THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1884. VOL. XLIV—NO. 171

APPEAL SPECIALS.

Lively Time in the Republican Convention at Hernando, Miss.—Chalmers Declares Himself.

He Will Support Blaine and Logan, but Agrees With the Greenbackers as to the Currency.

Rousing Cleveland and Hendricks Meeting at Oxford, Miss.—Barry for Congress.

OXFORD, MISS.

A Rousing Cleveland and Hendricks Ratification Meeting.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

OXFORD, July 15.—There was an enthusiastic ratification of Cleveland and Hendricks last night, booming of cannon, big speaking and music. Victory is ours.

JACKSON, MISS.

Final Adjournment of the Circuit Court After a Session of Several Weeks.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

JACKSON, MISS., July 15.—The Circuit Court of this district, which has been in session some weeks past, adjourned finally to-day. There were fifty convictions, forty-two for misdemeanors and eight for felonies. The Hon. H. C. Conn, of Copiah, the district attorney *pro tem.*, discharged the duties of the office with credit and ability. Mr. Wiley H. Porter, the efficient clerk, and his competent deputy, W. J. Brown, jr., gave great satisfaction for proficiency and politeness in the conduct of the onerous and intricate duties of the office.

WEST POINT, MISS.

Barry Unanimously Indorsed by the Webster County Democracy.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

WEST POINT, MISS., July 15.—The following good news was received late yesterday evening from Cumberland, Miss.: The Hon. F. G. Barry was unanimously elected as the Democratic nominee of Webster county to represent the Fourth Congressional District in the Forty-ninth Congress. Choctaw, Winston and Kemper will follow suit on the 19th instant, with flattering prospects of Calhoun, Grenada and Yalabusha doing likewise. Colonel's friends are anxious that his nomination be made unanimously, and it is hoped the convention to assemble at Grenada on the 29th instant will pay him that compliment he so richly deserves. Private John Allen and his delegation passed through the city last evening, *en route* to the convention to assemble at Columbus to-day. His nomination is almost sure. Three cheers for our Fred Barry and Private John Allen.

HERNANDO, MISS.

D. E. Johnson, of Panola, Nominated for Congress by the Republicans.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

HERNANDO, July 15.—The Republican Convention nominated D. E. Johnson, of Panola county, for Congress. The Independents indorsed J. R. Chalmers and R. D. Leake, secretary of the Republican Committee.

Another Account.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

HERNANDO, MISS., July 15.—The Republican Convention called to meet at this place to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate to the Forty-ninth Congress convened at 11 o'clock. The two elements present were Chalmers and anti-Chalmers. The Chalmers men were the white members, headed by George M. Buchanan, of Holly Springs. The other faction consisted of negro delegates from Desoto, Panola, Tate and other counties. The war between the two resulted in the bolting of the anti-Chalmers men and the nomination by them of Dan Johnson, a negro school teacher of Panola county, as the candidate of the Republican party in this districts After the bolt of this faction the Chalmers delegates proceeded to pass resolutions, first declaring it to be the sense of the convention that no candidate for the Forty-ninth Congress be nominated by the Republican party in this district; second, that the convention heartily condemned the action of the State officials of Mississippi in their attempts to defraud Gen. Chalmers of his seat in the last Congress; third, that that the Chair appoint a committee to wait on Gen. J. R. Chalmers, and request him to address the meeting.

The committee was appointed, retired and soon reappeared accompanied by Gen. Chalmers, who walked arm-in-arm with a white delegate on one side and a negro on the other. They made quite a touching picture as they walked down the court-room aisle, representing very nicely the three elements with which the Democrats of this district have to contend in the coming election—namely, the negro Republican, the white Republican or Greenbacker, and the Independent Democrat or office-seeker. Gen. Chalmers made a short speech, which was, in substance, that he agreed with the Republican party on the tariff question, and with the Greenbackers on the currency question; was opposed to the Democratic nominees for the Presidency, and would support and vote for the Republican nominees, Blaine and Logan, on both of whom he pronounced high eulogies. The fight between the Chalmers and the anti-Chalmers factions of the Republican party in the convention was very bitter, and required the interference of the sheriff to prevent violence.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Panic in the Criminal Court—Attack on Attorney-General Washington.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

