### THE NEIGHBOR.

"Selina, my daughter Selina,
Look down at your sewing, pray.
You are going much too often
At our neighbor over the way."

"At our neighbor? Nonsense, mother!
For him how should I care?
Is his mind of three stems a geranium,
And my eyes look idly there."

"Idly enough, I warrant,
As such things ever began.
Day is lost in flirtation and wished you
Sedding to the young man?"

"Not to our neighbor, mother!
Never, as I live!
I cast on his willow-lodger,
Miss Jones, the milliner."

"What fluttered into your bosom
Through the open window-pane?"
"A little winged thing, my mother—
Sure, there it goes again."

"My girl, what are you reading
There in the window light?"
"Only some pretty verses
I found in the Journal last night.

"O, then, who at thy casement
Art all like a saint at a shrine,
Hear now I watch and adore thee!
O sweet, that then wouldst be mine.

"Are not the verses pretty?
Mother, why do you frown?"
"Verses are merely rubbish—
Who is you writing down?"

"What am I writing, mother?
Oh don't be angry, pray!
I am only marking the linen
I bought at the office to-day."

"Marking the linen, daughter!
Your pen runs far too fast!
But I'm glad did you remember
Out of the window cast."

"Out of the window, mother?
Nothing; you're wrong once more.
Hark, there's some one knocking;
Let me run to the door.

"Mother, sweet dear mother
Of sixteen years, may, or true?
Outside the door of the parlor
Our neighbor is waiting now!"

"Our neighbor! What is he wanting?
Show him up the stair.
(Tis as I said, Selina!)
Good day, sir. Take a chair.

"You, sir, I pray be seated.
Take the gentleman's hat, my dear.
To what do I owe the honor
Of the honor of seeing you here?"

"O, madam, mine is the honor;
Honored am I and glad.
Your pretty daughter Selina
When I explain the rest.

"Madam, dearest madam,
For many and many a day
I have loved your daughter Selina,
And watched her from over the way.

"Her youth, her sweetness, her beauty,
Have watched me day and night;
I have sat week days at the window
Feasting upon the sight.

"Always gentle and smiling,
Always busy and neat!
The light of the glowing dwelling,
The sunbeam of the street!

"Long was I dumb and timid,
But I plucked up heart at last,
This morning I dole letter
In at the window cast.

"And there in the lane I trembled,
Full of a wild affright
Thinks of the window fluttered
Like wings of angels in flight.

"See, with indelible letters,
Her answer is written here:
Your gentle daughter, Sell, a,
Knows and accepts your dear.

"Now, on my knees unto her
I kneel, and again entreat,
My heart and my humble fortune
Place unto her feet.

"Selina, my daughter Selina,
Was ever the little bird
O child you have deceived me
Fleeing upon my word?

"Is it thus you earn your living?
Is it thus you spend the day?
Ah! love is ever conniving
Heedless we will falling.

"Sir, since you to my love her,
You shall wed her by-and-by,
If we can, meantime, be happy
Does not your looks belie.

"Selina, you may kiss him!—
Close the house as we may.
Lovers to-door or by-window,
Love will discover a way!"

ROBERT BUCHANAN, in *Good Words*.

### Something About Echoes

A good ear cannot distinguish one sound from another unless there is an interval of one-ninth of a second between the arrival of the two sounds. Sounds must therefore, succeed each other at an interval of one ninth of a second in order to be heard distinctly. Now, the velocity of a sound being hundred and twenty feet a second, in one-ninth of a second the sound would travel one hundred and twenty-four feet.

Repeated echoes happen when two obstacles are placed opposite to one another, as parallel walls, for example, which reflect the sound successively.

At Ademach, in Bohemia, there is an echo which repeats seven syllables three times; at Woodstock, in England, there is one which repeats a sound seventeen times during the day and twelve during the night. At Milan, an echo in the villa Simonetta, near Milan, is said to repeat a sharp sound thirty times audibly. The most celebrated echo among the ancients was that of the Metelli, at Rome, which, according to tradition, was capable of repeating the first line of an Æneid, containing fifteen syllables, eight times distinctly.

Dr. Birch describes an echo at Rosenheath Argyleshire, which it is said does not now exist. When eight or nine were played upon a trumpet, they were returned by this echo upon a key a third lower than the original notes, and shortly after upon a key still lower. Dr. Page describes an echo in Fairfax county, Virginia, which possesses all the qualities of a musical instrument. This echo gives three distinct reflections, the second much the most distinct. Twenty notes played upon a flute are returned with perfect clearness. But the most singular property of this echo is, that some notes of the scale are returned by their places, but are supplied with note which are either thirds, fifths, or octaves.

