MEMPHIS APPEAL

SATURDAY MORNING, SEP. 14, 1872.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—HORACE GREELEY.
For Vice-President—B. GRATZ BROWN.
For Governor—JOHN C. BROWN.
For Congress—LANDON C. HAYNES.
Congress State at Large—B. F. CHEATHAM.
For Senator—H. CLAY KING.
" J. M. CREWS.
" PEYTON J. SMITH.
For Representative—HUGH D. GREER.
" A. S. HAYNES.
" JAMES M. HARRIS.
" S. R. GAMMON.
" JOHN OVERTON.
" JOSEPH BARBIERE.
For Floater—J. W. ELDRIDGE.

JOHNSON IN MEMPHIS.

Mr. Johnson's speech on Wednesday night was a labored effort, from beginning to end. He uttered nothing new in statesmanship; and what he said of Grant's administration has been far more forcibly said a hundred times by such truly eloquent men as Schurz, Brown, Trumbull and Thurman. Contrasted with these, he is no orator. Much of his speech was devoted to defending his course in the memorable contest between him and Congress. But all that was useless, for no one here assailed him on that score. His State papers are monuments of his ability and patriotism, and for these the South will always admire and respect him. But Mr. Johnson unfortunately forgot to mention several things that might have passed into silence had he not been seized with a desire to prove that General Cheatham is not as popular in this State as he is. He always speaks with great veneration of the constitution and of the rights of States and people under that constitution. But when Generals Sherman and Johnston made terms under which the rights of those same States and people were to be secured to the South, Mr. Johnson strangely forgot these rights in the rabid wish to "punish traitors and make treason odious." He spurned all that these two officers had done, and launched out upon "My Policy." If there ever was a time when an extra session of Congress should have been called, and when the wisdom of the National Legislature should have been invoked, it was when the late civil war ended. This, however, did not suit Mr. Johnson's vanity. He coveted the credit of restoring the States in his own way, and began this process of restoration by making the infamous Holden Governor of North Carolina, with absolute powers. He carefully avoided all allusion to *that* part of his administration. Nor did he allude to that bright conception of pardoning no one worth more than twenty thousand dollars. That original idea was his peculiar property, but he did not allude to it. Was he ashamed of it? The lamest part of Mr. Johnson's speech was that portion which had the most interest for his audience. He had to confess that Mrs. Surratt *was hung by his order*, for he could have saved her life. He had to confess that she was hung by his order, for he suspended the writ of *habeas corpus* issued by Judge Wiley. He says he had to let the law take its course. He did *not* let the law take its course. Judge Wiley ordered Mrs. Surratt to be brought before him, to see if her life, forfeited by *martial* law, might not be saved by the *civil* law. Why did Mr. Johnson interpose his authority and suspend the writ of a civil court of law? But for his cruel interposition, the civil writ would have been obeyed and civil law been once more placed above martial law. Why did he deny to this woman this one other and last chance for life? Was there any *need for* such haste? Was her death the only hope of securing peace? Was not the war ended? Was not every Confederate officer and soldier in the hands of Mr. Johnson and the Federal authorities? Was it necessary to hang a woman in order to vindicate the majesty of martial law? Was it not rather needful to vindicate the majesty of the *civil* law by obeying the writ of Judge Wiley? Mr. Johnson says she was hung in pursuance of the constitution and the law. It is a mockery of decency and truth to say so; and he should hang his head in shame whenever he speaks of these in connection with Mrs. Surratt's name. The constitution was then under the bayonet, and civil law was dead, as he himself attests in his order to hang her. Her death was a military murder for which there was no necessity, and which he could have prevented, but would not. Her death was a military murder, committed in defiance of the constitution and of that civil law which he so much venerates. Her death was a military murder which Judge Wiley attempted to prevent by a process of the civil law, which process Mr. Johnson ruthlessly set aside as subordinate to martial law. Her death was a military murder resolved upon, that "treason might be made odious." There was no need of haste. All danger to the Union was passed. The rebellion had collapsed. The South was conquered. There was no need of haste. There *was* need of *delay*. Mercy pleaded for and demanded it. Life and death *were in* Mr. Johnson's hands, and he invoked death. Pardon was within his power. Nothing was to be gained by cruelty. A life would be saved by mercy. Mr. Johnson spurned mercy. Let him bear the just odium of so atrocious a deed.

