THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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WEATHER INDICATIONS TO-DAY.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, stationary or falling barometer, higher temperature, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds shifting to east or south.

BAYARD will have the votes of the entire Maryland delegation.

TILDEN's strength in the Cincinnati convention will not exceed two hundred votes. So good judges say.

LOGAN, since he secured the admission of the five hundred veterans, is more sanguine than ever that Grant will be nominated.

A FULL report of yesterday's proceedings in the Chicago convention will be found on the second page of this issue of the APPEAL.

THE senate yesterday confirmed Horace Maynard postmaster-general in place of D. M. Key, resigned. Horace will be home in time to take a hand in the Presidential election.

THE Little Rock *Democrat* declares that Governor Miller, General Churchill, Colonels Grace and Smithee are squarely and irrevocably on the record against the repudiation amendment to the constitution of Arkansas, while Messrs. Wilson and Fishback are as fully committed to it.

A DISPATCH from San Antonio states that the bodies of Prof. Stadler, editor of the Fort Clark *News*, and W. C. Kates, a prominent merchant, were found washed out on the prairies, eighteen miles from Fort Clark. Persons are scattered over the country searching for the bodies of the drowned, many of whom, it is feared, were borne on to the Rio Grande, never to be heard from again.

GENERAL N. S. RENEAU yesterday returned to the city from Mexico, *en route* for Washington. The general is prosecuting a railroad and mining scheme in the neighboring republic, in which he is supported and sustained by the following well-known gentlemen: Thomas A. Scott, John C. Brown, Jay Gould, Russell Sage and Stanley Mathews.

THE Democratic convention of Alabama, yesterday, renominated the present State officers. They are—Rufus W. Cobb, governor; W. W. Screws, secretary of state; J. H. Vincent, treasurer; Willis Brewer, auditor; J. F. White, adjutant-general; Leroy F. Box, superintendent of public instruction; H. C. Tompkins, attorney-general; Thomas Price, commissioner of lands; state librarian, Junius Riggs.

IT has been proposed to elect Judge R. J. Morgan, of this city, president of the Democratic convention which meets at Nashville on Tuesday next. The APPEAL seconds the motion. The judge has had much experience as a presiding officer, and has never failed to satisfy those who have called him to such dignified positions by his fairness, good temper and sound judgment. He is just the man to preside over the important convention of next Tuesday.

THE delegates to the Cincinnati convention from the Grenada district are S. M. Roane and Robert T. Patty. The delegates from Mississippi for the State at large are Hon. W. A. Percy, General E. C. Walthall, Major Ethel Barksdale and General W. S. Featherston. The executive committee for the State at large is composed of Messrs. W. L. Hemingway, chairman; Oliver Clinton, Ben King and A. Yearger.

THE latest news from Chicago gives the anti-Grant men the advantage of organization and of the decision of the committee on credentials. These are offset only by "claims." Even with Logan's five hundred veterans, we fear that these will not be successful. But there is no telling. If John Sherman's one hundred men can be bought, Conkling, Cameron and Logan may win in spite of Hoar and his bad ways.

AN EVIDENCE of the fact that Memphis is advancing and not retrograding was furnished yesterday by the house-warming given by James & Graham, wagon manufacturers on Jefferson street. There was present a large number of the best business men of the city, with whom the prevalent opinion was that there is not a concern in the city that better exemplifies the pluck, energy and push of Memphis than this, which, for the second time, has leaped from the ashes with a vigorous determination to live and prosper. And to this all the people, as well as the press, say "So mote it be."

THE first day's proceedings of the Chicago convention were without any special interest. The anti-Grant men had things pretty much their own way, having succeeded in securing one of the most prominent of their number—George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts—for temporary chairman. His speech on taking the chair was a remarkable contrast to that of Senator Cameron, who in all that he said pointed to General Grant as the only man with whom the Republican party can take a new departure; and turning its back on the war, reconstruction and sectionalism, begin the great work of uniting the States on a commercial policy that would secure for the Union supremacy on the seas and with all the nations of the earth. This is General Grant's policy as mapped out in his interviews with John Russell Young. How different from this the utterances of Hoar, the narrow, contracted bigot, who gives currency to stale falsehoods as facts; who libels a section of the country comprising fourteen States, and indulges in an antithesis that history does not sustain. Hoar would continue to trade upon the hates and passions that led to and sustained the civil war, that induced reconstruction and begot the animosities that divided the north from the south. His speech almost reconciles us to the third term, especially when we contrast it with the more statesmanlike sentences of Cameron. Beyond these speeches, and a passage-at-arms of some little significance between Senator Conkling and Representative Hale, of Maine, the convention was a tame affair. It did not at all reach the pitch predicted and expected. No doubt the session to-day will develop the relative strength of the candidates, and perhaps close the contest by the nomination of a candidate—it may be Grant, who is still in the lead. The irrepressible, indefatigable and impudent John Logan made himself heard once, and, as usual, to some purpose. He secured the passage of a resolution granting five hundred seats daily to the veterans of the war. Application to this effect had previously been made to the National executive committee, who refused to grant it. These five hundred veterans will, of course, work for Grant, and, prompted by their leader, Logan, will, no doubt, vote for him on every occasion when a viva voce vote is taken. John, as the street saying is, "got his work in."

