THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1884. VOL. XLIV--NO. 7

GEN. FLOYD KING,

Chairman of the Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River, Doing Everything in

His Power to Make the Convention Which Meets in Washington, in February, a Success.

The Supreme Court—Bills Introduced for Appropriations for River and Harbor Improvement.

Proceedings in Congress—Only Business of a Routine Character Transacted —Campaign Circulars.

THE RIVER CONVENTION.

Gen. Floyd King Putting in Good Work —Letters to Members.

Regular Correspondence of the Appeal.]

WASHINGTON, January 3.—Gen. Floyd King, chairman of the Committee on Levees and Improvement of the Mississippi River, is taking a deep interest in the convention which is to assemble here on the first Tuesday in February, and has written every member of the Executive Committee a personal letter, urging upon him the importance of the subjects to be considered, and requested his attendance. The following is a copy of Gen. King's letter to Chairman Wood, at New Orleans:

WASHINGTON, January 2, 1884.

H. D. Wood, Esq., Chairman Mississippi River Improvement Convention:

MY DEAR SIR—As your convention will assemble here the first Tuesday in February, I write to suggest that you come here a few days before that time, with a view of consulting with our friends in Congress as to what course had best be pursued for the accomplishment of legislation for the improvement of the Mississippi river. I trust that all the delegates appointed by you will attend the meeting of your convention at this place. Yours very truly, FLOYD KING.

The following letter has been addressed to each member of the Executive Committee:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES UNITED STATES, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 2, 1884.

SIR—I write to urge that you, as one of the Executive Committee appointed by the Mississippi River Improvement Convention at St. Louis on the fifth day of July, 1883, will attend the convention to meet on the same subject in Washington on the first Tuesday in February. Too much importance cannot be attached to the undertaking, you are to lay a bond, and realizing that you can be of much assistance to all in Congress interested in carrying on the great work of improving the Mississippi river, I cannot too forcibly impress upon you the importance of your coming. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, FLOYD KING,

Chairman of Committee on Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

Bills and Resolutions Introduced—Measures Adopted—The Senate.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—*House.*—After the reading of the journal, Mr. Reed offered the following, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, It has been alleged that circulars have been distributed in some of the departments asking for contributions for political purposes, in violation of the civil service law,

Resolved, That the heads of the departments to which the distribution, if any, has taken place, be requested to inform the House of the facts connected with the distribution.

Mr. Townshend offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the President to furnish information relating to the exclusion of American hog products in Germany and France.

Mr. Randall offered a resolution adopting for twenty days the rules of the Forty-seventh Congress as the rules of the present Congress. Adopted.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Rosecrans: To place George W. Getty on the retired list of the army, with the rank of major general; also to equalize bounties.

By Mr. Hinley: To amend the Chinese immigration act.

By Mr. Tully: Appropriating $150,000 for the erection of a postoffice building at Los Angeles, Cal.; also to prevent the United States mail being used to circulate advertisements of noxious and dangerous medicines, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Sumner: To fix and establish the rate of freight rates on the Union and Central Pacific railroads. It provides that neither shall charge for the passage of the act it shall be unlawful for those companies to charge a greater sum than seventy per cent. of the lowest rates of freight or the lowest prices of carriage existing until December 3, 1883.

By Mr. Townsend: A resolution requesting the President to invite the co-operation of the governments of the American nations in securing the establishment of free commercial intercourse and an American customs union; also proposing a constitutional amendment, providing for the election of senators by the people.

By Mr. Thomas: Granting pensions to all United States soldiers and sailors in the late war who served thirty days or participated in any engagement, and the widows of all soldiers deceased.

The call proceeded at great length, and a large number of additional bills were introduced and referred, after which the House adjourned.

SENATE.

A number of petitions were presented asking an appropriation to pay the tobacco rebate.

The Secretary of the Interior transmitted the correspondence relating to the transfer of the land of the Iron Mountain, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg railroad to the New Orleans Pacific railway.

Senator Beck presented a petition from the citizens of Oregon and Washington Territory praying the forfeiture of the unearned land grant of the Oregon Central railway.

Bills introduced:

By Senator Gibson: To establish a navy-yard and a depot of supplies at Algiers, on the Mississippi river.

By Senator Hoar: To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Sibley, Mo.

By Senator Ingalls: To grant right of way through the Indian Territory, to the Southern Kansas railroad.