SAN DIEGO—THE COMMERCIAL REVOLUTION.

Fifteen days ago Tom Scott, Agassiz, Governor Throckmorton, Senator Sherman, Mr. Walters, of Baltimore, and many other gentlemen whose names are familiar in annals of American railway progress, were in San Diego, California. In the presence of a thousand or more people, and listening to the ebbing and flowing of the waters of the Pacific, Mr. Scott made the following speech. Incidents of the occasion are mentioned, because indicative of mightier changes in the course of the world's commerce than those that have ever occurred even in the politics of this country. Mr. Scott said:

Already arrangements have been made to place under construction five hundred miles of the road in Texas, which will approach you from the east. Additional engineers will be put into the field at once, so that actual work can be commenced from this point in four months. Viewing the road from one end to the other, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, I cannot see any reason why the road cannot be built in five years. I can safely say that in that time the entire line will be completed, and that you will be connected with the Atlantic seaboard. Many of you know better than I do of the wealth of Southern California and Arizona, and many have in person traversed the entire line, and know of the immense mineral deposits and other sources of richness that are to be found along the route. I will say that when I came into your beautiful harbor this morning I was delighted. The location of your city more than pleases me, and your harbor I thought, and do think, is more than capacious enough to accommodate the immense amount of trade that will gather at this gateway for the East, to be distributed throughout the United States by the trains of the Texas and Pacific railroad. You have neighbors who will expect to divide this work with you. Among those is San Francisco. But your location is so many miles nearer the Atlantic than that port that you must certainly secure the most liberal share of the commerce which I have referred to. Your position here will secure for you, too, a great portion of the trade of southern California, Southern Utah, Arizona, New Mexico and Old Mexico. This vast trade belongs to you. It is at your doors, and all that remains is for you to take the proper measure to secure it. I need not tell you that I have been in the railroad business all my life, and that I am well acquainted with the magnitude of the work which we have before us. I have weighed the matter, and when I tell you that I have commenced the undertaking, you may rely that my every exertion will be used for its completion. All I ask is your hearty support and cordial cooperation. That given me, I will pledge you mine in return. I have said all I have to say, and will close by presenting to you one whose scientific attainments have commanded the admiration of the world—Professor Agassiz.

Very evidently Mr. Scott and his associates intend to build the road, and not only the intercourse between Western and Eastern States will be conducted mainly over this route, but the richest and costliest products of Asia and Europe will adopt this route of interchange. Ships that now sail from Canton through the Suez canal or around the African cape to London, will move in the opposite direction from Canton to San Diego, and cargoes of teas and silks will be transferred by rail to Norfolk or New York. Within five years this revolution will be wrought, and Memphis adopts no measure of preparation for a change in the world's commercial condition as marvelous as that wrought originally by steam. Here we stand idle—shamefully, stupidly inactive—while every other city in the valley of the Mississippi endeavors to draw to its portals the stream of incalculable wealth to flow back and forth across the country, upbuilding cities mightier, richer and grander than those of the East, whose splendid ruins attest the fact that even caravans, when shaping the course of the world's trade, centralized wealth and population, and that these reared monuments to commerce as lasting as rivers and mountains, and more enduring than history.

ANDY'S NEW SPEECH.

