# THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, JUNE 1. 1880. VOL. XXXIX---NUMBER 128


**WEATHER INDICATIONS TO-DAY.**

*For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature, winds shifting to northerly, partly cloudy weather and numerous rains.*

WASHBURNE is very unpopular at Chicago.

THE unit rule kills Blaine and makes Grant.

THURLOW WEED says Grant cannot be elected if nominated.

GENERAL LORING is spoken of for congress in the second district, Florida.

TEXAS has five hundred thousand dollars in her treasury, an unexpended balance of general revenue.

THE New York *Tribune* suggests Abram S. Hewitt, of New York, as a possible dark horse at Cincinnati.

THE Democrats of the first district of Louisiana yesterday nominated General R. L. Gibson for re-election to congress.

THE judiciary committee of the house will exonerate Acklen, who is to enter the field as an independent candidate for congress in Louisiana.

A MEMORIAL bust of the poet Moore was unveiled in Central park, New York, on Friday last. It is spoken of as a very creditable work from the chisel of an Irish sculptor named Sheehan.

THE New York *World's* Washington correspondent declares that Mr. Tilden and Mr. Speaker Randall are both working diligently with a view to concentrating their strength for Judge Jere S. Black at Cincinnati.

For the week ending the twenty-ninth instant (Saturday last) there were but four deaths among the white people of Memphis (numbering fully twenty-five thousand), and these were of children all under two years of age.

THE New York *Herald* is anxious to have the third-term question settled by the vote of the people, and settled so it will never come up again; it is therefore urgently in favor of the nomination of Grant, believing that he will be defeated—that he will be beaten badly by the Democratic party.

A DISPATCH from Chicago to the Washington *Star* states that a telegraph wire reaches direct from the rooms of the Maine delegation to the study of Mr. Blaine, in his house on Fifteenth street, in Washington, and he is thus in direct and constant communication with the delegation from his own State.

MR. JAMES ROBINSON PLANCHE, the famous English playwright and critic, died in London on Sunday. His death will be a great loss to the English stage and to the literary circles of London, of which Mr. Planche was so long a leader. Held in general respect and esteem, he will be universally mourned.

A COMMUNICATION from Mr. Edward L. Topp on the cultivation of amber-cane will be found in another column. In directing the attention of our farmers and planters to this very valuable product, Mr. Topp has done a service the full value of which it is to be hoped will next year—perhaps this—be made apparent by experiments in this vicinity.

THE Democratic State convention of Arkansas will be called to order to-day at twelve o'clock in the hall of representatives, Little Rock. A governor and other State officers are to be nominated, and delegates to the National convention, to be held in Cincinnati. Miller, present governor, and who is now serving his second term, is a candidate; Churchill, a distinguished citizen, who has served his State in the field and forum, is another; Smithee, a well-known journalist, and formerly land commissioner, is also a candidate, and A. M. Wilson. All the other present State officers are more than likely to be nominated and elected.

THE Republican National convention meets to-morrow in Chicago, and will, more than likely, nominate Grant for a third term. He goes into the convention with nearly one-half its vote pledged to him, and his cause is in the hands of the best managers of his party. Conkling, the ablest statesman and finest speaker among the Republican leaders, will nominate him; Don Cameron will do the wire-working, the swapping and the promising, and Logan will supervise the labors of the shoulder-hitting brigade. Behind this, too, there is a heavy bank account, and money will flow as free as may be necessary to force Grant on the Republican party on a bloody-shirt platform.

A SPECIAL from Washington to the Cincinnati *Commercial* states that the opposition to Maynard's confirmation as Key's successor, is understood to be led by Senators Bayard, Beck and Lamar. They all served in the house with him, and have some old scores to pay off. Other Democratic senators oppose him on account of his alleged hatred of the south and his course during the reconstruction period. Maynard was not popular with his associates in congress, and some of them are now attempting to get even with him. Senators Bailey and Harris have no love for Maynard, but at the same time they recognize that he is from their State, that he is qualified, and that he is the President's selection; therefore, they do not oppose his confirmation.

AT the convention of the Democracy of Knox county, held at Knoxville on Saturday last, Colonel W. A. Henderson introduced an anti-repudiation resolution which, at the urgent entreaty of Colonel J. M. Fleming, Colonel A. Caldwell and General J. A. Mabry, was withdrawn, and, as a substitute, the following, offered by Colonel Fleming, was adopted:

*Resolved*, That, inasmuch as the State convention, called to assemble on the eighth day of June next, is restricted by the terms of the call to the consideration of Federal politics, we would deprecate the introduction of any disturbing question of State politics into said convention.

This, it is earnestly to be hoped, will be the spirit and purpose of the State convention which meets at Nashville next Tuesday. All questions affecting the State or State politics should be relegated to the convention which is called to meet in August to nominate State officers.