There is a surprising echo between two barns, in Belvidere, Allegheny county, New York. One echo repeats eleven times a word of one, two or three syllables; it has been heard to repeat thirteen times. By placing one's self in the courts, between the two barns, there will be a double echo, one in the direction of each barn, and a monosyllable will be repeated twenty-two times.

A striking and beautiful effect of echo is produced in certain localities by the Swiss mountaineers, who contrive to sing their *Ranz des Vaches* in such time that the reflected notes form an accompaniment to the air itself.

### The Ruling Passion.

A remarkable instance of pride of descent is furnished by Mr. Berish Botfield, formerly an English member of Parliament. This gentleman inherited from his father an immense fortune, and dying a few years ago, left his wife thirty-five thousand dollars a year, which sum was to be reduced to fifteen thousand should she marry again. The lady has, meantime, made a secret marriage. All his fortune, except the sum enjoyed by his wife, Mr. Botfield left to accumulate until the second son, then unborn, of the Marquis of Bath shall attain a given age, when he should inherit it. The jointure of Mrs. Botfield will, also, at her death, form part of said residue. The cause of this bequeath was that Mr. Botfield claimed to be descended from the same stock as the Marquis.

Lord Bath's name is Thynne, but the name of his family was originally Boteville. As ancestor is said to have gained the sobriquet of "John o'the tane" from one of the ancient inns of court; and thence came the name Thynne. Mr. Botfield claimed to be descended from a younger branch of the family, who retained the name of Boteville.

Now, Lord Bath happens to be notorious amongst his order for the assumption of superiority. He considers that only half a dozen families in the country are good enough to mix with him, and he is said to have said that it would take a generation to wipe out from his escutcheon the stain of the Baring (his mother was of this famous family) blood. He, therefore, is reported to have "snubbed" Mr. Botfield and looked coldly on his claims of connection with a being so august as himself. Mr. Botfield, however, was probably like the gentleman who assisted at the memorable entertainment in "David Copperfield," and covered himself with glory by avenging with an insensive order that he "would rather be knocked down by a man who had blood than be picked up by one who hadn't." Young Lord Somebody Thynne, who will succeed to his fifteen cousin's $150,000 a year, will certainly have substantial reasons to rejoice in Mr. Botfield's love for blood.

It is stated that the Mont Cenil tunnel is not the first work of that description through the Alps. The Marquis of Saluces, more than three hundred years ago dug a tunnel through Monte Viso, at the foot of which the river Po has its source. It was built for the passage of a turnpike road, and at the present day forms the only direct communication between Embrun and Saluces. On the eastern side its mouth is 2600 yards above the level of the sea, and 2150 yards of the tunnel are cut through the solid rock in a straight line. The tunnel under Mont Cenis is about six times as long as that through Monte Viso, but taking into consideration the difference in engineering facilities at the two periods of construction, the earlier work was a much bolder enterprise. This tunnel was partly destroyed by the King of Sardinia to obstruct the march of the Republican armies of France, but it was subsequently repaired and improved by Napoleon I.

A railroad is being constructed in Canada, with rails of rock maple. Its cost is but $5000 per mile, and its directors expect it to wear long enough to pay for iron.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, SATURDAY, November 11, 1871.

### FINANCIAL.

The local money market is easy; money in good supply. The activity of the demand eases from day to day. The movement of the staple also continues large, and no depression in consequence is felt. Receipts of cotton are large, and daily sales liberal. Rates are unchanged, ranging, in bank, at 10@12 per cent, per annum, and outside rates are 15@18 on first-class 30-day paper. Money is reported in abundance every where. In New York the aggregate amount of surplus funds seeking temporary employment is gradually increasing, and the money market is working easier to first-class borrowers, who find no difficulty in obtaining the needed accommodations, by loans subject to call on approved securities at 10@7 per cent; the lower being the prevailing rate for large sums upon government, and the higher for ordinary transactions on stock collaterals. The best business paper, of which only a moderate amount is offered, is readily negotiated by dealers at 9@11 per cent per annum discount.

Exchange on New York and other northern cities without grace, ½ per cent discount, and otherwise, ¼ per cent; on New Orleans, ⅛ discount in the rate.

Gold was steady at 111, and offering a little.