NASHVILLE, July 15.—John C. Shoffner, a witness in the case of the State vs. Meyer Moskovitz, and Zeke White, charged with killing Meyer Friedman, charged Mr. Moses R. Priest, counsel for Moskovitz, with trying to bribe a witness. This occurred Monday. In examining another witness yesterday Attorney-General Washington asked him if anyone had offered to bribe him to testify against the state. Priest jumped to his feet and said: "I'm a base lie, your honor!" and aimed a blow at the attorney-general. This was caught by Detective Porter, who separated the combatants trying to get at each other. The scene created a panic in court, the lawyers running from behind the bar and the lookers-on scattering in every direction. Judge Allen made splinters fly out of his gavel getting order. He fined Moss Priest $10 and sent him to jail for two days for contempt of court, but later in the evening remitted the fine and imprisonment at the instance of many prominent members of the bar. Priest, on being released, apologized to the court. Another scene is expected today. The Moskovitz case is exciting the greatest interest here. The blood and heart-incrusted hatchet put in as evidence were exhibited in the case to-day. Two witnesses proved where Moskovitz had it sharpened two days before the murder. Moskovitz almost fainted on hearing it.

A grand Democratic rally was held in Masonic Theater here to-night. A Cleveland and Hendricks and Bate Central Campaign Club was formed. Twelve hundred well known Democrats signed the roll. Speeches were made by the Hon. Joseph E. Washington, A. J. Caldwell, Col. A. S. Colyar, Capt. T. L. Dodd, Mr. George S. Vinney and others. Mr. George S. Vinney was elected chairman of the club.

COVINGTON, TENN.

Tipton County Educational Association—The Hot Weather—Politics.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE APPEAL.]

COVINGTON, July 15.—The hot weather seems to almost intolerable. Mercury up in the nineties.

There has been some local showers in the last week. Crops look well. We are needing rain at this time. The thunder can be heard in the land. Oats have plenty of wheat, and are ready to put it to market every day. Price 90 cents per bushel.

Tipton County Educational Association will have a competitive examination on the 15th of August; prizes as follows: First prize, $250; second prize, $50; third prize, $50. No graduate of any college will be allowed to compete. All persons living in Tipton county of Tentonic or Anglo-Saxon descent, between the ages of fifteen and twenty-one will be at liberty to enter the ring.

The reunion of the ex-Confederate soldiers of Tipton county will meet at Brighton on the 6th of August. There will be some fine speaking. Ample provisions will be made to feed the crowd. There will be music by some band, and all ex-Confederates in adjoining counties are invited.

The boys are nearly all in from Chicago full of Democracy. Some say that Cleveland and Hendricks will carry all the doubtful States, and probably Iowa. There is unbounded enthusiasm over the ticket. The Republicans say that Blaine can defeat the Democratic nominees; but, nevertheless, a close observer can see that intelligent Republicans regard Cleveland as a strong man. In fact, the Republicans have looked billows for the last five days, but it may be on account of the hot weather. So I will close by saying, hurrah for Cleveland! ERASMUS.

SPORTING NEWS.

Monmouth Park Races.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The runners at the Monmouth Park races to-day were Barnes, Cricket, Little Minch, Euclid, Hartford and Marshal.

The Meadville Regatta.

MEADVILLE, PA., July 15.—The preliminary heats on the Conneaut lake regatta were witnessed by fully 30,000 people. The weather was all that could be desired, but a slight breeze made the water rough.

Inauguration of the Grand Circuit Trotting Races at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 15.—The summer trotting meeting of the Grand Circuit was inaugurated here to-day at Homeward by the Pittsburg Driving Park Association. The weather was clear and pleasant and the attendance good. The rating was spirited, but without special features.

The Recent Chicago Running Meeting.

CHICAGO, July 15.—At the running meeting at Washington Park, which closed Saturday, the total won in stakes and purses was $91,000, a larger sum than ever before given at any meeting of the same length in this country. The stakes aggregate $64,000. The most valuable were the American Derby, $10,700; Washington Park cup, $6600; Hyde Park stakes, Great Western handicap, and Sheridan stakes, $5000 each. The leading winning owners were Ed Corrigan, $25,000; E. J. Baldwin, $10,000; E. J. McElwee, $7000; Hayden & Co., $6000; R. C. Pate, $6000; and Sam Bryant, $4000.

Last Day of the Chicago Summer Trotting Meeting.

CHICAGO, July 15.—This was the ninth and closing day of the Chicago Driving Park summer trotting meeting. The events on the card for the day were the conclusion of the 2:27 race, in which six heats were trotted yesterday, and the race open to all trotters. The weather was cool and cloudy, with a light breeze; the track was fast. Unfortunately, the attendance was limited, as one of the most sensational performances of the year was witnessed. On the last day of August, 1876, at Hartford, Smuggler trotted a mile in 2:15¼, and from that time to this that figure has stood as the best record for stallions, and for years all the great trotting stallions have been shooting at this mark, and their fame and value have gone up in the ratio of their approach to it. Last season Phyllis trotted in 2:15¼, and it was admitted to be but a question of time when he would obliterate Smuggler's performance. That time came today, when this greatson of Dictator and Betsy Trallwood trotted a full mile in 2:13¾, in the fourth heat, after having won the two preceding heats in very fast time, thus beating Smuggler's record one and a half seconds. This is not only the fastest stallion time, but the fastest fourth heat ever trotted by any animal. The first quarter was trotted in 33¾ seconds, the one-half in 1:07¾, and the three-quarters in 1:40¾. The first and second quarters were trotted at a 2:15 gait, the third at a rate of 2:12 and the last quarter at a rate of 2:13.

