CAPTAIN MARRYAT.

An Interesting Biography of the Novelist of the Sea—Anecdotes of the Captain—His Literary Career.

A London letter to the Boston *Advertiser* says:

Captain Marryat retains his hold upon the English youth. Every boy between twelve and eighteen reads "Peter Simple," and "Jacob Faithful," "Japhet In Search of his Father," "Snarleyow," and the rest of the rattling books of the sailor novelist. The bookstalls in the streets, at the railway stations, in country fairs, swarm with cheap editions, and scarcely a ship goes to sea without a Marryat or two on board. Yet, strange to say, until this week we have not had the life of Marryat. The present generation hardly knows anything of his career.

Perhaps some of them think he was a "captain in the volunteers." How delighted they will be to find from his daughter's book that after constantly running away at school he went into the navy, boarded ships in grim war, stormed batteries, took prizes, and was himself the sailor in his own inimitable stories, which in his novels he ascribes to fictitious personages! Marryat was no fresh-water sailor or amateur captain. He was an unflinching leader in battle and was so self-denying that he received no less than twenty-seven official recognitions from the Royal Humane Society for his exertions in trying to save the lives of others.

Captain Marryat was one of fifteen sons and daughters, of whom ten attained maturity and several entered the lists of literature. His schoolmaster was heard on more than one occasion to say that he and the late Mr. Babbage (who was at the same school with him) could never come to any good or be otherwise than dunces. In his midshipman days there was no species of cruelty to which the youngsters were not compelled to submit, but now that classes are organized on board ship and a general supervision kept over the pupils, the cruelty that prevailed in the cockpit have gone out of fashion with the cocked hat and shoestrings. Marryat suffered in this way, but took a noble revenge by saving the life of his worst persecutor. When on board his first ship under Lord Cochrane, he was ordered aloft to furl a refractory sail, and once he was numbered among the "killed." One of his persecutors, seeing Marryat's supposed lifeless corpse, exclaimed, "Here's a young cock that will never worry more!" Well, for a wonder, this chap has cheated the gallows."

The sound of the fellow's detested voice was enough, and Marryat faintly exclaimed, "You're a liar," the speech being followed by a burst of laughter. At this moment Marryat's command that the ship weaver was employed crushing round the island of St. Helena to prevent any escape of Bonaparte. On the afternoon of the day on which Napoleon died, Captain Marryat took the well-known sketch of him in full profile, which was afterward engraved both in France and England. It represents the Emperor lying on his camp bed with his hands crossed above the crucifix upon his breast. Of his part for two years in the Burmese war, few but gunnels details are known. Enough is known to show that during that period he displayed to perfection the courage, energy and presence of mind which were natural to him. As equery to the Duke of Sussex, Marryat saw a good deal of royalty, but William IV cut him, and refused him honors because he had written a book against the impressment of seamen.

It was the misfortune of the pavilion balls held by William IV, at Brighton, for their majesties to receive their guests in an antechamber, where the ladies, having kissed the Queen's hand and been lifted up by her, turn upon the cheek by the King, were generally engaged in a few words of conversation before they passed to the ball-room. These entertainments were usually graced says the author by some of the F——— (Fitzgeraldes, F——'s favorite and elegant expression, when waiting to escort the ladies of his acquaintance to the ball-room, of the Prince Regent's court was good an evidence of his royal paternity as he could wish to carry about the world with him.

Marryat ended his naval career when he resigned the command of the Larne, in 1826, and he commenced his literary labors about the same time, his first novel—"Frank Mildmay, or the Naval Officer"—having, however, been commenced while he was on the Mediterranean, and published one year before he gave up the command of the ship. The cause of Marryat's last illness was the continual rupture of internal blood vessels, which, in his case, was caused by a wound in ulceration, which eventually bedeviled the coats of the stomach. In 1848 the loss of his oldest son, a lieutenant, by the striking of his ship, the Avenger, on a rock, off the coast of Mediterranean, gave him such a shock that from the time he received it all chance of his recovery faded away. The last seen of the youth was on deck, splendidly in a jocular manner with his cap on the side of his cabin.

