THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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THE APPEAL TO-MORROW.

The APPEAL to-morrow will afford an unusual opportunity for advertisers, such, we hope, as they will avail themselves of to notify the public of their preparations for the holidays, which are usually ushered in with Thanksgiving day, and continue until after New Year's. It will comprise fifty-two columns, thirty-two of which will be made up of the news of the day from our own and the adjoining States, editorials on current topics, a careful commercial report, local matters and miscellaneous reading, such as has secured for the SUNDAY APPEAL an unparalleled circulation and an advertising patronage surpassing that of any paper in the United States, population and surroundings considered. We intend to make the APPEAL of to-morrow a paper equal to the opportunities for its enjoyment afforded by what has come to be a national holiday. We shall issue a very large number over our usual edition, most of which have been ordered from the country. Advertisers will do well to make a note of this.

THERE will be a Thanksgiving service at the Cumberland Presbyterian church to-morrow, at which many of the leading ministers of the city will officiate. Rev. A. P. Graves, the great revivalist, who has labored here for the past two weeks with such signal success, will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion.

THE communications on the school question, which we have had in hand for some days, will all be given in our Thanksgiving paper, to-morrow. They are all good in their way, but two or three of them will be found of especial value, bearing directly on the questions at issue.

WE particularly request all ministers in charge of churches in the city, who intend holding divine service to-morrow (Thanksgiving day), to notify the public through our columns, as they usually do for Sunday services.

GOVERNOR GARLAND, of Arkansas, has offered a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest of the would-be governor, V. V. Smith; and five hundred dollars for Wheeler.

S. S. WILLIAMS and J. L. Witherspoon were yesterday appointed special judges of the supreme court of Arkansas, by Governor Garland, to hear cases in which the regular judges are disqualified.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE *Insurance Monitor* for November is before us, with a table of contents that every professional in life or fire will understand and appreciate. It is made up in the same attractive form, and for beauty of typography continues to challenge the critical attention of the public it sought to be, and we are glad to know it, thoroughly sustained by the insurance fraternity throughout the Union.

EVERY young man who cannot afford to indulge in the purchase of a library should subscribe with Captain Freligh, office in the Planters' Insurance building, for the *American Encyclopædia*, illustrated, decidedly the best work of the kind ever published. It answers every question in literature, the sciences, the arts, manufactures, mechanics, government, history, biography, commerce, trade and banking that can be asked.

FRANK LESLIE'S *Illustrated Newspaper*, having reached its thousandth number, the publisher, to commemorate the millennial, gives with this issue, a beautiful presentation plate, entitled "Meditation," and a supplement, showing the progress of *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper* as the faithful record, with pen and pencil, of the events of the world during the last twenty years. In the same number commences Faijeon's charming holiday story "The King of No-Land." This memorial number possesses attractions for all, and commends itself to all interested in the illustrated press of America, of which *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper* is the pioneer and type. Mansford, corner of Monroe and Second street, has it for sale.

Miriam the Avenger; or the Missing Bride, by Mrs. Emma D E N. Southworth, is the first volume of an entire new and complete edition of the popular works written by the celebrated American authoress, now in press by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. This volume contains, in front of the title, two full-page steel plates, executed in the finest style of the art by the celebrated engravers, Welsh, Church and Graham, one being a portrait of the author of the work, Mrs. Southworth, with a copy of her autograph under it; the other, a view of "Prospect Cottage," the home of Mrs. Southworth, on the bights of the Potomac, with its surroundings. Mrs. Southworth is a writer of remarkable genius and originality, manifesting wonderful power in the vivid depicting of character and in her glowing descriptions of scenery.

THE *Galaxy* for December contains, among other things, an English serial story, a Norwegian story, an American story, a Swedish poem, a sketch of the late princess of Siam, a sketch of a French journalist; and to extend our travels still further and into another sphere, there is a curious article on magnetic spirits, written in the form of a narrative, under the title "Was It Kthe King?" The strong articles of the number are on the duration of the executive term; reviewing the opinions of the leading American statesmen on this subject from 1787 to the present day, and an examination of Prof. Tyndall's theological views, by James Freeman Clarke. Mr. Richard Grant White contributes an article upon the present marriage service, and another upon the American "interview," which he looks upon as an abomination. But then Grant White is not authority in such matters. Mansford, corner Monroe and Second, has the *Galaxy*.

THE *Family Physician and Guide to Health* is Dr. Hammack's great work, a book that by explaining the laws of health and diet, and what kind of food may or may not be eaten, teaches how to live long and enjoy life. By treating of diseases and their remedies in a simple, familiar style, it enables every man to be, to a great extent, his own physician, to guard against disease, and to save his doctor bills. Especially will it be a useful companion to those females who are compelled so often to consult the doctor, as they will be able to understand their own cases, and prescribe as well or better than any physician for themselves. How much suffering they might often avoid by having such a companion! It is a book that should be in every family, and will be found worth its weight in gold, on the principle that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Agents are now in the city canvassing for this work, which ought to find as many subscribers as there are families in Memphis.

