

ESTABLISHED 1847.

CLOSING RATES. Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cotton, 6 1/8d. New York cotton, 11 1/2c. New Orleans cotton, 11 1/4c. Memphis cotton, 11c. New York gold, 105.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. War Dept., Office of the Secy., Office of the Secy., Washington, March 30, 1877. For Gulf States: Tennessee and Ohio rainy, mostly to southerly winds, slowly rising temperature, rising, followed by a slow falling barometer, clear or fair weather in the eastern portion, and generally cloudy weather and local rain in the western portions.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. War Dept., Signal Service U. S. Army, Thursday, March 29, 1877, 10.99 a.m. Place, No. Wind, Dir. Force. Weather. Cincinnati, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. Indianapolis, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. Louisville, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. Memphis, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. New Orleans, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. St. Louis, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear. Vicksburg, 68.5, S. E. 1. Clear.

SENATOR LAMAR, of North Carolina, and Hooker, of Mississippi, are favorably talked of for the speakership.

RECENT reports of insurrection in portions of Japan, circulated by English correspondents, are wholly unfounded.

NASHVILLE is "spreading herself" in preparation for the meeting, next August, of the American science association.

ENGLISH ministers have expressed their willingness to sign the protocol drafted by Russia, leaving aside the question of demilitarization.

A CABLE DISPATCH yesterday announced that the pope had completely recovered, and had received a large number of Italian and foreign visitors.

THE man that finds Oskey Hall will make a rich haul, for a handsome reward has been offered for his recovery or any knowledge of his whereabouts.

VIEWED in any light, the situation is such that cannot reflect credit on our present State. Tennessee is able, simply able to pay sixty cents on the dollar for her indebtedness. She does not do it, nor make provision for paying even one cent on the dollar, is nothing short of a disaster to the State—Vindicator.

To this conclusion has it come at last.

THE New York Herald asserts that many of those in Washington who were most enthusiastic in support of the President three days ago, have begun to climb up on the fence in dismay, and begin to disclaim responsibility.

THE Birds County Gazette suggests that the Mississippi State Democratic convention held at Jackson in June next, but the Clinton moves to amend, and would be satisfied with any day between the first and fifth of June. What do the other Democratic papers say?

THE Somerville Falcon still considers "Hayes is a fraud, and is proving true to his title of Fraudulency. When he does anything to applaud, we will second him. We may as well see nothing in his official actions that far to cause any one to be overwhelmed with feelings of thankfulness."

THE Tall-Mall Gazette, speaking semi-authoritatively on the eastern question, concludes its review as follows: "Once more we repeat advice which we still stand by. We may as well see nothing in his official actions that far to cause any one to be overwhelmed with feelings of thankfulness."

By an order of the Russian government all locomotives and rolling stock purchased by Russia in America, henceforth, be manufactured in Russia. This is another heavy blow to German industry. To enable rail roads to obtain locomotives and carriages in Russia the government will allow materials to be imported duty-free, and will pay premiums and salaries to Russian manufacturers.

SENATOR LAMAR, on Monday last, being unable to visit Mr. Hayes, wrote him a private letter in regard to the political situation in the south, and deprecating his recent course toward South Carolina and Louisiana. It was couched in the clearest terms, in dignified but emphatic language, and seemed to make a deep impression upon the President for the moment, at least, for he remarked to a friend that he feared he had alienated Lamar from him.

ENTIRE APPEAL.—Thinking it a question of importance, I would ask if the next electoral college (in 1880) will be proportioned according to the present census. Please answer and oblige your subscriber. H. F. YOUNG, Mount Sivan, Smith county, Texas, March 29, 1877.

Answer.—The next census will not be taken before 1880, so that a new apportionment will not likely be had before 1882. The electoral college at the next Presidential election will, therefore, be made up of the same number of votes as the last.

THE proofs of Hayes's insincerity and double-dealing are multiplying. Chamberlain, after his visit to his Fraudulency, stated to a friend that he is governing South Carolina, and proposes to hold the fort as he is driven out by Federal bayonets. Don Cameron, who means mischief, advised Chamberlain to accept no terms short of his recommitment by Hayes, and has inspired him with the idea that the "worth" will aid him in upholding his claims.