The local stock and security market was steady. Seventies City sold a small share of $1000 each, sold to-day at par. County warrants are 98 to 99c. Bank of Tennessee, 97 to 98c. City bonds, currency issues, 55 to 56c, buying and selling; gold issue, 66 to 68c. City scrip, 95 to 96c buying, and 98c selling. Memphis and Charleston railroad stock is quoted at 20½ to 21c; first mortgages 65 to 66c; 2d do, 35 to 36c; Arkansas love bonds are quiet and quoted at 20 to 30c. Memphis and Little Rock railroad shares are nominal at 10 to 12c; 1st mortgages bonds, 75 to 78c. Arkansas State warrants, 75 to 80c. Mississippi central railroad shares at 10 to 16c; for 1st mortgages bonds, dealers report 84 to 86 as the buying and selling rates; 24, 70 to 75c. Mississippi and Tennessee railroad shares are 20 to 16c; do 1st mortgage bonds, 65 to 68c; do 2d, 30c.

### EXPORTS FOR THE LAST FISCAL YEAR.

The bureau of statistics at Washington has issued its statement of the commerce of the United States for the fiscal year ending July 1st, containing, among other things, a complete comparative exhibit of the foreign exports from the United States for the period named. According to this annual exhibit the following is a comparative statement of the value of the exports from the United States for two fiscal years:

| | 1870-71. | 1869-70. |
|---|---|---|
| Domestic produce | $428,116,262 | $403,206,241 |
| Foreign merchandise | 18,423,279 | 16,415,268 |
| Specie and bullion | 97,446,297 | 50,000,000 |
| Total exports | $590,979,838 | $539,615,502 |

Here is almost a considerable increase in the aggregate value, but it will be observed that more than half of the increase is made up of specie and bullion. The fact that there is no greater increase in the value of the domestic produce exported, may be attributed to the sharp decline in the marketable value of several of our leading staples, during that portion of the year which falls into fiscal record. Especially, in cotton, for example, in the winter months, and breadstuffs in the early fall and spring months. It was to be expected that our re-exportation of foreign merchandise should be somewhat stripped by the war. The large export of specie and bullion was a natural result of the stringent money crisis and mercantile disorders which prevailed.

Of the exports the following recapitulation exhibits the larger portions:

| | 1870-71. | 1869-70. |
|---|---|---|
| Breadstuffs | $79,262,217 | $72,230,601 |
| Cotton and cotton manufactures | 221,905,245 | 230,814,006 |
| Naval stores | 2,288,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Oils and petroleum | 37,343,181 | 37,242,202 |
| Provisions | 38,493,775 | 36,725,9 8 |
| Tobacco | 22,000,000 | 21,000,000 |
| Wood, lumber, etc | 12,016,651 | 13,705,836 |
| Total for seven great staples | $412,549,812 | $402,350,825 |

The increase in the value of the export of breadstuffs is made up almost wholly of Indian corn, and merely shows the difference between the crops of that cereal for the two years.

The South has furnished about six-tenths of all exports. Among the reports of manufactures we may note, as a curious fact, the shipment of $15,000,000 worth of muskets and pistols, most of which went to France.

### Bonds in New York.

(New York, Nov. 10, 1871, 12:00 p.m.—Market steady and rather better in some instances, Sterling steady at 109½. Two per cent paid for carrying gold.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold | 111½ |
| Bonds of 1867 | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1862 | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1864 | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1865 | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1865, new | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1867, new | 113½ |
| 5-20 Bonds of 1868, new | 113½ |
| 10-40 Bonds | 113½ |
| Pacific 6s | 113½ |

### NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans increased | $2,701,300 |
| Specie increased | 1,096,000 |
| Legals decreased | 4,948,000 |
| Legal tenders increased | 2,050,000 |
| Circulation decreased | 49,000 |

### Bonds in London.

LONDON, November 11, 5 p.m.—

| | |
|---|---|
| Consols | 93 (money) |
| U. S. 5-20 Bonds of 1862 | 91¼@91½ |
| U. S. 5-20 Bonds of 1867 | 89¼@90 |
| U. S. 10-40 Bonds | 87½@88 |
| Erie | 20 @20½ |
| New loan | 2½ discount. |

### COTTON.

Sales to-day, compared with previous days of the week, were light. The inquiry was mostly confined to a few buyers, who bought fill out orders, sales amounted to about 800 bales. Middling cotton ruled about the same as it closed on yesterday evening. Lower grades ruled dull and heavy, and a shade lower in price. The demand for bright cottons for the past few days has been active, while the lower grades have been in less demand. Among the sales were the following: Ordinary, 15c; 12 good ordinary, 16c; 8 strict good ordinary, 16½c; 11 middling, 17c; 75 low middling, 17½c; 18 strict middling, 17¾c; 7 middling, 17¾c; 4 strict middling, 17¾c; 7 middling, 17¾c; 8 strict low middling, 17½c; 3 middling, 17½c; 8 strict low middling, 17½c; 3 low middling, 17c; 4 good ordinary, 16½c; 4 low middling, 16½c; 4 strict low middling, 17½c; 3 low middling, 17c; 4 good middling, 18½c; 25 strict good ordinary, 16½c; 4 middling, 17½c; 2 good ordinary, 16½c; 4 low ordinary, 15½c; 15 strict low middling, 17½c; 10 low middling, 17c.