THE ARKANSAS DEMOCRACY

In State Convention Take Six Ballots for Governor—Churchill Ahead, with the Chances Greatly in his Favor—Senator Garland Answers his Traducers—He

Never Owned a Bond and is Not an Attorney for any of the Bondholders—A Girl Stolen from her Mother while a Passenger on the Steamer Josie Harry.

Special to the Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, June 2.—The Democratic State convention convened at noon to-day, and was called to order by J. N. Smithee, chairman of the State executive committee. He declined to act, on account of being a candidate for governor, and his place was filled by B. D. Williams. The issue was brought to light in the selection of a chairman—the Miller, Wilson, Fishback and uninstructed electing Hon. Bradley Bunch, of Carroll county, over M. L. Bell, of Jefferson, the Churchill candidate. The vote was Bunch, 136; Bell, 89. Hon. E. B. Moore, of the Fayetteville *Sentinel*, and Hon. Parker C. Ewan, of the Clarendon *Sun*, were elected secretaries. A recess was then taken until three o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

Upon the reassembling of the convention the following nominations were made for governor: Churchill, Miller, Wilson, Grace, Fishback and Smithee. The first ballot stood: Churchill, 90; Miller, 67; Wilson, 43; Grace, 8; Fishback, 6; Smithee, 4. Six ballots were had, when the score stood; Churchill, 101; Miller, 67; Wilson, 45; Smithee, 4; Grace, 1; necessary to a nomination, 112. Adjourned.

SPECULATIONS.

The friends of Churchill claim that he will be nominated on the first or second ballot after the reassembling of the convention to-morrow morning. The Miller and Wilson men are in caucus to-night, and a compromise may yet be effected which would defeat Churchill, although it seems hardly possible.

Senator Garland Answers His Enemies.

The following letter has been given to the press for publication:

WASHINGTON, May 20, 1880.

Hon. George Thornburgh:

DEAR SIR—In yours of the seventeenth instant, just received, you say: "It is being intimated by parties that I was paid to write my last letter against the Fishback amendment, and that I own some of the bonds of the State, or that I am attorney for some of the bondholders," and you desire me to answer these insinuations.

First.—I was not paid. I had no inducement to write the letter referred to, nor promised anything for it. It was a reply to a letter addressed me by Mr. Coffin, and he had a right to ask my opinion and I had a right to give it, I did so in that letter.

Second.—I do not own, nor did I ever own any bond of the State, or any interest in one, and never expect to.

Third.—I am not the attorney for any bondholder in or out of the State at all, nor do I expect to be. I could not with propriety be while representing the State in the senate. Indeed, I have no more or other interest in this question, direct or indirect, than any other tax-payer in the State of Arkansas.

Hope these answers are direct enough. While on this question, I will say, the opinion in that letter to Mr. Coffin is in perfect accord with the view I assertained and expressed in my last message to the legislature of Arkansas in reference to the adjustment of her debt. Very truly yours,

A. H. GARLAND.

The Ford Case.

Major J. F. Earle, of Crittenden, delegate to the State convention, is in town. In reference to the charge against Governor Miller that he refused to respite Ford because he feared Crittenden would cast her five votes against him, Major Earle tells the *Democrat* that Crittenden county was solid for Miller, and that no action favorable or unfavorable to Ford could have changed the Democrats of Crittenden; that to his knowledge nearly every Democrat in the county was for Miller first, last, and all the time; that the primaries had been held in all the townships before the execution, and that Governor Miller had carried every township. Major Earle states that an attempt to receive the colored people was made by persons who were trying to procure a respite for Ford—they telling the negroes that Ford was a colored man.

A Young Girl Stolen From Her Mother for Vile Purposes.

Democrat: In the police court-room this morning was seated a wretched, forlorn-looking mother, and beside her stood a little daughter. The woman was wild with anguish.

"What is the matter?"

"My daughter has been stolen from me. We were coming down White river when she disappeared."

"Do you think she is in Little Rock?"

"Yes; am satisfied she is. She was stolen by the watchman of the Josie Harry, who wants to make a—a—a—madam out of her."

"Will you tell me your story?"

"My name is Louisa Young, and I have been living near Mountain Home, in Baxter county. I am a widow, and wanted to return to my relatives in Kentucky. I boarded the steamer Jennie Stinson at Adams Landing, above Batesville, and then got on the Josie Harry and proceeded on down the river. On this boat there was a man named Lee Eldridge, a watchman, who took a fancy to my daughter, and either coaxed her off or stole her. She was about sixteen years old, and the prettiest little thing you ever saw. After she disappeared she came here, and is now in one of the worst houses in this city. The officer, Mr. Adams, has gone out to find her."

