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THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1882. VOL. XLII--NO. 204

BATE will be elected by a majority of over 20,000

BOB TAYLOR is in the field again with his fiddle, and Pettibone is already willing.

THE Hardeman County Democratic Convention meets at the courthouse in Bolivar on Saturday next.

THE potato crop of New York State is 12,000,000 bushels short. The South will make up this deficiency.

THE next annual convention of the National Cotton Planters' Association will take place at Little Rock, Ark., October 17th to 21st.

GRATZ BROWN, of Missouri, candidate for vice-president on the Greeley ticket, is an earnest prohibitionist. We fear this repentance comes too late.

HUGH J. JEWETT is not a candidate for the presidency, but he would not refuse the nomination if tendered him by the Democratic party on a sound platform.

THE *Daily Indicator* says that the overissue of Cincinnati Southern has been jocularly called "Erlanger preferred"—probably because those who have it would prefer not to have it.

THE Memphis silver mine, New Mexico, of which Major John D. Adams is president, has 1000 tons of ore on the dump and 5000 in sight. This mine is located in the heart of a very rich mineral belt.

GOVERNOR CORNELL as the daddy of "blind pool" is a success, but he cannot pool the issues of the Republican party of New York. They are too many for him. Besides he cannot "buck up against" Sammy Tilden.

CONKLING is caught at last. He failed to coax or compel Governor "Blind Pool" Cornell to sign an infamous bill, and is now trying to crush him with the weight of Arthur's administration. And all this for Jay Gould.

KEIFER, Robeson and Hubbell are the brightest jewels of the Republican party. A nice trio. Hubbell robs the poor employes of the government for party purposes, Robeson robs the government for personal purposes, and Keifer helps him.

THE *Banner* is pursuing Senator Harris in a malignant spirit. Its question as to his ability as a public man and popular leader is answered by his life's work and his present position in the State notwithstanding his pronounced views and attitude during the civil war.

A LONG BRANCH correspondent states that "Oscar Wilde has degenerated into a very small money grabber. His $500 a night and all expenses,' has 'constantly increasing mail, with invitations from the best people in the land,' and his Minerva-like popularity are sensibly diminished."

THE Chattanooga *Times* hopes the Democrats of the Tenth district will nominate Casey Young and elect him, and says that he was "for six years one of the most active and useful members of Congress, and the people are surely tired of helping the Republicans send such blatherskites as Bill Moore to represent them."

MR. S. M. ROANE, of Walthall, announces himself an independent candidate for Congress in the Fourth district of Mississippi, in opposition to the Hon. H. D. Money, but he says that if the Greenbackers or Republicans make nominations he will withdraw from the contest. He should never have announced himself.

THE trial of Garland for killing Addison in what, by a stretch of courtesy, has been termed a duel, yesterday terminated in the acquittal of the prisoner, notwithstanding the most damaging and positive testimony. It is to be hoped that this unlocked-for result will not encourage the commission of any more such crimes in Virginia.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN is no longer a candidate for the presidency. He is engaged in the more pleasant task of renewing his vitality through little children, rendered necessary because he is reduced to one meal a day. His skin is of the color and texture of a poor quality of parchment, and his eyes have the stare of a revitalized mummy. He is a wreck.

THE only States not holding their congressional or State elections, or both, on November 7th, are Maine, where the election will be held September 11th; Arkansas, September 4th; Ohio and West Virginia, October 10th; Vermont, September 5th; Georgia, October 4th. In Arkansas, Vermont and Georgia, congressmen will be elected in November.

PROPERTY-OWNERS who are delinquent taxpayers will do well to read what is elsewhere published this morning touching the new law authorizing the forcible collection of back-taxes through the Chancery Court. Sales of delinquent property by order of that court will put such property beyon redemption. A number of speculators who so believe, have formed a syndicate to make purchases, believing that a great many bargains will be offered. To disappoint them taxes must be promptly paid.

THE Supreme Court of the United States has decided in the case of the Memphis and Charleston and the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Companies against Gaines, comptroller, that the Mobile and Ohio is exempt from taxation until 1885. This road had a provision in its charter that the exemption should exist until a dividend of seven per cent. should be declared, which would probably have given a perpetual exemption. It is understood that this decision overthrows the possibility of a perpetual exemption.

THE British advance in Egypt has been so wisely directed as to have the effect of frightening Arabi into preparations for a retreat. General Wolseley is endeavoring to save Cairo as he has the canal, and thus prevent a repetition of the bloodshed and destruction in Alexandria. Meanwhile, Arabi is said to be losing favor in Turkey. Your true Mussulman is an extremist, and understands only the lotus-eating life of the harem or the constant excitement and activity of battle. Arabi's inactivity is fatal to him.

