State Library

THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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INDICATIONS.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, clearing weather, and cool northerly winds, with higher barometer, followed by warmer south to west winds Wednesday.

THE cotton market yesterday opened and closed steady, with light demand; middling quoted at 11¼c. In New York spot middling was 12 3-16c, and dull; futures closed easy, March 12.12@12.13. In New Orleans spot middling was 12c, and dull and easy; futures were steady, with March nominal. In Liverpool middling uplands were 6¾d, and Orleans 6 13-16d and easier; futures closed weak at 6 39-64d for March-April, and 6 57-64d for August-September.

THE frost of Thursday night blasted three-eighths of the peach blooms, injured forward corn and demoralized the wheat in Middle Tennessee.

RABBI LILIENTHAL, of Cincinnati, who had a stroke of paralysis on Saturday night, was still alive at midnight last night, but there is no hope of his recovery.

ACCORDING to the Bureau of Statistics, 375,000 immigrants landed on our shores during the last eight months—an increase of nearly twenty-five per cent. over the previous year.

THE county papers are illustrating their columns with what they would have us believe are likenesses of Longfellow, but for which the original projector should be indicted for libel. They are villainous caricatures.

ELSEWHERE we publish the offer of a lot by Mr. J. C. Johnson, on which the proposed library building may be erected, the condition being that the Hope night school shall have permanent quarters in it. What say the trustees?

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* intimates that in its opinion Mr. Tilden is too old to run for president. Yet certain New York politicians have the "old man" in training for governor of New York as the preliminary step to the presidency in 1884.

THE New York *Tribune*, in an editorial on the life and works of the dead poet, whose loss all English-speaking people mourn, concisely states the strength and permanent value of Longfellow's writings to consist in this, "that he helped to utter the emotions of the universal human heart."

COLONEL WILLIAM TAPPAN THOMPSON, whose death was announced on Saturday, was the author of *Major Jones's Courtship* and other humorous works. He was for thirty-two years managing editor of the Savannah *News*, and was intimately identified with the politics of Georgia during that time.

AN impression prevails in Washington that President Arthur will veto the anti-Chinese bill, on the ground that to suspend immigration for so long a period as twenty years is to violate the treaty ratified as recently as last year. If Congress means to break a treaty, its own dignity and self-respect should lead it to do this directly and openly.

THE results of the recent meeting of the "Iriquois Indians" are becoming more and more apparent every day. The far-away Los Angeles *Herald*, for instance, is convinced that "reflecting citizens cannot fail to have noticed how downward and utterly unsatisfactory has been the course of American politics since Mr. Tilden was cheated out of the presidency."

DR. J. G. M. RAMSEY, the venerable historian of Tennessee, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday at his residence, in Knoxville, on Friday last. A large company of the leading gentlemen of the capital of East Tennessee were present and enjoyed a sumptuous dinner prepared by Mrs. Ramsey. The children and grandchildren of the venerable couple were present.

THE late James T. Field, writing about the lamented poet, Longfellow, said: "You must look to Shakespeare for a larger stock of the currency of thought than Longfellow's, for he is quoted in Westminster Palace, in the British parliament and in all the pulpits of England. It is because he humanizes whatever he touches that his lyre has nothing alien to any soil. I have heard him quoted by an Armenian monk with a cowl, and sung at camp-meetings on the hills of New Hampshire."

E. V. SMALLEY, who for some years has made a study of Ohio politics, says the people of that State must be stirred up considerably if it is to be carried by the Republicans this fall, and he is at present at a loss to find a stick to stir them with. He says that Congress has done nothing to make a fight upon. There is no hard money fight to make, and you can't whoop it up for the administration, because most of the Republicans don't care much about the administration, which they are inclined to look upon as a make shift arrangement in which they have no interest.

THE State Sunday-School Association of Tennessee will meet in convention at Murfreesboro, April 12, 1882, at 7:30 o'clock, and will continue in session two days. Among the speakers announced for the occasion we find the name of Mr. W. R. Stewart, of this city, a gentleman who has for very many years been conspicuous in religious work in connection with the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Strong in his convictions and earnest in the promulgation of them on every proper occasion, he is as modest as in his business life he has been honorable, upright and industrious.

IF the President does not veto the anti-Chinese bill the Chinese minister will move the legation and take up his residence in Madrid. All diplomatic and trade intercourse will be cut off, and California will find that she cannot have her cake and eat it, too. If she shuts out Chinese labor, she must also shut out Chinese trade. That, it is asserted, will positively be diverted through other channels. A member of the legation says that both the Chinese government and the Chinese people will resent the discrimination made against their nation. It is a poor rule that does not work both ways.