Andrew Johnson is the embodiment of all human obstinacy. He is, above all men, combative. Imagining when Thad Stevens's madness ruled the hour that the Federal Constitution was overturned and imperilled, the ex-President has never ceased to deplore the fact and recite supposed facts having little present interest. But the ex-President, tenacious of a purpose, as of an idea, goes through the country still bearing the country's flag in one hand, and, like a devotee at the shrine of "*E. Clampis vites*," the scroll of the constitution in the other. He believes that the "sacred instrument" has lost its force, that it is violated in every incident of its provisions, that the country rushes to ruin driven by an irresistible impulse. He is in sober earnest about all this. He seems the victim of a mania, and swinging around a State, he swings around a single central idea that the constitution is in ruins, and that his mission, like that of Peter the Hermit, is to rescue it from worse than Saracenic hands. His oft repeated speech has this basis of thought, and his candidature becomes necessary because the country's organic law, without his accession to the Congress, will dissolve into nothingness. Strange it is that States do not fly from prescribed orbits; strange that Federal and State laws and organization, both dependent for vital force upon Federal organic law, are not disrupted. Still, the courts dispense justice, virtue is rewarded and crime punished—all by virtue of Federal constitutional law. Mr. Johnson is fighting wind-mills. He misconceives the question that most interests the South. Slavery has been abolished and the negro made a citizen, but beyond this, whatever the extent of Grant's usurpations, the basis of the Federal system is unchanged. It is the spirit of repression manifested by Grant that we condemn—that spirit injected into Federal legislation which disfranchises and creates classes—it is this which wise patriotism deplores and would resist. To this evil Andrew Johnson gave paternity. He cannot inveigh against it. He asserted the necessity for the whole system of legislative outrages when he proposed, as the Moses of the blacks, to parcel out among them Mark Cockrell's estate at Nashville, and when he gave paternity to oaths the most infamous and productive of perjury ever conceived, and, above all, was Johnson the destroyer of constitutions, and worse, of popular respect for constitutions, when he gathered a filthy mob at Nashville and framed the Brownlow scheme of government, with its long train of iniquitous provisions denominated "The Schedule." The man who did these things, and inflicted these wrongs upon the people of his own State, who gave the most successful lessons in perjury and undermined public morals, and then devised that sum of infamies known as "The Schedule" to the constitution of 1864, can hardly be suspected of earnestness, when he prates about the sanctity of Federal organic law. In fact, Mr. Johnson needs a new speech. This old one grows tiresome. It is substantially the same to-day as when, some years ago, Johnson and Grant went swinging around circles—neither could go straight—so swimmingly, and lovingly, and eloquently. Can't some one provide Andy with a new speech, and is there not some theme that would serve him as well as the constitution?

ANDY JOHNSON'S EXCUSE FOR HANGING MRS. SURRATT.

Nothing can be more illogical and absurd than the defense of himself made by Andrew Johnson in his Court Square speech for the murder of Mrs. Surratt. He said that he occupied toward that unfortunate woman the same attitude that Governor Brown does toward every convicted felon in the State, and that he could no more be held responsible for her death than Governor Brown could for the execution of a condemned man, to whom he might refuse a pardon. The fallacy of this reasoning is so apparent that Mr. Johnson could not have been deceived by it himself, however much less-informed persons may have been humbugged. There is no analogy between the cases. When a man is convicted and condemned by a civil court his trial is over with. Nothing remains but for the law to take its course. The Governor may, it is true, interfere by pardon and release the prisoner, but if he does so it is no part of the judicial proceedings, but, on the contrary, is an express annulment of them, which will never be resorted to unless there be a gross violation of law or some extraordinary reasons for clemency. A Governor in such a case might very well say that "I have doubts of this man's guilt, and if I had been on the jury would have found a different verdict, but as his guilt has been determined by the tribunal specially charged with its ascertainment, I do not feel at liberty to interfere." In a trial by military commission or court-martial on the contrary, the commanding General or President is a constituted part of the court. The finding and sentence is an absolute nullity until approved by him. No execution of the sentence can take place until he has examined and approved the judgment and ordered it to be carried out. This makes him not only a part but the most important part of the court itself. If the members of the court have erred, he doubly errs in approving their error. He occupies toward them at once the position of an appellate tribunal with power to revise their work, and a supreme master without whose active co-operation they can do nothing. If therefore Mrs. Surratt was foully murdered, as all the world believes she was, Andy Johnson was her chief murderer. He was at once the court who condemned her, the governor who refused her mercy, and the executioner who tied the rope.

A NEW SCHEME OF PROGRESS.

Yesterday a reorganization of the Board of Directors of the Memphis and St. Louis (Iron Mountain) Railroad Company was effected. Messrs. M. E. Cochran and W. B. Waldran, Directors, resigned, and Alexander McDonald and R. D. Williams were substituted, and the latter was chosen President of the company. Colonel E. H. Porter withdrew, because of impaired health, in favor of Colonel Williams. Pending negotiations contemplate the connection of this Memphis and St. Louis road, as originally named, with the Illinois Central at Cairo, with the Vincennes and Cairo, and Cincinnati and Cairo roads, which thus secure a short, direct line to Memphis and hence to Devalls Bluff, to Pine Bluff, Camden and Shreveport. It is the purpose of all the parties to these combinations to reach Tom Scott's Southern Pacific line in Texas, and there is no shorter route from Cairo, and from States and cities north of the Ohio, than this line through Memphis and Camden and Shreveport. Vast resources may be speedily concentrated upon this scheme.

