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THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1880. VOL. XXXIX--NUMBER 161

WEATHER INDICATIONS TO-DAY.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds mostly southwesterly, stationary or higher temperature and nearly stationary barometer.

OUR COUNTY TICKET.

The APPEAL places at the head of its columns the candidates nominated yesterday for county officers by the Democracy of Shelby and in doing so we congratulate the party on the selection of a ticket so eminently satisfactory. Never before in the history of local politics were the characters of aspirants so closely scrutinized. The delegates were determined to nominate strong, unobjectionable men—men of honesty, integrity, and whose past history would be a guarantee to future fidelity in office, and their labors were crowned with brilliant success, for every man nominated is the possessor of those sterling qualities which command the respect of honest men of all parties. The Democratic party was greatly embarrassed in making a selection for sheriff between two such men as E. L. M'Gowan and Captain P. R. Athy. Neither desired a contest, and both exhibited a lofty magnanimity. The party was loth to select between two such popular favorites, and the delegates felt the embarrassment of the lover who exclaimed:

How happy I'd be with either,
Were 'tother dear charmer away.

After several ballotings of alternating results, showing how equally the popularity of the two men was poised, the name of Mr. M'Gowan was withdrawn, and Captain Athy was nominated by acclamation. He is a gentleman as well known—and as favorably known—as any man in Memphis. He was born in Ireland, but emigrated to America when a boy. His life has been of strange vicissitudes, and he has been the architect of his own enviable destiny. He came to Memphis twenty years ago, and, by his kind disposition and agreeable manners, he commenced making friends from the day of his arrival until he is now regarded as one of the most popular men in Memphis. In his official capacity as chief of the police, he has always given evidence of a thorough knowledge of his duties and responsibilities, alike as an individual and as the trusted servant of the public. He is always at his post, and has never been charged either with inefficiency, incapacity or dishonesty even by an enemy. He has friends in all classes, colors and parties, who will unite in giving him a rousing majority for sheriff on the fifth of August. The nomination for sheriff having been satisfactorily made, the convention proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for county trustee. The conduct of E. L. M'Gowan toward Captain Athy was so manly, generous and magnanimous that he was nominated by the friends of Athy and unanimously elected amidst a storm of the wildest enthusiasm. And never did a convention select a worthier man, for in this contest the noble character of E. L. M'Gowan blazed out as bright and beautiful as a star. He and his friends have no cause to complain, as the emoluments of the office for which he was nominated are worth twice as much as those derived from the office of sheriff. Shelby county never had a more faithful official than E. L. M'Gowan. His career as sheriff for the past two years is without blot or blemish. Lawyers, irrespective of party, together with the entire public, unite in the opinion that he is a model official. His selection for a higher post of duty and of graver responsibilities will afford excellent scope for his conceded executive abilities. The nomination of such a man—so honest, faithful, popular and efficient—will be a tower of strength to the ticket. L. B. Horrigan, a Democrat whose transcendent abilities had forced the Republicans to nominate him for criminal court judge, was also nominated by the Democrats yesterday. So was W. W. M'Dowell, a Democrat who had previously been nominated by the Nationals. Both of these gentlemen will be elected, which will prove a blessing to the county, as all parties unite in the belief that it would be a public calamity to defeat men who have reflected credit upon the judiciary. The system of electing judges by the people has been opposed on the ground that the judiciary should be wholly separated from politics, and that this desirable result cannot be attained while, as is too often the case, party success is the first consideration of political organizations, and availability is the most essential qualification in a candidate for office. But there can be no objection to electing judges by the people if the whole country would imitate the example of the people of Shelby, who have made availability consist in judicial ability and fitness for the duties of the bench. All praise to the people of Shelby—Democrats, Republicans and Nationals—who have taken out of the arena of politics, and put beyond the reach of the evils of political heat and dissensions, the election of their judges. The people of Shelby rejoice in the knowledge that two such judges as Horrigan and M'Dowell are to be continued in the offices they have adorned. Such is the ticket presented by the Democracy of Shelby county; and there has seldom, if ever, been a party ticket selected that combines so many elements of strength, or challenged a higher appreciation on individual merits. The convention was harmonious. The delegates have faithfully discharged their duty, and now the Democracy of Shelby is called upon to perform its duty by ratifying and indorsing the ticket on the fifth of August. This the party will do, for it enters the canvass with a good ticket, united and sanguine of victory. Let us all, as one man, gird up our loins and work without ceasing until after the election. The contentions of the past must be merged in an effort for the future. The curse of division no longer mars the harmony of the Shelby Democracy, and "with a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether," on the fifth of August the Democracy of Shelby will start the tidal wave which is to sweep over the country, and to bear upon its bosom the National Democracy into power.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Legislative Council Meeting—The Matter as to Delinquent Taxes Acted upon—Jefferson Street to be Improved—Slaughterhouse Nuisances—Sewer Tax.

