THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1884. VOL. XLIV—NO. 28

THE steamship Naros cleared yesterday at New Orleans for Antwerp with 150,000 bushels of bulk grain, the largest cargo ever taken from that port. So much for the jetties.

THERE is no change in the financial market of Memphis. The demand for money is increasing but the banks confine themselves to their regular customers and are still keeping very close to shore. There has been some improvement in the general market, prompted by the increased receipts of cotton, and the manufacturers are running easy and full handed. On the whole things may be said to be looking up a little. The gloom that has hung over us since May is beginning to disappear. The receipts of cotton since the 1st of September foot up 4405 bales, against 12,378 bales same time last season. The price of middling declined yesterday to nine and five-eighths cents, and tending down against ten and one-eighths cents the same day last season when prices were advancing. The stock of cotton on hand yesterday was 7240 bales, against 4749 bales the same day last week, and against 11,866 bales the same time last season.

BLAINE has been visiting Mrs. Garfield at Cleveland, accompanied by one of the most corrupt gangs of politicians that ever came together for any purpose in this country. The impudence and cheek that prompts this visit can only be adequately measured by recalling the fact that while Garfield lay wounded in the White House Blaine, for the miserable purpose of ingratiating himself with Arthur, called at his own house a meeting of the Cabinet and proposed to his associates to depose Garfield and summon Arthur to Washington to be installed as President—well knowing that, as was declared by some of those who successfully resisted the proposition, the tidings of even the suggestion of it would likely be fatal to Garfield, then wavering between life and death. Nothing so treacherous as this can be found anywhere in the political annals of America. But it is worthy the man who urged Fisher to perjure himself in order that he might escape the consequences of his corrupt sale of his influence and power as the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JETHRO, when he advised Moses as to the government of the children of Israel while yet they were sojourning in the wilderness, said: "Moreover, thou shalt select out of all the people able men, such as fear God, men of truth, hating (their own) gain; and place them over them, as rulers of thousands," etc. Blaine would not have been selected by Moses had he lived in that day. Private gain has been the ruling incentive of his life, and he has been a persistent worshiper of the golden calf. He has sought official place to increase his private gains, and has trafficked in the confidence of the people. He admits this himself in one of his letters to Fisher, in which he said:

1. "No one will ever know from me that I have disposed of a single dollar in Maine."—*J. G. Blaine, Augusta, October 4, 1876.*

2. "The transaction was perfectly open, and there was no more secrecy in regard to it than if you had been buying flour or sugar."—*From draft of letter for Fisher to sign and described in the following words: "The letter is strictly true."—J. G. B., Washington, 16th April, 1876.*

Quoting the words of *Harper's Weekly* in reference to the correspondence of which this is a quotion, "considering all its revelations and implications, its falsifications, its prostitution of official power and influence, its debasing view of public morality and the deep disgrace that it casts upon the American name, it is hard to believe that a public officer who has trafficked in his place as these letters show, and has then besought a friend to perjure himself in order to deceive the country, can be called by the American people to the chair of Washington and Lincoln."

THE venerable ex-president of Yale college, Dr. Woolsey, has written in relation to Blaine one of the most singular letters the Presidential campaign has developed. He says that taking Hoar's defense of him, Blaine cannot have acted dishonorably in the transaction to which Mr. Vernon, his questioner, referred (the Fort Smith bonds). He does not trouble himself to read Blaine's letters which are so many confessions of rascality; he ignores the facts of the Tom Scott transaction, and does not seem to regard the attitude of opposition to Blaine by Carl Schurz, George William Curtis, Fletcher Harper, and hundreds of thousands of Independent Republicans of the highest respectability throughout the country as anything in contrast with the supply that Dawes and Hawley give the Republican nominee. He did not read the interview with and notes from Mrs. Lot Morrill, the widow of the late Senator from Maine, nor the statement made on the best authority that Blaine attempted to secure the consent of the rest of the Garfield Cabinet to the deposition of the then dying President to make place for Arthur, who promptly declined the traitorous proposition. But the surprising part of this letter of Dr. Woolsey's is that in which he says "the character of the President is only one out of several things to be considered." This from a moralist is surprising especially as most people are agreed that it is one of the first and the principal thing, and for that reason they will oppose the election of the man who as Speaker of the House sold his decisions, influence and power in Congressional legislation to a railroad company and for a consideration the receipt whereof he acknowledges.

