MEMPHIS APPEAL

FRIDAY, : : : AUGUST 13, 1875

FACTS, NOT FANCY.

A well considered and ably prepared editorial in the Augusta (Ark.) *Bulletin* of the seventh, which gives *seriatim* the township crop reports, derived from every tax-payer therein, show that they have nearly 21,000 acres in cotton, and more than 15,000 in corn in Woodruff. "No farmer," says the *Bulletin*, "ever saw the cotton more heavily fruited, and if the season should continue as favorable as now, Woodruff will produce at least 12,000 bales. This is a little more than a half bale to the acre, while we know of some who count on a bale. Put these 12,000 bales at an average of ten cents or fifty dollars per bale, and the proceeds are $600,000. Put the 15,430 acres in corn at an average of forty bushels per acre, and the yield is 600,000 bushels. At fifty cents per bushel, the corn is worth $300,000. The 897 acres in wheat, at twenty bushels per acre, will yield 17,940 bushels, and this is worth one dollar per bushel—say $18,000. The 1000 acres in oats at forty bushels per acre, will yield 40,000 bushels, which, at fifty cents, will be worth $20,000. The 466 acres in grass will yield at least three tons per acre, for no man accustomed to raising hay, ever saw finer crops of millet, timothy and other grasses, and the south always produces more hay than the north. Put the grass at 1400 tons, and these at $25 per ton, and the value is $35,000.

Value of cotton crop	$600,000
Corn crop	300,000
Wheat crop	18,000
Oat crop	20,000
Hay crop	35,000
	$973,000

In these estimates production and price are below rather than above the general calculations, and yet even at these figures, the above tables show that the leading crops of Woodruff county, this year, will be worth, at home, nearly $1,000,000; the many products not enumerated in the above table, swelling the value beyond that sum." And herein we find an argument against Senator Morton's position of antagonism, toward the south, more potent than anything mere words could offer. Here we have a county in Arkansas so long misgoverned by Morton's party, whose taxable wealth was set down in 1874 at $1,428,000, producing nearly as much as that of crops at home prices. Compare this great result under Democratic rule with what was accomplish by as earnest effort under Radical rule, and the Conservative people of the north will be able to realize the benefits of peace and good government to us of the south, and prove that all we have ever needed since 1865 was to be left to ourselves, to govern ourselves well and to have long since restored the country to its ante-bellum prosperity. The figures of the *Bulletin* are undeniable, and reflect great credit upon the industry, tact, skill and patriotism of J. T. Trezevant, than whom there is no more ardent lover of the south, and in the whole Union no more intelligent and practical worker. He is a man of figures and facts, hates shams and tells the truth as he knows it.

TENNESSEE AT PARIS.

APROPOS of a letter from Mr. Bayliss which we publish in another column, we learn from the Nashville *Banner* of the eleventh that a letter to General Thomas T. Smiley, of that city, from Albert Akers, *Delegue de l'Etat du Tennessee au congres de Geographie et aupres des Chambres Syndicates de Paris*, was received yesterday. The writer sends a message to Governor Porter, to say he shall bring back on his return a gold medal for the State of Tennessee, awarded to the geographical congress and syndicates of trade, and adds: "Tennessee stands proudly among the proud. Fortunately, I brought a map of Tennessee, and a picture of Nashville, accompanied by the *Resources of Tennessee*, by J. B. Killebrew, also samples of cotton, coal, iron, marble, and other interesting articles, that tend to show our State to the world. Mr. Bayliss, from Memphis, and I, were the only delegates that took any interest in the matter, and consequently will be the only ones that will receive any mention from the society in the journals. We have been received by the Geographical society with distinguished honor, and occupy a front seat with the commercial *savants*. Most of the Europeans seem to think the United States are composed of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and New Orleans, and it is astonishing to find that some of the most learned men of the Old World do not know where Tennessee is."

THE commissioners of the State normal school have failed, thus far, to secure a president for that institution. The selection was given to Dr. B. Sears, the agent of the Peabody fund, on account both of his great liberality to Tennessee, and his extensive acquaintance among the educators of this country. Two have been suggested and elected, but both declined. Both were from the east, and, as an invitation has not yet been extended the teachers of the south, the Knoxville *Press and Herald* asks, and, as we think, pertinently and properly: "Is it not quite possible—yes, quite probable, that an entirely competent teacher can be selected from the large number of eminent teachers in the south? The trustees of Vanderbilt university, having in view the perfection of that great institution, have selected a corps of teachers from the south not surpassed by any in the east. Are there not others from whom Dr. Sears and the commissioners can select one suited to the requirements of the normal school? Yes, even in our own State." The APPEAL thinks there are, and would suggest, among the fittest and best, Major Anderson, late principal of the Memphis high school for boys. He has all the requisites of scholarly ability and experience. We suggest Major Anderson to the commissioners.

THE *United States Economist* says of the deceased Ex-President: "It is said that he had policies on his life for a total of about three hundred and fifty thousand dollars. It is to be hoped that this news is true." The Nashville *Union and American* says it has reason for doubting the accuracy of this report, which originated with the Charleston *News and Courier*, and says that from an article of the correspondent of the Atlanta *Constitution*, who remained in Greeneville some days after the funeral, and enjoyed unusual facilities for information, estimates the entire estate of the deceased at one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Even this is a handsome sum, and sufficient for all the rainy days that may come to his wife and children.

THE TREASURY THIEVES.

How the Scoundrels were Tracked and Caught—Good Work by the Government and District Detectives.

The Part Played by Halleck as the Stool-Pigeon of Ottman—Peg-Leg Brown the Original Informant

Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, August 7.—Elmer Washburn, chief of the secret service, has been following for two months the clue which seems to have led to the discovery of the person who on June 23, in broad daylight, so mysteriously robbed the treasury of forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars. The story in brief is this: Benjamin B. Halleck, a clerk in the cash room, has from the outset been suspected. He was one of the persons through whose hands the package must have passed before being placed upon the elevator to be carried to the express room. It was his duty to affix the seal to the envelope, and it was easy for him to have known the nature of the package, and to have understood that it contained only national bank notes, of whose number there was no record in the department. From that day his

EVERY MOVEMENT HAS BEEN SHADOWED

by the secret service force. A daily report was made of his life, showing every place he visited, every drink he took, every dollar he expended. It was soon observed that he began to frequent more than usual the saloon of one William H. Ottman, on Pennsylvania avenue, near Twelfth street. There he frequently became intoxicated, and lost considerable money at small cards. The suspicions of the officers were further aroused from the fact that Ottman was in some way connected with the Jackson defalcation in the treasury some years ago. Washburn immediately adopted the theory that Hallack had stolen the money, and had made Ottman a confederate to assist in disposing of the large bills. It is rumored that Ottman has at different times shown several bills of a large denomination, and has said that he intended to sell his saloon here and buy one in Brooklyn for fifteen thousand dollars. This theory adopted, both parties were shadowed, as was subsequently

AN OLD GAMBLER WITH A WOODEN LEG

called "Peg-leg Brown." The latter seems to have come into the partnership very early, but attracted less attention on account of having left the city almost immediately after the robbery. It was through Brown, however, that the arrests were precipitated, as will be seen. Brown was here when the robbery was committed, and immediately left for Baltimore. While there he changed some five-hundred-dollar bills. This fact was immediately made known to the officers here by the Baltimore detective. Brown then went to Canada, where he disposed of three thousand dollars in five-hundred-dollar bills. He subsequently went to Saratoga. Here the cupidity of some gambling associates, whom he seems to have made his confidant, brought the detectives upon him. The Washington City detectives and secret service officers had been following the same track. Ten days ago Detective Miller, of the city force, received a telegram from Saratoga informing him that Brown was there, and had a good deal of money. Miller immediately went there. The proposition was then made to him to "shake," thieves slang for dividing the money and letting the man go.

MILLER WAS TOO HONEST

a man to yield to such temptation, and refused the offer, but by some ruse deluded Brown into coming to Washington. Miller had no authority to arrest Brown in New York, as he was only a Washington local officer, and not a secret service detective. Brown came, and, it is said, did not even know that Miller was a detective, but thought him a pal of his friends. They arrived here together on Monday. Since then Brown has been under forced arrest. To-day his attorneys endeavored to secure his release on a *habeas corpus*, but he was remanded by the court, which thought in such a case a man could be held on strong suspicions. Meanwhile Halleck, the treasury clerk, left for New York on Monday, to take his annual month's leave. One of the secret service shadows followed him. He was tracked to Tiffany's, to costly jewelry and saddlery establishments, but was not detected in passing any five-hundred-dollar bills. He made arrangements to purchase. He was joined in New York by

AN UNKNOWN PERSON,

whose description was immediately telegraphed to Washington. This description was exactly that of Ottman, the saloon-keeper. Detective M'Devitt had by this time got on the trail of Halleck in New York. M'Devitt to-day arrested both Halleck and Ottman in New York, and arrived here to-night with them at seven o'clock. M'Devitt was informed of the New York address of Halleck through the treasury department. The trail which both the secret service force and the local detectives have been following for two months seems to have been the right one, but the arrests were precipitately and prematurely made, owing to the avarice of the gambling friends at Saratoga.

HIGHLY SATISFACTORY DEVELOPMENTS YESTERDAY.

Chicago Times.]

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The developments to-day in the case of the treasury robbery of the forty-seven thousand-dollar package of money are very full and complete. It appears that the clerk, B. B. Halleck, was merely a stool-pigeon for William H. Ottman, the saloon-keeper, and that "Peg-leg" Brown was only implicated in the robbery to the extent of being used to get rid of some of the stolen money. Halleck is one of General Spinner's own appointees, and his residence is at Spinner's home, in New York. His father, a Universalist minister, was burned up in a railroad accident, leaving his family in very poor circumstances. General Spinner came to the relief of the family by

GIVING THE YOUNG MAN EMPLOYMENT.

Halleck has always borne a good reputation. He is a fellow extremely subject to influence, and was used by Ottman, who surrounded him with bad associates, and persuaded him to commit the robbery. Ottman was the man who put up Johnson, a treasury clerk, to stealing fifteen thousand dollars, and appears to be an old hand at corrupting clerks. Halleck's wife visited him at the station to-day, and at the request of General Spinner she persuaded her husband to confess. This confession

IMPLICATED OTTMAN AS THE PRINCIPAL.

Ottman kept the whole sum after the robbery was committed, and only dealt out small sums to Halleck and Brown. Halleck says he has thus far received only six hundred and twenty dollars in money. It appears, however, that Ottman had transferred to Halleck his saloon on Pennsylvania avenue at a valuation of eight thousand dollars. From all appearances, it seems that Ottman was only using Halleck, and was preparing himself to leave town with most of the money. He had purchased a place in Brooklyn for fifteen thousand dollars, and was bargaining for a saloon in New York. No money had been paid by him, however. After Halleck's confession to-day, several people who had come forward to go Ottman's bail, withdrew their names from the bond. Ottman has sent out one or two notes from the police station. These notes have been intercepted, and will lead to

THE FINAL FINDING OF THE MONEY

not yet expended. The detectives have a clue to about forty thousand dollars of the money, and it is only a question of time about its ultimate recovery. It is confidently expected it will be picked up within the next twenty-four hours at the outside. The government authorities are indifferent to the actual recovery of the money stolen, as Ottman has bought property in this city and elsewhere to fully indemnify the treasury. General Spinner is

THE HAPPIEST MAN IN WASHINGTON.

He goes about with a broad smile expanding his parchment countenance, and the way he exclaims, "Now a heavy load is lifted from my heart," is very refreshing to his many admirers. As usual, the innocent old man is surprised at the duplicity of any of his pets. "To think," says he, "that the boy would have taken the money when I thought so much of him and trusted him so; dear me, I'll be damned if the ways of God are not mysterious in unravelling sorrow. How damned sorry I am to think that little Billy Halleck would have robbed me." Thus chattered Spinner all day.

THE ROBBERY AND THE CAPTURE

are the sensations of the town. Everywhere, nothing else is talked of.

MONTGOMERY WHITE SULPHUR

List of Memphis Visitors—A Representative Delegation.

From an Occasional Correspondent.]

MONTGOMERY WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, August 9.—Below I give you the names of visitors at this place from your city: Colonel J. T. Fargason and family, Miss Annie Marsh, Louis Hanauer and wife, Mrs. R. Caldwell, Mrs. E. A. Scaif and family, J. H. Schiff, Miss Mamie Scaif, C. T. Scaif, General J. R. Williams and family, James Richardson, J. W. Caldwell, E. W. Williams, H. T. Williams, J. W. Caldwell and family, Cecil Mosby, W. O. Harvey and family, Miss Lelia Harvey, Mrs. S. B. Williamson, Cadet Samuel Williamson, Mrs. Wm. C. Fowlkes, Mrs. Jennie Moores, Miss Lizzie Wright, Mrs. S. A. Shelby, Miss Lesa Shelby, W. C. M'Nutt, W. H. Horton, J. R. Miller, D. C. M'Kay, C. T. Dobbs, A. A. Smithwick, E. E. Clarke, James C. Neely and family, Miss Cora Shofter, Miss Anna Patterson.

BARTLETT.

The Crops—Diversity of Industry and Pursuit what is Needed to Bring the Country out of its Troubles—Benevolent Society.

From an Occasional Correspondent.]

BARTLETT, August 6.—I do not remember to have seen anything in your paper from this part of the county. We have had an abundance of rain. Corn crops are splendid; we only need some hogs now to have our own "hog and hominy." There is a good yield of wheat, but of inferior quality—a great deal of smut. Oats are very good; more oats and wheat have been planted than for years. Every one begins to look up, cheered by the prospect of an abundant harvest. Again, I believe we have got on the right track—diversity in agriculture. The fallacy of making cotton alone is about exploded, but before it was abandoned the farmers were very near bankrupted. Harmony and good feeling exists among us; the colored people are working earnestly, and have been more economical and provident than I ever knew before. To-day I attended the turn-out of the Social Benevolent society, No. 4, and Sunday-school celebration of Full View Sunday-school—both colored organizations. Lewis Atkins, a well-to-do, energetic and enterprising farmer, is president of the society, and Thos. Cheatham vice-president. They are both representative men of the colored population hereabouts. Albert Thornton is superintendent of the Sunday-school—the right man in the right place. The meeting to-day was in a grove on the farm of Mrs. N. J. Bond, near Bond's station. The exercises were principally such as is common at Sunday-school picnics—singing, recitations and music. The members of the Sunday-school, in these exercises, showed that they had been well instructed, and their performances would have done credit to those who had better chances. The society is, as its name imports, a benevolent association. The motto is "Friendship, Love and Truth." The design is to render aid to the indigent, helpless and sick of the colored race, more especially to the members of the order; and I can say from personal knowledge that it is doing much good in securing aid to the sick members—medicines and medical attendance. And another thing, it is doing a noble work in the cause of temperance. The effects are seen in the neighborhood. These are good things. The social feature was clearly exhibited to-day. By invitation I attended. I found a large crowd on the grounds. Several of my neighbors (whites) came to witness the exercises, and they all will testify that better order was never had on such an occasion. The dinner (a barbecue) was excellent, served up in nice style. The notable feature of the day's doing was the freedom from restraint so often seen and felt when the whites intrude or are present at such gatherings of the colored people. This was a breaking down of the "color-line"—a cordial interchange of thought and word between the two races that a year or two ago would have been impossible. And I am confident from the treatment we (the whites) received, the hospitable welcome they gave us, that the "better day" of good feelings and confidence is near at hand. This was firmly impressed upon my mind by the spirit manifested and the manner in which the remarks made by your correspondent in the speech he delivered to them was received. Speed the day when mutual good feeling and confidence shall exist between the two races here in the south. N. P. B.

DEFERRED TELEGRAMS.

The steamship Bolivia, from Glasgow, arrived at New York Wednesday.

Nelson & Lefont, wholesale jewelers of Montreal, Canada, suspended Wednesday.

Twenty-four families in New York have united to form a reformed Episcopal church.

Senator Thurman and Chief-Justice Perkins are at Put-in-Bay house, in Sandusky, Ohio.

Ellwell & Hymann's flouring-mill at Lasalle, Illinois, burned Tuesday night. Loss twenty thousand dollars.

A telegram from Rome says that the pope has given special orders to prepare for the reception of the new American cardinal.

The French government has prohibited the sale in France of Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone's writings against the papacy.

Some well executed counterfeit bonds of the California and Oregon railroad were discovered in Wall street, New York, Wednesday.

Ex-Governor William A. Graham, of North Carolina, died at Congress Hall, in Saratoga, New York, of orgsnic disease of the heart.

A conference of the officials of the Baltimore, Ohio and Pennsylvania railroad, which was private, was held in Baltimore Wednesday.

United States war vessels have been ordered to Panama and Aspinwall, owing to political disturbances in the United States of Colombia.

Christain Fuerstein, aged eighty years, hanged himself to a tree in Monroe-street cemetery, Cleveland, Ohio, Tuesday night. Cause unknown.

A deputation of riflemen and prominent citizens of Dublin, Ireland, have gone to Liverpool to extend perting courtesies to the American rifle team.

Some graders in San Francisco, California, Wednesday, unearthed a keg containing gold in scales and nugge's. The value is variously estimated at from thirty to eighty thousand dollars.

The annual reunion of the society of the Army of the Cumberland will be held at Utica, New York, September 15th and 16th. Cordial invitations are extended to members of other army societies to attend.

The postmaster-general has arranged with the Occidental and Oriental steamship company for a monthly United States mail steamer between Japan and China, at sea-postage rates as a full compensation for services, which will amount to not over five hundred dollars per month.

John Farley, a brakeman resident of Columbus, Ohio, while climbing on a freight car in motion Wednesday, was struck by a bridge, east of the city, and knocked under the train, which passed over his body, killing him instantly.

A dispatch from Staunton, Virginia, Tuesday, says that as a freight train was passing through the big bend tunnel, on the Chesapeake and Ohio road, thirty feet of the roof fell, crushing the engine, killing the fireman and severely wounding the engineer. The accident was caused by rock, several tons in weight, being loosened and hanging, and when the locomotive struck it the whole mass fell.

CARD.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE have disposed of our stock of ice, wagons, etc, to BOHLEN, HUSE & CO., who will carry out our contracts for the delivery of ice.

Any person holding claims against HICKEY & BARTLETT or the MEMPHIS ICE CO., will present the same for payment at our office, 369 Main street.

au13 HICKEY & BARTLETT.

MADEMOISELLE TARDIVEL'S

Boarding and Day School, 25 W. 46th street, New York, reopens for Young Ladies, Children and Infants, Sept. 21st. Apply personally or by letter. au12

MARCUS JONES,

—DEALER IN—

WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES, AND

DECORATIVE PAPER HANGINGS.

THE Largest Stock of these goods in the South, and selling as cheap as any other house. Call and examine goods and prices at my old stand,

296 1-2 Second Street.

CAUTION!

CONSUMERS OF

PRESERVED MILK

Should examine the WEIGHT of the contents of the can. They will find that while

Borden's Eagle Brand

uniformly weighs 16 ounces of milk to the can other brands weigh scarcely 15 ounces.

The difference in weight is equal to 75 cents per case in favor of BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND.

N. Y. CONDENSED MILK CO.

au6 eod AUG. KLEMM, Secretary.

G. H. HOLST. T. W. HOLST.

G. H. HOLST & BRO.

UNDERTAKERS,

320 MAIN St., op. Peabody Hotel.

Always on hand, a large assortment of Metallic Cases and Caskets and Wood Coffins of every description.

Orders by telegraph promptly filled, and Cases shipped C. O. D.

DR. J. J. ROSS,

Surgeon Dentist,

265 MAIN STREET.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas.

V. B. THAYER,

MANUFACTURING JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Canes, Spectacles, Etc.

Solid Gold Watches from $20 to $200. Solid Gold Chains from $15 to $150. The celebrated Elgin Watch (silver), $30 to $75. Silver imported Watches, $5 to $20. Solid Gold 18 carat Rings, warranted perfect, $1 50 per pennyweight; and other things in proportion.

Repairing in all its branches, and setting of precious stones, and matching odd jewelry, and hair chain and pipe mountings a specialty. School Medals, Jewels, Stencils, Seals, etc. Old gold and silver wanted.

308 Second street - - Memphis, Tenn

CONSOLIDATION.

THE White River Valley and Texas Railroad Company having consolidated with the Memphis and Kansas City Railroad Company, gives to the latter Company a considerable increase of its capital stock, and it is expected that the work of clearing off and grading the road will be commenced at an early day, bids for that purpose having been made to the company. The undersigned is still receiving subscriptions in Arkansas Lands, for which the company is paying from two to five dollars per acre, as heretofore published. Now is the time to subscribe lands, before they are assessed for 1875.

Remember, all taxes cease from date of subscription. All communications addressed to the undersigned, care Adams & Dixon, No. 41 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn., will receive prompt attention. T. E. McCRAY,

Subscription Agent M. & K. R. R. Co.

J. H. BROWN, Coahoma county, Mississippis
J. C. ALEXANDER.
B. M. STRATTON, formerly with Porter, Taylor & Co.

Brown, Alexander, Stratton & Co.

WE have this day admitted B. M. Stratton as a member of our firm, and will continue the Cotton and Commission business under the above named style of firm at our old office, No. 10 Union street, Magnolia block.

Ju30 BROWN & ALEXANDER.

MOORE, EMERY & CO.

(Successors to Stanton & Moore,)

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

NO. 322 FRONT STREET.

Special attention given to the sale of Cotton Wheat and produce generally. jul13dw.

DAY, KEALHOFER & CO.

(Successors to Foster, Kealhofer & Co.),

GROCERS,

COTTON FACTORS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

366 FRONT STREET.

LARGE FIRST-CLASS FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE

FOR SALE, at great reduction from cost. Hall's patent vault with burglar-proof combination locks, in perfect order; outside measure 6 by 5½ feet, and 3½ feet depth; inside measure 5 by 4 feet, and 18 inches depth. Suitable for first-class banker, or for papers, books and records of the courts and officers of a county. Terms easy.

jy18 HENRY G. SMITH.

UNION IRON WORKS.

CUBBINS & GUNN,

166 and 174 Adams Street, Memphis, Tenn.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

MACHINERY,

Steam Engines (portable and stationary), Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Shaftings, Couplings Pulley Hangers, Etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Cotton Presses (McClermott's we make especially) Gearing, Pinions, Gudgeons, Bolts, Etc.

HOUSE AND JAIL WORK.—Columns, Lintels, Sills, Gratings, Sash Weights, Ventilato Cast and Wrought Iron Fences, Cast and Wrought Iron Cells and Vaults.

ALL KINDS OF STEAMBOAT WORK DONE PROMPTLY.

Orders for Brass and Iron Castings, and all kinds Wrought Iron Work solicited. Highest prices paid for Old Castings.

M. C. PEARCE. L. B. SUGGS.

PEARCE, SUGGS & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

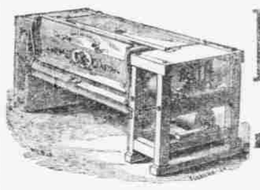
COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants.

258 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE OF COTTON



Eagle Cotton Gins.

PRICES REDUCED.

10-Inch Saws, $100,

12-Inch Saws, $150.

NEEDLE COTTON GINS, WRIGHT'S COTTON PRESS, FAIRBANK'S SCALES,

AMES' ENGINES, STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, RUBBER and LEATHER BELT.

WHITE, LANGSTAFF & CO.,

Hardware Dealers,

299 Main and 234 Front Sts. Memphis, Tenn.

J. E. RANDLE, Formerly of Randle & Heath. | J. W. HEATH. Formerly of Randle & Heath, and J. W. Heath & Co. | A. S. LIVERMORE, Formerly Gen'l Supt. M. & L. R. R., also M. & L. R. R. W.

CHICKASAW IRON WORKS

RANDLE, HEATH & LIVERMORE,

(Successors to J. W. Heath & Co.)

PROPRIETORS,

NO. 98 SECOND STREET, MEMPHIS.

MANUFACTURERS OF COTTON PRESSES, HORSE POWERS, GIN GEARING, IRON Buildings and Fronts, Air and Cellar Grating, all kinds Iron and Brass Castings.

Cook & Heath's Improved Jail Cells, Doors and Windows.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT WORK A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of Machinery Furnished and Repaired. Orders solicited and promptly executed Cash paid for old Iron, Brass and Copper.

POMEROYAL BAKING POWDER

MAKES rich, puffy pastry that is easily digested and is conducive to good health. It also saves milk, eggs and shortening, and it serves to lighten the cares of housekeeping. Bread, Cakes and Pastry made with it will cure dyspepsia and bring the bloom of health to the old and young. Housekeepers should recollect that it is the penny saved more than the penny earned that enriches. It is the damper of your stoves closed when the cooking is done that stops many unnecessary dollars from dropping into the ash pile. Therefore POMEROYAL BAKING POWDER has real merit and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is the BEST, CHEAPEST and most ECONOMICAL article ever invented for the purpose it is intended, it being 25 per cent. stronger than any other Baking Powder sold in this market, and is warranted perfectly pure and free from any deleterious substances. Try it and be convinced, we have the best. Price 50c per lb. or 3 lbs. for $1.

For Sale by the Manufacturers.

C. H. POMEROY & CO.,

Proprietors Memphis Tea Company. Steam Coffee and Spice Mills,

865 MAIN STREET.

C. W. GOYER & CO.

EXCLUSIVE WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

"ROOT OR DIE."

PRODUCTS,

226 & 228 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC., AT COST.

In order to reduce our stock previous to our annual stock-taking in July, we will sell

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC., AT COST FOR CASH.

This is an opportunity for those wanting first-class goods in our line to purchase at less prices than was ever offered in this city.

STOCK COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

BRYSON & CAMP,

228 MAIN STREET. 228

IRON

COTTON TIES.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN COTTON TIE COMPANY.,
No. 8 CARONDELET STREET,
NEW ORLEANS, June 16, 1875.

SPECIAL ARROW COTTON TIE NOTICE.

WE beg to inform the numerous friends and patrons of the ARROW TIE that owing to the high rate of gold and high rates of freight from Liverpool to New Orleans, we have this day advanced the price of our IRON COTTON TIES to five and one-half cents per pound.

PRICE LIST, JUNE 16, 1875, AT WAREHOUSE, NEW ORLEANS.

In lots under 500 Bundles	5 1-2 cts. per lb. net.		
In lots of 500 "	5 1-2 "	"	2½ off.
In lots of 1,000 " and over	5 1-2 "	"	5 " off.
Pieced Ties	3 1-2 "	"	net.

R. W. RAYNE & CO.,

Gen'l Agents American Cotton Tie Co., New Orleans.

SLEDGE, M'KAY & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Wholesale Grocers,

371 & 373 MAIN ST., MEMPHIS.

GULLETT'S

—CELEBRATED—

LIGHT DRAFT MAGNOLIA AND PELICAN

COTTON GINS AND GIN FEEDERS

Magnolia Gin, $1 per saw; Pelican Gin, $4 50 per saw.

DEERING HORSE POWER AND COLEMAN CORN AND WHEAT MILL.

GULLETT, ABY & CO., Agents,

No. 5 Madison street, up-stairs ; Memphis, Tennessee.

J. A. SHANE, DR. A. HARRIS. A. G. HARRIS

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants

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OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

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ARE prepared to handle WHEAT on commission. Sacks furnished on orders.

Notice to Merchants.

OFFICE OF CITY TAX-COLLECTOR,
MEMPHIS, TENN., August 10, 1875.

I AM now ready to receive the Tax on capital invested by Merchants, and will allow a discount of one and one-half per cent. per month from date of payment to January 10, 1876, and will receive in payment of the 1st, Police department and Fire department scrip.

FRED. C. SCHAPER,
au13 City Tax Collector.

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Offices and Yards, Foot Washington St

Salesroom, No. 4 Howard's Row.

Sawmills in Navy-Yard,

MEMPHIS : TENNESSEE

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Wallace & Gibson was dissolved by mutual consent on the 16th day of July, 1875, S. H. Gibson having sold his entire interest to R. D. Wallace, who assumes all liabilities, and is alone authorized to collect outstanding accounts due said firm.

R. D. WALLACE.
August 4, 1875. S. H. GIBSON.

NEW FIRM.

R. D. WALLACE & CO.,

(Successors to Wallace & Gibson).

MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriages, Buggies, Spring and Farm Wagons, Cotton Scale Frames, Cotton Trucks, Etc.,

Nos. 387 and 389 Second St.,

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1875 FALL. 1875

We will have our Fall Stock complete by first of September, and will have large and complete assortments of Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Dress Goods, White Goods, etc., which we will offer at prices that will please the most exacting. We sell to Merchants only.

WM. R. MOORE & CO.,

15 Union St., Memphis, Tenn.

NEW FIRM.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED ourselves together under the name and style of STANTON, POTTER & CO., for the purpose of doing a Wholesale Grocery, Provision and General Commission business. We have engaged the services of Mr. W. S. Staley, late with D. H. Townsend, to take charge of the office. Would solicit, and will make liberal advances, prompt sales and returns on consignments. Bringing, as we do, an experience of over a quarter of a century in a similar line of business in this city, think we know the wants of the trade, and are entitled to a share of consideration from purchasers in our line, and would ask that they call upon us on or about September first, when we propose having a complete stock of staple Groceries and Provisions. No. 274 Front street, between Madison and Court.

J. S. STANTON,
CHAS. POTTER.

MEMPHIS, July 13, 1875. jy14

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THIS institution will re-open its classes, on

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EMINENCE COLLEGE.—Delightfully located on the L., C. & L. R. R., 46 miles from Louisville; affords rare advantages to persons having daughters to educate. Apply for catalogues to W. S. GILTNER, President,

jy17 eod Eminence, Ky.

ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL.—(Law Department of Washington University.)—The regular annual term of this law School will open on Wednesday, October 13, 1875. Full course, two terms, six months each. Students admitted to the Senior Class, on examination, by application on or before October 12th. Tuition, $50 first year, $40 second year, including use of Library. For particulars address

G. M. STEWART, Dean of Law Faculty,

jy18 eod 203 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

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