A resolution was presented by Senator Miller (Cal.) which was agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to transmit to the Senate all documentary information in his possession relating to the execution of the act of Congress entitled "An act to execute certain treaty stipulations relating to the Chinese, approved May 6, 1882, together with all facts that come to his knowledge concerning the difficulties encountered by officers of the government in the enforcement of said act.

Senator Ingalls's bill to amend the arrears of the pensions act, was referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Senator Hoar gave notice that when the rules were disposed of he would call up his bill providing for counting the electoral vote.

The Senate then, as a Committee of the Whole, resumed consideration of the new rules, which with a few amendments and a little debate, were adopted, all except those on appropriations and standing committees, which were reserved for the present.

Among the amendments made was one providing a committee on fisheries.

On reporting the rules to the full Senate, rule No. 1 was taken up. It is the rule relating to the office of president *pro tem.*, and, as proposed, gave that officer power to designate a substitute to perform the duties of the chair three days during the absence of Senator Garland was agreed to, making the hour of each adjournment the limit of the time of such performance, except by unanimous consent.

The Senate rule as amended, was adopted, and after an executive session, adjourned.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered in a Number of Important Cases.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—The Supreme Court to-day rendered decisions in the cases of the Live Stock Company against Frederick Prelinghuysen, and John Key against the same, affirming the judgment in the case of the La Abra company with costs, and in the case of Key reversing, with costs, and the case was remanded with instructions to dismiss the petition.

A decision was also rendered on the new series of bond cases from Virginia, namely: Lucin Smith against Samuel C. Greenlaw, treasurer of the city of Richmond. The question involved is the right of the State to refuse to take the coupons of its bonds for taxes, after issuing such bonds with the promise that it would take them in payment of taxes. The suit belgan as an action for trespass in the State court, but was afterward removed to the United States Circuit Court. That tribunal remanded it to the State court on the ground that it did not involve a Federal question. The United States Supreme Court, however, decided that it does raise a Federal question, in consequence of the plaintiff alleges that the act of the Virginia Legislature, which virtually repudiated the coupons was in violation of that provision of the constitution which forbids any State to impair by legislation the obligation of a contract. The judgment of the United States Circuit Court is reversed, and it is ordered to reinstate the case and proceed therewith according to law. The submission on the other Virginia tax coupon cases in printed briefs was set aside, and they were restored to the docket, to be argued orally when reached. This will have the effect of postponing them three years.

A decision was also rendered in the celebrated Iowa land cases, involving the title to a large number of improved farms, affirming the decision of the Supreme Court of Iowa, and confirming the title of the present occupants.

The Chief Justice announced the revision and adoption of the rules of practice of the court. In this revision the old numbers have been retained. The most important changes made were as follows: In rule 10, by reason of want of appropriations by Congress, parties are required hereafter to pay in advance the cost of printing the record. In rule 23, provision is made for advancing cases once before heard on their merits and brought up by second appealon writ of error. The old rule 30 concerning injunctions and applicable only to appeals before January 13, 1874, will be stricken off as obsolete, and a new rule substituted embodying a settled practice of the court in relation to rehearings.

Attorney-General Brewster, with appropriate remarks, presented the resolutions lately adopted by the bar relative to the death of the Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, to which the Chief-Justice replied and directed that the resolutions be entered on the minutes of the courts. Adjourned.

CAMPAIGN CIRCULARS

Distributed in the Postoffice Department—The Matter Investigated.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Circulars calling upon the recipient to state how much he would be able to contribute toward the Indiana Republican campaign fund were last week distributed through the Postoffice Department. The matter was brought to the attention of the Postmaster-General, who pronounced it a violation of law and began an investigation. It was found that the circulars were distributed through Capt. Walsh, who received them from a stranger and was ignorant of their contents. Having satisfied himself of the innocence of the officer, the Postmaster-General dropped the matter.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Bills Introduced for Appropriations—Meeting of the Committee.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Several bills and resolutions were introduced in the Senate to-day by Senators from Southern States calling for appropriations for the improvement of rivers and harbors. Senator Gibson submitted a joint resolution for the immediate appropriation of $1,000,000 to be expended in the preservation, repair and construction of certain works of improvement of the Mississippi river, under direction of the Secretary of War and in accordance with recommendations of the Mississippi River Commission.

The Committee on Improvement of the Mississippi River held a short meeting to-day, and the members decided to work in harmony with the members of the Committees on Commerce and Rivers and Harbors.

