THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1880. VOL. XXXIX—NO. 258

CHINESE LABORERS

Preferred by Garfield to the Industrious Native Americans Who Build up the Country, and Carry Its Destinies Upon their Broad and Willing Shoulders.

The Letter Which the Republican Candidate for Congress Wrote to Conciliate the Monopolists of the East—Its Effect on the Pacific Coast.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The following dispatch was received to-day at the Republican National headquarters:

MENTOR, O., October 22, 1880.

Hon. M. Jewell and Hon. S. W. Dorsey:

I will not break the rule I have adopted by making public reply to campaign lies, but I authorize you to denounce the so-called Mower letter as a bold forgery, both in its language and sentiment. Until its publication I never heard of the existence of the Employers' Union of Lynn, Massachusetts, nor of such a person as H. L. Morey.

J. A. GARFIELD.

Garfield on his Handwriting.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The National Republican Committee furnish the following:

MENTOR, OHIO, October 23, 1880.

Hon. Marshall Jewell:

Your telegram of this afternoon is received. Publish my dispatch of last evening if you think best. Within the last hour the mail has brought me the lithographic copy of the forged letter. It is only the work of some clumsy villain, who cannot spell, nor write English, nor imitate my handwriting. Every honest and manly Democrat in America who is familiar with my handwriting will denounce the forgery at sight. Put the case in the hands of able detectives at once, and hunt the rascal down.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

Chinese Labor.

New York special to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*: "The publication of Garfield's Chinese cheap-labor letter in yesterday's *Truth* created great excitement in this city and throughout the neighboring States, but it was not until to-day that it reached the limits of a furor. *Truth's* office was thronged all day by people of both parties, eager to view the photographic copy of the letter on exhibition, and all pronounced it genuine. Numerous letters from Garfield were brought in by Republicans for comparison, and in every instance the confession was wrung from them that they could not dispute its authenticity. The publication of the letter instilled new life into the labors of the Democratic committee, who have distributed it broadcast throughout the different States, and to-night plates, of which a large number were prepared, were expressed to all the papers of the Pacific coast. Impromptu meetings have been held all over this city, New Jersey, Long Island and Connecticut, which have been characterized by intense enthusiasm. Workingmen everywhere are deserting the Garfield banner and rallying to the support of Hancock. Nothing can now resist the tidal wave which will inevitably sweep him into the Presidency. The letter itself bears upon its face undeniable evidence of Garfield's authorship, and, so far, no attempts have been made by the Republicans to authoritatively deny it. It is written on clean white paper, bearing the head of the house of representatives in the regular congressional forms. A sharp, stiff pen had evidently been used, which gives it a rather angular appearance. It is in a clean, legible hand, without erasures, and shows Mr. Garfield's characteristic phrase and style throughout. The envelope is torn at the top and across the center, evidently in opening. It is also quite clean, and has been figured upon in very small, neat figures. In the arithmetical calculations, of which there are four, 842 is multiplied by 121; 354 24 is multiplied by 81; 30 942 is multiplied by 18, and $17 76 is added to $42 10. It bears the congressional postmark, 'Washington, D. C.' This is easily seen by a microscopic examination of the original used in the photographic copy, but it does not come up plainly in the stereotype. It was certainly mailed on the date of the letter from Washington. The superscription, signature and body of the letter are clearly in General Garfield's handwriting. There can be no question as to its being genuine, as it passed through a microscopic examination, and has been submitted to experienced experts, and also to a great number of prominent men familiar with General Garfield's handwriting. It may be here added on the authority of Congressman Hewitt, that in case it is disputed another letter is ready for publication of the same tenor, written to another party. The general opinion is that this is only one of a number addressed to the various employers and corporate societies at the time Garfield was 'double-backing Sherman's nomination,' just after he had been elected to the senate for six years."

Garfield's Anti-Chinese Letter.

Cleveland special to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*: "The publication of Garfield's letter in favor of Coolie labor creates a profound impression among the laboring men of the various manufacturing industries. It is especially the topic among the masses of the late Greenback party of Lucas county, who always insisted so strongly on anti-Chinese planks in their platforms, and who have chiefly turned up lately in the Republican ranks. It will be remembered that that was one of the points at contest in making up the platform when the National party was organized here in 1877, by Thomas Hughes, Sam Cary, Dr. Sturgeon and others."

Garfield will Lie Out of It.

A Toledo special says that Garfield did not see the letter until his arrival there, and it is apprehended that plans were at once laid for a general and sweeping denial of the whole business. Garfield was in a state of great perturbation, and seemed anxious to avoid conversation with anyone outside of the circle of his chosen confidants. As soon as the council was over, the candidate was bundled into a hack and was driven hastily to the depot, where he left for home at the earliest possible convenience.

