THE MEMPHIS SUNDAY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1873. VOL. 33.—NO. 150

GENERAL NEWS.

Movements of Washington Officials—Brutal Outrage and Probable Murder of a Woman in Middle Tennessee.

From the Seat of the Modoc War—Died in Prison—Destructive Fire in New Jersey—Spanish News.

Particulars of the Death of Minister Orr—United Presbyterian Assembly—Miscellaneous News.

Death of a Ten-Year Convict.

POUGHKEPSIE, N. Y., May 31.—Dr. Brown, sentenced to ten years in Sing Sing for assaulting Murray, a New York gas-bill collector, died in prison last night.

Colonel D. M. Nelson Acquitted.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—Colanel D. M. Nelson, charged with the murder of General Clanton, at Knoxville, was acquitted yesterday. The jury was out only five minutes.

Chicago Lumber Market.

CHICAGO, May 31.—The lumber receipts are large, but the market is active at unchanged prices. Sales: Joist and scantling, $10; strips and boards, $11 25@15 75; shingles, $3; lath, $2 50.

[From Spain.

BARCELONA, May 31.—Gen. Velarde has postponed the enforcement of his levy upon the youth of this province. Carlists continue to intercept railroad trains and rob passengers.

Movements of the Nobility.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Secretary Belknap left to-day for West Point to attend the examination of cadets. The President and family will leave the latter part of next week for Long Branch, and thence proceed to West Point.

Last Day of the Nashville Trotting Sports.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—Last day of the trotting meeting—purses for 2:45 horses. Josephine, 1, 1, 1; Annie R., 2, 2, 2; Captain, 3, distanced; time, 2:40¼, 2:38¾, 2:41¼. Second race for 2:33 horses. Little Mack, 2, 1, 1, 1; Laggoner, 1, 2, 2, 2; time, 2:33¾, 2:39¼, 2:37¼, 2:36¼.

French Politics.

PARIS, May 31.—The Orleanists in the assembly are seeking an alliance with the left-center, having refused a coalition with the legitimists and Bonapartists. The left-center, however, decline to entertain their proposition.

Fatal Accident to a Railroad Employe.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 31.—John Spang, of this city, was killed at Hamilton this morning, while uncoupling freight cars of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad. He was thrown upon the track and his head severed from the body. Deceased was forty years of age.

Fleetwood Sports.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The trot between American Girl and Harry attracted a large crowd to Fleetwood park to-day. American Girl, which was the favorite at odds of $100 to $60, was the winner as follows: American Girl—1, 1, 2, 1; Harry—2, 2, 1, 2. Time—2:22¾, 2:24¼, 2:26¼, 2:28¼.

Internal Revenue Statistics.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The internal revenue receipts to-day are $63,011; total for the month, $12,963,107; grand total, $106,016,222; total for the fiscal year, thus far, is only $3,983,778, less than the estimate of the commissioner for the entire fiscal year, and indications are that the receipts during June will make the total at least $8,000,000 in excess of the estimates.

Mexican News.

MEXICO, May 24.—The governor of Mexico has arrested a number of monks and nuns on a charge of maintaining improper relations in private houses, which they occupied in religious communities since the abolition of convents. The nuns were released, but the monks were held. The States of Mioboacan and Mexico have abolished cock and bull fights.

A Missing Ocean Steamer.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Nine steamers and several sailing vessels have arrived since Monday, but bring no tidings of the missing steamer George Cromwell, which left New York for New Orleans May 17th. She had a full cargo of assorted merchandize, and about fifty souls on board, including officers, crew and passengers. Her agent in this city believes she is still afloat.

Brutal Outrage and Murder.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—Joe Woods, colored, brutally outraged the person of Mrs. Elizabeth Hampton, a widowed white woman, near Versailles, Rutherford county, Tennessee, a day or two since, and afterward crushed her skull with an ax. Woods is in prison, and there are strong threats of lynching him if the woman dies, which is highly probable.

Railroad Pooling.

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—A Madison dispatch says that Assistant Attorney-General J. Spooner is of the opinion that the proposed pooling arrangement between the Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Chicago and Northwestern railroad companies is contrary to the spirit, if not the letter, of the State law of 1867, and that if such agreement shall be actually entered into, it would be his duty to apply to the supreme court for leave to bring an action of *quo warranto* against these corporations.

Decoration-Day at Wheeling.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 31.—The grand army of the republic of this city observed to-day instead of yesterday as decoration-day. A number of lodges of different societies, military companies, Sunday-schools and citizens participated in the procession. It was very fine. The graves in the various cemeteries were handsomely decorated. Business throughout the city was generally suspended. The ceremonies at Mount Wood were very impressive. There will be grand memorial services at Washington hall to-night.

From Cuba.