HARDWARE.

EAGLE COTTON GINS,
Fairbanks' Scales,
Hall's Pire-proof Safes,
Disston's Circular Saws,
Straub's Corn Mills,
Utica Steam Engines,
Temple Farm and Cistern Pump,
Gum Belting, Leather Belting,
FOR SALE BY
MARTIN & LANGSTAFF,
AGENTS,
332½ and 384 Main Street.

MEMPHIS DEPOT OF THE
Hackett Manufacturi'g Company's
Marbleized, Enameled and Plain
IRON MANTELS,
Hackett Patent Grates, Hackett Patent Franklin Stoves, Plain and Enameled Grates.
H. HAINER,
No. 342 Second St., Memphis, Tennessee

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

MEMPHIS
WATER COMPANY,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE APplications for Water Supplies to Families, Manufacturers, and others, at their
Office, No. 11 West Court Street.
It is confidently expected that the water will be ready for distribution over a large portion of the city during the month of October, 1872, and all persons who wish to enjoy its luxury are requested to make application as early as possible.
The following will be the rates to Watertakers, governed by the Rules and Regulations established by the Board of Directors:
WATER RATES.
Private Dwelling, $2 00 per room per year, (No connection less than $6 00.)
Bath Tub, private, $5 00 per year.
Bath Tub, public, $15 00 per year.
Water Closet, private, $5 00 per year.
Water Closet, public, $10 00 per year.
Urinals, private, $5 00 per year.
Urinals, public, $10 00 per year.
Stores, $6 00 to $25 00 per year. (Other rooms in same building will be charged according to occupation.)
Business Offices, $6 00 per year.
Banks and Insurance Office, $10 00 per year.
Saloons, $10 00 to $50 00 per year.
Street Sprinklers, $5 00 per year for each twenty-five feet front of lot sprinkled.
Livery Stables, $2 00 per year for each stall.
Private Stables, $3 00 per year per stall.
Work Horse, Mule and Cow Stables, $1 00 per year per stall.
Bakeries (for each barrel of flour used daily), $5 00 per year.
Printing Offices, $10 00 to $25 00 per year, exclusive of engine.
Building Purposes, ten cents per 1000 bricks.
Building Purposes, fifty cents per 100 yards plastering.
Steam Engines (per horse power), $5 00 per year.
Breweries, five cents for each barrel brewed.
Restaurants, $20 00 to $100 00 per year.
Barber Shops, $7 50 for first chair, and $3 00 for each additional chair, per year.
Fountains, $15 00 for each 1-16 inch jet, running four hours a day, seven months in the year.
Manufactories, Stock Yards, Hotels, Boarding Houses, Work Shops, Foundries, Machine Shops, Planing Mills, Oil and other mills, Inside Fountains, and all inclosed occupations, are charged Special or Meter Rates.
Meter Rates.—Five cents for 100 gallons up to 3000 gallons, daily. For all over 3000 gallons, daily, three cent, per 100 gallons.
Meter rates are to be payable monthly, on first day of each month. Other rates semi-annually in advance.
JOHN CUSHINS, President.
W. L. CAMERON, Secretary. au29

PROFESSIONAL.

WM. M. SMITH. W. L. SCOTT. J. W. JEFFERSON
Smith, Scott & Jefferson,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 16 Madison St., - Memphis.
WILL also practice in the Chancery Courts at Brownsville. se5

FREEMAN RANDOLPH.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SARDIS, MISSISSIPPI.
References: Estes, Fizer & Pinson, M. L. Meacham, Rootes & Co. jy30

Arkansas Lands
S. P. SWEPSTON,
Attorney-at-Law,
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARK., has a complete Abstract of the Title to every piece of land in Crittenden county. se5

JOSEPH H. KILPATRICK
Attorney at Law,
Office No. 5 Planter's Insurance Building,
41 Madison street, Memphis, Tennessee

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J. J. GAGE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGIST,
No. 225 MAIN STREET,
Under Worsham House, Memphis, Tenn.
Prescription department properly attended, day and night.
Hot Soda Water. Best Soda. jy19

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WATT, BOWERS & POINTER,
Main Street
BOARDING, SALE STABLE
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STOCK YARD,
Nos. 445, 447 & 449 Main Street,
BETWEEN BEALE AND LINDEN.
Near Elevator and opp. Waldran Block.
BEST INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO STOCK Drovers.
Horses, Mules, Cattle and Sheep always on hand for sale. se5

GROCERS.