First Race.—2:27 class, unfinished yesterday. Adelaide, 4, 4, 1, 2, 2, 1; Frank Landers, 0, 1, 5, 1, 3, 4, 2; Prince, 5, 2, 3, 1, 3, 3; Lynwood, 0, 3, 2, 4, 5, 2, 4; Sully Boy, 3, 5, 4, 5, 4, ruled out; Mayblird, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, ruled out. Time—2:21, 2:18¾, 2:20¾, 2:20¼, 2:21¼, 2:24¾, 2:21.

Second Race.—The free-for-all trotters brought out four animals, whose binding in all respects is gilt-edged—Phallas, by Dictator, dam Betsy Trottwood; Fanny Witherspoon, by Almont, dam Lizzie Witherspoon; Catchfly, by Administrator, dam Cachuca, and Clemmie G., by Magic, dam Biped. In the light of the past performances and of the result of the race, it is difficult to understand why the backers of the notoriously unreliable though undeniably fast mare, Catchfly, should have made her such a strong favorite before the opening of the race that she sold two to one against the field. Summary: J. I. Case's Phallas, 4, 1, 1, 1; R. P. Pepper's Catchfly, 1, 4, 4, 4; G. W. Sayre's Fanny Witherspoon, 2, 2, 2; D. W. Woodward's Clemmie G., 3, 3, 3. Time—2:19¾, 2:18¾, 2:18¾, 2:18¾.

Baseball.

TOLEDO, July 15.—Toledos, 7; Athletics, 10.

DETROIT, July 15.—Chicagos, 0; Detroits, 14.

BOSTON, July 15.—Providences, 3; Bostons, 4.

ST. LOUIS, July 15.—Brooklyns, 0; St. Louis, 6.

CLEVELAND, July 15.—Buffalos, 2; Clevelands, 1.

COLUMBUS, July 15.—Columbus, 1; Washingtons, 2.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Cincinnatis, 0; Baltimores, 2.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—New Yorks, 4; Philadelphias, 3.

"To Do Good and Distribute—Forget Not!"

In the fierce heat of noon-tide, at New Orleans, La., on the 10th day of June, as usual, Gens. G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana, and Jubal A. Early, of Virginia, met to aid the most meritorious institution of the ancient "Charity Hospital"—by giving away at the Grand Golden Drawing (the 169th monthly) of the Louisiana State Lottery. The wheel whirled around and scattered over half a million dollars right and left. Without particularizing too many of the winners to become tedious we report that ticket No. 86,440 drew the first capital prize of $150,000 (it was sold in halves, one of which fell in a lucky New York office who has not allowed his share to be used. Ticket No. 53,776 drew the second capital of $30,000, one-half of which was held by S. M. Rothschild, a merchant of No. 232 Church street, New York City. Ticket No. 27,870 drew the third capital of $20,000; it was sold in tenths, one to Mr. D. Geo. Benkofs, a well-known citizen of Philadelphia, Pa.; another to Mr. Chas. Clarke, of the same city; another to A. F. Ballaiu, collected through Ellis, Ferger & Co.'s Bank of San Francisco, Cal.; another to Phil. G. Gruber, Milwaukee, Wis. Nos. 11,181 and 41,300 drew the fourth capital of $10,000 each; sold in fractions, one-fifth to Wm. Boyd, No. 3122 School street, St. Louis, Mo.; Nos. 17,252, 66,114, 73,860, 89,651, drew $5000 each, and so it went on. The next drawing (171st) will occur on Tuesday, August 12th, of which full information can be had from M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. Two hundred and sixty five thousand five hundred dollars will be scattered to holders of tickets costing $5 each. Do not delay the opportunity.

Important Decision.