HAVANA, May 31.—O'Kelly sailed today for Spain. The authorities furnished steerage passage, with the privilege—of which he availed himself—to purchase a ticket to the cabin and to accommodations.

Price, it is reported, will be released to-morrow.

Advices from Porto Rico state that the drought prevails in some parts of the island, and the cattle are perishing. The indemnity received for the emancipation of slaves will be invested in central plantations.

Modoc News.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—General Davis, accompanied by Fairchild, three soldiers, one correspondent, Bogus Charley, Steamboat Frank, Hooker Jim and Shack Nasty Jim, returned to the camp safely from the scout. Bogus Charley, Curly Headed Doctor and other Indians sent on an independent scout after Captain Jack were expected back to camp yesterday. Several Modocs in the vicinity of Fairchild's camp are anxious to surrender. The total number of prisoners captured thus far amount to nineteen men, twenty-three squaws and thirty children, twenty-five remain with Captain Jack well armed and mounted. A courier is expected Sunday.

United Presbyterian Assembly.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America, re-assembled this morning. The report of the committee on old records and historical documents of synods and presbyteries of associate unions was presented; also the report of the committee on church property. Rev. Edward A. Collier addressed the assembly, saying, in reference to the church, that he rejoiced in the increase of membership of United Presbyterians, and in their institutions of learning. At the beginning of the year there was a debt on foreign board of thirty-three thousand five hundred dollars, and now there is enough money in the treasury to wipe out every cent of debt. The moderator, in reply, invited Mr. Collier to a seat in the assembly. Rev. Geo. Patterson and Rev. James Bennett, delegates from the synod of Canada, were invited to seats, and addressed the assembly. Signor Matteo Prochet, president of the Waldensian church of Italy, was introduced, and delivered an address. The assembly then took a recess, to enable the members to take a drive through Fairmount park and enjoy the banquet at Belmont.

Arrest of Two of the Benders.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, May 31.—A young man, supposed to be a young Bender, son of the well-known Kansas murderer, was arrested at West Liberty, Iowa, to-day, and a woman, thought to be Mrs. Bender, was arrested at Oxford. There seems to be little doubt as to their identity. Both parties are being held for further developements.

Arrival of the Shah of Persia at Berlin.

BERLIN, May 31.—The shah of Persia arrived here this evening. He was received at the railway station by the emperor, several members of the imperial family and Bismarck, and was escorted to the palace assigned him during his sojourn in Berlin by a large body of troops. At the depot and on the streets through which the procession moved there were large crowds of citizens, who enthusiastically welcomed the distinguished visitor.

Stable Burned—Horse-Thief Arrested.

QUINCY, ILL., May 31.—The stables of the Ballard house caught fire this afternoon, and they, with six horses, were destroyed. The fire extended to the hotel, and at one time threatened the destruction of the whole block, but was finally extinguished. Two firemen fell from the second story of the hotel. One of them named Ben Baker was badly injured.

A man named Pritchard, said to be a member of a gang of horse-thieves in Indiana, was arrested here to-day and locked up to await a requisition.

Louisville Items.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—A young man named Ben. Scobe, who shot and killed Ben. Parish at Bowling Green some weeks since, committed suicide in that place last evening. He was driven to the deed by remorse.

A trades assembly was organized in this city last evening by the delegates from the trades unions of Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville.

Robert Atwood was to-day sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary for forgery and embezzlement.

The Colorado bug is doing much damage to the potato crop in this section of the State.

From Halifax, Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, May 31.—With the exception of a few vessels detained in the ice, the seal fleet has returned to port. The catch amounts to nearly five hundred thousand seals.

A letter from Grand Bank of April 10th, states that a vessel supposed to be from memoranda found on board, the fishing schooner Thorwaldsen, of Gloucester, Massachusetts, drifted bottom-upward into Dantzic Cove on March 28th. The body of a man much decomposed was discovered in the forecastle, but nothing to indicate the fate of the balance of the crew except the wrecked condition of the vessel.

New Jerusalem Church—Patent Suit Decided.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—At the morning session of the ministerial conference of the New Jerusalem church, now in session here, a committee was appointed to prepare a new liturgy. The annual address was delivered by Rev. W. H. Benade, of Pittsburg. On the authority of Swederborg, the afternoon was principally devoted to the discussion of the address.

The patent case of the Union Paper-Bag Company, and Chatfield and Woods against Thomas Nixon, Morris H. Nixon and Wm. O. Anderson, has had a new hearing, and to-day Judges Swayne, Emmons and Swing decreed in favor of the validity of the patents issued in favos of Rice and Peltee, and that complainants might recover profits, costs and damages, and that a perpetuating injunction be issued.

Railroad Property Destroyed by Fire.