Suddenly dashed away over the ship and carried him with it. The father gradually became weaker and weaker, both in mind and body, and slipped away by slow degrees, dying at last in the year 1848, without pain. Often when his mind was wandering he would dictate whole pages of what he funded was literature, some of which, referring to the quarrel with Dickens or Bulwer in the pages of the old shipmates. He was the father of four sons and seven daughters, five of whom are living. Of the sons, who died in 1850, was of great literary promise.

Captain Marryat was very prepossessing in his appearance. In latter years his gray hair long and almost reaching down to his shoulders. He was quick to take offense, and restless beyond description. He would rush into his brother's room in the middle of the night and, without any preface, begin with some newly-hatched plot of starting at once for Austria, buying a chateau in Hungary, or dumping out in the desert for three years. He was fond of making money and selling his landed property. So expensive was his estate to him that his son, on entering on his inheritance, "found himself weighed down by a responsibility which he was unable to sustain." By his writing Marryat realized large sums. The following figures show what he received on first publishing the manuscript: "Peter Simple," £1000; "Jacob Faithful," £1000; Midshipman Easy, £1200; Poor Simple, £1100; Jacob Faithful, £1100; Japhet, £1300; Pacha of Many Tales, £1100. Mrs. Church states that Marryat was the most popular of all the writers a fortune of £20,000! His handwriting was so minute that the compositor having given up the task of deciphering it for despair, the copy was sent back to him to place where he left off, to insure his finding it again when he resumed the task.

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE ON FAST GIRLS.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Mrs. Stowe is severe on fast girls. We have often found them generous and warm-hearted, and are fully ready to believe that their disregard of conventionalities springs from the boldness of innocence. For example, in contrasting the Southern and Northern girl, she says: "Is there not of the brother in the first place; then the cousin, who is almost a brother, and then the brother's intimate friend, who is treated as one of the family? Where this free intercourse of living is transferred from the shadow of the family to the apartment of a crowded hotel or boarding-house, it gives occasion for much ——speaking and free-thinking—for a style of judgment that often does the young girl great injustice. We have said that our Americans had their faults. The want of conventional limits of propriety between the sexes is one of them. The young French girl is kept secluded and never suffered to be in a position to be misunderstood. In America, from their early childhood, little girls and boys grow up together, and on the whole it is best they should. But, in order that this liberty should produce good effects, parents and guardians should incessantly teach certain limits of propriety. There are certain places, times and modes of intercourse; there are proper places, times and modes that are improper, and no wise parent should be a part of the early training of every girl to teach her this. Every approach on the part of a young girl to any personal familiarity with any young man who is not her acknowledged lover, or who is about to take another girl, exposes her to misconstruction, which it is the duty of her mother to prevent by timely warning. A favorite author has said that such personal advances on the part of women were "immoralities of manner," even where the intention was innocent. So, girls, take care—respect yourselves—respect your sex, and do not be among a number to have it speak reproachfully. Listen, all of you, to what a man says. It is out of some old-fashioned father's legacy, or some such antique book, that the adage, "A fine woman has a power over us of which she very little dreams, but a little too near acquaintance often dissolves the illusion and converts the angel into a very ordinary girl," is a mother tell you, girls, that mothers, when they send their boys into the great world and its temptations, hope much for them from the influence of good women. Did you ever think of this when you tell young men that you do not like to smoking; when you urge wine upon them at parties? Some mother, some sister may wish that you would lead her son or brother to a higher, purer course of life. Ought not some higher motive to govern your intercourse with the young men of your acquaintance than merely the desire to fasten their attention on yourself—to please them at any and every hazard? Be sure that a young man who is pleased through the lower nature, because you encourage his indolent and self-indulgent side, and part with his last elevated impulses, will think of you by-and-by only as a part of something unworthy, which his better self will seek to disgrace.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Middling Cotton 18 1-2 to 18 3-4c—Exchange 1-2 Discount to Par—Gold 113 to 113 1-4.

Corn Still Down—Oats Weak—Produce and Feed Generally Weak.

A Quiet Money Market—Gradual Improvement—Slight Sales of Stocks and Bonds.

Cotton Stronger—High Qualities in Demand and Better—Saturday Quietude—"My Middling," or Grades and Degrades.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, SATURDAY, November 16, 1872.

FINANCIAL.

