THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1872. VOL. 32.—NO. 294

ARKANSAS.

The Clayton-Bourbon Ticket—Clayton's Share in Getting It Up.

The New York *Tribune* of the third instant, commenting on Arkansas politics, says: "The Grant-Clayton ring in Arkansas is probably as corrupt and unscrupulous as any in the country, always excepting the Cameron gang of Pennsylvania. They have no Yerkes to take out of the penitentiary; all of their orators are yet outside of prison. But they are equal to forgery and such useful games. Clayton and his men have formed what they call "a Liberal Republican State Committee." Yesterday this fraudulent concern put out a ticket for State nominees, headed by Andrew Hunter for Governor. Of these, the candidates for Secretary of State, Treasurer, Superintendent of Penitentiary, and Congressman at Large, are Grant Republicans; the rest are Bourbon-Democrats, and all are kept together by Clayton's cash. This fraud being fixed up, the names were telegraphed all over the country as nominations by the Liberal Republicans. This will not save the already defeated Clayton ring, but was designed to cover their overthrow, as they have a ticket of their own in the field! There is but one Liberal ticket in Arkansas. It is headed by Joseph Brooks, and will be elected in November.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

The Race in the Eighth Congressional District.

From the Jackson (Whig and Tribune.)

As faithful sentinels to sound the alarm when danger approaches, it becomes our duty to warn the Democratic and Conservative party of this district, that there is now imminent danger of losing the Eighth District by our having four candidates in the field. D. A. Nunn, of Brownsville, ever willing to misrepresent the people, has announced himself a candidate for Congress. Who of the four candidates on our side, is responsible for the present state of the canvass, becomes a matter for the people to look into. We know that the blame was not attached to General Campbell and his friends. From the opening of the canvass, months ago, he urged a convention, or any other honorable mode of settling the difficulty, and was backed by his friends. Now, it seems to us that if the other three candidates and their friends, had been anxious to adjust this matter it could have been done. It has not been done, and the responsibility of losing this district, if it is lost, cannot be charged upon General Campbell and his friends. In our opinion it is now too late to get up a convention, and unless two of the candidates withdraw we are in danger of being misrepresented by the worst sort of a Radical. What can we do for the best? It is our candid opinion that General Campbell is the strongest man of the four on our side, and we urge all those who wish to save the district from a Radical to unite on Campbell. In giving this as our opinion we are actuated by no unkind feelings to either of the other three Conservative candidates, they are all gentlemen whom we highly esteem, but we cannot elect all of them, and seriously fearing the result, if there is not a concentration on General Campbell, we urge this course as the best that can now be adopted.

SUICIDE.

A Belgian Army Officer Shoots Himself—Disappointment in Love the Cause.

From the New York World.)

On the twenty-seventh ultimo, one of the steamships arriving at this port brought as passenger Mr. Peter Blomme, formerly an officer in the Belgian army, a gentleman of excellent family, finished education and rare accomplishments. Mr. Blomme, who suffered greatly during the voyage from sea sickness, was physically weak. On reaching port, having no relatives here, he secured apartments at the New York Hotel, but for some cause best known to himself, Blomme soon left and went to 42 Clinton place, and from thence, after a stay of only a few hours, to another hotel in the neighborhood. Monday evening last officer Walkinshaw, of the Twenty-sixth precinct, found Mr. Blomme wandering through Broadway in an abstracted state of mind, and giving to passers-by such articles of property as he had in his possession. Believing Mr. Blomme to be insane, officer Walkinshaw took him to Bellevue hospital for treatment. The surgeon in charge at once discovered that the patient had no physical disabilities and that his mind was seriously disturbed. On last Wednesday evening Mr. Blomme was transferred to St. Vincent's hospital, West Eleventh street, at which time he appeared in good health, but his mental faculties seemed sadly and greatly impaired. The house surgeon administered such necessary remedies as the case demanded, and Blomme seemed to be improving until nine o'clock on Thursday night, when, while lying in bed, he shot himself in the right temple with a small pocket pistol, which he had secreted about his person without the knowledge of the attendants. The latter was in immediate attendance, but could render no permanent relief, as death ensued in ten minutes afterward.