IT is only by consulting statistics that an idea can be had of the magnitude of the losses sustained by the destructive and prolonged flood in this part of the Mississippi valley. The value of the products raised in the submerged country in 1881 were about $63,000,000—$33,000,000 worth of cotton, $22,000,000 of sugar, $5,000,000 of molasses, and about $3,000,000 worth of rice. More than 100,000 people have been rendered destitute. Houses and farms have been swept away; thousands of cattle have been drowned, and there have been hundreds of human victims to the angry waters. Were it not for the levees this widespread calamity would be repeated every year until the alluvial bottoms would be depopulated.

BRADY'S RASCALITY

What the Star-Route Service Cost Under His Management and What it Costs Now.

Opium Smuggling in San Francisco—Pension Points—Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—*Senate.*—A petition was presented in favor of the Lowell bankruptcy bill.

Senator Garland reported a bill to establish the Eastern judicial district of Kentucky.

Senator Allison offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Revision of Laws to inquire what legislation, if any, is necessary to define the meaning of the words "Indian country," as used in the Revised Statutes. Adopted.

Senator Vest moved to recommit to the Committee on Territories the bill for the admission of Dakota. After discussion the motion prevailed.

A bill passed granting pensions to the widows of Presidents Garfield, Tyler and Polk.

The tariff commission bill coming up, Senators VanWyck and Anthony advocated a commission of congressmen, while Senator Brown favored the bill for a civilian commission.

The agricultural appropriation bill, with amendments, was reported back.

Senator Call's resolution declaring that good faith requires the payment, with interest, of the claims for losses and damages under the treaty with Spain in 1818 for the cession of Florida was taken up, and Senators Call and Jones [Fla.] spoke at considerable length in advocacy of the resolution.

Adjourned.

House.—Mr. Williams [Wis.] offered a resolution requesting the President to inform the House whether any protocol had been signed by Prescott or any other representative of the United States setting forth terms for ending the war in South America; and if so to furnish the House a copy of the same, and also with copies of the correspondence relating thereto not already communicated to one of the houses of Congress. Adopted.

Mr. Caswell reported back the postoffice appropriation bill from the Committee of the Whole.

A petition was presented asking the passage of the Lowell bankruptcy bill.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Haskell, by request: Authorizing the department of justice to audit the claims of medical experts at the Guiteau trial.

By Mr. King: For the appointment of a joint committee of five senators and ten representatives to proceed forthwith to the Mississippi valley to investigate the present disastrous floods, and report what measures ought to be taken to prevent a recurrence of the same.

By Mr. Caswell: Authorizing the issue of $25,000,000 fractional currency, in denominations of twenty-five and fifty cents, in exchange for a like amount of legal-tenders which shall be canceled.

By Mr. Thomas: An appropriation of $6,683,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river, and for continuing the works already begun in accordance with the recommendations of the Mississippi River Commission.

By Mr. Harris: To provide for an assistant secretary of the navy, to be selected from officers of the navy not under the rank of rear-admiral, and to receive the highest rate of pay of his grade, and to perform the duties of the secretary of the navy in the absence of that officer.

Some bills relating to the District of Columbia were passed, and a bill incorporating the Garfield memorial hospital came up, but after some discussion the bill was recommitted with instructions.

The House then adjourned.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NOTES.

Brady's Rascality.

The Star route service in the Pacific States and Territories cost annually under General Brady, $2,884,165. Contracts for the same service have been made at $1,125,149, a saving of $1,659,016.

Scandalous Conspiracy Revealed.

Investigation into the opium smuggling operations recently detected in San Francisco develops a scandalous conspiracy to defraud the government on the part of certain city and Federal officers. The conspiracy is revealed through correspondence conducted in the Chinese language and just introduced as evidence.

Knows Nothing About It.

The Peruvian minister, Senor Elmore, was questioned respecting the printed copy of the protocol alleged to have been signed by Senor Maceda and Trescott. He said he had heard absolutely nothing, directly or indirectly, through Peruvian or American sources, to indicate there was such a document in existence.

The Duty on Hay.

Under a decision of the United States Court the treasury department declares hay dutiable only at ten per cent. *ad valorem* as a non-enumerated unmanufactured article. Since April 8, 1868, imported hay has been classified as a non-enumerated manufactured article, dutiable at a rate of twenty per cent. *ad valorem*. The excess duties will be refunded to importers.

Pension Points.

The secretary of the interior sent a response to the resolution of the House calling for an estimate of the amount required to pay pensions to the survivors of the Mexican and Indian wars prior to 1846. It is estimated that $65,380,480 will be required to pay the Mexican war pensions, and $28,201,632 to pay the pensions of the Indian wars; aggregate, $93,582,112.

Will Vote Full Supplies.