Effect of the Letter on the Pacific Coast.

Cincinnati *Enquirer* (editorial): "General Hancock will be elected to the Presidency if the Democrats of the United States, who are largely in the majority, will recover their spirits after the loss of Indiana by fraud, and pay a little attention to the other thirty-seven States, and also to that State in November. The east and the west do not vote alike. If they did, after Maine, Republican frauds and imported negroes would have been unable to carry either Indiana or Ohio. In like manner, New York and New Jersey will pay little attention to Indiana when the day of election comes. If the Republicans were to make the same raise in New York and New Jersey that they made in Indiana they still would be utterly unable to carry either of those States. Hancock, then, lacks three electoral votes of an election, by universal admission. Let us leave for the present the discussion of Maine, and New Hampshire, and Connecticut, and even Indiana, and look at the Pacific coast. There are fifteen electoral votes. The people of the Pacific coast don't care a pissyjue about 'rebel claims' lies, or 'tariff' lies, or 'government bond' lies, or 'business' lies; and there is one thing about which they care more than they care for either the Democratic party or the Republican party—that commanding curse, John Chinaman, the arch enemy of American labor, the pig-tailed pest that has driven American men and women out of employment by the thousand, the almond-eyed stranger that brings pestilence and vice and death to our shores, and hunger to our workingmen. The people of the Pacific slope would vote for any party, or against any party, in order to get rid of the obnoxious, loathsome importation of Chinese. The letter of General Garfield, which will be found at the head of these editorial columns, has called the attention of the country, and will specially call the attention of the voters beyond the Rocky mountains, to the attitude of the Republican candidate for the Presidency, and of the Republican party, upon the all-absorbing question in the Pacific States. The letter is in entire harmony with the record of Garfield in congress upon the Chinese question. It is in absolute harmony with the record of his party in congress, and of President Hayes in the White House, upon the Chinese question. On the 1st day of March, 1879, President Hayes vetoed a bill which Democrats in congress had passed; a moderate bill, not prohibiting the importation of Chinese, but limiting the number of the heathen to be brought on each vessel to fifteen, and General Garfield voted to sustain the veto. But the letter we quote was written nearly a year afterward—in January of this year—showing that his opinions, upon this subject at least, remained unchanged. This newly-discovered letter compels notice to an old fact. It is un-American to the last degree, and is an expression of hostility to the interests of every laboring man in the United States who is not a Chinaman. Head it, ye workingmen whose Republican employers forced you to vote the Republican ticket on the 12th of October! Vote then, if you will, for the coming of the Chinese! Vote yourselves out of employment and invite the filthy, pestilential Chinaman to become your next-door neighbor! This position of Garfield and of his party upon this important question ought to lose and, we pray, will lose for him the votes of three, if not all, of the Pacific States. What is the condition of the Pacific States? In the year Republican four years ago, Republican casting 79,279 electors. Last year the vote 67,965, the divided 12,120. In Colorado Republican majority was ago, at the last majority was but 527. In Oregon two years ago the Republican secretary of state, highest on the ticket, was elected by a plurality of only 291. What are these pluralities, in the face of the obnoxious record of the Republican candidate and the Republican party upon the one question which touches the homes, the employments, the interests and the wrath of the voters of the Pacific States? Why, then, in the name of the United States, cannot Hancock be elected?"

FLOYD'S RESTAURANT

Open Until After the Theater Closes—Supper Parties a Specialty.

Dinner—Monday, October 25th.

SOUP.
Mock Turtle.
FISH.
Baked Red Snapper—Oyster Sauce.
BOILED.
Boiled Leg of Mutton—White Sauce.
COLD.
Ham, Tongue, Pressed Corn Beef.
ROAST.
Loin of Beef—Drip Gravy,
Loin of Mutton,
Stuffed Loin of Veal,
Ribs of Pork—Celery Sauce,
Chicken—Giblet Sauce.
VEGETABLES.
Mashed Potatoes, Browned Sweet Potatoes,
Stewed Tomatoes, Parsnips with Cream,
Sugar Corn, Oyster Plant,
Boiled Onions, Asparagus,
Lima Beans, Boiled Rice.
SALADS AND RELISHES.
Chicken Salad, Celery,
Cold Slaugh, Horseradish and Olives.
PASTRY AND DESERTS.
Mince, Apple, Lemon, Cocoanut Pies,
Tapioca Pudding—Wine Sauce,
Supreme of Apples,
Peach Cobbler with Cream,
Charlotte de Rousse,
Celestine of Strawberry,
Vanilla Ice Cream,
Fruit and Drip Coffee.

Weekly Mortuary Report.

Mortuary report for week ending Saturday, October 23d, at 6 p.m.