Though sales were much less than the day before, the market closed steadily at quotations below. In middling our quotations are unchanged. While we quote low middling at 17c, and strict low middling at 17½@17¾c:

| | |
|---|---|
| Good ordinary | 16½@— |
| Strict Good Ordinary | 16¾@— |
| Low Middling | 17 @— |
| Strict Low Middling | 17¼@17½ |
| Middling | 17½@17¾ |
| Strict Middling | 17¾@17¾ |

The market this week has been the most active of the season, sales amounting to over 30,000 bales, while the receipts and exports were well in the market.

The following is the comparative daily statement:

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts to-day | 2,082 |
| Same day last year | 2,000 |
| Shipped to-day | 3,291 |
| Same day last year | 3,000 |
| Stock to-day | 19,800 |
| Last year | 17,800 |
| Total receipts to date | 66,467 |
| Same time last year | 77,900 |
| Total shipments to date | 75,000 |
| Same time last year | 65,000 |

Last year at this time middling here was 16½c; in New York, 18½c; gold, 111½; uplands, in Liverpool, 9d.

The weekly statement of receipts, exports, etc., of all the United States, ending to-day, compared with the corresponding week last year, is as follows: Receipts decreased, 16,126; receipts since September 1st, decreased, 102,615; exports, decreased, 1,788; since September 1, decrease, 47,712. Stock at all ports decrease, 14,661 bales. The following is the New York weekly statement for the week ending at noon to-day:

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts for the week up to this time | 12,815 |
| Receipts at this port since September 1st | 171,789 |
| Exports from this port since Sep. 1 | 99,954 |
| Stock on hand at this port | 19,016 |
| Receipts at all U. S. ports for this week | 105,940 |
| Receipts at all U. S. ports since Sep. 1st | 969,282 |
| Exports from U. S. ports for this week | 164,000 |
| Exports from U. S. ports since Sep. 1st | 716,986 |
| Stock in U. S. ports to this time | 300,349 |
| Exports for this week from New York to Liverpool | 11,287 |
| Exports for week from U. S. to Liverpool | 30,000 |
| Exports for this week from U. S. to the continent | 10,367 |

### Cotton Statement.

The following is the cotton statement to date:

| CHANNEL OF CONVEYANCE, MEMPHIS, November 11, 1871. | |
|---|---|
| Stock, September 1, 1871 | 4,176 |
| Received since last statement | 2,082 |
| Received previously | 90,397—92,479 |
| Shipped since last statement | 3,291 |
| Shipped previously | 72,854—76,145 |
| Stock at noon to day | 16,800 |

### IMPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Memphis and Charleston railroad | 511 |
| Mississippi and Tennessee railroad | 282 |
| Memphis and Ohio railroad | 1,000 |
| Memphis and Little Rock railroad | 392 |
| Steamers | 569 |
| Estimated per wagons | 56 |

### EXPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Memphis and Charleston railroad | 62 |
| Mississippi and Tennessee railroad | 1,836 |
| Memphis and Ohio railroad | 1,000 |
| Steamers north | 700 |
| Steamers south | 550 |

### FREIGHTS.

All-rail to Boston, $1 26; Lowell, $1 28. Fall River, $1 26; Providence, $1 26; New York, $1; Philadelphia, $1 10. Rates by lake and rail, Water and rail, 5c per 100 lbs. less. Compressing, 50c per bale.

### Cotton in New York.

NEW YORK, November 11, 12:15 p.m.—The market opens steady with fair demand. Sales, 1,000. Futures, 1,000. Middling, 18 1-16c; January, 18½c; March, 18 15-16c.

1 p. m.—Net receipts, 13,645 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 4440; to continent, 5700. Stock, all classes, 307,940.

2:30 p.m.—Market dull. Ordinary, 15½c; good ordinary, 17½c; low middling, 18½c; middling, 18½c; middling Alabama, 18½; do Orleans, 18½; do Texas, 19½c. Sales, export, 1600 bales; spinners, 750 bales; futures, 8000 bales. Market unchanged.

### Cotton in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, November 11, 2 p.m.—Cotton quiet. Middling, 17½@18c, bales 500 bales. Night exchanges, ¼@¼ discount; sterling exchange 109@108.