The secretary of war thinks that Congress will vote full supplies for the hungry Arapahoes and Cheyennes. The troops in the Indian Territory number about 500 men, 200 of whom are mounted. A staff officer here thinks there is little danger of the Cheyennes attempting to get north again, as the practical extermination of the band which escaped in 1878 has not been forgotten.

Cheaper to Feed Them.

Agent Miles, of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe agency, Indian Territory, writes that the crops of the Indians last year entirely failed, and to be shut up on the reservation, with less than half rations, may result in an outbreak which will cost the government ten times the amount necessary to provide for a full issue of rations as estimated by the Indian office, which amount Congress, however, refused to appropriate.

Nominations.

The President has nominated Sterling P. Rounds, of Illinois, public printer; Lewis Buckner, collector of internal revenue for the Fifth district of Kentucky; John K. Faulkner, surveyor of customs, Louisville, Ky., and Erwin A. Ireland, of Utah, United States marshal for the Eastern district of Utah. Mrs. Virginia C. Thompson is nominated as postmistress of Louisville, Ky. L. Wise, receiver of public moneys at Dardanelle, Ark.; Andrew M. Luke, postmaster at Jeffersonville, Ind.

Legal Status of Land Grants.

Before leaving the interior department Secretary Kirkwood will send in his report upon the legal status of all land grants made to railroads, in response to the resolution of Representative Cobb, of Indiana, passed five weeks ago. Since that time half the force of the land office has been night and day compiling tables and collating laws. The records had to be searched from the beginning of the government, as the resolution called for information as to all land grants made to date, which included those made to national turnpikes, canals, etc., in the early days.

Republican Campaign Club.

The Republican Congressional Campaign Club was organized to-day. After selecting Representatives Darrall [La.], Belford [Col.] and Tyler [Vt.] to fill vacancies from their State, a committee elected Representative J. A. Hubbell [Mich.] chairman, and appointed an executive committee of fifteen to look after campaign affairs the ensuing year, as follows: Senators Allison, Hale and Aldrich; Representatives Hiscock, Robinson, McKinley, Fisher, Page, Davis [Ill], Houk, Calkins, Van Horne, Russell, Washburn [Minn.] and Ryan [Kan.] The executive committee will appoint a secretary. Five members of the executive committee will be a quorum.

Capital Brevities.

No decision was rendered by the United States Supreme Court to-day in the matter of the petition of Sergeant Mason for writs of *habeas corpus* and *certiorari*. Bigelow, Mason's counsel, filed a protest against the recognition of Liddy as counsel for the prisoner.

Shipherd is still sick and won't be able to appear before the House committee for several days.

A. E. Bond pleaded not guilty to the indictments in the straw bond cases. One is for subornation and perjury, and two are for conspiracy.

Phoebe Cousins, the woman suffrage advocate of St. Louis, has applied to the President to be appointed one of the commissioners to reorganize Utah Territory.

A friend of Mrs. Garfield has a letter from her setting forth the annoyances she suffers from unauthorized publishers of biographies and portraits of General Garfield and family.

The sub-committee of the House Committee on Elections, in the case of Mackey *vs.* Dibble (Second district), of South Carolina, agreed to report to the full committee in favor of seating Mackey.

The judge advocate-general submitted a report to the secretary of war on Sergeant Mason's case. He holds that Mason is not lawfully confined, and that the proceedings of the court-martial are invalid.

It is now stated positively that Teller will be nominated Wednesday for secretary of the interior. A senator is authority for saying that the President has said the position had been offered Teller and accepted by him.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Resolution to Pave the Way for a Joint Guarantee of Neutrality.

PANAMA, March 17.—Resolutions have been submitted in the Colombia congress calling upon the executive to give notice to the United States of the intention of the government of Colombia to withdraw from the stipulations and obligations of the treaty of December 12, 1846, between the two countries. It also authorizes the executive to enter into new treaties with the United States and the Spanish-American republics of the continent with a view of conciliating, if possible, all the legitimate interests concerned in the free transit of the Isthmus of Panama, and more particularly with regard to the inter-oceanic canal enterprise. Article 35 of the treaty of 1846 is particularly condemned as vague and not easy of interpretation, and likely to bring about discord between the contracting parties. The intention of the resolution is supposed to be to pave the way for a joint guarantee of neutrality between the republics of the New and the commercial nations of the Old World in behalf of the Panama canal.

BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

The Weekly Report of the Mark Lane Express.

The *Mark Lane Express*, in its review of the British grain trade of the past week, says: "Crops continue to look wonderfully well. The provincial markets are sparingly supplied with English wheat, and the finest samples are generally 6d@1s higher. Flour is more difficult to sell and occasionally cheaper. Foreign wheat closed less buoyant. Foreign flour is cheaper and the quantity afloat continually increasing, although a large proportion of American flour is not very salable and tends to clog the market. Maize is more difficult of sale, although occasionally 30s 5d is paid for mixed American. Wednesday cargoes were very quiet; red winter declined 6d; twelve cargoes arrived; four were sold and one was withdrawn; five California and two Oregon cargoes remain. Trade forward and very moderate. Sales of English wheat of 35,722 quarters at 44s 5d per quarter, against 31,190 quarters at 43s 1d per quarter the corresponding week last year.

LAID TO REST.

Funeral of the Late Prof. Longfellow—Many Distinguished People Present.

BOSTON, March 27.—The funeral of Longfellow yesterday was attended by many people famous in the literary world. The services, which were short, were conducted by the Rev. Samuel Longfellow, brother of the deceased. The remains were laid away in the family vault in Mt. Auburn cemetery. Memorial services were held in the evening in the chapel of Harvard College. The eulogy was pronounced by Prof. C. C. Everett.

An Unprecedented Tribute.

BUFALO, March 27.—In some churches yesterday poems of Longfellow were substituted for the customary service.

Sermon on the Life of the Dead Poet.

CHICAGO, March 27.—The Rev. F. A. Noble, of Union Park Congregation church, yesterday delivered a sermon on the life and works of the poet, Longfellow.

His Wide Popularity in England.

LONDON, March 27.—The *Observer* thus closes a feeling tribute to Longfellow: "It is scarcely too much to say that since the death of Byron no living English poet has enjoyed so wide a popularity as Longfellow."

The Feeling in England.

LONDON, March 27.—Canon Fleming, preaching in Westminster Abbey, said there are now so many objects of common interest which makes America and England one in friendship and sympathy, that Longfellow's death will be as sincerely mourned here as in the United States.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Chicago, March 27.—Twelve new cases of smallpox and five deaths. Six of the cases were tramps. This is the record for two days.

Chicago, March 27.—The Painters' Union has decided upon an increase of wages from $2 50 to $3, and to strike if the advance is not conceded.

Chicago, March 27.—The Lumbermen's Exchange this morning advanced rates for April fifty cents, to $2 per thousand, on several grades of lumber.

Salt Lake City, March 27.—In some cases, as of the City Council, where the body is empowered to fill vacancies, the polygamists are resigning at once and monogamists are being elected in their places.

St. Louis, March 27.—Governor Crittenden has called an extra session of the legislature, to convene Wednesday, April 19th, to redistrict the State under the late apportionment act of Congress.

Little Rock, March 27.—The damage to the track of the Little Rock, Mississippi River and Texas railroad, caused by the flood, has been repaired and trains have resumed trips to Arkansas City.

Knoxville, March 27.—James E. Jones, claiming that he embezzled $1000 while money-order clerk in the postoffice at Woodstock, Ill., has been arrested here. He also accuses himself of murder. He is believed to be insane.

Kansas City, March 27.—John Laird, one of the indicted Blue Cut train robbers, made a confession this afternoon at Independence. He said seven boys were with the old gang, which was headed by a man he supposes to be Jesse James.

Little Rock, March 27.—For several years the State has been borrowing money for current expenses, the present outstanding debt being $175,000, drawing five per cent. interest on January and July. In a few days the notes will be paid and the borrowing stopped.

Chicago, March 27.—It has been alleged that in spite of the boasts about the suppression of gambling in this city, all the houses have been running openly. To-night, however, one of the most shameless was pulled and its inmates taken to the armory. Other raids are contemplated.

Detroit, March 27.—The spring-tooth harrow works, at Albion, burned this morning. The engine, boiler, and office books were saved, and a store-room full of finished goods. The company will rebuild within a month. Loss, $25,000; amply insured. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

JOSH BILLINGS says: "Next to a clear conshience for solid comfort cums an old shu." He probably never suffered with a cough or cold, otherwise he would have referred to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as being also a good thing to secure relief and comfort.

Railroad in the Hands of a Sheriff.

LITTLE ROCK, March 27.—The *Gazette's* Dallas special says: "Attachment suits amounting to nearly $50,000, have been filed against the Chicago, Texas and Mexican Central road since Saturday by local creditors. All the rolling stock will be seized; also the bonds and other property of the company. Trains run between Dallas and Cleburne in charge of deputy sheriffs. The management of the road made an unsuccessful appeal to the creditors for further leniency."

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND

Lawlessness on the Increase—Sanguinary Skirmish—Desperate Affray Between Soldiers and Emergency Men.

A Priest in Trouble—American Pork in France—The Consistory at Rome—New Cardinals Created.

LONDON, March 27.—Bartoli, the French artist, and Frederick Weber, the Swiss artist, are dead.

ITALY.

NEW CARDINALS CREATED.

ROME, March 27.—Several cardinals were created to day, including Archbishop McCabe, of Dublin. The pope delivered an allocution on the position of the church.

AUSTRIA.

THE EMPEROR OBJECTS TO ROME.

VIENNA, March 27.—Negotiations concerning the visit of the emperor to the king of Italy have been suspended since the Italian ambassador intimated that the king would be happy to welcome the emperor and members of the imperial family in Rome. This appears to have rather displeased the emperor, particularly as he had formerly shown great consideration in meeting the king of Italy in Venice.

FRANCE.

AMERICAN PORK IN FRANCE.

PARIS, March 27.—The chamber of deputies has voted urgency for the ministerial bill revoking the prohibition on the importation of American pork. Tirard, minister of commerce, said the government was obliged to rescind the prohibition on account of the difficulty of selecting any of the complicated measures for inspection, which the present bill simplified. American packers would take greater precautions when they knew their goods would be more minutely examined.

ENGLAND.

THE POPE WILL NOT RECEIVE JOSEPH.

LONDON, March 27.—It is said that the pope declares he will not receive Emperor Francis Joseph at the Vatican, if the emperor visits King Humbert at Rome.

IN THE COMMONS.

In the house of commons this evening Gladstone said the liberation of some of the suspects on parole to attend to private business forms no precedent for liberating Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly that they may participate in the division upon *cloture*. Thirty-three home rulers have promised to oppose *cloture*. The proposed rules of parliamentary procedure were again debated.

Gladstone said he believed it was the general feeling of the house that a division be taken Thursday.

John Bright moved an adjournment of the debate.

Thomas Sexton thereupon announced that he had a telegram from Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly, stating that they had asked for permission to be present at the division, and had undertaken to refrain from any other political action, and to surrender after the division. Sexton asked whether permission would be granted.

The speaker ruled the question disorderly.

The Parnellites continued the debate on the motion for adjournment, declaring if fair play was not granted they would use all forms of the house to obstruct debate.

The debate was finally adjourned.

IRELAND.

SANGUINARY SKIRMISH.

DUBLIN, March 27.—The recent shooting affray near Thurles, Tipperary, was a sanguinary skirmish. About thirty men attacked the house of a farmer suspected of paying rent. While the party were firing into the house, three policemen in ambush fired upon them. The moonlighters fled and were pursued by the policemen, who fired twenty rounds of buckshot at them. The road was subsequently discovered to be stained with blood for a distance of over half a mile, and one of the party, who had fallen at the first fire, was found near the attacked house mortally wounded.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE.

LONDON, March 27.—Dispatches from Ireland report a case in which a disguised band cut off the nose of a man because in the poor law guardian contest he canvassed in opposition to the candidate of the Land League.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP AN AGENT.

An attempt was made yesterday to blow up the house belonging to Mahon, agent of Lord Clonbrock's estate.

DESPERATE AFFRAY.

A desperate affray occurred at Coghan, Kings county, Ireland, between the soldiers and "emergency men." The latter discharged revolvers. Several arrests were made.

A PRIEST IN TROUBLE.

At Rathdowney, county Queens, Saturday, the Rev. Mr. Feehan, a priest, was prosecuted for seditious language. The charge was that he read at a meeting a paper purporting to be a statement of the Bishop of Cordova, that if he (the bishop) had been imprisoned as a suspect he would have issued a manifesto calling the people to arms instead of urging them to pay no rent. The magistrates ordered Father Feehan to give £400 bail or go to prison six months. Father Feehan refused to give bail, and was taken to the Maryborough prison. He was made travel twenty miles across the country, escorted by cavalry and infantry, the authorities fearing a collision with the populace if he should be taken by railway. Rathdowney was crowded with troops and police during the hearing of the case, and the people were forbidden to assemble. On the arrival of Father Feehan at Maryborough the tradesmen closed their shops, although it was market day.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 27.—Ruchdi Pasha, the Turkish statesman, is dead.

LONDON, March 27.—Johannes Meyer, a china merchant of Mincing Lane, has failed. Liabilities, £100,000.

LONDON, March 27.—The coasting steamer Pelton foundered in the Bristol channel. Eighteen persons were drowned.

LONDON, March 27.—Thomas & Oxley, merchants of London and Liverpool, have failed. Liabilities, £75,000.

DUBLIN, March 27.—A shell was thrown into a house near Letterkenny, County Donegal, to-day. Two rooms were destroyed.

HAVRE, March 27.—A lifeboat, in rescuing a shipwrecked crew in a gale, capsized, and the two crews, numbering nineteen persons, were drowned.

PESTH, March 27.—Sixty houses and fifty-five outbuildings at Borzenfs, and 248 houses at Paks, have been burned. Several hundred families are in a destitute condition.