THE Nashville *American*, now industriously trying to break up the Democratic party in Tennessee, advised the people in 1872 to stand by that organization, and said: "Every blow struck in favor of Democratic disorganization is a blow struck in favor of Radical triumph. There may be a choice between individuals for party nominations, but when the party speaks, according to its ancient usages, every Democrat should obey. The humblest Democrat is better in office than the ablest Radical. Then let us so act that no Radical shall, through our dissensions, get into power. Stand by the organization."

A NEW SHIP CANAL.

The Proposed Improvement of the Calumet River—A Board Appointed to Consider the Project.

The Georgia Senatorship—Rumors that General Gordon is to Have the Place Denied.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—This morning Merrick, of counsel for the prosecution in the Star-route trials, began his address to the jury. Court adjourned before Mr. Merrick concluded his address.

WORK AT THE CAPITOL.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE CHAMBERS BEING OVERHAULED.

WASHINGTON, August 24—Since the adjournment of Congress the Senate chamber and hall of the House of Representatives have been uncarpeted, preparatory to a general cleaning up. The only new work going on about the building is the closing of a part of the space under the rotunda with a heavy brick wall. This space is to be divided into compartments, in which will be stored the books belonging to the Congressional Library, which have mildewed in the boxes in which they have been stored, for want of air.

AN ICE STEAL.

UNCLE SAM CUT SEVERAL HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS OF THE ARTICLE.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The committee that has been making the investigation into the management of the storekeeper's department of the treasury department, has discovered that there has been a regular systematic shortage in the amount of ice delivered the treasury department extending over two years. The amount of this shortage is estimated at 10,000 pounds per month. The treasury department is secured by the bond of the agent of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, and will have the entire amount of the shortage refunded and covered back into the treasury.

MAHONE AND HUBBELL

WORKING TOGETHER IN ELECTING THE POOR CLERKS.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The *Post* tomorrow will announce in connection with the publication of Hubbell's second political assessment circular that "a circular is being sent under the direction of Senator Mahone to the Virginia officeholders who are Republicans or Readjusters demanding that they voluntarily contribute five per cent. of their salary for the support of the Readjuster movement in Virginia. This circular differs from that of Hubbell's in that it directly names the salary which the person to whom it is addressed is receiving, and the amount that he, therefore, is expected to contribute. This five per cent. is, of course, in addition to the two per cent. of Hubbell's circular."

OUR PROVISION EXPORTS.

WHAT WE HAVE SENT ABROAD DURING THE PAST YEAR.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The bureau of statistics of the treasury department reports the value of exports of domestic provisions, tallow and dairy products from the twelve principal customs districts during the month of July, 1882, and during the seven months ended July 31, 1882; also of provisions and tallow during the nine months, and of dairy products for the three months ended July 31, 1882, as compared with similar exports during the corresponding periods of the preceding year, as follows:

Month of July, 1882	$ 8,754,924
Month of July, 1881	11,546,501
Seven months ending July 31, 1882	59,462,714
Seven months ending July 31, 1881	82,711,841
Provisions and tallow for nine months ended July 31, 1882	71,401,747
Nine months ended July 31, 1881	96,501,065
Dairy products for three months ended July 31, 1882	5,107,270
Three months ended July 31, 1881	7,764,456

CALUMET SHIP CANAL.

BOARD APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE ADVISABILITY OF THE PROJECT.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—By direction of the secretary of war a board of officers of the corps of engineers, to consist of Lieutenant-Colonel David C. Houston, Major Jared A. Smith and Major William H. H. Benyaurd, will assemble at Chicago, Ill., to examine the Calumet river in Illinois, "and report upon the practicability and best method of perfecting and maintaining a channel for through navigation" to the fork of said river, at Lake Calumet, "adapted to the passage of the largest vessels navigating the Northern and Northwestern lakes, and to limit and locate the lines of channel to be improved by the United States, and of docks that may be constructed by private individuals, corporations or other parties," and clearly define the same. The board will further report "the estimated cost of the proposed improvement; also what legislation, if any, is necessary to prevent encroachments being made or maintained within the limits of the channel designated, as provided for in the river and harbor act of August 2, 1882." The board will make its report on or before the 20th of November next.

UNFOUNDED RUMORS.

GENERAL GORDON DOES NOT WANT TO SUCCEED THE LATE SENATOR HILL.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The talk that General Gordon will succeed the late Senator Hill seems to be without authority or probability. A gentleman well acquainted with General Gordon, spoken to to-day on the subject, only laughed when the question of Gordon's election to the Senate was mentioned.

"Why," he said, it's nonsense to think of it; Gordon was senator and resigned, and there is much greater reason now that he should refuse to be a senator than there was then."

"What was the reason?" was asked. "Most people consider it an honor to be a senator."

