THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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WEATHER INDICATIONS TO-DAY.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, falling barometer, southerly winds, partly cloudy weather.

THE APPEAL TO-DAY

Comprises six pages; a total of fifty-four columns. See that you get them.

WE surrender a great deal of our space to-day to a well-prepared biography of Mr. Justice Field, which first appeared in the New York *Sun*. It answers every question that can be put concerning the life of a gentleman who is one of the most conspicuous of the Democratic candidates for the Presidency of the United States. We can add nothing to it, in truth nothing could be subtracted from it. Judge Field, next to Mr. Tilden, is the strongest candidate now before the party. His virtues as a party man are of the most positive and pronounced character. He is a strict constructionist; is an ardent friend of the constitution, and is in sympathy with all the modern movements that have the approval of ripe scholars and acknowledged statesmen. The APPEAL has already expressed its approval of Judge Field as a candidate, and we must to day content ourselves with this indorsement of a biography that cannot fail to interest all classes of our readers.

THE Irish convention to be held in Philadelphia, on the twenty-eighth of June, must not be overlooked. It promises good results for the Irish race.

SENATOR M'DONALD, of Indiana, is still loyal to Hendricks, and he thinks Clarkson N. Potter, of New York, would make an efficient Vice-President.

A BILL passed the house yesterday, which had previously passed the senate, appropriating thirty thousand dollars for the purchase of a site and the erection of a marine hospital near this city. We are indebted to Senator Harris and Hon. Casey Young for so much needed a beneficence.

The German American Independent Republican organization, of New York, have adopted a supplementary address to the Independent Republican convention at St. Louis, reaffirming their opposition to the nomination of General Grant. They say that if General Grant is nominated he will be defeated.

JAY GOULD is about forty five, and in 1857 was a tanner in northern Pennsylvania. He went into the brokerage business in New York in 1860. He now, with his associates, controls eight thousand miles of railway, and there is no knowing where he will stop. He is strictly temperate in his habits and devoted to his family.

IN the house of representatives at Washington, yesterday, on motion of Mr. Money, of Mississippi, a resolution was adopted authorizing the secretary of war to send four thousand rations to Macon, Mississippi, for the use of the sufferers made destitute by the terrible cyclone of the twenty-fifth of April.

THE procuring of an abortion ought to be made punishable by death in all the States. Until such a law is passed and some of the practitioners of the nefarious business are swung from the gallows we may expect to hear daily as we do of murders by means so horrible.

THE leaders of the colored race have determined to demand of the Republican party the fullest recognition—even the second place on their National ticket. This movement is the result of a conference held in Washington recently, at which there were present such men as Isaiah C. Wears, Senator Bruce and others well known. They came to the conclusion that the time had come for the colored vote to demand recognition.

COLONEL FRED GRANT speaks to the country in a sort of confidential way, and he says: "My father says that there may come a time "in the history of the Republic when it may "be to the vital interest of its people of this "country to nominate a President for a third "term, and when precedents set by Washington and Jefferson would stand in the "way of the common welfare. It, therefore, "becomes important to get that obstruction "to the safety of the Republic out of the "way. My father says he is in a position to "make that trial and win that victory against "a public superstitition of a dangerous pre-"cedent."

A MOST encouraging piece of news comes to us through the Huntsville *Independent*, of Thursday, to the effect that at a meeting of the directors of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, held at that place on Wednesday, it was directed to pay one million two hundred and ninety-six thousand dollars, falling due May 1st, in cash. The report shows that the business of the road during the past seven months has been simply enormous. Sixty miles of steel rail have been laid and paid for, and yet the business for this period shows a clean cash balance of one hundred and seventy thousand dollars. The rumor that Colonel E. W. Cole was to be placed in a general managerial capacity over the road still lacks confirmation.

In buying the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad, the Louisville, Nashville and Great Southern railroad company bought more than perhaps it intended. It became responsible for its debts, and there may be more of these than they were aware of when they made the gobble. The Nashville and Chattanooga road owes the United States government one million dollars, with several years interest at four per cent. This was for rolling-stock purchased from the government in 1865. The debt was originally nearly two million dollars, but by compromise nearly one-half has been thrown off, leaving the road owing one million dollars and interest, for which the government holds the obligations of the company. It is believed that this was not known at the time the Louisville company made the purchase.

CHIEF-OF-POLICE ATBY has a rogues gallery at his headquarters that is very instructive for physiognomists to contemplate. The faces, albeit some of them are contorted, are studies. But the chief holds secrets that, were they laid before the public, would be much more instructive. He knows the names and haunts of all the young men, incipient rogues, who think the easy and slippery path toward hell much the most attractive, as it is the most alluring road to travel; and he knows the names of a few—a very few—of the other sex who are tampering with conscience and playing with the fires that has wrecked some of their sex. If the chief could only be induced to make a confession of all he knows what a commotion there would be and what a dish for the gossips to gloat over.

COLONEL W. A. HENDERSON, of Knoxville, last night delivered an oration on James Robertson, John Sevier, and the settlement of Tennessee, at the Christian church, Nashville, under the auspices of the Historical society. Colonel Henderson, as we learn from the Nashville *American*, is the great-grandson of General Richard Henderson, "Carolina Dick," the "Treaty-maker," who made the treaty of Watauga, by which all the land between the Kentucky river and the Cumberland and their water-sheds was secured, including Davidson county. His titles to settlers were confirmed, and much of that territory was held by settlers under such titles. Colonel Henderson is a leading member of the Knoxville bar, to which he came after a full and gallant term of service in the Confederate army. He is a fine speaker, a man of robust intellect, progressive views, and is one of the most thoroughly posted men in the State in Tennessee history. We regret that the press upon our columns crowds out a full report of the address which we received by telegraph.

JUDGE LATHAM, president of the Memphis water company, in another column, makes a statement for the benefit of the public that will challenge the attention even of those who are enemies of the enterprise. All of his positions are well taken. He fortifies himself with the reports of engineers and chemists of established repute, and proves that, filtered, Wolf river affords the third in the list of waters for domestic use in the United States. To remedy the evils complained of recently he asks for time. His company, composed of old and reputable citizens of Memphis, are anxious to please every palate and satisfy the most intelligent expert. To do this necessitates work, work that they promise shall be begun so soon as the United States district court confirms the sale at which they became purchasers. This is a reasonable request. It is one that no sensible person can object to. After reasonable time—after the lapse of a few weeks from June, if the work of purification is not begun the APPEAL will be among the first to complain and the most constant of the complainants.

TELEGRAMS

Uncalled for and that may be had To-Day by Calling at the Office at the Hours Mentioned.

List of undelivered telegrams remaining at the Western Union telegraph office, 33 Madison street. Office hours from eight to ten and a-half o'clock in the morning, and from six to nine in the evening:

E. Commanders,	Jake Burt,
David Flesh,	E. E. Pettibone,
J. W. Caldwell,	Mrs. Wm. C. Folkes,
W. A. Faires,	Steamer Bedford,
Brown & Jones,	Wm. H. Williamson,
T. Foltz, 2.	Mrs. Sam Hirsch,
G. E. Kesig,	Manhattan Bank,
Union and Planters Bank,	George Gubr,
Mrs. Sensborough & Co.,	A. M. Castleman,
F. Pfemfert & Co.,	Captain A. T. Coffee,
F. W. Breslle & Co.,	J. J. Peres & Co.,
H. A. Hamilton,	Miss Sid Donan,
German National Bank,	Lee Herzog,
	G. B. Galloway & Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

Coronation Extravagance.

It is earnestly to be hoped that our citizens will not forget this entertainment for the benefit of the Church Home, one of our noblest and best managed charities.

Calvary Church Choir Opera

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights of next week a series of musical attractions will be presented at Leubrie's Theater by the members of Calvary church choir, under the management of Mr. James Kirkland, the music to be furnished by Prof. Emile Levy. Three short operas will be produced: *The Belle of Saratoga, The Poisoned Peanut* and *Box and Cox*. The casts will be filled by the best amateur vocal talent of the city.

Leath Orphan Asylum Festival.

To-morrow an elegant lunch and strawberry festival will be opened up at No. 302 Main street, opposite the Peabody hotel, by the ladies conducting the Leath orphan asylum. The hall will be kept supplied with all the delicacies of the spring season, and a bevy of fair young ladies will be in attendance to wait upon all guests during the festival week. Business men and strangers are invited to put in an appearance and partake of the elegant lunches prepared for them. This is the first appearance of this asylum in appealing to the public for aid for nearly two years. By visiting the ladies you secure the value of the money you expended, and at the same time you are contributing to a good cause. This festival will be presided over by Mrs M. Doyle, Mrs. R. A. Parker and Mrs. M. C. Gallaway, assisted by the following ladies:

Mrs. James Flaherty,	Mrs. Joseph Bruce,
Mrs. W. B. Galbreath,	Mrs. J. D. Danburr,
Mrs. Marcus Jones,	Mrs. D. T. Porter,
Mrs. R. H. Leidy,	Mrs. W. C. Schwalmye,
Mrs. T. J. Turley,	Mrs. John M. Farrington,
Mrs. Ada Bowie,	Mrs. J. T. Swain,
Mrs. W. A. Steffey,	Mrs D. M'Comb,
Mrs. M. C. Jones,	Mrs. R. P. Wall,
Mrs. D. F. Goodyear,	Mrs. A. F. M'Neer,
Mrs. A. F. Davis,	Mrs C. W. Goyer,
Mrs. M. Schabell,	Mrs. T. J. Latham,
Mrs. J. R Godwin,	Mrs. A. Y. Bruce,
Mrs. W. S. Bruce,	Mrs. W. W. Schofield,
Mrs. Clarence Hall,	Mrs. W. C. Pamplin,
Mrs. T. B. Billard,	Mrs. R. G. Craig.

These ladies will be assisted by many of the handsomest belles of the city.

MAY!

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Thousands of Novelties Shipped to us Daily by our Buyer in New York.

ENTIRELY NEW HAT STYLES!

See our $5 hat—natty.
See our $5 bonnet—nobby.
See our $10 hat—elegant.

See price for bargains in quality and style of our

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, and SATINS,

Coronation Extravaganza Expressly!

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TREMENDOUS BARGAINS,

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New ribbons,
Buchings,
Flowers,
Fans,
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Our stock is replete with novelties.

☞ *Eastern prices duplicated. Orders promptly filled.* ☜

KREMER, HERZOG & CO.

In Congress Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—*House.*—Bill passed for the relief of Notre Dame college. Bill passed providing for the oath or affirmation verifying returns made by national banks—may be taken before notaries public. Resolution of Mr. Money, of Mississippi, authorizing the secretary of war to send four thousand rations to Macon, Mississippi, for the relief of sufferers, was adopted. Mr. Knott's amendment providing that the section of the revised statutes requiring a tax of fifty dollars on each still manufactured, shall not apply to distillers who manufacture, for their own use, wooden stills, was adopted.

Southern Baptist Convention.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 1.—The convention of the Southern Baptist church of the United States will meet in this city May 5th. Already over seven hundred delegates, representing every State and territory, have secured accommodations. The convention will remain in session three or four days.

Little Rock Democrats Instruct.

LITTLE ROCK, May 1.—A majority of the precincts at the Democratic primary elections to-day in Pulaski county instruct for Churchill for governor, Shopach for auditor and Moore for attorney general, the offices chiefly contested.

TIME is money, but health is happiness. If you have a bad cold or cough, use Dr. Bull's cough syrup. It will cure you. Price 25c.

The Avery Gin Company.

Is the place to buy your gins and feeders. It has the Avery gin, the Hickman gin and the Eclipse huller gin. Every gin guaranteed as represented. Also does all kinds of gin repairing; correspondence solicited, 378 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.

THE DEMOCRATS

Of Shelby County in Convention Make Selection of Delegates to the State Convention, to be Held on the Eighth of June Next—No Instructions.

Delegates to the National Convention Recommended—An Executive Committee Appointed to Conduct the Canvass—A Most Harmonious Gathering.

At noon yesterday, at the criminal courtroom, a called mass-meeting of the Democracy of the city and county met for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State Democratic convention, to be held at Nashville; and also for the purpose of selecting a county executive committee.

MEETING ORGANIZED.

The convention, or mass meeting, was attended by leading Democrats from each district of the county, and from the different wards of the city, over two hundred being present. The meeting was called to order by Esquire B. C. Biedsoe, chairman of the county executive committee. Esquire Biedsoe stated the objects of the meeting, and said the first business in order was the election of a permanent chairman.

JUDGE SNEED ELECTED CHAIRMAN.

Mr. Luke Finlay nominated Judge John L. T. Sneed. The name of Colonel Josiah Patterson was also put in nomination, but that gentleman withdrew his name.

On motion Judge John L. T. Sneed was elected chairman by acclamation. He was conducted to the stand by Colonel Luke Finlay and Colonel Josiah Patterson, and was received with applause. He addressed the meeting, saying:

JUDGE SNEED'S SPEECH.

He said that he felt that a great honor had been conferred upon a new man. That for many years he had occupied some public position which prevented him from participating in the public arena. It had been ten years since he had the happiness of looking in on a Democratic convention. He felt happy in being present in the midst of old friends in Shelby county who had conferred his first honors upon him. The time had come when he felt it necessary to mingle with these old friends, to brush up his arms and take an humble part in the old fight. It was his duty to aid the State and country, and would be rank treason for a man to stand back now [applause], because the conflict affected the public weal. There are only two parties in the county to-day, two great parties, and the little sideshows cut no important figure in the issue. It has been said that politics are run by a few tricksters in Shelby county. If that be true it is the fault of the people, who stood back and took no part in politics. In England there has always been two parties, one for the king and one for the people, and there was always a contest between them. Without these parties English liberty would have become a myth. The Republican party of this country has clung like a barnacle to the ship of state and has become corrupted by power, yet it contains many good and able men. It is the duty of a citizen to ally himself with one or the other party. The Democratic party had sufficient strength at the last election to beat the Republican party out of sight. When the war closed men refused to engage in politics. They had no heart for it, but as a friend of his said to one of these men who had given up, "A man must either be a Democrat, a Republican, or a damn fool." Twenty years ago the Republican party came into power. It has fulfilled its mission, and has left in it only the bloody-shirt to wave. He spoke not of the rank and file of that party, but of its leaders. The Democratic party is composed of old Whigs, of which he was one, old Democrats, and the boys who wore the gray and the boys who wore the blue. He did not think much of platforms. He was never in love with them, because party platforms are generally composed of glittering generalities. He was opposed to any party being in power too long; such is dangerous to liberty. Tom Ritchie used to say that the principles of a party were seven, five leaves and two false. The Republican party has been in power too long; it is full of leprosy and scurvy, and unless it is put out of power the ship of state will go down to the bottom of the sea. We want a man for President in this country who knows as much about the constitution as he does about a bayonet. We want a man who understands the anatomy of States, who loves the institutions as the oriental idolizes the sun in heaven; in which he sees no blemish. We do not want a man who looks upon the union of these States as a consolidation of power, but who a man who looks upon them as a confederation of stars, dependent and independent, so glorious that he cannot see the black lines of demarcation sought by the Republicans to be drawn in the south. We want a man to mete out justice to all nations and conditions of men. He thanked the meeting for the honor conferred upon him. [Applause.]

ELECTION OF SECRETARIES.

On motion, J. W. Clapp was selected as secretary, and the reporters of the APPEAL and *Avalanche* as assistant secretaries.

REGULAR BUSINESS.

The chairman announced that the next thing in order was the selection of delegates to the Nashville convention of the eighth of June.

Colonel M. D. L. Stewart moved that a committee on ratio of representation for the wards and districts on the basis of the election of 1876, be appointed by the chair. The motion prevailed, and the following committee was appointed: M. D. L. Stewart, chairman; J. C. Gallaway, J. J. Hastings, Minor Meriwether and George B. Peters. The committee retired to make out a report, and during its absence Hon. J. W. Clapp was loudly called for to address the meeting. Judge Clapp appeared on the stand, and was greeted with prolonged applause. He remarked:

JUDGE CLAPP'S SPEECH.

That he greatly preferred that others should make speeches in response to the call, but he held that any man able to go about should contribute his aid to the public welfare. He never had a political sentiment that he desired to conceal. Men ought to go to the convention unpledged and untrammeled. If instructed, the delegate was bound to obey, or if the instructions conflicted with his sense of duty, as an honest man he is bound to get out of the way. So far as Mr. Tilden was concerned, four years ago he [Judge Clapp] contributed to roll that ball up hill, and a heavy ball it was. Mr. Tilden had great capacity but no personal magnetism. Aspersions had been cast upon his character that just his advocates on the defensive. Suits had been brought against him, but he believed they were instituted of party malice, and he also believed Mr. Tilden stood as fair as any other man. He was elected by the people, and the question now is whether the will of the people is to be respected or not; whether we are to have a free government or a despotism. He knew of no vital objection to Mr. Tilden, but he knew of other men as able, and who possess much more magnetism. One was Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, a man of great ability and high character. Another was Bayard, of Delaware, whose white plume was most conspicuous. Then there was Judge Field, of California, whose judicial opinions commended him to the country. So far as National politics are concerned, there was no cause for difference of opinion. We should stand shoulder to shoulder in this great controversy. The trouble was not with the financial question—that would arrange itself. The constitutional questions sink out of sight when we look at the great question—is this a republican government or a despotism? And now looms up the man of destiny, the man on horseback. Many of our country friends had objected to the reception given General Grant in Memphis, and they thought we had lowered our colors. We could not do otherwise than treat General Grant politely and with hospitality. He who conquered us, the stalwart of the stalwarts, came among us. How were we to receive him? Not like that little place down in Mississippi, in throwing tackeats at the railway coach. You could not injure him by so doing, but you could disgrace yourselves. We received him hospitably, as a man who had been honored by the country. Colonel Patterson in his address to General Grant ingeniously plumbed the mind of the man that General Grant has given the lie to those men who say we are plotting treason in the south. His reception here disarmed the bitter sectional prejudice. When Logan or Blaine waves the bloody-shirt, you can quote against them General Grant's speeches on the loyalty of the people of the south. From the very origin of this government there has been a constant struggle for power, a struggle for a strong government on one hand, and for the government of the people on the other. It is plain to every man that under Republican rule we are drifting to centralization and despotism. If Tilden had dared to attempt to occupy the Presidential chair, Grant was there with military power to take control of the government. This despotism is the great overshadowing question we have to meet. The Democratic party has to meet this issue, and it will be then assailed by the Republican party. Upon this issue depends the fate of a free government among us. The fate of our popular institutions depends upon the success of the Democratic party. [Applause.]

COLONEL JOSIAH PATTERSON

was the next speaker called. He heartily indorsed all that had been said by Judge Sneed and by Judge Clapp. He had been impressed since the war with the fact that the chief argument used against the Democratic party by the opposition was that the Republican party must remain in power to preserve the government. It was the argument vulgarly called the "bloody-shirt." That period in the history of the country is now far back in the past. Each succeeding election weakens the force of the "bloody-shirt" argument, which has little to do with the present. The characters who figured then now belong to history. People are beginning to believe that this is a common country, to be preserved by us as a common inheritance. Thoughtful men throughout the country now believe that no cause for sectional strife exists, and that there is as much loyalty south of us as north of us. [Applause.] When we convince the people of the north that this government is as much ours as theirs, you will see the Democratic party triumph. The Democratic party has always been the defender of the laboring classes, the friend of both individual liberty and the liberty of States. Free democratic ideas were handed down by Jefferson and his followers, and these ideas will be the issue in future. The Republican idea, as handed down by Hamilton, tend to centralization and despotism. The principles upon which this government are founded and rooted are Democratic principles. States have all rights except those specially delegated to the general government. This is the issue—whether the general government possesses all and it dissolves to the people, or whether the people are the great reservoir of power and it ascends to rulers? Tennessee was a sovereign State, but now it that no longer, when a federal judge hesitates not to lay his hands upon a county corporation, and if this idea progresses you will see sovereign States sold out under the hammer on execution. The democratic party advocates the rights of States and of the people and opposes centralization. But two great parties will be in the arena—one insisting for the sovereignty of States and the other for a consolidated government. We should forget the past sectional strife and rise up to the dignity of the great argument, and deliver a blow for the liberty of the people and the sovereignty of the States. [Applause.]

COMMITTEE ON APPORTIONMENT.

The committee made its appearance and made the following report through its chairman, Colonel M. D. L. Stewart, which report was adopted.

THE APPORTIONMENT.

"We the committee appointed to apportion the delegates among the districts and counties according to the vote in the Presidential election for the Democratic candidate for President in 1876, beg leave respectfully to report that we find upon an inspection of said election returns, adopting a ratio of one delegate for each hundred voters, and one for each fraction under one hundred and over fifty, that the wards and districts will be entitled to the following representatives.

First Ward	5
Second Ward	7
Third ward	9
Fourth Ward	9
Fifth Ward	4
Sixth Ward	4
Seventh Ward	3
Eighth Ward	6
Ninth Ward	4
Tenth Ward	4
City	55
First District	2
Second District	2
Third District	2
Fourth District	2
Fifth District	1
Sixth District	3
Seventh District	3
Eighth District	2
Ninth District	3
Tenth District	3
Eleventh District	1
Twelfth District	1
Thirteenth District	1
Fourteenth District	2
Fifteenth District	1
Sixteenth District	1
Seventeenth District	1
Eighteenth District	1
Total (Country 31, City 55)	86

SELECTING DELEGATES.

Major Minor Meriweather desired that those present meet together and present the names of the delegates from the wards and districts. The suggestion was discussed and then adopted.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE RESIGNS.

Colonel Luke Finlay stated that the chairman of the executive committee desired to tender the resignation of the executive committee so that a new committee could be selected.

Esquire Biedsoe, chairman of the executive committee, said that he tendered the resignation of the committee, and that the new committee would consist of one member from each ward and district of the county.

DELEGATES SELECTED.

The following-named delegates to the Nashville State convention of the eighth of June, and members of the county executive committee, were reported from the ward and district representatives, which reports or lists of delegates were, on motion of Judge Morgan, ratified by the meeting.

Official List of Delegates.

FIRST WARD.

George Gantt,	James R. Miller,
W. J. Chase,	John Leslie,
	James H. Edmondson.

Executive Committee—James Bohan.

SECOND WARD.

John E. Randle,	D. T. Goodrenz,
John M. Rourke,	John Wendell,
E. Lowenstein,	William Brent,
	Thomas Dogan.

Executive Committee—John M. Rourke.

THIRD WARD

R. J. Morgan,	W. H. Rhea.
Pat Kelliher,	Simon W. Green,
Joe Flynn,	J. C. Macabe,
W. H. Carroll,	Oscar Woodridge,
	M. D. L. Stewart.

Executive Committee—P. J. Kelly.

FOURTH WARD.

M. C. Gallaway,	J. R Green,
W. L. Duff,	T. M. Scruggs,
D. M. Scales,	J. C. Frayser,
H. C. M'Call,	Joseph Specht, jr.,
	Pat Twohig

Executive Committee—W. L. Duff.

FIFTH WARD.

J. R Godwin,	James A. Cleary.
Luke Finlay,	

Executive Committee—J. W Miller.

SIXTH WARD.

Julius A Taylor,	W B Galbreath,
R H Vance,	W J M'Dermott.

Executive Committee—Julius A Taylor.

SEVENTH WARD.

George J Mallory,	George B Peters,
	George B Phelan

Executive Committee—J J Busby.

EIGHTH WARD.

T B Edgington,	E L Bricher,
P J Quigley,	M F Kennedy,
J H Murray,	W A Collier.

Executive Committee—M F Kennedy.

NINTH WARD.

J R Egnew,	J T Venable,
W B Gibson,	L D Grant.

Executive Committee—J H Brown.

TENTH WARD.

Scott A Murray,	Dan O'Donnell,
C W Frazer,	Thomas Fleming.

Executive Committee—Thomas Fleming.

FIRST DISTRICT.

J E Murray,	W C Dickason.

Executive Committee—W W Dickason.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Ike Nelson,	John F Means

Executive Committee—John F Hunter.

THIRD DISTRICT.

C A Young,	Y W Williams

Executive Committee—J Z Douglass.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

E J Wendell,	A W Mathews

Executive Committee—E J Wendell.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

	W T Avery.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Frank S Gibson,	George B Powel,
	L E Pope

Executive Committee—J M Coleman.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

H L Priddy,	J W Small,
	B F Williford

Executive Committee—B J Kimbrough.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

S C Mattux,	

Executive Committee—W T Bond.

NINTH DISTRICT.

W R Eckfin,	Rufus Kirk

Executive Committee—J W Allen.

TENTH DISTRICT.

W T Wakefield,	W M Perkins

Executive Committee—H L Bedford.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

	James Brett

Executive Committee—W H Walker.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

W H Nelson,	James Harris

Executive Committee—A B Ellis.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

	James Harris

Executive Committee—R H Weaver.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Thomas Winchester,	James Harris

Executive Committee—W F Taylor.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

	E K Colby

Executive Committee—J P Prescott.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

	A R Hall

Executive Committee—H D Greer.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Alley Wade

Executive Committee—Amos Roark.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

	John L T Sneed

Executive Committee—R J Southal.

RESOLUTION AS TO PROXIES.

Colonel Luke Finlay offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That each delegate here appointed be authorized to appoint his proxy in case he cannot attend, provided that no one shall be appointed a proxy who does not live in the ward or district of the original delegate.

DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

Judge R. J. Morgan presented the following resolution, and moved its adoption, saying that in this congressional district Shelby county is the most important factor. Colonel Carroll and Colonel Keating were selected from the city, but the county was entitled to one of the delegates. Two more astute men do not exist in Shelby county than Mr. Carroll and Mr. Keating. They have never received office at the hands of the party. They have been the wheelhorses and the dray-horses for the party for many years, and are remarkable for their astuteness and high character. He hoped they would be selected.

Mr. Ed Belcher objected to the delegates being instructed. He would vote for the gentlemen mentioned, they were his friends. But he objected to going to Nashville with instructions around him; he wanted to go as a free man, and would so vote on the resolution on the table.

Judge R. J. Morgan stated that the resolution was intended only to recommend the gentlemen, and not to instruct the delegates.

The resolution was then adopted, as follows:

RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

Resolved, That this mass convention of the Democratic party of Shelby county do recommend to the convention to meet in Nashville, on June 8th, proximo, the name of Hon. Frank H. Carroll, of Shelby, as one of the delegates from the State at large to the National Democratic convention, which meets at Cincinnati, on June 29, 1880; and we also recommend Colonel J. M. Keating, of Shelby, and Albert T. M'Neal, of Hardeman, as delegates from this congressional district to said National convention. And we further recommend Colonel M. D. L. Stewart, of Shelby, and C. C. Mooreman, Esq., of Fayette, as alternate delegates from this district to said National Democratic convention.

ELECTOR FOR STATE-AT-LARGE.

Esquire Biedsoe offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, By the Democracy of Shelby county, in mass-convention assembled, that our delegates to the State convention at Nashville be and they are hereby directed to present to said convention the name of Hon. John L. T. Sneed, as our choice for one of the electors for the State-at-large on the Hancock ticket, for President of the United States.

THANKS TO EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Colonel M. D. L. Stewart offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democracy of Shelby county are due and the same are hereby tendered to the executive committee now retiring for valuable and laborious services rendered by them during their term just expired in behalf of the people of Shelby county.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT ELECTOR.

Captain Julius A. Taylor offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, by this Mass Convention, That we do present and recommend to the Nashville convention the name of Colonel Josiah Patterson, of Shelby, for appointment as Democratic Presidential elector for this congressional district.

ADJOURNMENT.

No other resolutions having been offered, and the business being transacted, the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

Stirring John Sherman With a Long Pole.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The speaker laid before the house to-day a letter from the secretary of the treasury, in response to its resolution of the twenty-sixth ultimo calling for information as to the cause of the delay in the payment of the claims for bounty and back pay allowed by the second auditor. Secretary Sherman replies that the official estimates of the amounts required to pay such claims have been duly submitted to both houses of congress in specified dates during 1878, '79 and '80, and that congress has not taken action on them.

Killed While Unloading Stick-Timber.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., May 1.—John Howard, of Oshtemo township, in this county, was killed yesterday afternoon while unloading stick-timber. Being caught by the back of the neck he was thrown to the ground and had his skull crushed.

The Hurd Bill Condemned.

DETROIT, April 30.—The common council of this city passed a preamble and resolution, at their meeting this evening, strongly protesting against the passage by congress of the Hurd bill prohibiting the sending of freight over the Canada railroad. Public sentiment here is unanimous against this measure.

FEEBLE and exhausted constitutions restored to health and strength by Malt Bitters.

THE ANTI-THIRD-TERMERS

Are Earnest and Mean Business—They are Going to Hold a Convention, and are Determined to Suppress General Grant and his Crowd.

The States that are Expected to Send Delegates—The Railroads, Co operating, have Agreed to Make Terms to Suit the Patriots.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Matters pertaining to the anti-third-term convention, to be held here May 6th, are taking definite shape. Committees of arrangements and reception have been appointed, and headquarters established at the Laclede hotel. Tickets of admission have been printed and other necessary arrangements perfected. Delegates are expected from Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and perhaps other States. The attendance promises to be quite large. All railroads terminating here will sell round-trip tickets on the fifth and sixth, good to return till the tenth, at reduced rates. Tickets of admission to the convention will be issued at the headquarters of the executive committee, room 22 Laclede hotel, by the secretary, Emory S. Foster. The convention will be held either in Masonic hall or the Grand opera-house, the latter if it can possibly be obtained.

PERSONAL.

MAY, the shirt tailor, is going to turn washerwoman.

DR. BUDDEKE—eye and ear diseases, No. 56 East Court street.

COLONEL L. SHELTON, of Louisville, Kentucky, is stopping at the Peabody.

COLONEL J. WILCOX, of New Haven, Connecticut, is registered at the Peabody.

COLONEL O. H. P. STEIN, of New York city, is registered at the Peabody hotel.

MISS EMMA IVERS, of St. Louis, who has been visiting the family of W. I. Coe, left for home yesterday.

MR. BEN K. PULLEN, the efficient deputy-sheriff, is again confined to his home with an attack of neuralgia.

MISS LUCILE W. GALLAWAY, after a month's visit to her friends in Arkansas, returned home last night.

MR. C. P. ATMORE, JR., passenger agent of the Lookout Mountain route, via M'Kenzie, has returned from Nashville.

MRS. GENERAL PATRICK HENRY, of Brandon, Mississippi, is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. C. A. Crawford, 290 Lauderdale street.

MR. A. M. AGELASTO and family will leave to-morrow for St. Louis, where they will remain during the remainder of the cotton season.

MR. H. BEJACH has gone to New York. A big bankrupt sale was the attraction. He is always looking out for bargains for his Memphis friends.

E. WRIGHT, the well-known picture dealer and frame maker, has removed from 393 Main street, to the more convenient premises No. 366 Main street, opposite Craig's seed store.

FRANK GRAY, treasurer of Leubrie's Theater, leaves to-day for Detroit, Michigan, whether he goes as a celebrated author of a combination show on a summer tour west and north. The Theater has been closed for the season, except when it is opened for some amateur entertainment.

THE continuous crowds that gather at the Cottage gallery each day are living evidence that Prof. Gebhardt is reaping the just reward of producing elegant photographs at two dollars per dozen, which is less than half the price charged elsewhere; besides, his pictures are not excelled by any house in this country. Give him a call and supply yourself with a life-like photograph, at the rate of two dollars a dozen.

MESSRS. JAMES & GRAHAM, whose industry and business tact are enthusiastically spoken of by the entire community, are progressing rapidly in rebuilding their Southern wagon factory. Most of the walls are upand roofs put on, and work has already commenced in some of the shops. Fires do not seem to deter these gentlemen in their determination to build up a great manufacturing establishment in Memphis.

THE regular Washington correspondent of the St. Louis *Times* in a recent article, entitled "Women of the South in Washington," pays the following well deserved compliment to one of our former citizens, Mrs. Pattie Lyles Collins, who is now a resident of Washington: "Another is the widow of a Confederate captain. She is the finest wit and colloquist in the capital. She is the daughter of a late surgeon-general who served as such under Albert Sidney Johnston and with Polk and Bragg. She supports her mother and children by her daily toil in one of the bureaus." Mrs. Collins has hosts of friends here who will be gratified to know that her merits are thus appreciated in her new home.

WE learn that Mr. Ed Stack was married sometime ago to the widow of the late J. P. Gourlay, at St. Peter's church, by Rev. Father Fortune. Ed, you got ahead of your friends this time. We congratulate you on gaining Mrs. Gourlay, as we know her well. It is some years since we met her; it was then in Mobile, Alabama, at a reception at her house, given by Mr. Gourlay to some of the Confederate friends and officers. Mrs. Gourlay was a favorite in society and much admired. Mr. Gourlay was a man of note and was one of the most learned of his day, having held positions of honor in Mississippi and Mobile. He was also an able contributor to the press. Mr. and Mrs. Stack, we will drink to your health and offer many good wishes for the future, and may the evenings spent there be gilded with the rays of a golden sun. J. S. W.

Official Health Report.

Mortuary report for the week ending Saturday, May 1st, at 6 p.m:

Name.	Age.	Sex.	Color	Disease.
*W. J. Cordell.	40	male.	white	suicide
Ora Scharpile.	9 mos	male.	white	convulsions.
J. O. Durff	42	male.	white	con. of lungs.
Alphonse Briese	45	male	white	jaundice.
M. J. Bennett.	61	female	white	pericarditis.
Pearl E. Moore.	3 mos	female.	white	marasmus.
B. Crump	53	male.	col'ed	dysentery.
A. Wheatley	18mo	male.	col'ed	marasmus.
James Goodall.	28	male.	col'ed	gunshot w'nd.
Adam Cola.	82	male.	col'ed	unknown.
Chas. Arnold.	35	male.	col'ed	mal. fever.
Alice Brasch.	20	female.	col'ed	mal fever.
*Emma Jones.	16mo	female.	col'ed	nat'al causes.
Caroline Hays.	39	female.	col'ed	pneumonia.
*J. Wattleton.	63	female.	col'ed	heart disease.
*Lou Hill	1 day	female.	col'ed	prem. birth.

Name. *Age.* *Sex.* *Color* *Disease.*

*W. J. Cordell. 40 male. white suicide
Ora Scharpile. 9 mos male. white convulsions.
J. O. Durff 42 male. white con. of lungs.
Alphonse Briese 45 male white jaundice.
M. J. Bennett. 61 female white pericarditis.
Pearl E. Moore. 3 mos female. white marasmus.
B. Crump 53 male. col'ed dysentery.
A. Wheatley 18mo male. col'ed marasmus.
James Goodall. 28 male. col'ed gunshot w'nd.
Adam Cola. 82 male. col'ed unknown