Name.	Age.	Sex.	Color.	Cause of death
Willie Buckley	17	male.	white	consumption.
Wm. Davidson	79	male.	white	soft'n'g brain.
John Rouney	59	male.	white	consumption.
Josie Clark	1 mo	male.	white	marasmus.
J.N.W. Hudson	34	male.	white	consumption.
Otto Mulvo	36	male.	white	congestion.
Felix Pennett	49	male.	white	heart disease.
James Lynch	57	male.	white	epilepsy.
J. F. Winn	40	male.	white	cerebral apoplexy.
W. Townsend	7 mos	male.	col'ed	inanition.
John Primo	19	male.	col'ed	consumption.
Wm. Harper	19	male.	col'ed	drowned.
Harry Owens	65	male.	col'ed	senile debility.
Inf't Grundle	1 mo	male.	col'ed	marasmus.
Sam Harris	15	male.	col'ed	consumption.
Albert Lankin	54	male.	col'ed	dysentery.
Infant Ross	1 mos	male.	col'ed	premature birth.
F. Anderson	29	female.	col'ed	old age.
Agnes Shaqed	1	female.	col'ed	convulsions.
H. B. Hawkins	1	female.	col'ed	dentition.

Coroner's inquest.

Distribution of deaths by wards—First, 1; second, 0; third, 1; fourth, 1; fifth, 4; sixth, 2; seventh, 2; eighth, 3; ninth, 1; tenth, 1. City hospital, 4. Still-born, 4. White, 9. Colored, 11. Total, 20.

R. B. KING, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.

READ K. & F.'s notice, damaged cashmere.

PATENT glass-slide tops for Dozier-Weyl cracker boxes can be found at C. P. Hunt & Co.'s.

Black Diamond Paint.

J. S. Turner & Co., at 30 Madison streets are prepared to fill all orders for this famous roof paint. It is claimed for it that it will protect roofs from fire, water and from warping by the sun. It can be tested very easily, and Messrs. Turner & Co. are anxious that everybody may become convinced in regard to its merits.

First Ward Democratic Grand Rally,

Monday night, the twenty-fifth instant, at Market square. There will be a rousing old time in the gallant old first, with the best speakers in the city to address the people. Let there be a general outpouring to hear the great truths of our campaign. A cordial invitation is extended to the citizens of the various wards to be in attendance. The old first means victory to the Democracy and challenges her sister wards to rival her spirit and determination to triumph. By order of the chairman of the first ward club,

M. J. KENNEDY,
Sec. Dem. Executive Committee.

Clocks! Clocks! Clocks!

A great variety from the best manufacturers. For sale on easy weekly payments.

G. W. FISHER, 268 Second street.

Postmaster-General Key.

After thoroughly investigating the matter, concluded that the Commonwealth Distribution company was one of the institutions he could not legally interfere with. Its drawings are in public and open to the inspection of every one. Another drawing will occur in a few days.

Handcocktails at Old Fall Hotel.

Floyd's Candies.

Buy the little ones some candy; they expect it and if will make glad their little hearts, and the older ones will thank you for it.

Nos. 7, 9 and 11

Are the charia numbers that attract the merchant, clerks and artisan to a good meal or a choice lunch when they move on West Court street. Fritz and George (Fritz Pfeiffert & Co.) are always on hand to serve their friends who thirst or hunger, and have fitted up the most superb establishment for that purpose in the city. Their meals and lunches are already as famous as their celebrated beers, wines and cigars. Give them a call.

READ K & F.'s notice, 20c silk velvet ribbon.

Fast Time.

A telegram from Utica, New York, announces the arrival, on the eighteenth instant, of a shipment of cotton forwarded from Memphis on the fifteenth instant. The shipment went by the BLUE LINE.

Superior Boots and Shoes,

In every style and in the largest quantity, for ladies, misses, men and boys, are to be found at the old reliable shoe house on the corner of Main and Monroe streets. They have an endless variety, sell at the lowest rates and warrant every sale as represented. The celebrated "California boot" is manufactured for them exclusively. Their list of ladies' shoes in French kid—cloth top and buttons—and house slippers is very superior. Children's school shoes and men's wear a specialty. Remember the house of J. M. Hill & Co., corner of Main and Monroe streets.

The Famous Showman,

Dan Rice, with his floating operahouse, will be here next week.

A Caution to Our Readers.

The almost invariable fruit of a successful invention is a host of inferior imitations. The patent Linoleum floor cloth is no exception to this rule. Its durability and beauty is proved beyond controversy. Be sure in purchasing the goods that you look on the back of the cloth for "Linoleum;" none other is genuine. All carpet dealers keep it.

READ K. & F.'s notices on laces and beads.

The Canfield Orphans, Colored.