ESTES, FIZER & PINSON
WHOLESALE GROCERS
—AND—
COTTON FACTORS,
No. 336 Front Street,
MAGNOLIA BLOCK, CORNER UNION,
OFFER FOR SALE:
4,000 pieces Bagging;
4,000 bundles Ties;
2,000 barrels Flour;
1,000 kegs Nails;
1,000 packages Lard;
300 boxes Tobacco;
100 hhds. Sugar;
200 barrels Molasses;
200 barrels Whisky;
100,000 pounds Bacon;
50 tierces Hams.
ALSO, A COMPLETE STOCK OF
FRESH CASE GOODS.
Merchants will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. au15

W. W. GUY. T. C. PARK. J. H. M'CLELLAN. R. W. M'CLELLAN.
GUY, McCLELLAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton Factors,
—AND—
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
260 and 262 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
ARE NOW RECEIVING AND OFFERING to the Trade, VERY LOW, a large and complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Groceries, consisting in part of the following:
3000 pcs Bagging (Favorite Brands),
1000 bdls. Ties,
100 csks. Bacon,
500 sacks. Coffee,
2000 bbls. Flour,
400 bbls. Whisky,
500 kgs. Nails,
1200 pkgs. Lard,
100 hhds. Sugar,
100 bbls. Molasses,
200 bbls. Syrups (all grades),
200 bbls. Refined Sugars,
2000 pkgs. Mackerel,
200 bxs. Cheese,
1000 pkgs. Tobacco.
Also, a Complete List of Case and Canned Goods, fresh from old and reliable packers.
We invite, especially, the attention of Country Merchants. se1

M. L. MEACHAM. J. R. POSTON. A. W. ROBERTS. P. K. MEACHAM.
M. L. MEACHAM & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
AND AGENTS FOR
SALT COMPANIES,
No. 9 Union Street, - - Memphis,
ARE just receiving their Fall Goods, consisting partly in the following articles:
150 hhds. Demarara & Porto Rico Sugars,
1200 packages Tobacco,
2000 barrels Flour,
1100 bags Coffee,
500 bbls. Syrups and Molasses,
1500 packages new Mackerel,
5300 bundles Ties,
1000 pieces Bagging,
Also, a large assortment of Canned and Fancy Goods, usually kept in their line.
LIQUORS AND TOBACCOS
are among their specialties. Merchants exclusively are invited to call and examine their large stocks. au28

A. C. TREADWELL, Late of Meacham & Treadwell. A. R. TREADWELL, R. D. TREADWELL, Of Treadwell Bros.
A. C. TREADWELL & BROS.
WHOLESALE
GROCERS
—AND—
Cotton Factors,
11 Union St., - - Stonewall Block,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
OUR STOCK IS LARGE AND COMPLETE, —EMBRACING—
2000 pcs Bagging,
2000 bbls. Flour,
500 bgs. Coffee,
100 hhds. Sugar,
300 pkgs. Molasses, 100 tcs. Hams,
500 pkgs. Tobacco,
4000 bdls. Ties,
2000 bbls. Salt, 100 csks. Bacon,
300 bbls. Sugars,
250 bbls. Whisky,
400 pkgs. Lard,
TOGETHER WITH A FULL LINE OF
Case Goods, all well Selected, and Offered at the lowest possible figures, to which we call the special attention of Wholesale Buyers.
Our A. C. Treadwell still presides over our Cotton Department, and gives his personal attention to the sale of all consignments of the staple to us.
In returning our grateful thanks to our friends and the public for the very liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we respectfully ask a continuance of the same, promising our best efforts to merit it.
We make Liberal Cash Advances on consignments of Cotton, when desired.
Soliciting your patronage,
We remain, very respectfully,
A. C. TREADWELL & BROS.