"It is an honor—yes," he answered, "but there isn't enough money in it. General Gordon is now traveling in Europe at a salary of $10,000 a year and expenses paid. He has just negotiated $3,000,000 of bonds for his road, the Georgia Pacific, and even if he is ready to come home he will have all he can attend to here in the way of business."

"Is the general a successful business man, then?"

"He has been quite successful since he resigned his seat in the Senate," was the reply, "but he was not so at first. Why, his house in Atlanta was sold over his head by the sheriff twice, and was bid in by his friends and given to him again. He adores his wife, but she has no more business ideas than he. I never saw a couple more devoted to each other than they. She accompanied him all through the war, and at Winchester, when he was trying to rally his regiment, she rushed to the front, seized the flag, and waving it, urged the Georgians on to victory."

"You say he has made some money since he went out of politics?"

"Yes, he has made $150,000 since he resigned. He bought the charter of the Georgia and Pacific road, and some New York capitalists aided him and his brokers to get subscriptions from the counties along the line of the road. They succeeded, and were given $300,000 for their work. He has made from $50,000 to $100,000 since that, and owns a large amount of stock in the Georgia and Pacific road. He gets a salary for traveling about Europe of $10,000 and expenses, and is in a way to make $25,000 a year besides. That being the case, I don't see why he should want to become senator again at half the salary and no perbolsites."

CAPITAL BRIEFS.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—After October 1st the East Saginaw (Mich.) postoffice will be a free delivery office.

J. L. Brown was appointed postmaster at Wamego, Ks.

It is stated at the treasury department there is not the slightest irregularity in the accounts of Superintendent Crawford, of the Carson City mint. Charges of misconduct in office were made against him by a discharged employe and the superintendent requested an inspection.

THE FIRE RECORD.

DUBUQUE, IA., August 24.—This morning Pritchard's buggy-top factory burned. Loss, $11,000; insurance, $6500.

MILLERSVILLE, PA., August 24.—Graff's grist mill and large barn adjoining were burned this morning. Loss, $30,000.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—Benjamin Lapes planing mill, corner of Laurel street and Central avenue, was destroyed by fire this forenoon. Loss, $40,000; insurance, $20,000.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., August 23.—The main mills of the Syracuse Iron Works burned last night. Loss, $200,000; insurance, $54,000. Three hundred men are thrown out of work.

KEESEVILLE, N. Y., August 23.—A fire this morning burned the Adirondack Hotel, Nolette House and thirty buildings, comprising stores and dwellings, located on Front, Main and Vine streets. Loss, $100,000; insured.

CHICAGO, August 24.—The four-story building on the corner of State and Jackson streets, occupied by the Singer & Stebele's Parlor Suit Company, burned this morning. The building was well gutted and the contents mostly destroyed.

ST. LOUIS, August 23.—The extensive flouring-mill, elevator and warehouse at Bethalto, Ill., some twenty-five miles east of here, on the Indianapolis and St. Louis railroad, was destroyed by fire last night. The property was owned and operated by John W. Kaufman, of this city, and was one of the finest establishments of the kind in the State. The loss is estimated at $130,000; insurance, $102,000.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—The Iron Mountain Flouring-Mill and elevator, owned and operated by Friedmann & Co., and situated on the river front, in the southern part of the city, burned early this morning, together with about 5000 bushels of wheat and 2000 barrels of flour. The loss is estimated at $125 000; insured for $86,000. The origin of the fire is unknown, but is supposed to have been caused by a stroke of lightning, which was followed by an explosion of flour dust.

SKIPWITH, MISS.

Good Crop Prospects—Appearance of the Worm—Two Men Drowned.

Special to the Appeal.]

SKIPWITH, August 24.—Monday last, while working on the government fleet, Charles Morris, colored, attempted to jump from one barge to another, lost his equilibrium and disappeared in the waves. His corpse was found shortly afterward. Yesterday Harry Jenkins, occupied on the barge Ark, through carelessness slipped from the deck into the river and was also drowned.

The cotton crops in this section are looking well and well fruited. In the last two days we have had a little too much rain. Worms have been reported, but are not doing any damage, and every preparation has been made by the planters to destroy them upon their appearance.

HON. H. C. CARTER,

A Colored Stalwart, Out for Congress in Second Mississippi District.

Special to the Appeal.]

HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS., August 24.—The Hon. H. C. Carter, a colored Stalwart Republican, in a letter addressed to the Republican voters of this, the Second congressional district, announces himself as a candidate for Congress on a straightout Republican platform. Bills announcing his candidacy will be posted all over the city to-morrow morning. Carter comes from the Sixth district, as does his opponent, Chalmers. He has in time past been a member of the State Legislature, secretary of state under Governor Powers, and twice presidential elector for Grant, being one of the 306 at Chicago

MORE PROTECTION.

First Meeting of the Tariff Commission in Boston.