We, the undersigned, beg leave to make the following financial report of our entertainment given at the exposition building, July 28, 1880, from which we realized $301 85 for the benefit of the orphans at Canfield orphan asylum, which is as follows: Paid out up to date, for forty barrels coal, $19; shoes, $26 50; clothing, $89 25; medicine; $4 50; repairing cistern, $5; rent of hall, $2; paid wages, $43; provisions, $99; total paid out, $238 25; balance on hand, $63 60. We do this to let the public know what we have been doing so far with the money. Most of the children will commence going to school Monday. Finance Committee: P. A. Daniels, W. P. McFarland, T. W. Pernell, Fannie Reynolds and Miss Zulee Felton. R. H. McCain, president; Ned Adams, treasurer; A. W. Browne, secretary.

Elegant Hats for Sale.

The latest novelties in the way of hats can be found at Martin Cohen's, No. 219 Main street, near the corner of Adams and under the Worsham house. The new styles are most attractive, and are offered for sale at very low prices, much lower than such goods can be purchased at any other house in the city.

PATENT glass-slide tops for Dozier-Weyl cracker boxes can be found at C. P. Hunt & Co.'s.

READ K. & F.'s notice, French mull, 12½c.

Sewing Machine Repairs.

We keep the duplicate parts of every sewing machine in the world, and have undoubtedly the most expert and experienced sewing machine repairers in the south and guarantee all our work. Outside orders in any part of the city promptly attended to.

J. B. ALDRICH & CO., 274 Second street.

Butterick's Patterns.

They always fit.

Fall and Winter Clothing.

A fine and fashionable stock of gentlemen's clothing and furnishing goods can be seen at the store of Johnston & Vance, No. 205 Main street, under the Peabody hotel. Fresh supplies of new goods are received daily. These goods comprise the latest styles known to the trade, and are offered for sale at very low rates. Strangers visiting the city will find the stock of underclothing and novelties very complete. The stock of fall and winter overcoats is most attractive, comprising all styles and makes suitable to the season.

PATENT glass-slide tops for Dozier-Weyl cracker boxes can be found at C. P. Hunt & Co.'s.

WAR TO THE KNIFE

And the Knife to the Hilt—That is the Declaration of General Mahone, the Leader of the Readjuster Democrats of Virginia—He Will Make no

Compromise With His Opponents—He Demands Their Unconditional Surrender—His Conference with Speaker Randall and Abram S. Hewitt.

Special to the Philadelphia *Press*: The failure of Speaker Randall and Mr. Abram S. Hewitt, as the representatives of the Democratic National committee, to conclude a compromise with General Mahone, of Virginia, to have only one Hancock and English electoral ticket in that State is the principal topic of conversation about the Democratic headquarters here and in the circles of that party generally. Of course, the Democrats are much annoyed at Mahone's obstinacy, charge that he is dickering with the Republicans and doing all sorts of things to endanger Democratic supremacy in the Old Dominion. Those Democratic leaders who have been engaged in the effort to bring about a compromise, and the journals that to-day print a part of the proceedings and color them to suit their own notions, have stopped short of the real meat of the movement, coloring the facts to suit their fancy and to General Mahone's disadvantage. I am able to give from one of his most trusted friends the facts relative to the effort at compromise that failed and the real position of this plucky leader upon the points at issue. They are as follows: Ever since the Readjuster convention was held which placed a Hancock and English electoral ticket in the field the National Democratic organization has, as far as the leaders thought prudent, given aid and comfort to the Bourbons and frowned upon Mahone and his followers. Before the Indiana election they were bordering on aggressive action against the readjusters, and it took the best advice of General Mahone's Democratic friends to keep the National committee from openly pronouncing in favor of the Funder or Bourbon ticket and declaring Mahone and his followers outlaws from the Democratic camp.

RANDALL AND A COMPROMISE.

The only thing that kept them from this positive action then, as it keeps them from it now, is that he is a United States senator, and may hold the balance of power in that body after the 4th of March next. After the Indiana election the Bourbons thought they saw a chance to scare the National committee into hostile action against Mahone, and they sent a commission to New York, with Congressman John T. Harris at its head, to insist upon a proclamation from that body recognizing the Bourbon electoral ticket, and calling upon all Democrats to support it. Here Speaker Randall, who has always professed friendship for General Mahone and his cause, came upon the scene as pacificator, and wrote the leader of the new southern revolution asking a conference, and General Mahone coming to Philadelphia on business, consented to meet Mr. Randall at his house, and did so. When the speaker mentioned the necessity of a compromise to insure the electoral vote of Virginia for Hancock, General Mahone replied that a compromise between the Readjusters and the Bourbons was not a debatable question, for neither he nor his party would ever consent to it, and that the only way to secure a single Hancock electoral ticket in Virginia was to order the Bourbon ticket out of that field. The speaker argued for a compromise, but to no purpose, and Mahone finally informed him that he had his ultimatum. Mr. Randall then asked him to go to New York for a conference with the National committee. General Mahone declined. He then asked if he would see a representative of that body if one came here.