Railroad Leases as to the Occupancy of Streets—The Closed Alleys—Street-Awnings—Nuisances—Street Repairs—Purchases of Gravel—Paving Levee Troubles.

The legislative council met yesterday morning at ten o'clock. President Porter and Messrs. Overton, Burke, Goyer, Galloway and Gunn were present.

The bond of W. A. Holt, as sanitary policeman, was approved.

A communication from Attorney Heiskell, inclosing a receipt from County-Trustee Fleece for the tax-books of 1879 and 1880, and suggesting that some action be taken on the subject of collecting delinquent taxes, was received. A committee, consisting of Messrs. Burke, Goyer and Heiskell, was appointed to consider the matter and make recommendation.

The engineer reported that it would cost $3600 to gutter Jefferson street. He was ordered to do the work, when advisable, with spare material.

The board of health sent in a report on the slaughterhouses, several of which had been complained of as nuisances, and all of which might be so reported at some early day. It was referred to Messrs. Galloway, Gunn, Goyer, the attorney and the chief of police to recommend appropriate legislation.

The report and minutes of the sewer committee were approved, and President Porter was requested to publish a card calling on the citizens to advance the December instalment of sewer tax.

The attorney, having been instructed at a former meeting to confer with the railroad companies as to their rights on various streets, submitted the following report, which was referred to a committee of three—Galloway, Gunn and Goyer—to co-operate with the attorney.

To the Honorable the Legislative Council:

GENTLEMEN—As to the contracts with the railroads running into the District, for occupation of streets and public grounds, etc., I have the honor to report that in obedience to your resolution I addressed a letter to each of the several railroads running into the District, similar to the one attached to the petition of the Memphis and Paducah and Northern railroad company herewith accompanying. In response thereto, I find that the above named company (Memphis, Paducah and Northern) had made a lease with the city of Memphis on the twenty-fifth day of June, 1872, for five years therefrom, for the occupation of certain streets and property. This term has expired, and said company by the herewith inclosed petition, asks to renew that lease with you for five years to come. I received from the Memphis and Charleston railroad company the accompanying letter. According to the suggestion therein, I met General Gaines, its attorney, and he said he would consider the matter of renewing the contract with you. I found that the Memphis and Little Rock railroad company, on the thirteenth of March, 1872, made a lease for five years, which lease was renewed in 1878 for five years therefrom, on the property and streets therein named. This lease is registered in book 122, pages 410 to 425. I also received a letter from the attorney of the Memphis and Louisville road, in which they state they have the matter under consideration, and will write again. I therefore recommend that a committee be appointed to go over this whole matter, and if the council think it desirable that new leases be entered into where leases have expired, the committee can recommend to your body such leases to be entered into as they deem fit. In cases where leases still exist, I recommend that the contracts of lease be only so changed as to recognize the District as the contracting party, where the city is now the contracting party. C. W. HEISKELL, Attorney.

July 5, 1880.

The attorney reported that the council has ample power to open Whisky Chute and Crystal Palace alley whenever deemed advisable.

The Fahlen & Kleinschmidt claim for damages sustained by sewer-ditches was favorably reported on by the attorney, whose report was referred to the sewer committee, with power to act.

The ordinance referring to witness-fees for policemen was passed. It reads as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Legislative Council*, That section 98, page 76 (*Heskell's Digest*) be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as it disallows witness fees to any of the police force in any District case in courts of record, but in no event where fees are accorded them are the same to be paid by the District.

Reports were received from the sheriff (as workhouse superintendent), the attorney, the register, the board of health and the market-masters.

Mr. Ike A. Chase petitioned the council to enforce its order declaring the house No. 5 Adams street a nuisance. The petition was referred to the police and fire commissioners.

Menken Brothers petitioned the council for payment for a stepping-stone crossing from their store to Court square. Rejected.

Citizens residing on Walnut street requested the council to repair that street. Petition referred to the county court, as only the west half of Walnut street is in the Taxing District.

The engineer was instructed to examine the "wash" in Tennessee and Trezevant streets, and report probable cost of filling it.