There was nothing occurring in Madison street to-day to distinguish it from the two or three days before. Exchange was in fair but not heavy supply at ½c discount on New York and the East, 1 on New Orleans; selling at par on all points. Very little was doing in gold at 113@113¼. For city currency bonds 52 was offered, but we heard of no sale. There was a sale of one thousand State warrants at 90; one thousand 5-20s, 1865, at 113½; twelve hundred Aleorn money at 92. The Nashville *Banner* of Friday quotes as follows: Controller's warrants 98; Memphis and Charleston railroad stock 28; Bank of West Tennessee money 30; Bank of Shelbyville money 85; Bank of Tennessee, old 91@98, new 86@93, post notes 55@60.

Memphis currency bonds, with pastdue coupons, sixes, 55@58; Memphis gold bonds, sixes, 60; Memphis pastdue-coupons, 60; Memphis and Charleston railroad stock, 30; ditto 1st mortgage bonds, 88; ditto 2d mortgage, 80; Memphis and Ohio railroad stock, 19; ditto 1st mortgage bonds, 95; ditto 2d mortgage, 80; Mississippi and Tennessee railroad stock, 15@20; ditto 1st mortgage bonds, 86; ditto 2d mortgage bonds, 70@71; Mississippi Central railroad stock, 75; ditto 1st mortgage bonds, 57; ditto 2d mortgage bonds, 82; Mississippi warrants, 70@82; Mississippi levee bonds, 40; Arkansas levee bonds, 19; Shelby county new warrants, 88@92; ditto re-issue warrants, 52@60; ditto coupons, 83@86; Bank of Tennessee money, old, 93@94; new, 93@97; Tennessee Comptroller's warrants, 89@90.

COTTON.

Saturday is usually a day for shipping cotton bought, or buying what is wanted to make up the shipping purchases. Most of the business done to-day was of this character, and the total sales did not amount to over 1000 bales. The New York dispatches reported an easy market 19¼, Liverpool firm at 9¾, New Orleans quiet at 18¾. Middling cottons and above were again eagerly inquired for, but very little could be found. Rates remained generally unchanged, but fine cottons in lots would have probably commanded higher than current prices, if they could have been found; middling we quote higher.

Ordinary	8	8½
Good ordinary	9½	9¾
Strict Good ordinary	11½	12
Low Middling	17½	17¾
Strict Low Middling	18	18¼
Middling	18½	18¾
Strict Middling	19	19½
Good Middling	19½	20

The following are the receipts, exports and sales in Memphis:

Receipts	1,072	1,921
Shipments	2,011	1,500
Stock	25,378	18,511
Total receipts to date	100,001	102,601
Total shipments to date	73,767	86,708

RECEIPTS.	
Memphis and Charleston railroad	32
Mississippi and Tennessee railroad	114
Memphis and Ohio railroad	69
Memphis and Little Rock railroad	72
Steamers	1,724
Estimated per wagon and other sources	800
EXPORTS.	
Memphis and Charleston railroad	42
Mississippi and Tennessee railroad	1,225
Memphis and Ohio railroad	800
Steamers south	433
Steamers north	1,000

It will be seen by the above that our total receipt for the season now stands 100,000 bales, which is below last year's receipts at this time, and above the receipt of the year previous.

There is much discussion just now—and discussion is wanted—upon the subject of grades. For want of uniformity of classification, any comparison of our cottons with those of other markets, and with our own market of past years, is becoming impossible. New York, Liverpool and New Orleans all quote middling cotton—unless our middling cotton in Memphis bears a known relation to the middlings of those places, telegrams of their markets will be to us meaningless hieroglyphics. "My middling" is a grade above the place of middling, and every operator's "my middling" is what he considers it expedient to make it. If our cotton factors do not know how to grade their cotton when they have sampled it, and must find out the grade or price from parties they invite to examine their tables, the existing confusion must be submitted to as inevitable; for if the unconscious holder can only be induced to consider that his middling is low middling, there is a chance of buying it at the low middling price. This difficulty has existed before now, and to settle it there were deposited, in the Chamber of Commerce, cotton samples, which officially decide which is middling and other grades of cotton, and when "my middling" is not the Chamber of Commerce middling it is not, in Memphis, middling at all. We must have a standard grade, and the Chamber of Commerce supplies it, and, on *Memphis*, that is the authority. When cotton is shipped away, what was middling on the seller's table in Memphis, may be invoiced as low middling when sent to Providence, or strict low middling when shipped to Boston, so as to agree with whatever mode of classification may be adopted in those markets, but in Memphis we must class according to the authorized samples kept for the purpose in the Chamber of Commerce, which samples have a known and recognized relation to the grades of New York, Liverpool and New Orleans. The sooner the idea is abandoned that cotton can be got cheaper by calling strict middling "my middling," or by calling it by the name recognized authoritatively by a committee of buyers and sellers appointed for the purpose, the better for all business purposes.