THE railroad war has broken out afresh in Nashville, and as is always to be looked for when a man discusses the business in which he is an expert, E. B. Stahlman has the best of it. He answers in a letter of several columns in length the statements of Mr. Turley, one of our State Railway Commissioners, and makes that gentleman ridiculous. Mr. Stahlman does not shirk the question of watering stock. He takes hold of it promptly and in the case of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia shows that if the stock has been increased so has the mileage of the road from 242 miles in 1870 to 1123 in 1880. He explains and makes plain the absurdity of Mr. Turley's position on freight rates, and charges, with a tabulated statement to support him, that the commissioners in making their tariff discriminated in favor of Mr. Cherry, the penitentiary lessee, granting him such rates as would prevent anything like successful competition by the other wagon and furniture manufactories of the State. Mr. Stahlman writes convincingly and plainly, and, if his figures are correct, unanswerably. The possible effect of this war upon the present Commissioners is very plain. If it is kept up until the day of election it may have the effect of defeating their reelection and securing the election of the Commissioners nominated by the Republicans. Against our protest it has been renewed from time to time until now there is no hope of peace between the factions, one of them represented by most of the leading Democratic papers of Middle and East Tennessee. We beg to suggest again that the position of the APPEAL in this matter is the true one. It is the duty of all Democrats, regardless of the agreements, to vote the whole Democratic ticket, trusting to the Legislature to frame such a law as will be equitable and just to the railroads and to the people. Discord leads to division and division to separation. The Democratic party of Tennessee, strong as it is, cannot afford to indulge in such a luxury.

ALL FOR CLEVELAND

Enthusiastic Meeting of the New York German Democracy—The Academy of Music

Crowded, and Thousands Unable to Gain Admittance—Speeches by Gen. Sigel,

Oswald Ottendorfer, Joseph Pulitzer and Others—Resolutions Adopted—Political Points.

NEW YORK, September 29.—The Academy of Music was crowded to-night, as were the streets in the vicinity, on the occasion of the German Democrats' mass-meeting. The interior of the building was handsomely decorated, and there was a considerable display of fireworks. Gen. Franz Sigel called the meeting to order. Among the vice-presidents were George Ebret, Henry Clousen, jr.; Phillip E. Bling, John Eichler, Peter Daelger, Henry Bischoff, jr., and Davis G. Yeunling, all of whom spoke. Gen. Franz Sigel presided, and in the opening speech said: "We don't believe in prohibition. We want a Democratic republic. We want to join the ranks of the party which caused the downfall of the Tweed ring and opposed other rings of the same kind. We want not only a change in the highest officials of the administration, but a thorough weeding out of all corrupt office-holders. May the victorious Democratic party, with its glorious allies, act from this standpoint."

Oswald Ottendorfer, editor of the *Staats Zeitung*, was chosen president of the meeting, and was received with cheers. Every mention by Ottendorfer of the names of Cleveland and Hendricks was greeted with cheers. Ottendorfer closed his speech by saying: "In Cleveland you have a man as plain as he is unpretending, a man who hesitates not a moment to show to the door the frauds corruptionists and demagogues as soon as they dare approach him, a man who cannot be induced by personal or political considerations to leave the path which sound common sense has shown him to be the right one, and for these reasons has repelled the worst elements of his party, while Blaine has attracted them; a man perfectly unmoved by the hue and cry raised by Butler and Grady and the rabble generally, and who would undoubtedly decline the Presidency were it to be obtained at the price of concessions to these persons in return for their friendship; hence it was that the declaration of the delegate in the Chicago Convention, Gen. Bragg, of Wisconsin, was applauded to the echo throughout the country, and that everywhere the remark could be heard when he said, 'We love Cleveland most on account of the enemies which he has made,' to this great truth is only to be added, 'and we oppose Blaine most strenuously on account of the friends he has made.'"

Gov. Solomon, of Wisconsin, reviewed the Mulligan letters, and said he believed Blaine to be a thoroughly corrupt man, unworthy the votes or confidence of the people of this country. Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York *World*, in the course of his speech, said the history of the State of Maine is ample proof of what Blaine represents. Why, if the laws passed in Maine with the full aid and consent of James G. Blaine, were still in force to-day, no foreign born citizen would have a vote to cast for him. This enlightened Republican State of Maine has for many years prohibited, and does to-day prohibit, the sale of ale, porter, lager beer and other malt liquors, wines and cider, as well as all distilled spirits, making it a criminal offense, punishable by both fine and imprisonment. I hold that prohibition can have no place in any system of government based on the will of the people and the free consent of the governed. We are guaranteed inalienable rights to life liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Prohibition is repugnant to every idea of popular self-government and American freedom. It is emphatically unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, destructive and subsersive to the very foundations of a true republic, and fraught with danger to its very existence.

Resolutions in the spirit of the speeches were adopted. The preamble said: "Jas. G. Blaine is one of the most fanatical champions of most narrow-minded temperance compulsion and of the political disfranchisement of adopted citizens."

