THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1881. VOL. XL—NO. 216

INDICATIONS.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, partly cloudy weather, local rains, winds mostly southwesterly, stationary or lower temperature and pressure.

CASTLE GARDEN received 2119 immigrants yesterday.

MR. MANTON MARBLE talks of returning to journalism. His age is fifty.

RECEIPTS of gold at New York from Europe yesterday amounted to $2,309,000.

THE average price of cotton in this market is to-day what it was at this time last year—11 cents.

THE Osceola *Times* says that when the crops are droughty a whisky drought is in order to balance it.

NEW cotton is coming in fast. So far the receipts in this market are 800 bales ahead of those of last year.

THE Springfield *Register* and the Champaign (Ill.) *Times* are for Tilden for President "first, last and all the time."

SECRETARY WINDOM will at an early day take into consideration the subject of reducing some of the outstanding bonds.

IT has been telegraphed from Houston, Texas, that the Southern Pacific syndicate intends building an air-line from New Orleans to Memphis.

THE Buffalo *Commercial* wants David Davis elected *pro tem.* President of the Senate. We think he should be allowed to remain where he is—on the fence.

EVIDENTLY, says the Quincy *Herald*, the Greenback party need not despair. A woman in Arkansas has given birth to a brainless child. Recruits, of course, come in slowly.

A SPECIAL to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* from New York states that Governor Hendricks, of Indiana, is a candidate for the Presidency, and that his friends intend to push his claims.

THE New Orleans *Democrat* has announced that it will to-day publish such diagrams, facts and figures about the jetties as should lay at rest all controversy as to their depth, width, etc.

THE average annual dividend of the principal cotton-mills south is put at twenty-two and a half per cent., and this fact has served to arouse fresh interest in the latent capabilities of small mills which have paid well.

THE Conservatives of Dumfries, Scotland, are opposed to the erection of a monument to the memory of the poet Burns because he "was too democratic in his political ideas." The fool killer evidently has not visited Dumfries lately.

THE American Bar Association recommends a three years course of study in all law schools; also that diplomas granted by the schools shall entitle the holders to admission to the bar. Would not this open a way for bogus diplomas?

[illegible] receipts of cotton by the river [illegible] market were 114,601, against [illegible] before. The best trip was [illegible] Josie Harry, December 11th, [illegible] second by the Hard Cash, [illegible] 905 bales.

[illegible] produced and marketed during [illegible] yesterday the largest crops [illegible] sugar since the war. A careful [illegible] shows the receipts to have been 218,114 hogsheads of sugar, 16,256,028 gallons of molasses, and 266,658 barrels of clear rice.

THE New Orleans *Times* thinks that "Democrats and Republicans who have been somewhat jocund of late, because Tilden and Conkling were 'out of the way,' exhibit a degree of uneasiness which may yet bear a grave relation to the Presidential duel of 1884."

THE Church of St. Michael at Hughenden is to be completed and improved as a memorial to Lord Beaconsfield. Over the seat which the Earl was accustomed to occupy Queen Victoria intends to place a monument, the chief ornament of which will be a portrait medallion.

THE coal field on the Southern railway extends from Tateville, 167 miles south of Cincinnati, to Spring City, 280 miles, along which, at various places, mines might be opened and worked to great profit, and this is likely soon to be done, as there is already a boom in coal lands adjacent to the Southern.

MEMPHIS, just after the war, lost 30,000 population in two years from high rents and want of small, cheap houses.—*Vicksburg Commercial.*

Our cotemporary has been misinformed. The loss of our population after the war was occasioned by business depressions and panics in 1867 and 1873, in both years accompanied by yellow-fever.

THE APPEAL returns thanks to Mr. Henry Hotter, Secretary and Superintendent of the Cotton Exchange; Major W. H. Rhea, Secretary of the Board of Underwriters, and Mr. Maurice Maas, Manager of the Clearinghouse, for valuable aid rendered in the collation of information for the annual review of the business of the city.

IN consequence of the condition of President Garfield, General Grant will not attend the meeting and reception tendered him by the citizens of Asbury Park Thursday evening. He states he is unwilling to appear at a public reception when the country is in despair over the prostrate body of the Chief Magistrate, whose life seems to hang by a thread.

THE Memphis and Charleston Railroad company will signalize the opening of the new commercial year by a five per cent. increase of the wages of its all employes except the engineers, whose increase will be 12½ per cent. The compositors of the APPEAL and *Avalanche* are to be similarly blessed. After Saturday next their wages will be increased 12½ per cent.

