MEMPHIS APPEAL

—BY—

GALLAWAY & KEATING.

282 SECOND STREET.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

DAILY:

One copy, one month, by mail	$1 00
One copy, one year, by mail	10 00
One copy, six months, by mail	5 00
One copy, one week, in city	25
One copy, one month, in city	1 10

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First insertion, per square	$1 00
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To Contributors and Correspondents: We solicit letters and communications upon subjects of general interest, but such must always be accompanied by a responsible name.

We will not return rejected communications.

All letters, communications, or anything else for the APPEAL, should be addressed

GALLAWAY & KEATING,
Memphis, Tenn.

M. C. GALLAWAY, J. M. KEATING.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

THURSDAY, : JANUARY 13, 1876.

THE UNCONQUERABLE DEMOCRACY.

Everywhere the Democratic party is organizing for victory. Good men, patriots opposed to corrupt Radicalism, have tried other expedients to save the country, but they have been forced to return to the Democratic party, and to confess that there is safety in no other organization. The tax-ridden people of South Carolina, for ten years, have scrupulously ignored the name of Democrat. They have sought to defeat the plunderers as Conservatives, Liberal Republicans, Reformers and the People's party; but constant, unbroken, invariable defeat has been the result. As the last and only alternative, the people of South Carolina have lifted up the Democratic banner. They embrace the Democratic party as the mother embraces her child, whose imperfections she forgets in the nobility of his character. The Pagan welcomes the sun, unmindful of the spots on his disc, and the ruined and plundered people of South Carolina are at last forced to welcome the abused and repudiated Democracy as their only hope. The State Democratic executive committee of South Carolina have issued a patriotic address, in which they say:

The State central executive committee of the Democratic party do not deem it necessary to publish any lengthy statement of the reasons which induced them to meet at this time. It is sufficient to say that events with which the people of the State are painfully familiar, made it indispensable that the organization of the Democratic party in South Carolina should be revived, as the speediest and most practicable means of bringing together our hitherto scattered forces, and of concentrating them in the struggle into which we are forced for the maintenance of liberty and law in the State. Thus it has become the duty of the State committee to take such steps as will enable the people of the State to begin the work of party reorganization at once, and make it thorough and complete. In the contest in which we are about to engage we must win. Defeat cannot be borne. Success, however, cannot be expected to crown our labors unless there be absolute unity in the Democratic party, together with such discipline as will insure the prompt and efficient execution of its policy when declared. From our adversaries must we learn, at last, the lesson of organization and activity. When the agencies on which society relies for the conservation of its varied interests menace those interests with destruction, and threaten a whole people with ruin, politics are no longer a matter of sentiment in which the citizen is free to engage or not, according to his tastes. Upon the management of our political affairs depends the security of property, as well as the safety of person. By political movements alone can the purification the State government be accomplished. Only through political instrumentalities can honesty, fidelity and capability regain a preponderating influence in the councils of the State. To politics then, for their own salvation, must the people of South Carolina now address themselves with the vigor, the persistency and the systematic endeavor which mark their conduct in business. It would not be wise to declare a policy before the party, which shall give effect to it, is ready for both deliberation and action. The officers must not be chosen until the rank and file of the political army shall have been mustered in and trained. There should be, in fine, such organization in each ward, township and county, that when the State convention shall assemble, it shall represent, by its delegates, the known wishes, opinions and purposes of the organized Democracy of the State. Then will its voice be the voice of the people; its determination thelis; its fight their battle. To such organization, searching and far-reaching, should the people of the State without delay address themselves. Without it the State cannot be saved. The State convention, when it shall assemble, will determine authoritatively the policy of the party; and by the decision of that convention shall we all be bound. As, however, the Democratic party, as such, has had no active existence in South Carolina for some years, the State committee desire to say emphatically that, in recommending its instant and comprehensive organization, their sole purpose is to obtain an honest and economical government in South Carolina, which shall maintain, without abridgement or change, the public rights and liberties of the whole people, and guarantee to all classes of citizens the blessings of freedom, justice and peace. And in this crisis in the constitutional life of the State, when civilization itself is in peril, we look for and confidently expect to receive the sympathy and aid of every citizen whose aims and desires are like unto our own. Therefore the State executive committee earnestly advise the people of the State to reorganize thoroughly the Democratic party, in preparation for the State Democratic convention, which will meet at a time and place to be hereafter designated by this committee.

This is a noble tribute to the Democratic party. The prodigals, after trying every other organization, are forced to return to the only organization which has the will and the power to save them. The Democratic party may not be strong enough to rescue South Carolina from the rule of the robbers, but we predict it will develop more strength than the mongrel organization which has fought Radicalism under the Conservative, Liberal Republican, or Reform banner. The Democracy of Texas have washed their hands of all fusions and combinations, and Democracy is the symbol by which they propose to fight and conquer Radicalism. From every section we see indications of a thorough Democratic organization. The lesson taught in the last canvass for the Presidency serves as a beacon-light to warn the party from running into breakers. Everywhere, as in South Carolina, thousands of good men, disgusted with the corruptions and rapacity of the Radical party, are joining the Democracy, determined to bring about a change of administration as the only means whereby to secure peace to the country and honesty in the management of public affairs. Judge Flippin is a Democrat, nominated by a Democratic convention called by Democrats, and it is the duty of every Democrat, whether foreign or native-born, to give him a cordial support to-day. His triumphant election will demoralize the Radicals and secure to the Democrats an easy victory in August and November. A triumph of League to-day will inspire the Radicals with hope and enthusiasm. Barbour Lewis will again erect his hated front as a candidate for congress, and commence anew his work of devilry. While the Democratic party is organizing everwhere, and moving on from victory to victory in other States, it is not possible for the Radicals of Democratic Memphis to win their first victory in the great battle to be fought in 1876.

VOTE FOR JOHN R. FLIPPIN.

On the day of election it is the custom of the press, in short articles and in long ones, to cry in big black letters, "To the polls! To the polls!" "Vote early, and see that your neighbor votes!" In the election to-day we feel that there is no necessity for resorting to this stale clap-trap. During the canvass ample opportunity has been given for acquainting the public with the two candidates for mayor of Memphis. It is therefore the work of supererogation at this late day, when the polls are about to open and the grand result to be determined in a few hours, to admonish good citizens of their duty or reiterate the counsels that we have repeatedly uttered in their ears week after week since the opening of the campaign. Every citizen of Memphis, no doubt, has clearly made up his mind by this time how he ought to vote. It is proper, nevertheless to remind them once again of the grave importance attaching to this election. Judge Flippin is a model in all that constitutes the useful citizen. He proposes, as mayor of Memphis, to inaugurate economy and reform, and to do something toward relieving the people of their burdens and the extinguishment of the city indebtedness. Besides this, the result will have some political bearing. This is the day that virtually ushers in the coming Presidential struggle, so far as Memphis is concerned. While the Democrats and all good citizens opposed to Radical corruption may reasonably anticipate a victory, they should enter the contest with an energy and zeal that they would bestow upon a more doubtful contest—not with the view to achieve simply a victory, but with a heroic resolve to make that victory as commanding and impressive as possible, and an event of such proportions as to insure national attention and national importance. Nothing is wanting to a sweeping triumph, such as will seal the hopeless minority of Radicalism in Memphis for all time to come, but persistent and well-directed action on the part of Democrats and every good citizen who desires to secure honest government. Let us pronounce by our votes to-day against the centralized power at Washington, which is now aiming to capture Memphis as the first fruits of the impending national campaign.

THE GHOSTS AGAIN.

Livingston Made to Disgorge in Houston, Texas—His Reception in New Orleans—Mrs. Miller's Wonders.

EDITORS APPEAL—The following letter may be of some interest to your readers:

"NEW ORLEANS, January 7, 1876.

"Dr. or Mrs. Watson:

DEAR FRIENDS—A report has just reached me that Dr. Watson and Dr M'Fall, while testing Mrs. Miller's mediumship, proved her to be a fraud and a humbug. I cannot believe this to be true. Please reply at once and inform me. If Dr. Watson is in Arkansas, will some one who knows respond by return mail? Livingston, who exhibited Sunday evening in Memphis, was caught in Houston, Texas, and made to disgorge every penny that he received at the door. He came very near being mobbed here in New Orleans. Most cordially thine, J. M. PEEBLES."

I have nothing to do with Mr. Livingston, but feel that it is due Mrs. Miller to state what are the facts in regard to our "testing her mediumship." Dr. M'Fall and myself, on Friday night, confined her so that it was impossible for her to move without our knowing it. In addition to the tying, we nailed her dress all around to the floor securely. She was dressed in a dark dress. We stuck a pin in the floor between her feet, so that if she moved them it would be knocked down. Soon after this was done a lady draped in white walked out on the platform, came down the steps on the floor, walked about the room near us, taking a chair up to the platform; took another chair in her hands, stepped up on one, holding the other as high as she could reach. Several came out and talked to us in a clear, distinct voice. Among other things, one of them asked for a coat that was hanging on a chair. We gave it to her, when she laid a chair on the platform, spread the coat on it, and lay down upon it; with other things too tedious to mention. However, I will state that at one time a woman was standing on one side of the platform. My former wife, pointing to her, said, "Do you see that woman standing there?" She came off the platform, came up to me, took a chair, and sat down by me, I feeling of her face and hands and talking to her as in earth-life. She has held the front curtains up and told us to look and see that Mrs. Miller was there in the chair, entranced. At another time several of them brought Mrs. Miller out in the rocking-chair, so that all could see there was no "humbug" about the matter. On one occasion she asked me if I remembered a green silk dress I gave her soon after we were married. I replying in the affirmative, she said: "I will give you a piece of it." Retiring for a few moments, she came out dressed in green, and gave me a piece of green silk which she had cut out of it, as she did out of a white dress a few afternoons previous, while I was holding her and feeling of her dress. Many similar things have been done under strict test conditions. Suffice it to say, in conclusion, after all was over, Mrs. Miller's dress was nailed fast to the floor, so that it had to be torn loose, the pin sticking just where we put it. There is no one more deeply interested in this city than I am in exposing everything that is not genuine, and whenever I detect anything that savors in the least of fraud, the public shall know it, if you will do as you have always done, publish what I write for the APPEAL. You, Mr. Keating, have been with me often enough to know that Mrs. Miller is incapable of deceiving anyone, and that it is utterly impossible for her to do what you and I have seen done at her seances near two years ago. They are now much more demonstrative than when we tested them. Excuse this hasty scroll, and believe me to be yours for truth and justice, SAMUEL WATSON.

[Mr. Keating reported the performances at two of Mrs. Miller's seances held at the Gayoso house two years ago, but he did not commit himself thereby to spiritualism as Dr. Watson believes it, and as he seems to conclude, or to Mrs. Miller's reliability as a medium. He simply reported what he had seen, and described the room, the medium and the results.—EDS. APPEAL.]

UTAH.

The Message of Governor George W. Emery—A Document Worthy of Careful Reading and Reflection.

Polygamy—Its Evil Effects upon the Present Population and that to Come—It Must be Suppressed.

SALT LAKE, January 11.—The message of Governor George W. Emery was read to the Territorial legislature this evening. The value of the various ores mined in Utah during the past year amounted to seven millions; advises geological surveys and the establishment of a geological and mineralogical museum; advises an appropriation to the Centennial, and calls attention to the necessity of establishing a system of free schools in the Territory. The legislature in former years has done something toward establishing a school system, but left it discretionary with the different counties to say whether they would have schools or not, and as was expected the counties needing schools the most took the least interest in them, and one-half the children in Utah have been deprived of any of the benefits of the law; urges the improvement of highways under charge of the Territory commission; calls attention to the law by which all votes are numbered and the name of the person voting written opposite the registration of votes as not objectionable, but the marking of each vote to show for whom each person voteda as objectionable and offensive, and the subject of much unfriendly criticism within and without the Territory, and it should be repealed. This law is regarded as inimical to republican government and in the interest of the church, so potent in the State, and leaves its members no choice but to vote the ticket prepared for them; calls for a reorganization of the judicial districts, as for four-fifths of the legal business now done in the third district (Salt Lake) no provision is made for the compensation of Territorial officers, leaving them at the mercy of the legislature for appropriations, which it is asked to remedy. It is asked that claimants for divorce shall be required to become residents of the Territory; and calls for a law against incest. There has been no legislation in this Territory in regard to marriage; of who shall perform the ceremony. The legislature is advised to ask for a general law in regard to irrigation; calls attention to the law by which illegitimate children and their mothers inherit from the father, whether acknowledged by him or not. A peculiar characteristic of the condition of the Territory, and one that is affecting the interests of the people, is polygamy. In meeting this question openly and fairly, I can but regard it as a crime prohibited by the laws of our country, and that it does violence to the accepted principles of christianity. The country at large recognizes it as a blot upon our civilization. Our national congress has enacted laws for its punishment and to prevent its continuance. Up to the present these laws have not been practically enforced, and I am led to believe that polygamy, or plural marriages, are of as frequent occurrence as at any time in the history of the Territory. However this may be I have not the means of knowing, as these marriage ceremonies are performed by the church, and are only known to its members. I am sensible how delicate my duty becomes, under existing circumstances, when the gentlemen whom I have the honor of addressing, with a single exception, believe and may practice it from a sense of professed religious right. It appears to me, and must be apparent to all that the law should be expunged from the statutes or made operative. It will be gratifying if this body shall enact such legislation as will prevent its extension, and will adopt such measure as look to a fair and impartial settlement of this subject. We should remember that Utah is not a secluded portion of the United States; that this Territory was acquired from a foreign power, like other parts of the country, with the money and by the valor of American arms; that distance and deserts have been annihilated by the construction and operation of the Pacific rail roads; and that to-day we are as much an integral part of this great republic as any other section, and that we are bound, as good citizens, to obey the laws of our common country, whether they are in accordance with our views of justice or not; otherwise we ignore the constituted authority, and place ourselves beyond the pale and protection of the government.

GREETING.

The Lone Star Beams Sympathetically on the Pelican.

[New Orleans Picayune, 8th.]

The following telegraphic communication was received yesterday by Major Moncure:

GALVESTON, January 6, 1876.

To the Secretary of the Democratic Convention, New Orleans:

The following resolution was this day unanimously adopted by the Democratic convention:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Texas, in State convention assembled at Galveston, tender the Democracy of Louisiana, in State convention assembled at New Orleans, their warmest congratulations in their efforts to rescue the Pelican State from their oppressive Radical rule. In their good work, commenced in this Centennial year, we one and all wish them God-speed.

Resolved, That the secretary of this convention telegraph this resolution to the State convention now sitting at New Orleans. W. L. CHALMERS, Dem. Convention, Galveston, Texas.

To which Hon. John C. Moncure, president of the State convention of Louisiana, returned the following reply:

NEW ORLEANS, January 7, 1876.

To the Democratic Convention of Texas, Galveston, Texas.

Your resolution by telegraph received after adjournment. Accept the thanks of Louisiana for your kindly sympathies. Our best wishes for the Lone Star State. JOHN C. MONCURE, President Dem-Con. Con. of Louisiana.

NEWS ITEMS.

A message under the sea, by telegraph, can be well expressed by the compound word *mare*, "the sea," and *scriptum*, "a writing"—"marescript" or "marischpt."

The London *Globe* reports great activity in the English government dockyards, and activity in the English yards is a very different thing to what it is in this country. At least it signifies something more than a raid upon the treasury or the bollot-box.

The city of Dublin took measures recently to perpetuate the memory of the great Grattan. A bronze statue of the barrister was set up in front of the Parliament house, and a monster procession paraded the streets. Of course some people saw in all this a demonstration in behalf of Irish independence, and declined to participate.

A novel clock has recently been placed in the tower of the Albany (New York) savings bank. By an ingenious arrangement the dial is illuminated by a gas burner, lighted automatically at early evening twilight, and extinguished at daylight. This is accomplished by means of the mechanism itself, without the attention of any person; and what is still more wonderful, although the time of daylight varies very greatly from month to month, the clock lights the gas at precisely the proper time from day to day.

On the first day of the year the provisions of the postal union went into effect. Several months ago a postal agreement was entered into between Russia, Turkey, Egypt, Switzerland, Italy, France, Germany, Austria, England, Spain and the United States, fixing the rates of postage between these countries. Every arrangement for the proposed change having been made, it was carried into effect last Saturday. On letters the rate of postage will be five cents for the half ounce; postal-cards will be two cents each; newspapers, not to exceed four ounces, two cents; and all other printed and miscellaneous matter two cents for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

The celebrated land case, wherein the heirs of Captain Joseph Valliere are claimants to a million of acres in the southern part of Missouri and the northern part of Arkansas, has been submitted to United States District-Judge Krekel, at Jefferson City, and he has reserved his decision until the first day of February next. The St. Louis *Republican's* special adds: "One of the principal points made by the defense is the nonconformity of the petition to the statute in that the description of the land claimed is not full enough. The plaintiffs claim the boundaries to be as fully set out as is possible from the Spanish grant, under which they claim. Judge Krekel will give the matter a thorough investigation, and for that purpose has taken the cause under advisement."

WATCHMAKER.

NOTICE.

F. J. BOWMANN
WATCHMAKER,
Has removed from the Gunsmith store to
188 Main Str't
(Four doors south of his old stand),
Where he will be pleased to see his friends.
Special attention given to difficult jobs for the trade. ja2

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Goods at Cost and Less than Cost
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B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.
Determined on Reducing our Immense Stock previous to our Annual "Stock-Taking" on February 1st, we have made another
"Sweeping Reduction."

PRINTS, Lower than Any House in the City,
200 pcs. yard wide Bleached Domestic, 7c. 200 pcs. Good Bed-Ticking, 12c.
500 pcs. better quality yard wide Bleached Domestic, 8½c.
1000 pcs. Plaid Osnaburgs, 9½c. 100 pcs. good Canton Flannel, 9c.
200 pcs. Cambric Muslin, 12c. 200 pcs. yard wide Printed Percale, 10c.
1000 pcs. All Wool Flannels at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c.
Former Prices 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.
200 pcs. Good Shaker Flannel at 25c, 35c, 40c and 50c.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTM'T.
Good 10 4 Bleached Sheeting, 25c per y'd. 45-inch Pillowcase Cotton, 15c per y'd.
Good 5-4 Pillowcase Cotton, 20c per y'd. Fine yard wide Bleached Domestic, 10c
Good 11-4 Honeycomb Quilts at $1 and $1 25 each.
Fine 11-4 Marseilles Toilet Quilts at $1 37½, $1 75, $2, $2 50 and $3.
Former Price $1 75, $2 75, $3, $3 50 and $5.
Huck Towels at 95c, $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50 and $3 per dozen.
Former Price $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 50, $3 and $4.
Damask Towels at $2 75, $3 50, $4 50 and $6 per dozen.
Former Price $3 50, $5, $6 and $8.
Bleached Linen Table Damask at 45c, 55c, 60c, 75c and $1 per yard.
Former Price 60c, 75c, $1, $1 25 and $1 50.
Irish Linens! Irish Linens for the Million!
RICHARDSON'S Genuine Belfast goods of our own Direct Importation. Read our Prices: 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c and 60c; worth 40c, 45c, 60c, 75c and 80c
5-4 and 6 4 Pillowcase Linens, 10 4 Linen Sheeting, superb lines of Table and Piano Covers, Table Oilcloths, and Lace and Damask Curtains proportionately reduced.
BLANKETS! BLANKETS!
10-4 White Wool Blankets $2 25 per pair and upward. Brown Blankets $1 25 per pair and up
COMFORTABLES AND COVERLETS at extraordinarily reduced prices.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT!
Handsome Plaid Dress Goods, 11½c.
Elegant and Choice Plaid Dress Goods, 20c 25c, 35c and 50c, worth double the money.
100 pcs. Black Cashmere, 75c per yard.
100 pcs. Black Mohair, 20c per yard.
100 pcs. fine Empress Cloth, 90c per yard.
100 pcs. good Twilled Serges, 20c per yard.
200 pcs. good Black Alpaca, 22½c to 25c per y'd.
200 pcs. fine Black Alpaca, 30c to 50c per yard.
100 pcs. Black Bombazine, 85c per yard.
50 pcs. good quality Gold Alpaca, 25c per y'd.
100 pcs. fine Satine Suiting, 50c per yard.
ALL DRESS GOODS AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.

SILK DEPARTMENT.
Black Gros Grain Silks
At 90c per yard worth $1. At $1 50 per yard worth $2.
At $1 per yard worth $1 25. At $1 75 per yard worth $2 50.
At $1 25 per yard worth $1 75. At $2 per yard worth $3.
Colored Silks and Evening Silks at Less than Cost. Brocaded Silks at Cost.
Striped Silks at 60c, 75c and $1. Beautiful Plaid Silks at $1.
Some Elegant Evening Silks, Slightly Soiled, at fifty cents on the dollar.

CLOAK AND SHAWL DEPARTMENT.
Ladies' Beaver Walking Jackets at $3 75, $5, $7, $10, $12 50 and $15 worth 50 per cent. more money.
Ladies' Braided Casamere House-Jackets worth $7 50 for $2 50.
Ladies' handsome Black Cashmere Polonaises at $20 worth $50.
Ladies' Beaver Dolmas at $5 worth $15.
Ladies' Flannel Sacques at $1.
Misses' Flannel Jackets and Hoods 33 per cent. lower.
Misses' and Children's Cloaks again reduced
Ladies' Tycoon Robes de Chambre at $4 50.
Ladies' Camel's Hair Polonaises worth $15 for $4.
Ladies' Black and Colored Alpaca, Serge and Poplin Suits marked extremely low to insure their immediate sale.
Misses' and Children's Suits, Boys' Kilt and Box-Pleated Suits below manufacturers prices.
PAISLEY SHAWLS, OTTOMAN SHAWS, BROCHE SHAWLS,
VASTLY REDUCED.
Broche Shawls at $10, $12, $15, Former price $18, $20, $25, $30 and $40.
Velvet Cloaks! Velvet Cloaks!
At $25, $40, $50 and $60, worth $50, $60, $100 and $125.

FURS! FURS! FURS!
NOW OR NEVER! LOOK AT OUR PRICES!
A handsome Set of Furs at $1 25, $2 and $3.
Alaska Sables at $5 per Set.
Mink and Seal Furs awfully cheap.
Cloaking Velvets and Trimming Velvets Below New York Wholesale Prices.
Milliners and Dressmakers would do well to inspect these cheap and elegant goods.
Ladies' Embroidered Black Cashmere Paris Patterns for Suits,
Elegant and attractive Novelties Cost of Importation.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTION DEPARTM'T
Before the arrival of our Spring Importation of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES, now in transit we are desirous of closing out the residue of last season's stock. To effect a complete Clearing Sale of the goods, we will offer
$5000 worth of Embroideries, Edgings, Flouncings and Insertions,
In immense Variety, at such prices as will guarantee their sale.
Jaconet Edgings at 5c worth 10c. Jaconet Edgings at 25c worth 40c.
Jaconet Edgings at 15c worth 25c. Jaconet Edgings at 50c worth 75c.
Jaconet Flouncings at 10c worth 20c. Jaconet Flouncings at 20c worth 35c.
Jaconet Flouncings at 65c worth $1.
Swiss, Nainsook, Cambric and Linen Embroidery at corresponding ly low prices.
Having on hand an immense lot of Remnants of Embroideries that have been accumulating during the past season, we shall offer them at 50 cents on the dollar of their cost to close.

HOSIERY AND GLOVE DEPARTMENT.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN ALL GRADES.
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Cotton and Wool Hosiery Reduced.
Ladies' and Misses' Plain and Fancy Merino Hose Reduced.
Misses' and Children's Fancy Striped Wool Hose Reduced
Gents' British Half-Hose Reduced. Gents' Wool and Merino Half-Hose Reduced.
Our Dollar Two-Button Kid Gloves Reduced to Seventy-five Cents.
Our Dollar-and-a-Quarter Kid Gloves Reduced to One Dollar.
ALL FANCY GOODS GREATLY REDUCED.
Linen Collars, Linen Sets, Collarettes, Ruchings, Ties, Fichus, Belts, Laces, Buttons and Trimmings, at greatly reduced prices.

CLOTH AND CASSIMERE DEPARTMENT.
Good American Cassimere at 50c and 75c. Superior quality American Cassimere at $1 and $1 25
Our entire line of Domestic and Imported Cassimeres and Cloths, the choicest in the Southwest, at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Good Jeans at 20c, 25c 30c and 35c. Good Kentucky Jeans at 40c, 50c and 60c.
Good quality Waterproof Cloth at 75c. Still better quality Waterproof Cloth at $1.
Gents' Undershirts at 50c, 75c and $1 each; worth 75c, $1 and $1 50.
Gents' All Wool Undershirts at $1 50, $2, $2 50 and $3 each; worth $2 50, $3, $3 50 and $4 50
Gents' Drawers correspondingly low.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR ALSO GREATLY REDUCED.
Our friends can depend on finding our goods marked as advertised. Come and see.
B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.
242, 244 AND 246 MAIN STREET, COR. JEFFERSON.

ATTORNEYS.
G. P. FOUTE, Memphis. C. R. BARTEAU Bartlett.
FOUTE & BARTEAU,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
OFFICE—36 Poplar street.
T. B. MICOU,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room No. 20, Planters Ins. Building,
No. 39 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn
J. CASEY YOUNG. IRVING HALSEY.
YOUNG & HALSEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Irving Block - - - Memphis, Tenn
GEO. DIXON,
Attorney-at-Law.
280 Main Street, East side.
WM. J. & JOS. P. SYKES,
Attorneys-at-Law,
No. 13 WEST COURT ST., MEMPHIS.
GEO. R. PHELAN. T. M. S. RHETT.
PHELAN & RHETT,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office—285 Main Street.
GEORGE GANTT. JOSIAH PATTERSON THOMAS C. LOWE.
GANTT, PATTERSON & LOWE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
293 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

PLUMMERS.

No. 263 SECOND STREET,
Opposite Court Square.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.
THE firm of Arbuckle, Tucker & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. O. F. Armstrong retiring. J. M. Arbuckle and W. A. Tucker will continue the business, at the old stand, under the firm name of Arbuckle & Tucker. The new firm assumes all liabilities, and are alone authorized to collect.
J. M. ARBUCKLE, W. A. TUCKER.
Memphis, Jan. 6, 1876. O. F. ARMSTRONG.

NOTICE--DISSOLUTION.
THE copartnership heretofore existing between H. B. Packer, of Memphis, and Riddle Coleman & Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., in the Coal business, in this city, under the firm name of H. B. Packer & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Packer retiring, having disposed of his interest to said Riddle Coleman & Co., who will continue the business, under the management of H. B. Packer, as their agent.
RIDDLE COLEMAN & CO.
H. B. PACKER.
Memphis, December 19, 1875.
Our stock of
COAL is Good, and Quality No. 1.
Also, No. 1 ASHWOOD Send in your orders.
pec21 H. B PACKER, Manager.

DISSOLUTION.
THE partnership heretofore existing between T. B. Haynes, H. C. Hampson and D. L. Ferguson, under the firm name and style of T. B. Haynes & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, T. B. Haynes retiring. D. L. Ferguson and H. C. Hampson are alone authorized to sign in liquidation, collect and settle all outstanding business.
T. B. HAYNES.
H. C. HAMPSON.
Memphis, Jan. 7, 1876. D. L. FERGUSON.
NEW FIRM.
D. L. FERGUSON. H. C. HAMPSON
FERGUSON & HAMPSON,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants
278 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.
Liberal advances made on consignments. Planters business solicited. ja8

MATTRESSES.

THE F AND L $8.50
CELEBRATED METALLIC SPRING MATTRESS
FREE FROM BED BUGS
Has seventy-two spiral steel springs. Is very light and easily handled, and far superior to any other springs now in use costing two or three times as much. Can be shipped to any part of the country at small expense. None genuine except stamped with our trade-mark, "The F. & L. $8.50." Send for descriptive catalogue to
FITCH & LINDSEY,
No. 75 Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky.
SOLD BY FUR. ITURE DEALERS GENERALLY.

LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Homes for All.
SUBSCRIBE TO THE
SECOND SERIES OF STOCK
—TO THE—
WORKINGMEN'S
Building and Loan Association.
THIS Association, encouraged by the successful working of its first series, and in order to meet the desire of many to secure stock in an established Building and Loan Association, has decided to issue a second series of stock, the first assessment of which (one dollar per share) will fall due on the first Tuesday of January, next.
This Association has achieved a substantial success—has been the means through which many have already secured HOMES. Its earnings for the first twenty-six months were fifty per cent. on the money invested, and it has had no losses.
Subscription Books now opened at the Secretary's office, No. 289 Main street, and at the store of
L. LAGRILL, President,
nov14 326 Second street.

THE
DAILY APPEAL
25 Cents Per Week
To City Subscribers, Delivered by Carriers.

AGENCY
ALEXANDER BILL—Formerly J. Davidson Hill & Co.—WELSH AND AMERICAN SLATES, SLABS, Etc., and Agent for the Williamstown and Franklin Slate Quarries. The slate from these quarries are the best American slates which have yet been sent to this market, and bear a closer resemblance in color, strength and quality to the Welsh Slate than any that have heretofore appeared. Prices from $6 50 to $10 per square, English count.
ARONDELET ST., New Orleans.

LIQUORS.

JOHN LILLY,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 348 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.
B. H. CARBERY. THOS. CASEY
CARBERY & CASEY,
—WHOLESALE—
Liquor Merchants
AND DIRECT IMPORTERS,
347 Front Street, Memphis.

NOTICES.

Election of Directors.

OFFICE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 10 Madison Street, Memphis, January 12, 1876.

THE annual election for Seven Directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, the 8th day of February, 1876, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. THOS. H. ALLEN, Pres't. S. R. CLARKE, Secretary. ja12

Dividend.

OFFICE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 10 Madison Street, Memphis, January 11, 1876.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held to-day, a dividend of seven (7) per cent. was declared, and ordered to be credited to stock notes.
THOS. H. ALLEN, President.
S. R. CLARKE, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE MEMPHIS CITY FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO., 19 MADISON ST., Memphis, Tenn., January 11, 1876.

AT the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held this day a dividend of five per cent. was declared out of the net earnings of the past six months, and ordered to be credited on the stock notes of the Company.
By order of E. M. APPERSON, President.
HENRY J. LYNN, Cashier. ja12

NOTICE.

THE undersigned is now prepared to sell his collection of rare and valuable books, in lots to suit purchasers, and at low prices. Many of them are suitable for presents for the holidays, or any other time. Catalogues are now ready, and those wishing to purchase are requested to call and examine the collection. F. W. SMITH, 322 Second st.

NOTICE
To Merchants and Commission Merch'ants

OFFICE OF CITY TAX-COLLECTOR, MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 8, 1876.

Under a recent ordinance all merchants and commission merchants are required to pay a license of $25 per annum in advance, for the year 1876. All who fail to take out their license immediately are liable to arrest for doing business without license.
FRED. C. SCHAPER, City Tax-Collector.
ja9

NOTICE.

OFFICE PEOPLES INSURANCE CO., MEMPHIS, January 8, 1876.

A Dividend of ten per cent. was this day declared by the Directory, payable on demand.
ja9 J. A. SIMMONS Secretary.

COTTON GINS

THERE are some Cotton Merchants who in their young days must have ridden the mule to mill with corn in one end of the sack and rocks or sand in the other. Those merchants say this NEW THING—
THE COTTON CLEANER
—AT THE—
MEMPHIS COTTON GINS,
Injures the Cotton. Now, I will pay
$100
For every ounce of Cotton they can produce that the Cleaner has injured. On the other hand, I can produce customers who have quit the above class of merchants for those who advise them to try the Cleaner.
BOYD, Sup't.
dec25 Corner Linden and Clinton sts.

STAR
COTTON GIN
68 UNION STREET,
Corner of Third, - - Memphis, Tenn.
WE furnish Bagging and Ties, and charge only $2 a bale for ginning cotton.
We have the largest and most complete Ginhouse in the city. Bags furnished for shipping seed cotton free of charge.
PAINE & PATRICK.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILLCOX & GIBBS
SEWING MACHINES,
AND NEEDLES FOR ALL MACHINES.
217 SECOND ST.

MEDICAL.

PRESCRIPTION FREE
FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 2286, New York. oct6-deod

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and CONSUMPTION.