MEMPHIS APPEAL

FRIDAY, : : SEPTEMBER 24, 1875.

SENSIBLE TALK.

The Washington *Chronicle* takes a malicious delight in tantalizing the southern people. It seems interested in their prosperity, and gives much good advice as to the promotion of their material interests; then again it grossly misrepresents them. In commenting on an article in the APPEAL a few days since, the *Chronicle* says: "It always affords us pleasure to agree with our southern cotemporaries, and especially with those journals which are laboring to promote the material interests of that section. The Memphis APPEAL noticing an article which appeared in the *Chronicle*, in reference to 'small farms,' contains an article full of sound truth, and the south cannot too soon realize it, and put it into practice. And then, in another article in the same issue, it gives good advice to both whites and blacks." After republishing several extracts from the APPEAL, the *Chronicle* says: "If the southern press were filled with such teachings as the above, and less devoted to such political doctrines as States rights, how much wiser would it prove itself, and how greatly it would benefit its section. Whenever the great landowners of the south shall manifest an honest disposition to throw open their lands to settlement, encourage immigration, and welcome with open arms all who may be disposed to settle among them, a changed state of affairs will occur, and the south will, in a few years, regain in population and wealth all that she lost during the war. We have said this before, but it will bear repeating. The true wealth of the country lies in its lands, and the more they are cultivated, and their value enhanced, the richer will be the whole country. In no better way can this development take place, or be made more effective, than by creating a class of small farmers, who, owning the lands upon which they reside, will not only labor to bring them into the highest state of cultivation and productiveness, but become permanent, intelligent and useful citizens. In the south, especially, is it desirable that the colored race, which has heretofore constituted the laboring agricultural class, should be thus permanently located. The man, white or black, who owns a home, we care not how small it may be in extent, becomes a fixture to the soil; every hour of labor he devotes to it, not only increases its value, but tends to add to his attachment to it, and he is, in this way, elevated in the social and political scale. In order to make most men respectable, you must make them realize that they possess something, and that that something must be guarded, improved and protected. We venture the assertion that if every man in the south, no matter what his complexion, owned his own cabin and garden-patch, we should hear fewer complaints of petty larceny, and it would not be so difficult as it now is to raise stock and poultry in the south. The true solution of the difficulties under which the south is now laboring in regard to the labor question, lies in encouraging every laboring man to acquire a home of his own, and by this means giving him a 'local habitation and a name.' Homes and work for all, white or black, should be the policy of the south, and we are glad to hail and encourage every expression in the southern press favorable to that policy."

CONTINENTAL MONEY.

Whatever may be said of our currency, it cannot be denied that it contrasts most favorably with that which we had after our revolutionary war. There are many people living who remember, and have used for currency, the old continental notes. Their mechanical execution was of the rudest kind, and the paper on which they were printed hardly up to the cheaper kinds now used for weekly country journals. At one time, in the history of the revolutionary war, they had an inforced valuation, which never stood, however, very high in the stock rate of percentages. A few years after the war, their depreciation was so great that congress was obliged to pay out $40 in notes for $1 in specie. It kept on decreasing in value until it reached $500 for $1, and finally $1000 for $1. The last holders were more fortunate than the first or intermediate ones, for in 1788 the national debt was funded, and these notes rose to near par, which enabled many persons to realize fortunes on them. The whole amount issued during the war was $400,000,000, but the collections made by the government in various ways cancelled about one-half the debt, so that the maximum of valuation at no time exceeded $200,000,000. The dates of several of the issues were as follows: In June, 1775, the first emission was made of $2,000,000. Before the close of that year, $3,000,000 were issued. In May, 1776, $5,000,000 were issued; in the autumn of the same year, $5,000,000, and in December, $5,000,000 additional. In the meantime the power of taxing was virtually denied to the Confederation. They could only recommend the measures to the States. A debt of less than four hundred millions bankrupted the national treasury, and left the government without credit and with extremely limited resources. Now the same government owes a debt of near two thousand millions.