THE management of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad have adopted a plan for the settlement of immigrants that should be followed by every other company in Tennessee. It has employed a man of known ability to write up the resources of the counties it passes through, which, with illustrations, it will publish in a pamphlet of 200 pages in German, Scandinavian and English for distribution in Europe. The management of the road has asked Commissioner Hawkins to appoint a gentleman they have suggested as Deputy-Commissioner of Agriculture, Statistics, Mines and Immigration, that it may exert an additional influence in promoting the work which they propose to do, and without any expense to the State. Commissioner Hawkins has taken the matter under advisement.

THE Fair Association has completed its arrangements for a fair, to be held on the Fair Grounds, beginning on Tuesday, October 18th, and continuing four days. The list of premiums is ready for distribution, and may be had on application at the office of the Secretary, 361 Main street. It is earnestly hoped that all the people of Shelby will unite to make the fair this year a success. Before the war our annual fair was at event to the people of [illegible] as well as those of our own [illegible] Louis fair is to the people of [illegible] Cincinnati Exposition to [illegible] Central Ohio. By some extra [illegible] fusion of some little spirit, [illegible] fine pluck and enterprise [illegible] money, we can re[illegible] we have in other [illegible] can do it, and we [illegible] be the pride and [illegible] Tennessee, especially, to [illegible] success that will [illegible] upon all who at[illegible]

GETTING ON BRAVELY.

The President Seems to Have Touched Bottom and is Now on the Rise.

The Devil in Guiteau Continues to Manifest Itself in Conduct and Language.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—*Half-past Seven O'Clock A.M.*—The President passed a comfortable night. This morning the swollen gland looks better, and the other conditions are reported satisfactory. The pulse is reported about 100.

Morning Official Bulletin.

Half-past Eight O'Clock A.M.—The following official bulletin has just been issued: "The President passed a tranquil night and this morning his condition is quite as favorable as yesterday at the same hour. Pulse, 100; temperature, 98.4; respiration, 18."

Dr. Hamilton's Opinion.

Dr. Hamilton, who arrived this morning, was quite well satisfied with the condition of his patient. The progress was as great as he expected, and he saw nothing, he thought, to weaken his strongly expressed belief that the President will recover.

Midday Official Bulletin.

Half-past Twelve O'Clock P.M.—At the dressing of the President this morning the parotid swelling was found to be discharging freely. It looks well and has materially diminished in size. The wound remains in about the same state. His general condition is evidently more favorable than at this hour yesterday. Pulse 95; temperature 98.4; respiration 17.

Continues as Devilish as Ever.

Guiteau continues as devilish as ever. He has written a letter to the District Attorney, in which he expresses his increased regret that he was not able to kill the President while in church and thus secure his death on the instant. He says he is sorry he suffers so much, and a good deal more sorry that he is not dead.

Mr. Blaine to Minister Lowell.

Secretary Blaine this afternoon sent the annexed dispatch to Minister Lowell at London:

"The President's condition is very encouraging to-day. His pulse is down to 95—lower than it has been for several weeks—temperature and respiration normal. No adverse symptoms are apparent at this hour —2 p.m.

A Slight Gain in Strength.

Half-past Two O'Clock P.M.—In an interview at 2:15 p.m. Dr. Bliss said that the President's condition is highly satisfactory, and that he is making very favorable progress in every way. The parotid swelling has been reduced to two-thirds of its maximum size, and is steadily diminishing. The patient continues to take food well, and has made a slight gain in strength. The question of his removal from the Executive Mansion is again being seriously considered. The President himself wishes to go to Mentor, but, although he will doubtless be taken there eventually, the first removal will be to a shorter distance. It will take place at the earliest possible moment. The patient's pulse at noon went down to 95, the first time since the 8th of August, and is still below 100, with all other symptoms correspondingly favorable.

The Symptoms Continue Favorable.

Four O'Clock P.M.—Dr. Reyburn reports that the President has had a very favorable afternoon. He ate a plateful of soup about 3 o'clock, and has twice to-day chewed a small piece of beefsteak and swallowed the juice. There has been no material change in his pulse or temperature, and all symptoms continue favorable.

Evening Official Bulletin.

Half-past Six O'Clock P.M.—The annexed official bulletin was issued at 6 p.m.: "The President passed a better day than for some time past. He has taken his food with increased relish, and the usual afternoon rise of temperature did not occur. At the evening dressing the fluid used to wash out the parotid abscess found its way into the mouth, which it did not do this morning, showing that the opening into the mouth had spontaneously occurred. The abscess is discharging freely and the swelling continues to diminish. There is some increase in the discharge of pus from the wound. Pulse, 109; temperature, 98.6; respiration, 18."

Could Not Be Better at This Time.