GENERAL MARKET.

This day has been a dull time in Memphis. Cold and frost were unfavorable to business, and the course of prices in the first markets are not calculated to help it for the moment. Corn was no stronger than yesterday; 45 cents was made at 60c, and later in the day offers at 55c were plentiful. Oats were wanting in strength—a lot of inferior but sound sold at 35c. *Hay* is very plentiful and weak; 82c was asking for choice on the landing. *Bran*, notwithstanding strong effort to advance the price, sold at $22. *Cornmeal* remains weak, with a very moderate demand. *Flour* is held stiffer by some operators, on the supposition that the cold weather will prevent shipments; if the weather should change to rain, the reverse process may be looked for. *Butter* exhibits no change; we saw choice roll sold at 25c. *Eggs* were selling at 30c, at which rate the market was wanting in firmness. *Chickens* are weak for small, but fat old are in good request and strong. *Ducks* were selling at former quotations. *Geese* will bring no better than $7 50. *Turkeys* are firm at $12@20, the higher priced are the most sought for. *Hogs* are in good request for small, large are not wanted. *Apples* are active at $5@6 superior bellflowers would command higher, but there are none in the market. For really good *Potatoes* 80 is readily paid. *Onions* are becoming scarce; for choice 85 is the established rate. *Cabbages* is in plenty, and some of the last arrivals are touched a little with frost, and according to quality, they can be had all the way from $6 50@7 50. In *Bacon* there is nothing new; it is scarce in most articles, and some articles—clear sides, for instance—are out of the market. *Salt meat* is not plentiful; rates remain as quoted yesterday and given in the table below. The weather favors deer, birds, fish and oysters, and the demand is good.

Quotations for feed are for round lots on the landing, unless otherwise expressed.

APPLES—Stronger, with a good demand; cooking, $3@3 50; fancy, $4@4 50; bellflowers, $5, but none in the market.

BACON—The stock is plentiful; sales of 100 and 114 sacks at 22c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Fair supply at $9 50.

BEANS—Navy beans, $3 per bushel.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS—Louisville cement, per barrel, $2 40@2 50; plaster, Michigan, $4; New York, $4 50; Rosendale, $3 60@3 75; hair, 30c per pound; fire-brick, $7 per 100; Alabama lime, by the car-load, $1 50; Cape lime, on landing $1 40.

BALING STUFF—Bagging, 2 and 2¼ pounds, 13@14½c; iron ties, 90@95c; baling twine, 14@16c.

BEEF, ETC.—Forequarters, 3@4c; hindquarters, 6@7c. Sheep, 6@10c. Hogs—large, 7c; small, 5c.

BUTTER—Common, 12@15c; fair, 18@22c, and choice Western dairy, 25@26c; choice roll, 27c.

BACON—Clear sides, — clear rib, —; shoulders, —; first-class hams, 15@16c; breakfast bacon, 14@17c. Quotations nominal; little stock on hand.

CORN—100 sacks at 60c, 250 sacks in bulk at 61c; 300 sacks at 59c.

CABBAGE—Scarce, with fair demand at $6 50@7 50.

CHICKENS—Small not wanted, at $2 50@3; large in demand at $3 50@4 50.

CRANBERRIES — Cultivated, $10@12 per bbl.

CORNMEAL—Sales of lots amounting to 150 bbls at $2 85.

CANDLES—Light and full weights per pound, 20½c.

COTTONSEED—At mills we quote Cottonseed is in demand at $10 per ton.

CHEESE—Factory, 10@16c; English dairy, 16@19c.

COFFEE—We quote at 19@22c for Rio, 26@27c for Java.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, 5@6c; peaches, 4@5c.

DUCKS—In moderate supply at $3@4 per doz.

EGGS—Drooping at 50c.