The following telegram from Gov. Cleveland was read: "I regret that I am not able to attend the meeting to-night. I hope it will be as successful as its most enthusiastic promoters expectedsire.

GROVER CLEVELAND."

Mayor Edson also sent his regrets.

Before the meeting adjourned Carl Schurz appeared on the platform. His appearance was the signal for the most enthusiastic and prolonged outburst of applause that has been heard in this city during this campaign. The audience simply went half wild, and shouted and cheered for over three minutes. At length Schurz, after having been called to the footlights, was permitted to say he was weary after his extended trip through the West. He told his hearers he had met with the kindest reception all through the West, and that everywhere he found great enthusiasm for the Democratic ticket. An overflow meeting was held in Irving Hall.

Gov. Hendricks's Engagements.

LOUISVILLE, September 29.—The Hon. T. A. Hendricks will be in this city Tuesday, the guest of the Southern Exposition. Extensive preparations for his reception are being made. Mr. Hendricks will address a political meeting at New Albany, Ind., Tuesday night.

Will Meet at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 29.—Gen. Logan has canceled the Chillicothe, Ohio, engagement for Thursday, and has telegraphed that it is his intention to be here Thursday evening. Mr. Blaine will also be in Cincinnati that evening.

Gov. Cleveland's Visitors.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 29.—Among to-day's callers on Gov. Cleveland were Bishop Gallagher, of Louisiana, accompanied by the Rev. Walter W. Buttershall, of Albany; and J. H. Aldrich, of New York; J. B. Redfield, of Chicago, and James W. Ridgeway, of Brooklyn.

Butler at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 29.—Gen. Butler arrived here from New York this afternoon. He was met at the depot by about 1000 persons. He entered a carriage and was driven to Capitol Park, where he made a brief speech. He denounced monopolies, and expressed the belief that he will be elected.

Tammany's Municipal Nominees.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Tammany Hall made the following nominations to-day: For mayor, Alderman Hugh J. Grant; comptroller, Ex-Congressman P. Henry Dugro; district attorney, Ex-Senator George H. Forster; president Board of Aldermen, Gen. Cochran; coroner, Dr. M. J. B. Missimer; judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Richard L. Larremore, and Joseph P. Daly (renomination) and Hugh L. Cole. All the candidates, especially Alderman Grant, were heartily cheered. John Kelly, in a speech opening the convention, said: "We believed the nomination at Chicago was an unwise one, but Grover Cleveland is the nominee of the Democratic party, and we will not separate from the party we have all known and loved so long. We shall give Cleveland and Hendricks a full, fair and honorable support. A communication from the Executive Committee of the People's party suggesting certain candidates was ignored.

Blaine in Ohio.

ELYRIA, O., September 29.—Several hundred people were in the Lake Shore railroad depot this morning to see Mr. Blaine start. He was loudly cheered as the train moved off.

OBERLIN, O., September 29.—Blaine and party were enthusiastically received here. Mr. Blaine made an address.

SANDUSKY, O., September 29.—At Norwalk, Huron county, Mr. Blaine and party were met by a large body of uniformed clubs and escorted in procession through the town, and to a stand erected in front of the courthouse, ground which were assembled several thousand people. Ex-President Hayes was on the stand and welcomed Mr. Blaine.

Speeches were also made by R. B. Hayes and others.

Four miles further on, at Monroeville, the special car was switched on the Point more and Ohio road for Sandusky. At the station there was another large and enthusiastic crowd, who demanded a speech. Mr. Blaine spoke a few words of acknowledgement, and shook hands with some of the people. Sandusky was reached at a little before 1 o'clock, and the party were driven in carriages to the Courthouse square, where there was a very large crowd. Ex-President Hayes was in the carriage with Mr. Blaine. The Hon. Thos. B. Reed, of Maine, was on the platform.

TOLEDO, O., September 29.—Mr. E. B. King, of Sandusky, introduced Mr. Blaine, who was received with great cheering, and spoke at some length. Almost immediately on Mr. Blaine's arrival at the Boody House he received a friendly call from Chief-Justice Waite, of the Supreme Court of the United States, who was just leaving the city.

A SAD SPECTACLE.

John McCullough, the Actor, Completely Broken Down.