The President's condition to-day has been admirable, to use the language of the physicians, and that same desirable condition continues to-night. Three of the doctors, who have just been seen for a few moments, say that the President is doing admirably tonight, and there is a marked improvement over yesterday and last night. According to their account the President's condition, taking all matters into consideration, could not be better at this time.

Signs of Returning Strength.

The only sign that strength is being renewed is that when the President is turned on his side to dress the wound he, both this morning and this evening, assisted in a slight measure in the turning movement.

Hope Growing Into Confidence.

The improvement of the President the past twenty-four hours has been very marked, and the feeling of hope which has been steadily growing since Saturday is now fast strengthening into a feeling of confidence.

Regarding a Change of Quarters.

Dr. Bliss said to-night: "The question of moving the patient from the White House is now being seriously considered again. He himself is anxious to go, and we are anxious to have him. It has not yet been decided whether his removal can be made more advantageously by water or by rail. Each method has some disadvantages. Ocean air would, I have no doubt, do him good, but he couldn't stand a heavy sea. On the other hand, I think that on a specially fitted car he could be moved without danger by rail. His own wish is to go to Mentor, and ultimately he will doubtless be taken there, but the first removal will probably be to some nearer point."

Still Progressing Satisfactorily.

At this hour (11:30 p.m.) the President's pulse is nearly down again to 100. Temperature and respiration normal, and his condition is as satisfactory as at any time during the day.

THE SPORTING RECORD.

Baseball Scores Yesterday.

At Detroit—Chicagos, 10; Detroits, 3.

At Buffalo—Buffalos, 8; Clevelands, 5.

A Spirited Boat Race.

PITTSBURG, August 31.—The three-mile boat race, on the Monongahela course, at Braddocks, Pennsylvania, this evening, between Edward Clayton, of Wheeling, and Peter Ballie, of McKeesport, for a purse of $1000, was won easily by Ballie, who came in six lengths ahead. Time—21:49. The betting was one hundred to seventy on Clayton.

Second Day of the Ohio Fair.

COLUMBUS, O., August 31.—About 15,000 persons attended the State Fair to-day. The show in all the departments was excellent.

The running race, mile-and-a-quarter dash, for a $200 purse, had four starters. The following is the summary: Traveler first, Captain Flaherty second, Belle of Nelson third and Herbert fourth. Time—2:13.

The trotting race for 2:40 class, for purse of $400 divided, had four starters. The following is the summary: Time, 1, 1, 2, 1; Gift, 2, 2, 1, 2; Flying Cloud, 3, 4, 4, 4; Tremont, 4, 3, 4, 3. Time—2:29½, 2:30½, 2:30½, 2:37.

Just before the close of the last race a team of horses attached to a carriage became frightened, ran away, created great excitement among the crowd, and, it is feared, fatally injuring Special Policeman Walker. Several other persons, residents here, were more or less injured.

Taking Him Down a Button-Hole or Two.

New York World.

Senator "Jo Rowe," of Georgia, recently described in one of the graphic letters of a traveling correspondent of the *World* at the South as the youngest man in the Empire State of the South, proposes to justify his claims to this position at the impending Exposition in Atlanta by setting the State a notable example of dashing enterprise. He has made arrangements to have a quantity of cotton picked, ginned, prepared for the mill, woven into cloth, dyed and made up into a suit of clothes in which he will present himself to the assembled people, and all this within the space of twenty-four hours. The project is creditable to Senator Brown and the execution of it we doubt not will give a notable fillip to the manufacturing spirit in Georgia. But there is nothing new under the sun; and Senator Brown's project was anticipated seventy years ago by a fine old English Baronet, Sir John Courtenay Throckmorton, of Buckland in Berkshire, the head of one of the oldest Catholic families in England, and the husband of the poet Cowper's friend, Maria Giffard, of Chillington. In the year 1811 Sir John Throckmorton caused two sheep to be shorn, had the wool span, spooled, warped, loomed and woven; the cloth burred, milled, dyed, dried, sheared and pressed; gave the cloth to one White, a tailor of Newberry, who made it up and stepped out wearing the garment into the presence of 5000 spectators, all within thirteen hours and twenty minutes by the watch from the time when the sheep-shearing began. When we consider the improvements made in machinery during the last seventy years, and the greater difficulty of dealing with wool than with cotton, it must be admitted that the luster of the Berkshire baronet's achievements will hardly be dimmed by the success of Senator Brown's experiment.

THE HARDWARE TRADE

Brief Description of the Extensive Stock and Premises of Messrs. Wetter, Langstaff & Co.

An Immense Establishment — Leading Lines of Goods Dealt In—A Word to the Trade.