The cause of Mr. Blomme's aberration of mind appears to have been disappointment in a love affair. Such was his distress of mind that he sailed for America with the view of purchasing and working a farm. He, however, as would appear, had no heart to resist, his whole soul seeming wrapped up in those he had left behind him in his native country.

A BEASTLY CRIME.

Incest and Murder—Revolting Conduct of a Father—Exposure of the Parties—Will they be Punished.

Some days ago the Savannah *News* published a report that a resident of Quitman county had committed incest with his daughter, and had taken her to Florida, where the fruits of his crime had been destroyed by abortion. In the last number of the Quitman *Banner*, this article is reproduced, and the *Banner* adds as follows:

We regret exceedingly the necessity that compels us to re-publish the foregoing, and bear evidence of its truthfulness—and we also admit that it is a reproach to any community for so terrible a crime to be committed in its midst, and the perpetrator permitted to escape punishment.

The parties to this bestial, revolting, horrible crime are J. W. Stalnaker and his only daughter by a previous marriage, Carolina Stalnaker, aged about fifteen years. We have read the evidence in the case, as elicited by the Masonic Fraternity, of which he was a member, and it not only fully establishes the guilt of the parties, but it is revolting in the highest degree; and we unhesitatingly assert that the record of crime, of bestiality, and depravity, throughout the civilized world, will exhibit no parallel case. And, to our mind, it is

"Strange that a creature rational, and cast
In human mold, should so brutalize by choice
His nature."

J. W. Stalnaker, the monster, brutish father, is a man who had occupied a fair reputation in society—a man of indomitable energy and perseverance; was a member of the town council and treasurer of the same, and, until recently, a member of the Baptist Church. Although uneducated, he was possessed of an active mind; and this being the condition of the man, more glaring must his crime be considered.

The particulars as given by the *Morning News*, in the main, correct. The sworn evidence, however, is to the effect that the landlady was the only person present in the room at the birth of the child, and that the daughter, Carolina, declared her offspring alive at the moment of its birth; and, therefore, if the abortion had been produced in the State of Georgia, J. W. Stalnaker would be subject to indictment, not only for incestuous adultery with his own daughter, but for the murder of her offspring. It is true that one Doctor(?) Moore, of Jacksonville, produced the abortion, but he was the paid instrument of a brutal, degraded father.

Assisted by the *Morning News*, Stalnaker left here on the morning of the twenty-second ultimo, ostensibly for Jacksonville, to procure evidence disproving the reports then circulating derogatory to his character. We have no idea he ever visited that city, but he secretly returned to Quitman during the night of the twenty-fifth, held communication with his family, and again departed for parts unknown. Of course if he should ever return he will be arrested.

And now to his outraged, ruined daughter. She is young, inexperienced, and has surely suffered. As is natural, she placed unbounded confidence in the integrity and honor of the father from whose loins she sprung. She may have encouraged his inhuman, degraded passion—she may have greatly erred; but her peculiar condition appeals directly to the heart of humanity for pity. We ask that the mantle of charity be cast over her frailty—that sympathy, and (if he could express such a desire) protection be extended her. Her condition is forlorn one; she has had no mother to consult; no friend to advise. She is alone in the wide, wide world, and at her is pointed the finger of scorn. She has been guilty of a great wrong—her sin has but few parallels—but in all probability she was not to blame: doubtless she was the unwilling victim of a monster father's lust. Therefore, we repeat, be charitable to this erring child; but visit with condemnation and scorn the vile man from whom she sprung.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

A Man Waylaid, Shot and Beaten by a Crowd of Radical Negroes.

From the Savannah News of Saturday.]

