

**AMNESTY.**  
The very full report of the debate in the Senate upon the amnesty bill, which will appear in another column, will attract the attention of all readers of the APPEAL this morning. Amnesty is something that peculiarly concerns us of Memphis, where we can count more than two scores of gentlemen, many of whose names are known and magnanimous amnesty might restore to the public service in which they achieved the brightest laurels as faithful servants of the people. For these and thousands scattered throughout the South, at the mention of whose names our hearts will up with pride, we are interested in this question of restoration of rights, as furiously opposed by the "red-hot" Radicals as if closed a work or so ago. We thank Senator Thurman and those who cordially and earnestly supported him in the righteous cause of universal amnesty.

**WEPING BLUDDERS.**  
The failure of the New York Savings banks is ascribed to the valuelessness of South Carolina and other Southern States. The banks in the Northern cities, should be subjected to wretchedness by those who plundered the South. But if the woe of these Northern people deserve commiseration, how pitiable the fate of the wretched South Carolina and other Southern States. The woe of these Northern cities, should be subjected to wretchedness by those who plundered the South. But if the woe of these Northern people deserve commiseration, how pitiable the fate of the wretched South Carolina and other Southern States.

**THE BALTIMORE NEWS.**  
The Baltimore News says that Virginia, alone, of Southern States, has a negro insane asylum. This must be a mistake. Warmoth and Carter are running one in New Orleans, and Scott had a huge one at Columbia, South Carolina, and there are two or three others, slightly mixed with sanity, at other Southern capitals.

**THE MASON (Mississippi) DENIES.**  
The Mason (Mississippi) Denies says: "The Memphis APPEAL comes to us with a map containing a large wall, of which Memphis is the Auld-bud."

**THE SUPREME COURT IN SESSION AT NASHVILLE.**  
The supreme court in session at Nashville, will determine at once the constitutionality of the merchant tax law.

**WAIFS OF THE WIRES.**  
Evansville has packed 15,600 hogs the present season. The Bacon district is again excited over the discovery of gold.

**THE GAS WORKS AT RICHMOND, INDIANA.**  
The gas works at Richmond, Indiana, blew up last night. No lives lost. Colonel Washington, editor of the San Francisco Examiner, died last night.

**A SERMON DISPATCH REPORTS SEVERAL DEATHS.**  
A sermon dispatch reports several deaths here, consequent on long sickness.

**THE LIVERPOOL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.**  
The Liverpool chamber of commerce asks a reduction of Atlantic cable tolls.

**REV. JOHN SELBY WATSON.**  
Rev. John Selby Watson, the English wife murderer under sentence of death, has been respited.

**A DEER FROM THE STATE OF TENNESSEE.**  
A deer from the State of Tennessee was found frozen to death eight miles north of that post a few days ago.

**THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.**  
The Wisconsin legislature in joint session yesterday, passed a resolution favoring the postal-telegram system.

**THE TRIAL OF LOUIS WATSON.**  
The trial of Louis Watson yesterday, at Evansville, for the murder of James H. Smith, was a grand spectacle. The jury returned a verdict of guilty on Monday night, with a life of \$10,000, insurance, \$12,000.

**AT RICHMOND, PENNSYLVANIA.**  
At Richmond, Pennsylvania, yesterday, the celebrated Story oil-rail-car was tested in favor of the Atlantic coast. The judge immediately set aside the verdict as not being in accordance with his charge to the jury, and ordered a new trial.

**GENERAL B. S. EVELL IS STILL SERIOUSLY ILL.**  
General B. S. Ewell is still seriously ill at his residence in Masonry county in this State. His wife died yesterday of pneumonia. She was a daughter of Judge Campbell, minister to Russia under General Johnston, and was born in St. Petersburg.

houses, in which one of the party was killed. They intended coming to the river steamer with money aboard, but failed. Their raid had no significance, except showing the weakness of the authorities and lawlessness of the country.

Advices from the Cape of Good Hope represent that rich discoveries continue to be made in the diamond fields. Among others two diamonds have been found of one thousand carats each. The president of the Trans-Vaal republic has resigned his office, and the acting president has appointed his successor because he had exceeded his powers.

At Chillicothe, Ohio, on Monday a young lady, daughter of A. W. West, while standing on the steps leading down to a gate in an iron fence, slipped and fell forward catching her head upon the iron pickets. Her forehead and ribbon were forced up through the law into her mouth, making a fearful wound, though it is believed she will recover.