IN *Scribner's* for December, we have the final installment of Mr King's great South Series, entitled "Notes on Kentucky and Tennessee," which is very handsomely illustrated. The other articles illustrated, either by means of pictures or diagrams, are "The Transit of Venus," "The Probabilities of Rivers," "The Silver Age," and "Rambles in Madeira." In fiction we have the continuation of Jules Verne's "Mysterious Island" with illustrations; and of Sax Holm's curious story, "My Tourmaline;" also "Jeanette," by Mrs. Woolson, and "In a Trumpet," a Thanksgiving story by Miss Hopkins, author of "One of Miss Widgery's Evenings." Mr. Steadman gives us another of his essays on "The Victorian Poets," this time grappling with that tough subject, Robert Browning himself. There are poems by Celia Thaxter and others, all which will convert the most skeptical to the belief that *Scribner's* is maintaining its place at the head of the magazine literature of the country. Mansford has it for sale.

AMONG the new songs of recent publication, we have seen copies of *Let Me Dream of Home, Sweet Home*, music by W. T. Porter, and words by John T. Rutledge; and *Tell Me Truly, Little Darling*, by Frank Lavarnie; both from the publishing house of F. W. Helmick, 278 West Sixth street, Cincinnati. They are both charming songs, and destined to become very popular, as the music and words are original and melodious. Every musical portfolio should contain a copy of each of these publications.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Theater.

There was another good house at the Theater last night to enjoy *Humpty Dumpty*, which was rendered with that excellence, ease and precision so characteristic of Mr. Fox in this, his great specialty. The entire house was pleased, the general expression of opinion being that it was a much better entertainment of its kind than was ever offered the people of Memphis. The play has been judiciously improved in many respects, and its every feature possesses something to claim the attention and interest the feelings of the spectators. From the time of its commencement to the last fall of the curtain, the play affords an uninterrupted series of ludicrous incidents and scenes, made all the more agreeable because of the humor, mirth and awkwardness of the characters introduced. Last night Fox was in one of his happiest moods, and never at any time did he appear to better advantage, or afford more general satisfaction. It is worth a dollar at least to watch the wonderful contortions of his face, and to note the rapid change of expression his features assume so as to be in perfect keeping with the feelings he is supposed to have through the intricate misfortunes and absurd blunders of "Humpty Dumpty," the role which he assumes. As a frick pantomime *Humpty Dumpty* is unequaled, and one who sees it upon the stage will acknowledge that it abounds with "ludicrous incidents, uproarious, rollicking fun, absurd adventures, magical tricks and unexpected transformations" of the most entertaining character. The present troupe is a good one, and the members possess varied talent enough to please most any disposition. Among the specialties of the play may be mentioned the Orrin brothers, whose perfection in vaulting, balancing and calisthenical feats is something astonishing and wonderful. They perform the most extraordinary feats ever attempted by any acrobats, their pirouettes and somersauting from shoulder to shoulder being the most wonderful. Their head balance last night elicited unbounded applause, as did also the other wonderful feats accomplished by them. Mrs. Georgie Dean Spaulding gave an exhibition of her rare musical culture upon the silver staff-bells, cornet and harp. Mr. Spaulding and his corps of bell-players rendered *Home, Sweet Home* with exquisite grace and in good time, so well indeed that the audience would not be satisfied until they reappeared and played *Beautiful Bells*. Miss Louise Boehneil, the wire *volante*, Mr. Dunbar, the comedian and minstrel, and Monsieur Deverchere, the excellent Swiss warbler, constitute attractive features of the play. To-night we expect to see another big house, and assure those who attend that the *Humpty Dumpty* troupe is all it is represented to be, and that an evening of great pleasure will be enjoyed. There will be a matinee to-morrow afternoon, seats for which may be secured in advance, either to-day or to-morrow. In order to secure the most desirable seats it is advisable to apply in time.

Assembly Hall Fair.

A fair for the benefit of St. Patrick's parish free schools, commenced under encouraging circumstances, at Assembly Hall, No. 363 Main street, near Gayoso, Monday night. Since then the attendance has been on the increase, and it is evident that the enterprise will be liberally patronized by the public during its continuance, which may last all next week. The hall has been tastily ornamented and beautified in an artistic manner, by the pretty young ladies who have charge of the various departments of the fair. The tables, flower stands, etc., are arranged with unusual good taste, and presided over by young ladies of the most interesting qualities. Young gentlemen who wish to be entertained pleasantly and gracefully, should seek the earliest opportunity to attend this fair, which is being conducted on a grand scale by those who have its laudable purposes nearest at heart. It possesses a variety of interesting features that will delight all who attend, be they young or old. The entertainment closes every night with a dance, for the benefit of those visitors who enjoy this species of amusement. Ladies and gentlemen who feel disposed to aid a most worthy enterprise, should contribute to the patronage of the Assembly Hall fair. Admission to the fair is only twenty cents.