On Thursday night about eleven o'clock, as Joseph Julian, in company with a comrade, were passing up West Broad street, in the vicinity of the Central railroad depot, he was suddenly attacked by a crowd of about twenty negroes, armed with sticks, slung-shots and pistols. They sprung out upon him from some place of concealment, and dealt him fearful blows in the face and head with slung-shots. One of the party drew a pistol and fired at him several times in rapid succession. They then struck him a number of times over the head and body with heavy sticks, and rapidly disappeared. This murderous assault was made so suddenly, and lasted such a brief time, that before assistance could be rendered, or a crowd gathered, the scoundrels had run off. The man who was with Julian had his coat, which contained all his money, torn off him, but managed to escape without being injured.

Mr. Julian's injuries are of a very painful character, but are not considered dangerous. The pistol used by the would-be murderer was loaded with small buck-shot and slugs. Several of these shots, which took effect in Mr. Julian's head, were extracted. One of the shots, a slug, made an ugly furrow across his forehead, and another struck him in the left eye, and a fourth inflicted a wound in his right leg. Both of the assaulted men are at present at the jail, where attention can be given Julian, who seems to suffer considerably. It is feared his eye is entirely destroyed by the shot.

The cause of this attempted assassination by these would-be murderers, of the Radical party, may be attributed to this: Mr. Julian was one of the Special Deputies sworn in on election day to preserve order at the polls. During the day, as related in our election report, Josiah Grant, a negro, became riotous and disorderly, and it was necessary for Mr. Julian, as special officer, to arrest him, and he did so. Grant resisted and endeavored to stick the officer with a dirk, and was rapped over the head. It will be remembered that he was subsequently released from confinement, Captain A. G. McArthur becoming his bondsman. The only inference to be drawn is that Grant, who is a vindictive negro, concocted this plan to murder the officer for revenge.

The friends of Julian in this city were naturally very excited over the matter, and were very active in pushing up measures looking to the capture of these midnight assassins.

This is another result of the beneficent teachings of Radicalism. Officers of the law, for the performance of their duty, are to be waylaid, beaten, and murdered if possible, by these Radical hounds who seek revenge because punishment has been awarded their misdeeds. It would be well for these assassins to remember that this is a game two can play at very well, and that affairs of this kind will not be permitted in this community. There is only one way to treat such characters, who defy the laws and assume to redress fancied injuries or wrongs according to their own notions. It is not necessary to say what way that is.

THE NEW YORK WOMAN.

What They are in Hotels and Boarding Houses—The Real Thing at Home.