BOSTON, August 24.—The Tariff Commission held its first meeting in this city to-day. John G. Brown, a Boston iron importer, said that the classification of bar-iron for the purpose of levying duties was unjust. He would change the system of classification so that the basis would be the quality of the iron, and not the size of the bars, and would reduce all duties to three-quarters of a cent per pound.

S. F. Gates, of Cambridge, advocated a change of the tax on the cost of raw material for the construction of ships, so that American commerce could compete for foreign trade.

Royal T. Robbins, treasurer of the American Watch Company, favored an increase of the tariff on watches, and the imposition of duties on jewels was also the cause of the watches.

Elijah P. Whitehead, treasurer of the Illinois Watch Company, followed in the same vein, and said the great success which had attended American manufactures of watches was due to the machinery which had enabled them to compete successfully with cheap Swiss labor in spite of the inequalities of the tariff.

A communication was read from H. A. Houghton, of Cambridge, in opposition to any change in the tariff on books, which is low enough now. Owing to the low price of labor in England books are produced there at about half their cost here.

The commission then adjourned until to-morrow.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

At Cincinnati, Sold Under the Sheriff's Hammer.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—The Cincinnati Wesleyan Female College went to sale under the sheriff's hammer to-day to satisfy a debt of about $75,000. The property was appraised at $117,200. The Rev. Dr. J. M. Walden, of the Methodist Book Concern, bought it at $78,133 34, being two-thirds of its appraised value. He was selected by the trustees of the college this morning to bid it in. The trustees have decided to elect the Rev. Dr. W. K. Brown and his wife, Mrs. M. McClellan Brown, as president and vice-president of the college for ten years, and to open it early in September. Above $60,000 have been raised already by subscription, which, with the available assets of the college, will liquidate the debt. Dr. C. G. Hussey, of Pittsburg, alone subscribed $10,000. Mrs. Brown, the vice-president, has a national reputation as a prohibitionist. The college was offered at sheriff's sale once before, but there were no bidders. It was founded in 1842. Its buildings and grounds are worth above $200,000. Steps will be taken at once, after paying the present debt, to secure a permanent endowment.

MISSOURI REPUBLICANS.

The Party Divided on the Question of Calling a Convention.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—The Republican State Central Committee met here to-day and held an open session, at which there was a pretty general discussion of the question of calling a State convention. From statements made by members of the committee and by the general tenor of their remarks, it would seem that not only a large majority of the committee, but a large majority of the Republican voters in the State oppose a convention. The committee will hold an executive session this afternoon, at which definite action on the question will be taken.

Later.—The committee at its session this afternoon decided, by a vote of 28 to 8, not to call a State convention. The individual members of the minority, who say the voters in their districts are decidedly in favor of a convention, will ally themselves with the popular movement inaugurated at Jefferson City some days ago, and through which a call for a convention will be made independent of a State convention.

New Railroad Scheme.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The *Post* says: "A company has been organized, under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railroad Company, with Norvin Green president, with the view of shortening the sea trip between this country and Europe. The plan is to convey passengers by rail to a point on eastern Newfoundland, where steamers will be taken to the western coast of Ireland, a distance of only 1640 miles. It is thought three or four days will be saved by this route."

The First New Sale at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, August 24.—The first bale of cotton received at Louisville this season was sold at the Board of Trade to-day for thirty cents per pound. It classed middling, came from Wetumpka, Ala., was consigned to Trabue, Davis & Co., of this city, and was sold to J. P. Froward & Co.

DEBILITY resulting from typhoid and low fevers is best and most quickly relieved by Brown's Iron Bitters.

A BRITISH VICTORY.

Tel El Kiber Captured With 2000 Prisoners—Strong Feeling Against Arabi in Upper Egypt.

Railroad Cut by Bedouins to Prevent His Retreat—A Protest From the Porte—Arabs Shot.

ALEXANDRIA, August 24.—Bedouins, reported to be several hundred in number, entered Ramleh to-day and plundered several houses. The outposts are now exchanging shots with them.

Movements are observable in Arabi Pasha's camp, from which it is surmised that the enemy are about to advance.

A telegram has just been received here announcing the capture by the British of Tel el Kiber, with 2000 prisoners.

Some ladies in England propose starting for Egypt to relieve the native poor here and elsewhere. It may prove a useless mission. The natives here are of the lowest class, and are enriched with plunder. Respectable natives are not allowed to enter the city. When the difficulties are settled they will return to a quarter of the town quite uninjured, and the necessity of rebuilding the European quarter, with the increased demand for all sorts of labor, will considerably raise wages, and probably place the natives in more flourishing circumstances than for the last ten years.