FIRST DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The depot of the Delaware, Lackawana and Western and Morris and Essex railroads are now burning at Hoboken, New Jersey. A number of passenger cars are reported destroyed. The flames have communicated to the ferryhouse. The fire broke out about half-past five o'clock this morning, huge volumes of smoke rising. Later information is that the entire depot building has been destroyed, with the exception of the ferryhouse. The flames are not yet extinguished. Loss not ascertained.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The fire in the Delaware and Lackawanna railroad depot, in Hoboken, is still burning. When the flames were first discovered, four trains were ready to start, and were run out of the depot, but four freight cars that could not be removed were burned. The flames have communicated with the dock, and the firemen are endeavoring to save it. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is said to be the work of an incendiary.

THIRD DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Flames were first discovered rising from the window of the restaurant, and notwithstanding the alarm was immediately given and the firemen quickly responded, owing to the inflammable nature of the depot the entire structure, two hundred and fifty feet deep by seventy-five wide, was soon a burning mass. The firemen turned their attention to saving the Hoboken ferry company's buildings, adjoining, and succeeded; the freight in the depot was of a trifling nature. The railroad company saved all their books and papers. The total loss, including the depot and dock, is estimated at sixty-five thousand dollars.

Particulars of Minister Orr's Death.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A St. Petersburg letter-writer, under date of the eighth instant, sends the following sketch of the sickness, death and funeral services over the remains of the late United States minister to the court of the czar: "The diplomatic career of Governor Orr came to a painful end before it was fairly begun. It is not quite two months since he arrived in St. Petersburg and presented his credentials to the emperor. He was suffering at the time from a severe cold, contracted during his Atlantic passage, and about a week after his former installation in his new office he was forced to take to his bed, and from that day he did not leave his apartments. The cold settled on his lungs and afterward passed to his liver, so that his blood became seriously affected. No serious result was apprehended, however, and on Friday, four days before he died, his friends thought he was slowly yet steadily improving; but on Monday last there was a change, and he died quite suddenly at two o'clock. The funeral services were celebrated to-day in the chapel of the English-American society. There was no discourse, the pastor simply read the impressive ritual of the Church of England, and closed with a short prayer. The gloomy little chapel was by no means full. There were some dozen ladies, English and American, half a dozen American gentlemen in black, and thirty or forty diplomats in their brilliant yet somber court costumes. The Austrian ambassador was there; ministers of Brazil, Italy, Greece, and attaches of other legations as well as of foreign offices. Mr. J. L. Orr, solitary family mourner, stood side by side with General Powintz, consul, who wore a familiar uniform of a brigadier-general of the American army. The scene was indescribably sad. After the rector had finished the services the diplomats walked around the coffin and dropped each upon it a little sand, the civilians present doing the same; and as the mellow Russian sun broke through the stained windows of the humble church the cortege took up its march and passed mournfully away. The few Americans in St. Petersburg—there are not above half a dozen families—were very attentive to the unfortunate minister, and since his death have taken entire charge of the funeral arrangements. The English friends of the legation have also been very kind, and the sad circumstances surrounding the case have awakened a general sympathy in the diplomatic corps.

NEW YORK.

General Sherman Denounces the Scheme to Release Santata and Big-Tree—Spotted Fever Among Horses on Coney Island.

The Greely Statue Fund—$300,000 at the Bottom of the McDonald Extradition—New York Weekly Bank Statement.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Neilson—Whisky Frauds in New Orleans—Miss Stebbins's Bethesda Fountain in Central Park—Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A Washington dispatch says the report that General Davis has allowed any portion of the surrendered Modocs to be armed and sent in pursuit of Captain Jack is wholly discredited by the secretary of war, and army officers generally. Self-respect would prevent him from engaging murderers to do work assigned soldiers. The announcement is also made from Washington that the war department condemns the efforts of the interior department to get Big Tree released. General Sherman is very plain in his denunciation of the scheme.

Spotted fever is what affects the Coney Island railway company's horses.

Rev. Mr. Behrends, pastor of the Baptist church, at Yonkers, New York, has resigned, to accept a call from the First Baptist church, Cleveland, Ohio.

Whitelaw Reid acknowledges to subscriptions through him to the Greeley statue fund of ten thousand six hundred and eighty-three dollars.

The steamship George Cromwell, from this port for New Orleans on the seventeenth instant, is nearly a week overdue.

An effort is making to effect a settlement with the creditors of the late banking house of Bowles Brothers by payment of fifty per cent. of indebtedness free of expense to creditors.

It is said that a reward of nearly three hundred thousand dollars is dependent on the extradition of McDonnel, the alleged bank of England forger, and in whose behalf two writs of *habeas corpus* had been obtained.

The following is the bank statement: Loans, decrease, $188,750; specie, decrease, $1,150,600; legal tenders, increase, $1,574,400; net deposits, decrease, $1,625,800; circulation, decrease, $47,700.