His Failure in the Performance of "The Gladiator," at Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 29.—John McCullough's appearance in *The Gladiator* at McVicker's to-night created the most painful impression. He was manifestly unable to cope with the part and was vigorously hissed in the early scenes, but later a reaction set in, when the cause was seen to be physical weakness, and he was called before the curtain at the close of the play. The *Inter Ocean* to-morrow will say: "Quickly detecting in the initial scenes how evasive of mental grasp were the lines of his part, Mr. McCullough permitted this annoyance to intensify the nervous strain under which he suffered, and from forgetfulness he soon passed to bewilderment. His manner became purposeless, his capabilities for action were entirely suspended, and he moved waveringly, listlessly, helplessly through successive scenes. His vain endeavor to keep his lines in mind becoming more and more painful, and his lamentest unfitness for work more and more apparent, he wandered about the stage, without precision or animation, uttering his speeches in broken, halting undertones, acting like one in a dazed state of mind and nerveless condition of body. His faltering delivery was the result of physical prostration, was a melancholy spectacle to those friends who looked with anxious solicitude upon the increasing relaxation of his powers, but there was no sign to lead to the gross misconception that his condition was due to excesses, and the conduct of that portion of the audience that mistook the tumult of cruel censure was infamous."

THE CLEVELAND FIRES.

Two of the Fire-Bugs Arrested—Sensational Rumors.

CLEVELAND, O., September 29.—Allen Deemer, who operated the Cedar avenue planing-mill which was fired last night, and an employee named Phillip Fischer, were arrested this afternoon charged with setting the place on fire. A warrant was procured by the owner of the property. It is believed some of the fires which lately occurred started by mischievous boys and some others resulted from spontaneous combustion, but in the present state of anxiety the general belief is that an organized band of incendiaries were at work. Sundry sensational rumors, including those of threatening letters being received, have been found baseless.

THE DROUTH IN VIRGINIA.

An Absolute Water Famine Threatened at Petersburg.

PETERSBURG, September 29.—The superintendent of the waterworks to-night authorizes the statement that unless there are copious rains within the next day or so the city cannot be supplied with water from the water works after Friday. One of the reservoirs, however, will be filled before the works shut down and be kept for use in case of fires. The factories in the city are furnished with water from these works for steam purposes. As soon as the water is cut off they will be compelled to close, throwing out of employment several hundred hands.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Assigned.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Richard Anthony Allen, agricultural implements, assigned to Andrew J. Tracy. Preferences, $25,000.

Made a Voluntary Assignment.

CHICAGO, September 29.—The Rounds Type and Press Company made a voluntary assignment to-day. Liabilities, $45,000; assets, $35,000. The branch at Denver, Col., also assigned. The officers of the company are organized by S. P. Rounds, government printer, but he is not now connected with the company.

Tin-Tag Trade Mark.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—P. Lorillard & Co., of New York, entered suit in the Circuit Court to-day against Leggett & Meyers, tobacconists, of this city, for an infringement upon their tin-tag trade mark; also asking for an injunction, and an accounting and transfer of profits made by Leggett & Meyers on their tin-tag tobacco.

The Newcomb-Buchanan Failure.

LOUISVILLE, September 29.—There is little change in the affairs of the Newcomb-Buchanan Company to be reported to-day. The work on the books still continues. The Fidelity Trust Company to-day issued a circular saying as there is no evidence of duplication having been found in the receipts for whisky in the Whitestone distillery, whisky will be delivered at any time on the presentation of proper warehouse receipts.

Panning Out Better Than Expected.

ST. PAUL, September 29.—The receiver has his report on the condition of the Northwestern Car and Manufacturing Company prepared, though not yet filed. It is believed it will make a much better showing than expected. The assets will exceed liabilities to such an extent as to warrant a continuation of business. Senator Sabin is said to be hopeful. He controls a majority of the stock, and the company is likely to resume business under his direction.

Assaulted by a Minister.

WORCESTER, MASS., September 29.—The Rev. Frank B. Sleper, pastor of the Baptist church in Gardner, was arraigned before Judge Field, of that town, this morning on the charge of assault preferred by Mrs. Ellen S. Holt. The offense is alleged to have been committed in June, 1882. Intense excitement prevails in that town on account of the social standing of the parties.

Safe-Blowers Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—James Homer, Frank Homer and James Murray, who have been blowing open and robbing safes along the line of the Wabash railroad, were located at Peru, Ind., yesterday, by the officers of the secret service of the road. A complete set of burglars' tools were found in their possession. They are the same party who blew out the safe of the station house at Denver, Ind., on the 25th instant.

LUNDBORG'S perfume, Edenis.
Lundborg's perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's perfume, Lily of the Valley.

Suspicious of Foul Play.

PEORIA, ILL., September 29.—The body of Mrs. H. A. Sheets was found floating on the river this afternoon, bearing indications of foul play. A warrant is out for the arrest of a man named Tischler, in whose company she was seen on the day of her disappearance.

Louisville Cement.

STANDARD, per barrel, $1.