Intelligence received at the palace states that the Boulak El Dakrur railway has been cut a short distance south of El Kitab, it is supposed by Bedouins, with the object of cutting off Arabi Pasha's retreat to upper Egypt. Sultan Pasha has received information from upper Egypt of a strong feeling against Arabi among the people because of his exactions.

The English being anxious to save Cairo, they will push on rapidly thither from Suez by the old direct railway line, on which new rails will be laid.

The rebels are constructing new batteries on the line of the railway to Cairo. The guns on Waterwork Hill exchanged some shots with them to-day.

While Arabi Pasha's generals know exactly our movements, we are ignorant of theirs. The absence of balloons is much felt here. There is no place where they would be more useful.

The troops at Fort Thomileh, near Port Said, are reported to be wavering in allegiance to Arabi Pasha. Many are deserting.

SYMPATHY FOR ARABI ON THE WANE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 24.—Among the uneducated Mussulmans the sympathy for Arabi Pasha is undiminished, but among those capable of distinguishing between the political and sentimental aspects of the question there is a decided revulsion of feeling, and some of those formerly applauding Arabi now condemn him as a dangerous enemy of the emir.

A PROTEST FROM THE PORTE.

The Porte has addressed a protest to Lord Dufferin in regard to the interruption of telegraphic communication with Egypt, the Porte being unable to communicate with its officers at the khedive's palace.

General confidence is expressed in diplomatic circles and by the press that the moderate party has triumphed, and that the military conference will be concluded. Lord Dufferin's essential demands are already conceded and the question of form only awaits decision.

ARABS SHOT.

PORT SAID, August 24.—Two Arabs have been shot here for not answering the challenge of a sentry. The exodus of natives has consequently been renewed.

WILL BE OF IMMENSE SERVICE.

Marice Bey, Zorab Bey and the other Egyptian officers who left for the front yesterday in company with Lord Charles Beresford, will be of immense service to the English staff when the inevitable collapse of Arabi's power begins, as they can discriminate between the real traitors and those merely forced into rebellion.

THE ADVANCE COMMENCED.

ISMAILIA, August 24.—The advance of heavy cavalry and marine artillery has commenced. The fresh water canal has been cut since yesterday.

De Lesseps visited the duke of Connaught, and assured him of the friendly sentiments he entertained toward England.

THE ONLY MEANS OF DEFEATING RUSSIA.

VIENNA, August 24.—It is reported from Constantinople that the sultan has consulted Germany in regard to the military convention, and that Germany has advised him to come to an understanding with England, as co-operation with that nation was the only means of defeating Russia's plans.

IRELAND.

THE FREEDOM OF LIMERICK VOTED E. DWYER GRAY.

LIMERICK, August 24.—The corporation of Limerick unanimously voted the freedom of the city to Mr. E. Dwyer Gray.

ENGLAND.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

LONDON, August 24.—Wright & Son, worsted spinners of Bradford, have failed. Liabilities £170,000.

THE LABOR SITUATION.

No Change at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, August 24.—The Amalgamated Association to-night decided to postpone Saturday's parade indefinitely. Nothing new in the iron situation to-day.

The Cohoes Strike Closed.

COHOES, August 24.—A general break occurred in the ranks of the Harmony Mills "stay-outs" to-day, and forty-three additional weavers started to work. The leaders admit their defeat, and no longer interfere with the free act of those who wish to return to work. At a mass-meeting Saturday a resolution to the above effect will be adopted, and the long strike, which was virtually ended two weeks ago, will be declared practically closed.

WIRE WAIFS.

Galveston, August 24.—The Democrats of the Third district nominated A. W. Jones for Congress.

Canton, O., August 24.—John Prouch & Co., milling company, assigned to-day. Liabilities, between $20,000 and $25,000.

Santa Fe, N. M., August 24—Senator John A. Logan, accompanied by Mrs. Logan, arrived here this evening and will spend one week in Santa Fe.

New York, August 24.—Councilor Fellipe Lopez Netto, the new envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Brazil at Washington, arrived to-day.

Auburn, N. Y., August 24.—The Texas cattle fever has made its appearance in this vicinity. Twenty-five domestic cattle have died and a large number are sick.

Philadelphia, August 24.—The Rev. George W. Musgrove, D.D., LL.D., died to-day. He was one of the most eminent divines in the Presbyterian Church.

Topeka, Ks., August 24.—The Greenback State Convention to-day nominated Ex-Governor Charles Robinson, the first governor of Kansas, for governor, and a full State ticket.

New York, August 24.—William Sexton, the billiardist, sues the Bleecker Street Railroad Company for $5000 for injuries sustained when ejected from a car for refusing to pay fare a second time.

St. Louis, August 24.—General Sherman stated during his late visit here that it is his intention to leave the army before the law retiring him goes into effect, and that he will return to St. Louis to live.

Elmira, N. Y., August 24.—The second day of the Free-Thinkers Convention at Watkins was given to several addresses, characterized chiefly by radical uniformity in opposition to orthodoxy.

Louisville, August 24.—The Rt. Rev. Leander Streber Cetter, known as Father Leander in Chicago, in charge of the St. Martin Roman Catholic Church and an old citizen of this city, died at his house to-day.

Montreal, August 24.—At the American Association for the Advancement of Science the first business was the election of over a hundred new members, chiefly Canadians. Papers were read in various sections, before good audiences.

Dallas, Tex., August 24.—For two days and nights there has been a heavy rain in west Texas, and during the past twenty-four hours in north Texas. Great damage has been done railroads by washouts, and trains on all roads are late.

Jefferson City, Mo., August 24.—A convention of the representative colored men of Missouri met here to-day, for the purpose of discussing questions of importance to the educational, industrial and political condition of the negro citizens of Missouri.

San Francisco, August 24.—In the case of Ah Sing, the Chinese sailor belonging to the steamer City of Sydney, detained on board that vessel owing to his non-possession of a certificate permitting him to land, and who sued out a writ of *habeas corpus*, Judge Field to-day decided in favor of the petitioner and ordered his discharge, holding that the law did not apply to those who shipped before its passage. The landing of Ah Sing was followed by that of all those who shipped at the same time.

ANOTHER HEAVY SALE

Of Arkansas Lands to the Dundee Company, of Scotland.

Special to the Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, August 24.—The sale of the "Jones entry," 47,666 acres of land in Cross, Poinsett, Craighead, Crittenden and Mississippi counties, was made to-day by attorneys of this city to the Dundee Land Company, of Glasgow, Scotland. The land was owned by Miss Susie Jones, of Memphis, and it is reported that the consideration was $75,000. This company is the same one that last week purchased 50,000 acres in the same neighborhood.

HON. H. S. VAN EATON

Nominated in the Sixth Mississippi Congressional District.

Special to the Appeal.]

MAGNOLIA, MISS., August 24.—The Sixth Congressional District Democratic Convention met to-day at 8:30 o'clock, according to agreement. The ballots, including the 124th, uniformly standing—Ford, 15; Stockdale, 14. On the 125th ballot Ford was withdrawn, and the Hon. H. S. Van Eaton was nominated. The vote stood—Van Eaton, 19; Stockdale, 14. The nomination was made unanimous and Van Eaton has signified his acceptance.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

Second Day of the National Convention—Platform Adopted.

CHICAGO, August 24.—The National Prohibition Convention reconvened at 9 o'clock this morning. Additional States were represented and added to the rolls. Telegrams of greeting were received from the Knights of Temperance in Atlanta, and reports received of the condition of temperance in the different States and Territories. The platform was then read, which, with the amendments adopted subsequently, is as follows, the planks having been discussed and amended separately:

THE PLATFORM.

All questions not of a national character belong to the party within the several States and Territories to define its views and policy and action respecting them, not inconsistent with this national platform.

We declare in favor of the following national principles and measures to be incorporated in the national constitution and enforced by Congress and the government:

First.—The prohibition of all public crimes, of the importation, exportation, manufacture, sale, supply and taxation of all alcoholic beverages.

Second.—The prohibition of all tax-license regulation, or the legal sanction in any way of them, or any other public crimes.

Third.—The civil and political equality and enfranchisement of women. This, so far as it concerns the States severally, is remitted to the party in those States.

Fourth.—The abolition of polygamy.

Fifth.—The abolition of executive, judicial and legislative patronage, the selection of all officers by the people so far as practicable, and civil-service reform in other appointments.

Sixth.—The abolition of sinecures and unnecessary offices.

Seventh.—The universal and enforced education of the youth of the nation, including instruction in regard to the effect of alcohol upon the human system, with ample provision for the support of an adequate and efficient system of public schools in all the States and Territories.

Eighth.—The preservation of the public lands for the people, and their division in limited portions to actual settlers only.

Ninth.—The abolition of all monopolies, class legislation and special privileges from the government injurious to the equal rights of citizens.

Tenth.—The control of railroads and other corporations to prevent abuses of power and protect the interests of labor and commerce.

Additional resolutions will be reported this afternoon.

The singing of the doxology greeted the reading of the platform.

At 12:20 o'clock p.m. the convention adjourned to 2 o'clock p.m.

The convention reassembled at 2 o'clock. A number of resolutions were referred to the committee, a national committee was appointed, and the convention adjourned *sine die*. Emerson Etheridge and W. K. St. Clair represent Tennessee on the National Committee.

Temperance Movement in New York.

ITHACA, N. Y., August 24.—At the session of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend the friends of temperance throughout the State to ascertain how candidates for the Assembly and Senate of the various parties stand upon the question of the submission of a constitutional amendment forever prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage to a vote of the people, and to vote only for such candidates as will favor such submission.

Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias.

DETROIT, August 24.—The Supreme Lodge of the World Knights of Pythias has elected the following officers for the ensuing two years: Supreme chancellor, John P. Linton, of Pennsylvania; supreme vice-chancellor, John Van Valkenburg; supreme prelate, L. Ballen, of Virginia; supreme master of exchequer, John B. Stump, of Indiana; supreme keeper of records and seal, John J. Ward, of Maryland; supreme master-at-arms, George E. Shaw, of Wisconsin; supreme inner guard, G. G. Manlove, of Mississippi; supreme outer guard, John W. Thompson, District of Columbia.

Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—The committee to nominate officers to be voted for on September 12th at the annual election of the Chamber of Commerce, reported the following list to-day: President, Wm. N. Hobart; vice-presidents, Thomas G. Smith, O. Britton, jr., Michael Ryan, D. M. Hawkins, Jos. Good and Richard H. Cost; delegates to the National Board of Trade, Messrs. R. C. Turner, S. Lester Taylor, T. F. Covington, John H. Long, Henry Davis, William A. Proctor, Theodore Cook, Adolph Wood, Richard Dimond and M. E. Ingalls. On Monday the independents will meet to put up an opposition ticket.

Campaign Orators for Maine.

TIFFIN, O., August 24.—General William K. Gibson, the orator, leaves to-night for Maine. He will meet Ex Secretary Blaine at Portland, and on Monday next at Biddeford. They together will formally open the campaign in Maine. General Gibson and Mr. Blaine are each to deliver twelve speeches, at as many important points throughout the State, after which the former and perhaps Mr. Blaine, will return and enter the Ohio campaign.

AYER'S AGUE CURE has saved thousands of lives in the malarial districts of this and other countries. It is warranted a certain and speedy remedy, free from all harmful ingredients.

Stealing a Reputation.

Would you trust one dishonest enough to steal the reputation of another, to make for you anything—especially your physic—not knowing of what it may be compounded? How to tell the genuine Simmons Liver Regulator: Look for the clean White Wrapper having a large red Z in the center and the signature of J. H. Zeilin & Co. on the side. All others are worthless and injurious imitations. Don't tamper with them, however plausibly recommended; health and life are too precious to endanger.

AN EDITOR MAIMED.

John W. Lavins, of the Vicksburg "Hornet," Attacked by Roughs, and His Nose Bitten Entirely Off.

The Garland Murder Trial—Attempted Outrage in Dorsey County, Ark.—Alice Ashe's Story.

BATESVILLE, ARK., August 24.—Robert Schwonkopf, merchant, tried to commit suicide, by swallowing 100 grains of arsenic. He was pumped out and will live.

Rapist Shot to Death.

LITTLE ROCK, August 24.—Advices are received that Smith, who attempted to outrage a white lady, has been lynched by a disghised party, who shot him to death.

Hungarian Borglas.

VIENNA, August 24.—Over 100 women are on trial at Gross Beoskerek, Hungary, charged with poisoning their husbands. The guilt of thirty-five of the women has been proved.

Blew His Brains Out.

SHELBYVILLE, KY., August 24.—Aleck Julien, brother of the Hon. Ira Julien, committed suicide on the fair grounds to-day by shooting himself through the brain. He was a candidate for sheriff at the late election, and his defeat is believed to be the cause.

Exciting Horse-Thief Hunt.

LITTLE ROCK, August 24.—An exciting horse-thief hunt is progressing in Van Buren county. Two thieves were killed Tuesday, and one has been sent to the penitentiary for sixteen years. The band are desperadoes of bad character, and trouble is anticipted in their capture.

Riot at a Caurea Festival.

At Cleveland, Tenn., Saturday, at a church festival, a riot occurred, led by a notorious character named Frank Goodman. Knives and pistols were freely used. Moses Gorley, an employe of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, was shot twice and will die. One woman was seriously stabbed. The rioters extinguished the lights and escaped.

Murdered for Flogging a Pupil.

SEARCY, ARK., August 24.—An altercation occurred at El Paso between Prof. G. Brown, teacher in charge of the school at that place, and Mr. Bostwick and son. Mr. Brown flogged young Bostwick in school Monday. As Brown was returning to school at 1 o'clock this afternoon he was overtaken by Bostwick and son. Both seized him, the younger Bostwick striking him with his fist, while Bostwick, sr., stabbed Brown and killed him instantly. Both parties are under arrest. The affair caused the greatest excitement in the village.

Another Highly Respectable Citizen Gone Wrong.