The report of the Mississippi River Commission, recently sent to the Secretary of War, is expected to be given to the committee this week. Mr. King, chairman of the committee, expressed the opinion to-night that the report would be returned to the House in two or three weeks practically unchanged.

CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

Senator Gibson's Bill to Facilitate Its Operations.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Senator Gibson introduced in the Senate a bill to facilitate reform in the civil service. It provides for the repeal of all laws limiting the tenure of office of United States district attorneys, justices of the Supreme Courts of Territories, surveyor-generals of public lands, registers and receivers of public land offices, collectors of customs, naval officers, and surveyors of ports, entry and such officers shall be appointed by the President, subject to the approval of the Senate, and can be removed at the pleasure of the President; it also provides that such officers shall furnish bonds for two years, and renew them at the expiration of such period. The President shall, at the opening of Congress, submit to the Senate the names of such officials removed by him, with reasons for removal in each case.

EQUALIZING BOUNTIES.

Gen. Rosecrans's Bill to Effect That Object.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Mr. Rosecrans's bill to equalize bounties of soldiers in the late war provides for the payment of non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers and teamsters, and private soldiers who served in the war, including those mustered in the service under the President's call for 75,000 troops, who actually served ninety days or more and were honorably discharged, eight and one-third dollars per month for the time in actual service between May 12, 1861, and May 9, 1865. The amount of all bounties previously paid will be deducted in computing the amount under this act.

EXTRA-TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION

An Elaborate Bill Introduced by Representative Hitt.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Representative Hitt [Ill.], long secretary of the legation at Paris, and of late Third-Assistant Secretary of State, to-day introduced in the House a bill providing for the exercise of extra-territorial jurisdiction by the United States in Oriental countries, and repealing certain statutes on this subject. This is a measure in which the State Department takes great interest, and which it considers very important to the United States consular and diplomatic service. The bill is fifty pages in length, and provides for the establishment in China and Japan of courts for the trial of all causes in which Americans are parties, one judge sitting in Japan and two in China on separate circuits, these judges setting together to form an appellate court to which causes may be taken. The bill also prescribes a code of procedure, modes of proof, penalties and penalties, and regarding various fragmentary acts of Congress heretofore passed on this subject, and diverse regulations established from time to time by the various Ministers of the United States in those countries; it also regulates with precision and detail the powers and jurisdiction of the consular and diplomatic officers having judicial functions in other countries where the United States exercises extra-territorial authority, such as Turkey, Persia, Madagascar and the Barbary States. The extent of the American colony of merchants, traders and travelers in each chief Oriental port, and the vast amounts of property often at stake in litigations there, have long since drawn the earnest attention of the State Department to the necessity of this legislation, which is similar to that enacted by Great Britain and other European governments for the protection of their subjects in Turkey and the far East. This bill, in substance, was prepared in the State Department largely by Bancroft Davis, when assistant secretary. Frelinghuysen sent it to Congress last session. The House Committees on Foreign Affairs assigned that subject to Mr. Hitt, and the Senate Committee to Mr. Pendleton, who carefully revised it, and introduced it in the Senate. It is expected by its friends to pass this session.

CAPITAL POINTS.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—A caucus of the Democratic members of the House is proposed for an early day. The object is to consider the policy of the party on subjects likely to come up during the winter.

J. C. Courts, Tennessee, has been appointed clerk of the House Committee on Appropriations.

Issue of standard dollars for the week ended January 5th, 1884-2,48, against 616,000 for the same week last year.

The House Committee on Military Affairs authorized Gen. Sheridan to report the bill for the relief of Gen. Fitz John Porter.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands will report a Senate bill to donate part of the Fort Smith military reservation to the city of Fort Smith, Ark., for the support of free schools.

The Treasury reserve of one and two-dollar notes having become exhausted, Secretary Folger asked Congress for an appropriation of $150,000 to print 4,000,000 ones and 2,000,000 twos. Failing to get the appropriation, the Secretary declares he will have to suspend or decrease their circulation. The appropriation for gold and silver notes and large denominations is believed to be sufficient.

The Senate Committee on Rules, in preparing the revision of the rules to govern the Senate, struck from the committee list the Committees on Manufactures and Revolutionary Claims. The Senate to-day in voting upon the rules restored both committees, and increased the membership of the Committee on Manufactures from five to seven.