One of South Carolina's able legislators sought notoriety yesterday at Columbia by the most cordially and earnestly supported him in the righteous cause of universal amnesty.

**NEW YORK YESTERDAY.**  
James Lynch, an ex-sheriff of this city, died yesterday. The trial of the James will be commenced before Judge Shipman. It is stated that Conkling, secretary of the exploded Market savings bank, has had.

The stock firm of Hedder, Winchester & Co., suspended today. It is believed that they have no outstanding contracts. Rev. Mr. Hopworth yesterday commended the new members of the church on the first list of members one hundred and fifty families.

The Bar association has been endeavoring to obtain evidence upon which to bring charges against the sheriff, but thus far have failed of success. It is stated that the jury of the court of general sessions will bring in forty or fifty indictments against prominent officials or ex-officials for frauds, which aggregate some \$10,000,000.

Anti-Cruelty Bergh in a letter declares that he has received a report from a pigeon shooter by his recent action, and that the law is against him. He will therefore be prosecuted. Judge Blanton, at the instance of a depositor, has granted an order, returnable February 23, requiring the market savings bank to show why it should not be declared in involuntary bankruptcy.

Rev. Joshua B. Bradley, whose defection from the Protestant Episcopal church has caused so much excitement in religious circles, will be received by the Methodist church by Dr. McJannet, of St. Stephens church, on Wednesday next.

The council of Tammany Sachems, yesterday, passed a resolution affirming the previous resolutions of the Sachems, excluding the committee of 1872 from the office of Tammany Sachem. It is a declaration of political independence before surrendering any real estate to any Democratic official.

The Herald's Washington special says that the stipidity of the Democratic members of the committee on Finance, in the House of Representatives, and that the general order favorable to the bill, has been charged to the committee, and that the committee has refused to report on the bill.

At a meeting of the Bowling Green Savings bank depositors this evening, it was decided to sue the bank for \$100,000. It is reported that the bank has refused to pay a claim of \$45,000 against them, which they dispute, and if the bank has not paid the sum of \$50,000, claimed by the Guardian Savings bank, the depositors will sue the bank.

The Evening News says that the bank of Evansville, Indiana, has been found guilty of embezzlement. It is reported that the bank has embezzled \$1,000,000. The bank was found guilty of embezzlement, and the amount stolen was about thirty thousand dollars.

Arguments in the Wharton-Ketchum case was closed yesterday afternoon. The judge concluded his charge with "Gentlemen of the jury, your verdict will be either guilty or not guilty of murder in the first degree." The jury then, at five minutes past two o'clock, returned their verdict. The Wharton case continues to attract much attention in London. The defense's case is evidently weakened by the case of the Wharton case. The court is daily crowded by speculators of high rank. The defense says they have two hundred witnesses. Revelations of an exciting character are looked for.

**CONGRESSIONAL.**  
The Tariff Question—Yellowstone River Leads—Louisiana Salt Mines—The Amnesty Bill—A New Debate—The Appropriation Bill—A Vote to be Passed To-Day—In the House—The Appropriation Bill—How Much it Costs, Etc.

**WASHINGTON, JANUARY 23. SENATE.**  
Senator Trumbull presented petitions from citizens of Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin for the repeal of the tariff and the repeal of the duties on coal, salt and pig iron. The Senator also reported the amended appropriation bill. He hoped the bill would secure an early consideration.

Senator Pomeroy, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill setting apart certain lands near the headwaters of the Yellowstone river for a public park. Senator Sherman, from the committee on finance, reported a bill to allow the importation, re-export of duty, of certain machinery designed for export to the United States, and a resolution in relation to the same.

The expiration of the morning hour brought the Senate to a halt. The amnesty bill, which was laid aside, was taken up for the relief of the Chicago sufferers. Senator Chandler proposed an amendment, extending the provisions of the bill to certain towns in Michigan. This threatening to give rise to a debate, Senator Morton called for the regular order of business.

Senator Sherman, in conclusion, argued the question of the rights of the States under the constitution. He said that the States were not to be treated as conquered provinces. He said that the States were not to be treated as conquered provinces. He said that the States were not to be treated as conquered provinces.