The firm of Wetter, Langstaff & Co. is composed of Messrs. Henry Wetter, George Schmalzreid and A. D. Langstaff. The firm of H. Wetter & Co. has been doing business here since 1867, and have always done the largest stove and tinware business in the Southwest. This fact is recognized by all who are conversant with the trade. On the 1st day of June of the present year Mr. A. D. Langstaff became connected with the firm. This gentleman was formerly of the hardware house of Langstaff, Graham & Proudfit, and for the past fifteen years has been actively identified with the hardware trade of Memphis. The connection of such business in the firm of Wetter, Langstaff & Co. has already satisfied the most sanguine expectations. The house is taking active measures, through travelers on the road and by other means, to bring trade to this city. The business includes wholesale hardware and agricultural implements, tinware, stoves, lamps, oil, mantelsand grates.

THE BUILDING AND CONTENTS.

The principal storehouse is at 330 Main street—a splendid five-story building put up in 1878 expressly for the firm. It is the most complete structure in the South or West. It is 38x150 feet, and has 32,000 square feet of floor space, all of which is occupied.

In the cellar is a large stock of stoves, castings, tin-plate and other heavy goods.

The first floor contains samples of the following popular lines of stoves: Charter Oak, Champion, Early Breakfast, Favorite and Bluff City. Also, heating stoves of the latest styles and patterns, from the leading manufactories. This floor is the wholesale sample-room, embracing samples of Hall's safes, Fairbanks and Buffalo scales, Oliver chilled plows, hardware, tinware, lamps—in fact, everything known to these extensive lines of business. On the second and third floors is stowed a very large and complete stock of foregoing goods. The fourth and fifth floors are devoted to the manufacture of plain tinware.

THE OIL TRADE.

In addition to the above storehouse the firm has an extensive Oil Warehouse at the Louisville depot, from which oil is shipped direct to customers. The oil trade of the firm has reached immense proportions.

ANOTHER STORE HOUSE.

Another warehouse of three stories and basement, on Second street between Monroe and Union, contains a large and varied stock of plows and other agricultural implements, and a surplus stock of general goods. In this building is manufactured fancy toilet sets and other Japanned ware. The above brief description will give the business public of the city and country an idea of the extensive trade conducted by the house of Wetter, Langstaff & Co.

LITTLE ROCK.

An Arrest for Murder—Riot at Cent.r Point.

Special to the Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., August 31.—Kate Merrick, keeper of a notorious dance-house and house of prostitution, was arrested here to-night for the murder of an unknown man found in the river about four weeks since. Charles Reider, a brakeman on the Iron Mountain road, and John White were arrested as accomplices. The police and detectives have been working on the case night and day ever since the finding of the body. The arrest causes no little comment and commendation.

Another riot at Center Point day before yesterday. One negro was killed and two white men badly wounded.

JOHNSTON & VANCE.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods, No. 305 Main Street, Under the Peabody Hotel.

Mr. Vance is now in New York city giving his personal attention to the makeup and early shipment of Fall and Winter Suits, which are now arriving daily. This firm's reputation for leading in the introduction of styles and patterns in gents' suitings, as well as all kinds of furnishing goods, is second to none in our city. Their store is the headquarters in our city for "Suits Made to Order," which may be selected from an endless quantity of patterns representing all lines of suitings—a sure fit and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Their Shirts are a specialty, and are warranted of the best make and material. They also make shirts to order at the lowest market price. Their large and increasing patronage allows them to keep only a fresh and choice stock, to which they invite an inspection.

LESTER VS. BUTLER.

Motion by the United States Attorney to Dismiss the Actions.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The United States District Attorney this afternoon began the preparation of argument on the motion to dismiss certain actions now pending in the United States Circuit Court against General Benjamin F. Butler, to recover in all $475,000 damages. John H. Lester, now of New York, but formerly of Virginia, has two actions, one for $75,000 and the other for $100,000 damages. During the war it was discovered that Lester assisted in the manufacture of arms for the Confederate Government. He was tried by court martial and sentenced to ten years imprisonment with ball and chain, and his property was confiscated. Francis M. Fisk has an action for $300,000 damages for property, including machinery, molasses, household utensils, etc., confiscated by order of the President. A motion to dismiss will be made, on the ground that the defendant acted in accordance with a proclamation of the President in confiscating the property of plaintiff, and was therefore not liable to prosecution for damages.