The following: from the New York Bulletin of the 8th inst., shows the receipts, exports, and stocks at the principal cotton ports since Friday, and since the commencement of the cotton year:

RECEIPTS AT COTTON PORTS.

| PORTS. | Sat. Bales. | Friday. Bales. | Since Sept 1, 1871. Bales. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New Orleans | 2,098 | 2,098 | 101,956 |
| Mobile | 1,499 | 1,499 | 27,544 |
| Charleston | 1,000 | 1,000 | 68,464 |
| Savannah | 2,767 | 2,767 | 95,041 |
| Galveston | 498 | 498 | 42,972 |
| Wilmington | 150 | 150 | 14,078 |
| Norfolk | 1,687 | 1,687 | 94,947 |
| Other ports | 2,326 | 2,326 | 28,365 |
| Total receipts | 12,419 | 12,419 | 471,621 |
| Rec'ts to-day above | 17,559 | 29,978 | 495,187 |

FOREIGN EXPORTS AT SOUTHERN PORTS AND NEW YORK.

| PORTS. | Sat. Sales. | Since Friday. Sales. | Since Sept. 1, 1871. Sales. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New Orleans | 3,500 | 3,500 | 60,460 |
| Mobile | | | 5,461 |
| Charleston | | | 8,517 |
| Savannah | | | 16,810 |
| Galveston | | | 5,964 |
| New York | 5,795 | 5,795 | 100,488 |
| Other ports | | | 3,050 |
| Total foreign exp. | 12,713 | 12,713 | 201,958 |

STOCKS AT PRINCIPAL PORTS.

| PORTS. | Sat. Bales. | Fri. Bales. | Thu. Bales. | Wed. Bales. | Tue. Bales. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Orleans | 65,690 | 62,788 | 64,390 | 59,961 | 58,345 |
| Mobile | 29,322 | 28,794 | 28,852 | 27,938 | 27,263 |
| Charleston | 9,000 | 9,000 | 9,000 | 9,000 | 9,000 |
| Savannah | 42,281 | 39,617 | 36,250 | 36,136 | 40,227 |
| Galveston | 32,324 | 32,722 | 32,613 | 32,466 | 32,022 |
| Norfolk | 8,180 | 8,180 | 8,180 | 8,180 | 8,180 |
| New York | 44,000 | 42,000 | 45,000 | 48,000 | 49,000 |
| Other ports | 32,000 | 32,000 | 17,000 | 17,000 | 17,000 |
| Total stocks | 263,797 | 254,101 | 241,285 | 239,722 | 243,043 |

### TRADE.

The weather was clear and pleasant, favorable for business, but the general market were a very quiet look. The week closes with less animation than last week; however, merchants are, in the main, satisfied with the week's business. Saturday, the 11th, was but a local, commonplace demand, which was extremely light. There are but few changes to note in prices, the market generally ruling about the same as the day previous. There was a firm feeling in sugars, owing to the light supply and the active demand; clear sides are held firm at 8½c and no. There was a slight decline in the paper markets, but the scarcity here kept prices unchanged in the market. Meat was being sold, a firmer feeling is experienced, and reported higher—which is $18.50, though we heard of no transactions at those figures. Bacon will be in better supply in the course of three days. The grocery market is steady with a light demand and interior demand. Prices were about the same, except in new Louisiana molasses, which had declined as low as 65c for a low grade and 65@70c for the better grades; also new sugars have declined at least ½c to ¾c during the past week. The new crop is beginning to arrive, and prices will rule lower for several weeks. The extent of the crop has not yet been accurately estimated, but reports go to show a short crop. Coffees still high but excitement subsided. The grain market was extremely quiet, several steamers arrived last night and this morning, bringing in a few sacks corn and small lot of other grain, but not in well-ascertained quantity to effect the market, which is slightly improved from yesterday. Corn sold readily at 60 and most lots brought 60c. Oats were quiet and nothing doing except in orders from store. Hay is in better supply, with but a light demand. In Iron we heard of nothing doing. Prices are unchanged, with a steady local demand. The supply is moderate. Flour is steady and for fancy brands lower. Lower grades are firm with an active demand. Cornmeal has been in large receipt for the past two weeks, but to-day we noticed that the stock was somewhat decreased, holders asking better prices. One dealer sold 100 bbls at $3 30; another sold at $3 35; however, we make no change in quotations below. Potatoes are in large receipt, and varying from 65@125 per bushel, in sacks, and in barrels, $2 50@3. Apples are in large receipt and firm, but no material change in prices has occurred. The market is largely stripped with apples from inferior to good, but ciders are scarce and in demand. Onions are in fair supply, with a good demand. Eggs are in store and selling at 25c. Cabbage is in demand, the supply having decreased, and selling at $10@15 50. Lard is steady and the supply moderate. Bacon is in large receipt, and dull, with sales varying in prices as from 15@20c. The hide market is active and firm at quotations below.

### General Market.

APPLES—$3 50@ $5 50 to $6 for choice.

BUTTER—Kentucky, 45c; Western reserve, 40c; Western dairy, 35c; Western reserve, 40c; Kentucky, 45c; Western dairy, 35c.

BROOM CORN—Common, 4@4½c; good, 5@5½c; fine, 6@7c; fancy, 8@8½c; hurl, 3@3½c.

BAGGING—Hemp and hex, 2 lbs, 16@c; 2¼ lbs, 18c; iron ties, 60c to 65c; bailing twine, 16 to 17c.

BACON—Clear sides, scarce and firm at 8½@9c; clear rib sides, 8½@8¾c; shoulders, 8 to 8¼c; breakfast bacon, 11@12c; sugar cured hams, 14@16c; large assortment, 17; washboards, wood, $2 25; zinc, $2 50; hubbards, $2 50 to 2 75; measures, per set, $1 25; ball bushels, $9 doz, $8; iron-bound, $6 50; pails, $4; cloth-pins, $1 box of gross, $1 25; spinning wheels, $10; brooms, common, $2 25@3 doz, $1 75; fancy, $3; ball handles, $2 25; handles, $6 50; washboard, $2; hickory spirit, $8; hearth, $8; whisk, $2 25 to 2 75; mops, cotton, $3; sieves, iron wire, $1 75 to 2; plated wire, $3 50.

### Live Stock.

Cattle are in good supply and fairly active; $5 50@ choice, $5 50 to$4 00 for medium to good, and $3 50 for common. No Texas cattle in the market. Sheep are in brisk demand for best grades at $7 50@8, and dull and nominal for all others. Hogs are in full supply and dull at 8@8½c for heavy, and 6@8½c for light weights. The weather is entirely too warm for an active hog market. Fresh cows with young calves sell readily at $55@60 for common to medium, and $60@80 for choice.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 12.—Sterling exchange, bankers' bills, 8¾; bonds and stocks: U. S. coupons of 1881, 117; do-1862, 113½; do 1864, 111¾; do new 1865, 111¾; do 1867, 113½; do 1868, 113; do 10-40s, 109¾; currency sixes, 112½. State bonds—Missouri, 96; Tennessee, old, 72; do new, 66¾; Virginia, new, 61; do, old, 61; North Carolina, old, 37; do, new, 19.

### BAY COTTON.

Trade generally quiet, but stocks comparatively light for the season, and prices for cotton fabrics are well maintained while woolens are held with increased firmness in sympathy with raw material, which is extremely scarce and very high. The only change of importance to note to-day in staple fabrics is the inclination of one cent per yard in the price of Indian Orchard Y-yard wide bleached muslins, which now sells at 15½c; Amoskeag sheetings, heavy brown sheetings, steady at 15c; Atlantic A do, 16; do H and Pacific extra, 12½c; Lonsdale and Lonsdale M do prints, 14½c; print cloths, 7½c for standard stock; Wamsutta muslin, 20c; New York mills, 21c; Green & Daniel's spool cotton, three-cord, 80c; Willimantic, 85c, and Geo. A. Clark's cut and its sixcord do, 80c regular.

### COTTON.

Cotton in good demand for shipping; no decline; middling uplands, 18½c.

### ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, November 10.—Cotton—unchanged at 18@19c. Flour dull, but unchanged. Wheat opened active and firm at $1 40 for No. 2, and closed dull at $1 37; red winter, No. 2, $1 35. Corn quiet and weak, 42c, sacked, 42@42½c. Rye, demand light, and market firm, 90c. Mess pork quiet and firm; 19c bid, demand good, and market firm; 19½@20c asked. Bulk meats quiet and held at shoulders, 6½c; clear rib sides, 7¾c; clear sides, 7½c—5 to 10 days. Bacon, demand moderate; clear rib sides, 8½@8¾c; clear sides, 8¾@9c; sugar-cured hams, 12@14c. Lard, demand light and firm; noon, 8½@8¾c. Hams, sugar-cured, firm; noon, 12@13c. Hogs active; $4 50@4 65. Whisky firm; 90c.

### NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, November 11.—Hay firmer; prime, $24; choice $26. Bacon easier; shoulders, 8½@8¾c; clear sides, 9@9½c; sugar cured, 12@14½c; prime, 10½@11c; other market nominal. Sterling, 39@40; sight, ¼@¼ gold; 111½. Cotton quiet and weak. Sales 2000 bales; good ordinary 17½@17¾c; low middling, 18½@18¾c; middling, 19@19¼c; receipts, 2,000 bales. Exports, to Havre, 500; to Bremen, 2200; to Providence, 1842. Stocks, 50,000.

### CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, November 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, demand light; holders firm; No. 1 spring, Chicago, $1 34; do No. 2, $1 26@1 28. Corn, demand fair and market firm; No. 2 mixed, 44@44½c. Rye, demand fair and market firm. Oats, demand good at full prices; No. 2, 30@30½c. Barley, demand fair and prices advanced; spring No. 2, 66@67c. Pork, demand fair and market firm; mess, $17 75@18 00. Bulk meats are in fair demand and the market is firm. Green hams, 6¾@7c; shoulders, 4@4½c; short ribs, 7¾@8c; loose meats in the market. Boxed meats, shoulders, 5½c; Cumberland middles sold at 6¾c; long clear at 7c. Whisky is in active demand and prices advanced to 90c. Hogs, demand active and prices advanced to $4 90@5 05.

### CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, November 11.—Cotton is in fair demand and market firm; low middling, 17½c. The flour market is steady with a moderate demand. Wheat unchanged. Corn in fair demand and market firm; new at 43@44c; old dull at 50@60c; dried, 38@40c. Oats in fair demand and market firm at 30@31c. Groceries dull unchanged. Eggs are in fair demand and prices unchanged. Butter is scarce and firm at 26@28c. Cheese in fair demand and market firmer; Hadle. Provisions is in fair demand and prices advanced; on arrival, 18½c; from store, 19@20c. Pork dull but unchanged; 18½ asked and 18½c offered. Lard dull and unchanged; new prime, steam, —; old, 8c. Bulk meats—old sides, 7, 7¾@7¾c; new shoulders two-thirds cured, 6½c; clear rib sides and clear sides, 7¾@7¾c packed; some pressure to sell; to be delivered two weeks hence; 8c less. Bacon quiet and unchanged; shoulders, 9@9½; sides, 9¾@10c. Hogs are in good demand at full prices, $4 and 90. The demand is chiefly to fill contracts. Whisky quiet and unchanged, 88c.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON.

LONDON, November 11.—Consols, 93 for money and 93½ for account. U. S. 5-20s, United States coupons, 6's, of 1862, 91½; do 65, 89½; do 67, 89½; do 10-40s, 86¾. Sperm oil, £75 td.

LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, November 11.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands, 9⅝; middling Orleans, 9¾d. Sales, 10,000 bales; export and speculation, 2000.

PARIS.

PARIS, November 11.—Bonds, 56f 90c.

## CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

### Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Memphis, May 18, 1871.

ON and after SUNDAY, MAY 28, 1871, until further notice, trains on this road will run as follows:

| | Arrive. | Leave. |
|---|---|---|
| New Orleans daily | 3:00 p.m. | 1:20 p.m. |
| Freight daily | 3:00 a.m. | 4:30 p.m. |
| Freight daily (except Sun.) | 4:00 p.m. | 5:00 a.m. |

JAS. TONGE, Gen'l Sup't.


## AUCTION.

By A. Fuller & Co.
AUCTIONEERS
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
214 FRONT ST., ABOVE ADAMS,
Will sell this morning, at 10 o'clock,
in lots to suit buyers, a full line of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats, Glassware, Cutlery, Etc.
☞ Country merchants, and the trade generally, will find it to their interest to attend our sales.
TERMS CASH.

L. G. Baldwin & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,
Corner of Second and Adams Sts.
WE will commence our regular fall trade sales, at auction, on TUESDAY, Oct 5 1871, and continue them three times a week during the season. Our numerous consignors, embracing every line of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS, FANCY AND VARIETY GOODS, Etc., will keep us constantly supplied with every description of Merchandise suitable for our market, thus offering to city and country merchants a new opportunity to replenish their stocks far below regular rates. Our regular sale days will be TUESDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
A. S. BOGY, Auctioneer

## STEAMBOATS

For Cairo, Austin, O. K., Helena and Friar's Point.
The reliable, first-class passenger packet
Geo. W. Cheek
MARK R. CHEEK, Master.
Will run regularly, as above, leaving Memphis every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, punctually at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage, apply on board.

For Helena, Friar's Point, Benton, White River, Riverside and the Bends.
The United States Mail Packet
Ella White
ELL ALONE, Master.
Will leave Memphis MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, punctually 5 p.m.
For freight or passage, apply on board.
FRIARS POINT AND BENDS.