CHICAGO, July 15.—In the Circuit Court to-day Judge Tully decided that those who were stockholders in the Republic Life Insurance Company of Chicago at the time of its failure are individually liable to the full amount of their stock, notwithstanding the resolution adopted at the annual meeting of the stockholders in 1873, authorizing holders of the stock to surrender certificates on which twenty per cent. had been paid and receive in their place paid-up certificates. The judge holds that the action of the meeting was a fraud on the creditors, and invalid as to the stockholders. This was the case in which Ward, the receiver of the bankrupted company, in order to provide for $900,000 of the policy holders, entered suit against the stockholders for proxies for the occasion, and they do not feel like going back on their action now.

LUNDBORG'S Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley

Prohibition in Iowa.

MARSHALLTOWN, July 15.—A woman who kept a saloon here before the prohibitory law went into effect began selling beer again Saturday. The temperance people caused her arrest. She gave bond and continued to sell. The sheriff attempted to arrest her to-day, when she drew two revolvers and dared him. He procured assistance, and after a turbulent scene, in which a mob came to the woman's assistance and flourished revolvers, she was arrested. A crowd surrounded the jail and threatened to tear it down. When released on bail she was triumphantly carried through the streets by the yelling populace. Her action is at the instance of the Marshall Brewery, which proposes to make a test case.

DURING this season of warm weather there is nothing so invigorating as a cup of good tea. Try Dean's Mixed.

CLEVELAND.

His Record as Governor of New York a Good One—The Truth as to Certain Labor Bills He Declined to Sign—His Course Systematically Misrepresented by His Enemies.

He is Neither a Friend to Monopolies, Nor is He Hostile to the Catholics.

Albany correspondence of the New York *Herald*, 11th: Gov. Cleveland has been in Albany, with the exception, probably, of three or four weeks, ever since he took the executive oath in the Senate chamber, on a clear, cold January day of 1883. Since that eventful period he has been a working Governor in every sense of the term. He generally rises at 7 o'clock in the morning, breakfasts soon after and then goes to the capitol. There he remains until 1:30 o'clock. Next he goes to lunch, which occupies about one hour, and then back to his office, where he remains until 6 o'clock. Dinner is taken at that time. At 8 o'clock he may be again found in the Executive chamber. During Legislative sessions he sometimes remained at work until 2 o'clock in the morning. This incessant labor has left its marks upon the Governor. He is certainly robust and vigorous to-day, but he needs rest, and, as I am informed, proposes to take it for two or three weeks in a short time. He has just recovered from a slight attack of rheumatism and physical prostration. But when your correspondent called upon him to-day he presented the appearance of a man thoroughly reinvigorated—one who had passed through most arduous labors for several months, weakening but temporarily, however, a naturally giant constitution.

THE SITUATION DISCUSSED.

It was exceedingly difficult for your correspondent to induce the Governor to discuss the convention and its results. He fought shy of all leading questions. His reticence was, of course, natural under the peculiar circumstances of the position now occupied by him as the candidate of the Democratic party for President of the United States. However, the Governor answered some questions in his usual frank way.

"The nomination comes somewhat unexpectedly to you, does it not, Governor—at least, it was not expected until within the past few days?" remarked your correspondent.

"I can say that the nomination came to me unsought," was the quiet response.

"I suppose you have carefully watched the proceedings of the convention?"

"No, I have not, but I have been informed by those about me of the progress made. I have been much gratified by the manly and dignified course taken by those friends in Chicago who seemed to have believed my nomination the best, but have been not a little surprised at the position taken by those who thought otherwise. If there are weak points in the records of any man they should, of course, be developed and investigated before he is taken up as the candidate of a great party. But to say that I have ever failed to embrace every opportunity offered me to elevate the condition and subserve the real interests of the workingman and to protect him in all his rights is false. This, however, is but evidence of the readiness of some persons to make careless statements when engaged in a struggle, and of others to accept such statements as facts instead of ascertaining the truth from the record. Understand me; I do not profess to be infallible on this or any other question, but I do claim that no sincere and honest workingman can examine my record and find from it anything which tends to show a lack of sympathy with and care for the true interests of those who labor. I am sometimes afraid that at least a few of those who pose as friends of the workingmen do not keep themselves fully informed as to what is done for them by way of legislation. As an illustration I see it stated in the papers as coming from one who professes to be especially the friend of the workingmen, and claiming to be a leader among them, that I vetoed a bill preventing contract labor by children in the reformatories and institutions of the State. In point of fact, this bill was promptly signed by me, and no other measure touching this question has been presented to me."

MALIGNED AND MISREPRESENTED.

"Your course, then, on matters of legislation as affecting the interests of labor, has been severely criticised by your enemies."

"Misrepresented is the word," emphatically remarked the Governor. "False records of a general character have been circulated. A simple one-year examination of these falsehoods must dispel them and clearly enlighten the public as to their character. The record of this office is an open one, and upon this record we must stand."

A crowd of visitors here entered and interrupted any further conversation.

