MEMPHIS APPEAL

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 3, 1874.

ONLY TWO PARTIES—CHOOSE YE BETWEEN THEM.

The preamble and resolutions adopted by the Bartlett meeting have been so generally and cordially approved by the "Liberal, Conservative, and Democratic voters" of Tennessee, that we reproduce them this morning, believing they will form the basis of a platform on which the anti-Radicals will stand in the approaching elections. We are gratified to know that Shelby county has the honor of sowing the seed that promises to bring forth a fruitful crop of good. So far as Shelby county is concerned, an organization on the basis of the Bartlett meeting is a fixed fact. Those who began the movement have made up their minds to fight it out on that line. The movement is directed by earnest men, who, if they can secure unobjectionable candidates, will win a decisive victory. The Jesuits and dissemblers may publicly favor the movement in one breath, and anonymously assail it in another, but such trickery will recoil on the heads of the miscreants. Actuated by unworthy prejudices, a few object to the assertion of the preamble to the Bartlett resolutions, "that the Democratic party is the only organization confronting the Radical party." No one can doubt the truth of this averment; then why object to this organization and its name, when a better one cannot be substituted? The defeat of Radicalism is the aim in view, and to accomplish that result no true man will care for party names? The Democratic banner will attract a dozen recruits for every deserter. We are ready and willing to battle with Radicalism under any party name; we wish there was a stronger party opposing the Radicals than the Democratic party has shown itself to be; but as "it is the only organization confronting the Radicals," we shall cling to it until we can find another more formidable. But at present, to the Democratic organization patriots must look for safety and protection. Although it may suffer temporary defeat, its principles can never die, while the republic lives. In its unceasing advocacy of State rights, and opposition to despotism and centralization; its support of strict constitutional construction, and resistance to federal encroachments, and in its advocacy of economy, honesty, and reform, it has aimed not only to make the nation great, but also to keep the people free and the government pure. Firmly relying on its integrity, it can well afford to wait with patience, until the madness of the hour has passed away. The Democratic party has stood faithfully by its old standards on the vital, paramount question of the limits of governmental authority. This question goes the deepest of any. It is the most abiding of any. It is the nature of power, like avarice, to strive for perpetual accumulation; and it is the nature of remedial suffering to resist. The conflict between power and liberty is as old as the human race; it will endure as long as man exists upon the earth. A party that aims to curtail authority rests on immovable foundations, and must in the long run have the good wishes of the majority. From the days of Jefferson to our own, the Democratic party has constantly been on the side of the people and States in withstanding a concentration of in power in the general government. The present Republican party has outdone all that the Federalists ever dreamed of in the opposite direction. Its little finger is thicker than the Federalist loins. It is the lineal successor and heir-at-law of that old opponent of Democracy, and the inheritance would seem to have quietly lain at compound interest until the Republiran party came into possession. That old battle will be fought over again in our time; and the Democratic party stands where it stood seventy-five years ago, when it marshalled its forces for the first great victory. The attempt to disband the two old parties is as absurd as it is impotent. Two parties should and will always exist in this country. They are useful and a benefit to the people. They are arrayed against each other like two vigilant armies of observation, posted to discover weakness and incompetency. In spirit and principle the two parties in England have not essentially changed in two centuries. So it will be in America. The Democrats and Republicans now confronting each other, will retain their respective names during the present century. There is nothing in the condition of the Republican party which portends its speedy or remote dissolution. It has indeed become corrupt and forfeited confidence; but its numbers are so large that it can suffer considerable losses and yet remain strong and formidable. It is free from the danger to which overgrown parties are often exposed, the danger of splitting by the smallness of the opposition, which would probably be its fate if the Democratic party were weaker. The aggregate voters of the two parties are in about the proportion of nine to ten—an approach to equality which secures the Republican party against the danger of an internal split, and which justifies the Democratic party in its hope of becoming a majority by the revolt of individual Republicans against the corruption which their party has practised and tries to screen. The Democratic party being too large to disband, and the Republican party too small to divide; one being surely destined to gain and the other to lose; such being the actual state of things, there is nothing which foretokens a reorganization of parties. Entertaining these views, we shall not hesitate to rally under the Democratic banner, just as we would do under the Whig flag were that grand old party organized as in the days of its pride and splendor.