Foundations, cellar walls and buildings subject to overflow should be constructed with Louisville Cement. It is the Standard

Father!

Your poor wearied wife losing sleep night after night nursing the little one suffering from that night fiend to children, and horror to parents, croup, should have a bottle of Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, an undoubted Croup preventive and cure for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Sold by all druggists at 25c and $1 a bottle.

Settling Price of September Corn at Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 29.—The Settling Committee of the Board of Trade met today and fixed fifty-five cents as the settling price for September corn.

Cleaning and Dyeing.

Ladies' and gents' clothes cleaned or dyed in any color; ostrich feathers, lace curtains, by Louis Riegel, No. 88 Jefferson street. Goods received by express.

APPEAL SPECIALS.

Another One of the Duck Hill Train-Wreckers Captured at Sardis, Miss.

R. W. Haynes Renominated for the Legislature at Jackson, Tenn., on the First Ballot.

Heavy Wind and Rain-Storm in Madison County, Miss.—Nashville Murderer Captured.

CANTON, MISS.

Heavy Wind and Rain-Storm in Madison County.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

CANTON, September 29.—A heavy rain and wind-storm passed over Canton and this portion of Madison county yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, blowing down trees and fences and beating out much cotton.

DUCK HILL, MISS.

Another One of the Train-Wreckers Discovered at Sardis.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

DUCK HILL, September 29.—The marshal of this place is in receipt of a letter from the marshal of Sardis, Miss., saying he has in custody a negro man charged with burglary and believes that he had a hand in the Duck Hill train wrecks, in fact, he has confessed his guilt to a certain extent. The negro formerly lived six miles west of here on the Joe Morris place. The railroad authorities were promptly put in possession of the facts in the case, and have instructed counsel to immediately investigate matters.

News is just received that on Saturday night about 10 o'clock, ten miles east of here, two negro boys, brothers, aged sixteen and nineteen years old, got into a quarrel which resulted in the younger brother disemboweling the other with a pocket knife, causing death.

Mr. T. J. Binfore was elected mayor of this place to-day to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. J. Wolver.

JACKSON, TENN.

R. W. Haynes Renominated for the Legislature.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

JACKSON, September 29.—A delegate convention of the Democrats of Madison county met at the courthouse in this city to-day and renominated, on the first ballot, R. W. Haynes a candidate to represent Madison county in the next Legislature of the State. Mr. Haynes is a son of the late distinguished Landon C. Haynes, of your city. He is one of the leading lawyers of the Jackson bar and a true Democrat, who will no doubt carry the Democratic banner to a glorious victory in November.

M. L. Vesey was elected to-day chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Madison county for the next two years, and A. P. Lusk was elected secretary.

The Senatorial and Floterial Convention will be held here to-morrow.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Match Game of Baseball—Murderer Captured—An Irregular Requisition.

[SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.]

NASHVILLE, September 29.—A match game of baseball was played between the Nashville and Georgetown (Ky.) Clubs at the Fair Grounds here to-day, which was witnessed by 5000 persons. The features were the heavy batting by the visitors the first inning, the fine fielding and excellent record of both clubs. Phinney and Sullivan, the Nashville battery, have played two match games without an error, passed ball or wild pitch. Score by innings:

Georgetown	2 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—4
Nashville	2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—2

Sheriff Moore, of this county, and Policeman Sam Turner to-day arrested Sam Lee, who shot and killed Wm. Warford, on the Clifton pike, near this city, last Friday. They came up on Lee while he was eating his breakfast at Kingston Springs, on the Northwestern railroad, waiting for a train. Lee admitted the killing, but excused it by saying Warford had been intimate with his wife. At the time Lee was arrested he had one of his mulatto stepsons with him. Mrs. Lee is a white woman. In 1874 she claimed that she was raped by a negro named Kelly, who was tried and hung for that offense. She became so frightened lest the negroes should kill her that she lived for many years in a flatboat anchored in the Cumberland river. The negroes claimed that Mrs. Lee submitted to Kelly's embraces for a pair of shoes. Prior to that time she had a mulatto child, the boy captured with Lee.

Sheriff R. M. Warden, of Logan county, Ky., arrived with a requisition from the Governor of Kentucky for the Rev. Henry White, *alias* Washington, colored Baptist preacher, charged with killing Mr. Luke Howard at Whippoorwill Ford, Ky., fifteen months ago. Gov. Hale would not grant a warrant on account of the informality of the requisition. Washington is remanded to jail.

SPORTING NEWS.

Won by Half a Length.

BOSTON, September 29.—Teemer won the boat race at the Point of Pines to-day, defeating Ross by half a length.

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, September 29.—The winners at the races to-day were Miss Daly, Krupp Gun, Delilah, Montauk and Baly.

