THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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THE JAIL AFFAIR.

We regret the necessity for the publication this morning of the details of the examination before Judge Filippin, of the jailer of Shelby county and his assistants, relative to the freedom of the city allowed Luke Padden, charged with the murder of Captain Burr. We regret it for two reasons—because Sheriff Wright, a good and faithful officer, is not here to prevent the dereliction of duty made so plain by the confession of the deputy jailers, and because we think that, as to the jailer himself, there must be some misapprehension of duty. We cannot, and do not believe that Mr. Harris would suffer what he considered a wrong to be done, knowing it to be wrong. Indeed, we have evidence that he would not, in his order that Padden should not be allowed to go at large. The crime—and it is a crime thus to permit men charged with murder to go free and at will—must rest upon the deputy jailers and others who, through them, have had access to prisoners of a character always to be carefully guarded. It is a gross crime, a mockery of law and of justice, and one for which the parties who thus condone with prisoners should be punished, and to the last extremity of the law. And we believe that if Sheriff Wright were here such would be the course he would adopt. He would first discharge the derelict officers, then prosecute according to law, making such examples as would serve for all coming time. But, unfortunately for himself and the public, he is not here. A dying wife and a family of sick children have for months claimed his exclusive attention, and he is thus compelled, by an unusual and severe affliction, to commit to the hands of his deputies the duties that, by the people's choice, have devolved upon him. In a recent letter to a friend, in explanation of his continued absence from the city, General Wright wrote:

My wife has been very ill since you left. She is confined to her bed all the time and as helpless as an infant, and requires my constant attention. I learn that complaints are being made of my long absence. I ask you, as my personal friend who knows the condition of my family, to say to any one that may complain, that I am but doing my duty as a man, a father and husband. My office is in the hands of a good and reliable deputy, and the public interest will not suffer. I would like greatly to be at home, but my duty to my wife and children is above all other earthly duties.

We are thus particular to defend an old friend, and as we believe, a faithful public servant, from the reflections already made by those who do not know his circumstances, in order that while the public interests are being subserved by a judicial examination and proper public condemnation, the innocent may be shielded and the public sense of outrage be directed in a proper channel. We applaud this prompt performance of duty by Judge Filippin, and hope the matter will not be allowed to drop short of the discharge and punishment of all the derelict officers. "Let us have justice though the heavens fall."

INTERESTING TO CLAYTON.

The Arkansas "Brindle-Tails" Are to Have a Swear at Him After All.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—W. G. Whipple and R. F. Catterson, of Little Rock, and Stephen G. Wheeler,* of Duvall's Bluff, Arkansas, summoned to appear before the Ku Klux Committee, on the 20th of September, will be examined to-morrow with regard to the alleged frauds of Ex-Gov. Clayton and others, concerning the Congressional election in Arkansas last fall. Whipple was U. S. District Attorney and Catterson U. S. Marshal, and Wheeler foreman of the grand jury which presented the accused parties.

*This is an error. The Wheeler who has been summoned is the negro county attorney of Pulaski county, and lives in Little Rock.

THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Their Procession Through the Streets of Baltimore Yesterday.

BALTIMORE, September 21.—The weather to-day was very favorable for the procession of the Knights Templar. All the city courts and the Stock Board adjourned, and the Custom House, Postoffice and many business houses were closed during the session. Promptly at half-past one o'clock the several divisions assembled at their respective rendezvous and marched with bands of music to Broadway, where the general column was formed. The distance of the march was laid down on the programme at about five miles. The procession moved at 12 o'clock, and was an hour in passing a given point. Over fifty commanderies were in line, each carrying beautiful and richly wrought banners, and nearly all accompanied by bands of music. Following these were carriages containing visitors and distinguished members of the order. In front of the Masonic Temple the Most Eminent Grand Commander received a marching salute, after which the parade was dismissed, and the commanderies marched to their respective quarters.

The General Grand Royal Arch Chapter Masons of the United States held their session this morning in the Masonic Temple; the session was official and secret. The following officers were elected for the next ensuing three years: J. H. Drummond (Maine), General Grand High Priest; E. H. English (Arkansas), Deputy General Grand High Priest; Charles Hober (Maryland), General Grand King; Charles Marsh (California), General Grand Scribe; John McClellan (Massachusetts), General Grand Treasurer; C. G. Fox (New York), General Grand Secretary; Joseph Yeates (Wisconsin), General Grand Captain of the Host; D. C. Dawkins (Florida), General Grand Royal Arch Chaplain.

The number of Knights Templar in procession was about 5000.

To-night a grand banquet was given to the Encampment of the United States by the Grand Commandery of Maryland, at the Maryland Institute; also at Concordia Opera House, Masonic Temple, new Assembly rooms and at the headquarters of the different Baltimore Commanderies.