We have received from Dr. E. C. Wines, secretary of the national prison reform congress, a circular reminding us that that useful body, engaged in a merciful and beneficent work, will meet at St. Louis, on the thirteenth of May next, when, besides the annual report of the distinguished secretary, reviewing the progress of prison reform in this and other countries during the year, reports will be presented by the standing committees on criminal law reform; on the reforms needed in our police systems; on prison discipline; on preventive and reformatory work as related to juveniles; and on the care of discharged prisoners. In discussing these reports, Dr. Wines informs us in his circular, time will be afforded for a full interchange of experiences and views by the officers of prisons and reformatories, as well as for the presentation of facts and arguments by them, and all others who may be entitled to the floor. The leading feature of the Cincinnati congress was a series of papers on most of the topics embraced in the prison question; that of the Baltimore congress, a series of reports by competent pens on the actual status of penitentiary and reformatory work in the several States and Territories. It is intended that discussion shall be the special characteristic of the St. Louis, as it was of the London, congress. Invitations to be present and to participate in the proceedings of the congress have been cordially extended to governors of States; to annual and life members of the National prison association; to judges of criminal courts; to officers of juvenile reformatories, and preventive institutions; to the members of the managing boards of such establishments; to commissioners and chiefs of police; to the secretaries and members of boards of State charities, prison societies, and social science associations; to the members of permanent and special prison commissions; and to other persons who, though not included in any of the above classes, are, nevertheless, specially versed in penitentiary science and interested in prison reform. Sir Walter Crofton, the distinguished author of the Irish prison system, is confidently expected at the congress. Sir Walter has made police as well as prison work a specialty, and on both points his knowledge will be of the highest value in guiding us to right conclusions. We hope the attendance may be large, and that Tennessee and Memphis may be represented by gentlemen interested in the question of reform, where reform is most needed.

The meeting at the merchants's exchange yesterday has rarely been equalled as a representation of the mercantile population and business interests of Memphis. The institution showed itself alive, spirited and ardent for the welfare of the city. Several matters of great interest were considered. Mr. Baylis's resolutions in regard to the establishment of a branch of the Mississippi valley society of London were adopted with every prospect of success equal to his anticipations, and a memorial to congress praying that immediate steps be taken for the improvement of the Forked Deer river; also the report of the committee on the sanitary condition of the city. The committee on the Memphis, Marion and Selma railroad asked for further time, and were granted one week, when we may look for something definite in regard to that highway. A memorial, drawn up in excellent style and beautifully lucid phraseology by Mr. W. P. Proudfit, chairman of the committee of statistics and information, was presented and adopted, urging that the full government aid may be given to the meteorological bureau, the weather information from which is esteemed of great value to our agriculture and commerce. It was addressed to Hon. Barbour Lewis, and to General A. Meyer, the chief signal officer. The chamber of commerce is indispensible to the progress of our prosperity, and it should be liberally supported. The current year ends with March. Let the next year be the most prosperous in its history—its aid was never more wanted.

The Nashville *Banner* of Saturday, contained a gossipy article about the approaching county and municipal canvass, in which we find the following named as most prominent candidates for mayor of that city: Messrs. Thomas Kercheval, R. B. Cheatham, Phillip Lindsley, Hugh McCrea, Oliver Towles, and John Luck, all of these gentlemen being now in the full enjoyment of offices to which they have been raised by the people. It seems to be understood that the whole of the Nashville bar is in favor of the election of Chancellor Cooper to the chancellorship, and that he will have no opposition. The names of the following persons have been used in connection with the candidacy for the county (Davidson) offices namd: Sheriff—E. D. Whitworth and John Edwards; register—Binkley, Hobson and Fitzhugh; circuit court clerk—Akers, Lytton and Dortch; criminal court clerk—Samuel Donelson and John McKee; revenue collector—Sneed and James Patterson; trustee—Isaac Paul, David Marshall and W. A. Knight; county court clerk—W. G. Ewin. C. H. Eastman, James T. Bell, G. M. Donaldson, J. F. Pentecost and Richard McCann; jailor—Robert Patterson, Davis Minton, and scores of others. It will be seen from this that our brethren at the capital are ahead of us of Memphis, where, as yet, there has not been a single name mentioned in connection with the county offices.