The Gaudaur-Hosmer Race.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—The race between John Gaudaur, of St. Louis, and George Hosmer, of Boston, three miles with a turn, for $500 a side, which took place at Creve Coeur lake, twenty miles from this city, yesterday afternoon, was won easily by Gaudaur. Over 3000 people witnessed the race.

Baseball Scores.

DETROIT, September 29.—Detroit, 0; Boston, 4.

BUFFALO, September 29.—New York, 10; Buffalo, 5.

PITTSBURG, September 29.—Game called ended at the seventh inning on account of the darkness. Allegheny, 2; Indianapolis, 0.

LAW REPORTS.

Circuit Court—Pierce, Judge.

Calendar for to-day: 7565, Taylor & Carroll vs S. B. Dickens; 7566, W. H. Carroll vs S. B. Dickens; 7608, James Stanley vs J. R. Cook; 7642, Fleischmann, Lite & Co. vs W. E. Saterfield; 7644, J. J. Horner vs W. T. Donaldson; 7655, C. M. Padgett vs A. M. Smith; 7672, Thomas Dugan vs John W. Keel; 7692, Walker Sons & Co. vs G. Baum & Co.; 7697, Rolling, Jones & Co. vs W. T. Donaldson; 7707, Taylor Abernathy vs John Blackwell; 7708, A. J. Shelton vs N. C. Brown; 7719, Harry Hall vs Major Bell; 7721, E. V. Boisseau vs F. W. McKittrick; 7724, A. L. Boothe & Co. vs J. A. Harrison; 7744, W. H. Todd vs W. H. Berkshire & Co.

Criminal Court—Douglass, Judge.

Calendar for to-day: John Miller, J. A. Sheets, Mollie Beckel, Milton Brown and Lizzie Williams.

Memphis, Oxford and Columbus.

In spite of the fact that it is authoritatively announced that the Selma road will not be built further than Holly Springs, and that to do so would be to render all the negotiations toward building it at all void and useless, the country press is alarmed on this account for the safety of the scheme for building the line from Memphis to Columbus. The Aberdeen *Examiner* says: "Up to Thursday last Memphis had subscribed but $1000 of the $2000 asked from her as her quota toward defraying the cost of the preliminary survey of the so-called Memphis, Oxford and Columbus railroad. This does not look as though the suggestion of the scheme had fired the Memphian heart to any extraordinary extent. Aberdeen raised more than that by voluntary subscription to pay for the surveys of the Aberdeen and Elyton—Birmingham—railroad at a time when almost the only reports of the mineral wealth of that region that had been given to the public were through the columns of this paper, in its editorials and the able communications of the president of that organization, Maj. W. J. Sykes, now of Tennessee.

"By the way, Judge Orr in his Memphis speech last week said that if given any assurance of the early completion of the Memphis, Selma and Brunswick road, he would abandon the new scheme. We think that the completion of the gap between Holly Springs and Memphis, which is certain to occur before spring, assures the building of the through line at an early day, as far as Aberdeen at least, on the old line, though it may strike out for Birmingham direct from here unless it can purchase the Columbus, Fayette and Decatur road or sell out to the Georgia Pacific."

YOM KIPPUR.

Interesting Services at the Jewish Temple Sunday and Yesterday.

Text of an Interesting Sermon by the Rabbi M. Samfield.

The services in the Jewish Temple Sunday evening—Yom Kippur—which began at 7 o'clock and continued until 10:30, were of a highly interesting character. The congregation was one of the largest which has assembled in the new Temple since its dedication. Besides those of the faith there were many present from other churches and a number drawn thither by the broad and liberal teachings of the eloquent young rabbi, Dr. Samfield.