The committee awarded to Detroit Commandery No. 1 the silver service presented by Baltimore Commandery No. 2, for the greatest proficiency in drill.

About 2500 Knights visit Washington to-morrow.

The alleged cases of Asiatic cholera said to have been developed at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, are being investigated. It has been ascertained that a lately arrived German woman died at Woolbridge, near Perth Amboy, last week, of a disease that physicians pronounced cholera. The village of Woolbridge in consequence of the report was nearly depopulated.

A movement has recently been made to enlist the entire Masonic fraternity in the country in finishing the Washington national monument.

THE PEOPLE vs. TAMMANY.

The Abstracter of the Missing Vouchers Locked Up.

Startling Disclosures Expected to Result From His Arrest.

The "Times" Predicts the Early Arrest of the Robber Chiefs.

A Servant Girl's Story—Mrs. Haggerty Superintends the Burning of the Vouchers.

The Great "Haggerty Diamond" Turned Up Again—His Fall Overcoat.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The report current late yesterday evening that the man who stole the vouchers in the Comptroller's office about ten days ago was known, and that his arrest, which would be made to-day, would directly implicate leading city officials, and exculpate Comptroller Connolly in the matter, produced the wildest excitement. It was reported on the streets that not only was this last theft of vouchers, but also that a year ago, to the extent of two million dollars, was the work of creatures of the ring, and the rumor was received with every evidence of alarm by the Tammany-Hall politicians and their hangers-on. It is said that an investigation will at once take place, when Deputy Comptroller Greene will develop a series of most startling facts. Evidence will be brought to light against the plunderers of the city treasury, which will be of the strongest character, and assure the speedy punishment of the guilty parties.

CHUCKLING OF THE "TIMES."

The *Times* says, editorially, that before many hours one, if not more, of the infamous thieves who have been publicly denounced, will be placed in charge of the authorities of the law. It declares, however, that Comptroller Connolly has kept back nothing; that persons in possession of all the secrets fully exonorate him from all participation in the actual robbery of the papers from his office. The same journal cautions the public to be on the alert, inasmuch as in the letter from Hall to McClellan there was an expressed anxiety about the preservation of peace, and that a hint given from that quarter may possess a meaning of great significance.

THE TRIBUNE HEDGES.

The *Tribune* declares that it is not interested on either side in the question which has been raised between Hall and Connolly, and says that the only object which it seeks is the summary punishment of the thieves for their misdeeds. To secure this, no co-operation with the implicated parties seems necessary; there are enough Democrats to carry out successfully the work of reform, and it only requires a coalition of all honest men, irrespective of political preferences, that the end desired can be accomplished.

COMBINING AGAINST TAMMANY.

Many of the most prominent Democrats opposed to Tammany last night effected a preliminary organization for the purpose of a movement for municipal reform. It was authoritatively announced that the delegation from Tammany Hall would be excluded from the Democratic State Convention.

STOLEN VOUCHERS AGAIN.

Two men were arrested to-day charged with stealing the vouchers from the Comptroller's office, and were brought before Justice Dowling, who committed them for examination.

When it was published, last evening, that the thieves who had stolen the vouchers from the Comptroller's office were known, certain parties became very anxious about the matter, and sent a woman to several of the newspaper offices, offering through her the stolen vouchers for the sum of five thousand dollars, in the hope of ascertaining the correctness of the report.

WHO STOLE THE VOUCHERS?

Thomas Murphy, watchman at the Comptroller's office, and Haggerty were in the court-house about the time the vouchers were supposed to have been taken. Mary Conway, the servant girl of Haggerty, swears that she has lived with Mr. and Mrs. Haggerty in the county court-house over fourteen months. She says: "On Sunday morning, September 10th, about seven o'clock, I went down stairs and saw Charles Balch with the door of the Comptroller's office open, he holding it back on the outside, and I saw Haggerty come out of the door with a bundle of papers on his arm and bring them into his bed room. The door where he came out is at the foot of the stairs, where the glass is broken, that enters the county bureau. Each bundle of papers was tied with either a pink paper or a pink ribbon around them. I went over from the kitchen out into the hall. In this hall Haggerty's bed-room door faced me. I saw a man with gray clothes going in there with another bundle of papers, like what Haggerty had. Next I saw this man with grey clothes going down with a pillow-case on his back, full, that looked as if filled with papers shaped like the bundles Haggerty had. At the same time he went down stairs Charley Balch said to him: 'This way.' I kind of judged there was something up, and went to look in the drawer where the pillow-cases were, and missed one of the linen cases. When I went back into the kitchen I said to Mrs. Haggerty: 'What is the matter in the kitchen; it is all black with smoke, and the dining rooms are all black with smoke.' She said: 'Haggerty wanted some papers burned, and I told him not to put them in, but he wants them burned.' I went over to the range to cook some eggs for breakfast. It was full of burned papers on top, and paper, and on top there lay bundles of half-burned papers, of that were some half tape around with a piece a pink ribbon over again. them. I put on the cover. When They were partly smothered. I had the I went out Mrs. Haggerty on top poker stirring up the papers and underneath. The range was full of burning papers, and Mrs. Haggerty had the poker stirring them up so that they would burn faster. She took three of four pails full of burned papers and emptied them up stairs on the attic floor in a heap of ashes."