IN ANSWER to the charge that Governor Miller, of Arkansas, sneaked to the woods and vacated his office last Thursday and Friday, so as to escape the importunities of Ford's friends for a pardon, the Little Rock *Democrat* states "that Governor Miller granted a respite to Ford in order to permit him to introduce new evidence. This he failed to do. Judge Mack, who sentenced Ford, refused to sign the petition asking Governor Miller to respite Ford the second time, being well satisfied that no good reason existed why the sentence of law should not be executed. Governor Miller is not the man to be swayed from the path of official duty by the hope of catching a few votes. In this matter, as in all other of a like character, he has discharged his duty as he saw it without regard to popular clamor or popular applause."

## CHICAGO

**The Center of Interest To-day for Americans of Whatever Name—Nearly All the Leaders of the Republican Party Present, Scheming, Plotting, Planning and Pipe-Laying**

**To Secure Victory for their Favorite—Grant Watching Events from Afar—Blaine Advised to go to the Scene—Sherman Scarcely Mentioned—Preparations for To-day.**

CHICAGO, May 30.—The day was passed busily at the hotels and headquarters of all the candidates. Preparations of considerable magnitude are making for the two open-air meetings on the lake front to-morrow night. The Grant meeting has secured some of the best speakers in the city. The anti-Grant meeting will probably be addressed rather by business men than by famous orators. J. Milton Turner, of St. Louis, chairman of the national committee for the negro men, is here and opened rooms for headquarters today for the advancement of the chances of Senator Bruce for the Vice-Presidency.

**Anti-Grant Gossip.**

CHICAGO, May 31.—A large number of delegates and others arrived this morning at the Grand Pacific. Four hundred were newly registered, among them Colonel R. G. Ingersoll, who will speak to-night at an anti-Grant meeting, provided the weather clears, which now seems improbable. It is believed that four-fifths of the delegates are now on the ground and a considerable number of the alternates. The New Jersey delegation and most of the Illinois delegates arrived this morning.

The action of the national committee at its meeting is anxiously looked for, because it is expected to take some action respecting the plan to be pursued in conducting the convention. It is alleged that the anti-Grant members of the committee, who have a considerable majority, are determined to exact a pledge from Senator Cameron to carry out their instructions, and then to substantially abolish the unit rule in the preliminary organization. It is said by some delegates that in case Cameron should refuse to consent to this arrangement, he would be deposed. Several propositions looking to the settlement of this vexed question are supposed to have been made to-day, but nothing is known to have been accomplished. It is predicted that the real contest will be in the committee meeting, and that the convention itself is likely to be harmonious.

Senators Hamlin and Blair arrived here to-day.

**Edmunds Will Not be a Candidate.**

A letter has been received by Judge Hoar, from Senator Edmunds, declining absolutely to allow the use of his name as a candidate for President. The friends of General Grant believe that this will help them, while the Vermont delegates, although refusing to state who their second choice will be, say they will not vote for Grant. A Massachusetts delegate said to-day that Edmunds's withdrawal would add twenty votes to Sherman's score.

**Speculation.**

The southern delegates have been the objects of great solicitude and devoted attention for the past forty-eight hours. It is claimed by the Grant men that they have gained in that quarter, a claim, however, which the friends of the other candidates refuse to allow.

The principal candidates have very active and very confident friends, and, so far as can be learned, there is no giving way as yet in any quarter.

A large delegation with white hats arrived to-day from Philadelphia, and were received with a band and other demonstrations of welcome.

Cincinnati furnished another large delegation, which was received in a like manner. The Grant club, headed by Colonel Bellamy Storer, came from Cincinnati, and Sherman clubs, from Cincinnati, numbering three hundred, and from New York, have also arrived. The Indiana delegation took a vote to-day on the unit rule, and out of twenty-four present only one favored it. The Alabama delegates voted solid for it.

**The Meetings.**

The evening proved to be a fine one, and at an early hour large crowds of people poured from trains, street-cars and came from the extreme parts of the city in masses to attend the two meetings on the lake shore. The meeting of Grant's supporters was held in Dearborn park, and the anti-Grant meeting just across the street in the base ball grounds.

**The Speakers.**

The speakers announced for the Grant meeting were Senators Conkling, Logan, Spencer and S. L. Woodford, of New York; Leonard, Swett, Morey, Starrs, Robert F. Lincoln and S. A. Douglass. At the anti-Grant meeting the speakers were R. G. Ingersoll, Davis, of Maine; Fred Hassaurek, of Cincinnati, Wayne M'Veagh, Louis Parker, Gibson, of Ohio, and others.

The advertised speakers did not all appear. Neither Swett, Storrs, Conkling or Carpenter spoke at the Grant meeting, and Ingersoll and Hale failed to appear at the anti-Grant meeting. Resolutions were adopted by the latter denouncing the nomination of Grant as being opposed to the wishes of the party, and declaring that if he is nominated they would not sustain the nomination.