"And you will take her back?"

"Oa, God, yes! She is my daughter, and I will take her just as she is."

Associated Press Report.

LITTLE ROCK, June 2.—The Democratic State convention met at noon. Hon. Bradley Bunch, of Carroll county, was called to the chair, and, after permanent organization, was made president, with Hons. Parker C. Ewan, of Monroe, and E. B. Moore, of Washington, secretaries.

Six ballots were had for governor, there being 220 delegates present. The first stood: Churchill, 90; Miller, 67; Wilson, 43; Grace, 8; Fishback, 6; Smithee, 4; Duffie, 2. The last—Churchill, 101; Miller, 67; Wilson, 45; Grace, 1; Smithee, 4; Duffie, 2. Fishback's name was withdrawn, by his request, before the last ballot. The convention, by a majority of 35, adjourned until nine o'clock to-morrow morning.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Beeves—receipts in the past two days, 4700 head. There have been quicker sales and a small advance on light corn-fed steers; prices range 8@10c; several sales, 8½@9¼c. Exporters used 50 car-loads; shipments—130 live cattle, 1600 quarters beef, 700 carcasses of mutton. Dressed beef in London and Liverpool, 6¼@7¼d; for refrigerator 6¼d; beef slaughtered at port of landing, 7½d. Sheep—receipts for the past two days, 8000 head. Market firmer and a fraction higher; sheep, 6@8c; lambs, 6@9c. Swine—receipts for the past two days, 9000 head; none offered alive; nominal range, $4 50@4 70.

SPORTING NEWS.

Jocky Club Races, Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—Second day of the Queen City jocky club. Weather clear and cool. The track is still heavy. There was a good attendance.

First Race.—For all ages; dash one mile and a quarter. Bucktie first, Bettie F second, Ida Davis third. Time—2:18¾.

Second Race.—For all ages; two-mile heats. Irish King first, Typhoon second, Minnock distanced. Time—3:46½, 3:52½.

Third Race.—Cincinnati ladies' stake; for two-years-olds; three-quarters of a mile. Greenland first, Ems second. Time—1:22.

Shooting Contest at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, June 2.—The first annual shooting contest of the Pennsylvania association for the protection of fish and game, took place at Beaver, Pennsylvania, to-day, five teams being represented. The cup offered by the association for the best shooting was won by the Allegheny city team, who killed ninety-three out of one hundred pigeons. The medal for the best score was taken by E. A. Rhodes, of Wilkesbarre.

Races at Greenville, Miss.

Greenville special to the New Orleans *Times*, May 31st: "Owing to a succession of slight showers, the attendance at the races to-day was slim. Emma B. beat Lee Paul in the quarter-mile dash easily; the time is not worth mentioning. In the mile and one quarter dash Flaveraid beat Belle; time, 2:22. In the trotting race, mile heat, first heat, Charlie T. and Belle Grant won. An unknown black mare and unknown bay horse, and Yankee Sam were distanced; time, 2:49 for the second heat. The race was awarded to Charlie T. and Belle Grant, the driver of the unknown team having run his horses nearly all the way." [The winning horses are owned in Memphis—Charlie T. by Mr. Treadwell and Belle Grant Mr. by L. G. Grant. They are in charge of M. W. Kennedy.—EDS. APPEAL.]

Boat Race Off.

BOSTON, June 2.—The boat race between Ross and Johnson is declared off.

No Fun in This.

LONDON, June 2.—Mr. Jordan, captain of the Canadian Cricketers, playing at Leicester to-day, was apprehended as a deserter from the Second horse guards, eight years ago.

Base-Ball.

TROY, June 2.—Troys, 10; Buffalos, 2.

BOSTON, June 2.—Chicago, 5; Boston, 4.

PROVIDENCE, June 2.—Providence, 8; Cleveland, 5.

THE MILLERS

In Convention Yesterday Perfect their Organization and Get Down to Business—Recommendations in Regard to

The Patent Laws—Important and Exhaustive Paper by Mr. Lockwood, of New York, on the Wheat Trade of the World.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—The Millers' international exhibition is now in full operation. The machinery is all running, and a large number of interested people visited the hall to-day.

The grain congress called for the purpose of enabling grain dealers and others interested in grain, to make a closer business acquaintance, and to discuss matters of interest pertaining to grain, held their first session to-day. T. P. Thompson, of Baltimore, was chosen chairman, and Charles B. Murray, secretary. Delegates were present from Baltimore, Chicago, Louisville, Milwaukee, St. Joseph, Missouri; St. Louis, St. Paul, Toronto, Columbus and Cincinnati. More delegates are expected at to-morrow's session.