HEWITT AND PRYOR AS SECONDS.

"Only as I would see any other individual who might call upon me," replied the plucky leader. "I will see any gentleman who calls upon me." "Then I will telegraph for Mr. Hewitt, replied the speaker. "Not at my instance," rejoined General Mahone. But Mr. Randall did telegraph, at his own instance, and General Mahone telegraphed for his friend, General Roger A. Pryor, that he might have a friend to hear and advise, and these two strong, progressive southern leaders met together when Mr. Hewitt and Speaker Randall called. Mr. Hewitt not having as much interest in the sixor eight Readjuster congressmen who are likely to enter the house when General Mahone takes his seat in the senate as Mr. Randall, was not so tender in his treatment of the question as the Speaker, but was humble enough. He told General Mahone that a compromise was necessary to secure harmony in the party, and that the Funders were ready to yield almost any portion of the electoral ticket he might demand and to turn over the management of the canvass to him.

MAHONE'S ULTIMATUM.

General Mahone replied that this offer ought to be a settlement of the whole controversy; that it was an acknowledgment of the justice and strength of his position; that if the Readjusters were entitled to a majority of the electoral ticket they were entitled to it all, and this proposition demonstrated that fact. Mr. Hewitt contested the point, but to no purpose, and finally General Mahone informed him that further parley was unnecessary, and that the Readjusters would only consent to a compromise that took the Bourbon ticket unconditionally out of the field. He also informed Mr. Hewitt that the constituency he represented were fighting for a principle, and would never surrender. "The electoral vote of Virginia is in no danger," said General Mahone; "we will beat the Bourbons 20,000 votes, and they know it as well as we, and that is why they are trying to save something by a compromise. Neither myself nor my friends will ever consent to any." "As can be imagined," added General Mahone's faithful friend who gave me the story of the meetings and talks as above crudely recited, "the conference was not lengthy or overly cordial. I should never have felt at liberty to have talked with you at all upon this subject," said my informant, "had not some of the facts in relation to it been given out and colored by the press to suit the interests General Mahone is fighting."

MAHONE DON'T TRADE.

"Has he never had a conference with the National Democratic committee?"

"No, sir. He has never recognized their right to interfere in the contest he is making in Virginia. They sought this conference and have got his ultimatum."

"Will the National committee declare against him?"

"It makes no difference what they do the Readjusters will carry the State. I hardly think, however, that they will care to antagonize his force in face of that fact. Yet the pressure from the Bourbons will be great to induce the committee to do it as their last hope."

"What about his alleged bargain with the Republicans to get the withdrawal of their congressional candidates in all but two districts, where Dezendorf and Jorgenson are running?"

"There isn't a word of truth in it. I was with him during all of his visit to Philadelphia, and know that it is a lie out of whole cloth. General Mahone met Republicans as he met Democrats, in a social way only. He need make no bargain with the Republicans. Their electoral ticket don't endanger the success of the Readjusters. They will carry nearly every congressional district, as well as the electoral vote. No, these stories about Mahone's trading with the Republicans are just as true as that he wants to trade with the Democrats. The truth is," continued my informant, "that the Readjusters don't want to trade with either party. The strength of this movement lies in its complete independence of the old parties." "No," concluded General Mahone's friend, "those stories about trades with the Republicans about the congressional districts are malicious falsehoods printed by the Bourbon Democrats of Virginia or their friends in the hopes of scaring a few weak-kneed Democratic Readjusters into voting the Bourbon ticket, or of frightening the National Democratic committee into recognizing the Bourbon ticket with the highest that Mahone is trading with the Republicans."

MAHONE IN THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The story of the conference as above recited I have had corroborated from other reliable sources than the one I have given. Indeed, the opposing interests which charge that their failure to secure a compromise from Mahone is due to his willingness to deal with the Republicans do not deny the fact that they sought the conference with the Virginia leader and were repelled. I can find no one here who really believes that Mahone wants to trade with either party. The Republicans do not deny that they have ever been willing to deal with him, and even acknowledge that he has been approached with that view, but has stoutly and firmly refused to dicker with them as he did to compromise with his Democratic enemies in Virginia at the earnest solicitation of Speaker Randall and Mr. Hewitt. Indeed, the outcome of Mr. Mahone's visit north has demonstrated the fact that he does not care to trade with either party. He goes to the senate pledged to act independently of either and will take several members of congress into the house similarly situated. No man understands, said his friend, better than Mahone, the strength of the position in the equal division of the two parties in the next congress, and he isn't going to throw his power away for a mess of pottage from either.