FLOUR—Double extra, $6 50@7; treble extra, $7 50@8; family, $8 50@9; fancy, $9 50@10.

FISH—White fish, $5 50@6 per half bbl; kits, $1 25; smoked herring, 60c per box; new mackerel, per bbl—No. 1, $16; half bbl, $8 75@9; kits, $1 60@1 75; No. 3, large bbls, $11. 50@12; half bbls, 86c@6 50; kits, $1 20@1 30.

GUNNIES—New, 19c; second-hand, 17c, with a good demand.

GROCERIES—Soda, 7½c for keg and 8c for box. Starch, 4½@5 2-3c. Sperm soap, 6@6½c. Rice, 8@8½c, as in quality. Brown and yellow sugar in bbls, 10@10½c; soft refined, white, 12@12½c; powdered, 13½@14c; hard refined white crushed and granulated, 13½@13½c.

GRESS—Fair offering at $7@7 50 per ton.

HAY—Sales of 50 bales Ohio river timothy at $29; 90 bales choice timothy at $27; one carload Arkansas prairie at $16.

HOMINY—$4 75@5 per barrel; grits, $5 75@6.

KRAUT—Steady at $9 per bbl; $5 per half bbl.

LARD—Choice leaf in tierces, 9@9½c; kegs, 10@10½c.

LEMONS AND ORANGES—Lemons, $8 50; oranges, $8@8 50 for choice.

MOLASSES—Prime to choice, plantation, 50@65c; inferior, 40@45c; common to prime sugarhouse syrup, 40@55c; fancy, 70@80c; new Louisiana at 60@70c; other qualities drooping and nominal.

NUTS—Cocoanuts $7@7 50 per 100; $6 by the bbl; chestnuts, $3 50@3 75 per bushel; peanuts, 9c per lb.

OATS—Sales of 325 sacks inferior but sound at 35c; 50 sacks good at 37c.

ONIONS—Good demand at $2 75@3 for good; firm at these rates.

OILS—Coal oil, 30@35c per gallon; lard oil, 90@95; West Virginia lubricating, 50@60c.

PORK—Bulk pork, clear sides, 8½@9c; clear rib, 8½@8¾c; shoulders, 8½@8c.

POTATOES—In store, $2 90@3; sale of 50 barrels peachblows at $3.

SHINGLES—Sawed $4 50; drawn cypress $6; laths $3 per 1000.

SALT—Per bbl, $2 50; 7-bushel bbl, $3; Liverpool sack salt, $2@2 75.

TWINE—According to size, from $12 to $20; dressed, 18@20c.

FREIGHTS FROM ST. LOUIS.

	By River.	By Rail.
Flour, per bbl	$ 40	$ 65
Corn, per bbl	15	25
Whisky, per bbl	1 25	1 75
Merchandise, per 100 lbs	25	30
Hay, per 100 lbs	25	50
Bacon, per 100 lbs	20½	30
Apples, canned, per bbl		60