DISAPPEARANCE OF A WITNESS.

The girl Conway has mysteriously disappeared and all efforts to discover her whereabouts so far have proved fruitless. Mrs. Haggerty has been placed under arrest.

Very few persons were aware that any arrests had been made, and accordingly, when the case was called up before Justice Dowling, at the Tombs, only a few persons were present.

HAGGERTY IN COURT.

Haggerty was very nervous and excited. He was elegantly dressed, and on his shirt-bosom sparkled three elegant diamonds. Thrown across his left arm was a light fall overcoat. He was represented by the eminent lawyer, John Graham, who, however, did not know his client, and when he was pointed out by Justice Dowling, Graham remarked, "Yes, that is the person I was sent for to represent."

HAGGERTY SHOULD GO TO ARKANSAS.

Haggerty is also under indictment conjointly with James Lynch and William Lampson, all of whom were inspectors of election, in the United States court on the charge of allowing about one hundred and fifty men whose names were not on the registry to vote at the last elections. Haggerty was formerly a member of the old board of councilmen. He is a member of both the Blossom and Americus clubs.

THE ASHES CONVICT HAGGERTY.

About six o'clock this evening, during the examination of the ashes of the burnt vouchers, which lay in heap near the janitor's room, portions of several burnt vouchers were found in a sufficiently preserved condition to make out the figures on them with the aid of a glass.

The Committee of Seventy this morning resolved to ask District-Attorney Garvin for permission to appear by council at the examination, before Judge Dowling, of Haggerty, Balch, and Mrs. Haggerty, and appointed Wm. C. Barrett as such counsel.

It is reported that another warrant has been issued for the arrest of a person high in official position. The detectives are looking for him, and it is reported that he cannot be found and has fled.

BOSS TWEED FIGHTS FOR THE HAGGERTY.

The *Mail* says in reference to the voucher robbery: "It is strange and significant that every movement of the Comptroller to obtain evidence to convict the guilty parties has been closely watched by the police, and the affidavit of Mary Conway shows that she had to give her evidence to Connolly under threats from influential quarters, and against at least the moral influence of the police. It looks very much as though Tweed was bound to protect his favorite, Haggerty, and as though the police force had been used to a greater or less extent to defeat the ends of justice."

4--11--44.

Policy Dealer Brought to Book in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, September 21.—The case of the commonwealth against George Webster was called in the Louisville city court yesterday, there being several indictments pending against Webster for promoting the Kentucky and Paducah lotteries and selling tickets in the same. The case against Webster was dismissed by the court on the ground that said business was conducted under laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky, legalizing the Kentucky and Paducah lotteries. Able arguments were made on both sides. Ex-Governor Bramlette and Judge Bullitt for the defense, and Frank Hogan for the State.

The excitement among the taxpayers in New York in regard to the enormous stealings effected by the Boss's ring had commenced to subside, when, yesterday morning, the whole thing was revived by the discovery that, about a year since, vouchers for over a million dollars were stolen from the same officer who lately lost a lot of the same sort of documents. "The slaves of the ring"—the people—are anxious to know, within a million or so, what has been stolen, but if things go on at this rate, it is hardly probable that they will ever recieve the information.

Intelligence from Washington states that the new German minister has informed the president of one of the schutzen vereins there that Emperor William has sent them a present of six stands of chassepot rifles, which have already left Berlin.

EUROPEAN DSPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 21.—London journals to-day continue to discuss the alleged exposures in New York, and publish sharp editorials upon the finances of that city.

The London papers also contain editorials upon the subject of the relations between the United States and Mexico, inspired by the outrages recently perpetrated upon the crews of the American barks Brothers and Harvest Home, upon the Mexican coast.

A meeting was held to-day at the Colonial Institute to aid the sufferers by the hurricane experienced in August in the British West Indies. The movement was organized by the Bishop of Antigua and Governor Pone, of the Leeward Islands.

Further changes in the Turkish ministry have occurred, but are not of an important character.

Late advices from the Cape of Good Hope are to the effect that diamonds continue to be found in great numbers in the fields, and that the rush to the diggings and excitement over the discoveries is unabated.