A Counterfeiter Arrested.

WASHINGTON, October 23.—In Brooklyn, New York, to-day, the secret service officer arrested E. W. Spencer, *alias* Bill Breckaway, and Charles H. Smith and James P. Owens, charged with being concerned in the counterfeiting of $100 national bank notes and also counterfeiting $1000 coupon bonds of the issue of 1861. Smith confessed that he engraved the plate from which were printed the counterfeit bonds in the possession of Doyle, of Chicago. He states that he engraved the plates for the several counterfeit $100 notes which recently appeared. The last one he engraved was on the Pittsburg National Bank of Commerce. Owens was the printer of these notes and bonds. Smith claims that Maddelion and he engraved the plates of the counterfeit 1-80 bonds which were put upon the market in 1867, about $88,000 of which had been taken by Jay Cooke & Co. before their character was discovered. The examination of the arrested parties is set down for Tuesday next. The numbers of the bonds taken from Doyle, in Chicago, will be forwarded to Brooklyn to be used as evidence.

WM. FRANK & CO.

Are in receipt and will offer on Monday next

300 pcs Grain d' Poudre Cloths at 25c.

The most effective dress fabric for the money on the market.

WM. FRANK & CO.

Are selling

American Wool Sreges at Fifteen Cents.

Intrinsically good value and well adapted to the popular trade.

WM. FRANK & CO.

Offer this week unusual bargains in their dress goods department.

WM. FRANK & CO.

Exhibit all numbers of

Lupin's Black Cashmeres

At Cheap Prices.

No better cashmeres are presented in this market than Lupin's justly celebrated productions; they excel in softness of texture and easy flow of fabric. Color and finish unequaled and guaranted pure Merino wool. Prices range from forty cents a yard up.

WM. FRANK & CO.

Are agents for

Robert's Gold Burnished Parabola Needles.

Best needles made. Now being sold at 5c.

WM. FRANK & CO.,

Offer large lines of

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS

At attractive prices.

We show a good white blanket at $2 75 a pair. A large size comfort at $1.

WM. FRANK & CO.,

240 Main street 240

A Silver Medal

And one diploma awarded to the Cottage Gallery at the late Shelby county fair, which is only additional evidence of the superiority of the work of this celebrated establishment. They have a wide reputation for leading in the introduction of all the latest styles and scenery. Under this head we will say that they have just received a number of extra new style scenes. Their stock of frames, which embraces every style, is the largest in the city, and, like their photographs, are sold at one-half asked for the same elsewhere in the city.

HATS AND BONNETS!

KREMER'S

Uuiversally Acknowledged as Leaders of Styles, Pre-eminent as to Richness of Assortment.

Attention!

LOW PRICES FOR QUALITY.

Our largely increased patronage has induced us to make valuable additions both to our sales force and millinery departments.

Special.

50 Paris Bonnets, costing from $40 to $60 to import, at $20.
$15 Bonnets, works of art.
$10 Hats and Bonnets, elegant for all occasions.
$7 50 and $5 Hats, stylish and pretty.
10,000 Derbys and school Hats at 50c, 75c, $1, $1 25 and $1 50.

KREMER'S

Satins, Silks, Brocaded Velvets, Surahs and Merveilleux.

ELEGANT SPECIALTIES

IN

Mourning Fabrics,

Specially selected

for

Fine Trade,

With a view to beauty of design and durability.

Novelties constantly adding to our rich stock.

Lowest prices for good goods.

M. & E. G. KREMER & CO.

Fransioli's Oyster House.

Felix Fransioli, at his saloon and oyster house, Front street, fed and refreshed a large number of business men yesterday. His place is convenient to them, and they know that he handles the finest oysters, and that his wines and liquors are as good as can be had in Memphis.

Illuminated by Electricity.

The levee, during the nights of next week, will be lighted by electric lights, paid for by Dan Rice's opera.

PATENT glass-slide tops for Dozier-Weyl cracker boxes can be found at C. P. Hunt & Co.'s.

The Art of Photographing.

Bingham Brothers, the famous photographers at No. 241 Main street, corner of Jefferson, are prepared to take the best of photographs in the most scientific manner. They have superior instruments and employ skilled workmen. Their line of photograph stock, velvet frames and all kinds of cases, is one of the largest and most attractive in the city. The pictures taken at this gallery compare favorably with the best work done in the eastern cities. Give them a call and have a photograph taken.

PATENT glass-slide tops for Dozier-Weyl cracker boxes can be found at C. P. Hunt & Co.'s.

Fish and Game.