Rainey, Parker & Co. requested the council to have Webster street graded from Main to Lee. Referred to engineer for estimate of cost.

M. C. Newton's petition, for permission to repair awning, was referred to the engineer.

The president of the board of health was instructed to inspect promises corner of Poplar and Fourth, on which there is a pond of water.

The fire and police commissioners were authorized to purchase not exceeding three barges of Paducah gravel from London & Co.

Mr. Gunn was appointed as a committee of one to inspect the markethouses.

A petition for a lamp on Allen avenue was referred to the gas committee, M. Burke, chairman.

The engineer was directed to advertise for bids for paving the wharf from the north end of the old elevator to the south edge of Beale street, or so much of said area as may need paving.

The engineer was directed to round up the alley between Poplar and Washington streets, from High street to the old stable at the markethouse.

A resolution authorizing the laying of plank sidewalks from the west side of Adams and Jefferson streets to the levee, was referred to the engineer and attorney, to ascertain cost and whether the money can be paid out of the levee fund.

The fire and police commissioners were authorized to take such action as may be necessary to insure more rapid progress on the part of Grider & Co. on the levee work, or to relet part or all of said paving. Adjourned.

SPORTING NOTES.

Lorillard Again a Winner.

LONDON, July 8.—The Chesterfield stakes at Newmarket were won by Lorillard's Iroquois. Voluptuary and Panique ran a dead heat for the second place.

Unanimously Give it Up.

NEWMARKET, July 8.—The stewards of the Jockey club, in view of the complicated nature of evidence, have declined to advise the owners of Robert the Devil in the Ben D'Or difficulty.

At Monmouth Park.

MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., July 8.—Dan Sparling won the mile-and-a-quarter dash; Feriday second, Surge third. Time—2:18. The people thought that Feriday won, and expressed their disappointment by hissing when the judges gave the race to Dan Sparling.

A Good Day at Detroit.

DETROIT, July 8.—There was a fair attendance at the races to-day, and some very pretty exhibitions of speed.

First Race.—Dash of one and one-eighth miles, with seven starters. Won by Big Medicine; Florence B. second, Boswell third. Time—1:50½.

Second Race.—Half mile dash, five starters. Won by Alhambra; Greenland second, Bobee third. Time—0:50¾.

Third Race.—Dash of one and one-quarter miles, four starters. Won by Gold Bug; Genevieve second, Bonny Castle third. Time—2:15.

Fourth Race.—Dash of two miles, three starters. Won by Mary Anderson; Headlight second, Frank Short third. Time—3:40¾.

Fourth Day at Chester Park.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—There was a good track and good attendance at the fourth day's races at Chester park.

First Race.—The 2:40 class. Mary Miller won; Mambrino Chief second, J. W. Thomas third, Tom Hendricks fourth. Four heats were trotted, but the third heat, in which Mary Miller came in first and J. W. Thomas second, was declared off on account of alleged pulling by Thomas. Time—2:33, 2:32, 2:24.

Second Race.—Free for all; Darby won; Charley Ford second, Protine third. Time—2:23, 2:23, 2:21¾.

An Extra Special Purse.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The Chicago Jockey and trotting club have arranged the following extra special purse to be trotted on Thursday, July 22d, the third day of the regular meeting. The purse is $2500, open to all trotters, divided; $1500 to the first, $600 to the second and $400 to the third; mile heats, best three in five in harness; ten per cent. entrance; three or more horses to enter and three to start. The entries close Saturday, July 17th, at eight o'clock in the evening. To be directed to D. L. Hall, superintendent.

Base-Ball Scores.

BUFFALO, July 8.—Buffalos, 10; Worcesters, 2.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Chicagos, 5; Providence, 4.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—Bostons, 19; Cincinnatis, 5.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB

For Hancock and English Invites Hon. Josiah Patterson to Deliver an Address upon the Issues of the Day.

The following correspondence is sufficiently explanatory. The club is composed of young men, and the meeting place is the hall on the corner of Beale and Hernando streets. The young men are in earnest, and will do good work for the Democratic ticket.

MEMPHIS, July 7, 1880.

DEAR SIR—The young men of Shelby county have formed themselves into a club for the purpose of securing the election of Hancock and English, insofar as their efforts may contribute to that end. We would respectfully extend you an invitation to address us at our next meeting, and, in extending this invitation, we can but express our earnest hope that you will manifest an interest in our cause by an acceptance. Respectfully,

N. B. CAMP,
F. T. EDMONDSON,
THOMAS M. SCRUGGS,
Executive Committee.

To Colonel Josiah Patterson, City.