What kind of a being is the typical New York woman? Our neighbors across the water evidently regard her as something very different from the typical Englishwoman; and they form their judgments not so much by what they know of the New York woman at home, as by what they see of her abroad. They find her extravagant in her tastes, something more than self-assured in her bearing, "loud" in her dress, and superficial in her education and accomplishments—if she has any. Now we do not admit that a woman who can be thus characterized is the type of New York womanhood. The world does not hold better women, or better educated women, or better mannered women, than are to be found in great numbers in this much-defamed city; but the Englishman does not see them, for they jealously guard their society when he comes here, and when they travel they are unobtrusive, and do not attract his attention. The average traveling Englishman in New York knows just as little of the best society of New York as the average traveling American does of the best society in London. Yet the Englishman has an apology in what he sees, for the severity of his judgment. There is a type of womanhood in New York—and has, alas! far too many representatives—of which every American, everywhere, has reason to be ashamed. The same type can be found in all the large cities of the country, but it exists in its perfection here. It lives in hotels and boarding-houses; it travels, it haunts the fashionable watering places, it is prominent at the opera and the ball; in short, it is wherever it can show itself and its clothes. It rejoices over a notice of itself in the *Society Chatterbox* or the *Weekly Milk and Water*, as among the proudest and most grateful of its social achievements. Its first grand question is: "Where will I shall I be clothed?" and when that is answered as best it can be, the next is: "How and where can I show my clothes so as to attract the most men, distress the greatest number of women, and make the most stunning social sensation?" We have no fear of exaggerating in this characterization. We have seen women at home and away, and their presumption, boldness, vanity, idleness, dissipation and lack of all noble aims are a disgrace to the city which produces them, and the country after whose name they call themselves. Of course there is sufficient cause for the production of this type of woman, and it is to be found in her circumstances and way of life. It is prevalent among the *nouveaux riches*—among those of humble beginnings and insufficient breeding and education. It is fostered in boarding-houses and hotels—those hotbeds of jealousy and heartburning and social rivalry and aimless idleness. The woman who finds herself housed and clothed and fed and petted and furnished with money for artificial as well as real wants, without the lifting of a finger, or the burden of a care, and without the culture of head or heart that leads her to seek for the higher satisfactions of womanhood, becomes in the natural way of things what we have described. It would be unnatural for her to become anything else. The simple truth is, that unless women have a routine of duty that diverts their thoughts from themselves, and gives them something to think of besides dress and the exhibition of it, they degenerate. The only cure for this that we know of is instinct, home-keeping. There is no man who can afford to pay a fair price for board who cannot afford to keep house; and keeping, though it be never so humble, is the most natural and the best school in which woman is ever called. There is no one thing that would do so much to elevate the type of New York womanhood as universal secession from boarding houses and hotels, and a universal retrance upon separate homes. Such a step would increase the stock of happiness, improve health of body and health of mind, and raise at once the standard of morals and manners. The Devil always finds work for idle hands to do, whether the hands belong to men or women; but American men are not apt to be idle. They are absorbed in work from early until late, and leave their idle wives cooped up in rooms that cost them no care, to get rid of the lingering time as they can. Is it kind to do this, or is it cruel? If it is kind in its motives, it is cruel in its results. The whole system of boarding-house and hotel life is vicious. To live in public, to be on dress parade every day, to be always parts and parcel of a fluctuating multitude, to live aimlessly year after year, with thoughts concentrated upon one's person and one's selfish delights, to be perpetually without a routine of healthy duty, is to take the broadest and briefest road to the degradation of all that is admirable and lovable in womanhood. It is to make, by the most natural process, that gay, gaudy, loud, frivolous, pretentious, vain, intriguing, unsatisfied and unhappy creature which the Englishman knows as "The New York Woman."

At Hempstead, Texas, yesterday, the Collaton oil-works, including cotton-gin, grist-mill, and soap factory, were burned. Loss about eighty thousand dollars; insurance, fifteen thousand dollars.

Lay's foundry, and the hollow-ware enameling works belonging to Hartze G. Wiley, situated in Allegheny City, were totally destroyed by fire last evening. The loss of the company is not far from two hundred thousand dollars, on which there is sixty thousand dollars insurance.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

NEW YORK.

The Lotus Club Do Honor to a Distinguished Guest—Increased Tariff Rates Adopted by Leading Railroad Companies—General Topics.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The members of the Lotus Club gave a brilliant reception last night to Joseph Anthony Froude, a distinguished English author. Mr. W. Reid delivered an appropriate address, and introduced Mr. Froude, and after passing an eulogium on the author, welcomed him in the name of the members of the club to the United States. Mr. Froude responded briefly, and thanked the members of the Club for their kind attention. The following gentlemen, among others, addressed those present: John Bigelow, Edmond Yates, Joseph Brooks, General McDowell and Mayor Hall.

The leading railroad companies have adopted increased tariff rates on all westward-bound freights from New York, Philadelphia and Boston. The following are the new prices: To Bloomington, Illinois, $1 40, Chicago $1 25, Cincinnati 92c, Cairo $1 60, Columbus, Ohio, $1, Dayton, Ohio, $1 05, Evansville $1 42, Fort Wayne $1 08, Grand Rapids $1 25, Indianapolis $1 18, Keokuk, Iowa, $1 63, Kansas City $2, Kalamazoo, Michigan, $1 17, Louisville $1 39, Logansport, Indiana, $1 18, Lafayette, Indiana, $1 13, Milwaukee $1 25, Memphis $1 88, Nashville $1 68, Peoria $1 40, Quincy $1 48, St. Louis $1 58, Terre Haute $1 25.