Victor B. Fuchs, the reliable dealer in Fish and Game, at his depot on Jefferson street, receives fresh Fish and Oysters daily, and regular shipments of Squirrels, Ducks, Pigeons, Quails and other game at all times when they can be brought here in good condition. Victor is one of the most enterprising and obliging of dealers.

Floyd's Restaurant.

Persons leaving the city on early morning trains can get their breakfast at 6 o'clock. Those coming in can have the finest dinner in the city at Floyd's.

READ K. & F.'s notice, damaged napkins.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY

A Man Murders His Sister-in-Law, as he Says, at Her Own Request, and, Concealing Her Body in Her Trunk, Walks to the Station House and Surrenders

Himself, Asking to Hanged as Quickly as Possible—Cooly Delivered Description of the Awful Crime—He Choked Her to Death While Sitting on His Knee.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—George Wheeler, aged about thirty-four, gave himself into custody on Wednesday night on a charge of murder, and proceeded to narrate the shocking story with unparalleled coolness. Wheeler's wife is a year older than himself, and they were married in Boston eleven years ago. His father is a Second Advent minister in Gorham, Maine. His wife's sister, Delia Wilson, twenty-one years old, went with Wheeler and his wife from Boston to New York three years ago, and lived in the same room with them, though Mrs. Wheeler discovered illicit relations between Wheeler and Delia, who had then become a mother. Since that time another child was the fruit of the guilty relationship, though the children died or were killed by Wheeler. All continued to live together and came to San Francisco six months ago, but Wheeler did not procure remunerative employment, and went to San Francisco to run an engine. While there, Delia received attentions from George Hickham. This aroused the jealousy of Wheeler, who managed to feel her disgrace coolly, and begged me to cut her throat. She did not want to go with Hickham, but such was his influence over her that she must go with him, and she said she would rather die than do it. Then she again from him to cut her throat. I told her that I could not do that, as I could not bear to see her blood, but I told her that I could choke her. She said very well, and sat in my lap. I placed one hand on her mouth, and with the other grasped her throat, and she, throwing her head back on my shoulder, died like a child. She struggled but little at first. She looked into my eyes and I, kissing her, told her to close them, which she did, and thus she passed away. "When I found that she was dead I opened her trunk, and taking out her clothes, placed her in it. She was a slight, delicate little girl, and I doubled up her legs and got her in without any trouble.

"Why did you place her in the trunk? Did you intend escaping?"

"Oh, no; I never desired to escape. I put her into the trunk so that she would be out of the way if Hickman came into the room. I did not want that man to see her. I then, in the evening, gathered up my papers and a little sack of hers, and came to the city prison."

"Do you not feel any remorse?"

"Yes, I do. I am sorry now that I did it, but could not have her go with that man. I loved her better than my life. She was always true to me while my wife was not."

"Why did you not take your sister and leave the city?"

"She did not want to do that; she said that we had not money enough; she said she preferred to die; she had repeatedly asked me to kill her within the last three weeks; I knew that it would cost me my life to kill Delia, but I had rather kill her than to see her with that man.

"I was willing to die for it. It is a hard thing for a man as young and as healthy as I am to throw his life away. It is terrible; but I could not see my sister ruined, and I willingly lay down my life for her. I want to be hanged as quickly as possible.

"If I had known as much about poisons as I do now I would have taken my own life myself besides my darling's yesterday, but that man is to blame for it all. I had to do it and I am willing to suffer for it."

A SLEPNID breakfast on the table surrounded by a family of coughs. They used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and that family now keeps it always on hand and recommends it. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

READ K. & F.'s notice, jeans slightly damaged.

DIED

DAVIDSON—On Sunday, October 17th, at his residence, 280 Desoto street, WM. DAVIDSON, aged 79 years.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS

We attribute our Great Success in the sale of our Elegant Silks, Plain and Fancy Plushes, Brocaded Satins, Fine Worsted Dress Goods, etc., chiefly to the Superiority of our Stock, Styles, Selections, and the GREAT BARGAINS we continually offer to the public. Like an array of diamonds we dazzle the country with a grandeur of stock nowhere excelled in the United States.

Cloak and Suit Department.

Special Bargains in New Satin de Lyon and Satin Merveilleux, Dolmans, Sicilian and Fur Jackets, Sicilian and Plush Dolmans, Paris and Berlin Costumes; Havelock's, Black and Colored Satin de Lyon Costumes. Special Bargains in Ulsters, Flannel Suits, Wrappers, Black and Colored Jackets, etc. The New Antique Lace Curtains, from $8 00 to $75 00 per Pair.

In the Silk Department.