J. T. FARGASON. | C. C. CLAY. | J. A. HUNT
FARGASON & CLAY
WHOLESALE
GROCERS
—AND—
COTTON FACTORS,
328 and 330 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
Our stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries is at all times large and complete.
Tobacco, Cigars and Liquors are among our specialties.
Cotton consigned to us will be carefully and correctly handled in our own warehouse.
We will remove to our large and commodious storehouse, corner Front, Gayoso and Clinton streets (one square south of our present stand), when completed.
FARGASON & CLAY.
REMOVAL.
FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.
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HAVE REMOVED TO
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PLUMBING.
No. 16 Jefferson Street, - - Memphis.
DRIVEN WELLS, PUMPS AND PIPE OF all Sizes on hand.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
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LOUIS HANAUER, H. WETTER,
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WM. WHITTAKER.

GREENE & LUCAS,
FIRE, INLAND & MARINE
INSURANCE,
No. 18 MADISON STREET,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
Liverpool and London Insurance Company, assets, Gold, $20,000,000.
Continental Insurance Company, New York, cash assets, $2,509,526.
International Insurance Company, New York, $1,065,000.
Phenix Insurance Company, New York, $1,700,876.

ADOLPH LOEB,
GENERAL
INSURANCE AGENCY,
41 Madison St., Memphis.
Am now prepared (besides a general Fire and Life Insurance Business) to take INLAND MARINE RISKS to and from this port.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office. au15

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Administratrix Notice.
HAVING been appointed at the July term, 1872, of the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, Administratrix of George S. Golladay, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against him to present them within the time prescribed by law.
VIRGINIA GOLLADAY,
Memphis, Tennessee.
W. H. Stephens, Attorney August 17, 1872.

INSURANCE.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF MEMPHIS, TENN.
Hon. JEFFERSON DAVIS, President.
M. J. WICKS, WADE HAMPTON, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-Presidents
WM. M. BROWNE, Secy. E. WOODWARD, M.D., Med. Examiner.
ELLETT & PHELAN, Attorneys.
ASSETS, OVER $1,102,000.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, NO. 42 MADISON STREET.

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1872 | FALL TRADE. | 1872
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WOMEN'S & MISSES' TRIMMED HATS,
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The Largest Stock in Memphis. The constant receipt of goods enables us to offer Merchants inducements unsurpassed in any market in America. See the Stock before you buy. We control the following Brands of Boots:
DIXIE BOY, PRIDE OF DIXIE, COTTON PLANTER,
HORSE RIDER, MEMPHIS, SKEDADDLE,
UP-COTTON.
Hill, Terry & Mitchell's Custom Calf Boots.
Hill, Terry & Mitchell's Nonpareil Brogans.

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Mitchell, Hoffman & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
FURNITURE & LOOKING-GLASSES
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, SHADES, ETC.
WITH OVER THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE FURNITURE BUSINESS, and having ample capital to pay cash for all our purchases, we are enabled to offer to the public, at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, one of the best and most complete stocks in the South or West, which we will sell as low as the same quality of goods can be bought anywhere in the United States, freight added.
We respectfully invite inspection of our stock at our Salesrooms,
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MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

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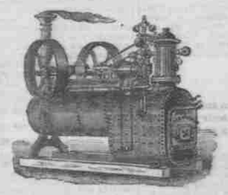
Large Consignments of all classes of merchandise sold on account for Manufacturers and Commission Merchants daily. Merchants will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

DRY GOODS.

To Country Merchants.
The Wholesale Trade of Memphis has improved each Season for several years past, and we take some pride in inviting comparisons of this market with those of older and larger cities. Our Jobbers are enterprising and deservedly prosperous, and able to offer you every inducement to give our city your trade. Immense stocks have been brought here this season; several new wholesale houses have located with us, and a lively competition for your trade will make this a first-rate market for you.
Our Stock is Complete in every Department, and comprises Large Lines of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, White Goods, Linens, Dress Goods, Hosiery, Notions, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Blankets, Shawls, Knit Goods, Cloaks, etc., etc. We have added largely in variety and quantity to each Department of our Stock, and invite you to call and inspect our Goods, and the General Market, and we feel confident you will be pleased.
William R. Moore & Co.,
No. 299 Main Street, - - - Memphis

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

1842. Established 1842.
A. J. WHITE & CO.,
DEALERS IN AND IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
AND AGENTS FOR AMES' Portable STEAM ENGINES

Agricultural Implements, OF EVERY KIND, KEPT Constantly on HAND.
J. E. CARVER'S COTTON GINS.
Orders from Country Merchants Promptly Attended to.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