**Ohio Organizing.**

The Ohio delegation met this afternoon and organized, with Ex-Governor Dennison as chairman. General Garfield was named for the committee on rules, and G. W. Jones as a member of the committee on credentials. The other States hold meetings for organization to-night and to-morrow.

**The Excitement About in Several Headquarters.**

Notwithstanding the vast crowds on the Lake park attending the two meetings for Grant and anti-Grant, the corridors of the hotels and streets are thronged. The utmost interest is manifested, and every report of the work of the managers of the candidates, whether reasonable or unreasonable, is seized upon and discussed in its bearing upon the candidates. The greatest interest centers about the Palmer house, where a secret meeting of the National executive committee is being held. It had been given out by the friends of Blaine, that if Senator Cameron should persist in voting for the unit rule, the National committee would not hesitate to remove him from the chairmanship. A caucus was held during the day and a course of action marked out having that result for an ultimate action. There was a feeling of reluctance on the part of some of the members, especially the supporters of Sherman and William E. Chandler, to the deposition of Mr. Cameron, and some other way to effect an anti Grant organization of the convention was hoped for.

**Bill Chandler's Resolutions.**

At the meeting of the National committee today, Mr. Chandler offered the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That this committee approves and ratifies the call for the approaching Republican National convention, which was issued by its chairman and secretary, and which invites two delegates from each congressional district, four delegates-at-large from each State, two from each Territory, and two from the District of Columbia, to compose the convention.

*Resolved*. That this committee recognizes the right of each delegate in a Republican National convention freely to cast and have counted his individual vote therein, according to his own sentiments, and if he so declines, against any unit rule or other instructions passed by a state convention, which right was conceded without dissent and was exercised in the conventions of 1868 and 1868, and was, after a full debate, affirmed by the convention of 1876, and has thus become a part of the law of Republican conventions, and until a revision by a convention itself must remain a governing principle.

The first resolution was adopted unanimously; to the second resolution Mr. Cameron took exception, and it is now under discussion.

Mr. Chaffee, of Colorado, who presented the resolution on the unit rule, appealed from the decision of the chair that it was out of order.

The chairman [Cameron] refused to entertain the appeal.

Some business of minor importance was transacted, and a recess for fifteen minutes taken.

The committee met again at half-past ten o'clock, but nothing has since transpired as to its action. Conversations with members of the committee indicate that there is likely to be a warm session, and it is alleged by some of them that it is probable Cameron will be deposed to-night.

A paper pledging the signers not to vote for Grant on the first or any other ballot was signed by twenty-two of the New York delegates to-day. This settles the status of that delegation in the convention. The defection in the Pennsylvania delegation is said by the Grant men to be less serious. They say not over four will refuse to vote as directed by the State convention, while the Blaine men claim that there are thirteen who will obey the instructions of the districts only.

Upon reassembling resolutions were adopted apportioning the tickets as follows: Giving each delegate and alternate one season ticket each; reporters, five hundred and ninety-seven season tickets; each member of the National committee a ticket; to the president of the convention, each day, twenty-five tickets; to each delegate for distribution each day, seven tickets; to each member of the National committee, daily, twenty-five tickets; to the proprietors of the exposition building, each day, one hundred tickets; to the chairman of each State and Territorial delegation, three tickets daily; to subscribers, five hundred daily; to congressmen not delegates, one each; to ex-congressmen, one each; to county, city, State and Federal officers, one each; to distinguished guests, one each. The committee can distribute tickets as they may elect according to the above programme. The following resolution was then adopted:

*Resolved*, That the following-named persons be and they are hereby appointed a sub committee, to-wit: Messrs. Root, of Illinois; New, of Indiana; Ross, of Wisconsin; Lamont, of Oregon; Cooper, of Ohio; Filley, of Missouri; Devereaux, of Georgia; Bowen, of the District of Columbia, and Clayton, of Arkansas, with full power and authority to execute and carry out the distribution of the tickets as aforesaid, and that the tickets shall be turned over to them for that purpose.

Also the following:

WHEREAS, The report of the sub committee heretofore appointed, having been accepted and filed, it is now

*Resolved*, That the committee be discharged, and that a committee, consisting of Root, of Illinois; New, of Indiana; Ross, of Wisconsin; Scott, of Oregon; Cooper, of Ohio; Devereaux, of Georgia; Bowen, of the District of Columbia; Filley, of Missouri, and Clayton, of Arkansas, be and they are hereby appointed to perfect all necessary arrangements for the control of the hall which may be secured by the National committee for the purposes of the National convention.

Judge E. R. Hoar was selected by the committee as temporary chairman of the convention, and Mr. J. H. Roberts, of Chicago, was appointed temporary secretary.

These nominations were made on the recommendation of the committee appointed for the purpose, and consisting of William E. Chandler, Cooper of Ohio, Forbes of Massachusetts, Platt of New York, and Jones of Nevada. The question of the unit rule was not again brought forward during the meeting, which did not adjourned until after midnight, but it will come up to-morrow.

The anti-Grant members of the committee claim a substantial victory on every point so far, having displaced the committee of arrangements, which was composed of Grant men, entirely with a new committee in which the opposition are in a majority, and having named a temporary chairman who is perfectly satisfactory to them.

The peculiarity of Chairman Cameron's ruling on the Chaffee resolution against the unit rule, was that he did not decide it out of order, but simply refused to entertain it, and consequently when Chaffee appealed he declared that there was nothing before the house and that there could be no appeal. The contest will be renewed to-morrow over the unit rule.

**The Women at Work.**

The National woman's suffrage association begin their first day's session at Farwell hall to-morrow. Many delegates are already here, including some of the most prominent ladies in the country.

**Anti-Third Term Meeting at Indianapolis.**

INDIANAPOLIS, May 31.—An immense anti-third term meeting was held in the opera house to night. William Wallace, of this city, was chairman, and Kirk Hawes, of Chicago, and General Haskall, of Goshen, Indiana, the principal speakers. A series of strong resolutions were adopted, and General Harrison and R. O. Hawkins were requested to urge the Indiana delegation to oppose by all honorable means the nomination of General Grant.

**The Anti-Grant Movement.**

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—It is authoritatively stated here that the National committee of one hundred, provided for by the Republican anti-third-term convention held here May 6th, has been appointed, and that the names of the gentlemen composing it will be announced at Chicago in the event of the nomination of General Grant.

**Grant Watching from Afar.**

DUBUQUE, IA., May 31.—General and Mrs. Grant arrived here this afternoon and will remain to-morrow morning, and, perhaps, during the whole time of the Chicago convention. They are guests of Ex-Mayor John Thompson. General Grant was here about a week ago. It is understood that one reason for his coming here now and remaining for some days is a desire to get away from home, so as to avoid the large number of telegrams and letters that are pouring in upon him, especially from Chicago. He watches matters there closely, but preserves his usual silence on all political topics.

**Mr. Blaine Wanted in Chicago.**

New York *Graphic*, Friday night: "Senator Blaine started for Washington to-day. It was his intention to remain in Washington all next week, but previous to leaving the city he received a number of dispatches from his intimate friends now at Chicago urging the necessity for his being present in that city, claiming that unless he did so his chances for securing a nomination would be greatly lessened. They say that if he will only go on the floor of the convention he will be able to break down any sharp practice resorted to in favor of General Grant by Messrs. Conkling, Logan and Cameron. Mr. Blaine consulted with many friends in this city, and, without saying positively whether he would go to Chicago or not, he left with those the impression that he would leave Washington for Chicago to-morrow evening, so as to be on hand Monday early."

NO ONE can enjoy life without health. An ailment that prevails to great extent is liver complaint. Miserable are its victims! Headache, indigestion, biliousness, sour stomach, constipation, dyspepsia, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, and other miseries are its attendants. Impure blood can be made pure; boils, sores, pimples and other eruptions removed, the skin assuming a clear and healthy appearance, all by taking Simmons liver regulator.

"My sufferings have been great. I have spent thousands of dollars, and traveled through many States, seeking health in vain. I never expected to regain perfect health, but I thank God that Simmons liver regulator has restored me to health and happiness. I felt impelled to write to you, and have done my duty to suffering man and woman. My eldest daughter has taken it, and no headache since.

"C. HOLT, Chester, South Carolina."

**Oil Report for May.**

TITUSVILLE, PA., May 31.—To-morrow the Titusville *Herald* will publish the oil report for May, of which the following is a synopsis: During the month of May there were 416 wells finished, against 332 in April. These wells produced 3649 barrels daily. Twenty dry holes were developed during the month. There were also 455 wells drilling and 422 new rigs, against 560 drilling and 562 new rigs up in April.

**The Huffman Will Case.**

DAYTON, May 31.—The jury in the Huffman will case brought in a verdict this evening for the contestants, pronouncing the will invalid. The case has been in the courts for the past five years, and is brought by the great-grandchildren of the testator, an early resident of Dayton. The estate is valued at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. This is the third trial.

**The Marquez Revolutionists.**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—A Tucson dispatch says that reliable information from Sonora to day, reports that Marquez, the revolutionist, is between Altar and Hermosilla, all of whose soldiers have deserted him except about one hundred. He is moving in the direction of Hermosilla.

**The Rio Grande Railroad.**

DENVER, May 31.—The *Tribune* article of Saturday, reporting the consolidation of the South Park and Rio Grande railroads as pronounced by the president of the former company and the general manager of the latter, is utterly without foundation in fact.

**Insurrection in Bagdad.**

LONDON, May 31.—A Constantinople dispatch says that the insurrection in the district of Bagdad is assuming serious proportions, and the government troops there are insufficient. The Arabs demand self-government under the protection of England.

**The Wounded by the Texas Tornado.**

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—A Galveston *News* Savoy special reports that two of the wounded have died and that ten more will probably die from injuries received in the late tornado.