The outflow of specie to America continues; £70,000 were shipped to New York to-day.

The Bank of England to-day advanced its rates of discount to three per cent.

Napoleon's health improves at Torquay.

English holders of Confederate cotton bonds are organizing to present their claims to the commission, for arbitration, at Washington.

A dispatch from Wigan says there has been further explosions to-day, and that the mine is burning. Fire engines are at the scene of disaster. The people are actually paralyzed with excitement.

ITALY.

ROME, September 21.—The procession in honor of Italian unity was very imposing. The patriarchs of the Armenjan church joined in this portion of the celebration. The illumination of the city at night was very grand. There was not the slightest disturbance.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 21.—The statement that there was a conflict yesterday between the French and Germans, who are evacuating the forts, is unfounded.

Rochefort, in his defence before the court-martial, says that he refused to accept of a release from the Prussians during the seige of Paris.

The cattle plague is increasing in the north of France.

VERSAILLES, September 21.—Thiers has been presented by King Amadeus, of Spain, with the order of the Golden Fleece.

Thiers held to-day a lengthy interview with Herr Von Arnim, upon the subject of the delayed treaty between France and Germany.

Rochefort's trial has been concluded, and he has been sentenced by court-martial to transportation to the penal colony for life.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, September 21.—The procession of the engineers, in celebration of the end of the strike, took place yesterday.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, September 21.—The Government of Denmark has instituted stringent measures against the introduction of the cholera.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 21.—Odo Russell, the newly appointed British ambassador to the German Empire, has arrived in Berlin and will be officially presented to Emperor William at an early day.

The German Reichstag will meet on the 16th of October.

There was quite a severe snow storm to-day at Gumbinnen, in East Prussia.

I. O. O. F.

Session of the Grand Lodge of the United States at Chicago.

Address From Vice-President Colfax and Other Prominent Members of the Order.

An Amendment to the Constitution—No Negroes Need Apply.

CHICAGO, September 21.—There was a grand reunion of the Odd Fellows at Metropolitan Hall last night. There were full two thousand persons present, a large share of whom were strangers. An introductory address was made by D. S. Sherry, P. G. R., of Illinois. He was followed by John B. Hannon, of California, S. H. Fitzhugh, of Virginia, George W. Race, of Louisiana, J. F. Morse, Deputy Grand Master of Germany and Switzerland, Vice-President Colfax, Past Grand Sire of Indiana, and James T. Ridgeley, Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the United States.

Vice-President Colfax said, that for a quarter of a century he had been a member of the order, and he could truthfully say, that in all that time he had never heard a word in the ritual or charges of Odd Fellowship to which the severest critic or the most devout christian could object. All its principles were drawn directly, and in many cases, literally from the sacred record; here is taught obedience to the command of the Great Teacher—"Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself," and the Golden Rule is the theme of the most beautiful degree.

After further vindicating the order, the vice-president closed by saying, that the victories of Odd Fellowship were not the victories of the warrior, nor the millionaire, but the most priceless victories on the battle-fields of humanity, where the work is always plenty and the laborers few.

At the morning session of the Grand Lodge the following amendment to the constiution was adopted:

"No person shall be entitled to admission to the order except free, white males of good moral character, who have arrived at the age of twenty one years, and who believe in a Supreme Being, the creator and preserver of the universe; provided, however, that in Australia, New Zealand, and other countries not on the continent of North America, in which the order has been or may hereafter be established, and a Grand Lodge or Grand Lodges formed, the qualification as to age shall be left to local legislation."

After the adoption of this amendment, committees on unfinished business and on finance and legislation submitted various reports, which were appropriately disposed of, and the remainder of the session was occupied in discussing an amendment to the constitution of the Grand Lodge of the United States, providing that Past Grand Sires be allowed the same privilegs and per diem fees as is allowed to representatives.

Having accepted an invitation from Aldermen Busse, a party of invited guests from the Grand Lodge took an excursion on the lake, in the steamer Chicago Belle, leaving her dock at one o'clock. They returned at about half-past two o'clock and the Grand Lodge proper were taken aboard for an excursion down the south shore.

The Grand Encampment of the United States is in session this evening and elected the following officers: Most Eminent Grand Master, J. Q. A. Fellows, of New Orleans; Right Eminent Deputy Grand Master, Jas. H. Hethkins, of Pittsburg; Very Eminent Grand Generallissimo, Vincent L Hurlburt, of Chicago; Very Eminent Grand Captain General, Benjamin Dean, of Boston; Very Eminent Grand Senior Warden, Irving M. Smith, of East Saginaw, Michigan; Very Eminent Grand Junior Warden Wm. G. Patton, of Meridian, Miss.; Grand Treasurer, John W. Simmons, of New York; Grand Recorder, Theo. S. Parvin, of Iowa City, Iowa.

A Washington dispatch says that some of the Catholic clergy are starting an enterprise of their own in that city for the reform of abandoned women. Steps have been taken to establish there a branch of the Catholic institution called the "House of the Good Shepherd."

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

MONEY.

WALL STREET, NEW YORK, September 21.—Gold opened firm at 114¾, and sold to 114¾, but as soon as the Government sales were made the public market fell to 114⅝, and at the close there was a rally, and prices advanced to 114⅞@114¾. Loans were made in the morning at 6@7 to 6 for use, later, from 2 to 4 per cent. were paid for carrying. Clearings, $63,500,000 bills for Treasury gold amounted to $3,340,000, at from 112 to 114-60-100 awards, $6,000,000, at from 112 20-100 to 114 39-100. Governments were steady, with but a little change from yesterday's prices. The Stock Exchange was a scene of great excitement when the announcement of an extra sale of gold was made. There was for a short time a rush to sell stocks generally, and prices declined ½@1 for sevh. The theory was based on the report that the bear combination would withdraw and look up five thousand millions of greenbacks to-morrow, when the gold would have to be paid for. Later in the afternoon the market became firmer and the decline was partially recovered on the rumor that the Treasury would be very easy about the payments for gold if money was stringent. The fact that Boutwell will be here to-night also caused a better feeling, and especially as it was reported that he would probably order an extra purchase of bonds for Saturday. Most of the speculative shares declined during the day; at the close there was a recovery from the lowest point, and the market closed firm but dull. Money was run up to 7 per cent., and, in some cases, 7 per cent. gold was bid at the close the ruling rate was 6 per cent. State bonds were dull and weak. Sterling exchange—bankers' bills, 8¾. United States coupons of 1881, 115½; do 1862, 5-20s 115; do 1864, 114½; do 1865, 114½; do new, 114½; do 1867, 5-20s, 115½; do 1868, 114¾; do 10-40s, 111½; do currency sixes, 116¾. Missouri State bonds, 95¾; Tennessee, old, 74; do new, 70¾; Virginia, new, 69; do old, 62¾; North Carolina, old, 60; do new, 22½. Canton, 78; Western Union Telegraph Company, 80¾. Quicksilver, 15¾; Mariposa, 13¾; do preferred, 25; Adams Ex., 80¾; Wells & Fargo, 51½; American Ex., 57; Merchants' Union Express, 51; United States Express Co., 50; Pacific Mail, 32¾; New York Central, 92½; New York Central Scrip, 87¾; Erie, 20¾; do preferred, 39; Hudson, 107; do preferred, 103; Reading, 112½; Michigan Central, 119; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 134; Northwestern, 68¾; do preferred, 86; Rock Island, 108½; New Jersey Central, 105½; St. Paul, 65¾; do preferred, 81; Wabash, 41½; do preferred, 52; Ft. Wayne, 126½; Terre Haute, 23; do preferred, 59; Chicago and Alton, 118; do preferred, 123½; Ohio and Mississippi, 42½; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 93; Burlington and Quincy, 134; Union Pacific, 37½; Central Pacific bonds, 103½; Union Pacific bonds, 93.

DRY GOODS.

The market was active and prices generally steady and firm. The most important feature in the trade to-day was the advance on the price of Manchester prints to 12c while Cambrics was selling at 13½c. In Allendale wide sheetings, the 7-4 brown spring were selling at 24, and 9-4 at $1.20c, while 8-4 and 10-4 bleach command the same prices respectively. In other staple fabrics there was no important alteration, the markets generally are not large, and, on the whole, the market partakes of an active and healthy tone.

COTTON.

Cotton in light demand and ⅛c lower, at 20c.

PROVISIONS.

Flour steady with a moderate demand: superfine Western and State, $5.60@5.90; common to good extra, $6.20@6.40; good to choice do, $6.50@7; white Western X, $7.00@7.75; Ohio X, $6.50@7.40; St. Louis, $6.50@8. Rye flour, quiet. Cornmeal, quiet. Wheat—Winter red and amber, $1.45@1.48; No. 1, $1.40; winter red and Western, $1.43@1.57; amber, Michigan, $1.55@1.62; white Western, $1.65@1.70; No. 2 spring, to arrive, $1.67; white Western, $1.65. Rye, barley, and malt quiet. Corn firm; Western mixed and State, 72@72½c; afloat, 72¼@74c. Oats firmer; Western Ohio, 50@52c. Hay and hops quiet. Coffee in fair demand and firm; Rio, 16¾@17¾c. Sugar, steady with a moderate demand; fair to good refining, 9½@9¾c; Cuba, 9@9½c. Molasses, Rice, Petroleum, Tallow, quiet. Pork dull and drooping; mess $15.37@15.50; prime, $10@10.25; prime mess, $19@19.75; for September, $15.37@15.50. Beef and cut meats unchanged; middles steady; long clear, 8½c. Lard active; prime steam, 9½@9¾c; kettle-rendered, 9¾c; for January 9½c. Butter steady; Western, 10@20c; State, 18@30c. Cheese firm, at 11@12½c.