The Chicago *Tribune*, treating of the new railroad law to go into effect in Illinois on the first of July, says "that to give it force there must be a similar law in every State through which the farmer's produce passes on its way from the farm to the seaboard. That is what the grangers are now trying to get. If they succeed, what will be the result? Why, the tariff on a bushel of wheat from Iowa to the Atlatic will be fixed, not by estimating the cost of transportation for the whole distance, but by taking the sum of fifty or a hundred local tariffs on wheat, from one roadside station to another. For instance, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road charges, under the new tariff, nineteen and a half cents for transporting one hundred pounds of wheat one hundred miles. The cost of transporting the same quantity at the same rate from Central Iowa to New York would be about two dollars and thirty-four cents, or one dollar and forty cents a bushel—just double the present price. This would shut out a large part of the grain district altogether from the eastern market, and bring the farmers and the western railroads to a common and speedy ruin. Evidently the west has not solved the transportation problem yet."

The *Western Methodist*, published in this city, the organ of the Southern Methodist church, a paper edited with ability and a conscientious desire to further the interest of all classes of our people, says of the whisky war, that it would not be surprised "if it should continue till it spreads to all the towns and villages, and even to the great cities. Already, in view of its character, methods and results, it may be regarded as the leading feature of the year; and no one can safely predict that it will not hereafter be looked upon as the beginning of a reformation for which every christian, every patriot, and every philanthropist, will thank God in that good time coming when liquor sellers will be unknown in the land. By means of the daily as well as the weekly press, this woman's movement has acquired a very great publicity; it has drawn the attention of the people everywhere, and fixed it upon a most gigantic, monstrous, and growing evil. Here is a victory already for the cause of temperance; and even if this movement should fail itself, as is likely, we have good hope that it will be succeeded by other movements, and others still, until at last drunkenness, that foul blot upon our land, shall cease its fearful ravages."

The "new issue" suit was ordered for trial in the supreme court yesterday, sitting at Nashville. The case is important as involving the rights of creditors, depositors and the children of the State whose claim for the school fund is to be decided with it. Technically and in law, the *Banner* says "this suit will bind nobody except the two parties—the bank of Tennessee on the one side, and the holders of new issue, who are parties to the law-suit. The judgment will not bind the State, and if rumor be correct about the record, it is thought the case will not be treated as a *test case*. Most of the important proof, as is now alleged, was discovered after the case (now for hearing) was tried in the chancery court, and hence it is not in this record. At the last term it was agreed by counsel, as we are informed, that this proof taken by the legislative committee should be incorporated into the supreme court record, but whether this has been done we are not advised." We shall await the decision with some interest and no little anxiety for the State.

Is it any wonder that the mechanics and workingmen of the country are banding together like the farmers and demanding reform in the matter of the reciprocal rights of labor and capital, when it is admitted that the proportion of cash expended for wages of the leading manufactures does not exceed eighteen per cent. of the product, the fact being that the proportion of labor performed by machinery is annually growing greater, and that by human labor decreasing. Ten men, with machinery, now do the work which required forty men twenty years ago. The capitalist enjoys the same bounty on the product of his machinery that he does on the labor of his workmen; and, at the most, the workman can only receive, as his share of the average, forty-nine per cent. bounty—the proportion which his wages bear to the value of the thing produced, which is eighteen per cent. The rest of the bounty is awarded to the capital which hires the laborer and owns the machinery.

Mr. Fryer, of Nashville, who persistently and ably advocates the establishment in that city of a polytechnic school, in a late communication to the *Banner*, urging his very sensible ideas, gives the following as a strong reason for the public support of his scheme. He says that never in the history of our country was there so much need for a provision to render *men* a suitable education as at the present time. The grange movement will produce results that demand such a provision. There will not be one-fourth the number of stores in five years there is at present in operation, perhaps not so large a proportion; therefore the number of trading men will be comparatively small. There is room enough in the productive field for all, provided they are of the right sort. But unless means are used to assist the present merchant into the business he will be forced to adopt, the result will be too terrible to contemplate.

We mentioned yesterday that a meeting had been held in Augusta, Arkansas, on the sixteenth, whereat a memorial had been adopted, to be presented to congress, praying an improvement in the lamentable mail-service, accompanied by a series of resolutions, requesting that as "Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis all have a large and valuable trade with Augusta, and as they must therefore feel a positive interest in whatever will facilitate their correspondence with this town, we respectfully ask the members of congress from those cities to give to our Arkansas delegation their active co-operation in the establishment of this tri-weekly line." We hope our member of congress, Hon. Barbour Lewis, will give this his attention, and endeavor to effect the desired reform.

A New Jersey cotemporary calls attention to the fact that a man in that State recently had erected a commodious cottage with six rooms and a good cellar for seven hundred and eighty-six dollars. The frame was of the balloon style, and the house was twenty-eight by sixteen feet, with a verandah. Such a house in Memphis would cost considerably over three thousand dollars.

John H. Savage is mentioned as a suitable candidate for governor by a correspondent of the Nashville *Banner*. If the count, as kept by the *Press and Herald*, be correct, he is the nine hundred and ninety-ninth citizen ready to be the successor of John C. Brown.

Christ said, "He that is without sin, let him cast the first stone." The city of Memphis, through her officials says, let the vilest throw stones, because they know where to throw them. Pity the unfortunate.

POTATOES.

1000 bbls. Russets.
1000 " Peachblows.
250 " Pinkeyes.
250 " Early Goodrich.
Also—BLACK SEED OATS.
For sale low to the trade.
GRIDER & DENIE,
ja28 318 Front street, near Monroe.

E. P. DUNCAN. G. W. GORDON
DUNCAN & GORDON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 39 Madison Street, Memphis.

NOTICE.

ALL instruments, Mathematical and Philosophical, left at my shop for repairing, if not called for in thirty days, will be sold at the expiration of that time to pay charges.
A. TIENSCH,
Math. and Opt. Instrument Maker.
Memphis, February 20, 1874. fe21

Book Agents

Wanted for the History of the Grange Movement, or the Farmers' War Against Monopolies, with a history of the rise and progress of the ORDER OF PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY, its objects, present condition and prospects, to which is added Sketches of the Leading Grangers. By EDWARD WINSLOW MARTIN, Author of "Behind the Scenes in Washington," Etc.; over 500 pages, 50 portraits and engravings. Send for circulars with terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Memphis, Tenn. ja28 daw

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of RANDLE & HEATH is this day dissolved by limitation. JOHN E. RANDLE retires from same, having sold out his entire interest in said firm to J. W. HEATH. J. W. HEATH will continue the business of the Chickasaw Iron Works in same place. He will pay the indebtedness of the late firm, and is authorized to settle up the entire business of same.
J. E. RANDLE.
J. W. HEATH.

J. W. HEATH & CO.,
(Successors to RANDLE & HEATH),
—PROPRIETORS—
CHICKASAW
IRON WORKS,
96, 98, 100, 102, 104 Second st.
And 49 & 51 Winchester st.,
MEMPHIS, - - - - - TENNESSEE.
Manufacturers of all kinds of
MACHINERY & CASTINGS.
Cotton Presses, Horse Powers, Segments, Pulleys, Shafting, House Fronts, Jail Cells and Railroad Castings, are leading specialties.
Car Brasses and other Brass Castings are largely manufactured at our works, and
Sold at Prices that Defy Competition.
☞ Send for Price-Lists.
Calling attention of the public and our patrons to the above card of J. W. HEATH & CO., I would cordially recommend the new firm and my late partner to their confidence and continued favors.
fe11 JOHN E. RANDLE.

Notice to Taxpayers.
ON all State and County and Railroad Taxes for 1873 due and unpaid, a penalty of 10 per cent. will be added after March 21, 1874.
GEO. R. POWELL,
State and County Tax Collector, 1873.
O. M. ALSUP,
fe24 Railroad Tax Collector, 1873.

BUY FROM FIRST HANDS.
LUMBER, AT CLARENDON, ARK., VERY LOW. Send for circular with price-list.
fe24 WILCOXSON & ROSE.

TO PLANTERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
WE are in direct communication with parties having unsurpassed facilities for furnishing any number of
LABORERS,
either white or colored. Address immediately, either
J. C. LOPEZ,
G. A. Agent M. & C. R. R., Memphis, Tenn.
D. H. ELLIOTT,
ja P. Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

NOTICE.
HAVING purchased of Eader & Mellersh their entire interest in the Star Planing Mills, would respectfully ask for a continuation of the favors of all their former patrons and the public generally, and by close attention to business promise it will be to their interest to give me a call.
LUMBER
AND BUILDING MATERIALS.
J. EADER,
(Successor to EADER & MELLERSH),
STAR PLANING MILLS
AND LUMBER YARD,
356, 358, 360 & 362 SECOND ST
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Doors, Glazed Sash, Blinds
Mouldings, Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Shingles, Laths, Door and Window Frames, Scroll-Work, Stair Banisters and Newell Posts, Etc.

NOTICE.
HAVING sold our Planing Mill establishment to Mr. J. EADER, of Brownsville, Tennessee, we hereby return our grateful acknowledgments to friends and the public for the liberal patronage given us, and solicit a continuance of the same to our successor, who is an experienced and competent mill man and a gentleman worthy of their confidence and support.
fe11 EADER & MELLERSH.

W. B. GALBREATH,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
12 UNION STREET,
MAGNOLIA BLOCK, UP STAIRS,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Sole Agent for the
Champion Cotton Gin and Huller.
"HOMEWOOD."
HAVING fully determined to remove to the southwest, in a very short time, I am prepared to offer and to sell at a decided bargain, for cash or equivalent, that beautiful and well-known property, "HOMEWOOD," on the Charleston railroad, and present residence of my family. If not sold soon privately, will then be sold at public sale to the highest bidder, of which due notice will be given. Rarely has or will such opportunities occur of securing such an elegant home with such PERFECT EXEMPTION FROM EPIDEMICS AND CITY TAXATION, and upon so reasonable terms as this may be purchased by an early applicant to me for particulars.
W. B. DONOHO,
fe11 39 Madison street.

THE
EMMET BANK
OF MEMPHIS
TRANSACTS A
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Deals in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gold, Government, and Memphis and Shelby County Bonds, Coupons and Scrip, and has Money to Loan on approved collaterals and undoubled city paper.
Passage-Tickets to and from Europe for sale.
THOS. FISHER, President.
WM. Y. HAMLIN, Cashier.

JAMES E. WARNER
(Late with H. A. Littleton),
Office--17 Madison Street
Second Floor, Room No. 4,
IS PREPARED TO TRANSACT THE BUSINESS of Insurance in all of its branches,
FIRE, INLAND AND LIFE
Representing among Companies, the
MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.
OF NEW YORK,
Cash Assets, : $65,000,000.
Insurance on Cotton Gins and Country Stores made a specialty.

NOTICE.
☞ The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Selma, Marion and Memphis Railroad Company, for the election of Nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Memphis, on WEDNESDAY, 4th March, 1874. N. B. FORREST, President.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
—AND—
GREAT SOUTHERN RAILROAD.
SCHEDULE:
Express leaves daily, except Sunday.. 3:40 a.m
Mail Train leaves daily..... 1:10 p.m
Brownsville Accommodation leaves daily, except Sunday..... 4:10 p.m
☞ No change of cars by this line for Louisville, St. Louis or Nashville. Pullman Palace sleeping-cars on all night trains.
For Tickets or information apply at
Ticket Office, No. 287 Main Street,
CORNER MADISON.
JOHN T. FLYNN, Sup't Memphis Div.
JAMES SPEED, Ticket Agent.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.
THE greatest bargains ever offered in Memphis, presented to the public by
FASSMAN, No. 10 Jefferson St.
Having a very large assortment of the best French Calfskin Custom-Made BOOTS AND SHOES, I will sell them TWO DOLLARS LESS THAN COST, for cash.
EXAMINE THE PRICE-LIST:

The Best French Calfskin Sewed Dressed Boots	$10 50
Former price	16 00
Morocco	10 50
Square Edged and Half Scotch	11 00
The Best French Calfskin Sewed Gaiters	6 50
Former price	10 00

Now is the time to buy the best French Calfskin Boots and Shoes ever bought in Memphis, at No. 10 Jefferson street, opposite Commercial Hotel. fe12

FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE CO.
LOUIS HANAUER, President. | J. M. PETTIGREW, Vice-President.
R. P. BOLLING, Secretary.

HOME
INS. CO. OF MEMPHIS.
DIRECTORS:
I. HANAUER...of Schoolfield, Hanauer & Co
H. WETTER...of H. Wetter & Co
F. WHITE...of F. M. White & Co
L. A. EATON...United States Marshal
M. C. PEARCE...of Pearce, Suggs & Co
E. URQUHART...of E. Urquhart & Co.
J. W. DICKINSON...Dickinson, Williams & Co.
J. M. PETTIGREW...Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co.
FINANCE COMMITTEE:
H. H. METTE...of H. H. Mette & Son, Ch'rn
ISAAC SCHWAB...of Schwab & Co
W. O. HARVEY...Etg. Harvey & Richardson

MEMPHIS & PADUCAH
RAILROAD.
ON and after this date freight will be received at Underwriter's Warehouse for Paducah and Memphis Railroad.
No freights received between the hours of 1½ and 3 o'clock.
Five-hundred and one thousand-mile tickets for sale at the Depot.
J. W. WILBUR,
de17 General Superintendent.

T. S. AYRES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
292 Second Street.
WITH improved health, I have resumed the practice of law, and will give special attention to the preparation of deeds—Deeds of Trust, Wills, Marriage Contracts, etc.
fe1 T. S. AYRES, Memphis.

TO PLANTERS.
THE "CHAMPION GIN"

And Cotton Huller
For Ginning Cotton, with or without previous picking from the boll. First Premium (Blue Ribbon Diploma) awarded to it at the Louisiana State Fair, April, 1870.
I have taken the General Agency for the sale of the above Gin, and have one on exhibition at my office,
NO. 12 Union St.
Where my friends and the public are invite to call and examine into its merits as a GREAT LABOR SAVER.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. GALBREATH.
N.B.—This Gin is particularly adapted to Horse Power. au 19

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
WE have associated Mr. W. L. CLAPP with us in the practice of Law, style of the firm remaining as heretofore.
J. W. CLAPP. J. P. MEUX. W. L. CLAPP.
CLAPP & MEUX,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
15 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the MEMPHIS WATER COMPANY will be held at the Company's office, No. 264 Second street, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on
Tuesday, 10th day of March, 1874,
for the purpose of electing Five Directors to serve the Company during the ensuing year.
By order of the President
W. L. CAMERON,
fe27 Secretary and Treasurer.

LEOPOLD GOEPEL
KNABE PIANOS.
ORGANS
MUSIC & MUSICAL MERCHANDISE
No. 375 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

To the Public.
I HAVE this day bought the interest of Mr. Allen in the COMMERCIAL HOTEL, which is now the
GRAND CENTRAL.
From this time I will run it strictly on the EUROPEAN PLAN, and will furnish
No. 1 Rooms.....$1 00 per day
Single Meals.....30 each.
Twelve Meals.....$3 00.
MEAL HOURS—6 to 10 a.m., 12 to 3 p.m., and 5 to 9 p.m. Extras served at all hours.
We ask the public generally, and our friends especially, to come and see the first European Hotel on a grand scale in this city.
The gentlemanly C. B. ODLE, of Arkansas, will still be found in charge of the office.
fe11 J. C. OATES, Proprietor.

SOUTHERN
HOOPSKIRT and CORSET
Manufactory, No. 353 Main Street.
I AM prepared now to supply the Trade and the Ladies with the following goods, manufactured expressly for the Spring Trade: The light Boulevard Skirt, Empress Walking Skirt, small and large Folding Bustles, genuine Werly Corsets; Embroidered, Nursing, Abdominal, Foy, Glove-Fitting, L'Oiseau, and short Dupont Corsets, long and short handmade Corsets, Misses and Silk corsets. Best Pads of Rubber and Wire Shoulder Braces, Dress Shields, Corset Boards and Laces, and Stocking Suspenders. Goods warranted, and expressed to any address in the country. LOUIS LANGE

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
NO. 254 SECOND STREET, IRVING BLOCK.
WHISKIES:
THE ORIGINAL "STAUFFER"
WESTMORELAND
(Introduced by us in 1862.)
BOURBON,
ROBERTSON COUNTY,
PURE RYE,
AND A VARIETY OF GRADES OF
RECTIFIED AND REDISTILLED
WHISKEY,
SOLE AG'NTS
FOR
BASS & CO.
BURTON-ON-TRENT.
PALE ALE
EXTRA
BROWN STOUT
In Kilderkins of about 22 Gallons,
RECEIVED MONTHLY.

W. C. RUTLAND. C. C. GRAHAM. E. T. FREEMAN. J. J. SHOEMAK
RUTLAND, GRAHAM & CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COTTON FACTORS.
No. 272 Front Street, Memphis.
We are offering extra inducements in PORK, BACON, LARD, BAGGING, TIES, TOBACCO, COFFEE, NEW CROP LOUISIANA MOLASSES and SUGAR. Liberal CASH advances on consignments of Cotton.

CHAMPION AND MONITOR
WITH WROUGHT-IRON OVEN.

ELEVEN ENTIRELY NEW SIZES.
Superior to any other Stove made of any kind, coal or wood. Call and see CHAMPION and MONITOR before you purchase your Stove. See list of testimonials. Also, we have the LOTZ'S IMPROVED KITCHEN QUEEN RANGE for hotel and family size. Most durable Range made. Prices to suit the times.
H. WETTER & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Stoves, Tinware, House-Furnishing Articles, Lamps, Oils, Etc.,
13 AND 15 MONROE AND 317 1-2 MAIN ST. MEMPHIS.

BRYSON & CAMP,
—SALERS IN—
FURNITURE.
THE largest stock of BEDROOM, PARLOR, DININGROOM, KITCHEN and OFFICE FURNITURE in the South.
CARPETS.
Entire new stock of Wiltons, Velvets, Brussels, Three-Plys, Two-Plys, Hemps, Straw and Cocoa Mattings.
MATTRESSES.
Spring, Hair, Cotton, Moss, Excelsior, and all other known kinds, of our own make.
SHADES AND LACE CURTAINS
In great variety, style and price.
OILCLOTHS IN ENTIRE NEW DESIGNS.
We have the largest stock in our line to be had in the South. Close buyers will find it to their interest to call and see our goods, at
228 Main Street, : : : : : Memphis, Tenn.

READ THIS FIRST!
THEN COME TO SEE US.
FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS WE WILL SELL AT REDUCED PRICES,
FOR CASH, LOWER THAN the LOWEST,
800,000 pounds IRON—assorted sizes and of the best quality.
Complete assortment of fine STEELS. 1600 kegs NAILS.
2000 PLOWS of the celebrated Hall & Spear make.
100 WAGONS—Studebaker and other brands.
Wood & Mann Utica STEAM ENGINES and SAWMILLS.
Pittsburg Safe Company's SAFES.
Cold Rolled SHAFTING and HANGERS—warranted stronger and truer than any other.
Gullett's improved MAGNOLIA LIGHT-DRAFT and STEEL BRUSH GINS.
Deering's HORSE ENGINES.
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NOTICE.
I HAVE this day sold, transferred and assigned to my nephew, C. W. Edmonds all and singular my one-half interest in the stock, assets and business of Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., a firm composed of A. S. Edmonds and J. M. Pettigrew, and doing business in the city of Memphis and State of Tennessee. A. N. EDMONDS.
The firm name will remain as heretofore.
December 11, 1873. fe3
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S. W. MALONE, on the premises.
January 27, 1874. ja28
NOTICE.
AS administrator de bonis non of the estate of Joseph Witkowsky, deceased, I hereby authorize J. M. Pettigrew, of Memphis, to collect and settle all indebtedness due said estate
J. A. ANDERSON,
fe11 Administrator de bonis non.