The executive committee of the Independent Democrats have recommended the formation of Grant and Wilson clubs through the country.

Oliver Charlick has been nominated for Congress by the Citizens' Reform Association.

The Grand United Order of Colored Odd Fellows will celebrate to-morrow by a parade and meeting, in the evening, in honor of their twenty-eighth anniversary. The Past Grand Masters' Council and delegates from the different States and Canadas will participate.

The bakers contemplate a strike for twelve hours a day and fifteen dollars per week, who now work eighteen hours for twelve dollars.

The National Board of Trade will convene in annual session in the Chamber of Commerce on Friday. Among the subjects to be discussed are the regulation of immigration and the introduction of the Dor system of voting into our national elections.

General McDowell has ordered the offices of the Department of the East to be closed to-morrow during the obsequies of Mr. Seward.

The unveiling and presentation to the city of the Walter Scott monument will take place October twenty-sixth.

During the quarter ending Saturday, the Police Mutual Association paid six thousand nine hundred and ninety-five dollars to the heirs of four dead policemen.

Sudden Death.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—Yesterday afternoon Professor J. W. Frazer, who occupied the chair in the department of natural history and chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania, died suddenly while entering his department at the new building. He was sixty-three years old, and had held a Professorship for over thirty years. He was a prominent member of the Franklin Institute, and editor of the *Franklin Institute Journal*.

The Sunday Liquor Law in Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The order issued by the police authorities for the enforcement of the Sunday liquor law was partially carried out; a large proportion of the saloons keeping the blinds down and front doors, at least, locked. The result was a marked decrease in drunkenness on the streets, and the arrests to-day by the police for that offense are one-third less than usual on Sunday. The weather is extremely cold for this time of year.

St. Louis Items.

ST. LOUIS, October 12.—It now appears that it was James Cavanaugh who stabbed George Fonten, at the Fair Grounds, on Thursday night. He has been arrested.

The Liberals and Democrats of the First District of this city, nominated Colonel Wm. M. Grosvenor for Congress.

The St. Louis Fair closed to-day, after a quite successful week of exhibition of nine days. The receipts from rent of booths and gate money is eighty-five thousand three hundred and twenty-three dollars, about three thousand dollars less than last year.

Weather Prognostics.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—On the lower lakes, and thence over the middle States, northerly to westerly winds, and clearing weather in New England, with southerly to east winds. Threatening weather and rain in the South Gulf States, with a rising barometer and generally clear and fresh winds from southwesterly to northwesterly in the Northwest, and thence over the upper lakes. Clear, cool weather, with northerly to westerly winds, extending through the middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys. Telegraphic reports fall from the southwest, the far northwest, and the north and south Pacific stations.

NIBLO'S.

The New Theater—A Model—The Grandest House in the Country.

From the New York Herald.]