ALBANY.—Flour dull and unchanged, $6.20@6.40 for shipping extras. Wheat dull and holders anxious to sell; No. 2 spring, $1.40@1.47; winter red Western, $1.62@1.65; amber Michigan, $1.57@1.60; white Michigan, $1.60@1.67. Rye—90c for Western. Corn quiet; Western mixed, in store, 72c; afloat, 75c. Pork moderately active; for September and October, $15.50. Eggs firm, at 20@22c.

CINCINNATI, September 21.—Cotton dull and prices a shade lower; low middling, 19c. Flour is in good demand at full prices; family, $6@6.25. Wheat is fair demand and higher; red, 75@80c. Oats steady with a moderate demand, at 32@40c. Barley is fair demand and firm, at 80@91c. Groceries in fair demand and firm. Lard oil in good demand at full prices, at 75@75c. Eggs scarce and firm, at 20c. Butter scarce and firm, at 35@40c. Cheese in good demand at full prices, at 11@12c. Pork steady with a moderate demand, at $15.75. Lard in light demand but holders firm, at 9c. Bacon in fair demand and higher as regards shoulders and clear sides; clear rib and bulk sides dull; shoulders sold at 7½c; clear sides at 8½c. Hams have advanced to 17c. Hogs in fair demand and higher, at $4.20@4.75. Whisky in fair demand and higher, and scarce and firm, at 91c; scarcely any in market.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 21.—Flour unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring active, and closed at $1.16½ for September; $1.16¾ for October. This afternoon quiet and easier. Corn—No. 2 mixed, active, closed at 48¾@48⅞c. This afternoon unchanged. Oats—No. 2 stronger, closed at 30⅝@31c. Rye, No. 2 higher at 64½@65c. Barley—No. 2 spring closed at 64@64½c. Highwines 50c higher, at 90c. Provisions quiet. Mess pork, $13.75@13.87. Lard, 9½@9¾c. Shoulders, 6c. Hogs a shade firmer at $4.35@4.62. Cattle quiet and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, September 21.—Cotton nominal. Flour scarce, firm and in light demand for medium grades, and prices unchanged. Wheat active and higher, No. 3 red, $1.37@1.38; No. 2 red winter, $1.38. Corn dull and drooping; No. 2 mixed in elevator, 46c; mixed sacked, 50@51½c. Oats heavy, and buyers demanding concessions; No. 2 in elevator, 35c; mixed sacked, 37½@38c. Barley firm and steady; prime Iowa, 75c; prime Minnesota, 80c. Rye scarce and higher at 66@70c. Highwines strong and a shade higher at 90@92½c. Tobacco, hemp and bagging unchanged. Pork quiet at $13@13.25, latter on order. Bacon firm and in good jobbing and order demand. Shoulders, 7½@7¾c; clear rib sides, 7¾@8c; clear sides, 8¼@8½c. Lard quiet, order loss at 9½@9¾c. Hogs easier at $3.75@4.25. Cattle lower; Texan, $1.25@3.50; native, $—@4.75.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, September 21.—Tobacco still stronger for all grades; sales, 68 hhds; lugs, $7.50@8.25. Bagging in moderate demand and unchanged. Cotton firm, but nothing doing; extra family, $6.75. Wheat, corn and rye quiet and unchanged. Oats in good demand and held firm at 40c, on arrival. Provisions firm, active and higher. Bacon—shoulders, 7¾c; clear rib sides, 8¾c; clear, 8¾c, packed. Hams—sugar-cured 17c; plain, 16c. Lard—9¾c, tierce. Mess pork, $13.25@13.50. Whisky steady, at 91@92c.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, September 21.—Cotton scarce and firm; low middling, 18½c. Flour in good demand at full prices; superfine, $5.50@6; family, $5.50@7. Wheat—$1.15@1.45. Corn, 65c. Rye, $1. Oats, 35c. Barley, 70c. Cornmeal, 65c. Bacon—shoulders, 7¾c; clear rib sides, 8¼c; clear, 8¾c. Hams—plain, 18c; sugar-cured, 14@16c. Lard—prime steam, 10½c.

MOBILE.

MOBILE, September 21.—Cotton firm; middling, 19½c; net receipts, 398; exports coastwise, 88; sales, 250; stock, 6944 bales.

SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, September 21.—Cotton market—firm; low middling, 19¼@19c; net receipts, 478; exports coastwise, 318; sales, 2; stock, 6071 bales.

CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, September 21.—Cotton market steady; middling, 19½c; net receipts, 187; exports coastwise, 784; sales, 150; stock, 5080 bales.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, September 21.—Cotton unsettled; good ordinary, 16¼@16½c; net receipts, 183; exports coastwise, 304; sales, 25; stock, 12,972 bales.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, September 21.—Consols, 92 for money, 92⅝ on account. United States Coupons of 1862, 5-20s, 99½; do '65, 99½; do '67, 99½; do 10-40s, 96. The rate of discount in the Bank of England has advanced to 3 per cent. Shipments to America, $70,000.

PARIS, September 21.—Rentes, 36 francs 70 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, September 21.—Cotton dull; uplands, 9⅝@9¾d; Orleans, 9¾@9¾d; sales, 500 bales, exports and speculation, 2000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet; wheat—California, 7s. 7d; red winter, 11s 4d. Flour—23@28s for Western. Corn—32s 6d. Oats—3s 1d. Cheese—50s for fine American. Cumberland middles, 35s.

MARRIED.

YROMANS—ROSSEAU.—On the evening of the 20th of September instant by Rev. J. A. Wipple Mr. S. P. YROMANS and Miss MARIE W. ROSSEAU, all of Shelby county. No cards.

So, Yeomans, you have at last succeeded in bringing matters to a "focus." It is better late than never. And may you prove worthy of wearing the flower you have plucked, until new matter will be no longer sought for and your cases be as well won and as worth of the winning as the lovely girl you have taken from the ranks of single life. R.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY.

Incorporated in 1868.

Official Drawings.

MORNING CLASS—No. 463.
75, 78, 44, 53, 47, 0, 66, 55, 48, 61, 10, 49, 4.

EVENING CLASS—No. 450.
11, 70, 2, 17, 44, 26, 54, 77, 43, 63, 66, 26.

Lotteries draw twice daily. Prizes from $100 to $6,000, paid in money by J. E. FRANCIS, ag't, 409 North Court st. Box 167, Memphis, Tenn., P. G. MURRAY, MILLER & CO., Managers, St. Louis, Mo.

MISSISSIPPI AGRICULTURAL, EDUCATIONAL AND MANUFACTURING AID SOCIETY

Authorized by the Legislature of the State.

THURSDAY MORNING, CLASS 141, SEPT. 21, 1871.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
57, 69, 44, 39, 30, 32, 65, 54, 72, 14, 49, 18, 41, 66.

THURSDAY EVENING, CLASS 142, SEPT. 21, 1871.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
28, 68, 35, 38, 19, 26, 58, 1, 21, 60, 71, 56.

507 SECOND STREET.

Worthy Your Attention

The New Orleans market is the only one in the United States, except New York, which is really and fully supplied with

European Dry Goods

BY DIRECT IMPORTATION.

In Northern-made STAPLE DRY GOODS the leading houses of New Orleans are able and should always be willing to sell as low as the Northern Jobbers, and New Orleans is known to be headquarters, and the principal market for the rapidly increasing productions of

SOUTHERN MANUFACTORIES,

which are becoming so popular

In this, the Fall Season of 1871,

L. H. GARDNER & CO

OF NEW ORLEANS,

Offer to the jobbers and retailers of the Southwest, such inducements for patronage in

DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, NOTIONS

AND ALL

STAPLE DRY GOODS

As not offered elsewhere in the United States. They provided themselves with a remarkably heavy stoc of

Staple Goods,

At the very lowest point of the market in the month of June, and they intend using this advantage to attract even a still larger patronage than now enjoyed by them.

Their assortment of all Foreign Goods, such as Dress Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Trimmings, etc., etc., are rapidly arriving, and at remarkably low prices.

The house of

L. H. GARDNER & CO.

OF NEW ORLEANS,

Has acquired a reputation for enterprise and progressiveness which they purpose maintaining; and Buyers visiting New Orleans will always find their prices much lower and more regular than competing establishments.

Their stocks are of

CLEAN STANDARD GOODS,

Bought, NOT from second hands, but directly from the manufacturer, and on cash terms.

They are therefore both able and willing to offer all the inducements which can attract the patronage of the good and solvent dealers of the Southwest.

They Employ no Drummers.

Their goods and their prices speak for themselves, and only need examination for full confirmation of these statements.

Buyers alive to their own interests should not fail to call on or address

L. H. GARDNER & CO.

105 & 107 Gravier Street

and 92 Common Street

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

KILWINNING LODGE, R. AND S. M.

THE stated communication of Kilwinning Lodge, No. 341, will be held this (FRIDAY) evening, September 22d, at 8 o'clock, for dispatch of business.

All M. M.'s are fraternally invited.

By order W. S. RICHARDET, W. M.
LOUIS CRAFORT, Secretary. sel21

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

FREIGHT will be received until further orders, commencing at 10 o'clock to-day.

J. E. WOOD,
sel21 Agent M. & L. R. R. R.

Menken Bros.

WILL COMMENCE

MONDAY, Sept. 18th

THEIR

GREAT SALE

OF

Fall and Winter GOODS!

ENTIRELY NEW.

Our customers will find this an excellent opportunity to purchase

Dress Goods!

SUCH AS

Maria Stuart Cloths, PLAIN AND PLAID POPLINS, Black & Col'd Tamises, English Chintzes, French Chintzes, White & Col'd Flannels, SHAKER FLANNELS, WELSH FLANNELS, CALIFORNIA BLANK'TS

IN GREAT VARIETY!

ALL NEW AND DESIRABLE!

Special attention is called to our line of

BLACK ALPACAS!

AT 50, 65 AND 75 CENTS.

Menken Brothers

Cor Main and Court St.

A. VACCARO. S. VACCARO. A. B. VACCARO

A. VACCARO & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street,

MEMPHIS. : : TENNESSEE

SHARES $5 EACH.

$500,000. $500,000. $500,000.

REAL ESTATE DISTRIBUTION

OF MEMPHIS FOR 1871.

Drawing October 31st 1871,

$467,000 in Real Properties.

$33,400 in Personal Values

The NEW MEMPHIS THEATRE, costing $35,000, and now renting for $55C; a $22,000 Plantation; a $60,000 Plantation Residence, a $42,000 Business House, all of which are eligibly situated, are among the attractive prizes offered to the public. Other real properties, cottage homes, suburban residence and building sites. The personal property includes Diamonds, Watches, Silver-plate, Pianos, Organs, etc.

Notice—All the shares unsold at the time of distribution will be surrendered and their corresponding numbers not allowed any representation. The managers will not hold a share, thus guaranteeing the shareholders the full control.

PASSMORE & RUFFIN, Managers.

For information and shares apply to Central Office, 44 Adams street, Memphis, Tenn.; or to any of the agencies throughout the county. (sep16) P. & R.

PETER H. DONNELLY. R. DEVITT

PETER H. DONNELLY & CO.

189 Poplar Street, east of Market,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CHOICE FAMILY SUPPLIES,

Best brands of St. Louis Flour always on hand, and at the lowest market price. We WARRANT and receive a shipment of the finest Teas from New York importers, which we will sell to our customers at the lowest figures. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. PETER H. DONNELLY & CO.
sel7

STOCKHOLDERS' ELECTION.

OFFICE OF MEMPHIS AND OHIO R. R. CO.,
Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 15, 1871.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing Fifteen Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 284 Main street, Memphis, Tenn., MONDAY, the 16th October next, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

Stockholders will be passed free on 15th, 16th and 17th October, on presentation of stock certificates or receipts.

R. McDAVITT, Vice-President,
and Acting President M. and O. R. R. Co.

CABLE SCREW WIRE

BOOTS AND SHOES

ARE

Claimed to be the Best,
Acknowledged to be the Best,
Proved to be the Best,

THEY ARE THE

MOST FLEXIBLE,
MOST ECONOMICAL,
MOST COMFORTABLE,
MOST DURABLE.

Will not rip. Rapidly supplanting sewed and pegged work. The patent stamps is on all. Sold by all dealers. A single trial will make good all these claims. sep10

VALUABLE BUILDING AND GARDEN LANDS,

SIX MILES EAST OF MEMPHIS,

—AT—

PEREMPTORY PUBLIC SALE.

WE are instructed by the owner to offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash,

300 ACRES OF DESIRABLE LAND,

Lying on the Raleigh and Hernando roads, between the State line and Macon station, being a subdivision of the John D. White tract, and possessing fine advantages for a suburban residence and garden cultivation. The land will be sold in convenient subdivisions of 20 acres, more or less, to suit purchasers. Sale to take place at our Real Estate Exchange, N. E. corner of Main and Jefferson streets, at 10 o'clock, on

Saturday, the 30th Day of September.

Any portion of the land will be sold privately before the day of sale.

ROTHERT, TARKEYANT & CO.
sel

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS WHOLESALE

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Have now on sale, complete in every Department, their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods

We would invite the special attention of

MERCHANTS

TO OUR

Immense Stock

OF

Cassimeres, Flannels,

Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Twills,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS, HOSIERY,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

All of which have been purchased before the