S. T. WILLIAMS, a prominent druggist of Salisbury, Maryland, wrote, January 25, 1878: "Send me one dozen Tutt's pills, and if they prove what you claim for them I will order more." February 19th, he writes: "Send me two dozen more of Dr. Tutt's liver pills by return mail. They are doing wonders here."

## THE MERRY MILLERS

**Leave their Stones and their Bins, their Wheat and their Flour, their Corn and their Meal, and Come Together from All Parts of the World to Assist at the Opening of**

**An International Exhibition and to form a Convention and Grain Congress, at which Matters of General Interest to the Trade are to be Discussed and Important Results Reached.**

CINCINNATI, May 30.—Delegates and visitors to the International millers' convention and grain congress are arriving rapidly. The English delegation, numbering sixty, arrived to-day in charge of Commissioner Gordon, who went to New York to receive them. They were accompanied by Howard Lockwood and others from New York. Messrs. George H. Baer, Robert Tyson, S. P. Thompson, J. A. Norris and P. H. Mazell, of the Baltimore corn and flour exchange, and Edward Roeky, chief grain inspector at Baltimore, also arrived to-day. Before the week ends, there will be the largest assembly of men interested in milling and grain ever gathered in this country.

**Opening of Millers' International Exhibition.**

CINCINNATI, May 31.—There was a very large attendance at the opening of the International Millers' exhibition in Music hall today.

Prayer was offered by Rev. George H. Kinsolving, rector of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal church.

General Durbin Ward delivered the address of welcome to the city.

Lieutenant-Governor Hickenlooper welcomed the visitors on behalf of the State. He sketched the rapid development of the State, less than eighty years old, which forty years ago had not a railroad, to the place of the third in the Union, and to this State bade the millers a welcome.

Mr. George Bain, president of the Millers' national association, responded. He gave a brief history of the origin of the association, and showed how, out of the experience of the meetings of the association, it was found to be necessary to have an exhibition of the millers' machinery in actual operation, and how out of this grew the idea of this international exhibition. He paid a high compliment to the Cincinnati commissioners for their zeal in managing the details of this great undertaking.

A response was also made by Mr. Joseph Van Den Wynaert on behalf of the German millers. He was glad to speak in high praise of the courtesy and kindness he had received from the time he had set foot on American soil. Representing the millers of Germany, and commissioned by his government to visit and report upon this exhibition, he felt sure he would be able to say that it was one of great benefit to all concerned.

Mr. Smith, on behalf of the English and Irish millers, also responded. He had been touched, during the voyage, by the courtesy of an American who, on the queen's birthday, kindly proposed her health. Since landing he and his friends had been treated with the utmost consideration. He hoped good lessons would be learned by all from this great exhibition.

President Gault, of this city, then declared the exhibition open.

## TENNESSEE POLITICS.

**Colonel H. C. Gallaway.**

Columbia *Journal*: "Colonel Gallaway, editor of the APPEAL, in a letter to Colonel Barry, editor of the *M'Nairy Sun*, declines most emphatically to allow his name to be used as a candidate for governor or for any other office. The veteran editor writes a strong and eloquent letter, in which he expresses his preference for quiet serenity in the evening of life. After a service of forty years heard and felt, he recognizes the laudatory tures of his fellow-laborers as ample recompense for past service. Colonel Gallaway is truly a remarkable man; one of the best and strongest writers which Tennessee has ever produced, and in the gubernatorial chair he would be fully equal to the situation. Though he cannot consent himself to become a candidate for any office, he assures us that in the great battle which is to be decided in November next, his arm will be nerved with strength for the restoration of the government to the landmarks blazed out by the founders of the republic."

**Golden Words of Wisdom.**

The Nashville *Banner*, commenting on Colonel Gallaway's letter, says: "Long and faithfully have we labored in the cause of compromise and unity in the Democratic party, and the time is come when the good conservative men of the party must rally together for succor. No one can charge us truthfully with being a repudiationist. Every instinct of our nature is abhorrent to it, but at the same time it is imperatively necessary for the sake of our old party, for the sake of our adherents in the north, for the sake of Thurman, Bayard or Tilden, as it may be, that the State debt issues shall not obtrude their hideous forms into the contest this year. We feel that unless this course is pursued the party will evermore lie prostrate in Tennessee, and those very cormorants who contracted this debt by their reckless legislation and wanton issuance of bonds, will again hold the reins of power, made tenfold greedy by their enforced retirement from office. But we have so often said these and many more things, that they, we fear, fail to impress you. Here are the words of the sage of Memphis, that venerable and venerated man who, by his manly, conservative course, has before now saved the party, and who has never yet been found wanting when the party was in trouble, who fought for his principles instead of skulking behind his journalistic desk. He comes before you, and so grave are the issues, he lays aside his impersonality and approaches you in his own true, noble manly words.

## CHURCH CONVENTIONS.

**The Methodist Protestants.**

PITTSBURG, May 31.—Dr. Murray presented a paper to the Methodist Protestant conference to-day on the obligation of ministers to preach in harmony with the articles of religion. Adopted.

The reports of the committees on Sunday-schoolritual and church extension were placed on file.

The publishing interests committee recommended that the Pittsburg and Bath book concerns hereafter be under the control of the Methodist Protestant conference, they to appoint five directors, who shall be responsible for all debts and expenditures, any surplus, however, to be disposed of by the general conference.

**Presbyterian General Assembly.**

MADISON, WIS., May 31.—The Presbyterian general assembly adjourned *sine die* at twelve o'clock to-day, it being dissolved by a hymn and a prayer by the moderator. A committee to present resolutions on the Indian question to congress was appointed. A copy of the resolutions favoring the extinction of Mormonism was decided to be sent to President Hayes, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of congress, and Governor Murray, of Utah. The customary resolutions of thanks to the officers, the citizens and the corporation were adopted; also, resolutions of sympathy to the memory of the soldiers whose graves were decorated to-day.

**Reformed Presbyterians.**

PITTSBURG, May 31.—The Reformed Presbyterian synod commenced its session to-day. Rev. Mr. Steel offered a resolution looking to the insituting of a board of church extension, the duty of which shall be to consider the organization of new congregations. Adopted.

Rev. Mr. Smiley presented a formal minute of the synod in the matter of the declinature of Rev. Mr. Woodside.

First—Rev. Mr. Woodside should not have declined the jurisdiction of the Northern presbytery.

Second—That it would be inexpedient to try the case further, either by commission or otherwise.

The minute was accepted under protest by the Philadelphia delegation.

A paper, which was declared out of order, was then read from Dr. Woodside, in which he refused to recognize the synod, and characterized their action as unlawful, adding: "By your actions during the past week, culminating in the vote on Saturday, you have demonstrated to the satisfaction of every candid mind that you have abdicated your right to the time-honored name of 'Reformed Presbyterians.'"

A resolution was then presented and adopted almost unanimously that Rev. N. Woodside's name be stricken from the rolls.

Thanks were then tendered the moderators, clerks, press and congregation, after which the synod adjourned *sine die*, to meet at Cedarville, Ohio, on the third Wednesday of May, 1881.

## EX-GOVERNOR PORTER

**And the Claim of the General Government Against the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.**

Special to the Appeal.]

NASHVILLE, May 31.—Two years ago Governor Porter obtained from the government the approval of a account for the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars due the State for keeping Federal prisoners in the Tennessee penitentiary, before a dated to pay over the money on the ground that the interest on bonds held by it, issued in aid of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, and indorsed by the State, had not been paid. The government holds five hundred thousand dollars in these bonds in trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe. The suit will involve the question whether the railroad is not first and the State secondarily responsible, and whether, in the event that the sum cannot be made off the railroad, the government can obtain judgment against the State.

Ex-Governor Jacob D. Porter will on next Wednesday be elected president of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis road, at the meeting of the directors, vice J. W. Thomas, elected temporarily until Mr. Porter could become qualified by holding stock for ninety days. Four new directors will also be elected at the same time.

## A RIOT

**Raised by Colored Troops in Baltimore Promptly and Effectively Quelled by the Police.**

BALTIMORE, May 31.—This afternoon, while a colored post of the Grand Army of the Republic was going to Laurel cemetery to decorate the graves of their dead, some of the negroes following went into a saloon near the cemetery and called for beer, for which they refused to pay. The proprietor of the place made an effort to eject them, when they raided the house. The police interposed to prevent further disturbance, when they were assaulted with stones. They drew their pistols and fired on the crowd, killing one man, Charles Mosell, and wounding several persons, among whom was a woman. This quelled the riot.

## HORRIBLE CRIME.

**Two Widows Put Out of the Way by a Murderer Who Evidently Knew His Business.**

AVON, CONN., May 31.—Maria Avent and Emily Chilsey, widows, were murdered last night. The women were last seen alive Sunday morning. This morning a neighbor on entering the kitchen found Mrs. Chilsey lying on the kitchen floor weltering in blood, she having been killed by a blow on the head with an axe. Mrs. Avent was found in the attic in bed, with her bible and spectacles by her side and a ghastly wound in the forehead, inflicted by a tailor's goose, which was lying in a chest close by. A piece of carpet had been thrown over the body of Mrs. Chilsey, and a paper over the face of Mrs. Avent. The murderer probably approached the house from a window in the rear, the barns sheltering him from observation. Tracks were found in the barn-yard and in the roadway from the rear. The motive of the crime was not plunder, as the silver in the kitchen was not disturbed, and the bureau and trunks were not molested. There is a possibility of a motive from the object of some party interested in the destruction of the will of the old ladies. They were in good circumstances and had quite a large amount of money in the savings bank. Mrs. Avent formerly lived in the west, but on the death of her husband [illegible] the old

## WHERE SHE HAS GOT THEM.

**How the Old Baltimore and Ohio Has Made it Interesting for Rival Lines.**

Louisville *Courier-Journal*: "The Baltimore and Ohio has awoke with a jump, and all competing lines are anything but certain as to just what they are going to do about it. The new management has come to stay and is a hummer sure. Leaving here this afternoon with through Pullman sleeper, Washington is reached to-morrow noon, Baltimore soon after, and Philadelphia, New York and Boston the same time as the fastest trains by other roads. But it is the hip the Baltimore and Ohio has on Washington and Baltimore that is worrying the boys of the rival lines. She gets to both cities eight hours or more ahead of any of them and the joke on t'other fellows is, that to save their boots they can't meet the cut in time. Heretofore the Baltimore and Ohio has been at the tail, but she now goes to the head with a vengeance. Judging from the extensive and systematic details perfected, the old Baltimore and Ohio proposes to stay in the lead, the track having been most thoroughly gone over, the sleeping patent coupler-platform attached to the passenger equipment, and the dining stations all along the line renovated and put in the best possible shape. Throughout, in all minor as well as the more important details, the Baltimore and Ohio has been made as near perfect as attainable."

## SPORTING NEWS.

**The Auteuil Races**

PARIS, May 31.—There was a large and brilliant attendance at the Auteuil races to-day. The grand national steeple chase was won by Recruit Basque; Jacinthe second, Rossamore third. The grand hurdle race was taken by Doublen; Turco second, Sagittaire third.

**Goss and Ryan.**

PITTSBURG, May 31.—This afternoon Goss, Ryan and a large number of the sporting fraternity left on the Panhandle for the scene of the battle. They will remain at Steubenville, Ohio, to night. The fight takes place at daylight to-morrow.

**A Brutal Affair.**

PITTSBURG, May 31.—Jack Float, of England, and George Trumbull, of M'Keesport, Pennsylvania, fought a prize fight, near that place to day, for two hundred and fifty dollars a side. Sixty-six rounds were fought, resulting in a victory for Trumbull. The fight lasted four hours and a half, and was most brutal. Float is fifty-four years of age; has fought twenty-five battles, and was never whipped before. Trumbull is thirty-three years of age. No arrests were made.

**American Jockey Club Races.**

NEW YORK, May 31.—To-day was the first day of the American jockey club races at Jerome park. There was an immense attendance on account of Decoration day. The track was in fair order after the heavy rain last night.

*First Race.*—Dash of one mile; was won by Una, a neck before Conover's Leamington, Tasmania getting second, Quito third, Clarendon fourth and Bulwark last. Quito was a hot favorite. Time—1:48¾.

*Second Race.*—The great metropolitan stakes, handicap, mile and a half, had ten starters; won by Aureolus, beating George M'Cullough, Feridas, Startle, Vagrant, Harold, Jericho, Peter Haynes, St. Martin and Report. Harold was the favorite. Time—2:45.

*Third Race.*—One mile and three-eighths, handicap; won by Warfield, Nancy second, Lancewood third. Time—2:32½.

The three-quarter mile dash, selling race, was won by Milan; Charles Gorham second, Electrician third. Baster and Wamba also started. Time—1:18½.

The gentleman's race, Walter weights, three-quarter mile dash, was won by Odd-Fellow; Bombast second, Alleveur third, Tramp fourth. Time—1:24½.

The last race, steeple-chase, was won by Disturbance; Faustina second, Bertha third. Time—4:57.

**Base-Ball.**

TROY, May 29.—Troys, 8; Buffaloes, 1.

TROY, May 31.—Buffaloes, 19; Troys, 10.

ALBANY, May 31.—Albanys, 4; Nationals, 3.

**Decoration Day at Detroit.**

DETROIT, May 31.—Decoration day was observed to-day. Two companies from Fort Wayne and several local military companies made a fine display. An address was delivered by William C. Mayberry, but the graves of the soldiers were not decorated with flowers. Business was very generally suspended most of the day.

## A REIGN OF TERROR

**Prevails In and About Silver City Consequent Upon the Frequent Murder of Settlers by the Indians—The Blunder that Hatch Committed the Cause of the Loss of**

**Many Valuable Lives—Troops Ordered to the Front Moving with all Possible Speed—A Sensational Story in which One Cunningham Plays an Important Part.**

CHEYENNE, WY. T., May 31.—The reports of Indian depredations in North Park, Colorado, are denied by late arrivals from that section.

**Indian Attacks and Massacres.**

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Specials from southern New Mexico say that the Indians attacked a party of Mexicans at old Fort Cummings on Saturday, and that one man was wounded. Major Bird, paymaster, who was passing, pursued the Indians with his escort and fought them all the afternoon. They retreated into Cook's canyon at night. Since then five dead bodies have been found in Cook's canyon, among them those of Sam J. Lyons and a stage driver. All the bodies were terribly burned. A stage-coach and three wagons were also burned. It is supposed that three or four, perhaps more, persons besides those found were killed. The Indians left in the direction of the Florida mountains. Troops arrived at the scene on Saturday and took up the trail of the Indians.