Senator Blair—if you had not backed out of your speech of 1868, in favor of the States, you would not have got my place. (Laughter.) Senator Morton explained the speech of Senator Blair, and said that he had once been a member of the Republican party and had left it because of its unpopularity.

Senator Morton said further that anything wrong in the rebellion, and before congress-far more important than the civil service reform or tariff reform. Senator Scott followed with an argument in favor of the amnesty bill. He said that the bill was not prepared to vote for it, but he would not vote against it.

Senator Sherman presented a petition from the citizens of the State of Ohio, praying for the repeal of the tariff on iron. He said that the tariff was a burden on the people, and that it was necessary to repeal it. He said that the tariff was a burden on the people, and that it was necessary to repeal it.

Mr. Sargent, on committee on mines, reported a bill for the development of the mines of the country. He said that the bill was necessary for the development of the mines, and that it was necessary to pass it. He said that the bill was necessary for the development of the mines, and that it was necessary to pass it.

Mr. Garfield chairman of the committee on appropriations, remarked that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance.

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Mr. Maynard suggested that the expense of collecting the revenue was only four per cent. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance.

Mr. Wood remarked that the cost of collecting customs, ten years ago, was one million dollars. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance.

Mr. Daves went around privately to the members of the committee. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance. He said that the revenue and their expenditure were a matter of great importance.

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of light, and with inalienable rights of workingmen, according to the dictates of their conscience, and the establishment of this principle in the republic, the glory of America and has been since the organization of the government conducive to the happiness of the people.

Second—The social relations among individuals should be regulated by the dictates of their conscience, and the establishment of this principle in the republic, the glory of America and has been since the organization of the government conducive to the happiness of the people.

Third—Charity for differences of opinion in matters spiritual is one of the noblest attributes of man, and the action of those who are endeavoring to force their peculiar religious views for adoption in the constitution of the United States, is a crime.

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**ENGLAND.**  
A Member of Parliament to Visit the United States—Spain, Spain and the Slave Trade—Disgrace to the Exter-Disgrace in Ireland—Siam, Siam, the Telegraph Director.

London, January 23.—Mr. E. Williams, liberal member of Parliament, has concluded to visit the United States in order to make a brief visit to the States. He will visit the States in the month of August.

A deputation from the Anti-Slavery Society, consisting of Mr. Easton, Mr. Wood, and Mr. Williams, made representations in the House of Commons on the subject of the slave trade. They said that the slave trade was a crime, and that it was necessary to abolish it.

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**COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**  
We have this day associated with us Mr. A. HATHORN, taking effect from the 1st day of February, 1872. M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

**MISSISSIPPI STATE LOTTERY.**  
Incorporated in 1838. Official Drawings. Morning Class—No. 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

**MASONIC NOTICE.**  
A SPECIAL COMPOSITION OF PENS AND INK, by J. H. BAKER, No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

**NO. 1 PITTSBURGH COAL.**  
No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

**Non-Resident Notice.**  
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**THE GREAT Clearing Sale**  
We have this day associated with us Mr. A. HATHORN, taking effect from the 1st day of February, 1872. M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

**A GREAT OPPORTUNITY**  
PREVIOUS TO "TAKING STOCK!"

**B. LOWENSTEIN**  
WILL OFFER, LESS THAN COST, A LARGE LINE OF SILKS AT LESS THAN COST, DRESS GOODS, AT LESS THAN COST, SILKS, AT LESS THAN COST, CLOAKS, AT LESS THAN COST, SHAWLS, AT LESS THAN COST, FURS—FURS, AT A Great Sacrifice, UNDERWEAR, AT A Great Sacrifice, CASSIMERES, AT A Great Sacrifice, DAMASKS, TOWELS, NAPKINS, LINENS, WHITE GOODS, HANKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS!

**Menken Bros. & Bros.**  
ALL VERY MUCH REDUCED. FANS! FANS!

**O. F. PRESCOTT & CO.**  
Dealers in Coal Oil, Lamp Oil, Lamps, Lamp Fixtures & Tinware.

**HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF MEMPHIS, OFFICE, No. 7 MADISON STREET.

**Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.**  
No. 324 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

**Jas. Flaherty & Co.**  
Funeral Undertakers, 317 SECOND STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

**White Oak Lumber**  
FOR SALE CHEAP BY R. E. FRANKLIN. 575 1/2 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.