At the meeting of the Millers' national association the secretary presented his report, showing a reduction in the membership, and urging steps to increase the number of members.

Alexander H. Smith, chairman of the committee on patents, read a paper, in which he dealt severely with the thieves who steal foreign processes and patent them in this country. He was severe also upon the outside millers, who enjoyed the benefits of the association's legal fights without contributing a cent to pay the expenses. He advocated a more liberal appropriation by congress to the patent office, the abolition of the reissue of patents under a new title, and the establishment of a patent court for the adjustment of patent suits and reform.

With reference to the rules for estimating damages in case of infringement, a protest against the pending Casey Young bill was ordered to be sent to congress.

The transportation committee made a report, including a resolution to the effect that the transportation corporations should be placed under suitable supervision in the interest of the whole people.

Howard Lockwood, publisher of the *Millers' Journal*, of New York, read an exhaustive paper on the exports of wheat and flour and the wheat production of the world. Mr. Lockwood's statistics went back as far as 1790, and formed a very complete history of the export movement of breadstuffs. The productive capacity of the countries competing with the United States was fully set forth, and the amount of surplus wheat they could place on the markets of the world given. It was shown that the wheat production of India was the next largest to the United States. The general argument of the paper tended to develop the fact that this country need not fear the competition of others in the wheat trade, and that we are fast gaining in the quantity of flour exported.

The convention will hold another session to-morrow.

THE PRESS ASSOCIATION

Of Mississippi in Convention at Yazoo City—Preliminary Business—The Essay of the Late Mrs. S. A. Dorsey.

Special to the Appeal.]

YAZOO CITY, June 2.—The fifteenth annual meeting of the Mississippi press association assembled here to-day. Eighty delegates are in attendance. Mayor Hall extended the hospitalities of the city in an appropriate and eloquent speech, which was responded to by President R. H. Henry.

Colonel Power submitted Mrs. S. A. Dorsey's essay, which will be read to-morrow, and is said to be a grand piece of composition, and is eagerly looked for, more especially in consideration of the noble and generous character of its authoress, and her decease.

Little business of importance was done today other than the consideration of an incomplete report of the monumental committee, who report the monument received at Holly Springs, and a deficit in the payment, which will most likely be canceled during the session.

A ball and banquet will be given to-morrow night.

The day for reaching Holly Springs to unveil the Holland monument is yet undetermined. It will probably be Sunday.

A HOUSE FALLS IN

And Buries Five Men in the Ruins—They are Rescued, and Found Not to be Seriously Injured.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 2.—One of the walls of an unfinished brick building in this city, owned by Peter Walford, fell in to-day, burying several workmen in the ruins. Thomas Gill, John Gennis, S. F. Little, T. J. Fisher and John Gennson were seriously injured, though probably none fatally. The building was new, not wholly completed, and was about being occupied by H. G. Harrison & Co. as a wholesale grocery house, and part of the stock was already in the building. The cause of the accident is alleged to be defective architecure. The loss on the building will be about five thousand dollars; the loss on the stock cannot be estimated at present, as thirty thousand dollars worth is buried in the *debris*.

Peace and Prosperity in Utah.

LOS PINOS AGENCY, COL., June 1.—General M'Kenzie and command have just arrived. The Indians are quiet, as Chief Ouray has assured them that the troops are here to protect all parties. The rush to the Gunnison country still continues, and is reported on the increase. Congress should pass the Ute bill at once. Chief Ouray has worked hard to perform his part of the agreement, and has succeeded in harmonizing discordant elements which existed at the time of his return from Washington. He assured the Utes that the bill would become a law at an early day.

Methodist Protestants.

PITTSBURG, June 2.—In the Methodist Protestant conference to-day the session was almost entirely taken up with reading and adopting reports of the committees. Dr. Bates moved that the ministerial educational question, "Will you abstain from tobacco?" be stricken out. The conference refused to adopt the amendment, and the report was adopted as read. John Scott, W. K. Gillespie, J. H. Clarg, J. J. Murray and J. G. Ward were elected a board of ministerial education. The conference will probably adjourn finally to-morrow.

Missouri State Deposits Secured.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., June 2.—The *Gazette*, of to-morrow, will have an article to the effect that at Chillicothe, on Tuesday last, Colonel Elijah Gates, in the circuit court of Livingston county, sustained his attachment against the Martin bank and others, on the item of one hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars, and judgment was rendered for that amount in his favor. This secures, beyond all peradventure, the State deposits in the Martin bank.

An Embezzler Safe Yet.

BOSTON, June 2.—The jury in the case of Charles Dimond, ex-treasurer of the Massachusetts home missionary society, charged with embezzling fifty thousand dollars of the funds of the society, disagreed this morning, and were discharged. This was the second trial.