The Secretary of State has received from Horstmann, United States consul at Nuremberg, Bavaria, a report of the hop crop of Germany and Austria for 1883. There has been no failure of crops in any districts of Germany. The entire yield of Germany for 1883 is estimated as a middling one, about 43,000,000 pounds (English). The quality generally is exceedingly good. The crop in the Austro-Hungarian empire, on the whole, is not so satisfactory as Germany and amounts to about 10,000,000 pounds.

Confirmations: George R. Sage, United States district judge for the Southern District of Ohio; Wm. A. Woods, United States district judge of Indiana; Milton R. Hallowell, United States district attorney for Kansas; Wm. J. Galbraith, associate justice of the Supreme Court of Montana; W. A. Sheldon, M. D., associate justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona; Andrew Mason, New York, superintendent of the assaying office at New York; Frank P. Claussen, Louisiana, collector and assayer of the mint at New Orleans; postmaster, James Craige Dana, Va.; Elizabeth J. Cook, Arkadelphia, Ark.

APPEAL SPECIALS.

Municipal Election at Jackson, Miss.—Mayor McGill Re-Elected by Ninety-Six Majority.

Murderer Captured at Birmingham, Ala.—Burglars at Work Near Starkville, Miss.—A Sad Accident.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Wm. Hallows Accidentally Crushed to Death by a Heavy Piece of Iron.

Special to the Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, January 7.—Wm. Hallows, foreman of the Memphis and Little Rock shops, was killed to-day. He was with the other men turning over a heavy piece of iron. The iron slipped and the lever threw him with great force, killing him instantly. He leaves a daughter in Memphis and a son at Glendale, Miss. His son is master mechanic of the Mobile and Northwestern railroad.

JACKSON, MISS.

Mayor McGill Re-Elected—The Legislature—Prominent Candidates.

Special to the Appeal.]

JACKSON, January 7.—We have had a quiet municipal election. McGill was re-elected mayor by ninety-six majority. Four aldermen on the McGill ticket and two on the People's were elected.

Members of both houses of the Legislature are arriving, and about one-half of each house are here. The Legislature meets to-morrow. Candidates and their friends are active among the members. Messrs. Baker, of Lafayette county; Montgomery, of Okitibbeha; Murray, of Tippah, and Inge, of Alcorn, are mentioned as candidates for Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The weather is extremely cold, and it has been sleeting all day.

STARKVILLE, MISS.

Business Paralyzed by Cold Weather—Burglars at Work.

Special to the Appeal.]

STARKVILLE, January 7.—The county officers of this county elected for the next two years have nearly all given bond, and have been qualified by the Board of Supervisors organized by electing H. A. McCreight, president.

The weather is extremely cold and has been for several days past, the thermometer standing several degrees below zero. It has been snowing and sleeting all day. Business in the town is completely paralyzed and has been ever since Christmas.

Burglars have been doing their dirty work in the western portion of this county, and at Chester, in Choctaw county, by breaking into stores, etc. At Chester the safe in which the sheriff keeps his funds was blown open, but fortunately they obtained but little money, the sheriff having settled with the treasurer a few days before.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

A Murderer Turned Over to the Authorities.

Special to the Appeal.]

BIRMINGHAM, January 7.—Officers from Cedartown, Ga., delivered at the jail here Sunday Jap O'Neil, wanted for killing an old man named Plosser, about two years ago. O'Neil attacked Plosser in a saloon and stabbed him several times. The cause of O'Neil's ill-will was that Plosser, while city marshal, had arrested him.

E. L. Donnelly, distributing agent of the United States Fish Commission, is here with 1300 German carp, to be expressed to applicants throughout the State.

There is remarkable activity for the season among dealers in builders' supplies. Orders from small towns are very heavy. Several of these towns in this section of the State are being built up rapidly, and some future day, probably, will the Louisville and Nashville road, for instance, in the little town of Hartsell, where there are certainly no signs of remarkable resources, numbers of houses—small, it is true—are going up. The lumber business is the most potent factor in this improvement. Warrior is a growing village. Everybody has heard of Cullman's progress. At Blount Springs the new enterprise of lime-making is to be started on a big scale before long. A stock company has been organized with $10,000 capital, and arrangements are being made to build two iron kilns of the most improved kind in a quarry that lies right on the railroad and very near the depot.

All thought of extending the Georgia Pacific railroad westward from Birmingham has been abandoned, both by the Georgia Pacific Company and the Richmond and Danville Extension Company, which built the Georgia Pacific. The present controlling stockholders of the railroad company were always opposed to the extension, but were formerly in the minority. The principal ground of opposition was that the East Tennessee system, with which the Richmond and Danville (to which system the Georgia Pacific belongs) has westward connection sufficient for all purposes of the alliance in the Memphis and Charleston. The Richmond and Danville Extension Company will probably disband in about two months after the finishing work on the Georgia Pacific track is done.

A report of a committee of the Council shows that the mayor and city clerk and marshal each received between $2000 and $2500 last year, or several hundred dollars more than was expected when their pay was fixed. The increase in fees caused by the city's rapid growth is what made the offices pay so surprisingly. The Council has allowed the clerk and marshal, as well as the treasurer, for the ensuing year salaries and fees that will probably amount to about $1500 for each. The mayor will doubtless be cut off with about the same sum.

NEW YORK.

Wm. C. Woodward, of Memphis, Arrested in New York.

Special to the Appeal.]

NEW YORK, January 7.—Wm. C. Woodward, of Memphis, indicted in St. Louis for counterfeiting, was arrested here tonight.

WOODVILLE, TENN.

Terrible Accident—The Cotton Crop—General News Notes.

Regular Correspondence of the Appeal.]

WOODVILLE, January 5.—The thermometer registered 3° below zero this morning. The holidays passed off very quietly in this section, and there were not many lights.

Joe Sternberger, of Brownsville, was down this week, and drove out over forty head of cattle.

Ira Adkins, aged about forty years, who lived about three miles from this place, died last Wednesday. He was sick a short time and died unexpectedly.

William Dixon, a negro old man, who lived four miles from here, died last Saturday. He was considered a useful and upright citizen, and was noted for his industry. He leaves a family, the members of which are mostly grown.

The cotton is nearly all gathered in, and the crop is short. The shortage and the low prices make it hard on the raiser of that uncertain crop. The farmers in West Tennessee had better quit planting so much cotton. The poorhouse has enough inmates now, and beggars are plentiful. Some of them, if they continue to raise cotton, will likely have to join that band.

John Bradford, who got his thigh broken in two places during the snow, his foot having slipped from under him, and falling hard, as reported by me to the Appeal, is some better, but the doctors have little hope of his ultimate recovery. His back is affected, and being old and delicate the pains are too great, and the chances for his life are very few.

Mitchell Lucas, a negro, who lives in this place, had a terrible accident to happen to him last Saturday. He was driving a two-horse wagon to Curve Station, on the Chesapeake and Ohio road, four miles distant, and when near that place the horses took fright and ran down a steep hill at a terrific speed, threw the negro out and dragged him several yards. His face was bruised and gashed up, and one eye was probably put out. He narrowly escaped instant death.

AMUSEMENTS.

"King for a Day."

At Leubrie's Theater last evening the Emma Abbott opera troupe presented *King for a Day* to a house which was good in spite of the snow. It was received with the same delight as when presented here last season by the same company. The music is infectious and sets one's feet going almost irresistibly. The story is a good one, and adds no little to the pleasure of the performance. Emma Abbott, as "Nemea," was warmly welcomed and sang with her usual sweetness and skill. Her form has filled out and her voice is if anything more powerful. Her grandest effort last evening was when singing the scene in the fisherman's hut in the third act. William Castle, always a favorite in Memphis, rendered the part of "Zephoris" in a very pleasing manner. Sig. Tagliapietra as the "King" captured the audience. He has a magnificent voice, clear as a bell, and wonderfully deep and strong. He is exceedingly graceful and a thorough actor as well. The part of "Zelida" was taken by Zelda Segain, who invested it with considerable spirit and dash, so much so indeed that she received several recalls. Wm. Broderick's "Kadoor" was very good, and Walter Allen's "Zizel" was uninteresting. Victor Novello as "Pifeat" was fair. Sig. Campobello appears to-night for the first time in Memphis. *Faust* will be given, with the following cast:

Faust	Sig. Fabrini
Marguerite	Emma Abbott
Mephisto	Sig. Campobello
Valentine	Tagliapietra
Siebel	Serrin

A matinee will be given Wednesday—*Bohemian Girl*—at popular prices. Tagliapietra in his grand *role* of "Rigoletti" Wednesday night.

BUSINESS FAILURE.

The Bluff City Distilling Company Make an Assignment.

Available Assets Placed at $12,075—Liabilities Over $15,000.

The Bluff City Distilling Company failed yesterday and recorded an assignment making William Buxbaum assignee. The assets, consisting of wines and liquors, an iron safe and other furniture, are valued at $4075, besides accounts amounting to $17,821, 25, of which latter sum only $8000 are collectable. The total assets are therefore $12,075. The following list of creditors is given:

Tully & Eaton	$ 2,363 30
William Meda	1,022 02
Liebenhauer, Myerfeld & Co	853 33
H. H. Schufeldt & Co	3,355 50
Fisher, Parker & Co	3,377 30
Isador Rash & Co	167 23
Charles A. Baylor	321 80
Bank of Commerce	700 00
Isaac Reis	1,286 27
E. J. Bochin & Co	327 00
Mehalovitch, Fletcher & Co	339 07
Strauss, Sons & Co	569 04
L. E. Miller	200 00
Venable & Heyman	60 50
Hirshorn & Bendheim	356 80
Bernard Peres	370 48
Total	$15,533 73

THE SNOW

The Heaviest Known in Memphis for Years—Partial Blockade.

A snow-storm set in late Sunday night and continued steadily until 3 o'clock yesterday. The flakes were fine but fell thick and fast, and as the ground was frozen hard, every particle remained on the ground. It was about ten inches in depth at midnight. Numerous sleighs were out during the day and night, though but few other vehicles were seen except coal carts, which were numerous. Street passengers walked single file in a broken track, and few were out who were not obliged to go. Business was almost at a standstill, the only stores doing any business to amount being those selling boots, those in which overshoes were sold.

The trains were all from two to six hours late, one or two of the accommodation trains failing to come at all.

On the Charleston road a train arrived at 4 o'clock yesterday evening, having been five hours in making a run of twenty-five miles. An engine had to be sent out at last to the Vance street station to pull it in to the depot. On the other lines much the same difficulty was experienced. The streetcars stopped before noon, and those who managed to all were obliged to foot it. Steam-pipes in numerous places burst the moment the weather began to moderate, and though all nature appeared lovely, everything was very far from being so.

SHOOTING ON THE RIVER.

An Employe of the Steamer Chouteau Plugs His Man.

At about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, as the steamer Chouteau was rounding to at the landing, a roustabout named Jim Lee was shot by a pistol. Campbell's story is that when Lee struck him with the snowball he abused him for doing it, and Lee cursed him in return. Hot words passed on both sides, and Lee reached for his pistol. Campbell also drew his, and both fired at almost the same instant. Three or four shots were exchanged. Campbell was unhurt, but Lee was badly wounded in the breast. Capt. Hackett was on the scene in a short while after the boat landed and took Campbell into custody. He has a good reputation, and displayed a letter from Jas. T. Stokes, a merchant of Sunnywild, addressed to Capt. Thorwegan, in which Mr. Stokes stated that Campbell was a young man of good moral character and was anxious to learn the river. He was, on the strength of that letter, given a position by Capt. Thorwegan. The result of Lee's injuries is unknown at this writing.

THE CLEARINGHOUSES.

Reports from Twenty-Seven Leading Cities Herein.

BOSTON, January 7.—The *Post* says: The following table, compiled from special dispatches to the *Post* from the managers of twenty-seven leading clearinghouses in the United States, gives the clearances for the week ending with Saturday, with the percentage in increase and decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1882:

New York, $775,848,096; decrease, 4.0.
Boston, $78,000,000; decrease, 1.5.
Philadelphia, $54,067,344; increase, 7.8.
Chicago, $84,000,000; decrease, 4.0.
St. Louis, $16,528,000; decrease, 4.7.
New Orleans, $13,701,677; decrease, 14.4.
San Francisco, $18,000,000; decrease, 15.9.
Baltimore, $13,874,204; decrease, 9.8.
Cincinnati, $13,000,000; decrease, 1.
Pittsburg, $10,225,785; increase, 8.3.
Louisville, $4,000,000; decrease, 20.
Providence, $5,013,600; decrease, 0.1.
Milwaukee, $3,000,000; decrease, 2.
Kansas City, $2,343,611; increase, 2.4.
Detroit, $2,804,440.
Cleveland, $3,000,000; decrease, 6.5.
Memphis, $1,540,215; decrease, 0.2.
Indianapolis, $2,000,000; decrease, 18.3.
Hartford, $2,732,241; decrease, 15.5.
Peoria, $2,000,000; decrease, 29.5.
New Haven, $1,252,426; decrease, 9.5.
Portland, $761,411; decrease 18.9.
Worcester, $2,252,000; decrease, 6.9.
Springfield, $928,008; increase, 16.2.
Lowell, $1,000,000; decrease, 8.6.
Syracuse, $685,888; increase, 11.8.
Total, $1,031,846,086; decrease, 3.9.
Outside of New York, $258,063,670; decrease, 3.3.

DEATHS FROM FREEZING.

Two Drunken Men Go to Sleep Never to Awake.

PITTSBURG, PA., January 7.—James Moriarity, while intoxicated to-day, went to sleep in Skunk Hollow and was frozen to death. The body was taken home, where his wife was found hopelessly drunk and almost dead from cold. Restoratives were given her, but she died in a precarious condition, and will probably die.

Intelligence from Monroeville, this county, reports the death by freezing of Richard H. Grady, whose body was found this morning in the stable of his uncle. Beatty a few years ago came into an estate of $30,000, but being of dissolute habits soon squandered his fortune, and at the time of his death was penniless.

THE OHIO SENATORSHIP.

The Payne Men Confident, and Say They Will Carry Everything on the First Ballot.

COLUMBUS, January 7.—The Senatorial caucus, to nominate a candidate to succeed Senator Pendleton, will be held tomorrow evening. Several delegations arrived to-night from different parts of the State, and the contest will be quite lively. Senator Pendleton, in answer to an inquiry as to the chances, said the question could not be answered, as no man could do so without making a mistake; could tell more about it after the caucus. Payne and Hoadly would not exchange chances with any other candidate; believed he would be nominated. The Payne men are confident, and claim an easy victory on the first ballot.

A BROKEN RAIL

Causes a Wreck by Which Twenty Persons are Injured.

LINCOLN, NEB., January 7.—A broken rail on the Omaha and Republican Valley railroad, near Valparaiso, threw an entire train, except the engine, down a five-foot bank. Six persons were seriously injured. Mrs. Day Mills, Marshalltown, Ia., internal; Mrs. Mary Bushnell, Dond City, Neb., face, head and hand; the Rev. J. F. Osborne, Fremont, Neb., thigh broken; A. W. Smith, Dakota, thigh; John Hammel, Brainerd, Neb., foot crushed. Three children of Mrs. Mills were also injured. Fourteen others are more or less hurt.

LUNDBORG'S Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.

Found Dead in Bed.

ROCHESTER, January 7.—Benson Hawkins, an old and well-to-do farmer, living alone in South Brighton, was found dead in his bed with his head and face horribly mutilated. Robbery was the motive of the murderer. A man named Francis was arrested.

British Imports and Exports.

LONDON, January 7.—During December imports decreased compared with December last, £1,498,000. Exports increased £709,500.

We feel assured that our friends will thank us for bringing before their notice articles which have no superior among the many that fill our market. We refer to the celebrated Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts. We have used them, and can recommend them as the best article in domestic use.

WARMING UP.

The Backbone of the Cold Spell Broken, and Thermometers Once More on the Up Grade.

Snow-Storms at Nashville, Little Rock and Chicago—The River Frozen at Petersburg, Va.

CINCINNATI, January 7.—The weather is decidedly warmer. The thermometer was 12° above zero at noon, and cloudy.

The Coldest Weather in 135 Years.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 7.—The thermometer at 4 o'clock Sunday morning registered 13°, the coldest weather in 135 years.

The Mercury Rising at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, January 7.—The mercury is 14° above zero this evening. Trains run to-day.

Four Inches of Snow at Little Rock.

LITTLE ROCK, January 7.—Four inches of snow, the first of the season, fell here this morning.

The River Frozen at Petersburg, Va.

PETERSBURG, VA., January 7.—The thermometer Saturday night, in exposed places, registered 5° below. The river is frozen and navigation impeded.

Hail and Snow at Shreveport.

SHREVEPORT, LA., January 7. — The weather yesterday was the coldest for several years. There was a heavy hail-storm last night, followed by a snow covering the ground.

Heavy Snow-Storm at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, January 7. — During the present cold spell the temperature was lower than for fifty years, one day excepted. It has moderated greatly, and a heavy snow has been falling since nearly forenoon. Six inches has fallen.

Very Cold at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., January 7.—The weather is very cold. The thermometer, on Friday and Saturday, was at zero. The poor suffered great hardships. Some citizens, in response to an appeal made by the *Constitution*, provided 100 women and children with fuel and provisions.

Signs of Snow at Chicago.

CHICAGO, January 7.—The weather has moderated very materially the past twelve hours, and at 11 o'clock this forenoon was 4° above zero, with signs of snow.

Later.—The temperature has greatly moderated, and snow began falling at midnight.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Nashville, January 7.—John Williams, shot by Officer Roberts while attacking him and resisting arrest, died to-day.

Columbus, Ga., January 7.—The store and warehouse of Kenyon & Hill, at Salem, Ala., burned, together with 200 bales of cotton. Loss, $33,000; insurance, $27,000.

Nashville, January 7.—Charles and Alex Diamond, colored, were arrested to-day for "slugging" Mr. Jonard, messenger of the First National Bank, two weeks ago, and identified by him.

SOUR stomach and constipation of the bowels cured by Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine.

MARRIED.

THOMPSON—KELLY—At Lagrange, Ark., at the residence of Mr. Thomas Foster, January 2, 1884, Mr. T. L. THOMPSON and Miss KATE KELLY. They left on the first train for Iuka, Miss.

DIED.

WELLS—On Sunday, January 6, 1884, at 2:30 o'clock, P.M., DUDLEY EDMOND, aged twenty-one years, son of S. A. and M. L. Wells.

Funeral will take place from residence, No. 47 Lee street, this (TUESDAY) morning at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

MILLS—On January 7, 1884, HOWARD MILLS, of pneumonia.

Funeral will take place this (TUESDAY) morning at 10 o'clock, from the residence of John Larkin, No. 59 Second street. Friends are invited to attend.

KING—At Pope Station, Miss., January 6, 1884, M. G. KING, aged sixty-odd years ten months and three days.

Funeral this (TUESDAY) morning at 10 o'clock from Central Methodist Church. Friends are invited to attend.

CLARIDGE—At the residence of her son-in-law, N. J. Jones, No. 381 Jackson street, Friday, January 4, 1884, Mrs. ELIZABETH M. CLARIDGE, in the seventy-sixth year of her age.

Funeral from residence this (TUESDAY) morning at 10 o'clock.

STEWART—Sunday, January 6, 1884, at No. 106 Monroe street, Mrs. SALLIE A. STEWART, consort of the late M. D. L. Stewart.

STULLA—At Indianapolis, Ind., Sunday, January 6, 1884, JOHN STULLA, in the fortieth year of his age.

DIVIDEND NOTICE!

OFFICE PLANTERS INS. CO.,
MEMPHIS, January 2, 1884.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual

Cash Dividend of Six (6) Per Cent.

was declared, payable on demand.

G. D. RAINE, Secretary.

CONSTANTINE LODGE, No. 23, K. OF P.—The members of this Order are hereby notified to assemble at their Castle Hall, this (TUESDAY) night, Jan. 8th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, for installation of officers and work in the First Rank. Sister lodges fraternally invited.

By order JOB MANCINI, C.C.
GEO. MAYLEY, K. R. and S.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms are indicative of derangement—**Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, Fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Acrid eructations, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a cathartic. Dr. TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; they cause all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a healthy body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural stools. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 41 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

Notice to Contractors

State of Mississippi, Cuahoma county—Board of Supervisors, special December Term, 1883.

William Dixon, a negro old man, who lived four miles from here, died last Saturday. He was considered a useful and upright citizen, and was noted for his industry. He leaves a family, the members of which are mostly grown.

IN compliance with an order made at the above stated term, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for the repairing of what is known as the Thompson and Gordon breaks in the Mississippi river levee in aforesaid county. Bonds to accompany bids, and to be entered on or before the first Monday in January, 1884.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

R. N. HARRIS, Clerk.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 5642—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, for its own use, etc., vs. Sarah Sadie Ware et al.

It appearing from bill, which is sworn to in this cause that the defendants, Frances A. Tozer and husband, C. C. Tozer, and Amelia Rodgers, are residents of the State of Arkansas; that Elias T. Wilkerson and husband, T. W. Wilkerson, are residents of the State of Mississippi; that John Hopkins, Abner Hopkins and Emma Hopkins are residents of the State of Missouri, that all non-residents of the State of Tennessee; that the names and place of residence of the heirs of W. L. Van Dyke and G. W. Nelson and of J. R. S. Gilliland are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry, and are made defendants to this bill to enforce tax liens on account of their interest in lot 2, block 28, north side Talbot street; lot 6, block 39, Causey street; part of country lots 692 and 693, Jefferson street, all in the city of Memphis. And it further appearing from the sheriff's return that J. H. Harrison is not to be found in his county.

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in February, 1884, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill and petition filed herein; and that this order be published once a week for three consec