THE REPLY.

MEMPHIS, July 8, 1880.

Messrs. N. B. Camp, F. T. Edmondson and Thomas M. Scruggs:

GENTLEMEN—In reply to your note of yesterday, inviting me, on behalf of "the young men of Shelby county," to address at their next meeting a club organized by them for the purpose of promoting the election of Hancock and English, I will say that, while I am unprepared to make you such an address as I would wish to make, yet I will be in attendance. I congratulate the young men upon the spirit manifested in organizing this club. This is a government of the people, and its perpetuity and prosperity depends on the virtue and intelligence of the people. As long as the young men of the country take an intelligent and patriotic interest in the public welfare, our republican institutions will remain secure. Yours very truly,

JOSIAH PATTERSON.

PRIVATE OPINIONS

Candidly Expressed by Candidates, Successful and Otherwise—Note 'Em Down.

Hendricks—I am stabbed.

Randall—I am of the opinion that this cooks my goose.

Garfield—The hour has arrived when I should hump myself.

Bayard—If there is a balm in Gilead, I'll take a barrel of it.

English—I am a sop thrown to Indiana. However, it's all right.

Tilden—Since I cannot be my own successor, I suppose Mr. Hancock will do.

Kelly—My name's Kelly, from Kellyville, Kelly township. I'm a bad crowd. Pn'ist.

Seymour—Gentlemen your candidate—ah, I see you have made different arrangements.

Thurman—If some half dozen citizens will see that my grave's kept green I will be much obliged.

Payne—I'm a big man, a very big man, but I'll be cussed if I can carry the Standard oil company.

Judge Field—I'm a son of a gun if this isn't rough.

A LIVELY CHEESE.

How it Skipped Down the Street in a Pennsylvania Town.

Bradford Era: "Yesterday a cheese of surpassing age, strength and spirit, was carried out the back door of a hotel on the west side of Main street and left to air itself. It had a strong breath, which was wafted to the United Pipe line office, and directly the clerks turned pale and wanted to die. Under the pleasant rays of the sun the cheese began to wake up and languidly turned over with a long-drawn yawn that caused every house in the vicinity to be immediately vacated, the citizens with white faces pouring into the street and wondering what pestilence had come upon them. Then the cheese lazily stretched itself, gathered up its numerous limbs and started for a promenade down the alley, the head 'skipper' superintending the navigation of the monitor. The advance of a fully officered division of any army worms was a mere bagatelle compared to the triumphant march of the venerable cheese as it sauntered slowly down the alley, occasionally stopping to rest and exhaling a long breath that cleared the way like a charge of grapeshot. Two or three small boys who mistook its brown back for that of an escaped mud-turtle, and started in pursuit, suddenly changed their minds when they saw 'B. C.' upon it and got one whiff of its antique flavor. Out of respect for old age, business in the pipe line office was entirely suspended as the mitey procession passed by and the clerks regarded it curiously through closed windows. A prowling member of the board of Health, in search of a nuisance, ran plump upon that cheese, and for five minutes after gasped like a cuicken with the gapes. People along Main street hurried by the accursed spot with nose tightly gripped and execrations on their lips. At last accounts the cheese was headed toward Harport, driving everything before it, while neighbors of the hotel man who had unloosed the moving pestilence were returning to their homes and execrating his memory."

Fatal Affray at Arkansas City.

On Tuesday last a shooting affray took place at Arkansas City, between a man named Robinson and another named Lossing, in which the latter was killed. The difficulty originated in a dispute about signing a tenant contract. Lossing fired two shots from a double barreled gun, inflicting slight wounds on Robinson, who returned the fire with a pistol, shooting Lossing through the head, killing him instantly.

Is Tanner a Trickster?

NEW YORK, July 8.—At two o'clock this afternoon Dr. Tanner entered upon the eleventh day of his fast. His pulse was 80, temperature 98 4, respiration 14. Some excitement was caused by a statement from Dr. Bradley that a sponge, saturated with nutritious liquid, had been found by the physicians on watch.

Dissents from the Majority.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 8.—Judges Niblack and Scott, of the supreme court, filed their opinion to-day dissenting from the majority of the court in the case of the State against Swift, involving the validity of the adoption of the amendments to the State constitution.

Jack Brown & Brother Broke.

GALVESTON, July 8.—A Paris special to the *News* says that Jack Brown & Bro., dry goods merchants, have made an assignment. Liabilities, seventy thousand dollars; assets, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Murdered by a Negro.