The musical portion of the service, which was one of its principal features, was very fine. The choir, one of the best in the city, had been engaged for some time in careful preparation, and their execution of the many difficult numbers of the programme was superb. Prof. Winkler presided at the organ and was assisted by the following singers: Misses Minnie Hunter, Sallie Woodward and P. Rosenthal, soprano; Mesdames Hawks and Danziger, alto; Messrs. Hiapolle and Peterson, tenors, and Mr. A. Reis, basso. Rabbi Samfield's sermon was peculiarly appropriate. His theme was the fear of death and its relation to revealed religion, past and present. Birth and death, he said, were universal. "The former is an occasion of feasting, rejoicing and congratulation. The glad tidings are whispered by smiling lips and joy beams upon the faces of the family circle. The other is the signal for sorrow, eyes red with weeping and overloaded with grief. The somber shade of mourning covers all like a pall. And why should this distinction be made? Hope blighted, like a cloud, obscures the sunlight of happiness. Philosophy, if we would reason, teaches us that death is rather to be courted than dreaded, because it is a relief from all the bitterness of life. And yet the philosophers bring no consolation. Gather all the choicest gems they have let fall, put them into the mouth of the most eloquent of living preachers, let him stand by the open grave with the kindred of the dead about him, and when he has finished sorrow remains. To primitive man to die was to sleep. Death had no terrors for him. But as civilization advanced new wants, new vocations arose. Men insinuated to him that perhaps if he went to this sleep with so little care for his waking, he might be overtaken by a horrible nightmare. The Christians are responsible for the awful terrors with which death is now invested. Their feeling was reflected by Dante and by Milton, and as they were themselves the most great of Christians they must have known to what extent it existed. The Christians have the Savior, but a belief in His power to save does not take away this dread or dry the weeping eyes. A Christian minister would do all in his power to console you; his mission and his feelings are much the same as mine. But the Jewish religion teaches us things which give reason for an awful fear of death or for inconsolable grief. Your ancestors, when they died, 'were gathered to their fathers;' beyond this nothing is revealed. We do as well as we can on earth and leave the rest with Jehovah, the Father and the Protector of all men. To 'honor the dead' is enjoined upon us, but with the sickly sentiment alone which borrows anguish and terror and dread from speculation about those things which God has not revealed to us we have nothing to do."

Rabbi Samfield in conclusion read the following list of the names of those of his congregation who died during the year: Esther Levy, Ross Blum, David Dreyfus, Samuel Levy, Sarah Simon, Arthur Froehlich, Jacob Sartorius, Abraham Isaacs, Moses Seelig, Hanrah Menko, Rebecca Behr, Henry Cohn, Ernestine Rosenstein, Samuel Lowenstein, Josephine Menko, Jacob Cohn, Ignatz Kuranda, Solomon Piessner, Hirsch Fassel and Judah Benjamin.

RAILROAD DISASTER.

Two Men Killed and Several Dangerously Wounded.

GRAFTON, W. VA., September 29.—Passenger-train No. 4 and freight-train No. 89 came in collision one mile west of Farmington, caused by the freight train running on the passenger train's time. Conductor Tom Turley and Fireman Cornelius O'Connel, of train 89, were killed. Engineer G. Leonard, of 89, and Fireman D. W. Boyd, seriously injured. Engineer John Smith, Postal Clerks S. S. Sapp and J. F. Adams, and a lady passenger named Mrs. D. Wild were slightly injured. Both engines and four freight cars were considerably damaged.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BUY your Shirts at May's.

BUY try pure sure Hope Soap.

GIVE your children Smith's Worm Oil.

STUDY shorthand, 44 North Court street.

SEE Brainerd & Armstrong's "waste" embroidery advertisement.

HAVE your pants made at Hexter's, 214 Main street, and save 25 per cent.

For dyspepsia or antidote to tobacco chewing, use Valentino's peerless sweetgum.

THE company that opened at the People's Theater last night was first-class, and worthy of patronage by our best citizens.

THE finest mayonaise dressing for all kinds of salads, cold meats, raw tomatoes, pickled salmon, cabbage, etc., is Durkee's Salad Dressing. It is, besides, more economical than home-made.

THE Herbal Chill Cure, the best tonic and anti-periodic known. A certain and sure cure for chills. Price $1 per bottle. Send stamp for circulars. Any reference given. Address John G. Rucker, Lynchburg, Va.

DO NOT go to the country without a bottle of **Augustura Bitters** to flavor your cocktails and toddies, and keep your digestive organs in order. Be sure it is the genuine **Angostura** of world-wide fame, and manufactured only by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

J. W. X. BROWNE has a fine show-room especially arranged for gas fixtures, and has on hand a very large stock of the latest designs, which are furnished and put up here at factory prices. All are invited to inspect the stock. No. 254 Second street, opposite North Court street.

MRS. M. PEKOROSKY, the fashionable modiste of South street, has returned to the city and refitted and renovated her handsome parlors, No. 146 South street, where she would be pleased to have her lady customers call.

SPLENDID opportunity is offered for the purchase of a magnificent plantation in Tunica county, Miss., about forty miles south of Memphis, four miles from the river. It is known as the Fizer & Folkes place, contains 2880 acres, of which 850 have been in cultivation. There are fine stables, ginhouses and residence, together with necessary cabins. The New Orleans railroad runs for two miles through the place. There is a large quantity of black walnut and white oak, and some ash and cypress lumber on these lands, which can be easily marketed either by river or rail. See advertisement in another column.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE STAR ROUTES.

Report of the House Committee Which Investigated the Recent Prosecutions.

A New Order Relating to Delinquent Postmasters Which Is Likely to Cause

Trouble in Some Quarters—Suits to Recover Stolen Moneys—Indian Schools.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Issue of silver dollars for the week ended September 19th, 455,836; for the corresponding period last year, 571,469.

Portraits of the Wives of the Presidents.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Portraits of the wives of Presidents Tyler and Polk were hung in the green-room of the White House to-day.

Colored Masons.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—The colored Masons of this city celebrated to-day, under the direction of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia, the one hundredth anniversary of the fundation of the first lodge of colored Masons. The celebration included a street parade of several lodges, appropriate exercises, consisting of speeches and reading of a copy of the original warrant for establishment of the first lodge, and a banquet.

Suits to Recover Stolen Moneys.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Suit on a Star-route contract was filed to-day by the District attorney to recover $11,900, with interest from September 15, 1880, from A. H. Brown, who was contractor on the route from Fort Gaines to Lake Bend, Ld. It is charged that Brown obtained the sum sued for by fraud. The District attorney also entered suit to recover $12,000 for sureties on the bond of Howgate, late disbursing officer of the United States Signal Corps.

Delinquent Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Chief-Inspector Sharpe, of the Postoffice Department, has issued a general order to all inspectors directing them in cases where a deficiency is found to exist in the accounts of a postoffice to arrest the postmaster and immediately begin legal proceedings against him through the district attorney. The practice heretofore has been to allow delinquent postmasters to supply the deficiency, if for small amounts, from their personal means.

Indian Schools.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Estimates submitted by Inspector Haworth to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs make the following allowances for the maintenance of Indian schools for the next fiscal year: Forest Grove school, Oregon, $36,500; Genoa, Neb., $31,750; Lawrence, Ks., $22,250; Hampton, Va., $25,250; Carlisle, Pa., $101,000; Chilocco, Ind. Ter., $36,125; Alaska, $25,000; schools in the States and Territories, $116,900; transportation, $20,000; general educational purposes, buildings, etc., $790,950; construction and repairs, $75,000.

The Star-Route Cases.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—The Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, which during the last session of Congress investigated the Star-route prosecutions, has completed its report for submission to the House on reassembling. The report is signed by Messrs. Springer, chairman; Van Alayne, Hemphill, Fyan and Crisp, Democrats, and Townsend, Republican. It details at length the history of the Star-route frauds from Hayes's administration down to the time of the commencement of the suits, and declares that the frauds upon the service could not have been committed without the knowledge, cooperation and assistance of Thomas J. Brady, and that not only the contractors, but many other persons in high official position in the government were either criminally conniving at the frauds or guilty participants therein. It gives a detailed history of the work of the committee, and concludes as follows: "Upon the conflicting evidence in the testimony, and many contradictions will be found wholly irreconcilable upon any other theory than that of willful perjury. It is insufficient, however, for the purpose of this investigation to state that while the evidence against the Star-route contractors and public officials was strong and conclusive as to their guilt, and that the goverment was defrauded out of large sums of money, and that large sums were also expended to secure indictments and convictions, yet no person was convicted or punished and no civil suits have as yet been instituted to recover the vast sums illegally and fraudulently obtained from the public Treasury."

DIED.

FAINE—At 12:30 o'clock Tuesday, September 30, 1884, at his residence, No. 260 Wellington street, J. J. Faine.

Due notice will be given of his funeral.

CARPENTER—At 96 Hernando street, Monday evening, September 29, 1884, at 4 o'clock, Mrs. MARY S. CARPENTER, wife of August Carpenter, aged eighteen years.

The funeral will take place from 96 Hernando street this (TUESDAY) afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Friends of the family invited to attend.

SHELBY—On Monday, Sept. 29, 1884, at 5:30 p.m., at the Mission Home, JOHN GRAY, youngest son of J. M. Shelby, aged three years and eleven days.

HOSKINS—In this city, Monday, Sept. 29, 1884, at 11 o'clock p.m., WILLIAM O. HOSKINS, aged sixty-five years.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral, from the family residence, 296 Manassas street, this (TUESDAY) afternoon at 4 o'clock.

SOUTH MEMPHIS LODGE No. 118, F. and A.M.—Will meet in special communication this (TUESDAY) evening, Sept. 30th, at 8 o'clock, for work in the Master Mason's degree. All M. M.'s in good standing are fraternally invited. By order C. L. LOOP, W. M.
ALEX ALLISON, Sec'y.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN CARPETS, ETC.

I AM RECEIVING ON CONSIGNMENT, AND will open for inspection and sale, on WEDNESDAY, September 10th,
100 Rolls Stinsons and Roxbury Tapes,
50 Rolls Extra-Super Ingrains,
100 R