MUCH valuable time is wasted in experimenting with uncertain remedies, whereas a bottle of Dr. Bull's baby syrup would at once cure the troublesome colic or diarrhea afflicting the baby.

VERY LATEST FROM CHICAGO

All the Work So Far Accomplished in Favor of the Anti-Grant Faction—A Decision of the Committee on Credentials Seating Rapier, of Alabama.

The Temporary Officers to be Reported for Permanent—Edmunds and Harrison the Latest Ticket—Grant and Blaine Men Equally Confident—Sherman Hopeful.

CHICAGO, June 2.—At eleven o'clock to-night the situation is as follows: The committee on credentials is still in session, and promises to hold an all-night session. They have thus far decided one case, which was that of Rapier, anti-Grant, from the fourth Alabama district. It was decided by a vote of 31 to 19 to report in favor of admitting Rapier, and this was the only test vote in the committee, except that upon which Conger was made chairman, being 29 to 11. The committee briefly considered the cases of Smith and Warner, of Alabama (contested), but they were passed for the time, and the Illinois case was taken up, Kirk Haines presenting it. This case will probably occupy the greater part of the session.

The committee on permanent organization, by a practically solid vote, decided to continue the temporary officers as permanent. There was a general agreement that Judge Hoar would be most satisfactory in that position to all parties.

There was a large meeting to-night of the Grant delegates, and some others who were not delegates, in all all about three hundred and fifty-seven. No definite information has been received from them, but the general impression is that they decided to stand by Grant, and that the speeches were in favor of a strong support of that candidate. The Grant men to-night claim over three hundred on the first ballot, while their antagonists believe that he will fall below 290. This estimate is based on the belief that most of the anti Grant contestants will be admitted, and it is regarded as certain that the committee on credentials will report in favor of the admission of the Illinois delegation. From conversation with members of the committee it is evident that it is their purpose to take such action.

The Blaine men also claim over three hundred on the first ballot.

Edmunds appeared to be growing slowly and his friends now claim fifty votes on the first ballot for him. It is reported on good authority that Chairman Cessna, of the Pennsylvania delegation, visited the Indiana headquarters, and on his own responsibility, but claiming to represent most of his delegation, offered to turn the votes of Pennsylvania over in support of a ticket composed of Edmunds and Harrison. The Indiana delegation did not discuss the matter seriously, as Harrison is said to object to the plan.

Sherman's friends present an unbroken front and claim that their candidate will receive over one hundred votes on the first ballot, and that when the break comes he will be a general favorite.

The Kentucky delegation held a caucus today and reaffirmed the resolution of the State convention, which instructs them to vote as a unit. Mr. E. C. Hubbard, of the delegation, states that notwithstanding this action that four of the delegates will disregard the instructions.

The Very Latest—1:30 a. m.

CHICAGO, June 3.—The committee on credentials has made a little progress, but is still on the Illinois case. The committee on resolutions has from thirty-five to forty resolutions in its hands which have been referred for report to-morrow morning to a subcommittee, [consisting of Messrs. Edward Pierrepont; Emory Storrs, Chicago; D. O. Payne, California; Wm. Walter Phelps, New Jersey, and C. W. Clark of Mississippi. It is reported that there will be a minority report of the committee on credentials, and that the question of the admission of the contesting delegates will come early before the convention to-morrow morning.

At Secretary Sherman's headquarters tonight the following estimates are made of the first ballot after the unit rule is abrogated: Grant, 295; Blaine, 276; Sherman, 138.

The name of Garfield has been quite frequently mentioned to-night as a possible compromise.

In the Grant caucus to-night a short-hand reporter was present during the speeches which Boutwell and Conkling made. The former declared that they had from three hundred and twenty-five to three hundred and eighty votes on the first ballot, and that the nomination of General Grant was secure. Conkling said that there was no use of concealing or perverting the facts. It was time now to look this matter squarely in the face. Not more than three hundred votes were assured for Grant on the first ballot. They could not count on any more, unless they secured them hereafter. He advised, however, that they hold together through the first, second, and to the tenth ballot, if necessary, but not to yield. They would eventually worry out their opponents and win. They would neither offer nor accept a compromise; the breaks would come from other candidates, and they would gain converts.

A committee of one from each State represented at the caucus was appointed to visit the various State delegations, and report progress to-morrow morning. [At this point of the proceedings the reporter was somewhat summarily removed from the meeting.]

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

London, June 2: Silver, 52½ pence per ounce.

Cleveland, June 2: Petroleum firm; S. W. 110, 7½c.

Wilmington, June 2: Spirits turpentine firm, 24c.

Rome, June 2: General Bonnelli, minister of war, has resigned.

Montgomery, June 2: The Democratic State committee renominated the former State officers.

Paris, June 2: Hippolite Philibert Passy, a veteran politician and member of the institute, is dead.

New York, June 2: The rain last night and to-day has caused the postponement of the Jerome park races.