Judge Sedgewick gave an important decision on the coal contract case in the general term to-day. H. C. Bowen and others contracted with the Delaware and Lackawanna coal company for a supply of coal. After a few tons were delivered a strike took place at the mines, delivery was interrupted, and Bowen refused to pay for what he had received. The company brought suit, pleading the terms of the contract, and that the storm disaster and strikes exempted them from the strict fulfillment of the contract, and the referee decided in their favor. To-day the general term reversed the decision of the superior court, deciding that the strike set up by the company was not such as meant in the contract, having been brought on by the plaintiffs themselves.

The funeral of Mrs. Neilson, daughter of the late James Brooks, took place to-day from Grace church, Rev. Dr. Patton, rector, officiating. There was a very large attendance of relatives and friends of the family.

A telegram from Boston states that during the excitement attending the fire yesterday a package of eight Chicago, Burlington and Quincy seven per cent. bonds new issue, numbered from 2058 to 2065, were lost or stolen. The negotiation of the bonds has been stopped.

A Washington dispatch says that last evening about eight o'clock, James Buchanan, colored, while in dispute with another party, accidentally shot his wife, inflicting a fatal wound. Buchanan was arrested.

A New Orleans correspondent, writing about the whisky frauds in that city, shows by facts and figures that whisky which pays tax cannot be manufactured in New Orleans at the present prices without considerable loss, for the excellent reason that all the materials must be brought from a distance, and pay high rates of transportation. Nevertheless, whisky is extensively made there. In two years there has been a falling off of fifty-six thousand barrels in the receipts of western whisky at New Orleans. Yet, there has been at the same time an increase in the quantity sold in the New Orleans market. Notwithstanding which, the government collects tax upon the manufacture of only about eighteen thousand barrels, showing that two out of every three pay no tax.

The board of excise have classified licenses into five grades. First-class hotels and bar-rooms will pay two hundred and fifty dollars a year; second-class hotels and restaurants, one hundred and fifty dollars; saloons where liquor is sold and drank on the premises, one hundred dollars; where liquor is sold in quantities less than five gallons, such as drug-stores, sixty dollars; ale and beer saloons, thirty dollars.

William A. Wait, cashier of the Glen Falls bank, visited the district-attorney's office to-day, and identified the bonds stolen from his bank. He then made the necessary affidavit, so that Brady may be indicted by the grand jury for bringing stolen property in the county. Seven years in the State prison is the penalty, upon conviction.

Rev. R. S. Nevin, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church of Rome, is in this city, and desires twenty-five thousand dollars needed to complete the first American and first Protestant church edifice in Rome. Americans in Rome have already contributed twenty thousand, and thirty-eight thousand have been subscribed in this country.

Bethesda fountain, the latest glory of Central park, was publicly unveiled this afternoon in the presence of a very large number of citizens. This work of art was from moulds designed and executed at Rome by Miss Emma Stebbens, daughter of Henry G. Stebbens, president of the board of park commissioners. The design of the fountain was suggested to Miss Stebbens by the passage in scripture describing the pool of Bethesda.

The United States circuit court of Connecticut issued a subpœna for George Francis Train, to testify in credit mobilier suits, but he sailed for Europe before the warrant could be served. He goes to Stuttgardt to meet his wife and children.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* says Mr. Beecher and his friends have determined to take definite action on the whole matter of the Bowen-Tilton-Beecher scandal, and that at a meeting of the deacons of Plymouth church, Friday evening, it was resolved to proceed at once with the investigation. Mr. Bowen is said now to be in Indianapolis.

TELEGRAMS.

The French government proposes to abandon the commercial treaty with England.

Alexander Dumas's speech over the grave of the French comedian Lafont moved many of his listeners to tears.

A telegram from Constantinople, yesterday, announces that another fire has occurred in that city, destroying fifty houses.

A London dispatch, yesterday, says that an explosion occurred on Friday in a colliery near Wigas, killing six miners and destroying much property.

The stock of flour in Cincinnati, yesterday, in the hands of receivers, jobbers and millers was thirty thousand one hundred and ninety-eight barrels.

New York insurance companies lose seventy-five thousand dollars by the Boston fire; the highest amount lost by any one company is fifteen thousand dollars.

Monday and Tuesday next, Whitsuntide festival days, will be the close of the holidays in Liverpool cotton market. Whitmonday will also be a bank holiday in London.

Governor Dix has affixed his signature of approval to the bill allowing for damages against liquor sellers, in New York.

James West (colored) was convicted in Baltimore, yesterday, for the murder of his paramour, Anna Gibson, on the night of March 13th last.

Three Russian Memmonite commissioners have arrived at Clifton, Ontario, on their way to Manitobia, to determine if that country is fitted for their co-religionists to colonize.

It is reported that the bank of France will advance the funds necessary for the payment of the war indemnity, and the evacuation of French territory by the German troops will follow immediately.

Firemen John Hill, William Kelloon, Thomas Finnegan, James Ragan and William Mahoney, were killed, and Charles Allen was seriously injured by falling walls during the conflagration in Boston, Friday.

By the Boston fire on Friday, the Amazon insurance company, of Cincinnati, loses ten thousand dollars; the American Central, St. Louis, sixteen thousand dollars, and the Brewers', Milwaukee, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

The Panama *Star* and *Herald*, of April 26th, contains an account of an African acrobat who wound up his performances with a miniature hanging, the last attempt at which resulted in a genuine one, and the audience applauded until it was discovered that the fellow was actually dead, too late to render assistance.

Three men were accidentally killed in Chicago, Friday, during the passing of the procession through the streets—two of whom met their death by the overturning of a gun-carriage, the wheels of which passing over the bodies of Dan. Daley and John Connaway, killed one instantly, and inflicted injuries on the other from which he died soon after.

On Tuesday night last at Savannah, Georgia, a man named Meyer struck his wife a severe blow in the mouth, causing blood to flow freely. Their son came in directly after, and seeing the condition of his mother, asked the cause, and on being told, remonstrated with his father about such brutal treatment of his mother. The father replied to the son with threats to kill both if they did not like it, whereupon the son drew a pistol and fired two shots, killing the old brute instantly.

A Journalist's Silver-Wedding Celebrated.

CHICAGO, May 31.—A pleasant social event occurred to-day at the residence of A. C. Hesing, proprietor of the *Illinois Staats Zeitung*, of this city, it being the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his marriage. The pleasure and interest of the occasion was added to by the visit during the afternoon of several of Mr. Hesing's personal friends headed by Hon. N. B. Judd, who, in behalf of a number of prominent citizens, presented Mr. Hesing with a beautiful span of horses and an elegant loudan, the whole costing three thousand dollars.

Fatal Accident—North Iowa Turnfest.

DUBUQUE, May 31.—A farmer named Kerger, in driving home from Independence, Iowa, last night, losing the road, was precipitated down a railroad embankment, and himself and two horses instantly killed.

The North Iowa turnfest commenced here this evening. Delegates arriving on the evening trains were given a reception at the new Turn hall this evening, which has been appropriately decorated for the occasion, the walls being hung with festoons and garlands of flowers, and appropriate inseriptions, extending welcome and good cheer to all. To-morrow they take a picnic to McKnight's springs, closing the pleasures of the day with a concert at Turn hall and awarding a prize for the best declamation. The festivities will be closed on Tuesday.

Billiard Match.

CHICAGO, May 31.—The second of the series of match games of billiards between Francois Ubassy, the celebrated French expert, and John Bessinger of this city, was played to-night at Nixon's ampitheater, before an audience of about fifteen hundred people. T. Z. Cowles of the *Western Sporting Journal* was chosen referee, and Tom Foley umpire, for Ubassy, and George Morris umpire for Bessinger. The match was the three-ball carom game for two hundred and fifty dollars aside—Ubassy to play 600 points to Bessinger's 400 points. Betting before the game was about even. Bessinger won the lead. The game on Ubassy's part was the most remarkable exhibition of skill ever witnessed in this city, his playing being exceedingly brilliant and very even throughout. The game was called first at the end of the eighteenth inning, the score standing: Ubassy, 121; Bessinger, 86. On the twenty-seventh inning, Ubassy turned his second hundred, the score standing: Ubassy, 206; Bessinger, 105.

In the next eleven innings the Frenchman added 99 to his string, while Bessinger was able to score only 35. The fourth hundred was turned in the fiftieth inning, and when the game was next called on the fiftieth, the inning score stood 523 to 237. Eight more innings ended the game in favor of Ubassy, the total score being: Ubassy 600; Bessinger 273. Winners average nine and one-eleventh. Bessinger average was four and three twenty-seconds. Largest runs: Ubassy, 48, 38, 35 32 and 31; Bessinger: 29, 28, 19 and 18. The following is the full score:

Ubassy—3, 3, 0, 1, 3, 15, 0, 0, 17, 13, 2, 0, 23, 1, 1, 1, 0, 38, 6, 0, 7, 5, 31, 7, 0, 0, 29, 0, 1, 2, 15, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 20, 0, 9, 3, 8, 14, 0, 12, 1; 0, 35, 25, 1, 6, 0, 0, 7, 17, 48, 2, 0, 1, 32, 4, 1, 26, 0, 31, 0, 2, 14, 0, 8, 16—total 600.

Bessinger—8, 1, 14, 1, 1, 0, 6, 18, 11, 1, 0, 2, 5, 0, 0, 2, 10, 0, 0, 4, 0, 1, 5, 0, 7, 2, 0, 0, 4, 1, 1, 1, 7, 9, 0, 1, 0, 9, 2, 0, 0, 14, 0, 0, 0, 0, 29, 19, 11, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 4, 4, 7, 4, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 2, 24—total 273.

Grand Railroad Celebration.

ST. JOSEPH, May 31.—In all the history of this city no such a day as this has ever been witnessed, and visitors from New York, Chicago and St. Louis declare they have very rarely, even in those great cities, seen such a magnificent display. Last night and all this morning heavily-laden special trains were arriving, until at last the city seemed a living, moving mass of people, who had come to take part in the celebration of the completion of the great bridge over the Missouri river. The procession commenced forming at eight o'clock, at ten o'clock took up its line of march for the bridge, traversing the principal streets. It was fully six miles in length. Every trade was represented, and all conceded that they had never witnessed a more imposing spectacle. In brief, St. Joseph covered herself with glory, and demonstrated the fact that she is not only a city of wealth and commercial resources, but already a large and growing manufacturing city. After crossing the bridge the procession moved to the park in the southern part of the city, and there the vast multitude were addressed by Ex-Governor F. P. Hall, president of the bridge company; Hon. J. S. Kallock, of Kansas; Joseph Brown, mayor of St. Louis; Hon. J. C. Parker, member of congress from this district; Colonel James B. Eads, of St. Louis, and others.

In the evening over one thousand invited guests sat down to a magnificent banquet, where Governor Woodson, of Missouri, Ex-Governor Hall, Hon. J. S. Kallock, Colonel Eads, Hon. H. C. Lett, of Nebraska, Newton Crane, of the St. Louis *Democrat*, General Craig, and others responded to appropriate toasts.

This evening the Saengerfest society are holding a jubilee at the operahouse, which is packed from pit to dome with people.

Colonel Eads and other distinguished civil engineers have carefully inspected the bridge and pronounced it equal in strength and beauty to any bridge in this country or in the old world. It is built on the same plan as the St. Louis bridge. About one hundred cars have crossed it daily for the past week. It is expected that in a few days arrangements will be completed for the Missouri Pacific, the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, Atchison and Nebraska, and the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Gulf roads to run over this bridge into St. Louis.

INSURANCE.

The Losses by the Boston Fire—Shaky Times for Northern Insurance Companies.

A Long, Doleful List—Millions Gobbled by the Irresistable Fire—Interesting Reading.

BOSTON, May 30.—The following is a list of the principal losses and insurance as near as can be ascertained: Washington street, east side—Chickering & Sons, pianos, $100,000, insurance $97,000; T. C. Pazoit & Son, furs, $20,000; Pat. Donahue, Catholic book store, $40,000, insurance $15,000; Globe theater building, Arthur Cheney lessee, $150,000, insurance $75,000 on properties and a large amount on the building; Barnabee & Welch, pianos, $12,000; Edward L. Slocum, furs, $20,000; Boston directory, $50,000; Mrs. H. Curtis, costumer, $15,000; M. Barlte, teacher of French, $5000; Earl & Co., tailors, $15,000; Bryant, Stratton & Co., Commercial College, $8000; insured. Post 113, grand army of the republic, $15,000; insurance, $7500. Damon & Temple, gents' furnishing goods, $15,000; insured for $5000. Alex. Crawford, restaurant, $15,000. Arlington billiard hall, $5000.

Washington street, west side—Emerson & Co., pianos, $97,000. Plummer & Boynton, dry goods, $7000. Givin & Holmes, dry goods, $11,000; insured. John Roselle, saloon, $15,000. Conant's corset store, $5,000. European hair store, $5000. Jourdain's anatomical museum, $30,000; insured for $20,000. Rhodes, Ripley & Co., clothiers, had stock to the amount of $125,000, they saved a little of their stock, but it was of slight value. The firm had $80,000 insurance. Bailey, Moore & Co., $150,000; insured for $125,000 in various offices outside of Boston. G. R. Reichardt, International hotel, $50,000. J. W. Brackett, pianos, $110,000. George Foster, agent, hats, caps, and straw goods, $35,000 to $40,000; insured for $36,300. George T. White, millinery, $20,000. F. F. Libby, $15,000. John M. Maguire, gents' furnishing goods, $7000. Burnham's photograph gallery, $5000. Montgomery & Co., confections, $10,000. George Thompson & Co., dry-goods, $28,000; insured almost fully. F. W. Wetherell & Co., apothecary, $15,000; well insured. G. R. Melton, dry-goods, $10,000. R. Newman & Son, tailors, $10,000. G. C. Chase & Co., $10,000. Miller, Ide & Co., $15,000. Wm. C. Reeves, gents' furnishing goods, $12,000; P. Ferrald & Co., importers of cloth, $15,000; King & Bennet, bleaching, $5000; Boylston Bank, which was located in the second story, was damaged slightly by water (Bunstead Court); Barney & Co.'s stables, $18,000; Essex St., B. S. Rome & Co., boots and shoes, $15,000, insurance $9000; Folsom & Martin, furnishing goods, $175,000, fully insured in out side agencies; A. T. Brown & Co., Brown's broncheal troches, loss $50,000, insured for $30,000; Geo. Teune, boots and shoes, loss $15,000, insurance $30,000; Cushing & Ladd, loss $5000, insurance $3000; J. W. Pitcher, globe cafe, loss $8000, no insurance; ninth regiment headquarters, loss very slight; Wheelock & Co., furnishing goods, $100,000; insurance, $50,000. John Regan, boots and shoes, $7500; insurance, $3000. Brimmer place, C. D. Homer trustee of Hobbs's heirs, three houses, $7500.

Boyston street, north side—R. Monroe & Sons, custom-made clothing establishment; Knapp's, wine, beer and billiard cellar; J. F. Swann, watch, clock and jewelry dealer; Boylston dining-room and glass-tables manufactory, and Eustis street, Leland & Co.'s paper-collar warehouse were all wet through, and more or less touched by the fire.

The losses on the buildings destroyed, at assessors' valuation, foot up $569,500. Deducting twenty per cent. as salvage on building materials, the actual loss on real estate is $455,600; total loss, $1,250,000; insurance mostly in eastern and foreign companies.

Among the insurance losses by the fire yesterday, are the following: Oriental, of Hartford, $10,000; Hamburg, of Bremen, $20,000; German American, New York, $20,000; Manhattan, New York, $15,000; Guardian, New York, $14,000; Amazon, Cincinnati, $10,000; Merchants' New York, $9500; Brewers' and Malters', $15,000; Royal, London, $80,000; Queens, London, $25,000; North British, $9500; London Assurance, $20,000r Ætna, Hartford, $30,000; Commerce, Albany, $2500. The Ætna had $9000 on Turner's property on Essex street, on which there was also $1000 by the Firemen's Friend. J. Rosele had an insurance of $12,500 in the Lancashire of Liverpool. Mullen, Ide & Co. had $5000 in the American Central of St. Louis, $2500 in the Williamsburg City, and $5000 in the Fire Association of Philadelphia. J. W. Bracket, dealer in pianos, was insured for $7500. The losses of some of the New York companies are as follows: Republic, $5000; Exchange $5000; Hoffman, $7500; Clinton, $2000; Ætna, $12,000; Phœnix, $12,000; Niagara, $9000. Ellis, Hall & Co. estimate the losses of the companies represented by them at about $100,000. The Imperial of London had $14,000. The investigation of Chickering's insurance gives $97,000 in all. The Continental of New York had $5000 for Hawley & Folson, $5000 for Robert Newman, $3000 for Emerson, $5000 for F. H. Miller, and $6500 to another fire. The North American of New York, among other losses had a policy of $25,000 on Brown's property in Essex street. F. Phelps' office loses the following amounts: The Brewers' of Milwaukee, $12,500; Citizens' of Newark, $1000; Roger Williams of Providence, $7500; New York and Yonkers, $2500.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *Herald* furnishes the following list of the losses of insurance companies by the Boston fire: North American, Boston, $2500; Manufacturers, Boston, $25,000; Faneuil Hall, Boston, $1000; Continental, New York, $5000; Shoe and Leather, Boston, $5000; Royal insurance company about $100,000; North American, Philadelphia, $40,000; American, Philadelphia, $30,000; Hartford, Hartford, $16,000; Phœnix, Hartford, $15,000; National, Hartford, $8000; Stearns Brothers agency $100,000; Liverpool and London, $150,000; Imperial, London, $14,000; Phœnix, New York, $12,000; Niagara, New York, $9000; Hoffman, New York, $7500; Ellison, Hallis & Co.'s companies, $100,000; Clinton, New York, $2000; Williamsburg City, New York, $13,000; Fire Association, Philadelphia, $15,000; Guard, Philadelphia, $5000; Traders', Chicago, $5000; St. Paul, $5000; Bangor, $5000; North Missouri, $7500; Ætna, New York, $10,000; Columbia, New York, $15,000; Lamar, New York, $1500; Union Mutual, Philadelphia, $5000; Elliott, Boston, $3000; Manufacturers', Boston, $3000. Total insurance, $793,500.

THE PRESIDENT OF FRANCE.

It is now almost fifty years since there was entered at the military school of St. Cyr a young man of seventeen, who to other merits added that of being the son of a peer of France. St. Cyr was at that date well stocked with the progeny of noblemen. Its catalogue bristled with Montmorencys, Harcourts, Luynes and Rohans, who amused themselves of a Sunday in going to Paris and making a rout at the theater Francais or giving liberal journalists, such as then was M. Thiers, reason enough for a duel. The former was generally compassed by hissing M'lle. Mars, who had a taint of Bonapartism; the letter in any of those ways which young men know how to use when disposed to be riotous; and no doubt that young Marmon, Ex-Governor Hall, Hon. J. S. Kallock, Colonel Eads, Hon. H. C. Lett, of Nebraska, Newton Crane, of the St. Louis *Democrat*, General Craig, and others responded to appropriate toasts. This evening the Saengerfest society are holding a jubilee at the operahouse, which is packed from pit to dome with people. Colonel Eads and other distinguished civil engineers have carefully inspected the bridge and pronounced it equal in strength and beauty to any bridge in this country or in the old world. It is built on the same plan as the St. Louis bridge. About one hundred cars have crossed it daily for the past week. It is expected that in a few days arrangements will be completed for the Missouri Pacific, the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, Atchison and Nebraska, and the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Gulf roads to run over this bridge into St. Louis.

Napoleon, and all St. Cyr was present in a body, illustrates the explosive condition of the atmosphere in which MacMahon formed his opinions. Gravely remarked that *Quotidienne* the next morning: "There were a hundred duels on that memorable night, but (regretfully) only seven proved fatal." MacMahon set out in life as legitimist fire-eater of the fiercest type—a *tape dessus* sort of person, as the conservatives style men who thoroughly mean what they say. The revolution of 1830 found him battling with the Arabs in Algiers. In 1848, when the crisis was, he was a colonel, an officer of the legion of honor, a conservative—three things differing in terms, but standing for the same idea. Louis Philippe went down. Men like MacMahon looked on in silent contempt, and then called for a *regime* of order. Had they and theirs cast thier lot with the republic then and there, Louis Napoleon would never have made his *coup d'etat*. When the late prisoner at Ham ascended the throne. MacMahon swore a fourth fealty and took what providence had in store for him, which proved to be a very liberal dole of honors. It was at this stage of his career that he learned to say nothing, but having saved his master at Magenta, he had at least earned the right to be silent; although, being the idol of the people, the Emperor tolerating no worship of idols, got him out of the way by sending him to govern the Arabs and get killed if possible. Since then MacMahon's opinions have been a sealed book to France. He has obeyed all orders silently. What his opinions may have been of M. Thiers—"little dada," as he is styled by conservatives half in contempt, by the Republicans half in admiration—nobody knows. What his policy will be it is, therefore, idle to predict. Born in 1808, at Sully, near Autun, he will be sixty-five years old July 13, 1873. Descended from an ancient family of Irish Catholics, who followed the Stuarts, he is not probably an enthusiastic republican.

MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR.

Shooting and Robbery of B. F. Barnett, near Panola, Miss.

A Kentucky horse drover, by the name of B. F. Barnett, says the *Panola Star*, reports that he was shot at, wounded and robbed, near our town, on Saturday night last, about dark. There is some mystery connected with the affair, and doubts are entertained as to whether the party did not shoot himself, and report that he was robbed for some unknown sinister cause. The facts are about as far as known: About two weeks since, B. F. Barnett, from Rockfield, Warren county, Kentucky, came to this place with six or seven fine horses, in company with a hired man, and as he had been previously in this section with stock, he was known by Messrs. Locke & Rice, livery-stablemen, and he quartered his horses in their stable. He effected a sale of all of the horses to parties here, selling the last horse on Saturday evening, but reserving the right to ride the horse out in the country that evening. Having made all of his arrangements for leaving next morning at daylight on the train, and having sent his hired man home on Wednesday, he left town about one o'clock, stating that he was going out to see a certain party by the name of J. Wright, who lived about fifteen miles northeast of this place, and who owed him three hundred dollars. He was gone until nine o'clock in the morning, when he returned and stated that he had been shot and robbed of twelve hundred dollars, by two men, about six miles from town; that he had gone within four miles of Wright's house, and had met Wright, and had received the three hundred dollars, and that he returned to town, and when within six or seven miles of this place two men sprang out from the roadside and demanded his money. He said he had none, and they fired upon him, and that he fell from the horse wounded in the left arm, and that he was robbed and made to get on the horse and start toward town, the robbers disappearing in the woods. He was greatly excited and confused, and could not tell where and how he was shot and robbed, other than the above statement. A surgeon was summoned, and it was found that he was shot by a pistol ball through the fleshy part of the left arm, and that a ball had been shot into the left breast of his coat, the ball striking a memorandum book and glancing off. He left on the train next morning, refusing to stay here and take any steps toward arresting or giving any information of the affair.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES TO-DAY.

CALVARY (EPISCOPAL) CHURCH—*Corner of Adams and Second streets.*—Services at 10½ a.m., by Rev. Dr. Geo. White, Rector.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL—