

HOW THE PEOPLE OF MEMPHIS FORMERLY ELECTED MAYORS.

ACTIVE COMMITTEE AN INVOLUTION.

THE APPEAL CONTAINED BY PRESIDENT.

The Memphis Tammanyites are still working up the hillside and down again, with their normal makes breathing above their shoulders. They grumble about the course of the party, and lecture Democracy while they were conspiring with Know Nothingism in the dark, or sliding about the African floor in their swaddling clothes. The juvenile members of the Memphis Tammany sign declare 'pon honor that it has been the inevitable course of the Democratic Executive Committee to call a convention to nominate a candidate for Mayor, and dastur themselves into the belief that their own aspirations are true, they grumble about "changing the usual Democratic method of making nominations." We can excuse and forgive the falsehoods or misrepresentations of these unfortunates upon the ground of ignorance, but they ought not to make assertions without first informing themselves. To prove that the Memphis clique is not associated in the course, and that the APPEAL has adopted the usual Democratic method of making nominations, I would refer to the various elections held for Mayor during the last twenty years. On the 21st of June, 1853, the people elected a mayor—A. H. Long and Thomas B. Carroll were candidates. Notwithstanding a presidential election was then impending, and the political excitement was intense, we find no Democratic executive committee talking about conventions and nominating on "Democratic usage." Thomas B. Carroll was elected, and the day before the election the APPEAL advised the same sentiments in two issues, as will be seen from the following article, from the APPEAL of June 21, 1853:

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

Little Rock had a heavy frost yesterday morning.

Mary Hall, of New York, has surrendered to the Federal Government.

The National Convention of the Baptist Church met at Astoria, Oregon.

The Masonic grand lodge of Indiana meets this morning at Indianapolis.

Twenty-five cases of smallpox are reported in New York City.

Vanderbilt's death in New York caused a little commotion yesterday.

It was a very man who tried the other day to assassinate the editor of the Tribune.

Bavaria has been included in the operation of the conscriptionary military law.

Frussia.

Hagerly and Ball, alleged counterfeiters, were taken up on Friday next for another hearing.

Lee's Thursday morning mill failed at 3:30 p.m. was burned at Cook's sale, Illinois. No survivors.

Governor Hadley's carriage was overturned by a runaway horse, yesterday, and Mr. Hadley seriously hurt.

John C. Connor, of Texas, explained yesterday at Indianapolis, the mode of conducting elections in his State.

The schooner Albatross, from Chicago to Oglethorpe, ran into a rock, and was wrecked, yesterday, at the mouth of the Mississippi.

It was announced yesterday that the United States would accept of the offer of the State of California to purchase the great military arsenal of the government.

It is thought that the rules of the Chicago Tribune building was that of John B. Harris, who had been the editor of the Tribune.

It appears the reception committee of the Grand National Convention of the Democratic Party, held at the Hotel Hamilton, New York, last evening, was a success.

The following article, from the APPEAL of June 21, 1853:

What we desire to say on the subject of our present election is, that we are not in a hurry to elect a Mayor. We are not in a hurry to elect a Mayor. We are not in a hurry to elect a Mayor.

OUR LAW-MAKERS.

Proceedings in the General Assembly Yesterday.

Eloquent Protest of Representative Lumpkin on the Tax Bill.

Special to the Appeal.

MEMPHIS, November 21.—After the routine business, a special message was received from the governor, transmitting to the house the report of the Memphis chamber of commerce and New Orleans chamber of commerce in relation to the cotton tax. The governor in his message refers to the immense sums paid into the treasury by Tennessee and other Southern States in payment of the tax on the production of cotton, while cereals in the northwestern States are untaxed. This discrimination is indicated by a spirit engendered by the late war; it had nearly ruined our people, and if not revoked, cotton production would have been measurably abandoned in America, and public sentiment now regards the law as unjust and oppressive, and in need of being repealed. It remains for the government to reduce to the Southern people the tax thus unjustly collected from them, and it is believed that Congress will take prompt action on the subject.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 21.—The gold market was weak today, and declined in price, the lowest price for a long time past. Closing at 110 1/2. Loans were firm from 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. Clearing 87,000. The government bond market was generally quiet. The market for foreign exchange was quiet. The market for cotton was quiet. The market for sugar was quiet. The market for coffee was quiet. The market for rice was quiet. The market for indigo was quiet. The market for opium was quiet. The market for silk was quiet. The market for wool was quiet. The market for hides was quiet. The market for tallow was quiet. The market for butter was quiet. The market for lard was quiet. The market for oil was quiet. The market for flour was quiet. The market for meal was quiet. The market for bran was quiet. The market for corn was quiet. The market for wheat was quiet. The market for barley was quiet. The market for oats was quiet. The market for rye was quiet. The market for buckwheat was quiet. The market for peas was quiet. The market for beans was quiet. The market for lentils was quiet. The market for chickpeas was quiet. The market for mung beans was quiet. The market for soybeans was quiet. The market for cottonseed was quiet. The market for sunflower seed was quiet. The market for flaxseed was quiet. The market for rapeseed was quiet. The market for linseed was quiet. The market for castor seed was quiet. The market for hempseed was quiet. The market for flaxseed was quiet. The market for rapeseed was quiet. The market for linseed was quiet. The market for castor seed was quiet. The market for hempseed was quiet.

barsh and unwarranted. In accordance with these views, and with the desire to discharge my duty as a faithful and conscientious representative of a proud and sensitive constituency, I tender my earnest and solemn protest against the action of the house in adopting forty cents on the \$100 tax on the production of property as a basis of taxation.

Mr. W. D. Lumpkin's protest was ordered to be read on the journals.

Among the new bills and resolutions, Mr. C. H. Johnson introduced a bill to create a committee to compile and arrange revenue laws, was adopted under the suspension rules.

Massa. Cliff, Spoons and Frisbon are mentioned on the part of the house.

The tax bill was taken up on the second session, taxing each indictment and pre-conviction five dollars, and a section imposing a tax of five dollars on the defendant at the time of the conviction, and the cost to pay.

The house bill to prohibit debtors of the county assemblies from holding office of trustee in such assemblies was returned by the governor without his approval.

Mr. Harris moved to strike out the second section of the bill for the sale of lands purchased by the State for taxes failed on third reading, for the want of a constitutional majority. Aye, 21; nay, 10.

On the fourth section of the taxing act before the justices of the peace a discussion arose. Several amendments were offered, and lost.

Mr. Harris moved to strike out the second section of the bill for the sale of lands purchased by the State for taxes failed on third reading, for the want of a constitutional majority. Aye, 21; nay, 10.

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A petition was presented by Mr. D. B. from the merchants of Hartsville against the tax on merchandise.

A resolution stating the pay of attorneys for the State in delinquent railroad cases as compensation at \$200 for their services, lies over.

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A Still Further Extraordinary Sale

REDUCTION! — OF — BLACK DRY GOODS.

Colored Silks!

Visitors to the City

Col'd Silks Reduced

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

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B. Lowenstein & Bros.

Black Silks, All Grades

REDUCE!

Bonnet Silks, Bonnet Silks, GREATLY REDUCED

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

Black Gros Grain Silk

For the Million.

Black Gros Grain Silk, - \$1 25

Good " " " " - 1 50

Good " " " " - 1 75

Good " " " " - 2 00

Fine " " " " - 2 25

Fine " " " " - 2 50

Fine " " " " - 2 75

Extra Fine " " " " - 3 00

Superior " " " " - 3 25

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

NEW Dress Goods

Alpacas, Poplins, Empress Cloths

And Merinos

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

FRENCH Broche Shawls

REDUCED.

Beautiful Roman Silk Striped Shawls

Reduced.

Fine Furs

REDUCED.

B. Lowenstein & Bros.

Astrachan Cloaks

Trimmed in White

White Astrachan Cloaks

Trimmed in Black

In all the Latest Shapes and Styles.

As these goods are of our own direct importation, we feel confident we can sell them as cheap as any house on this continent. Samples of them will be exhibited in our show-window this week.

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242 and 244 Main St., CORNER OF JEFFERSON ST.

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Good " " " " - 1 75

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Fine " " " " - 2 50

Fine " " " " - 2 75

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