Interesting Discovery.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London *Standard* reports that some interesting discoveries have been made at Revel, where, in excavating ground for the new harbor, the hulls of several ships long buried in the earth, have been laid bare. Four Russian men-of-war, of considerable dimensions—120 to 180 feet long—have, it is said, been identified. From the inscription, "*Olonets*, 1711," on one of the cannons found, it seems that the ships were wrecked after that date, and the fact is curious, as showing how rapidly the water has receded. In old times the sea evidently came up to the walls of the town, which then must have presented a singularly picturesque appearance, with its quaint red-tiled houses, perched high on the rock above. At present there is half a mile of dry land between the walls and the harbor, and where great ships rode not very long ago the locomotive now runs between rows of wharves and merchants' offices.

Sympathy for the Sufferer.

CHICAGO, August 31.—The following was sent to-day to Secretary Blaine: "The members of the Illinois Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, now in session here, desire to convey through you to the President their sincere sympathy and earnest prayers for his speedy recovery.

"T. M. D. WARD, Presiding Bishop."

Loss of Life from Lightning.

CEDAR RAPIDS, August 31.—During a thunder storm this morning three barns, two dwellings and the fish hatchinghouse, in this immediate vicinity, were struck by lightning. The barns were burned, and the dwellings and fishhouse badly damaged. A lady standing on the porch of her dwelling, near the fishhouse, was instantly killed when the house was struck.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The London Press on the Decoration of Speaker Brand, of the House of Commons.

Heavy Loss of Life from Shipwreck—A Council of State to be Held in Russia.

PARIS, August 31.—A new journal, entitled *La-Revision*, will make its appearance on the 15th of September, as the mouthpiece of the Revisionists.

THE VATICAN.

ROME, August 31.—It is announced that in the approaching Consistory at the Vatican, Monsegneur Feppel, well known for his hostility to the French Government, will be nominated for Cardinal.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

CAPE TOWN, August 31.—The Union mail steamer Teuton, with 290 souls on board, was wrecked near Quoin Point. Only twenty-seven persons were saved in the steamer's boats. The British corvette Dido has proceeded to the scene of the wreck. The Teuton arrived at Cape Town from England, Monday, and landed some and embarked other passengers and proceeded on her voyage to Algoa bay and other ports. Quoin Point is near Algoa bay, and is the scene of a previous wreck of a Union mail steamer.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, August 31.—Emperor William was here three hours yesterday at the inspection of the troops. He seems completely recovered from his recent illness.

The farewell dinner to the expelled Socialists, in which fifty persons intended to participate, was prevented by the arrest of all the guests, who, however, were released shortly afterward.

Emperor William to-day received Dr. Korum, the new Bishop of Treves. Von Gosler, Minister of Public Worship, was present at the interview.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 31.—It is officially announced that at the end of September twenty delegates, representing the various Russian provinces, will be summoned to present their views to the Council of State on the regulation of peasant migration. While discouraging any imprudent, ill-considered tendency on the part of the peasants to migrate, the Government declares itself desirous of promoting migration when made necessary by real distress, and of assisting the sufferers to acquire fresh lands.

Count Alexander Adlerberg, Minister of the Imperial Household, has been relieved from his post on account of ill health. Lieutenant-General and Aide-de-Camp Count Woronzoff Daschkoff has been appointed his successor.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 31.—The weather continues bad, and the most depressing reports concerning the crops are coming in from all parts of the country.

The Welsh National Eisteddfod, an important, popular and literary gathering, assembled at Merthyr Tydvil. They passed a resolution of sympathy with Mrs. Garfield, and with the American people on account of the continued precarious condition of the President.

The *Times* referring to the bestowal of the Grand Cross of Bath upon Speaker Brand, says: "The decoration of the Speaker is a sign that the Government and country approve of his conduct during the most arduous session of modern times, and if necessity arise he will be armed with fresh powers and he called upon to use them." The *News* deprecates the decoration of the Speaker. It says: "It appears somewhat out of harmony with the political spirit of the age that the party in power should signify by any special mark of distinction its approval of the Speaker's conduct. Jealous opponents might be found to insinuate that the reward was conferred because the Speaker has not always held the balance quite even." The Irish electors of Berwick, Durham, Sunderland and Newcastle have agreed to vote against the Liberal candidates for Parliament.

The low-lying land in Lancashire is flooded by the heavy rains yesterday. Similar reports come from Cheshire, where almost the entire crop is still on the ground. The rainfall around Darlington is estimated at 150 tons per acre, in eighteen hours. In East Riding, Yorkshire, the standing barley sheaves are still standing in pools of water. The same accounts continue to come from nearly all parts of the country.

PORT OF MEMPHIS.

STEAMERS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Arkansas City...KATIE HOOPER, Nowland, 5 p.m.
Arkansas Riv...PLOW BOY, Smith, 5 p.m.

WILL LEAVE AS ADVERTISED.