GENERAL GORDON ON CARPETBAGGERS.

The New York *Herald*, in commenting on the speech of General Gordon at Holly Springs, a few weeks since, says: "At a Democratic meeting at Holly Springs, in Mississippi, on Monday, Senator Gordon, of Georgia, it is reported, urged the negroes to join the Democrats and help them to 'drive out the carpetbaggers.' He meant, we suppose, to expel them from power in the State; and we refer to his remarks only to say that he blunders in his denunciation of 'carpetbaggers,' which is a term applied in Mississippi to all northern men. The present State government of Mississippi is corrupt and inefficient to the utmost degree, and all good citizens should be brought together for its overthrow at the polls. But the State contains a large number of northern men, 'carpetbaggers,' so-called, who are men of substance, honest and honorable in all the relations of life. It is rank folly in the Democrats to repel these from their party by such foolish denunciations as this of Senator Gordon." In these comments the *Herald* does General Gordon gross injustice. Neither General Gordon nor the people of Mississippi entertain any hostility toward any man on account of his birth. General Quitman was a northern man, and he was beloved and honored by the people of Mississippi. Ex-Governor Charles Clarke was born in a northern State, and he is one of the cherished idols of Mississippi. Some of the best men in our sister state are from the north, and they have the esteem and respect of all. But the people of Mississippi and the whole south are hostile to the native scalawag and the carpetbagger, who conspire with the negroes to place thieves in office to rob and plunder the tax-payers. This is the class of people to whom General Gordon alluded; a class that the *Herald* has denounced for years. They are the cause of all the troubles that beset the south. As General J. A. Early said in a recent letter: "We are often charged with being in a chronic state of rebellion, because we have not received with open arms, and admitted to our firesides, the adventurers commonly called carpetbaggers, who came among us while our legitimate State governments were superseded by military satrapies, in order that they might plunder us by arraigning against us the whole of the negro race, upon whose ignorance and passions they have so operated as to succeed, with the aid of a few renegade native whites, in establishing, in some of the States of the south, governments which are a disgrace to the whole country and to civilization. These people, the carpetbaggers and scalawags, have done far more mischief than bands of incendiaries, robbers, and burglars could possibly have done, and yet they have been sustained by the whole power of the Federal government, civil and military. As well ask the citizen of Boston to receive into his family the incendiary or burglar who prowls around his house at night, as require of us that we shall extend the right hand of fellowship to our plunderers."

THE OUTRAGE-MILL WON'T GRIND.

The outrage-mill has ceased to grind since the retirement of Landaulet Williams from Grant's cabinet. The crank is lost, the hopper is empty, the cogs are broken, and the wheels are rusty. Poor, contemptible Ames has made an effort to repair and run the machine, but has been forced to abandon the job. Even the Radical papers are sneering at him. The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says: "It is very unfortunate for Governor Ames that his telegram explaining the necessity for Federal interference was not published as soon as it was received, its tardy appearance reviving and justifying all the cruel things that have been said about it. It was cruel in the public to enjoy the President's significant remark that 'the whole people are tired of these annual autumnal outbreaks at the south,' without knowing that Ames had directly invited it by saying: 'The violence is incident to the political contest preceding the pending election,' though perhaps the reception of the telegram itself would have been a greater cruelty than any comment on it could be. A governor of a State who puts himself on the defense before he is accused, and who expresses himself perfectly willing to shoulder the responsibility for the President's actions when he is not able to stand the responsibility for his own actions, is not exactly a grand or admirable figure. The closing declaration of Ames: 'I am powerless to protect them,' may not be a good reason for Grant's stepping in, but to a good many people it will read like a good reason for Ames's stepping out." This is a severe rebuke from a Radical paper. The outrage business was a failure in Maine, and it will not succeed in Mississippi. Ames flattered himself into the belief that he had only to telegraph to the President, and as in Louisiana, the people of Mississippi would be placed at the mercy of a military chieftain, who telegraphed the President that the only remedy he could devise was to treat the citizens as "banditti," and hunt them down like beasts without the form of law. Ames had reason to believe that he would be sustained, for the cabinet returned an answer to Sheridan, saying, "We approve of all you have done!" And General Grant, when forced to give information to congress, said that although "General Sheridan's suggestions could not be carried out, yet if they could be there would soon be an end to all disturbance." These facts furnished Ames with a precedent for the demand he made on the President. But the administration, for once, moved by the indignation of the people, said to the carpetbag governor of Mississippi: "The whole people are tired of these autumnal outbreaks in the south." Since the refusal to send troops to Mississippi, every thing has been lovely and serene. Ames will sell his outrage-mill dirt cheap.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION IN NEW JERSEY.

The following are the majorities by counties in New Jersey on the school question. It was on a proposed amendment to the State constitution prohibiting any diversion of the public-school funds for the support of sectarian schools, or the levying of any taxes for that purpose. The Republicans and the Protestant Democrats and the liberal Catholics generally supported the amendment; the great masses of Catholics and a sprinkling of sectarian Protestants voted against it and for a division of the school funds among the sects. The vote was:

Counties.	Maj. for amd't.
Atlantic	567
Bergen	1,949
Burlington	2,801
Camden	2,214
Cape May	381
Cumberland	2,291
Essex	6,902
Gloucester	1,885
Hudson	
Hunterdon	2,451
Mercer	3,935
Middlesex	1,243
Monmouth	1,746
Morris	3,483
Ocean	469
Passaic	1,266
Salem	1,752
Somerset	1,303
Sussex	965
Union	3,239
Warren	3,014
Total	45,762

Hudson gave 188 majority against the first amendment, the only county that gave an adverse vote, reducing the aggregate majority to 43,314.

Speaking of the APPEAL's article relative to the impaired caste of Ames, the Meridian Gazette says: "He never had a great amount of caste at the national capital to lose. He has lost the little that he did have there and everywhere else. And the blood of twenty-five or thirty negroes, called for by him, hasn't benefitted the Republican party much after all. He is losing caste with the colored element, and it will not be long before he will lose caste with the army of carpetbaggers. The man is in a fair way to stand alone, deserted and despised by everybody, or to revive the historic episode of Actæon, and be hunted down and devoured by his own dogs."

Says the Kosciusko Star: The most encouraging news reaches us from glorious old Leake. She is in a blaze of political glory. A friend informs us that all the white Radicals in that county can be counted upon the fingers by going over them once. Even the nest-eggs of Radicalism in that county have been broken, and the old Radical goose left to set upon the *stony* feelings of an indignant people until she becomes too poor to cast a shadow.

MISSISSIPPI NEWS.

Democrats, register.

Kosciusko has a Philharmonic club.

Meridian will have a grand ball next month.

Kosciusko has organized a big Democratic club.

The "Golden Age" is the name of a Meridian saloon.

Hawe is *Ames*. If not, what aims has he other than a third term?

The Democrats should remember that "independent candidates" are radicals in disguise.

You cannot vote unless you register. Remember this, Democrats, and register promptly.

Negroes in large numbers are constantly joining the Democratic clubs in Hinds county.

Meridian is to have a chain-gang, and the Gazette is going to publish the names of all offenders.

Colonel S. S. Calhoun is to edit the Canton *Mail* during the political campaign.

Did you ever hear of so many *Radical* changes? Now what will Mrs. Partington say?

Judge J. B. Deason and W. L. Mitchell have retired from the Brookhaven *Citizen*, which henceforth will be edited by Mr. Sagendorph.

The Attala county Radicals held a convention, but found it "inexpedient" to make any nominations. They thereby concede their defeat.

Another Radical newspaper has ceased to be an organ of that party. The Brandon Argus has been purchased by J. M. Wells, and is now a Democratic journal.

Radical clubs are ineffectual to secure victory in the approaching elections, and they now ask for bayonets, to terrify and drive the people from the polls.

Among the features of the recent State grange meeting, at Kosciusko, was organ music by the skillful touch of an accomplished lady, Mrs. J. T. Aby, of Clairborne county.

Fewell, the Democratic candidate in the district of Lauderdale and Clark, will probably be elected by one thousand majority. That *fact* will make a hot fire for Radicalism.

The Mississippi Radicals are full of despair. The Meridian *Gazette* says: The Republican clubs of Hinds county are dissolving, like the Republican party, and vanishing into cotton-fields and thin air. We understand Captain Fisher expressed himself as favoring the policy of allowing the election to go by default.

Kosciusko Star: The most encouraging accounts reach us from all parts of the State. There is very little doubt of the Democratic-Conservative party having a good majority on joint ballot in the next legislature, and gaining one or more congressmen. Roll on the ball, and let every member of our party look well to his duty.

The November elections will end Radicalism in Mississippi, for defeat is already acknowledged by the Columbus Press, a Republican organ, which, in speaking of the Starkville convention, says: "Another congressional district has joined with the second and fourth in writing the destruction of the Republican party of Mississippi."

Kosciusko Star: There is now scarcely a day that a few bales of new cotton cannot be seen on our streets, indicating that the new season will soon be open in earnest. Our merchants, most of whom have been carrying a heavy load of credit business during the long summer, are beginning to feel better, and to look forward to a busy season.

E. C. DANIEL, President. J. A. HAYES, Jr., Cashier.

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ECHOL ACADEMY
WILL be opened on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, under the charge of Mrs. Georgia Murray, formerly Miss Georgia Sharpe. For terms, apply at the residence, corner Echol and Elliott's streets.

PLANTERS' BANK OF TENNESSEE
BY an Order of the Chancery Court of Davidson county, Tennessee, the remaining Assets of the Planters' Bank will be sold, for cash, in October and November next, to close the trust. Sales will take place as follows:
At the Courthouse door Nashville, at 11 o'clock, October 20, 1875.
At the Courthouse door Memphis, at 11 o'clock, October 6, 1875.
Lands in Texas, at Marshall and Galveston, October 6, 1875.
Lands in Mississippi, at Vicksburg, October 6, 1875.
One tract of land in Kentucky, at Danville, Kentucky, November 6, 1875.
☞ For full particulars, apply for printed schedule to D. WEAVER, Trustee and Receiver
NASHVILLE, Sept. 1, 1875. sep3-d&w

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B. P. SMITH & CO.,
Produce & Commission Merchants
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THE Largest Stock of these goods in the South, and selling as cheap as any other house. Call and examine goods and prices at my old stand,
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GROCER
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
No. 268 Front St., Memphis.
Successors to Farrington & Howell, which firm was dissolved January 1, 1871.

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Hardware, Cutlery, Guns,
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Gullett's Steel Brush Gins, Cotton Bloom Gins, Deering Horse Engines, Belting, Tenn'ee Plantation Wagons, Bradford's Grist Mills, Marvin's Fire Proof Safes, Bolting Cloths.
We have now in store a most complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, just received from the manufacturers, and offer same at prices that will compare favorably with any of the eastern cities. Our stock is large and varied. Merchants desiring to supply themselves will do well to examine our extensive assortment and low prices.
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FIRE ASSOCIATION, of Philadelphia, Pa., with Cash Assets January 1, 1875: $3,098,691 43.
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Custom Work a Specialty, and Repairing Neatly Done.

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Bet. Monroe and Union : Memphis, Tenn.

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REGULAR NOMINATIONS.
FOR PRESIDENT—J. T. Pettit.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENTS—J. M. Pettigrew, W. W. Guy, Wm. Joyner, Elias Lowenstein, J. M. Goodbar.
FOR TREASURER—Jno. T. Willins.
COMMITTEE ON APPEALS—H. T. Ellett, Jno. K. Speed, J. H. Martin, Z. N. Estes, J. J. Steele, J. M. James, Colton Greene.
The Nominating Committee, consisting of Messrs. S. H. Dunscomb, C. G. Fisher, J. C. Fizer, N. M. Jones, Isaac Schwab, G. V. Rambaut and Jerome Hill, having reported the foregoing nominations, all members are hereby notified that an election will be held on MONDAY, SEPT. 27TH, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., for the selection of a President, Five Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, and Committee on Appeals, to serve the ensuing year.
Committee to Conduct Election—Messrs. R. L. Coffin, W. H. Moore, A. G. Tuther.
Official: JNO. S. TOOF, Secretary.

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	Leaves.	Arrives.
Mail train, daily	11:00 a.m	3:20 p.m
Express train, daily	3:40 a.m	12:10 a.m
Somerville train, daily (except Sundays)	4:50 p.m	8:05 a.m

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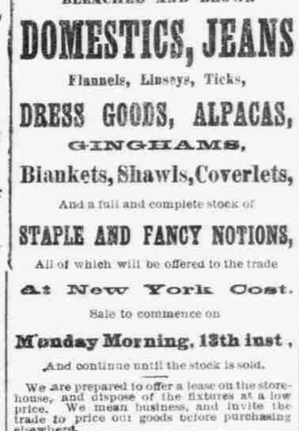
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STAPLE AND FANCY NOTIONS,
All of which will be offered to the trade
At New York Cost.
Sale to commence on
Monday Morning, 13th inst.,
And continue until the stock is sold.
We are prepared to offer a lease on the store-house, and dispose of the fixtures at a low price. We mean business, and invite the trade to price our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
Special inducements offered to Cash buyers.
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FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER, STOMACH AND SPLEEN.
It is eminently a Family Medicine, and by being kept ready for immediate resort, will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills. After over Forty Years trial it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend it as the most EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC for Constipation, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, despondency, gloom and forebodings of evil, all of which are the offspring of a Diseased Liver. If you feel Dull, Drowsy, Debilitated, have frequent Headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently. The Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue.
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The symptoms of Liver Complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved.
Nearly all diseases originate from indigestion and Torpidity of the Liver, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Want of action in the liver causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Chills, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Depression of Spirits, or the Blues, and a hundred other symptoms, for which SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered. Such mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way. It has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its being the purest and best.
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"I think Simmons' Liver Regulator one of the best medicines ever made for the Liver. My wife and many others have used it with wonderful effect."—E. N. SPARKS, Albany, Ga.
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"I have used the Regulator in my family, and also in my regular practice, and have found it a most valuable and satisfactory medicine, and believe it it was used by the profession it would be of service in very many cases. I know very much of its component parts, and can certify its medicinal qualities are perfectly harmless."—B. F. GUINOS, M. D. Macon Ga.
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"The Regulator was used by me for costiveness, and had a very happy effect, and that, in my opinion, the same is a good medicine. —J. A. FURLOW, Esq., Americus, Ga.
EDITORIAL.
"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We have tried forty other remedies before Simmons' Liver Regulator but none of them gave us more than temporary relief; but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—Ed. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.
MEDICAL.
"I have used Simmons' Liver Regulator as prepared by Zeilin & Co., with the happiest results. I regard it as one of the very best medicines for all Diseases of the Liver of our southern climate."—JOHN A. VIDAL, M. D., Vallambrosa, Ga.
"I have suffered for a long time with Liver Disease, and found Simmons' Regulator entirely restored me. My wife and daughter were cured, by the same remedy, from Chills and Fever."—G. L. DAVIS, Bibb county, Ga.
PROFESSIONAL.
"From actual experience in the use of this medicine in my practice, I have been, and am, satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine."—Dr. J. W. MASON.
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"I have used Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator for Liver Disease and was cured by it."—I. W. GOFF, Bibb county, Ga.
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