DANVILLE, VA., July 8.—Clem Estes, colored, shot dead Joseph Estes, white, a farmer, near Cascade village. The affair grew out of a case of trespass.

DISCONTENT IN IRELAND

Exciting Grave Apprehensions in the Minds of the Heads of the British Government—Fenianism Said to be Again Showing Up in the Island.

The Turkish Complications as Far from Settlement as Before—The Curses Rained Upon Russia—Continued Discussion of the Jesuit Decree in France.

HAVANA, July 8.—A commercial house has received a report from Manzanillo that the village of Guisa had been destroyed by fire.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, July 8.—It is said that the emperor will leave Ems in a few days and enter upon a short stay at Mainau island, and will go thence to Gastein, where he will meet the emperor of Austria. The meeting is to be of a private character.

SCOTLAND.

GLASGOW, July 8.—The czar's yacht Livadia was successfully launched yesterday in the presence of Grand Duke Alexis, Prince Lobanoff, the Russian ambassador to England, Admiral Popoff and several thousand spectators. Three Greek priests celebrated service aboard the yacht, and afterward sprinkled the vessel with holy water. The duchess of Hamilton christened the vessel.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 8.—The *Golos* raises its voice, in view of the Chinese difficulty, to point out the sad condition of the country and how much worse it will become in the event of another war demanding a drain upon its already exhausted resources and retarding the introduction of reforms. The press has for several weeks been full of complaints of the ravages of the locusts, flies, beetles and worms, hunger and poverty among the peasantry, increase in the prices of everything, increase of the cattle plague, large spread of disease, etc.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 8.—The Porte has received information that the Bulgarian committees are concerting a plan of action in the event of a rupture between Turkey and Greece.

Goschen, the British ambassador, has waived his claim to give protection to the fugitive slaves recently received at the British embassy, on condition that they shall be sent to Egypt.

A Vienna dispatch says that the news published in London that the Porte had sent to the powers a protest against the decision of the Berlin conference is absolutely unfounded.

A dispatch from Pera says the Porte still hesitates as to what attitude to assume toward the Berlin award. The ultimate decision will greatly depend on Goschen's ability to impress the sultan and his ministers with the conviction that the powers will resort to force, if necessary. If the Turks see the slightest chance of division among the powers, they will resist the occupation by Greece of the territory awarded to her.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, July 8.—There can be no doubt but Fenianism is engrafted in the land agitation, and that it imparts to it its most effective organization and formidable character. The peasantry have been trained to move in military order and to understand how to act together as disciplined bodies, and every chance is taken to collect arms.

A London correspondent of the Edinburg *Scotsman* says he hears that the government has received information from Ireland that unless the Ireland bill is passed public tranquility will be endangered. The land agitation is kept up, and branches of the land league are being formed in every town in the west of Ireland. The tone of the speakers at public meetings is suggestive of lurking mischief which will have to be closely watched. It plainly indicates that there is a political purpose beyond the mere agitation of land, and to which the latter object is subordinate but contributory.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 8.—The *Republique Francaise* congratulates the government on the effect of the decrees in ridding the minister of justice of the sixty ultramontane procurators who have resigned. The relations with the Vatican being strained, the expulsion of the other orders may be delayed until after the *fete* of July 14th.

Le Parlement, the organ of Senator Dufaure, republican, says: "We believe the senate will not accept the humiliating position prepared for it by the chamber of deputies." The journals of the right also say they believe the senate will adhere to Bozerian's amendment. The organs of the left profess to believe the chamber of deputies showed a conciliatory spirit in not voting amnesty pure and simple, and say they believe the senate will accept the proffered compromise.

In the senate Premier De Freycinet introduced the amnesty bill as it was adopted by the chamber of deputies yesterday. The bill was referred to a committee.

At a banquet of the committee of the Franco-American union last night in celebration of the official notification to the United States of the assured completion of Bartholdi's statue of liberty to be erected in the harbor of New York, Laboulaye, who presided, stated that the statue would certainly be erected by 1883, the centennary of the Versailles treaty of peace between England and America, and the year of the exhibition in New York city.

The new amnesty bill voted by the chamber of deputies yesterday consists of a single clause, as follows: "All persons condemned for participating in the insurrections of 1870 and 1871, and who shall have been pardoned up to July 14, 1880, shall be considered as amnestied." As the government intends to pardon all, with this exception, the bill is the same in effect as the one the senate rejected.

The specie in the bank of France has decreased 20,325,000 francs during the past week.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 8.—Bullion in the Bank of England decreased £207,000 the past week; proportion of reserve to liability, 50 3-16 per cent.

The dory Little Western, from Gloucester, Massachusetts, June 21st, for London, having on board Captain George P. Thomas and Frederick Norman, was spoken June 30th. They refused to board the steamer.

The *Times*, in a leading article this morning, points out that the majority for the government on the second reading of the compensation-for-distubance-in-Ireland bill fell a hundred short of the united liberal and Irish strength. The apprehensions exerted by the bill in the minds of many liberals have not been removed by Mr. Gladstone's impressive and ingenious pleading. The reluctance to accept the bill has not been based solely in the belief that it will be unjust to the Irish landlords in its immediate operation, but partly in the apprehension that it portends the reopening of the Irish land question in all its length and breadth.

There was a semi-panic on the Berlin and Paris bourses yesterday, owing to the uneasy feeling in regard to the attitude of the Porte.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

to-day Premier Gladstone said that the news of the Russian defeat by the Chinese was not confirmed, and was not believed either by the Chinese or Russian representatives. In the event of a war breaking out he said the government will avail themselves of Russia's offer to enter into communication respecting British interests.

Norwood, liberal, asked whether the government, having declined to introduce a bill to remove the doubts as to the legality of Bradlaugh's affirmation, would, as an act of justice to Bradlaugh and his constituents, undertake his defense in any action brought against him.

Mr. Gladstone said that his constituents know that the return of a member is subject to law, and that, therefore, the government is unable to interfere.

Mr. Bradlaugh disclaimed any responsibility for Mr. Norwood's question, and said that he had no doubt of the legality of his affirmation.

Sir Henry Wolff, conservative, asked if the government had communicated with the other powers relative to the taking of coercive measures in the event of the refusal of the Porte to accept the recommendations of the Berlin conference.

Mr. Gladstone said that the government's policy continues to be to prosecute a faithful fulfillment of the Berlin treaty; but, as the decision of the conference has not yet been presented to the Porte, it would be a want of respect and of deference to the Porte's honesty of purpose to suppose that it will oppose the unanimous advice of Europe.

During the night session a motion was made to go into a discussion of the compensation-for-disturbance bill. Mr. Parnell said that if, instead of the bill as it now stands, the government had introduced one to extend to the whole of Ireland the Ulster custom as a permanent enactment, he would have to support the bill, but as it was, it would be necessary to move an amendment to make the amendment of the attorney-general effectual. Mr. Forester said the object of the bill was not to punish landlords, but to erect safeguards for the future to prevent landlords from taking advantage of the existing state of things so as to get possession of the property. Sir Stafford Northcote said the amendment of the attorney general was a complete change of front on the part of the government. The motion that the house go into a committee was then adopted by a vote of 255 to 199.

It was rumored in the lobby of the house of commons to-night that the marquis of Lansdowne, under-secretary for India, had resigned, in consequence of being unable to conscientiously support the compensation-for-disturbance bill in the house of lords, and also on account of being himself a holder of land in Ireland. Mr. Choe, liberal conservative, in consequence of the rumor, asked in the house of commons whether it was a fact that Lord Lansdowne was no longer a member of the government. The inquiry was received by the opposition with cheers. Mr. Gladstone replied yes, whereupon the opposition cheers were renewed.

EAST TENNESSEE.

A Vigorous Republican Kick in the Greenville District.

Special to the Appeal.]

NASHVILLE, July 8.—The *American's* Greenville special says: "The Republicans nominated A. H. Pettibone as candidate for congress by acclamation. Randolph's supporters are dissatisfied, and charges of packing the convention are freely made. A large number of delegates say they will support Taylor, Democrat, who is here. Many of the Republicans called on him, and declared their intention of voting for him. Bets of ten to five on Taylor are freely offered, but with no takers. Taylor's election is sure. W. P. Gillenwaters was nominated for district elector."

THE RED OAK RAIDERS

Will Have to Stand Trial Before the Courts of Georgia.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The cases of the twelve revenue deputy-collectors and one deputy United States marshal charged by the State authorities of Georgia with the homicide of a moonshiner at Red Oak, Campbell county, Georgia, were brought before United States Circuit Court Judge Woods Wednesday, and continued to the thirteenth instant. Advices received at the bureau of internal revenue state that Ex United States Attorney Garrow refuses to recognize the right of the President to supersede him, and opposes the transfer of the cases to the United States courts. Judge Bigley, the newly appointed district-attorney, proposes to take out writs of *quo warranto*.