ONE of the funny arrangements of the post-office dual arrangement at present is, says the Chicago Times's Washington correspondent, the fact that Tyler and Key occupy the same room and the same desk. Ordinarily, the postmaster-general occupies a spacious room alone, while the first assistant postmaster-general sits in a small room next him. Now Tyler sits in the same room and at the same desk, as if this Democratic member of the cabinet could not be trusted in the transaction of public business without an administration man to guard him.

STANLEY MATTHEWS did not intend to do it, but he did. He has convinced Hayes of this. In his recitation speech, delivered at his home in Ohio, he said that the southerners in congress who opposed filibustering, founded their expectations of an immediate withdrawal of the troops "upon the personal assurance of those who knew him [Hayes], or thought they knew him well, that he meant 'every word that he had said, and that he was a man who could neither be seduced nor terrified out of his convictions; and that upon that faith they were willing to co-operate in the operation of the legal machinery which had been put in motion, and

which they saw was inevitably bringing about the result by which a Republican President and administration were established in the seat of power."

The steamship which arrived in San Francisco yesterday from China and Japan brings news of a great scandal in Shanghai, caused by public charges made by the United States consul-general against George F. Seward, his predecessor in office. He accuses Seward of various crimes and misdemeanors, particularly the liberation of a pirate and murderer from custody for a bribe of seven thousand dollars. The affair causes excitement, and has been made the subject of discourses from the pulpit. Documents have been sent to Washington for investigation.

A CABLE DISPATCH from St. Petersburg states that on Monday last Lord Loftus, the British ambassador, had a stormy interview with Prince Gortschakoff. The latter used very energetic language relative to England's refusal to make any advances toward a peaceful solution, and it was thought that this interview would destroy the hopes for peace. By Wednesday morning, however, calmer counsels seem to have prevailed, for a telegram was sent to Count Schouvaloff in which Russia made another step toward conciliation, for it authorized Schouvaloff to embody Russia's promise to disarm.

The New Orleans correspondent of the New York Herald says that well-informed politicians in that city state that the real object of Hayes's commission is to try to wear out the spirit of Louisiana by long waiting, till the Federal army can be placed in power without danger of any such struggle as is sure to follow his immediate recognition, and that the unanimous sentiment of all the white citizens of Louisiana is echoed in the Democrat, which tells them their best hope of justice is not in the affection borne them by the Federal administration, but in their own courage and patriotism and their resolved purpose to maintain their honor and their interests even at the point of the bayonet, if need be.

For my part call me of what party you please. I am willing to join hands with those men who are already in the saddle, and who have made themselves high lords of the situation. If the Vice-President had never committed the error of his life, he would have been elected by a large majority of the people. He would have been elected by a large majority of the people. He would have been elected by a large majority of the people.

So said Colonel Bob Ingersoll in a recent speech. He ought to have gone farther and given us the names of the southern men who were in the saddle, and who have made themselves high lords of the situation. He ought to have gone farther and given us the names of the southern men who were in the saddle, and who have made themselves high lords of the situation.

COLONEL CHARLTON has merged the Knowlton Age with the Tribune, and will continue in the office of the editor of the Tribune and Age. In an article headed "Where We Stand," the colonel, who is known far and near for a staunch, reliable Democrat, has the following, which we commend and endorse:

A two-sided paper, or a two-sided man, is abhorred. Neither is entitled to confidence, and is both a danger to the public and a curse to the State. A man who is a two-sided man, is a man who is a two-sided man, is a man who is a two-sided man.

THE President returned an immediate reply that Hampton would be received at one o'clock.

THE Governor and President in consultation. Governor Hampton, accompanied by Senator Gordon of Georgia, and Attorney General Connor of South Carolina, had an interview with the President this afternoon. The conversation was of a free and general character. It related principally to the question as to the probable condition of the State in case the troops should be withdrawn.

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ABOUT THE PROVINCES.

John C. Brown Marching on to Meet his Fellow-Commissioners.—Burke's Story Rather Evasive.—Charles-ton Merchants Talk to His Fraudulency.

Hampton and Hayes Break Bread and Have a Talk over the State of South Carolina.—The Gallant Governor Asks only for the Withdrawal of the Troops from Columbia.

The Work of the Commission for Louisiana.—The St. Louis Merchants Demand the Withdrawal of the Troops now in New Orleans.—Additional in Regard to Hayes's Conferences and Compacts.

St. Louis, March 29.—The board of directors of the Merchants exchange, this morning at the request of a number of prominent merchants of that body, adopted the following resolution: "Resolved, That the people of Louisiana, in the settlement of the political troubles in Louisiana is proving very detrimental to the interests of agriculture, commerce and manufacturing; and as this condition of things reacts injuriously on the industrial and mercantile interests of this city, and of the whole Mississippi valley, they do hereby

Resolved, That the President of the United States be respectfully requested to withdraw the troops from the vicinity of the Statehouse in New Orleans, leaving to the people of Louisiana, in the adjustment of their strictly local affairs, the same freedom that the people of other States enjoy.

John C. Brown and his Fellow-Commissioners.

NASHVILLE, March 29.—Ex-Governor Jno. C. Brown arrived to-night and telegraphed his acceptance of the appointment as one of the commissioners to Louisiana. He leaves tomorrow morning, en route for New Orleans, where he will meet the other commissioners, and will remain there until he will leave Washington on Monday.

Burke Unloads an Evasive Story.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—Major E. A. Burke represented the Nicholls government at Washington, and who conducted the negotiations which resulted in a withdrawal of the Federal troops from the State. He has been used to publish all of the guarantees given by Mr. Hayes's friends as to Louisiana, and he has been used to publish all of the guarantees given by Mr. Hayes's friends as to Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—J. Ross Stewart, colored, was today expelled from the State board of education. A. H. Corbin, colored, formerly secretary of that body, was appointed in his stead. Mr. Stewart had only remained for the purpose of creating dissensions, etc. After making this speech he was expelled.

Nicholls's Appointments.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—Ex-Governor Nicholls was appointed by Governor Nichols to the State board of education. A. H. Corbin, colored, formerly secretary of that body, was appointed in his stead. Mr. Stewart had only remained for the purpose of creating dissensions, etc. After making this speech he was expelled.

For shadowing the Work of the Commission.

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Hayes's Southern Contract.

A week or two before the fourth of March it became evident to the friends of the Democrats that it was in their power to defeat the contract, and that they intended to do so. Appeals were made to southern men, and after they had been rejected, the contract was formally agreed to in writing. It was divided into two articles. Article one was that the troops should be withdrawn from the part of Nicholls appears E. A. Burke; on the part of Hampton, General M. C. Butler, for the purpose of creating dissensions, etc. After making this speech he was expelled.

THE COUNCIL OF NINE.

Charged with the Recent Butchery of the Chinese Laborers at Chico, California.—The Council of Nine.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—The latest advice from Chico, Cal., which shows as the council of nine is mainly responsible for the recent outrages. This committee was elected by the Chinese laborers, and its members for offenses against the order; as vacancies occurred the council filled them with their own members. The council of nine, and believe the order to be only to discourage the employment of Chinese by all means. The council of nine, and believe the order to be only to discourage the employment of Chinese by all means.

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whom he had a long conversation concerning the political situation in South Carolina.

The Charleston Delegation Confronted. The commission appointed by the Charleston chamber of commerce had an interview with the President of the State, and was to sign an address setting forth in substance the following points:

Resolved, That the people of South Carolina, upon agriculture all depended, yet plantations everywhere are cultivated half less than they were in 1861, and that the people of South Carolina are unable to give to the planters the means to employ them, so that the country is a vast field of idleness.

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there would be permitted as freely as in the north. Several of the gentlemen present made proposals of the conversation and the conclusion announced by Hayes's friends and there is no room to doubt any detail. They claimed to act for Hayes, and it was not denied. Hayes's friends claimed that they were duly authorized to make the proposals which they submitted. The next morning, say Mr. Hayes's friends, Mr. Hayes and General Sherman, and the two Louisiana members absent from the conference, and gave them the most circumstantial assurance that had been arranged that President Grant would remove the troops before Hayes came in, and thus resolve the latest Hayes's embarrassment, and it is a fact that on the third of March Grant did issue an order directing that the troops be removed from New Orleans. It was sent through General Sherman, and was a whole day reaching its destination, and was in such obscure language when it got there that General Ayer did not understand it, and he telegraphed to Sherman inquiring what it meant. He was told that it was the time Grant was out of office. But in the meantime Nicholls, who had been advised of the order, telegraphed back here that it was not forthcoming, and on inquiry of Grant at the capital on the night of the third of March, he was told that it was not forthcoming. Nicholls, who had been advised of the order, telegraphed back here that it was not forthcoming, and on inquiry of Grant at the capital on the night of the third of March, he was told that it was not forthcoming.

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