PROVIDENCE, August 24.—Henry J. Hall, paying teller of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, confesses that he is a defaulter to the amount of $21,000, stating that he began in 1875, and carefully concealed in his daily returns of cash, except in the case of the general examination of the institution, when he would hide his deficiency in the accounts of large depositors. The defalcation was discovered while Hall was absent on his vacation. He spent money in extravagant living. Hall was arraigned in a justice's court and pleaded guilty, and was held in $30,000 for trial. He has a wife and three children, and occupied a respectable position in society, is a member of the Common Council and is officially connected with the Masonic and other organizations.

The Garland Murder Trial.

LUNENBURG, VA., August 24.—Captain Phillip McKinney made the closing argument for the defense in the Garland murder trial. In the course of his address he said there was no evidence that Addison was engaged to Miss Hatchett, and added that if he was, what a heartless creature she must be to slink from that State to North Carolina when the man who shot her lover was on trial, that she might not appear in court to testify against him. Judge Hinton followed for the prosecution.

Upon the reassembling of the court the judge concluded his argument, and about 5 o'clock the case was given to the jury, who retired to their room, and after an absence of fifteen minutes came into court with the verdict of "not guilty." As soon as the verdict was announced the crowd left the courtroom cheering, while the prisoner was warmly congratulated by his friends.

Attempted Outrage in Dorsey Co., Ark.

Pine Bluff (Ark.) Press-Eagle.

From a letter just received from A. H. Parker, Esq., a justice of the peace in New Edinburg, Dorsey county, we learn the particulars of an attempted outrage upon the person of a little daughter of a farmer named Parrott, of Lee township, that county. The girl is but nine years seven months old, and was assaulted by a colored boy nineteen years of age, who had been in Parrott's employ for several months. This occurred about three weeks ago, and the little girl, through fear, said nothing of the affair until a few days ago, when she related it to a neighbor's daughter, a playmate, who told it to her parents. The circumstances of the attempted crime soon became known to several gentlemen in the vicinity, who seized the negro and administered to him a severe castigation with switches. The negro, whose name is Wile Martin, protested his innocence throughout. The above facts coming to the knowledge of Justice Parker, the girl and her parents were summoned to appear before him, and their testimony being sufficient to justify a belief in the negro's guilt, a warrant was issued for his arrest. In the meantime the negro, fearing further trouble, suddenly disappeared from that vicinity, and all the efforts of the officers and his assistants, up to date, to ascertain his whereabouts have been in vain.

An Editor's Nose Bitten Off.

Vicksburg Commercial.

The community were shocked this morning to hear of the outrageous assault made on Mr. John W. Lavins, editor and proprietor of the *Hornet*, at or near the corner of Grove and Walnut streets, about 11 o'clock. From the most reliable information that can be gathered it is stated that Mr. Lavins and Jack McKenna had some words at the saloon of Hibou, on Washington street. From there Mr. Lavins started for home in company with Marshal Groom. When near the Trowbridge House they were met by McKenna, Wm. Bushelman and several others. The attack was made on Mr. Lavins at this point, and the result is that Mr. Lavins is disfigured for life, his nose being entirely gone, having been bitten off by one of the brutes. Mr. Lavins fired one shot without effect. It is not known what Marshal Groom did in the premises, but he stated to Dr. Robbins that he was present. Mr. Lavins, McKenna and Bushelman were arrested. City-Clerk Trowbridge went on the bond of the two last named. The attempted assassination was evidently premeditated. Mr. Lavins was moved from the city prison to his residence at 9 o'clock this morning in a dangerous condition from his mutilation and bruises. It remains to be seen what measures of justice may be taken in the matter, but one thing is certain, that District-Attorney Fitzgerald will spare no efforts. Affidavits have been made against John Groom, J. H. McKenna, W. H. Burnett, Simon De Young and William Bushelman for attempt to kill and murder and for conspiracy. No man's life can be regarded as safe in this city, which is yet provided with an organized police force, if such brutal outrages and evident attempt to murder can be perpetrated under the very eyes of the chief of police. John Groom, W. H. Burnett, Simon De Young and William Bushelman were arrested this morning and taken before Justice Mann for examination. District-Attorney Fitzgerald appeared and notified the justice that he intended to conduct the prosecution, and requested the release of John Groom on his recognizance, and that the others be held until such time as Mr. Lavins might be able to appear in court.

The Story of Alice Ashe.

Little Rock Gazette.

Our readers no doubt remember that a few months since the *Gazette* published particulars of the desertion of an infant child near Batesville. The little piece of humanity, it was stated at the time, was left beside the road to starve, and that it remained there nearly a week before being found. When it was discovered the officers very quickly traced it home to its mother, a young lady, a stranger at Batesville, who acknowledged her crime, but stated she had visited it and nursed it every day. At the trial, which came off soon after her arrest, and at which she gave her name as Alice Jones, she was convicted of an attempt to murder the child, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. All the efforts of judge and jury to obtain the name of the author of her ruin and her former home proved