In talking subsequently with some of the Governor's friends who stood in a corner of the Executive chamber your correspondent obtained some important information as to the real merits of the pretended labor bills which failed to become laws. One was the mechanics' lien bill. On a careful examination of this measure it is clear to anybody that such a law would injure instead of benefit the workingman.

It was totally impracticable and loaded down with provisions which would defeat a very ends it sought to accomplish. It is charged that it was drawn mainly in the interests of a clique of lawyers who aimed at increasing bills of costs in certain cases. The Governor's memorandum, in which fatal objections are noticed, reads as follows: "The bill repeals in distinct terms a number of mechanics' lien laws, including one specially applicable to the city of New York. I notice two features which I think objectionable enough to warrant me in declining to sign it. First, it gives all parties having claims four months after performance of work or furnishing of material to file a lien. Second, "proceedings to enforce the lien shall be the same as in foreclosure cases. This would be onerous and, I think, should not be allowed."

The bill regulating the hours of labor of drivers and conductors of horse cars is also thoroughly understood here as tending to injure instead of benefit the workingman. The Governor's memorandum in rejecting this measure reads:

"It is distinctly class legislation, in that it only applies to conductors and drivers on horse railroads. It does not prohibit the making of a contract for any number of hours you think, and if it does, it is an interference with the employes as well as the employer's rights. If the car drivers and conductors work fewer hours they must receive less pay, and this bill does not prevent that. I cannot think that this bill is in the interest of the workingman."

NOT HOSTILE TO CATHOLICS.

The position of the Governor in striking out the item of appropriation for the Westchester Catholic orphanage, by furnishing some demagogues food for misrepresentation and calumny from a religious standpoint. Such attacks have been effectually disposed of by a dispatch from Mr. Henry F. Hoguet, president of the protectory, a copy of which was shown your correspondent to-night. This dispatch reads: "We never doubted the sincerity of the motive which induced Gov. Cleveland to withhold his signature to the appropriation for the protectory. We thought then, and think now, that he was not actuated by any feeling of bigotry or of hostility to Catholics or Catholic institutions. On the contrary, Gov. Cleveland is liberal in the extreme, and we are of the firm belief that he was led to withholding his approval of the appropriation solely by a sense of public duty as he viewed it."

POLITICAL POINTS.

A Conscientious Editor.

ROCHESTER, July 15.—The Hon. Wm. Russell, editor of the *Union*, was granted leave of absence until after November, at his own request, because he says he "cannot with self-respect to the party, credit to the paper or honor to himself, conduct the *Union* during the present campaign." He has also sent in his resignation as candidate for Presidential elector to Chairman Manning, of the Democratic State Committee.

Republican Headquarters.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee to-day decided to take the Army and Navy Club in connection with the Gilsey House, as headquarters. It will be opened immediately. At the headquarters of the Republican National Committee it was stated that everything was progressing favorably. Documents are being prepared for distribution.

Republican Ratification Meeting at New York.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A Republican mass meeting, called to ratify the nomination of Blaine and Logan, was held this night at the Grand Operahouse, Eighth avenue and Twenty-third street. There was a crowd of several hundred people about the doors as early as 7 o'clock, and in less than five minutes access to the hall was difficult. Every seat was filled and a little later every available foot of space in the vast auditorium was occupied. The stage was tastefully draped with flags and bunting and on either side were huge portraits of the candidates. The audience was enthusiastic from the beginning, and as prominent Republicans who took their places on the platform were recognized they were lustily cheered. Many prominent Republicans were on the stand. Resolutions in favor of protection and strongly indorsing the nominees were adopted, after which there were speeches and the meeting adjourned.

The Great Massachusetts Conundrum.

WORCESTER, MASS., July 15.—Chairman Plympton, a leading Butler manager, arrived from Chicago this morning. He declined to make a definite statement in regard to Butler, and said no man had authority to say what he would do.

Butler Declines to be Interviewed.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Gen. B. F. Butler arrived here this morning, and was interviewed by a *Star* reporter. He positively refused to discuss his attitude or intimate his future course. He said the latter is a subject for consideration, and when he gives it the careful consideration it merits, he will declare himself over his own signature in unmistakable terms. Meantime he pronounces in a wholesale way any and all expressions or declarations purporting to come from him as false.

A Libel Upon Mrs. Hendricks.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 15.—Immediately following the announcement of the nomination of Ex-Senator Hendricks at Chicago statements were sent from this city by special correspondents, in which the wife of the ex-Senator was alleged to have spoken disrespectfully of Gov. Cleveland, and to have said that Mr. Hendricks was placed upon the ticket to give it additional strength. Mr. Hendricks, when spoken to on the subject, stated emphatically that the alleged language was not used by Mrs. Hendricks, and added that there was no truth whatever in that portion of the special dispatches purporting to be a repetition of her words.