Friar's Point, Helena and Bends United States Mail Packet.
Phil. Allin,
James Lee, master.
Leaves Memphis Mondays and Fridays, at 4 p.m., connecting at Friars Point with the steamer Rhoda for Marianna and all points on L'Anguille river.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.
Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.
THE ELEGANT PASSENGER BOATS OF this line leave Memphis for all points on Arkansas river
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, at 4½ p.m.
For freight, passage or other information, apply to
W. H. KENNEDY, Agent,
Office on Commercial Wharf boat, Foot of Court street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.
Regular Memphis and New Orleans THURSDAY PACKET.
For New Orleans and the Bends.
Season 1871-1872.
The Elegant Passenger and Freight Steamer
BELLE LEE
J. Frank Hicks, master; J. S. Sullivan, clerk
Will leave Memphis for New Orleans as follows:
1871:
Thursday, November 16th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, November 23d, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, December 14th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, December 28th, at 5 p.m.
1872:
Thursday, January 11th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, January 25th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, February 8th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, February 22d, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, March 7th, at 5 p.m.
Thursday, March 21st, at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMISON & Co., Agts.,
No. 5 Jefferson street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.
Memphis and White River United States Mail Line.
Str. S. P. WALT, W. J. Ashford, Master
Leaves Memphis for Clarendon EVERY SATURDAY, at 4 p.m.
Str. LEGAL TENDER, W. Elliott, Master
Leaves Memphis for Clarendon EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 p.m. These boats connect at Devall's Bluff with the Iron going up Mondays and Thursdays; coming down Wednesdays and Saturdays.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
Promenade st. foot of Jefferson.
W. H. KENNEDY, Agent,
Gibson Company's Wharfboat, foot Court st.

RAILROAD PACKET COMPANY.
White River United States Mail Line
The Steamer
Osage,
AND
SALLIE V,
Will run in connection with the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, leaving Devall's Bluff every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock p.m., for Des Arc, Augusta and Jacksonport. Every Tuesday and Friday for all points between Devall's Bluff and Mouth of White river. Also, every Thursday at 10 o'clock a.m., and every Sunday at 3 o'clock p.m., for Little Red river.
JOHN R. DAVIS, President.
A. P. CURRY, Secretary and Treasurer.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.
Helena, Marianna and St. Francis River Packet.—Steamer
ST. FRANCIS
T. R. Bowman, master.
Will leave Memphis for the above points every TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board, foot of Jefferson st.

U. S. MAIL COACH LINES.
PASSENGERS by our lines from Fort Smith can go six times a week, via Fayetteville, Sherman on the Southern Pacific railroad, 125 miles; or three times a week from Fort Smith, 70 miles to Fort Gibson; thence daily north 18 miles to Ridge Depot, and tri-weekly west 100 miles, via Fort Arbuckle to Fort Sill; or continuing south daily from Ridge 75 miles to Stoneware and spring water, by time of U. S. Forts, 35 miles to El Paso or southward from Sherman along the Central Texas, or east to Jefferson, Marshall, etc.; or from
SHREVEPORT
by railroad, via Marshall to Longview and westward into Central Texas; or south, ward from Longview, via Marshall to Mysysota, 90 miles, on Texas Central Railroad. Passengers entering Texas by
GALVESTON OR INDIANOLA
meet our lines at the head of three various railroads to all parts of Texas, and run in better comfort than ever before, and in good style generally. SAWYER & MCMILLAN, Agents, Sherman, Texas.

Circular.
AS the resolution of the National debt, by the continuous purchase and cancellation of Government bonds, will tend to increase the surplus capital held by incorporate institutions, and private capitalists in almost every section of the country, a large amount of which will seek investment in the safest and first mortgage railroad bonds of undoubted value, we would recommend to our correspondents and others the securities of the State of Arkansas, which are classified as follows, to-wit:
Funded debt bonds (6 per cent.) January and July.
State 6s bonds (7 per cent.) April and October.
State 3s bonds (7 per cent.) January and July.
The interest on these bonds is payable in currency at the Union Trust Company, New York.
Any information desired will be furnished and all orders promptly executed by
CLARK, WALCOTT & CO.,
Bankers and Dealers in Southern Securities,
39 Broad street, New York. oct8

V. W. WILLIAMS
Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant,
No. 216 FRONT STREET,
Up-stairs, : : Memphis, Tennessee.
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A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.
MARRIAGE GUIDE. A PRIVATE COUNSELOR TO THE MARRIED or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in producing and preventing offspring, preserving the complexion, etc.
This is an interesting work of two hundred and twenty-four pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage. Price only 25 cents; sent in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 13 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.
☞ Beware of the Quacks and Unknowns, who are advertising in public papers, using any QUACK REMEDIES, persons Dr. Butts' work, and making worse your condition, or who decipher bigeon condition.
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