**A Reign of Terror.**

CHICAGO, May 31.—Two reports from Silver City state that the buckboard driver was killed by Indians yesterday, just west of Cuming, and the mail was captured and destroyed. Sam Lyons, the stationkeeper, was killed and a number of cattle and stock taken. A number of Mexicans were killed near Cummings and Hillsborough, fifty head of stock were killed at the latter point and a large number of horses stolen.

Cook's canyon is reported to be full of Indians, and massacres are almost of hourly occurrence. There is an absolute reign of terror east of Silver City, and mail communication is suspended.

**Troops for North Park.**

LARAMIE CITY, May 31.—Companies I, E, D and B, Third cavalry, left this city for North Park to protect the miners and prospectors from the Utes. Major Carleton commands the expedition, twenty-five wagons, each drawn by six mules, accompanied by a column, and fifty-three pack mules will leave to-morrow and overtake them. Dr. Cannon and assistant, with two ambulances, also left with the troops.

**A Murderer Covering His Tracks.**

CHEYENNE, May 31.—Burlingame, who reported the Ute depredations in North Park and the killing of Carr and his party of miners, by the redskins, has disappeared. He is suspected of the murder and of starting the story to conceal the crime. Prospectors have failed to discover any sign or trail of any Indians in North Park or vicinity.

**Hatch Blundered.**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—A Tucson dispatch says: "O. R. Smithe, superintendent of the N. M. and L. company, is here from Silver City. He states that the whole country surrounding Silver City is in a state of terror and demoralization. Victoria and his band of not less than three hundred and fifty warriors, made up of Apaches, Mescaleros, Comanches and Navajoes, are spreading death and destruction before them. The troops under General Hatch appear to be powerless. A volunteer company of fifty men are equipped, mounted and rationed by the cit zens of Silver City to aid the military. They went to General Hatch at the Magdlan mountains some days ago and offered, if that the citizens had better attend to their own business, and that he would take care of the Indians. At that time San Francisco valley was being made desolate by the Indians, the settlers fleeing for their lives. Not less than twenty-two people were killed. It is also well known in the present locality of the Arizona command sent word to Hatch that by a certain movement they could corral Victoria in a box canyon. Hatch failed to co-operate and Victoria escaped. The people of southwest New Mexico are very bitter against Hatch. Upward of two hundred and fifty citizens have been been killed in New Mexico by this band during Hatch's campaign, during the last three or four months. They also claim that he has been defeated in every engagement with the Indians, and sent reports to military headquarters most outrageously falsifying the real situation of affairs in his department."

## LITTLE ROCK.

**The Democratic Convention Will Not Repudiate—Gubernatorial Candidates—A Scrub Race.**

Special to the Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, May 31.—The excitement incident to the convening of the State Democratic convention, on Wednesday, is running high. There are upward of one hundred delegates in the city and arriving by every train. Caucussing will be intense to-morrow. Many leading Arkansans now here, instructed to vote to date, as far as heard from, stands for governor—Churchill, 74; Miller, 62; Wilson, 31; Fishback, 6; Grace, 6; Smithee, 3. The number of votes necessary to nominate is one hundred and twelve. The friends of both Miller and Churchill are confident of success and are working hard.

There is a strong feeling against the proposed repudiation amendment.

**Delegates Arriving.**

Press Dispatch.]

LITTLE ROCK, May 31.—Quite a number of delegates to the Democratic State convention have already arrived. The meeting promises to be full. Interest centers on the contest for governor and attorney-general, the only issues in doubt.

## WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Secretary Evarts says that the Liverpool *Courier's* statement, telegraphed here, that he has sent amicable advices to Minister Lowell other than were contained in his reports presented to congress on the fishery question, is entirely unfounded.

HON. J. H. ACKLEN EXONERATED.

Special to the Baltimore *Sun*: The house committee on judiciary has finally reached a conclusion in the Acklen case, which has been under consideration for several months past, and will submit a report to the house within a few days, possibly to-morrow or next day, exonerating Mr. Acklen. At the beginning of the investigation Mr. Acklen admitted the impropriety of his action in submitting to the house what purported to be a report of the foreign affairs committee, of which he was not a member, but claimed to have acted with proper motives. The evidence taken by the foreign affairs committee also proved beyond all doubt the impropriety of the act. The judiciary committee, therefore, was only required to inquire into the motives which prompted Mr. Acklen to make the report. The committee will report to the house declaring the impropriety to be the result of inadvertence and inexperience. The committee unanimously agree on the report. One or two of the Republican members of the committee were slow in giving their assent, but they finally did so. One of the best lawyers on the committee, who may, however, been biased a little on account of the excessive amount of the milk of human kindness there is in his system, declared to-night that never in all his legal experience had he heard of such a case of persecution