LAW REPORTS.

First Chancery Court—Chancellor Morgan.

Court will meet pursuant to adjournment, at ten o'clock this morning. The calendar as published on Sunday is continued to-day.

Second Chancery Court—Walker, Chancellor.

Court meets at half past nine o'clock this morning.

First Circuit Court—Judge Heiskell.

Yesterday the court was engaged in the trial of the case of Kuhn vs Peoples insurance company. Colonel Gantt closed the argument in the case just at the adjourning hour. The calendar is the same as published for yesterday. The case of Crawford vs. Church will be the next case taken up, if the parties are ready for trial, and will likely consume several days, there being a large number of witnesses to be examined.

Second Circuit Court—Halsey Judge.

Court meets at ten o'clock this morning. The following cases constitute the calendar for to-day: 4326, on trial; 955, Harroldson vs Whitemore; 2971, Gobels vs Donatien; 3992, White vs Dauriac; 4392 Phillips vs Shearon; 4259, Little vs Easley; 4359, Douglass vs Dolan; 4367, Loeb vs Klutz; 4370, Green vs Campbell; 4378, Brason & Camp vs Parker; 4380 city of Memphis vs Hukill; 4382, Stanley vs Mullins; 4338 Poor vs Walters; 4284, city of Memphis vs Beecher; 4385, Hopson vs Grant; 4386 Malone vs Grant; 4387, O'Hearn vs Kenzey; 4389, Searcy vs Bartarella; 4394, Pollock vs Frick; 4395, Johnson vs Taylor; 4396, Cunningham vs Memphis city railroad company; 4397, Lunght vs Angelasie; 4398, Deloach vs Polk et al; 4399, Camp vs Doyle; 4400, Wetter & Co. vs Clark & Co.; 4401, Clark vs city of Memphis.

Criminal Court—Flippin, Judge.

The following cases are set for trial today. Witnesses must be in attendance promptly: 311, John Williams, Harris Johnson and J. C. Claywell; 414, Henry Davis; 454, Morris Artis; 463, Miles Ledbetter; 466, John Murray; 486, Bell Robinson; 546, Handy Hawkins and Austin Hawkins; 570, Bill Biggers; 466, Alf Ridley; 475 478, Mack Green; 526, Frank Aberdo; 554, Charles Campbell, alias Red; 386 Frank Bledsoe; 441, Joe Davis; 455, Jennie Jones. Business of yesterday: George Smiley, larceny, 3 years; Frank Harris, larceny from the person, 10 years.

Reports from the trades of New York city and Brooklyn show three times as many men out of employment as at the same time last year, and a suspension of building on account of the cold weather, will soon add largely to the number.

A Liverpool telegram reports the arrival of the steamships Erin and Newmallone, from New York, and Illinois, from Philadelphia.

THE TORNADO.

Its Effects on the Charleston Railroad but Slight, Occasioning no Interruption of Travel.

The Facts of the Case—A Small Bridge at Tuscumbia Carried Away—The Train Accident—Etc., Etc.

In our issue of yesterday we gave prominence to a report which reached us, by what we considered reliable authority, that the Tennessee river bridge, on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, had been swept away by the terrible tornado which visited, like a besom of destruction, the beautiful little city of Tuscumbia, Alabama, on Sunday evening last, and that the westward-bound passenger train had been precipitated into the frightful chasm. We now find that this report was

ALL A MISTAKE,

and that the bridge, instead of being at Tuscumbia, is at Decatur, forty miles east of the line of the tornado, and was, of course, entirely unharmed. The bridge over the same stream at Florence, Alabama, was also untouched by the fearful storm. We regret exceedingly having given credence to this

FALSE REPORT,

and hope our exchanges will note this correction for the benefit of the traveling public. The real facts are that a small bridge at Tuscumbia was carried away by the storm, and the rails, with fish-bar joints, were torn from the ties and moved out of place for a distance of fifteen or twenty yards west of the bridge. The eastward mail-train on the Charleston road ran off the track when it struck the displaced rails, and the engine, mail and baggage-cars slided down the embankment, leaving the passenger and sleeping-cars upon the track.

NO PASSENGERS WERE INJURED.

The mail trains are running with their usual regularity, requiring only a few minutes for transfer at the bridge, and it is thought that freight and other trains will pass over the new bridge by Thursday. In the meantime, passengers are not inconvenienced or delayed by this accident, which is the result of one of the most terrific tornadoes that has ever swept through the country.

CAPTAIN W. J. ROSS,

the very efficient general superintendent of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, is now at the bridge with a large force of men, working night and day, and will not sleep until he has it thoroughly repaired.

TUSCUMBIA.

Relief Asked of the Government—The President Compelled to Refuse for Reasons Assigned.

WASHINGTON, November 24.—The President this morning received the following telegram:

TUSCUMBIA, ALA., November 23.

To his Excellency U. S. Grant, President of the United States:

Last night this town was visited by a tornado which destroyed a large portion of its houses, and ten persons were killed. As a consequence destitution prevails to an extent that no language can express. There is no money in this country, and the suffering of the destitute cannot be relieved by individuals, and it is therefore this appeal is made to your excellency for immediate relief by the order of supplies of rations. I am authorized by a large town meeting to make this appeal, hoping and believing your excellency will respond promptly and faithfully.

DAVID R. LINDSAY,
Chairman of the Town Meeting.

Heartily indorsed by the mayor and board of aldermen.

HENRY F. NEWSOM, Mayor.

The following reply was sent:

WASHINGTON, November 24.

David R. Lindsay, Chairman Town Meeting, or Henry F. Newsom, Mayor of Tuscumbia, Alabama:

The President, in reply to your telegram of November 23d, greatly regrets that he is unable to comply with your request. The limited appropriations for the subsistence of the army will not permit him to issue the subsistence above required.

W. W. BELKNAP,
Secretary of War.

RATHER MIXED.

Another Catholic Priest Becomes a Protestant—Bishop Bayley upon the Convert's Character.

BALTIMORE, November 23.—Rev. Father Jacquemel's public renunciation of the Romish church from a Protestant pulpit, and the announcement of his intention to enter the Presbyterian church, are leading topics of discussion in religious circles here. The recalcitrant priest's statement having appeared in the morning papers, Archbishop Bayley writes a letter for publication, in which he says that Jacquemel was never formally received into this diocese, but was a poor priest with an injured reputation, whom he found to indulge to opium and other stimulants, for which reason he refused him any position here, and sent him to the Trappist monastery in Kentucky. When he came back from there the archbishop says he refused to give him such a letter as would accredit him elsewhere, and that the letter which he did give him was such as to provoke inquiry into his character in any parish he should enter. In conclusion the archbishop says it gives him no pleasure to expose or dwell upon the delinquencies of those who have professed to give themselves up to the service of God, whether they belong to the Catholic church or not. "To use Dean Swift's simile," says the archbishop, "the pope seems to be very busy just now in weeding his own garden and throwing weeds over the wall, and I have charity enough to advise those who snatch at these weeds as eagerly as if they were good vegetables, that they are not wholesome nor good to eat." Father Jacquemel denies all imputations upon his good character, and asserts that he held an unblemished reputation in this country. He exhibits letters written to him by the archbishop inviting him to the archiepiscopal residence here, and to assist in service at the cathedral. Presbyterians have taken charge of him, and will send him to one of their colleges to perfect himself in the English language, and to go through a regular training for the ministry.

DESTITUTION IN KANSAS.

Some Statistics from the Official Report Made to the State Board of Agriculture.

ATCHISON, November 21.—The *Daily Champion*, publishes from advance sheets of official reports, made to the State board of Agriculture, some statistics showing the destitution existing in several of the frontier counties of the State. Seventeen counties, in which are an aggregate of one hundred and fifty-eight acres, had been planted in corn, and produced not a bushel of this cereal. Five of these counties produced an average crop of wheat, rye, oats, barley, and buckwheat, and are abundantly able to relieve any individual cases of destitution in their midst. The other twelve counties, having an aggregate population of 23,887, as shown by the State census taken last June, are all on the remote frontier, and the settlements in them have all been made within the last three years. The eight in which the greatest destitution prevails have all been populated within the past year or two, and the greater part of their population settled within their limits either last spring or the preceding fall. These eight have an aggregate population of 17,496 settlers, who generally had their first crop planted. They had expended all of their means in building their homes and putting in their crops. The drought and grasshoppers have wrought total destruction of everything they had planted, leaving them totally destitute. They are without either food, clothing or fuel to sustain them until they can produce something on which to live, and must be sustained by charitable contributions of the people in other sections of the State and country at large. The *Champion* computes the number of destitute in the State at from 20,000 to 25,000, but of these many are located in older counties, where crops, with the exception of corn, were a fair average, and the more fortunate citizens are able and willing to help their destitute neighbors, but in eight counties destitution is very general, and almost the whole population will need more or less assistance. At least fifteen thousand people must be assisted during winter, and until another crop is grown.

THE SAFE BURGLARY.

Points Made by Mr. Harrington in Argument in His Defense—The Case Not Yet Concluded.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—In the safe burglary trial to-day, Harrington, in his argument, cited various cases and decisions which have been made against the practice of seizing private paper for the past six centuries, and denounced the action of the government as illegal, indecent and infamous. In regard to the missing telegram, he said it was for his interest to keep that telegram intact, for the government did not know who wrote that dispatch, and before they could introduce it, they must prove that he (Harrington) wrote it. He would not have it destroyed, under any circumstances, and he had as much right to say that the counsel for the government had abstracted that telegram as they had to impute its absence to him. They might not have done it themselves, but they were surrounded by a band of men who warmed to such capers, and they could have picked up this dispatch and have carried it up as easily as they could have eaten one of Welker's dinners. He spoke about the release of Benton, and said he only did what he considered his duty, and what he always would do and what he would do again, and that was to give every man his liberty on bail when the case warranted it. At this very time he also suggested that Hayes could procure his release on bail. Harrington spoke nearly two hours, and closed by urging his own vindication, and declaring his willingness to leave everything—his life, reputation and honor—in the hands of the jury; and saying that in all his official acts he had never yet tarnished his name or his honor. The court here took a recess. After recess the court was adjourned till Monday, when Mr. Davidge, counsel for the defense, will decide whether or not he will address the jury.

CATTLE-THIEVES.

How Texans are Plundered on the Border—General Cortena at the Head of the Thieving Marauders.

NEW ORLEANS, November 24.—A Brownsville special to the Galveston *News* says that the cattle recaptured by Rock have been sold in Matamoros for the benefit of the owners. General Cortena was the purchaser. He paid four dollars per head for the best and two dollars for the inferior. He buys all such animals and puts them on one of his ranches. The drove which crossed at El Hand's ranche, sixteen miles from Brownsville, consisted of two hundred head. They belonged mostly to James G. Brown, sheriff of Cameron county. He waited on Judge Castello Monetero, of Matamoros, and procured an order to pursue and recover the stolen cattle. The order was placed in the hands of Jesus Villareal and others on this side. They followed the trail to the ranche of Rencor de la Capella, fifty miles from Matamoros. Rafael Cesneros, the owner of the ranche, told them they could not enter his pasture. After seeing Judge Monetero's order he went with them, where they found one hundred and seventeen head of cattle. The robbers had selected and removed the best. They then proceeded toward Matamoros with the cattle, but were met by three policemen who had orders from General Cortena, mayor of Malamoros, to take the cattle, on the ground that Americans had no right to pursue and recover stolen property in Mexico. Villareal exhibited the order of the judge. One policeman was sent to report to Cortena, the others stayed with Villareal. Saturday night last the cattle were penned at Puentas Verdes, three miles from Matamoros. During the night Cortena took them by force and removed them to a pen of his own at Lallaren. Sunday, Mr. Brown went to Matamoros and Lallarean with Cortena. The latter counted one hundred and ten cattle. He demanded the other seven from Villareal, and was told that two had been eaten on the road, and five left with Cortena, who demanded ten dollars for a heifer of Captain King's, which had been killed. He said he held Villareal accountable for the missing animals. The sheriff found himself surrounded by Gregorio, Rodetiquez, Joaquin, Trevero, and others, who had escaped from the Brownsville jail. More than one-half of the cattle belonged to Brown. Cortena refused to give them up. He pretended he had been made to pay heavily for property reclaimed from Texas. This is untrue, and was said as a pretext for levying blackmail on Brown. Cortena said he would leave the case to the judge, yet he had just violated the judge's order by seizing the cattle. Mr. Brown is in Matamoros now.

Williams Interviewed.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—Representative Wilshire, of Arkansas, had an interview to-day with Attorney-General Williams with reference to affairs in that State, and says it was of a satisfactory character. Wilshire is satisfied that if any action is taken in the matter it will be taken by congress. The attorney-general informed him that in his dispatch to Judge Poland he did not suggest or indicate that Representative Ward, of the house special committee, should remain there, but merely requested Judge Poland to come to Washington on his way home, as he—the attorney-general—desired information relative to Arkansas affairs. Judge Poland among other things said to him that there was no disturbance or excitement whatever in Arkansas, and that the State was unusually quiet. It is the purpose of Representative Wilshire and Governor Lowe to prepare this week and file with the attorney-general a statement refuting the charges and allegations of Smith, and those who represent his interests. The general feeling in Washington is opposed to Federal interference

Official Weakness Developing.

NEW ORLEANS, November 21—The grand jury of Plaquemine parish have indicted the following named persons: Harry Mahoney, colored, ex-member of the house of representatives, for embezzling thirty-three hundred dollars as treasurer of the board of education; Edward Buller, colored, ex-state senator, for receiving a bribe of fifteen hundred dollars; W. M. Prescott, parish judge since 1868, for bribery and corruption in office and perjury; Nicholas Brown, colored, for shooting with intent to kill, blackmailing and obtaining money under false pretenses by intimidation and threats; Frank White, colored, jailer and deputy-sheriff, for conniving at the escape of prisoners; also the defaulting State tax-collector. The grand jury consisted of four white and twelve colored men.

A Madrid telegram says the Spanish government has expressed a willingness to pay the indemnity in the Virginius case to the United States on the same basis as that with which Great Britain was satisfied for the outrages perpetrated on her subjects.

MASONIC.

Meeting of the Grand Chapter of the United States at Nashville Yesterday—Names of Members.

Imposing Procession and Hospitable Reception and Welcome by the Grand Chapter of Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, November 24.—The following representatives to the general grand chapter reported to the reception committee at the Maxwell house this morning: Grand officers—Josiah N. Drummond, G. G. H. P., Maine; Chas. Marsh, G. G. H., Nevada City, California; Christopher G. Fox, G. G. secretary, Buffalo, New York; Jno. M'Clelland, G. G. treasurer, Boston. Representatives—Jas. W. Austin, P. G. G. H., New York city; Geo. D. Norris, P. G. H. P., Alabama; G. A. Donnelly, P. G. H. P., proxy; Jas. N. Lewis, G. H. P., Isaac L. Johnson, D. G. H. P., Geo. B. Clark, G. S., District of Columbia; W. J. A. Deloney, G. H. P., Illinois; Geo. H. Fish, G. H. P., Reuben Reder, G. K., S. S. Johnson, G. S., Indiana; R. F. Bower, G. H. P., S. H. Leese, P. G. H. P., Theodore S. Barrin, R. G. H. P., Iowa; Jno. M. Price, G. H. P., Jno. H. Brown, P. G. H. P., and proxy for D. H. G. P., Kansas; Jno. F. Force, G. H. P., R. G. Laughlin, G. K., Jas. B. Blue, G. S., H. Boothwick, P. G. H. P., Kentucky; Horace H. Burbank, G. P. H., Henry L. Paine, D. G. H. P., H. H. Dickey, proxy for G. K. Alfred F. Chapman, G. H. P., Geo. E. Stacey, D. G. H. P., Jno. L. Kendall, G. H., Alex. K. Brier, G. S. J., Jas. W. Bowers, G. H. P., E. T. Schultz, D. G. H., proxy for G. K., Maryland; S. R. Merrill, G. H. P., Minnesota; Jno. N. Murray, G. H. P., D. H. Wheeler, P. G. H. P., proxy for G. H. P. Joseph W. Fellows, D. H. P., A. J. Thompson, G. K. New Hampshire; John Wolverton, G. H. P., Jas. H. Hough, D. G. H. P., Chas. Becktel, G. K., Geo. Scott, G. K., New Jersey; Thos. Cassidy, G. H. P., Jas. Bechafer, D. G. H. P., David Day, G. K., James D. Pollard, G. S., Jas. M. Austin, P. G. H. P., New York; J. Kelley O'Neill, G. H. P., Reuben C. Lemon, D. G. H. P., John D. Caldwell, Ohio; Austin T. Smythe, G. H. P., South Carolina; J. W. Clark, G. H. P., Montpelier, Vermont; H. Evans, G. H. P., W. C. Swaine, G. H., Wisconsin; E. P. Snow, H. P., Wyoming; Wm. M. Byers, H. P., Clarence J. Clark, K., Colorado.

At ten o'clock the procession was formed under the escort of Nashville commandery No. 1, headed by the celebrated United States sixteenth infantry band, and conducted to the representatives' hall at the State capitol, where Hon. Morton B. Howell, grand commander of the grand commandery of Tennessee, received and welcomed the general grand chapter to Tennessee in the name of the governor of the State and Masonic fraternity. To which Hon. Josiah H. Drummond, general grand high priest of the United States, replied in his happiest style, eliciting frequent applause. After benediction by the grand chaplain, the grand chapter was conducted to Masonic temple, and the general grand chapter of the United States opened in due form, with James M. Austin, of New Hampshire, as D. G. H. P.; Theodore S. Parvin, of Iowa, as G. K.; Wilbur F. Foster, of Tennessee, as G. C. H., and D. H. Wheeler, of Nebraska, as G. R. C., and other officers in the places.

After the appointment of a committee on credentials, the grand chapter adjourned until three o'clock in the afternoon, when the general grand high priest will deliver his address.

The general grand chapter assembled at three o'clock in the evening. After the report of the committee on credentials the report of the general grand high priest was submitted. He reports prosperity throughout his jurisdiction. Georgia signifies her intention of joining the general grand chapter. Georgia and Texas are the only grand chapters in the United States yet out of the jurisdiction of this general grand chapter, and the prospects are flattering of their ultimate falling into the ranks. He also recommends that all mark masters of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales be recognized by royal arch Masons of this grand jurisdiction for the reason that said jurisdiction have signified their willingness to reciprocate and recognize mark-masters from this jurisdiction.

After the routine work the grand chapter adjourned to meet at nine o'clock to-morrow morning.

The members of the grand chapter will receive the hospitalities of the grand chapter of Tennessee, and a grand banquet will be given at the Maxwell house at three o'clock this afternoon. The Michigan delegation has not yet arrived, but is expected this evening.

NEW ORLEANS EXTENDS WELCOME TO THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

NEW ORLEANS, November 24.—The city council to-day adopted the following:

WHEREAS, On the first of December our city will be visited by the grand encampment of Knights Templar of the United States, which is to hold its triennial grand conclave here; there be it

Resolved, That the above named bodies are cordially welcomed to our city, individually and collectively, and that the authorities of the corporation, as well as the citizens generally, be and they are hereby respectfully requested to show to the distinguished and honorable visitors, during their sojourn in our city, such marks of consideration and esteem as has always characterized our people in their entertainment of friends and visitors.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

[Under this head we will insert communications on any subject not objectionable on the score of personality, and not confined to business or private enterprises. The only additional stipulation we make is that correspondents in all cases must confine themselves within the limits of a quarter of a column. More than that we will not give to the public in any issue of the APPEAL. All communications less than that in length will be certain of immediate attention.]

No Pay.

EDITORS APPEAL—As the time is fast approaching for our annual municipal election, when there will be elected for the ensuing year five aldermen and twenty councilmen, I presume there will be, as heretofore, a large number ready to sacrifice themselves for their city's good. The present financial condition of our city is such that the most rigid economy and retrenchment should be enforced in every department. We should therefore endeavor to elect our best men—men of large business experiences, of undoubted integrity, and enlarged financial views; men who have proven themselves worthy of the trust, and in whom the community have confidence. In former days the position of alderman or councilman in a city like ours was considered a position of honor, and not of pay, as is the case with us now. It is the duty of all good citizens to come forward and help us out of our present embarrassed condition, and to devote a portion of their valuable time and good counsel to the welfare of our city. Section 12 of the city charter reads as follows: "The members of the city council shall receive such compensation as may be fixed by ordinance, which ordinance, before it shall become a law, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the city at the election for said members." Now, let us commence the good work in earnest, and *vote no pay* to the general council, saving the neat little sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars per year. Plenty of good, competent men can be found who will willingly serve without compensation. This is one of the many reforms necessary to place our city on the list where she should properly stand. Remember, on the day of election, to write on your ticket the words, *No pay*. MONTIE.

It is reported in Bombay that Yakoob Khan was imprisoned because he wished to surrender the city of Herat to Persia.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITY.

A dense fog hung over London at noon yesterday.

St. Louis is deluged with counterfeit twenty-dollar greenbacks.

The steamships Queen, from Liverpool, and Europea, from Glasgow, arrived at New York yesterday.

A German named John Koeck suicided yesterday, in Wheeling, by cutting his throat with a razor. Pecuniary embarrassment is supposed to have caused the act.

Wellwood's soapworks on Newark avenue, Jersey City, were demolished yesterday morning by the explosion of a boiler. One woman was killed and several persons injured.

Trenton, New Jersey, and vicinity was damaged nearly one hundred thousand dollars by the typhoon which passed over this continent on Sunday and Monday. Several persons were killed and injured.

Godfrey Delmer, a laborer aged sixty years, hanged himself in New York yesterday, leaving a note addressed to his wife saying that he was impelled to the act by destitution and the fear of starvation in the hard winter at hand.

The French government has ordered the release of several members of the crew of the Spanish steamship Nieves, which was seized at St. Jean DeLuse, on the representation of Bayonne that she was laden with contrabands of war for the Carlists.

The infant son of the duke of Edinburgh was baptized in London yesterday. Alexander Alfred Ernest William. The sponsors were Queen Victoria, the emperor of Russia, represented by the czarowitch; the German emperor, represented by the duke of Connaught; the prince of Wales, the crown princess of Germany, and the duke of Saxe-Coburg.

What a change has come over the dreams of the administration at Washington! The Republican county officers of Barbour county, Alabama, write to Attorney-General Williams that they are debarred by white leaguers from exercising their official duties and are molested in their personal rights, and ask that troops be sent to Eufaula and Clayton for their protection. The attorney-general, in reply, states that it being a State affair they must look to the governor for protection.

At Port Colborne, Ontario, yesterday, the water in the canal had reached the level of Lake Erie, and the lock gates have been thrown open by the shock of the water passing through. This never happened before in the Welland canal. The water in the harbor has risen six or seven feet. The storm of last night was one of the most severe ever experienced here. The water dashed over the piers with such force that it was impossible to see the lighthouses, and the keepers found it impossible to get out to light the lamps. Much damage was done to shipping and to buildings in course of erection.

A letter from Havana, says a party of twenty-five Spanish soldiers of artillery garrisoned at fort Hillaco, in the central department, revolted and seized a coasting schooner at Puerto del Padee, on the north coast, and under threats of death ordered the captain to take them to Key West, St. Thomas or any neighboring island. The captain seeming to accede, set sail, but ran the vessel aground on a neighboring keg, then in a small boat under pretext of getting aid, went to the nearest military headquarters and informed the commander, who sent a force to arrest the deserters. They were tried by court-martial, and on the sixth instant eleven were shot and the remaining fourteen imprisoned.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Beaufort has a new rotary steam fire-engine.

The State fair at Columbia was not largely attended.

At Charleston bananas sell for twenty-five cents a bunch.

Charleston has a military ball on the twenty-fifth instant.

The dredge-boat Josephine is deepening the Charleston channel.

Charleston *News and Courier*: "Messrs. A. E. Phillippi and C. H. Bankard, supervisors of the recent elections, efficiently assisted in the work of the county canvass."

The defeated candidates in Lexington county talk of contesting the recent election.

Orangeburg depot has shipped forty-five hundred bales of cotton since the first of September.

Last week thirty-one hundred and thirty-two bales of cotton were shipped over the Port Royal railroad.

The Georgetown *Times* thinks it strange that every man in the county who worked for the regular ticket now sports a new suit of clothes.

A destructive fire occurred in the little village of Fair Play, Oconee county, on the night of the thirty-first inst. Several stores were burnt, and the Masons and Grangers lost their hall and regalia.

Edgefield *Advertiser*: "There is not the slightest doubt in the world that hundreds of negroes in Edgefield county voted twice—many of them three or four times—in the late election. They roamed in bands from one precinct to another with this express design."

Two of the old cannon used in the revolutionary war, at the old fort at Cambridge, Abbeville county, were sold for five dollars each, last week, and were sent to Charleston. The cannon were about three feet long, with a bore large enough to shoot a man, and could easily be carried by a muscular man.

Charleston *News and Courier*: "The sickly little daily, which for a brief thirty days spread its pinions from Spartanburg, *The Eagle*, has succumbed to the inevitable, having served its purpose and elected Mr. Chamberlain. It is succeeded by the *Semi-Weekly Sentinel*, an 'independent' paper published by Mr. F. M. Browne."

The negroes of Hilton Head are hard-headed. One day last week one woman stabbed another in the head with a large pen-knife and broke off the blade, leaving it sticking in the skull of the injured woman, who went about her work and did not discover that she was wounded until twenty-four hours afterward. The blade has been extracted and the patient is doing well."

OLD VIRGINIA.

Lynchburg wants a public hall.

The Lynchburg recorder fines disorderly women five dollars.

The Farmers' council of Virginia and North Carolina meets at Petersburg on the twenty-fourth.

Lynchburg *Republican*: "John Diggs, colored, who murdered his wife last spring, and who was sentenced to be hung for the crime, was executed Friday at Lovingston."

Mr. George W. Hardwick, having determined to remove from Lynchburg, offers for sale his residence on Diamond Hill, as also his interest in the Lynchburg *Republican* and job office.

Bristol *News*: "We take the liberty of announcing Governor M'Mullin a candidate for congress in the next election. We have his word for it, he is a candidate till death, or his election shall come."

Fincastle *Herald*: "Mr. William Zimmerman, a veteran of the old Eleventh regiment Virginia infantry—the 'Bloody Eleventh'—died at his home on Glade creek, in this county, last Monday."

A correspondent of the Richmond *Whig*, writing from Buckingham, says "the whole of the county is advertised for sale in pursuance of decrees of court. This is almost literally true, and lands are selling at fabulously low prices."

The Lynchburg *Republican* learns that five negroes, two men and three women, were drowned while crossing North river last Saturday night. They were on their way to a prayer-meeting, and upset a skiff.

Giles county failed to secure the required vote for the thirty thousand dollars appropriation to her New River road. Upon a count twenty-eight votes were needed to make the pool a majority of the registered voters. In the spring another vote will be taken.

Danville *Times*: "Rev. Mr. John Anderson, who gave nine thousand dollars for a tract of land on the Dan river a year or two since, has a crop of tobacco made this year, supposed to be fifteen thousand pounds, for which he has refused thirty-five dollars a hundred. This would make nearly enough to pay for the land in one year. We have this from good authority. It is considered to be one of the best crops in Rockingham county."

ADDITIONAL RIVER NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PITTSBURG, November 24.—River 5 feet 4 inches and rising. Weather clear and cold.

EVANSVILLE, November 24.—Weather cloudy and cool to-day, with a light snow storm to-day. Mercury 38° to 35°. River risen 12 inches, with 5 feet on the gauge. Down: Nashville, 10 p.m.; Idlewild, 6 a.m.

NEW ORLEANS, November 24.—Weather clear and warm. Arrived: Glencoe, St. Louis. Departed: Bee and barges, and J. A. Scudder, St. Louis; Kate Kinney, Helena; Katie, Chicot City.

VICKSBURG, November 24.—Weather warm and clear. River rose 2 inches. Up: Commonwealth. Down: Future City and barges, John S. Mause, Natchez. Arrived: City of Helena, W. F. Curtis.

ST. LOUIS, November 24.—Weather clear and cold. River rising slowly. Arrived: St. Luke, Vicksburg; St. Genevieve, Memphis. Departed: Mollie Mo