An elegant line of Brocaded Velvets and Plushes, from $1 to $10 per yard, every color, new and fashionable. A superb line of white, cream, heliotrope, Ciel brocaded Satins, for evening wear, from $1 50 to $7 50 per yard. A superb line of black and colored brocaded and polka spot Satins and Silks, from $1 25 to $6 per yard. Magnificent line of bonnet and ballon Black Silks, from $1 to $5 per yard. Surahs and Satin Merveilleux, black and colored, from $1 25 upward per yard. A line of black and colored silk Striped Velvet, at $2, way below value.

Worsted Dress Goods.

Beautiful Plaids and Brocades, Beautiful Plain Goods in Cornelians, Shoodas, Imperial Serges, Cashmeres, etc.

The most *recherche*

COMBINATIONS READILY FORMED.

Black Goods Department.

Extra Good Bargains in the Monchair Goods, and the Side-Band Styles. Extra Good Bargains in the Imperial Serges, Shoodahs, Henriettas, Brocades. We can beat the world in Black Cashmeres. All the Novelties in now. Thousands and thousands of Novelties in the

Dress Trimming Department

We have undoubtedly the finest stock of Buttons, Fringes, Cords and Tassels, Cords, Tassels and Passementeries in this city, and sell them lower than any other house in the country.

In the Lace Department

We have just opened New Spanish Laces, New Spanish Fichus, New Neckwear, New Ribbons, New Satin and Plush Pockets and Belts. Everything new just to hand.

Our Bijouterie Department

Is perfectly lovely. New Fichu Pins, New Mosaic Pins, New Enameled Pins, New Combs, New Garnet Jewelry, Gents' and Ladies' New Sleeve Buttons, New Real Shell Combs, Novelties in Majolica Goods, New Bangles, etc. All these novelties are dainty, nobby, tastidious, and very, very cheap indeed.

Remarkable Hosiery Bargains.

Come and see. In gents' and ladies'

Merino and Wool Underwear

We carry, very probably, the best assorted stock south of New York.

Aided by our very large wholesale trade, we can buy these goods in such quantities, at prices beyond the reach of retailers, and, in consequence, offer extraordinary bargains.

In our ladies' and children's

Underwear Department,

We have just opened new dresses, new knitted coats, hoods, caps, skirts, jackets, and lots and lots of beautiful novelties, very, very cheap.

We have made extra efforts for a grand sale this week.

Cradle Blankets

Very cheap. 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Blankets specially cheap now. Have you seen our new

Table Covers, Our New Piano Covers,

Our Novelties in Towels, Table Linens, etc. Extra Bargains in Towels, Linens, colored and white Table Linens.

Matalassee Flannel

Seckings in all the new colors, received. Something new in a

Shaker Flannel

Received, an article which will never shrink. Bargains in

Canton Flannels,

White Embroidered Flannels, etc.

We Are Very, Very Proud

of our Embroidery, Handkerchiefs and

Collar and Cuff Department.

While we have always carned glory in that stock, we are now better fixed than ever. We are exhibiting Ladies' and Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs and Mufflers in Plaids, Polka spots, Brocades, etc., from $1 to $3 apiece. Ladies' Fancy and White Embroidered Handkerchiefs from $3 to $1 50 per dozen. Ladies' New Byron Collars, Ladies Cardinal Bordered White Byron Collars, Children's beautiful New Byron Collars.

We now keep the Earl & Wilson Gents' Latest Styles Collars.

Gent's new Polka Spot, Plaid and other fancy Handkerchiefs, Scarfs and Ties, in high novelties. Our stock in that department is equal to any shown on Broadway, New York.

GREAT BARGAINS!

Our Kid Glove Department

Charms the world.

Our real Kid Glove.
Call for the Peabody 3-button, $1 25.
Call for the Peabody 4 button, $1 50.
Our 5-button, $1 50, is the best in the world.
Our 4-button, $1 75, is the best in the world.
A 3-button glove for 75c.
A 4-button glove for $1.

Our Foster glove in all sizes, colors and lengths. A real kid in 6-button, $1 75; our real kid, 8-button, $2 00. All the kid gloves which we sell we guarantee.

Remnants

of

5-4 Utica sheeting, 15c.
10-4 Utica sheeting, 25c.
11-4 Utica sheeting, 27½c.
Great bargains in

SATIN SKIRTS,

Cloth and felt skirts, etc.
All the novelties open now.

TO THE TRADE!

The rush is over. Indications point to lower prices of all kind of Leather Goods. Buy prudently. Assort your stock with small and frequent purchases from near-by markets. Place no future orders. Cotton is drooping. Steer for the shore. We offer you a Full Line of Fresh Goods—New Styles of our own manufacture—at as Low Figures as any market in the United States.

Ferguson & Co.

Saddle, Harness and Collar Factory,

No. 299 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

MILBURN, FISH BROS. AND TENNESSEE WAGONS

SAMTER & CO.

WHOLESALE

CLOTHING

We call the attention of Merchants