Berlin, June 2: The committee charged with the examination of the church bill rejected the first article by a vote of thirteen to eight.

St. Petersburg, June 2: Several Jews have been arrested near this city on a charge of being connected with the nihilists.

Boston, June 2: Copper stocks—Calumet and Hecla, 220; Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 12; Pewabic, new, 14¾; Quincy, 24¾; Ridge, 3¼; Madison, 3.

New York, June 2: The Elm place Congregational church, Brooklyn, was burned to-night. Loss, fifty thousand dollars; insurance, thirty thousand.

Washington, June 2: Secretary Sherman to-day instructed the assistant treasurer at New York to purchase three million dollars in bonds for the sinking fund.

Philadelphia, June 2—The synod of the Reformed Presbyterian church held its first session to day, and adjourned to meet in Pittsburg the fourth Tuesday in May, 1881.

Norfolk, June 2: A colored seaman belonging to the schooner Mignonette killed the captain and cook and seriously wounded the mate, then took the boat and escaped to the shore. He is supposed to be hiding in the swamps.

St. Louis, June 2: The large sale and feed stable of Thomas Faher, jr., 1541 Broadway, burned between two and three o'clock this morning, together with other property and between fifteen and twenty acres. The loss is not yet ascertained.

Buffalo, June 2: Cattle—receipts, 2500; market dull, and 10 to 15c lower. Sheep and lambs—receipts, 1600; market quiet and unchanged. Hogs—receipts, 5340; market easier; Yorkers, $4 45@4 60; best grades sold; prospects favorable.

East Liberty, Pa., June 3: The receipts of cattle to-day were 1037 head of through, and 68 head of local stock; total for two days, 1054 head of through and 238 head of local. The supply is light and little business doing. Of four loads arriving to-day, three were shipped through for want of buyers.

Havana, June 2: When Upman & Co., consignees of two hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars in specie by the steamer Saratoga, sent for the same the purser found that the specie-room had been broken into and the specie abstracted. The passengers had all landed when the discovery was made.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 2: A fire this morning destroyed a stable belonging to Andrew Tholman, and the flames, communicating to the dwellinghouse, damaged it to the extent of six hundred dollars. Two horses were burned in the stable. The total loss amounts to twelve hundred dollars; fully insured in the German insurance company of this city.

GENERAL WALTHALL

Corrects a Statement in Yesterday's Appeal, Based upon What Purported to be an Interview with him in Washington.

To the Editors of the Appeal:

GRENADA, MISS., June 2.—To-day's APPEAL attributes to me a statement which I never made, touching the preference of the Mississippi delegation, and the sentiment of the people of the State in the Presidential contest. You were probably misled by dispatches which lately appeared in several northern papers, announcing that I made such a statement in Washington on the twenty-eighth ultimo, whereas I have not been in Washington this year. It may be assumed that the delegates from Mississippi will determine how they will vote after full consultation with the delegates from other States, and not before, such being their instructions from the convention which appointed them.

E. C. WALTHALL.

THE BREWERS IN BUFFALO

Give Some Very Valuable Statistics to the World as to the Revenue They Pay and the Consumption of Grain.

BUFFALO, June 2.—The National brewers' convention assembled to-day. Henry H. Reuter was elected president, and Conrad Seipel, of Chicago, one of the honorary presidents. After the appointment of various committees, the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

The revenue collected from brewers and dealers in malt liquors for the last fiscal year amounts to $10,729,330, which is $1,922,680 more than was received from the same source the preceding year. The total income from the internal revenue tax on malt liquors since 1863 amounts to $120,446,863. The report of the committee on agitation was read, showing the decrease in the importation of foreign beer for the year, as compared with 1875, to be over $1,269,000 gallons, while the exportation of American beer for 1879 exceeded that of 1875 over $216,000 in value. The brewing establishments of the country now number over three thousand, which annually consume thirty-five million bushels of barley and thirty-five million pounds of hops. The number of delegates in attendance is about four hundred.

ARKANSAS NEWS.

Osceola *Times*, 29th: "From information received all over the county, it is estimated that the crop in Osceola this year is fifty per cent. over that of last year, and from ten to twenty days earlier. The prospects for a heavy crop is bright, beyond anything in the past history of the county."

Desarc *Citizen*, 29th: "A couple of horse-thieves named John F. Simpson and Charles Moore were captured in town last Thursday. They stole a horse from Mr. M. F. Markle, near Hazen Station, on the night of the twenty-sixth instant. They were closely pursued by Mr. Markle, who on arriving in town obtained the assistance of Deputy-Constable J. R. Fisher, Marshal Goodwin, Dave Gates, and some others, and succeeded in capturing them both. One was arrested on the street; the other in a thicket, where he had concealed himself and the stolen horse. The horse, as well as the thieves, were fully identified by Mr. Markle. They plead guilty to the charge, and were each placed under a seven-hundred-dollar bond by Esquire H. S. Stephenson, before whom they were brought for examination. They are both mere boys."