Friars Point.....JAS. LEE, Friday, 5 p.m.
Vicksburg.....BELLE MEMPHIS, Friday, 10 a.m.
Osceola.....RENE MACREADY, Friday, 5 p.m.
St. Louis.....CITY OF PROVIDENCE, Friday, 10 a.m.
White River.....MILT HARRY, Saturday, 5 p.m.

MOVEMENTS AT THE LEVEE.

Arrivals.—James Lee, Friars Point; Rene Macready, Osceola; Hard Cash, White river.

Departures.—James Lee, Friars Point; Hard Cash, White river; Rene Macready, Osceola.

Boats in Port.—Mike Davis.

Boats Due Down.—Will Kyle.

Boats Due Up.—Katie Hooper, Plow Boy, John A. Scudder and Golden Crown.

RECEIPTS YESTERDAY.

Rene Macready—36 bales cotton, 255 sacks seed.

James Lee—102 bales cotton, 181 sacks seed, 50 brls oil, 27 pkgs sundries.

Hard Cash—brought out of White river 44 bales cotton, 117 sacks seed, 25 pkgs sundries.

RIVULETS.

River 4 feet 2 inches—decline 3 inches.

Boys are wading the Ohio at Cincinnati.

Too much warm weather for comfort these days.

The local packets departed yesterday with fair trips.

The Mike Davis was the only boat in port at dark last evening.

The Will Kyle, Captain Lew Kates, is due down for New Orleans.

Receipts by river yesterday were 168 bales cotton and 555 sacks seed.

The John A. Scudder, Captain A. J. Carter, is due up for St. Louis.

The Hard Cash departed last evening for White river with a good trip.

The John L. Rhodes loads at St. Louis in the Anchor line for Memphis.

The Milt Harry goes out Saturday for White river in place of the Josie Harry.

John Wyckoff, formerly of the Alberta, goes on the Milt Harry to assist Peter McArthur.

THE APPEAL inadvertently omitted to remark yesterday that the wreck of the Idlewild still encumbers the wharf.

The Josie Harry carried the blue-ribbon all of last year over all the boats coming to Memphis, having brought the biggest load of cotton into port.

The Plow Boy, Captain Eugene B. Smith, is due this morning and leaves again this evening at 5 o'clock for all points on Arkansas river. Charles Musselman and George Cunningham are her clerks.

During the past year the Hard Cash brought out of White river 13,657 bales of cotton and 17,140 sacks of cotton-seed. She brought the second best load of cotton brought to Memphis during the year—905 bales.

Work has been begun toward the removal of the wreck of the Idlewild at the foot of Court street—at least, an old negro woman was discovered yesterday gathering an armful of stovewood from the charred remains of the starboard wheel.

The Katie Hooper, Captain Ed Nowland, is the United States mail packet this evening at 5 o'clock for Arkansas City and all way landings. Jimmy Thompson is her clerk, assisted by Amos Day and Will Lash.

The Lee line of steamers will run, the ensuing season, as follows: The James Lee, from Memphis to Friars Point on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The Coahoma, from Memphis to Osceola on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and the Rene Macready daily from Memphis to Commerce.

The receipts of new cotton up to last night amounted to 880 bales, just 800 more than were received up to the same time last year. This is the last "new cotton" item that will appear in the APPEAL until the present crop is gathered, disposed of, a new crop planted and the initial bale of next season makes its appearance. At present there is half a mile of dry land between the walls and the harbor, and where great ships rode not very long ago the locomotive now runs between rows of wharves and merchants' offices.

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THE FALL OF FLIPPER.

The Only Negro Officer of the United States Army in Jail Charged With Felony.

As a Colored Commissary of Subsistence Lieutenant Flipper Cannot be Regarded as a Brilliant Success.

A letter from Fort Davis, Texas, dated August 15th, says:

A few days ago Colonel Shafter, the commanding officer here, received a telegram from the commissary at San Antonio stating that Lieutenant Flipper's funds had not been received; that he had telegraphed the fact to Lieutenant Flipper, asking for information of them; that he had received no reply, and requested Colonel Shafter to investigate the affair. Colonel Shafter questioned Lieutenant Flipper, who stated that he had sent the funds by mail on the 9th of July, but that he had kept no record of them, and as no one had witnessed the mailing (as I believe is usual in such cases), he could not prove that he had done so. This was looked upon as a very gross piece of carelessness on the part of Lieutenant Flipper, but no one regarded it as anything more.

On Friday evening some of the officers and ladies were driving, and seeing Lieutenant Flipper's horse, with a pair of saddle-bags on the saddle, fastened in front of one of the stores in the little town of Chihuahua, immediately outside of the garrison, thought that it looked as though Lieutenant Flipper might be contemplating a flight into Mexico; so the commanding officer sent the Adjutant to bring Lieutenant Flipper into the garrison, when he required him immediately to turn over his funds to another officer and relieved him from duty as acting Commissary of Subsistence. The funds which Lieutenant Flipper claimed to have sent by mail on the 9th of July were composed in part of checks on different banks which had been given him by the officers in payment of their monthly bills. A description of these checks was telegraphed to the banks, and information received in reply that they had not been presented for payment.

The commanding officer now concluded that circumstances looked very suspicious indeed, and determined to have Lieutenant Flipper's quarters searched for the missing checks. He accordingly told Lieutenant Flipper that circumstances pointed to his having made away with the commissary funds, placed him in arrest and began the search of his quarters, telling Lieutenant Flipper that he might possibly be doing him an injustice; that if it proved so he could very easily and willingly make amends to him for so doing, and that otherwise he was only doing his duty. The Adjutant and the officer who had relieved Lieutenant Flipper were appointed to search his quarters, and they found money to the amount of $300 or $400 strewn about in a very careless manner, in drawers, books, trunks, desks, etc., besides a quantity of gold jewelry, consisting of watches and chains, rings, buttons, earrings and pins, bracelets, lockets, etc., some of which are claimed by his woman servant. Several weekly statements of subsistence funds which had been examined and signed by Colonel Shafter were found—some of them in his servant's trunk. Thus stood the Lieutenant Flipper had claimed to have sent off also, and after finding some of them Colonel Shafter questioned her very closely, and finally had her searched, and finding an envelope containing the missing checks concealed on her person, the woman was turned over to the civil authorities and is now lodged in jail. Lieutenant Flipper, to prevent his escape, has been confined in a cell at the guardhouse.

Lieutenant Flipper had the respect of the officers of the post, and has been treated very kindly by them, though he has never shown a disposition to mingle with them in a social manner. The fact of his having retained the position of acting Commissary of Subsistence for so long a time shows in what light his character and intellect were regarded. Being the only colored officer in the army, great regret is expressed that Lieutenant Flipper could not have maintained his reputation for integrity and high moral character; but "evil communications corrupt good manners," and it is said that his most intimate associates of late have not been of the best. It is said that some friends of Lieutenant Flipper are endeavoring to raise for him the amount of his indebtedness to the Government, some $2000 (since the checks are found), and if they succeed they expect the commanding officer to release him from the cell.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

PARIS, August 31.—Rentes, 84f. 75c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 31.—Sight exchange on New York, $1 per $1000 premium. Sterling exchange—bankers bills, 480.

LONDON, August 31.—Consols, 99 3-16; new 5s, extended, 104¼; 4s, 116¼; 4s, 119¼; Illinois Central, 133½; Pennsylvania Central, 66½; Erie, 44½; Erie seconds, 104½; New York Central, 147½; Reading, 31½.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Money, 3@6 per cent. per annum and 1 32 per cent. per diem, closing at 3@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange—bankers' bills dull, 479½; demand, 483¾.

Government bonds irregular, extended 6s and 4½s yesterday declining ¼ per cent and new 4s advancing ⅛@¼ per cent.

6s extended	103½	6s coupon	115⅞
5s extended	101½	Pacific 6s of 1895	130
4½s coupon	114		
4s coupon	114		

State securities inactive.			
La. consols	66½	Virginia 6s	27
Missouri 6s	115	†Virginia consols	77
Tenn. 6s, old	68	Va. consols pfd	115⅝
Tenn. 6s, new	68		

†Ex-matured coupons. *Offered.