A NOBLE CHARITY.

The Work of the New York "Tribune" Fresh Air Fund.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The *Tribune* fresh air fund, organized to send tenement-house children to the country for two weeks, has begun its summer's work. Already ten parties have left the city, and many more are soon to go. The work was started in 1877 by the Rev. Willard Parsons, the present manager. Money is sent to the office of the *Tribune* to defray expenses of the children, who are entertained by the farmers for two weeks without compensation. There are no office expenses or salaries paid, from the fund, and every dollar contributed is used for transportation, which is furnished at a reduction from half-fare rates. The little ones are selected by city missionaries and others, who know the individual needs of every family, and great care is taken to send only those needing a change. Many of the children sent last year have been invited to return this summer, and some have found new homes in the country. Nearly 4500 children enjoyed a fortnight's outing last year, while upward of 3700 spent a day at Coney Island. Two parties were sent off to-day, one of which numbered 521 children.

OHIO COAL MINERS

Indignant at the Presence of Foreign Police Among Them.

COLUMBUS, July 15.—Gov. Hoadly was to-day called upon by a committee of miners from Nelsonville, who protested against the presence of detective police in their midst, and asking that they be removed. Telegrams were also received during the day by the Governor to the same effect. He has replied uniformly that he did not send the police there and had no authority to remove them, except they should interfere with the rights of the citizens. He sent a telegram to the coal operators that they must not block the highways with police. No trouble has been reported from the valley to-day, but the miners are very indignant at the presence of armed men, and some difficulty is anticipated. The miners are setting forth their wrongs and endeavoring in every way to manufacture sentiment in their favor.

LOST AT SEA.

A Schooner with Its Entire Crew Goes to the Bottom.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The *Times* has a story from Philadelphia of the loss of the schooner Deborah A. Driver, from Richmond for Albany, with a cargo of gas coals. The vessel sailed June 17th, with a crew consisting of a captain, captain's mate, steward, and four men before the mast, besides having on board the captain's wife and child and the wife of the steward. On the night of June 29th, during a hurricane which swept the Atlantic coast, a schooner was seen foundered eight miles from Peck's Beach, New Jersey coast. No assistance could be rendered. A diver to-day visited the wreck and made out the name Deborah A. Driver on the stern. Since then the weather has been such he has been unable to make examination, but he saw what he took to be a man tied to her. He thinks the bodies of two women are imbedded in the cabin.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Peabody Hotel.

C. B. GALLOWAY & CO.....PROPRIETORS.
Rates—$2.00 and $3 per day, according to size and location of rooms.

E M Wheeler, Ark
W H Tunney, Ky
W G Morrow, Ill
J C Young, Ky
F W Storey, Mo
R Hill, N Y
J W Purcell, Ky
W C Baird, Iowa
J Bowman, Tex
C H Clark, N Y
M J Taylor, Ga
J W Downs, city
J H Ormbery, city
J A Mathis, Ark
R F Lackey, Tenn
J M Strome, Ark
D M Mason, N Y
W Gaston, Ala
L N King, Ark
M Wheelock, Ark
W J Matthews, Ark
A C Brown, Ky
A Observoyer, Mo
G R Donnell, Ky, Miss
J Bond, Tenn
R B Moody, Mo
W H Mooney, N Y
J J Flynn, Ky
J H Harshan, Ky
F B Hicks, Ky
J R Pendell, Tenn
W T McCracken, Miss
J S Wilford, Tenn
J J Ferguson, Mo
Mrs M Pittman, Tex
J Blanco, Ark
C North, Ark
Mrs R Carter, Tenn
J G Galloway, Ala
W N McNally, Tenn
W J Terrell, Miss
T Dorman, Ky
Mrs E Faleum, Miss
W F Stephens, Tenn
N B Mott, Ark
J E Roswell, Tenn
J M Marfield, Tenn
F M Carter, Tenn

Gaston's Hotel.

European plan. Enlarged and refurnished. Prices according to size and location of rooms.
W. H. BINGHAM.....MANAGER.

