she has at last, after thirty-seven years of effort, toil, perplexities and vexations, which as few individuals have ever endured, succeeded in securing her rights by order of the highest judicial authority in the United States.

WHAT MIGHT BE DONE.

It has been said that in the hands of a competent writer a volume of great interest could be produced giving a history of the litigation of Mrs. Gaines, from July, 1856, the date of the filing of her first bill, to the final conclusion of the Supreme Court of the United States, in 1867, in her case against the city of New Orleans.

She was born in New Orleans, the exact time is not clearly proved, but it was in the year 1805 or 1806, and at the house of Mrs. Harriet Smith. When she was six or eight days old she was put in the charge of Mrs. R. M. Davis, and remained with her until the date of the marriage of Myra to Mr. Whitney. She was brought up by the family of Col. S. R. Davis, and was considered the daughter of Mrs. Davis. A very short time previous to her marriage with Whitney, Mrs. Davis made known to her the true history of her parentage. It was then, with a zeal and energy unexampled, as the relation of her litigation will show, that she commenced to assert her rights and to establish the truth of her parentage. Why she was kept in ignorance, up to this date, of the fact that Clark was her father, has never been explained. Mr. Justice Davis, of the Supreme Court of the United States, upon this portion of the history of her case, pointedly says: "To the discredit of the friends of Daniel Clark, this child grew to womanhood in utter ignorance of her rights and parentage, and did not ascertain until 1834 (then not fully), since which time she has been endeavoring to obtain her rightful inheritance. Owing to the lapse of time, it was difficult to reach the truth, and necessarily for many years she groped her way in darkness; but finally she was able to show the great fraud perpetrated against her."

WHO WAS DANIEL CLARK?

A few lines in relation to the father of Mrs. Gaines may interest her friends in Memphis.

Daniel Clark was born in Ireland, and came to New Orleans in the year 1792. He soon became one of the most prominent merchants in the city. His fortune then consisted in his talent, education and energy. His letters and other writings show him to have been a man of highly cultivated mind, and his perseverance and energy were unbounded. He was a leader in all the great local enterprizes of his day. He was the projector and builder of Canal Carondelet, by which vessels are admitted into the heart of the city from Lake Pontchartrain. He was one of the first merchants of the city, and his commercial relations extended all over this country, and his name was respected, and his ships were known in all the important cities of Europe. He had a passion for acquiring land, and owned vast districts.

HIS LAND SPECULATIONS.

Remarkable instances of his foresight and judgment are given in the location of many of his purchases. In many places where these are now, the finest sugar and cotton plantations, when purchased by him, were impenetrable cane brakes and swamps. Neither the quantity, the price, nor the location deterred him from buying. He bought one grant of over two hundred thousand acres on Ouachita river, which then had not been seen by twenty white men, a large portion of which is now under cultivation, and valued at from ten to forty dollars per acre. He was one of three partners who purchased the Indian title to the Bayou Boeuf country, a district extending from near the city of Alexandria to Chienville, a distance of about thirty-five miles, embracing at this day many of the very best and most valuable cotton and sugar plantations in the State. When he purchased it, it was a dense canebrake and the adjoining country inhabited by Indians only.

THE GREAT SUGAR ESTATE.

Many other remote grants were purchased by him which are now covered with cities, towns and plantations. His transactions in city property and improved plantations were also immense. In 1812 he sold to General Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, a plantation and slaves for *five hundred thousand* dollars. This property was known as the Houmas plantations, and is now owned by Mr. John Burbside, of New Orleans, the largest producer of sugar in the world.

Mr. Clark was one of the most noted and influential politicians of his State. He was United States Consul at New Orleans before Louisiana was ceded to our Government, and was the first Representative from that State in the Congress of the United States. There are but few, if any, living who can give any personal account of him, but the written history of the times represent him to be a man of great popularity and influence among all classes of his people. He was successful in everything he attempted, and consequently made a very large fortune, of which he gave freely and cheerfully to all benevolent and charitable purposes and institutions.

CLARK'S EXECUTORS AND THEIR TREASON.

In 1811 Mr. Clark made a will in which he named as his executors Chew and Relf, his former partners in business. In 1813 he made another will, but having lost confidence in Chew and Relf, he appointed three other friends as his executors. In the will of 1813 Myra, now Mrs. Gaines, was acknowledged to be his legitimate child, and by the terms of the will made his universal heir and legatee. Mr. Clark died in August, 1813. His first will is supposed to have been destroyed in a very few minutes after his death, by parties who were interested in the provisions of the one of 1813.

The will of 1813 had been shown and read by Clark to his friends who were named as his executors, and to others, by whom its contents were proven, and the will admitted to probate by the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. Under this will the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States has been made in favor of Mrs. Gaines.

VALUABLE JEFFERSON STREET RESIDENCE AND BUILDING LOT AT AUCTION TO DAY.

The auctioneer's flags flying on Jefferson street to-day are intended to direct attention to the sale of the valuable residence and lot which will be offered to the highest bidder, at five o'clock this afternoon, by Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co., auctioneers. The property to be sold is that handsome and commodious brick dwelling house on Jefferson, below Third, fitted up by Mr. Leech, the present owner, with every convenience for a complete private residence, and must always command ready tenants and full rent on account of its very central position. The auctioneers invite a general attendance of their friends, who, if they cannot all be furnished with a house and lot, will not be allowed to go away without something cool and refreshing.

AMUSEMENTS.

BIX FILOMENA CONCERT.—This was a success, worthy alike of the public and the artists engaged. Filomena played with all her wonted sweetness, and produced notes that must live for ever in the hearts of those who heard them. Her peculiarity as a violinist is wonderful, sweetness and clearness. She is, if we may use the word, master of the violin. Every variation of which the musical scale is capable is thrown off by this wonderful child of genius with a prodigality almost equal to Vieuxtemps, whose style she so closely imitates in the performance of his most difficult composition. No one who remembered that great master of the violin when he last visited this country with Thalberg, can fail to have instituted a comparison favorable to the little Chotan in whose career we must always feel a deep interest. She played earnestly, well possessed of a desire to memorialize, as if she would make a lasting impression on the minds of her hearers, or even Vieuxtemps himself, can disturb. Now we have a passage full of pathos, expressive of a heart-felt sympathy and sorrow, and then as if to shame the birds, we are given such a variety of notes, high above any written scale, but so clear, so soft, so sweet and musical as to startle by their novelty and charm by their excellence. Filomena and her violin are so intimate that she has not to express it, she does so lovingly, and forth there comes all that music can speak to the heart of hope and consolation, all that is soothing or inspiring. She is really the wonderful Filomeno, the child of music. Saloedo placed us under fresh obligations by his performances upon the cornet. He was, if possible, better than on the first night of his appearance. He shared in the inspiration and inspiration of his wife, to leave behind him a reputation that may not be eclipsed. He tried himself, and played several of the best pieces from a repertoire, the poorest of which are among those which the great Kenig considered his best. He tongues wonderfully clear and distinct, and is as expressive as his wife upon her favorite violin. It was the unanimous verdict last night that such a musical treat has seldom been afforded, that we had nothing like it since Patti and Prume delighted us with the most brilliant vocalization, and such violin playing as only Filomeno can equal. The memory of Saloedo and his artist wife is beyond comparison. We know of nothing like it. Filomeno illustrated this last night by playing the beautiful solo of Vieuxtemps, which she has seen assigned to the said Myra Clark Gaines."

The same decree is entered against the city of New Orleans and the other defendants in the cases then before the Court.

The Court peremptorily orders the property to be placed in her possession, thus declaring that she has at last, after thirty-seven years of effort, toil, perplexities and vexations, which as few individuals have ever endured, succeeded in securing her rights by order of the highest judicial authority in the United States.

WHAT MIGHT BE DONE.

It has been said that in the hands of a competent writer a volume of great interest could be produced giving a history of the litigation of Mrs. Gaines, from July, 1856, the date of the filing of her first bill, to the final conclusion of the Supreme Court of the United States, in 1867, in her case against the city of New Orleans.

She was born in New Orleans, the exact time is not clearly proved, but it was in the year 1805 or 1806, and at the house of Mrs. Harriet Smith. When she was six or eight days old she was put in the charge of Mrs. R. M. Davis, and remained with her until the date of the marriage of Myra to Mr. Whitney. She was brought up by the family of Col. S. R. Davis, and was considered the daughter of Mrs. Davis. A very short time previous to her marriage with Whitney, Mrs. Davis made known to her the true history of her parentage. It was then, with a zeal and energy unexampled, as the relation of her litigation will show, that she commenced to assert her rights and to establish the truth of her parentage. Why she was kept in ignorance, up to this date, of the fact that Clark was her father, has never been explained. Mr. Justice Davis, of the Supreme Court of the United States, upon this portion of the history of her case, pointedly says: "To the discredit of the friends of Daniel Clark, this child grew to womanhood in utter ignorance of her rights and parentage, and did not ascertain until 1834 (then not fully), since which time she has been endeavoring to obtain her rightful inheritance. Owing to the lapse of time, it was difficult to reach the truth, and necessarily for many years she groped her way in darkness; but finally she was able to show the great fraud perpetrated against her."

WHO WAS DANIEL CLARK?

A few lines in relation to the father of Mrs. Gaines may interest her friends in Memphis.

Daniel Clark was born in Ireland, and came to New Orleans in the year 1792. He soon became one of the most prominent merchants in the city. His fortune then consisted in his talent, education and energy. His letters and other writings show him to have been a man of highly cultivated mind, and his perseverance and energy were unbounded. He was a leader in all the great local enterprizes of his day. He was the projector

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.

Another Death from the Careless Handling of Firearms---The Victim a little Negro Lad, Etc., Etc.

We have this morning to add one more to the long list of human lives that have been cut off by the careless handling of arms, the victim being in this instance a little colored boy, named James Minton, formerly a slave of Captain Charles Church's.

The accident occurred about one o'clock p.m., yesterday, in Centre alley, near the *Ledger* office, the circumstances being as newest as follows:

The lad, who was about eleven or twelve years old, was sent into the yard adjoining the gunsmith shop of Mr. O. Williams, to draw a bucket of water from the cistern. While he was doing so, a young German, some seventeen or eighteen years old, named John Haemle, who was cleaning a pistol at the back window of the shop, noticed that the boy was in range of the weapon, (which was screwed up in the vice), and so told him. The child either did not understand or was not afraid, and instead of moving out of the way went to the window and looked in. While he was thus amusing himself, the pistol exploded and the ball entered his head, fracturing the skull and inflicting a wound, from which he died in a short time. Haemle, who was terribly frightened at the explosion, rushed out as soon as he saw what the effect of the shot had been, and picked up the child, bearing him into the house. A crowd quickly gathered and the police took Haemle into custody, to hold him until the matter can be examined into.

Since writing the above we learn that Mr. Haemle went before Squire Moore during the evening, and was exonerated by a verdict of accidental death.

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THURSDAY MORNING.

GREAT BARGAINS---NEW GOODS.

LACE GOODS OPENED---COLLARETTES AND HANDKERCHIEFS.

Great Bargains in Linen Lawns, Jaconet Lawns, Dress Goods generally. Bargains in Handkerchiefs and Hosiery. Bargains in Parasols. Bargains in Hosiery. Call to-day at

HERZOG & BROS.,
234 Main.

P. S.—Our store is kept open till 7 o'clock every evening for the accommodation of ladies finding it inconvenient to come out earlier during the day.

HERZOG & BRO.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Cleaning and Dyeing to perfection, at Hollenberg's, 262 Second street.

—Six card pictures for fifty cents. Photographs, $1 per dozen, at Armstrong's Gem Gallery, 211 Main street.

—Rev. Andrew Kerr, because of impaired health, will spend the next two months at Alleghany Springs, Va.

—The thermometer stood at 78° Fahr. at 7 o'clock yesterday morning; at 86 Fahr. at 12 m.; and at 80° at 6 o'clock.

—Remember the "Gettysburg dead" picnic to-morrow. Go and see the prizes at Podesta & Cazassa's ice cream saloon.

—The Recorder disposed of twenty-six cases yesterday morning. Twenty-five dollars were assessed in fines, and thirty dollars collected.

—Julius Stroud and James Thompson had a scrimmage yesterday on the street, which wound up by their both getting into the calaboose.

—Thos. Nolan got out a peace warrant before Squire Kiernan, yesterday, for Mary Beatty, the lady who was fined $10 by the Recorder on Tuesday morning.

—Alf. Carod, a sharp Cincinnati negro, with a lot of pals took in some green folkies on the levee yesterday morning, with three-card monte. The pals monted him.

—The buildings around town are rapidly approaching completion. The solid manner in which the edifice on the corner of Main and Jefferson streets is being put up, is the subject of general remark. Iron, brick and granite are almost the only materials being used.

Charles Loomis, the lad who cut the negro boy day before yesterday, and who gave himself up to the sheriff, was carried before Squire Moore yesterday morning, and released on a bond of $500, for his appearance at the Criminal Court, next term.

—The programme for the picnic on Friday next, will consist of sport, addresses, recitation of favorite poems, fancy dancing, swinging, and other amusements. Everything that will add to comfort will be provided. See the committee—composed of the best citizens Memphis has.

—Our office was visited yesterday by Judge S. W. Cochran, of Troy, Obion county, who is in the city spending a few days. Judge Cochran's name is quite prominent at present as one of the most Supreme Judgeship, for which office he is admirably fitted, not only by his great natural talents and his condition, but by his blameless and irreproachable character.

—Business men generally who contemplate a trip to the North or to Europe, either on business or pleasure, would do well to let the fact be known, that their good names may not be tradured while absent, by some Bohemian grundy after sensations. A well known business man of this city has so suffered within a day or two, and we simply caution our friends, to avoid similar scandal.

—The adjourned meeting of the Fort Pickering property holders was largely attended last night. There was a memorial to Congress presented. Cols. Rieley and Kerr were appointed as delegates to convey the same to Washington. This has now become a permanent organization, and we feel confident will work much good to the parties interested. There will be another meeting on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

—At that

PERSONAL.

W. S. Southworth, Esq., of the firm of Southworth & Thayer, returned home a day or two ago with his bride, and is stopping at the Overton, where he has received the congratulations of his legion of friends.

W. S. Davis, of Clark & Co., St. Louis, Missouri; Major A. R. Wiggs, Iuka, Mississippi; Col