A Sensitive French Prisoner.

A Frenchman who was accused of the murder of a lunatic at Clermont, but who had taken refuge in England, has just been conveyed back to France under somewhat exceptional circumstances. He had been mayor of Clermont, and is said to have murdered the lunatic in question to destroy all traces of previous ill-treatment. The gendarmes had gone to his residence to arrest him before he left France, but he invited them to drink while he prepared to accompany them, and seized the opportunity to decamp with seventy thousand francs of his own money. He went to London, which he did not like, and then went to Cirencester, which he did like; for he remained there. But he seems to have reflected that if found out he would be sure to be extradited; and in that event he would be taken back ignominiously to the scene of his former mayoralty in the custody of gendarmes. It was this last indignity that he seemed most anxious to avoid; so he somehow opened negotiations with the French authorities, offering to surrender and await his trial if he were taken back to Clermont as a gentleman. His request was ultimately granted, and he straightway went to Belgium, where he was met by the chief of the French detective department—not in uniform, we may be sure. He was accommodated with a seat in a first-class carriage to Clermont, and from the station to the prison he was conveyed in a private carriage—not a gendarme being visible. Now he awaits trial contentedly in prison—his defense being, it is said, that he killed the lunatic in self-defense, and quietly buried his victim to prevent public scandal.

Abolition of Tobacco Monopolies.

Nashville *American*: "It will be observed from our telegraphic reports of the proceedings of congress yesterday, that the joint resolution introduced some time since in the lower house, by Hon. John F. House, requesting the President to open negotiations with France, Spain, Austria and Italy, looking to the abolition of the Regie monopolies, and which passed in that house, has now passed in the senate, and only awaits the signature of the President to become a law. As there is no politics connected with the movement, and both northern and southern States are interested, there can be no doubt that the President will sign it. This movement originated in the Nashville tobacco board, and they have never lost sight of it, but have pressed it with an energy and zeal which merited success. We trust that the advantage already gained will not be lost by slackness or indifference on the part of the President, but that he will press the matter upon the attention of those countries with the same zeal and energy with which it has been brought to and pressed upon the attention of congress, and that this staple may be relieved of this great curse by which it has been so long hampered."

Cured by Electricity.

The disease known as elephantiasis, in which chiefly the legs and feet are affected, becoming rough, scaly and swollen to great size by serious infiltration, the skin growing thick and insensible, is frequent in Brazil. It is common to resort to a remedial treatment of it by compression, but this is found to give but slight relief; nor do certain surgical processes, as ligature of the principal artery of the limb, appear to have been successful. M. Moncorvo, a short time ago, conceived the idea of trying electricity on the disease. He at first used only induced currents, and obtained in several patients a considerable diminution of the leg and thigh, but not a complete cure. The method was, however, on consideration by MM. Moncorvo and Aranjo, changed to a combined use of induced and continuous currents, and this is said to have entirely remedied the infirmity in a number of cases. The continuous currents appear to have the effect of a softening and, to a certain extent, liquefying the indurated tissues, while the intermittent currents cause a reabsorption of the tissues thus prepared.

No preparation of hypophosphites I have used can compare with Fellows's compound syrup of hypophosphites for restoring strength to the nervous system. I think it the best medicine I ever used.

W. J. HORNER, Buffalo, New York.

THE LATE BLOODY RIOT

At Texarkana—Eight Colored People Wounded, Four of Them so Severely that They are Not Expected to Live—Telegrams Between the Sheriff and the Governor.

A Wild Wittsburger Dies with His Boots On—The Record of a Bad Family in Cross County—Another One of the Hammets Wiped Out—Gone to Glory.

From an Appeal Correspondent.]

LITTLE ROCK, June 2.—The *Democrat* this evening publishes the following telegram addressed to Governor Miller:

TEXARKANA, May 30, 1880.

The Excellent Governor of Arkansas:

One man was arrested yesterday. A mob party was known to go to the jail at one o'clock to mob said prisoner. The colored citizens were present to guard him, and the mob fired and shot down three. Now our lives and homes have been threatened. Also, to-morrow the prisoner will be here for trial, and for fear we ask for protection as citizens of Texarkana. Answer immediately.

J. E. BONNER.
WM. F. GREEN.

The governor answered in substance as follows:

"It is the duty of the sheriff to protect you. Call on him for assistance."

Sheriff Roberts, of Texarkana, did not call on the governor for assistance, and of course the executive was powerless to act. The sheriff arrived here on the afternoon train yesterday and reported all quiet. The trouble was caused by an attempt to lynch a negro for attempted rape. This morning the sheriff received the following telegram from the county clerk:

TEXARKANA, May 31.

To Sheriff Roberts:

Cromwell waived examination and was taken to Washington for safety. All quiet to-night.

WM. H. KELLY.

This forenoon the *Democrat* received the following telegram:

TEXARKANA, June 1.—The prisoner is in charge of the officers. Eight colored men were wounded, and four are not expected to live. All is quiet now.

The crime attempted having been punished by the execution of the criminal, and the negroes having learned a lesson not to interfere with even wild justice, it is not expected that there will be any more trouble from this sad affair.

Dies with his Boots On.

Sheriff Leveque, of Cross county, who was in Little Rock the other day, gave the *Democrat* intelligence of the tragic death of another one of the infamous Hammett brothers. He was killed at Wittsburg, Saturday night, by Z. T. Ford, a saloon keeper. The deceased went into Ford's place, and, without provocation, slapped his face. Ford drew his revolver, and before his opponent could get "the drop," shot him through and through. He fell to the floor and soon expired. There was a grudge of four or five months standing between the men. At the time of the sheriff's departure Ford was undergoing examination. Public sympathy was with him, and if the case is bailable he will be able to give it. The Hammett brothers a few years since were a terror to the good people of Cross and surrounding counties. They were a quarrelsome, bad and desperate gang. There were originally five of them. Three of them are now dead, killing by men whom they had attacked. The record is as follows: The first was killed by Mitchell, January 1, 1879. The second by Willie Leveque, son of the sheriff, August, 1878. The third by Ford, May 29, 1880. The fourth has been in the penitentiary, but was pardoned out. The fifth is a refugee from justice with a reward now hanging over his head.

Second Congressional District of Mississippi.

Special to the Appeal.]

CARROLL, June 2.—A meeting of the second congressional district executive committee was held here to-day for the purpose of selecting the place and time for the holding of the convention to nominate Manning's successor. Water Valley was chosen as the place and August 11th as the time.

Societa di Unione e Fratellanza Italiana.

THE members of the Societa di Unione e Fratellanza Italiana will meet at their hall, 260 Second street, this (THURSDAY) night, June 3d, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.

By order A. B. VACCARO, President.
E. FIBROTTI, Secretary.

Masonic Notice.

PENN ROYAL ARCH CHAPER, No. 22—Will confer the R. A. degree this (THURSDAY) evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

Visiting Companions are invited.

By order JNO. W. GRAHAM, H. P.
D. C. TRADER, Secretary.

MEMBERS of Gayoso Encampment are urgently requested to attend a meeting this (THURSDAY)—vesting at 8 o'clock sharp. An unusually interesting occasion awaits them, one and all to participate in, besides other important business.

By order of the Chief Patriarch.

D. SCHLOSS, Scribe.

Dr. Thos. S. Easton.

AS my Surgical practice occupies the greater portion of my time, I have determined hereafter to devote myself to its practice—more particularly to my Specialties, so long practiced by me in New York—

Genito Urinary Surgery,

Strictures, Spermatorrhea, Diseases of the Rectum,

Surgical Diseases of Women.

Office.....No. 230 Main street

Slager & Goldbaum,

TAILORS,

Cor. JEFFERSON & SECOND STS

HAVE received a Full Line of all Style and shades of

GENTS' SPRING SUITINGS.

They are sure to please in Style, Fit and Price

COME TO

V. B. THAYER

MANUFACTURING

Jeweler and Optician.

Watches, Jewelry,

Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

Repairing Watches and Chronographs a specialty.

No. 307 MAIN STREET,

Under Peabody Hotel. Old Gold and Silver wanted.

To Change Business!

Selling Off My Entire Stock

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

AT COST,

SAM'L MAY,

235 Main street.

IT DON'T TAKE

Much Money to Start This Way

BY letting me know where there is a good location for a COTTON-GIN AND CORN MILL. I can fix you up with a new engine capable of running two 60-Saw Gins and work on shares or take pay for the engine in installments after everything runs satisfactory. Address

I. D. GEORGE,
Covington, Tennessee.

Public Sale of City Property!

POSITIVE AND PEREMPTORY.

We are authorized to sell, at public outcry, on

THURSDAY, THE 10th JUNE, 1880,

at the southeast corner of Main and Madison streets, the following valuable property, viz:

No. 1—A Two-story Residence on the south side of Alabama street, being structure No. 243, the lot having a front of 49 feet by a depth of 150 feet; nice residence, fine neighborhood, churches and schools in close proximity; the house is opposite the attractive residences of D. C. Loesenstine and Mrs. Maria Joyner. Indicated by our red flag.

No. 2—A Four-story Brick Residence, at the corner of Beale and Desoto, being structure No. 156, having a front of 22½ feet by a depth of 126; under rent for $400 per year at present. This is very valuable property being close to Beale street market.

No. 3—The Wood and Coalyard adjoining No. 2, 62 by 126 feet, and under rent to coal-dealers. This is known to be as good property as any in the city for sale, and yielding good rental.

No. 4—The Perdue