BRYSON & CAMP,
Have in Store the Largest and Most Complete Stock of Furniture in the South, consisting of
BED-ROOM, PARLOR, LIBRARY, OFFICE
Dining-Room and Kitchen Furniture.
We are Displaying an entire New Stock of
Carpets, Carpets,
New and Handsome Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Ply's, Two-Plys
WOOL-DUTCH, INGRAINS, HEMPS, STRAW and COCOA MATTINGS.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF RUGS AND MATS.
Our Stock of Shades and Curtain Goods is the Largest in the south, embracing all the Latest Novelties. Our Selection is Large and Fresh, and will be sold at Low Prices. We would be pleased to show our Goods.
Retail Rooms, 228 Main St. | MEMPHIS, TENN. | Wholesale Rooms, 231 Second St.

HARDWARE.

FALL TRADE.
ORGILL BROTHERS & CO.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE,
310 and 312 FRONT STREET, Memphis.
We invite the attention of merchants to our stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware. Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Agents for Deering Horse Engine, Gullette Gin, and Machinery Generally.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE—IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS
Allison Brothers,
IMPORTERS AND EXCLUSIVE
WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
17 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee.
Having changed our business to exclusive wholesale, we now offer, to merchants only, a large and complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware. We invite an inspection of our stock, and solicit the patronage of all good merchants buying goods in our market.
Special attention given to Filling Orders. jy8

BOOTS SHOES AND HATS.

J. M. GOODBAR. J. R. S. GILLILAND. J. L. GOODBAR
GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,
Nos. 322½ and 324 Main Street, Memphis.
WE HAVE A GENERAL STOCK OF EASTERN, AS WELL AS CUSTOM MADE GOODS which is unsurpassed by any House in this or other markets. Our stock embraces every variety of Style and Quality, with a large line of the most
POPULAR AND DESIRABLE BRANDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES,
adapted to the wants of the Southern Trade, all of which will be sold on as Good Terms and as Low Prices as any House can afford.
Merchants are invited to Call and Examine our Stock before buying Elsewhere.
GOODBAR & GILLILAND.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS.

REMOVED TO
No. 300 Front Street,
BETWEEN MADISON AND MONROE.
ROSENBACH & CO.,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS.
We take pleasure in informing our Friends and Customers of our Removal to No. 300 Front street, and shall be pleased to see them at our new store, where we will continue to keep a large stock of
WINES, WHISKIES, BRANDIES
FOR THE WHOLESALE TRADE.
Memphis, August 15, 1872. ROSENBACH & CO.

WHITE GOODS, ETC.

OTIS & CO.
WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS, SILK GOODS,
—AND—
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
Of All Grades, of Our Own Manufacture.
OTIS & CO.
No. 327 Main Street, - - - Memphis, Tennessee.

COTTON FACTORS.

DAVID PARK HADDEN JAMES W. AVERY
HADDEN & AVERY.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
COTTON FACTORS
Commission Merchants.
206 FRONT STREET.
MEMPHIS, TENN.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

UNION FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
CUBBINS & GUNN,
Nos. 160 and 174 Adams Street, Memphis, Tennessee,
Manufacturers of Machinery.
Steam Engines, Saw-Mills, Grist Mills, Shafting, Couplings, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, etc.
AGRICULTURAL. Cotton Presses, Cotton Gin Gearing, Pinions, Segments, Gudgeons, Bolts, etc.
HOUSE WORK. Columns, Lintels, Sills, Gratings and Ventilators, etc.
All kinds of Steamboat Work done promptly.
Orders for Brass and Iron Castings and all kinds of Wrought-Iron Work solicited.

IRON WORKS.

CHICKASAW IRON WORKS,
RANDLE & HEATH,
98, 100, 102, 104 and 106 Second Street,
AND 49 AND 51 WINCHESTER STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
Manufacturers of Machinery, Steam Engines, Saw-Mills, Horse-Powers, Shafting, Couplings, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, etc., and sole manufacturers and proprietors of Heath's Patent Well Augur. County and State Rights for sale.
AGRICULTURAL—Cotton Presses, Gin Gearing, Pinions, Segments, Gudgeons, Bolts, etc.
HOUSEWORK—Columns, Lintels, Sills, Gratings, Ventilators, Sash Weights, etc.
All kinds of Steamboat, Railroad and general repairs done on short notice. Orders for brass and iron castings, and all kinds of wrought iron work solicited. Cash paid for old brass, copper and scrap iron. my10