In the railroad bond market to-day Chicago, Columbus and Indiana Central trust certificates, assented supplementary, advanced to 125 from 123; St. Paul and Omaha consols to 102 from 101; Denver, South Park and Pacific firsts to 106 from 105, and Lake Erie and Western incomes to 68 from 67, but later fell to 66, and closed at 67. Iron Mountain fives declined to 86 from 89; Wabash general mortgage sixes to 100 from 101; Chicago, Columbus and Indiana Central incomes to 56, and Indianapolis, Decatur and Springfield firsts to 105 from 106. Union Pacific stock was this afternoon quoted ex-div. of 1½ per cent., quarterly. The stock market opened irregular but generally lower, and in early dealings speculation was unsettled. At the first board a heavy pressure to sell set in, and the entire list took a downward turn, the decline ranging from ¼ to 1½ per cent., Denver and Rio Grande, Louisville and Nashville and Texas Pacific leading the downward movement. Subsequently there was a recovery of ¼ to 1 per cent.; but after midday the market again became depressed and another decline took place of ½ to 1½ per cent., the latter in Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western. During the afternoon speculation was extremely dull and dealings were very irregular, the market closing unsettled and ¼ to 2 per cent. lower than the final quotations of yesterday. Transactions aggregated 236,000 shares, of which there were of Central Pacific 2700, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western 19,000, Denver and Rio Grande 24,000, Erie 7300, Kansas and Texas 1300, Lake Shore 11,000, Louisville and Nashville 4000, Lake Erie and Western 2050, Michigan Central 7800, Missouri Pacific 5500, Northwestern 10,000, New Jersey Central 13,000, New York Central 3000, Northern Pacific 9800, Ohio and Mississippi 1400, Ontario and Western 4600, Pacific Mail 5000, St. Paul 16,000, St. Paul and Omaha 2000, Texas Pacific 11,000, Union Pacific 14,000, Wabash Pacific 13,000, Western Union 21,000, Colorado Coal 2000, Illinois Central 4200, New York Elevated 1700, Metropolitan Elevated 2800. The closing quotations were:

C. P. firsts	114	Michigan Central	93½
Erie seconds	104½	Missouri Pacific	103¾
Lehigh & Wilkes	100¾	Mobile & Ohio	33¾
St. Joseph	109½	Morris & Essex	134
St. P. & S. C. firsts	112	Nash. & Chat.	41
C. P. firsts	117	New Jersey Central	33¼
U. P. land-grants	118	R. and W. pref'd	55½
U. P. sinking funds	120	Northern Pacific	40
T. P. Land Grants	76½	N'rth'n Pacific pref'd	80¾
T. P. Rio Grande	91¾	Northwestern	124½
Adams Express	135	Northwestern pref'd	136
*Alton & Terre Haute	40	New York Central	142
A. & T. H. pref'd	95	Ohio Central	20¾
American Express	85½	Ohio & Mississippi	37
B., C. R. & N.	80¾	Ohio & Miss. pref'd	102
Canada Southern	65½	Ontario & Western	13½
C., C. & I. C.	20¾	*Pacific Mail	248¾
Central Pacific	80¾	Panama	141
Chesapeake & Ohio	20¾	P., D. & E.	13¾
C. & O. 1st pref'd	36	Pittsburg	136
C. & O. 2d pref'd	28½	Reading	46¼
Chicago & Alton	139	Rock Island	84
Chicago & Alton pfd	150	St. L. & S. F.	45
C. B. & Q.	91¾	St. L. & S. F. pr'f'd.	71
C., St. L. & N. O.	75	St. L. & S.F. 1st pfd.	100
C. & A.	48	St. Paul	129¾
Delaware & Hud'n	107¼	St. Paul pref'd	129
Del. & Lack.	123¾	St. P., M. & M.	97¾
Denver & Rio G.	57¾	St. Paul & Omaha	39¾
Erie	44¾	St. Paul & Omaha pf.	102
Erie preferred	84	Texas Pacific	52¾
Fort Wayne	136	Union Pacific	121
Hannibal & St. Joe.	34	U. S. Express	67¾
*H. & St. Joe pref'd.	71	W., St. L. & P.	47¾
Harlem	240	W., St. L. & P. pref'd.	87
Houston & Texas	36	Wells & Fargo's Ex.	128
Illinois Central	126	Western Union	87¾
L. R. & W.	45	Carlton	95
Kansas & Texas	40¼	Central Arizona	2
Lake Erie & Western	53	Excelsior	1¾
Lake Shore	93	Homestake	19¾
Louisville & Nash	96¾	Little Pittsburg	2¾
†Louisville & N. A.	60	*Ontario	30
Mich. Cen.	93	*Quicksilver	15
Mich. Cen. 1st pr'd	111	*Quicksilver pref'd	57¾
Mar. & Cin. 2nd	108	*Silver Cliff	42
M. & Charleston	75	*Standard	21

*Offered. †Ex-div.

Produce.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Flour firm; superfine Western and State, $5 25@6 10. Wheat fairly active and a shade higher; ungraded spring, $1 25@1 30; No. 2 Chicago, $1 37. Corn quiet. Sugar strong and more active; fair to good refining, 7¼@7¾. Molasses quiet. Rice quiet but steady. Pork firm and fairly active; new mess, $18 62½@18 75. Lard firm; prime steam, 11.47½@11.50c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 31.—Flour strong; superfine, $4 25; double extra, $5 50@5 75; treble extra, $6 12½@6 37½; higher grades, $6 87½@7 87½. Corn scarce and firm; mixed, 82c; white quoted at $1. Oats dull, 62c. Cornmeal in fair demand, $