Mrs J Wilson, Tenn
R H Bone, Tenn
C Boyle, Miss
J W Hager, N O
M M Pittman, Tex
J C Benford, Tex
J W Little, Ky
J J Mathis, Ark
N F Ulman, Ohio
J W Little, Ky
W B Yankirk, Mo
Wm Orsill, N Y
J A Ivy, Ky
S R Sanford, Tenn
H H Simmons, Tenn
H L Verser, Tenn
J H Barfield, Tenn
Mrs S Mitchell, Tenn
J B Wilson, Miss
W Y Young, Ark
J C Weatherford, Tex
A W Hudson, Tenn
Stanton Plumer, Mo
D Peck, Wis
F Bell, Mo
Jas McBride, La
A Anderson, La
A Smith, Pasco
J F Williams, N Y
M L Lewis, Va
J C Thomas, Ky
J R Foster, Scottsburg
J W Simmons, Ky
Mrs S McIntosh, Tenn
J Summers, N Y
Miss M Pilmer, La
Miss S White, La.

New Clarendon Hotel.

A. J. KERR, Prop'r.....L. D. HUNT, M'gr.
Rates—$2 and $2 per day.

T A Devine, New York
J H Womack, Tenn
F G Shoot, Ky
J W Merritt, Tex
Ed Elkins, Ky
Robt Townsend, Ill
Wm Jones, Ky
R W Cole, Tenn
W E Anderson, Olympia
J Adams, Springfield
J E Stephens, Plano
J P Foster, Chelsea
W E Smith, Va
M I Bacon, Ohio
Miss Miller, Colorado
Wm White, Ky
A K Sellers, Ky
J K W R W Frazier, Ark
Miss S White, La.

Business Change.

CHICAGO, July 15.—G. R. Newell & Co., of Minneapolis, took charge to-day of the business of J. H. Armsby & Co., of this city, one of the largest firms in the canned goods business, as successors. The firm was embarrassed by the failure last week of J. M. Smith & Co., of St. Paul, and endeavored to take possession of that firm's business, but the local firm's creditors would not permit it. The liabilities of the firm are estimated at $250,000, of which $100,000 is secured. The firm has been rated at $200,000.

Mysterious Shooting Affray.

TAYLOR, TEX., July 15.—Last night at 10 o'clock S. E. Stiles, proprietor of an ice-cream saloon, shot and mortally wounded John G. Morgan, city marshal. Stiles surrendered. He claims that the shooting was done in self-defense. Morgan says Stiles shot without provocation. The whole matter is shrouded in mystery. One of Stiles's brothers is implicated in the difficulty.

Testimonials.

From James F. Harrison, chairman of Faculty, University of Virginia: "Your school is noted for its excellent discipline and thorough educational training."

From Dr. Wm. E. Peters, Prof. Latin, U. Va.: "I do not hesitate to recommend the Kenmore High School as, in every respect, deserving the confidence and patronage of the public."

From Prof. Geo. Fred'k Holmes, U. Va.: "The Kenmore Academy is regarded as among the best of the Virginia schools of high grade."

From Prof. Francis H. Smith, U. Va.: "I regard the Kenmore School as standing deservedly at the head of high schools."

From Prof. Thomas R. Price, now of Columbia College, New York: "I feel certain that the course of teaching at Kenmore is thoroughly solid and effective."

From Col. Chas. S. Venable, Prof. Math., U. Va.: "Mr. Strode's will, energy and ability, with his experience as a successful teacher, qualify him well to make this enterprise a success and a benefit to the State and country."

From the same, later: "The success which Kenmore High School has achieved, and the generalship and training of its pupils who have gone to the University of Virginia, have fully justified the recommendations of this excellent school to the public at its beginning four years ago."

For fuller testimonials and other particulars see catalogue, mailed to all applicants on addressing the principal.

CHOLERA.

The Disease Spreading Throughout France—The Death-List at Toulon and Marseilles.

Over 30,000 Persons Have Fled from the Latter Place Since the Panic Began.

Reports of Cholera at Lyons Denied—Dr. Koch's Opinions—America May Escape.

TOULON, July 15.—Thirteen deaths last night. The disease is increasing in the country.

Cholera Quarantine at Odessa.

ODESSA, July 15.—Two weeks cholera quarantine here against French vessels from the Mediterranean.

The Porte Asked to Co-Operate by Austria.

LONDON, July 15.—Austria has asked the Porte to co-operate in measures to prevent the cholera entering Austria and Turkey.

Strict Quarantine in Portugal.

LISBON, July 15.—Vessels from infected ports are forbidden to land passengers or cargo at any port in Portugal.

The Plague at Toulon.

TOULON, July 15.—Seven deaths from cholera to-day between 10 o'clock a m. and 7 p.m. Among the victims is the chief of police.

Must Have Clean Bills of Health.

LONDON, July 15.—The American consul announces that vessels from Europe must have certified clean bills of health from the American consul at the ports from which they sail, or they will not be allowed to enter American ports.

Report of Cholera at Lyons Denied.