The destruction of Niblo's Garden in May last was a source of regret to all acquainted with the many interesting recollections attached to that time-honored institution. Mr. A. T. Stewart, the proprietor, with commendable spirit gave orders at once for the erection of a new temple of the drama on the site, with the additional instructions that no expense should be spared to render the new theater more commodious, beautiful and complete than the former. The work has now reached a stage sufficient to give a visitor an accurate idea of what the theater will be when finished. Changes and improvements of the most important kind have been introduced, but the general features of the auditorium remain the same. The seating capacity, through judicious economy of room, will be increased to three thousand, about two hundred more than before, and the first balcony, or dress circle, has been raised over fifteen inches. The thirteen huge trusses that bind the walls and roof of the auditorium can be operated upon by a single key. The left-hand proscenium boxes will have handsome parlors attached. The ornamentation of the auditorium will be in white, gold and blue, the dome representing a delicately shaded firmament. The managers' offices are four in number. On the left will be the commodious headquarters of Messrs. J. rett & Palmer; on the right, those of Mr. J. A. Zimmerman, the Treasurer; and Mr. L. J. Vincent, the stage manager, will have two offices, one of them being on the prompt side of the stage. But on the stage the most important improvements are already perceptible. The night of the stage is seventy-five feet, and the distance from the stage to the subcellar is twenty-three feet, giving nearly one-third more space than before for moving scenery. Mr. Nelson Sherwood, the machinist of the establishment, has constructed a section stage, which is a model for any theater. It can be worked smoothly and noiselessly, and is provided with ingenious contrivance, by which, in a minute, the entire stage can be withdrawn. It is one of the most perfect specimens of theatrical mechanism in the United States. On the right of the stage are the wardrobe, carpenters' shop and scene room, each being forty by seventy feet, and twenty-five feet in height. They are the largest of this kind in any theater. The machinery connected with the stage is so complete in its way, that the heaviest and most complicated scenes can be set or removed at a moment's notice. One feature of Mr. Sherwood's stage is, that there is not a single knot to be found in any of the boards composing it; it is as smooth as glass. During Mr. Palmer's long absence in Europe, the weight of the work and supervisions has fallen upon Mr. H. C. Jarrett's shoulders. He has been in the theater every day since it began to assume a defined form. The wardrobe room will be taken possession of to-morrow by forty women, under the direction of Mr. Laury, and to them the task of making one thousand dresses for the opening spectacle will be committed. The means of communication between the managers and their numerous employees will be very complete. Speaking tubes and electric bells extend to every part of the building, even to each dressing room, so that the stage manager can at once summon any member of the company without the medium of call boy or green room. The magnitude of the scenery for the spectacle may be imagined from the fact that twelve thousand yards of canvass have been already brought into the theatre. The act-drop will be very handsome, the design being a crimson curtain and lace, with statuary. Hot and cold water will be introduced in all the dressing-rooms, and the passages around the stage will be roomy enough to prevent confusion or crowding. The theatre will be brilliantly lighted, particularly by a magnificent center chandelier, the lighting apparatus being of the same electric nature as at Booth's. The name of the opening spectacle has not yet been decided upon, but the indications are that in point of magnitude of effects it will have no equal here. One hundred and twenty dancers are already engaged for the ballet, the principal being Miles. Pettett, Lupo and Adriente, and Mlle. Kathi Lanner, *maitresse de ballet*. Mme. Rosetta, an opera singer, and Sims Reeves, jr., have also been secured. A chorus of twenty-five singers will assist Mr. Michael Connolly's orchestra in the musical part of the entertainment. There will be four distinct transformation scenes introduced, one by Mr. Voegtlin, one by Mr. Matt Morgan, one by Mr. Charles Gate, and one from London. Mr. Marston will paint the act drop, and Mr. Julian Hicks some of the scenes of the spectacle. Messrs. Cornell, Hoe Brothers, Quin & Co., H. A. Bogart and C. Doyle have all been at work during the summer in their respective departments. The stage manager will be, as before, Mr. L. J. Vincent, and Mr. J. A. Zimmerman will officiate as treasurer. The work is rapidly progressing, and the theater will be ready for opening about the end of November. Mr. Palmer will return to this city in a week or two to assist Mr. H. C. Jarrett in the direction of the work.

A flower has been recently described by an eye witness at Constantinople, which is so great a variety that one is apt to treat it as a fable, and wait for the confirmation of one's own eyesight. It belongs to the narcissus kind of bulbs, and bears the botanic name of ophyrs mouche. There were three naked flowers on the stock hanging on one side, the underneath one was fading, and the two others were in all their bloom. They represented a perfect humming-bird. The breast of bright emerald green, is a complete copy of this bird, and the throat, head, beak and eyes are almost perfect imitation. The hinder part of the body and the two outstretched wings are bright rose-color, one might almost say flesh-colored. On the abdomen rests the whole propagation apparatus, of a deep, dark-brown hue, in the form of a two-winged gadfly.

THE St. Louis *Journal of Education* for October exhibits renewed signs of a vigorous prosperity, which speaks well for its admirable management and the people, among whom it circulates ten thousand copies.