VIENNA, March 27.—Grand Duke Vladimir and wife, of Russia, arrived yesterday and were cordially greeted at the depot by the emperor. A court dinner will be given in the evening.

BRUSSELS, March 27.—The *Letoile* reports that an American lawyer named Goodhue has been arrested on charges of malversation, involving several million francs to the bishopric of Tournay.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 27.—The object in fixing the coronation of the czar for a late date is to permit the exhibition at Moscow, which will open in May, to be closed before the occurrence of the ceremony.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 27.—Officials are investigating along the line of the St. Petersburg and Moscow railway, with the object of discovering a mine, of which some nihilists, recently arrested, gave information.

FOR diseases of the nerves, brain, blood and lungs, a superior medicine is all others is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Tornado in Georgia.

MACON, March 27.—A tornado to-day did considerable damage to property near the city and along the line of the Central road as far as Sandersville. Dwellings, barns, ginhouses, cabins and trees were destroyed. Many persons were injured and the plantations about Waynesboro were greatly damaged. Gilbert Ward, aged four years, was killed in the wreck of the dining-room of his father's house.

IN Memphis, at S. Mansfield & Co.'s drug store, can be found that great English malarial remedy, Dr. Leslie's Quinine Wine.

Captain Hazelton.

Captain Hazelton, of the bark Elisabeth Ostet, which arrived at New York from Calcutta on Friday, confirms the reports made by other vessels, that there are great quantities of dead fish floating in the waters off the Georgia banks. He is unable to give any idea of what species of fish they are, or how they came there, but is inclined to believe they were a large school which had been killed by the ice on the banks of Newfoundland. The fish were first seen early on Tuesday morning, and the vessel sailed forty miles before she cleared them. He says that the sea was absolutely covered with them as far as the eye could reach. One of the fish was picked up, and as it was fresh it was cooked and eaten. It tasted like a shad, while it resembled the red snapper in appearance.

FOUR MEN KILLED

And a Number Wounded by the Explosion of a Powder Mill.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—An explosion across the bay occurred this morning in the granulating house of the Vulcan Powder Company, where the manufacture of block blasting powder was in progress. Fire broke out in the room, communicating instantly to the powder, only a small quantity of which was in the building. A blast of flame, however, rushed across the passage separating the granulating from the drying house. In the latter about three tons of powder was stored, which at once exploded. The concussion was not heavy, and the windows of a building 200 yards distant were not broken. The dry-house was blown to pieces, killing or wounding all the men at work there. The following is a list of the killed: George Stansfield, engineer; H. C. Lamb, carpenter; L. W. Starr, carpenter; Thomas Mills, carpenter; Mr. Stewart, general assistant about the works, and six Chinamen. The wounded are Gottlieb Koch, carpenter; W. B. Dales, fireman of the works; Peter Schafer, carpenter, and Mr. Ferris, also carpenter. The result of the injuries to the wounded men is doubtful. The loss of property will probably fall within $25,000.

THE WEEK'S CLEARINGS.

Weekly Report of Twenty-three Leading Clearinghouses.

BOSTON, March 27.—The following table shows the total gross exchanges at twenty-three of the leading clearinghouses in the United States, twenty-two being for the week ending March 25th, and one (Louisville) for the week ending March 23d:

New York	$ 985,587,488	Providence	$ 4,595,583
Boston	66,605,741	Kansas City	3,067,600
Philadelphia	52,141,591	Cleveland	1,869,712
Chicago	35,009,917	Indianapolis	1,846,000
Cincinnati	16,300,000	New Haven	1,112,658
St. Louis	17,295,016	Memphis	1,135,766
Baltimore	12,742,728	Columbus	983,991
New Orleans	9,832,534	Peoria	930,427
San Francisco	11,622,504	Worcester	754,216
Pittsburg	7,482,253	Lowell	567,589
Milwaukee	5,279,000	Syracuse	528,314
Louisville	6,983,907		
Total			$1,229,049,859
Outside of New York			233,462,372

PAUL BAGLEY.

The Miserable Sneak Appeals to the Governor of Arkansas.

Little Rock Gazette.

Paul Bagley, the eccentric preacher and lecturer, who has won an unenviable reputation for that destructively American accomplishment known as "dead-beatism," has come to grief. Sometime ago Bagley, ungrateful and forgetful of truth, wrote a slanderous letter to a Cleveland newspaper, in which he denounced the people among whom he lives as assassins. Bagley had always been treated kindly by the people of Arkansas. He had gone hungry to their houses and they had fed him. They had shown him every courtesy. They had even listened with patience to his lecture on China. For this great infliction they returned kindness. It is charged that Bagley, aside from his duties as a preacher and lecturer, had a faculty of hunting up land titles, with a view of depriving people of their homes. He also had a way of handling scrip that worked profit only to himself.