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL MATTERS

NEW YORK, November 16.—MONEY was less active in the forenoon, ranging from 7 1-32 a short time before the close of the bank hours, and after nearly all the bank accounts were provided for, unemployed balances went as low as 3@4 per cent. *Sterling Exchange* is heavy at 8¾ for sixty days, and 10 to 10½ for sight. *Gold* is quiet but firm at 113¼@113¾. Loans early in the day were flat to 1-64 for use; later 1-64 to 7 per cent. for carrying. Clearings $61,000,000. Treasury disbursements, $455,000. Exports to-day, $640,000; for the week nearly $3,000,000. *Government* closed firm at about the highest prices of the week, at the following quotations: U. S. coupons of 1881, 116¼; 5-20s of 1862, 113½; 5-20s of 1864, 112½; 5-20s of 1865, 112½; 5-20s of 1865 new, 114½; 5-20s of 1867, 115¾; 5-20s of 1868, 115¾; 10-40s, 108½; currency 6s, 113½; new 5s, 109½. *State Bonds* dull and steady. The bank statement was unfavorable, having a net loss in reserve of $1,645,960. The banks now hold $2,290,825, above 25 per cent. required by law. Missouri, 93¼; Tennessee old, 74¾; Tennessee, new, 74¼; North Carolina, old, 55; North Carolina, new, 21. *Stocks* opened dull and weak, but steadily improved in price from ½ to 1½ per cent. Erie was the feature at the close, advancing from 50½ to 52¾. There were also large dealings in Western Union and United States Express, both having advanced. Next in point of interest are Lake Shore and St. Paul. The common market closed at about the highest figures in the day. Mr. S. V. White, who was carried down by a decline of stocks, on Monday, has been reinstated to membership. The *Stock Exchange Post* says that the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company have under consideration the issuing of a consolidate mortgage on their property, instead of issuing ten million convertible bonds, as recently authorized by the directors. This change, in the form of security, will only be made on certain conditions, among which are that these bonds will be taken by some one of the leading bond common stock, who are interested in seeing no further increase of that class of the company's securities. Quotations: Canton, 108¾; Western Union Telegraph, Company, 81¼; Quicksilver, 45; Adams Express Company, 94; Wells & Fargo's Express Company, 87; American Merchants' Union Express Company, 60; United States Express Company, 70¼; Pacific Mail, 38¾; New York Central, 93¼; Erie, 52¾; Erie, preferred, 71; Harlem, 113; Harlem, preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 114½; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 87¼; Northwestern, 84; Northwestern, preferred, 87½; Rock Island, 108; New Jersey Central, 109½; St. Paul, 51½; St. Paul, preferred, 74½; Wabash, 38½; Wabash, preferred, 50; Fort Wayne, 93; Terre Haute, 15; Terre Haute, preferred, 35; Chicago and Alton, 108½; Chicago and Alton, preferred, 114; Ohio and Mississippi, 34½; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 98; Burlington and Quincy, 128; Union Pacific, 34½; Central Pacific bonds, 109; Union Pacific bonds, 87; Delaware and Lackawana, 96½; Hartford and Erie, 7¾.

NEW ORLEANS, November 16.—Sight exchange, ¼@¼ discount; selling, par.

LONDON, November 16.—Consols, money, 92¾; account, 92¾; United States coupons, 5-20s, 1865, 90¾; 5-20s, 1867, 93; 10-40s, 87½; new fives, 88¾; Erie, 40¾.

PARIS, November 16.—Rentes, 52f, 55c.

FRANKFORT, November 16.—United States coupons, 5-20s, 1862, 96¾.

COTTON MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

NEW YORK, November 16, 10:30 a.m. Cotton quiet; ordinary, 16½c; good ordinary, 18c; low middling, 18½c; middling, 19½c; Alabama, 19½c; Orleans, 19½c; Texas, 20c. Futures quiet; sales, 2500 bales; January, 18½c; February, 18 11-16c; March, 19½c; April, 19½c; November 19½c; December, 19½c.

12:45 p.m.—Cotton easier; ordinary, 16½c; good ordinary, 18½c; low middling, 18½c; middling 19½c; Alabama, 19½c; Orleans, 19½c; Texas, 20c; sales to-day—by exporters, 250 bales; to spinners, 310 bales; sales last evening—to exporters, 140 bales; to spinners, 100 bales; included in sales are 300 bales to arrive. Futures quiet: June, 19½.

2:10 p.m.—Futures quiet. Sales, 9600 bales. March, 18 15-16c; April, 19 3-16c; November, 18 13-16c.

Cotton report for one day at all United States ports—Receipts, 15,784 bales; exports to Great Britain, 8234 bales; exports to continent, 4988 bales; stock, 256,790 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, November 16, 11:30 a.m.—Cotton in fair demand; middling, 19½c. Sales 600 bales.

2 p.m.—Cotton in fair demand; middling, 19½c. Sales to-day, 900 bales; last evening, 2100 bales; receipts, 5236 bales.

LIVERPOOL, November 16, 11:30 a.m.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 9d; Orleans, 10d. Sales, 10,000 bales.

1 p.m.—Cotton quiet but steady; uplands, 9¼d; Orleans, 10¼d. Sales, 10,000 bales; for export and speculation, 2000 bales.

ST. LOUIS, November 16.—Cotton quiet; middling, 18@18½c.

LOUISVILLE, November 16.—Cotton quiet; middling, 18½c.

CINCINNATI, November 16.—Cotton quiet; middling, 18½c.

NASHVILLE, November 16.—Cotton is in good demand, at full prices; low middling, 17c.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, November 16.—Business fairly active with commission houses, but jobbers were generally quiet. The market for cotton goods shows more strength, and has an advancing tendency. Pepperell, Laconiana and Langdon brown and bleached sheetings and shirtings have been advanced in price by the agents. Sheetings are about two and a half cents per yard higher. Flannels, blankets and woolens are active, and advanced prices are sustained. Foreign goods are quiet, and without change in prices. Irty goods importations for the week amounted to one and a quarter million dollars.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, November 16.—Flour steady; $7 25@7 50. Wheat dull and nominal. Corn dull; old, 42c. Barley dull; 67@70c. Oats dull and nominal; 27@30c. Rye quiet; $1@1 03. Lard quiet, kettle 7½c. Bulk meats steady; 4½@5½c; partially cured, loose; 5c more asked. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 5½@5½c for old; new clear rib, 10c; clear sides, 10½c. Hams, sugar-cured, 12c. Hogs quiet; $3 85@4 05. Whisky dull; 90c. Hauling facilities are very limited, owing to the horse disease.

NEW ORLEANS, November 16.—Flour dull; XXX, $6 25@7 50; family, $8 50@9 75. Corn scarce and firmer; mixed, 65@66c; white, 70c. Oats, 45c. Bran, $1 05. Hay firmer; prime, $27@28; choice, scarce, $29@31. Pork, to arrive, offered at $16 50; no buyers. Bacon firm, 6½c, 11½c, 12½c; hams, choice sugar cured, 19@20c. Lard dull; tierce, 8¾@9c; keg, 10@10½c. Sugar in good demand; inferior, 6½@6½c; common, 7@7½c; fair to fully fair, 8¼@9c. Molasses firmer; fair, 48c; good, 50@53c; prime, 54@56c; strictly prime to choice, 57@60c. Whisky, Louisiana, 75@80c; choice Cincinnati, $1. Coffee quiet, 14@19½c.

LOUISVILLE, November 16.—Tobacco firm and active at fair prices; sales 45 hhds. Bagging quiet at 15½@18c. Flour quiet on orders, but a fair local demand; extra family $6 25. Grain quiet, but scarcely anything doing. Hogs steady at $3 75@4 10 for light and extra heavy. Provisions steady. Mess pork $14. Bulk meats, 4½, 7@7½c loose; 5c higher, for round lots, packed. Lard, choice leaf, tierces, 9½c. Whisky steady at 90c.

NEW YORK, November 16.—Flour quiet and steady; winter wheat extra, $7 75@8 65. Whisky is quiet at 89c. Grain—Wheat is in fair demand and higher; winter red, Western, $1 60@1 65. Rye is nominally unchanged. Barley is fairly active; choice Western and prime, 85c. Corn is heavy and lower; steamer, mixed Western, 65@68c. Oats are active and firmer; white, 50c; black Western, 42@45c. Coffee firm. Sugar dull; Cuba, 9@9½c. Provisions—Pork dull; mess, $16 75@15 88. Beef and cut meats are unchanged. Lard and butter are quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, November 16.—Flour is quiet and unchanged. Wheat active and advanced, spring No. 1, $1 13½; No. 2, $1 03. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed, 31½c bid. Oats firm; No. 2, 21@22c. Rye, No. 2, 83c. Provisions quiet and weak. Mess pork lower; new, 13@13½c; old, nominal at 14½@15c. Lard steady at 7½c. Green hams lower at 7½@7½c. Other green meats unchanged. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady at 90c.

NASHVILLE, November 16.—Flour, grain and cornmeal quiet and unchanged in every respect. Provisions in good demand at full prices; bulk meats 9½@9½c. Bacon—shoulders 7½c; clear sides 12½c. Lard—kettle, dried 9c. Hogs $4 14@4 14½. Market active.

Ames, Beattie & Co., 396 Main street, offer Bargains, Wholesale and Retail, in Furniture, Carpets, Mattresses, Oilcloths, Window Shades, etc. oc27

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Manufactured by Perry & Reading Mobile, Alabama.

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ASSETS, OVER $1,102,000.

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TAYLOR, JOY & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO SPEED, TAYLOR, STRANGE & CO.,

INVITE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS TO EXAMINE THEIR LATE RECEIPT OF

DRY GOODS,

IN AMERICAN, FRENCH AND GERMAN FABRICS

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IS LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE, OUR ASSORTMENT IS COMPLETE IN

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Merino Vest and Suits, Ladies' Shirts, Chemise and Gowns.

Our stock of Flannels, White and Colored Cassimeres, Blankets, Marseilles Quilts, Table Linens and House Furnishing Goods, we think will please; together with a large stock of Bleached and Brown Domestics, Jeans, Tweeds and Satinets, at reasonable prices.

TERMS—ONE PRICE, CASH OR CITY ACCEPTANCE.

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MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

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OIL-CLOTHS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, SHADES, ETC.

WITH OVER THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE FURNITURE BUSINESS and having ample capital to pay cash for all our purchases, we are enabled to offer the public, at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, one of the largest and best stocks in the South or West, which we will sell as low as the same quality of goods can be bought anywhere in the United States.

We respectfully invite inspection of our stock at our Salesrooms.

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MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

MEMPHIS CITY FIRE
AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office, No. 19 MADISON STREET, Memphis, Tenn.

CAPITAL, - - - $250,000

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

B. BAYLISS, President. A. VACCARO, Vice-President.
F.W. SMITH, Cashier. HENRY J. LYNN, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

JACOB THOMPSON, NAPOLEON HILL, W. C. GALBREATH,
WILLIAM JOYNER, J. T. FARGASON, W. C. BURLAND
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Orders from Country Merchants Promptly Attended to.

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98, 100, 102, 104 and 106 Second Street

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Manufacturers of Machinery, Steam Engines, Saw-Mills, Horse-Powers, Shafting, Coupling Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, etc., and also manufacturers and proprietors of Heath's Patent Well Augur. County and State Rights for sale.

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HOUSE WORK—Columns, Lintels, Sills, Gratings, Ventilators, Sash Weights, etc.

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All kinds of Steamboat, Railroad and general repairs done on short notice. Orders for brass and iron castings, and all kinds of wrought iron work solicited. Cash paid for old iron.

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Columns, Lintels, Sills, Gratings and Ventilators, etc.

All kinds of Steamboat Work done promptly.

Orders for Brass and Iron Castings and all Kinds of Wrought-Iron Work solicited.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME

COMMENCING

Monday, October 28, 1872,

Trains will run as follows:

	LEAVE:	ARRIVE:
New Orleans Mail, daily	1:50 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Express Train, daily	4:30 p.m.	9:50 a.m.
Freight Train, daily (except Sundays)	6:25 a.m.	6:10 p.m.

Ticket offices, 337½ Main street and at Depot, foot of Main street.

JAMES YONGE, Supt.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SECURITY COMPANY, Lessee Memphis and Charleston R. R. Memphis, Tenn., October 29, 1872.

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME

COMMENCING

Tuesday, October 29, 1872.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Mail Train leaves Memphis	11:00 a.m.
Mail Train arrives at Memphis	10:50 a.m.
Express Train leaves Memphis	6:00 a.m.
Express Train arrives at Memphis	11:45 p.m.
Junction Acc. leaves Memphis	4:00 p.m.
Junction Acc. arrives at Memphis	9:30 a.m.
Somerville Acc. leaves Memphis	4:00 p.m.
Somerville Acc. arrives at Memphis	10:20 a.m.

Making close connection at Grand Junction, Corinth, Decatur and Chattanooga for all points South, North and East.

72 miles shorter to Chattanooga, East Tennessee, Atlanta and the southern cities than via Nashville. Quick time and close connections to Atlanta.

Ticket Offices, 278 Main st., and at Depot.

oc20 W. J. ROSS, Supt. West Division.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

— AND —

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

WINTER SCHEDULE, OCT. 27, 1872.

Express Train leaves daily, Sundays excepted	3:55 a.m
Mail Train leaves daily	2:10 p.m
Bivouac Mountain Express leaves daily, Sundays excepted	4:10 p.m

No change of cars by this line for Louisville, St. Louis or Nashville. Pullman Palace sleeping-cars on all night trains. The through car for St. Louis, Chicago and the West will be run on the 4:10 p.m. train except on Sundays when it will be run on the 2:10 p.m. train. Passengers by the 4:10 p.m. train make close connection at Humboldt for all points on the Mobile and Ohio and M