The President has appointed Samuel E. Mahon, of Bayfield, Wisconsin, agent of the Indians of Lapointe agency, Wisconsin, *vice* Isaac L. Mahon, appointed Indian inspector.

THE SNY CREVASSE.

The Damage Much Greater Than at First Supposed.

HANNIBAL, MO., July 8.—The *Clipper-Herald* this evening has an elaborate article on the losses by the breaks in the Sny levee on the Illinois side of the Missouri river. After stating that the levee is fifty-two miles long, extending from a point nine miles south of Quincy to Hamburg bay, nine miles south of Clarksville, and that it redeems 101,290 acres of land, it makes an estimate of the losses by multiplying the number of acres in wheat and corn which were overflowed by the average yield per acre, which, at present prices, would show a loss on wheat of $200,000, and about the same amount on corn. The other losses on fences, barns, dwellings, farming implements, etc., will reach fully $100,000, making a total loss of $500,000. Not more than one-third of the wheat or corn crop is lost. The overflow from the break was nearly seventy hours traveling twenty-three miles, which gave many farmers time to save much of their property outside of the growing crops.

Rangers Versus Desperadoes.

STOCKTON, July 8.—A party of rangers met a band of desperadoes yesterday, thirty miles this side of Fort Davis, both sides dismounting, took to the rocks and firing began. Three of the desperadoes emerged from the rocks and threw up their hands. A fourth came also, but continued firing and killed one of the rangers. He was forthwith riddled with bullets by the rangers. The desperadoes surrendered. The telegraph wires had been cut in several places—supposed to be the work of this gang.

Death of Colonel Pelton.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Colonel Pelton, nephew of Ex-Governor Tilden, died at the Everett house to-day. The remains were removed to the residence of Mr. Tilden. He had been ailing for some days, and Monday was taken seriously ill, death resulting from embolism of the heart, at three o'clock this morning. The funeral will take place Friday, at Gramercy park, and the remains be conveyed to New Lebanon for interment. Ex-Governor Tilden's brother Henry and Mr. Pelton's mother and daughter were present at his death.

The Board Legally Constituted.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—The legality of the present board of health, elected under the provisions of an act of the legislature passed last spring, having been questioned, the matter was carried to the district court, which to-day announced a decision to the effect that the board is legally constituted.

Not in the Interest of the People.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—In the police court to-day in the case brought by Alexander Kidd vs. William Nelson, for libeling Mayor Kalloch in an obscene publication, on June 6th, said that he believed that the prosecution had not been in the interest of the people and dismissed the case.

No Wonder He Kicks.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—George Price, who is to be hanged to-morrow, grows more and more vicious. Yesterday he made an ugly assault on a fellow-prisoner, whom he mistook for a reporter. He is constantly watched to keep him from doing mischief.

General Grant in New Mexico.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The Denver *Tribune's* Los Vegos special says that General Grant and party arrived there at ten o'clock this morning, and were met at the depot by a very large and enthusiastic crowd. The general made a short speech. A banquet will be given to-night.

A Pennsylvania Village Burned.

TYRONE, July 8.—A fire this morning destroyed about thirty buildings, including all the banks, operahouse and postoffice. The loss is estimated at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance, thirty thousand dollars.

EASILY ANSWERED.—If a strong man, who has frequently suffered pain, grows impatient and rebellious, how much more impatient should be the baby who does not know what suffering means. For the pains of colic, teething, etc., Dr. Bull's baby syrup is the sovereign remedy. Price, 25c.

DIED.

LUTZ—CHRISIE, infant son of Christopher and Margaret Lutz, aged 13 months and 6 days.

Funeral from residence, 112 Jones avenue, this (FRIDAY) morning, at 9 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Masonic Notice.

SOUTH MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 118—Will hold its stated communication this (FRIDAY) evening, July 9th, at 8 o'clock sharp, for dispatch of business. All M. M.'s in good standing are fraternally invited.

By order B. F. HALLER, W. M.
CHAS. L. PULLEN, Secretary.

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,
Bedford County, Virginia,
On Va. and Tenn. R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg. Young men and boys prepared for university or for business. Beautiful and healthy location. Able corps of teachers; thorough instruction. Liberal provision for the accommodation and comfort of students. For catalogues containing information, address W. R. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue P. O., Virginia.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF MISSISSIPPI AND SUNFLOWER RAILROAD COMPANY, Concordia, Mississippi, June 14, 1880.

UNTIL THE FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST, 1880, sealed proposals to grade and furnish crossties to the Mississippi and Sunflower Railroad, from Concordia, Mississippi, to the Forks of Bogue Phalia, will be received. The work is divided into two sections. First—From Concordia to section 405 in R. M. Sledge's field. Second—From that point to the Forks of Bogue Phalia. Bids to be made separately for each section, and separately for the grading of each section, and for crossties to each section, crossties to be delivered along the line of the road at distances of not more than one-fourth of a mile, properly stacked.

At the same time and place, sealed proposals will be received for building the bridges, culverts and cattle guards on each section. The maps, profiles and estimates of the road can be seen, and all necessary information obtained, by application to R. M. Sledge, Secretary and Treasurer, at Concordia, Miss. The proposals to be directed to the undersigned and filed with the Secretary and Treasurer on or before the first Monday in August, 1880.

The company reserves the right to reject any or all bids. F. A. MONTGOMERY, President.

Proposals for Brick Abufments.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned Commissioners until 12 o'clock a.m., SATURDAY, July 24, 1880 for furnishing all of the required materials and labor for the construction of Two Abutments at Nonconnah Creek, on the Cow Island road. Plans and specifications to be seen at the County Surveyor's office, at Courthouse.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

C. E. SMITH,
R. H. WEAVER,
E. ENGLEY,
THOS. HOLMAN,
Commissioners.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR
Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

French Millinery
REDUCTION! ABATEMENT!
WE HAVE MARKED DOWN THE SPRING and SUMMER GOODS. As the season advances we will give bargains to our customers. New goods received daily.
F. LAVIGNE, 250 MAIN STREET

WANTED LOCAL AGENTS everywhere to sell Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder, Flavoring Extracts, etc., by sample, to families. Profits good. Outfit free. People's Tea Co., Box 3023, St. Louis, Mo.

PRINTING!
Lithographing,
BLANK BOOKS!

S. C. TOOF & CO
Agents for above Tag-Fastener,
15 Court St., Memphis

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN BANK, Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1880.

AT a regular meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock invested was declared out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on demand; and the sum of five thousand dollars was ordered credited to the Reserve Fund.

EWD GOLDSMITH, Cashier.

CASH DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF PEOPLES INS. CO., Memphis, July 6, 1880.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a

Dividend of Five Per Cent.

was declared out of the earnings of the company for the past six months, payable on demand.

W. M. FARRINGTON, President.
CARRINGTON MASON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

STATE NATIONAL BANK, Memphis, Tenn., July 1, 1880.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Bank, held this day, a Semi-Annual Dividend of Four Per Cent. was declared from the net earnings of the past six months. Payable on demand.

J. A. HAYES, JR., Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY, Memphis, Tenn., July 3, 1880.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this company was declared and ordered credited upon the stock notes.

JOHN JOHNSON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK, Memphis, Tenn., July 3, 1880.

At a called meeting of the Directory of the German National Bank, held this day, the following report was received and adopted:

We, the committee appointed to examine the condition of the German National Bank, having found all notes well secured and no past-due paper, recommend that a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. be declared out of the net earnings of the past six months, payable to stockholders on demand.

LOUIS HANAUER,
REUBEN JONES,
J. J. JENNY,
DAVID F. HADDEN,
JNO. D. MILBURN,

HOME MANUFACTURE!
FERGUSON & CO.
WHOLESALE
SADDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS,
Saddlery Hardware and Leather,
299 MAIN ST. (OPPOSITE RICE, STIX & CO.'S.) MEMPHIS.
With all of the latest improved machinery, we are now manufacturing our Fall Stock, and are prepared to compete successfully with any market in the United States. We earnestly solicit your orders.

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Dealers in
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moldings,
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Doors, Sash and Blinds, and all kinds of Packing Boxes.
Office and Yard, foot of Washington st. | Saw and Planing Mills, North end Navy Yd
SALESROOM CORNER OF UNION AND FRONT STREETS.
Memphis, Tennessee.

CHICKASAW IRON WORKS!
Randle & Livermore, Prop's,
98 Second St., opp. Market Square, Memphis.
House Fronts, Columns, Lintals, Sills, Ventilators, Cellar-Grating, all kind Iron and Brass Castings, General Repairs and Everything in the Line of Foundry and Machine-Shop Work.

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175-177-179 Main St., Memphis,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Carriages, Buggies, Wagons!
AND ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGE AND WAGON MATERIALS!
We have recently greatly enlarged our Storehouse, and added to our former stock a full line of
Saddlery & Harness.
BRI