Yesterday Mr. Bagley arrived in the city. He was in no condition for visiting, for a half bushel of ancient eggs had been broken on his garments. A goose egg had been broken on his head. The illustration left on his title looked like a sunflower.

"What is the matter?" asked a *Gazette* man, approaching Bagley. He did not reply. An unpleasant odor hung about him. "I say, what is the matter with you?"

"Don't you see?"

"Where did it occur?"

"I don't want to talk about it. I am in no humor to speak of it."

"But you can tell where you were presented with these resolutions of disrespect." He stopped, and for a moment remained silent. A breeze dangled an eggshell that depended from his coat collar. The odor was strong.

"At Clarksville," he finally said. "I delivered my lecture on China there last night. When I got through and started toward the depot, something passed my face, and then I saw that the air was full of eggs. Some one ran close up to me and knocked off my hat with an egg that seemed to weigh at least three pounds."

"What did you do?"

"What could I do but get out of the way. Fearing that they intended killing me, I went to the depot and got under the platform. While I was crouched away out of sight, I heard my pursuers walking on the boards above me. 'I wish that I could see him,' said one. 'If I were to see him, I'd shoot the big off him.' After that they went away and I crept into a box car and remained there until this morning."

"Are you going to take any action in regard to the matter?"

"I don't know. I am going to see the governor."

He proceeded to the Statehouse, and entering the executive chamber stood for a moment near the governor. The executives turned around and exclaimed:

"Whew!"

"Look at me," said Bagley.

"I'm looking at you," replied the governor. "What is the matter?" Bagley then related his adventure, illustrating by a large map which had been rudely drawn on his clothing. He had made no attempt to cleanse himself, as he proposed to use the egg illustrations as evidence. He presented a very good copy of the *Globe-Democrat's* map of the Mississippi showing the inundated districts. The governor could not, of course, take immediate action in the matter.

STABAT MATER

Presented as a Whole by the Choir at St. Peter's Church.

A musical event of unusual importance was the rendition of the *Stabat Mater* at St. Peter's church Sunday evening. The undertaking was one of some magnitude, as the music is of great difficulty and requires a considerable amount of individual and collective training to produce a harmonious whole. When one considers that it requires nearly two hours to give this celebrated hymn, he can give some idea of the care and study necessary to master it. The choir at St. Peter's resolved to give the hymn in its entirety—an endeavor never made before in this city. The church was filled on the occasion, the inclement weather notwithstanding, and the result was a pronounced success. Those who were so fortunate as to be present declared that it was the greatest treat in a musical way ever given in this city by local talent. Not only were the choral effects strong and inspiring, but the solos were very enjoyable. Mrs. John A. Miles sang a solo part superbly, indeed, her singing was one of the conspicuous features of the hymn. Mr. Dixon Hutton's singing was marked by a certain confident dash that was pleasant to the ear. Mr. Ryan and Miss Genevieve Specht had a duet which was acceptably done. Mrs. Moyston and Mrs. Mansford sang a fine duet, while Miss Jennie Camp and Mrs. John Duffy rendered acceptable solos. The religious fervor and the beautiful harmony of the hymn were capitally evinced. There were some twenty voices in the chorus. Prof. Winkler presided over the organ. It required an hour and forty-five minutes to give the hymn. After the *Stabat Mater*, Miss Tillie Smith sang very sweetly the *Ave Maria*. On Easter a fine programme will be arranged, and the voices will be accompanied by the organ and twelve orchestral pieces.

THE harsh aspect of the autumnal gray, which betokens the shady side of life, is easily modified by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor.

A DELICIOUS medicine is Dr. Leslie's Quinine Wine. Can be taken by children and others, where quinine cannot.

Grand Opening.

Of French Pattern Bonnets, Thursday, March 30th, at Mrs. A. K. Sloan's.

DISASTROUS BREAK

In the Fordache Levee that Will Cause a Loss of Many Hundred Thousand Dollars to Planters.

The Whole Grosse Tete Sugar Districts Submerged—Very Encouraging Reports from Vicksburg.

Reports from the overflowed districts are very encouraging. The river is falling in all directions, and many places are beginning to show up and plowing is going on. Colonel Ed Richardson's, a large place of refuge, is clear of water, and also the Warfield place, Glenmore, and Eggs Point. At nearly all landings in Washington county sufficient land has appeared for harboring stock. At Leota, Dunerasdy, and Duvall's fully two feet of the bank is out, but the back lands are entirely submerged. Mayersville is out of water. In Eagle bend the water is falling three inches every twenty-four hours. Planting is going on at Lelands and Vacluse. Arkansas land is in sight at Sunnyside, Lakeport, Haywood's, Ashton's Hilliard's, Pitcher's Point, Wilson's Point, Cottonwood, Villa Vista, Point Lookout, Henderson's and Duckport. Planters are very busy at many points, and planting has generally begun. A large portion of Sunflower county is still under water, which is falling at the rate of three inches per day. The total fall at Jacksonville is about three feet. Planters feel that the water will run off in time to enable them to make good crops.

Additional Rations for the Sufferers.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—The government steamer General Barnard has returned from her trip to distribute rations for the flood sufferers in the South, and will be again loaded to-morrow with cornmeal and bacon, and depart on another trip Tuesday or Wednesday.

Great Loss in the Sugar Districts.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—The Fordache levee on Bayou Grosse-Tete, broken in many places, and the whole Grosse-Tete sugar district will be submerged. The people hope to save their horses and mules, but the cattle, sheep and hogs will all be lost. These are the most disastrous crevasses so far in the sugar-producing section, and will entail the loss of many hundreds of thousands of dollars. The water at Baton Rouge has risen two inches during the past twenty-four hours. There was a heavy rain and thunder storm there this morning, but high winds and threatening rain here.

The Lower Rivers All Falling.

VICKSBURG, March 27.—The steamer from Sharkey, Tallahatchie river, reports a fall of eighteen inches at that point, and many planters are preparing to resume work. It is reported that the ginhouse of D. G. Pepper had fallen, killing and drowning a number of people. Louis Stanley was drowned at Mrs. Dan's place, Chotard, on Saturday. Two negroes were drowned at Major Higgins's place. The house of Henry Davenport, on Peter's place, was washed away. The compress here, under water for some time, opened to-day.

The Sunflower river and Little Deer Creek are falling. Heavy rains last night. Stock and people are coming from Little Deer creek. There is little destitution there, and planters speak of making a good crop.

EXTREMELY palatable, and a sure cure for all malarial diseases is Dr. Leslie's Quinine Wine.

Grand Opening.

Of French pattern bonnets, Thursday, March 30th, at Mrs. A. K. Sloan's.

PENN ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER, No. 22 R.A.M.—Will meet in special convocation this (TUESDAY) night, March 28th, at 7:30 o'clock prompt, for work in the Most Excellent Master's degree (full circle). Visiting companions fraternally invited. By order C. W. MOSBY, M. E. H. P.
D. C. TRADER, Secretary.

NOTICE

To Stockholders of the James & Graham Wagon Company.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held on the 25th inst., a call was made for fifty per cent. of the subscribed stock, payable on the 1st of April next, and fifty per cent. on the 1st of May next.

W. L. GRAHAM.
March 27, 1882. Secretary and Treasurer.

Memphis & Little Rock Railroad.

THE high waters of the Mississippi, St. Francis, Cache, Bayou Macasah, L'Anguille and White rivers have not closed the "Old Reliable Route" to all Arkansas and Texas points—the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad. The management of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, with its keen foresight, and anticipating the trouble which such a condition of affairs would bring about, made such arrangements as would prevent stoppage of traffic, both freight and passenger, which has proven itself a friend, not only of Memphis interests, but of all Eastern lines running to the Mississippi river. Shut off as Arkansas City, Cairo and St. Louis, what would Arkansas specially have done had it not been for the arrangements of this road? Not only Memphis, but the tributary east would have been completely closed. This speaks volumes in editorial men especially volumes in itself. This should be remembered. Her rates have always been extremely liberal, and this has proven itself to be a great benefit to this section. While we may deplore the helplessness of other lines working west from here the action of this road deserves special praise. This road claims to be a friend of Arkansas. Truly has she earned the claim. Build up as she has done, which years ago we would have thought an impossibility, the immense military business which flows here daily from that section it gives her the credit which rightly belongs to her. Merchants should not forget this. Give her all you can. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

THE H. W. COLLENDER CO.
BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

All kinds of Sporting Goods, Ten-Pin Balls and Pins, Billiard-Cloth, Balls, Chalk, Cue-Tips, etc., at manufacturer's prices. Office and Billiard Parlor, Nos. 13 and 15 Monroe st., Memphis, Tenn.
E. CONVERSE, Agent.

THE MONARCH

HAVING been appointed Agent for the Messrs J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co., the celebrated manufacturers of Billiard Tables and Supplies, I am prepared to offer inducements to parties requiring anything in this line.
SIDNEY COOK
Peabody Billiard Room, Memphis, Tenn.

Armistead & Lundee

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCH'NTS,

16 and 18 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE,

Solicit Business in that Line.

Liberal Advances to Solvent Parties, and on Consignments of Cotton.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

**To One and All.—Are