The yacht Dreadnaught won the ocean race of two hundred and forty miles in twenty-five hours and five minutes, beating the yacht Palmer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE stated convocation of Peun Royal Arch Chapter No. 2, will be held on MONDAY evening, October 14th, at 7½ o'clock, for dispatch of business. All Companions are fraternally invited. By order H. G. LOCKE, M. E. H. P. A. J. WHEELER, Secretary. oc12

NOTICE.

HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of George W. Gilmore, deceased, by the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, all persons are hereby notified to present to me, within the time prescribed by law, all accounts and demands against said estate or the same will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come up and settle with me at once. W. O. HUNSLEY, 305½ Second st.

MEMPHIS Agricultural & Mechanical SOCIETY.

Official Drawings for the Improvement of the Fair Grounds.

MORNING—CLASS NO. 236.

64, 15, 51, 72, 67, 31, 26, 68, 26, 3, 6, 12

EVENING—CLASS NO. 237.

61, 42, 17, 2, 57, 28, 7, 48, 11, 32, 37, 52

As witnessed our hand, at Memphis, this 12th day of October, 1872.

JAMES COLEMAN, THOS. H. HILLS, TOBIAS WOLFE, Jr., G. W. WOODSON, Manager.

ONE DAY ONLY!

BACKENSTOSE'S

Great Cosmopolitan

CIRCUS, MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE

IS COMING, AND WILL EXHIBIT IN

MEMPHIS, MONDAY, OCT. 14.

THIS vast organization comprises the leading Acrobats, Gymnasts, Equestrian and Trapeze performers in the business, which enables the Management to give to the amusement-loving people the Finest Show ever seen this city.

The Museum and Menagerie Departments are filled with many new and beautiful specimens of the animal kingdom, and living and inanimate curiosities.

Sale of Seats for everybody.

REMEMBER!

The Circus and Animal Show

FOR ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Admission, - 81 00; Children, - 50 cents.

W. H. PLATT ..... General Director
L. MYERS ..... Agent

Agricultural Fair.

ENTRIES for premiums at the coming Agricultural Fair, to commence October 21st, may be made at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 300 Front street, during the present week, commencing to-day, and all persons interested are invited to call and make their entries. Eighty feet of glass case have been provided for the display of fine fabrics at the Fair.

On Friday and Saturday next, 11th and 12th inst., Mr. W. S. Southworth, Colonel R. A. Pinson and Captain George Dashiell will be at the Fair Grounds, to receive articles; and all exhibitors are respectfully requested to have their articles on the Grounds, on those days, and have spaces assigned to them.

LEON. THOUSDALE, Secretary.
Ledger copy. oc14

JOHN LILLY,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

351 Main St.,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

MME. M. DUKE, MODES DE PARIS,

LADIES' DRESS SUITS,

In Silk, Cashmere, Poplin and Alpaca, always on hand. Also, a fine selection of LACES, LACE CAPES, COLLARS AND SETS.

☞ French Corsets a specialty.☜

ROOMS, No. 245 MAIN STREET, OVER BLOCK, UPSTAIRS.

Mrs. M. L. RODNER

Manufacturer and Importer of all kinds

HUMAN HAIR GOODS,

AND Dealer in Masks, India Rubber Goods, Combs, Brushes, and all kinds of Children's Toys.

333 Main Street,

NEAR COURTLAND, - - MEMPHIS

P. W. SEMMES, ARCHITECT,

254 Second St., Irving Block,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Memphis and the surrounding country. Office lately occupied by the late Francis Foster. oc26

Improve Your Sight!

THE CRESCENT SPECTACLES.

NOW offered to the Public, to all ordinary Spectacles. They are greater, and all imperfections, Fickleness of vision (*Trade Mark.*) invaled. None but genuine have the trade mark within them. Are mounted in Steel, Shell, Rubber and Gold frames, and are manufactured expressly for, and sold in Memphis only, by

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.

☞None genuine without the trade mark on every pair. oct cod

CRAWFORD, WALSH, SMITH & CO

Coffee Importers,

MOBILE, ALA.,

WILL be constantly receiving cargoes of new crop Rio Coffee, of

Their Own Direct Importation,

and solicit the attention of Memphis buyers, with the assurance, that they can rely upon obtaining from this market if air supplies on terms as advantageous as from any other port, and with the additional inducement of much lower rates of freight than from Baltimore or New York. Our first cargo is now due, and we will be pleased to furnish samples when desired. oct

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Perkins & House's

PATENT

NON-EXPLOSIVE METALLIC

COAL OIL

SAFETY LAMP

—AND—

SAFETY FILLING-CAN.

THOUSANDS of families now using this Lamp testify to its superiority over the lamps in common use. It is

1. It is perfectly safe from explosion, owing to its scientific structure.
2. Being made of metal, it will not break.
3. It gives a much more brilliant light and more steady than gas, at one-half the expense.
4. Without odor, and with perfect cleanliness, it uses one-third less oil, in proportion to the amount of light given.

☞ Just received a full assortment of above Lamps, and for sale only in Memphis at the

MODEL LAMP AND OIL STORE

—OF—

O. F. PRESCOTT & CO.,

38 Union Street.

EXPOSITION!

☞ THE DOORS OF THE

MEMPHIS

INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION

WILL BE OPENED TO THE PUBLIC

TUESDAY EVENING,

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ADMISSION - - - - - 25 CENTS

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[Advertisement.]

Resolutions Unanimously Adopted

—BY THE—

Central Johnson Club of Memphis

October 9, 1872.

Resolved, That the language unanimously adopted by the Tennessee Democratic State convention, held at Nashville, June, 1868, three years after every act of President Johnson's, to which even the most ultra partisan could object, had become history: "That Andrew Johnson, in the discharge of his great functions as President of the United States, at a period of unparalleled difficulty and embarrassment has rendered his name illustrious by the fidelity with which he has sought to preserve the Constitution of the Union against the assault of a revolutionary faction; and in his recent signal triumph in that behalf has earned the gratitude of the American people, and rendered himself worthy of the highest trust and confidence that may be bestowed on him."

Resolved, Also, in the words of the Memphis APPEAL, of August 12, 1872, That "the Andrew Jonson here alluded to, we things which we condemn, but many more that we approve. He is perhaps the scandest, if we may not say the most philosophical, the most philosophic thinker of the day; and while admiring the grand proportions of his massive intellect, and loosing his patriotism, we cannot find in our hearts to become querulous and stupidly complain because there are spots on the glowing face of the god of day. Let us bear the philosophic and statesmanlike proposition, that, and whatever of personal faults may be ascribed to him they can be no greater or grander than the circumstances that made genius for statesmanship."

Resolved, Also, in the language of the Nashville *Union and American*, after the nomination of General Cheatham by the convention which met at Nashville in August last: That "none deny the personal worth of General Cheatham; there were those who, and, as we believe, to a majority of the Democracy of Tennessee, a peculiar fitness in the selection of ex-President Johnson at this time, both because of his great ability and his loyalty to the Union during the war."

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Notice to Shippers.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SECURITY COMPANY,
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ON and after MONDAY, October 14th, no freight will be received at the Warehouse after four o'clock p.m.

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Non-Resident Notice.

No. 78, B. D.—In the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee.—Kate Hogan vs. Cornelius Hogan et al.

IT appearing from amended bill filed in this cause, which is sworn to, that Cornelius Hogan is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee and a resident of the State of Illinois: It is therefore ordered, that he make his appearance herein, at the court-house of said county, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in December, 1872, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and be hearing as prayed; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. The clerk will issue a writ.

A copy—attest:

JAMES REILLY, Clerk.
By L. H. GILLAN, Deputy Clerk.
J. R. Robertson, Sol'r for compl't. oct13 no

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby notified that PAUL CICALLA is not the agent of PAUL CICALLA, neither has he power to collect or transact business for said firm.

PAUL CICALLA.
Memphis, October 5, 1872. oct6

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