THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate a bill was introduced by Senator Logan to establish a commercial railway company with a capital of two hundred million dollars, to construct and operate a railway with four or more tracks, between Chicago and St. Louis. Referred to the committee on transportation. Senator Conover submitted as an amendment to the house supplemental tariff bill, a proposition to impose a stamp tax of one-twentieth of one per cent. on all sales of bullion, coin and stocks, and a stamp tax of one mill per dollar of the value of all manufactured or unmanufactured cotton sold on contracts for future delivery. Referred to the committee on finance. In the house the Louisiana contested election case was settled by passing a resolution that neither Pinchback nor Sheridan were elected. Mr. Sener wanted to, but was not permitted to do so, introduce a resolution instructing an investigation into the character of the allowances paid at the treasury department, as well as of the claims still due for expenditures of the United States marshal's office of the western district of Arkansas. Mr. Speer addressed the house on the subject of the enormous expenditures in that district, and alluded to Judge Story in no very complimentary terms. At the close of Mr. Speer's remarks the resolution of Mr. Sener was recalled and adopted. The Geneva award bill occupied the attention of the house the remainder of the day.

EDWARD PIERREPONT, who gave twenty thousand dollars to elect Grant, and is to-day Grant's closest friend, says that Grant will be re-elected in 1876, and by the solid vote of the Democracy of the south and west.

ARKANSAS.

A Representative in Congress Shows Up a Fearful Record of Government Officials.

Charges of Bribery and Maladministration by Judge Story in the Western District.

Wm. A. Britton, Logan H. Roots, and a District-Attorney, Ventilated—Etc., Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—In the house to-day, Mr. Speer, a member of the committee on contingent expenses in the department of justice, addressed the house on the subject of the enormous expenditures in the western judicial district of Arkansas. He spoke of the judge of that district as a person by the name of Story, who had remained in that position to mock the administration of justice. He recounted the history of the western district of Arkansas, which had started, he said, with a corrupt judge, Annudig, who was in the habit of admitting to bail persons tried and convicted of capital crimes, and letting them go free forever afterward. Annudig, who was also shown to have bought certificates issued for the pay of jurors and witnesses at a discount of forty, or fifty, or sixty cents on the dollar; a judge who was charged with having received a bribe of twenty-five hundred dollars for admitting a *nolle prosequi* to be entered in a certain case; a judge whose records were marred, and interlined, and erased, and confused; a judge who had approved one of the marshal's vouchers for twenty thousand dollars in blank; a judge who had allowed the government to be plundered of hundreds of thousands of dollars. It was, however, but justice to that judge to say that, in response to the committee's invitation, he had appeared before them, and made a statement; but that statement was lame and unsatisfactory. It was not the statement of a man conscious of his official personal integrity; not the statement of a man who felt keenly the injustice done to him by the statement that he was a cringing, shrinking, cowardly, corrupt man. The next step in the frauds was made by an infamous and corrupt marshal named William A. Britton, and means were adopted for the purpose of getting up fictitious lists of deputy marshals, and making out bills in such names; also buying up vouchers for jurors, witnesses and deputies at twenty, thirty, and forty cents on the dollar, and in some instances car-loads of them could be got at twenty-five cents on the dollar, which vouchers were afterward paid in full at the treasury department. He stated that suspicion having been aroused in Washington, an investigation by the grand jury was ordered, and it was so arranged by Britton and the district attorney, also a party to the frauds, that a favorable report should be made, and so the bills were paid, and Britton, who had been removed, was reinstated by the President in the absence of the attorney general, but the attorney general had afterward gone before the senate and had the appointment of Britton rejected; in disposing of Britton a worse man was appointed, in the person of Logan H. Roots, who immediately organized a national bank at Fort Smith, and became the owner of three-fifths of the stock, and continued to peddle out by the cart-load the certificates for payment of witnesses, jurors and deputy marshals. Roots then sent these vouchers for payment to his own bank to the tune of hundreds of thousands of dollars, and they were paid at an enormous discount. Speer also referred to the fact that on one occasion when vouchers of Britton to the amount of forty or fifty thousand dollars were pending before one of the audit officers in the department of justice, Britton picked out a son of that official, and gave him a clerkship in Arkansas, with a salary of $2500 a year, and after that vouchers were allowed. The figures which Speer presented in the course of his speech showed that the expenses of that district for 1871, 1872 & were $743,023, of which sum $14 701 was paid to grand jurors, and $114,117 to witnesses, leaving $582,-101 for marshals, deputies and clerks. Taking the year 1872, when the expenses of that district, with a population less than 300,000, were $321,653, he said that they exceeded like expenses for the same year of all the New England States, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio, with a population of ten million five hundred thousand.

Base-ball chronicles are in order—for the waste basket.

A stove factory was destroyed by fire at Manistee, Wisconsin, Saturday night—four thousand dollars.

The striking laborers made an attack in New York yesterday on the Italians who had taken their places, and two of the latter were fatally wounded.

The special agents of the treasury department, with all the books, records, etc., pertaining to the office of supervising special agent, were yesterday transferred, by direction of the secretary of the treasury, to the custody and superintendence of the commissioner of customs.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

The Bonded Debt—The Question of Employing Eminent Council to Assist the City Attorney.

Happy Hollow—The Report of the Appraisers Adopted—Dead Animals—Privilege Tax—The Merchants' Tax.

Livery Stables—Hand Express Carts—Horse and Wood Dealers—Court Square—Reduction of Wharfage, Etc.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The adjourned session of this board met yesterday afternoon, President Robbins in the chair, and Aldermen Dwyer, Davis, Dent, Cicalla, Doyle and Calligan answered to roll-call.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following from the mayor, in reference to the city attorney asking assistance in his official duties, accompanied with a recommendation by the finance committee, and other papers, was read:

To the Honorable General Council:

GENTLEMEN—I respectfully submit the following matter for your consideration:

To Hon. John Logue, Mayor:

"SIR—In view of the magnitude of the sums involved in the bond suits now pending in the United States court, I am constrained to suggest to you and the general council that it would be well to employ counsel to assist me. There is at least one million five hundred thousand dollars involved. No prudent individual would trust so important a matter to any one attorney, and I think the city would not act wisely in entrusting their cases to me alone, nor would I act wisely in accepting such a trust without expressing the opinion that additional counsel should be employed. The matter is already attracting attention from all sections of the country, the questions involved being entirely new and of vast importance to all the large cities of the country. The city cases in the other courts occupy my time so constantly that I am doubtful of being able to give these cases as much attention as their importance demands. I therefore submit to you and the general council that two able attorneys should be employed upon such terms as you and they may think proper. Respectfully,

"G. A. HANSON, City Attorney."

The finance committee recommend that the following resolution be adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the mayor and city attorney be and are hereby authorized to confer with attorneys in relation to the suits now pending, and that may be hereafter commenced, touching the liability of the city for the bonded debt, together with the coupons belonging to the bonded debt; and that we further recommend that two attorneys be immediately employed."

The city attorney, on the above recommendation, held a conference with Howell E. Jackson and Judge Ellett, of this city, and as a result of said conference, I have received the following dispatch:

"Jackson and Ellett are in accord with our views. They will expect from one thousand five hundred to three thousand five hundred dollars each, contingent upon the result, the lower figure being certain, the higher on success; it is reasonable. G. A. HANSON."

With the hope that the city's liability may be speedily determined, and thereby have its credit placed alongside of the most prosperous cities of the land, I respectfully ask that the city attorney's recommendation be adopted, and that the gentlemen named be employed by the general council. Respectfully,

JOHN LOGUE, Mayor.

The communication was received and filed, and the resolution of recommendation by the finance committee elicited a sharp debate.

Alderman Davis offered a resolution amendatory, authorizing the employment of Attorneys George Gantt, Wm. M. Randolph, H. E. Jackson and Judge Elliott to advise the general council in regard to the pending suit alluded to in the city attorney's communication; which was afterward amended so as to authorize the employment of Attorneys Wm. M. Randolph and H. E. Jackson, and the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

HAPPY HOLLOW.

The following communication was received from the president of the board of health:

MEMPHIS BOARD OF HEALTH, June 8, 1874.

To the honorable General Council of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN—I am requested by the board of health to call your attention again to that portion of your city known as Happy Hollow. The commissioners appointed to appraise the houses in that locality, in the performance of that duty, recommended a plan not contemplated in the ordinance passed by your honorable body, and which entirely thwarts the object of the board of health in bringing this subject forward for your action. The board of health is of the opinion that the plan proposed by the appraisers, and adopted by the council, cannot be safely put in execution for two prominent reasons; first, the dilapidated, filthy and decayed condition of the houses in Happy Hollow make them, as well as the ground on which they stand, a source of disease; and secondly, the time required for the change proposed would necessarily consume the hot months, when it would be unsafe to remove and deposit so large a quantity of fresh earth. I would call your attention to one other fact: As the matter now stands, all supervision of that part of your city is removed from the control of the board of health, and your health officer has no power to send his sanitary force there. For these considerations, it is respectfully asked that the general council take such further action in the matter as may result in justice to all, and at the same time free the city from one of its most prominent and dangerous nuisances. Respectfully submitted,

R. W. AVENT, M. D., President Board of Health.

Considerable discussion followed the reading of the document.

Alderman Hillsman offered a resolution that "in adopting the report of the appraisers on property in Happy Hollow it is hereby declared that it was not the intention of the general council to invalidate or nullify the ordinance condemning the buildings, etc., but we adopted the report of the appraisers with the distinct understanding that the ordinance was still to be enforced." Adopted.

REMOVING DEAD ANIMALS.

John Kane's bid—fifty dollars per month—for removing dead animals was adopted by the board.

PRIVILEGE TAXES.

Alderman Malatesta offered the following ordinance:

WHEREAS, Paragraph 15, section 210, city ordinances, provides that every vendor of mineral or soda water shall pay a privilege tax of $10 per annum, and paragraph 16 of said ordinance provides that every keeper of an ice-cream saloon shall pay a privilege tax of $25 per annum; and whereas, said business is carried on as a part of the confectionery business, and as such has to bear a regular merchant-tax; therefore

Be it ordained, Section 1. That paragraphs 15 and 16, section 210, city ordinances be and they are hereby repealed.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, that this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

The ordinance passed first, and under suspension of the rules, passed second and final reading.

THE AD-VALOREM TAX.

The report of the committee on the merchants' tax recommended its adoption, and the ordinance passed first, and under suspension of the rules, passed second and final reading.

TOBACCO AND CIGAR DEALERS.

Alderman Davis offered the following batch of ordinances which were acted upon as chronicled.

WHEREAS, Paragraph 2 of section 210, city ordinances, provides that retail shops (only) shall be taxed annually twenty dollars for cigars and tobacco; and, whereas taxation should be equal and uniform, and no tax should be imposed on one class of merchants or one species of capital, that all shall not be required to bear, therefore

Be it ordained, etc. Section 1. That paragraph 11, of section 210, city ordinances, be and it is hereby repealed.

Section 2. *Be it further ordained*, That this ordinance shall take effect from and after it passage.

Passed first reading, and under suspension of the rules, passed second and final reading.

HAND EXPRESS-CARTS.

WHEREAS, Paragraph 37, section 210, city ordinances, provides that every keeper of a hand-express cart shall pay a privilege tax of five dollars per annum; and whereas said tax is unjust, inasmuch as it imposes a tax on many of our daily laborers, which others in more lucrative employments are not required to pay, therefore

Be it ordained, Section 1, That paragraph 38, section 210, city ordinances, be and it is hereby repealed.

Section 2 *Be it further ordained*, That this ordinance shall take effect, and be in force from and after its passage.

Referred to the ordinance committee.

LIVERY STABLES.

WHEREAS, Paragraph 57, section 210, city ordinances, provides that each livery stable, etc., shall pay for each stall $2 per annum; and whereas, said tax is unjust, inasmuch as other merchants are not required to pay on the fixtures in their stores; therefore,

Be it ordained, Section 1, That paragraph 57, section 210, city ordinances, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Section 2. *Be it further ordained*, That this ordinance shall take effect, and be in force, from and after its passage.

Passed first reading, and referred to the ordinance committee.

HORSE AND MULE DEALERS.

WHEREAS, Paragraph 59, section 210, city ordinances provides that a tax of one dollar shall be charged on any horse or mule that is brought here for sale; and whereas said tax is unjust and calculated to drive away much wealth that would otherwise come here, therefore

Be it ordained, Section 1. That paragraph 59, section 210, city ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. *Be it further ordained*, That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed first reading, and referred to the ordinance committee.

WOOD DEALERS.

Alderman Colligan presented a petition from the wood dealers representing that certain persons deal in wood in various ways without paying the tax on such privilege, and praying the protection of the authorities in the premises. The petition was referred to the ordinance and printing committee.

THE STONE PAVING DEBT.

The petition of P. C. Bethel praying the collection of the taxes authorized to liquidate this debt was referred to the finance committee.

BUSINESS FROM THE OTHER BOARD.

The alderman were on pretty good terms with the councilmen, as was evidenced by the disposition to concur with their action on all business. The following are the exceptions:

The matter of the disposal of wharfage tax brought several of the aldermen to the floor, but the action of the other board was finally concurred in on the ordinance.

The ordinance abolishing the position of captain of the police, which had passed first reading by the council, passed first reading by the board, and under suspension of the rules passed its second and final reading.

On the petition of W. H. Wray, secretary of the board of underwriters, in reference to the waterworks company, it was deemed unnecessary to appoint a committee.

The mayor's message and Alderman Davis's resolution in reference to employment of additional counsel in the city's illegal bond suits, came back referred to a special joint committee, and Aldermen White and Dwyer were appointed from the board of aldermen.

Adjourned to Friday afternoon at four o'clock.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The common council met in the city hall at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, President Hewitt in the chair, and a quorum of members present.

COURT-SQUARE IMPROVEMENTS.

The report of the committee on improvements recommending the rejection of the resolution to place thirty additional seats in court square was concurred in, and the council resolved to place ten new seats in the square.

REDUCTION OF WHARFAGE.

The finance committee recommended the adoption of the following ordinance:

All steamboats, barges, and steamboat hulls used as barges shall pay one and a half cents per ton, which shall entitle them to all the privileges of the wharf and landing, to receive and discharge freight and passengers for the space of six days, and one cent per ton each after the expiration of six days, except such steamboats and barges and steamboat hulls used as barges that remain at the landing for the space of six hours or less, which shall pay the following rates of wharfage:

For 100 tons and under	$1 50
From 100 to 200 tons	2 00
From 200 to 300 tons	2 25
From 300 to 400 tons	2 50
From 400 to 500 tons	3 00
From 500 to 600 tons	4 00
From 600 to 700 tons	5 00
From 700 to 800 tons	6 00
From 800 to 900 tons	7 00
From 900 to 1000 tons	8 00
From 1000 tons and upward	9 00

And one-half the above rates for each additional six hours, or less, which they may remain after the first term of six hours.

The ordinance was unanimously adopted.

DECAPITATE THE CAPTAINS.

P. R. Athy, chief of police, sent a communication to the council, asking that the office of captains of police be abolished, as there was no necessity for such officers, and the abolishment would save $3600 annually to the city of Memphis.

The report was received, and Councilman Barinds offered an ordinance "to amend section 404, so as to strike out 'two captains,' thereby abolishing the position of captain of police."

Passed first reading, and motion made to suspend rules.

Councilman Chase said it was now in poor taste for Chief Athy to recommend the abolishment of the captains, when in both of his reports, Chief Athy said each mounted captain was equal to ten men. The chief wanted to put off two men because he didn't get his favorites on. It was strange he had not thought of this economy before now.

Councilmen Barinds and Roush wanted to decapitate immediately.

Councilman Thomas (colored) wanted to refer the matter to the police board.

Councilman Happeck said he thought there was no prejudice in the matter, and it was not now too late for the chief to repent. He wished to avoid litigation, and await the result of the police suits now pending. Every constituent demanded retrenchment, and so did he.

Councilman Camp asked the president if the changes made in the board had not been made at the instance of Chief Athy.

Councilman Kelly moved to refer to the ordinance committee. Lost.

Councilman Page (colored) said he'd like to have that valuable tenth man come out in the tenth ward, as they sometimes had disturbances there.

The motion to suspend the rules in order to pass the ordinance on second reading was lost; Councilmen Camp, Tuther, Keck, Roush, Thomas (colored), Happek, Carpenter, Hunt (colored), Barinds, Walters, and Morti, voting in the affirmative; and Councilmen Kelley, Walsh, Chase, Harvey, Page (colored), and Moon (colored), voting in the negative.

Councilman Hunt (colored) wanted to explain his vote. He said it did not matter if it was prejudice; if it was for reduction of expenses, they ought to accept the recommendation.

Councilmen Barinds, Tuther and Roush all clamored for the president to vote.

The president read the rules, and informed the enthusiastic members that he was not compelled to vote, and there was no use for it, unless in case of a tie.

THE WATERWORKS.

The majority report, as previously reported in the proceedings of the board of alderman, was adopted.

Some discussion then resulted, Councilman Walsh stating that the case was in the supreme court, and beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

The report made by the committee is, that they had examined the water-mains, and found they had no water in them. They could not remedy this, as the charter allowed the water-works company fifteen days before having water in them.

On motion of Councilman Roush, the report was referred to a joint committee, consisting of Councilman Camp, Tuther and Page (colored), the mayor, city attorney, and —— members of the board of aldermen.

BUSINESS FROM OTHER BOARD.

The communication of the mayor relative to the employment of counsel to defend suits in which the subject of the illegally issued bonds are concerned, was received, and also the resolution to engage H. E. Jackson and W. M. Randolph as attorneys.

Councilman Chase objected to employing Mr. Randolph, as the city attorney had found out the amount of fees the lawyers named by him would charge.

The discussion was continued for a long while, and was lucid! brilliant! logical! and sublime!

On motion of Councilman Morti the subject was referred to a joint committee to consult with leading lawyers and ascertain the amount of fees they would charge. The president appointed Councilman Morti, Happek and Keck.

The communication of the board of health and the resolution adopted by the board of aldermen were read and referred to the committee, with an intimation to report something.

PETITIONS.

A number of petitions were received and disposed of.

Adjourned to four o'clock Friday afternoon.

THE PILGRIMS.

A Merry Party—A Concert for the Sailors—Two Memphis Boys Hear the Honors.

NEW YORK, June 9.—A correspondent on board the steamship Periere writes: "The American pilgrims are as merry a band of pleasure-seekers as I have happened to encounter anywhere, engaging during the voyage in many innocent amusements, and dwelling together in peace and good humor. Bishop Dwenzer, of Fort Wayne, is the merriest soul on board the steamer, and with his endless good nature and healthful cheerfulness has done more than any other passenger to relieve the monotony of the voyage. The only comic singing since the voyage began was done by the priest, and very comically was it done, too, at a concert gotten up by Mlle. DeMoussel, the *prima donna* of the late New Orleans troupe returning to Paris. The pilgrims contributed both audience and actors. The concert was for the benefit of the sailors of the Periere, and realized a handsome sum. Jarrett and Palmer, of Booth's theater, New York, were on the programme for a *gendarme* duet, but this was postponed, much to the regret of the pilgrims, with whom, particularly the bishop, they have established the most amicable relations. Learning that they were theater managers, the bishop, innocently enough, told them how highly he commended the production of good, moral dramas and historical plays, but severely condemned the representation of such debasing spectacles as the *Black Crook*. Among the pilgrims are Mrs. Fitzgerald and Mrs. Ives, of Richmond, Virginia, cousins of Raphael Semmes, the well-known commander in the late Confederate navy. They are accompanied by two sons of the latter, who are young students at the Jesuit college at Georgetown, one of whom has been selected to carry into Rome the American flag, which was made at the college and presented to the pilgrims."

An escape from death as wonderful as any ever related by the pen of fiction was made by an individual on the Detroit and Milwaukee road a few nights ago, as chronicled by the *Free Press* of the former city. It seems that an unknown man was permitted to ride on top of a freight train on his representation that he had no money to pay his way to Grand Rapids, and was willing to do any thing he was called on to do in compensation. The brakeman forgot to tell him of the several low bridges on the route; and about midnight when the engineer, having discovered cattle on the road, whistled "down brakes," the stranger was the first up from the caboose. In running forward over the cars, he suddenly observed the dark form of a bridge close above him. There was scarcely time to think, and as by instinct, he sprang off when within a foot of the overhanging structure, and striking a sloping embankment, fell down and rolled to the track, where one of the wheels caught his boot heel, crushed it off close to the sole, and whirled him around so that the next wheel sheared off the rim of his hat. When the train was stopped he climbed into the caboose entirely uninjured in person, but with some such feeling as he may have who has risen from the lightning stroke which has tumbled the house about his ears, but left himself uninjured.

A BERLIN correspondent of the London *Telegraph* remarks that Emperor William no longer rides on horseback, but has to review his troops from his carriage. He is now in his seventy-eighth year. "It is true," adds this writer, "that Count Wrangle, who is nearly thirteen years his senior, may still be seen from time to time threading the paths of Thiergarten upon a steady going hack to the saddle of which he is carefully strapped; and that the grandfather of the Prussian army promenades the Linden with feeble jauntiness, chucking servant girls under the chin, returning eagerly all the salutations paid him, and distributing new *silbergroschen* to the little boys and girls who follow him in gleeful groups, and who look upon 'Papachen' Wrangel as a certain, though irregular, source of revenue. A regimental cadet when King William was born; a *decore*, for valor in the field, of the first days of the present century; a colonel at Waterloo, and general fifty-one years ago, it is very possible that this extraordinary veteran, of whom Berliners say that 'he has forgotten the way how to die,' may outlive his sovereign, whom he little less than worships—he has already outlived four Prussian Kings."

The President has nominated John F. Long for surveyor of customs at St. Louis.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Osage Settlers—Sherman's Movements—The Famine in India—The Transit of Venus.

District of Columbia Affairs—Massacre of Christians in China—Fearful Conflagration.

Republican Congressional Caucus—The Rhode Island Senatorship—Sumner—Foreign News, Etc.

Dead.

PARIS, June 9.—The archbishop of Loudinot is dead.

Communists' Movements.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Grousset and Jourde, communists escaped from New Caledonia, sailed to-day for London.

His First Appearance.

LONDON, June 9.—The Duke of Connaught, Prince Arthur, appeared as a member in the house of lords last night for the first time.

The Northern Pacific.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The first-mortgage bondholders of the Northern Pacific railroad have elected William B. Ogden trustee, in place of J. Edgar Thompson, deceased.

The Senatorship of Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, June 9.—Both houses of the Rhode Island legislature voted today for United States senator, without making a choice. General Burnside had most votes in each house.

Railroad Accident.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 9.—One car of an excursion train jumped the track at Lebanon hollow last evening. Thirty persons, more or less, were severely wounded.

Sumner.

BOSTON, June 9.—The commonwealth of Massachusetts in Music hall, to-day, paid its tribute to the memory of Charles Sumner. The decorations were elaborate and tasteful, and the orations appropriate.

Sherman's Movements.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—General W. T. Sherman arrived here to-day. The precise object of his visit has not transpired, but it is understood to be in connection with the removal of army headquarters to this city.

The Indian Famine.

CALCUTTA, June 9.—Reports from the famine districts state that cases of actual starvation are now rare. The number of persons employed at the various relief works are decreasing, in consequence of the rains which prevail.

The Spanish Carlists.

LONDON, June 9.—A letter to the *Times* from Villora says that Marshal Concha is moving against the Carlists in Navarre with every available man. General Dorregaray, commander of the Carlists, is in a good position.

Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

PITTSBURG, June 9.—At the Republican convention of delegates, held to-day, General James A. Negley was re-nominated for congress from the twenty-second district, and Colonel Thomas M. Bayne for congress from the twenty-third district.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, June 9.—A fire broke out this morning in a building on the northwest corner of Washington and Warren streets, occupied as a woodenware, cordage and match manufactory, extending to 278 Washington street. Total loss, forty thousand dollars.

Fire and Murder.

RUTLAND, Vt., June 9.—Annie Frieze's house here was burned this morning. The body of the woman, dragged from the flames, was found covered with stab wounds. No trace can be found of the money or jewelry she was known to possess.

An Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 9.—Last night an explosion occurred at No. 1 shaft, Nanticocke, burning three miners and setting fire to the breaker, which was soon destroyed. While fighting the flames, some burning timbers fell upon William Vivian, killing him instantly.

The Transit of Venus.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The Swatora, with the scientists who are to watch the transit of Venus on board, started for the south Pacific yesterday. She carried two hundred persons, twenty-six of whom comprise the scientific party. She will reach the last of the astromical stations, on Chatham island, about the first of December, and await there until after the observation on the tenth. Her voyage is expected to last a year and a half.

Massacre of Christians in China.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The French papers publish a letter written by the bishop of Larinda upon the massacre of christians at Long King. The bishop says that with his mission were eighty thousand christians, but ten thousand have been strangled, burned or drowned. And he adds that he has no hopes of escaping martyrdom himself. This startling communication bears no date, but it is generally credited in France.

The Settlers on the Osage.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—The great land case between settlers on Osage ceded lands in Kansas, and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, and Leavenworth, Lawrence and Gulf railroads, was argued yesterday before Judges Miller and Dillon, in the United States circuit court at Leavenworth. The title to nine hundred and sixty thousand acres of land, valued at five million dollars, and the homes of twenty thousand settlers, are involved in the case. The argument will be continued to-day, and a decision rendered before the court adjourns.

French Complications.

LONDON, June 9.—The *Times's* correspondent at Paris telegraphs that it is expected that M. Fauve, in a few days, will ask the committee on constitutional laws to come to a vote on the first article of the bill introduced in May, 1873, providing that the government shall consist of a senate, chamber of representatives, and a president of the republic. If the committee reject the article, the left-center will move the assembly to refer a similar proposition to a new commission. Should this fail, the left-centre, as a last resort, will move a dissolution of the assembly. In the event of an adverse vote on the motion, the deputies belonging to all sections of the left may possibly resign *en masse*.

Fearful Conflagration.

COLUMBUS, O., June 9.—At three o'clock a fire broke out in Lovejoy's extensive planing-mill in the northeast quarter of the city, and soon spread to the adjoining property. The large amount of seasoned lumber stored in the yard adjoining burned like tinder, and the flames are not controllable by the fire department at this writing. Several frame houses are on fire, and as these are located in the midst of a populous district, it is impossible to predict the damage that may result. The people in the neighborhood are wild with excitement, and an immense crowd of people are attracted to the scene by the flames.

LATER.

Four o'clock—The firemen have the fire now under control, as the wind has died.

Republican Congressional Caucus.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—A caucus of Republican senators and representatives was held in the hall of the house of representatives to-night, Senator Chandler in the chair and Representatives Parsons and Lynch acting as secretaries, and a proposition was offered that a congressional committee be appointed in view of the coming election. This was opposed by Mr. Kelly, who thought the appointment of such a committee was unnecessary, as every man should go before the people in his own way. Senator Chandler explained the political situation, and gave reasons why the committee should be appointed. Mr. Lynch, colored, while advocating the appointment of the committee, spoke of the necessity of passing the civil rights bill, and said the colored voters would in the future, as heretofore, support the Republican party, there being no other to which they could go. Others also spoke, but as the financal question was sought to be introduced, and as it was feared this might produce discord, the caucus avoided it by passing the resolution; therefore the committee was ordered to be appointed, each State delegation to select a member, the selections to be reported to the officers of the meeting. Adjourned.

District of Columbia Affairs.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The following letter was to-day submitted to Hon. W. B. Allison:

WASHINGTON, June 6.

Hon. W. B. Allison, Chairman Joint Committee on District Affairs:

DEAR SIR—In furtherance of the views this day expressed before your committee, I beg to suggest that provision be made for the following objects:

First—Simplification of the present form of district government, it being in my opinion too cumbersome and expensive.

Second—Proper provision for funding the debt outstanding on account of improvements, by issue of bonds bearing such rate of interest as will produce par in currency, the United States guaranteeing the interest and principal thereon, and making provision for a statement of accounts between the general government and the District of Columbia, and that bonds thus issued be under the authority of the treasury department and at such rate of interest as will, by public advertisement, bring par on currency.

Third—That a proper auditing commission be appointed to thoroughly audit all unsettled accounts of the board of public works.

Very truly yours,

ALEX. P. SHEPHERD.

The District of Columbia investigating committee have agreed to report a bill authorizing the President, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint a commission of three persons who shall exercise all the powers of government now vested in the governor and the board of public works.

A Bayonne dispatch reports that a serious mutiny has broken out among several battalions of the republican army in Spain.

MARRIED.

HOLLENBERG—FRANSIOLI—At the residence of the bride's parents, Tuesday morning, June 9th, Mr. BENNO A. HOLLENBERG and Miss CARRIE FRANSIOLI. No cards.

DIED.

JOHNSON—At 2 o'clock a.m., June 8, 1874, Miss MARY LEWIS JOHNSON.

Her friends, and those of L. O. Pettus and Mrs. Hale Lawrance, are invited to attend her funeral, from Grace Church, this (WEDNESDAY) morning, at 10 o'clock.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

OFFICE MEMPHIS B'D OF UNDERWRITERS, June 9, 1874.

WHEREAS, in the infinite wisdom of God, He has seen proper to remove from our midst as honored member of this board, Major A. E. Love, who died on the second day of June, 1874, in this city; and

WHEREAS, Major Love, though a new member of our board, had, by his ripe experience, practical knowledge, his many noble and excellent qualities, and by his pleasant and agreeable manners, endeared himself firmly in our hearts,

Resolved, That in the death of Major A. E. Love we have lost a valued friend and associate, the board one of its most useful and worthy members, the profession one of its brightest ornaments, and the community a most esteemed citizen.

Resolved, That, as a board, we extend to the afflicted family of the deceased our sincere sympathies in this hour of their great sorrow and sadness.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this board and published in the morning papers, and that a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased.

G. W. L. CROOK,
J. A. SIMMONS,
W. H. MOORE,
M. MARX,
Committee.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL communication of Leila Scott Lodge No. 299 will be held this (WEDNESDAY) evening, June 10th, at 8 o'clock, for work in the F. C. degree.

All F. C's are fraternally invited.

By order. WM. FRANK, W. M.
A. S. MYERS, Secretary. jel0

Attention, Knights Templar.

YOU are requested to be present at Exposition Building this (WEDNESDAY) evening, at 8 o'clock, to transact business of importance.

By command J. M. PETTIGREW, E. C.
T. J. BASCHUS, Recorder. jel0

ST. PATRICK'S SUNDAY-SCHOOL PIC-NIC! AT JAMES PARK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10

FIFTY.....CENTS.

MACNEALE & URBAN

CINCINNATI, OHIO,

Manufacturers of

FIRE —AND— BURGLAR SAFES! —AND— BANK LOCKS!

To Bankers and others interested in obtaining reliable security from Burglars:

HAVING delivered the best and most complete Burglar Safe in the Southern States to the STATE NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS, we invite (by permission of its officers) all interested in this class of work to call and see the perfect security we can afford from the attacks of burglars—and all other men.

jel0 MACNEALE & URBAN.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS

EXTRA CLASS.

Morning—Class No. 67.

43 | 50 | 67 | 17 | 34 | 59 | 58 | 44 | 32 | 52 | 61 | 11 | 30

Evening—Class No. 68.

74 | 60 | 35 | 38 | 70 | 71 | 40 | 67 | 58 | 63 | 13 | 10 | 4

Memphis, this 9th day of June, 1874.

HOT SPRINGS!

DR. J. D. WHITE, having spent part of two seasons at Hot Springs, where he devoted himself to the study of the medical virtues of the waters and of such cases as are benefited, is now ready to advise persons contemplating a visit.

OFFICE—379 MAIN STREET.

LEUBRIE BROTHERS!

220 & 222 MAIN ST.

WE HAVE RESUMED SPECIE PRICES!

GREAT CLEARING SALE —OF— LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR!

PATTERN HATS, MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, HAIR AND FANCY GOODS.

UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT---OUR MAKE!

WAMSUTTA AND LONSDALE COTTONS ONLY USED.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR! LADIES' UNDERWEAR!

GREAT RUSH AT LEUBRIE'S!

Fine Chemise, 50c, 75c, $1. Fine Drawers, 50c, 65c, 85c. Fine 3-Ruffles and Tucked, $1 25. Fine Bias Tucked and Flounced, $1 50, $1 65. Fine Night Gown, 75c, $1, $1 25. Fine 20-Tuck Skirts, 75c. Fine Embroidered and Tucked, $2. Warranted full sizes. Well made.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

Fine Chemise and Skirts, 75c. Shirt Waists—100 styles, 50c, 75c, $1. Fine Jaconet and Nainsook, elegant new styles, half price.

LEUBRIE BROS., 220 and 222 Main street.

HATS TRIMMED FREE OF CHARGE!

For all who purchase the materials, which we guarantee to sell CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

RIBBONS AT OUR CHALLENGE PRICES

Way Below our Former Cheap Prices.

Gros Grain, all Silk, 1 inch, 12½c. Gros Grain, all Silk, 2 inch, 15c. Gros Grain, all Silk, 2½ inch, 20c. Cord Edge, all Silk, 1 inch, 6¼c. Cord Edge, all Silk, 2 inch, 8c. Cord Edge, all Silk, 2½ inch, 12½c. All Silk Gros Grain, fine shades, 2-inch Sash Ribbon, $1; worth $2 50. Fine Sash Ribbons, 50c, 35c, 45c, 65c. Beaded Nettings, Laces, Veils, Illusion, Grenadines, Tissues, Spanish Nets and Laces, Spanish Lace Scarfs and Jackets, Crepes, Trimming Silks in newest shades.

RUN TO LEUBRIE.

GREAT AND IMMENSE SLAUGHTER OF HOSIERY!

Extra length Ladies' Lisle Hose, 25c. Extra length Balbriggan Silk Clocked Hose, 35c. Unusual out fresh stock. 2000 dozen Ladies' fine Hose, 12½, 15, 20c. 1500 dozen Real Balbriggan, 25c, worth 50c. 1000 dozen Children's, white and fancy, 10c, 12½, 15c. Best goods ever offered at above prices.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

1200 Children's Silk, all colors, 65c worth $1 25. 1000 Children's Silk, large size, 85c and $1 worth $2. 2000 Silk Umbrellas, $1, $1 25 worth $2 50. 5000 latest styles, fancy Silver Handles, cheapest in the city.

FANS, FANS, FANS, FANS.

Latest Novelties—Gold Stick Silk Fans, 75c, $1, $1 25. Trianon, large sizes, 35, 50, 75c. Opening fresh daily receipts of Jewelry, Hat Ornaments, French Flowers, Etc.

LOU LEUBRIE KID GLOVES

Every pair warranted. We have every new and fashionable shade.

SHOES! SHOES!

15,000 pairs Ladies' and Children's PRIME FRESH STOCK, 10 per cent. above cost.

JET JEWELRY! JET JEWELRY!

Jet Jewelry, new goods, 35, 50, 75c. Back Combs, Jet and Shell, new goods, 65, 75, 90c. Jet Chains, Chatelains, Necklaces, Etc.

SUITS! SUITS!

We are now making all the latest styles Linen Traveling Suits and Duisters, stylish and elegantly trimmed. FULL SIZES at half the price of Eastern goods. Encourage Home Industry—10 per cent. above cost. RUN TO LEUBRIE'S.

Great Clearing Sale! Week for Bargains! No Humbug! NO large tickets on undesirable goods, but our whole stock of fresh, fashionable and seasonable goods reduced!

PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION! CALL AND EXAMINE!

LEUBRIE BROS.

220 and 222 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

NO. 297 MAIN STREET.

WHISKIES, BRANDIES,

Foreign and Native Wines,

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH

ALES AND PORTER.

HAVANA CIGARS.

From the "El Principe de Gales" Factory at Key West

M. L. MEACHAM. J. S. POSTON. A. W. ROBERTS. E. M. MEACHAM

M. L. MEACHAM & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS & SALT AGENTS.

No. 9 UNION STREET, Memphis, Tenn.,

WE HAVE NOW ON THE LEVEE

15,000 Barrels Salt

Which we will sell CHEAP to save Storage

"WE SELL TO MERCHANTS ONLY."

WHITE, LANGSTAFF & CO.

HARDWARE,

234 Front St. and 299 Main St.

—AGENTS FOR—

AMES ENGINES,

EAGLE, NEEDLE & CARVER COTTON-GINS

Belting, Hose, Etc.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of D