PARIS, July 15.—The report that cholera has made its appearance at Lyons is denied. The Senate passed the credit voted by the Chamber for the relief of cholera sufferers and for the suppression of contagion.

Dr. Koch's Opinion.

Many prominent newspapers in Germany are urging the government to recall Dr. Koch, so that he may be at hand to advise his own people in the hour of peril. Dr. Koch remains firm in his already expressed opinion that the cholera scourge must spread throughout Europe. He says that America, if great vigilance is exercised in quarantine regulations will probably escape, but holds out no hope for countries insulated simply by technical frontier lines. In England great uneasiness is beginning to manifest itself in the large cities because of the negligence of the authorities in taking necessary measures against the plague. It is urged by physicians that the confidence resulting from England's insular position is misplaced.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Puddings, Ices, etc., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

PREPARED BY THE Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. MAKERS OF Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder —AND— Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems, Delicious Hop Yeast. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS. WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

Dividend Notice.

MERCANTILE BANK OF MEMPHIS,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 15, 1884.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank, held this day, a Semi-Annual Cash Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. was declared out of the net earnings of the past six months, payable on demand.

C. H. RAINE, Cashier.

HATHORN WATER

Flows from the Maximum Mineral Fountain of Saratoga Springs, and is, in the opinion of the most eminent medical men, Nature's Sovereign Cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Inactive Conditions of the Kidneys, and a most salutary alterative in rheumatism and gout. With ladies, gentlemen and convivants everywhere, it has become the standard of dietary expedients, fortifying the digestive functions and enabling the liver to indulge with impunity at table. The world of wealth, intelligence and refinement testifies to its sparkling, naturally pure and delightful qualities as the beverage incomparable, and accredit it with being the purest and sprightliest water of all springs, which health and exuberant spirits. **Hathorn Spring Water** is sold only in glass bottles; four dozen quart bottles packed in a case. It may be obtained at all hotels, and of druggists, wine merchants and grocers everywhere.

Apollinaris

NATURAL MINERAL WATER

"Issues from a spring deeply embedded in a rock, and is therefore of ABSOLUTE ORGANIC PURITY."

Oscar Liebreich,
Regius Professor, University of Berlin.

"The only water safe for the traveller to drink is a NATURAL MINERAL WATER."

Sir Henry Thompson, F.R.C.S. Lond. England.

ANNUAL SALE, 10 MILLIONS.

Of all Grocers, Druggists, & Min. Wat. Dealers.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 14, 1884.

MR. J. H. MARTIN is this day admitted to a partnership in our Memphis business, to date from July 1, 1884.

HILL, FONTAINE & CO.

The Emperor Louis Napoleon smoked only the finest cigars the world could produce. Fred. Hereford says the Emperor's cigars were made specially for him in Havana from leaf tobacco grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina, the being the finest leaf grown. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is made from the same leaf used by the Emperor's cigars, is absolutely pure and is unquestionably the best tobacco ever offered.

Thackeray's effect daughter, Anne, in her sketch of Alfred Tennyson, in *Harper's Monthly*, tells of her visit to the great poet. She found him smoking Blackwell's Bull Durham Tobacco, sent him by Hon. James Russell Lowell, American Minister to the Court of St. James.

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."
TURNCHERS SMOKING TOBACCO. Clear Hand-rolled to suit all tastes. Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Anderson & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

It Is With Pleasure

We are enabled to announce that our establishment is now running the same as it was before the fire, which occurred the evening of the 8th inst. For the many kind expressions over our misfortune we are grateful. We are now in a position to turn out all orders promptly and in first-class style.

We are also glad to state that we have LEASED the AYRES BLOCK, 276 SECOND STREET, one of the largest and most substantial buildings in Memphis, and will move our Stock and Machinery at an early day. Our facilities will be largely increased, and we assure all that from this time forward no effort or money will be spared to make our establishment one of the most complete of its kind in the country.

Your orders are respectfully solicited for Printing, Blank Books and Lithographing.

W. H. BATES. } S. C. TOOF. } S. C. TOOF & CO.

DON'T BE IMPOSED ON BY THE MANY WORTHLESS IMITATIONS, BUT INSIST ON HAVING BLACKWELL'S DURHAM CIGARETTES AND LONG CUT

These are the ONLY original and GENUINE WITHOUT DRUG AND WITHOUT ADULTERATION OF ANY KIND.

The WORLD-WIDE reputation of these goods has been made SOLELY on MERIT and their high standard will never be reduced.

Smoke these and you will have the BEST.

Look for trade-mark of BULL.

None Genuine without it.

Watch the papers for our large advertisement; different portraits of leading men each time.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878. BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa. Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *