THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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THE races are over, but the baseballists still linger with us.

THE particulars of Riel's capture will be found on the fourth page.

THIS issue of the APPEAL comprises six pages. See that you get them.

GENERAL GRANT'S memoirs will have an immense sale in the North and Northwest.

A CONTINUATION of the review of the Revised Old Testament will be found on the fourth page.

POOR RIEL's second rebellion was a brief affair. Last week he had Canada paralyzed, now Canada has him in the same fix.

COL. BILL MORRISON, one of the truest and best Democrats in the country, is for the present out of the Senatorial race in Illinois.

THE letter by telegraph from London is good reading for the gossips. It smirches and befouls even the best and most sacred reputations.

MIDDLETON and his braves are sure of an ovation at Montreal and Toronto, where his wordy and windy dispatches created a great sensation.

THE Agricultural Society of South Carolina is preparing to celebrate its centennial anniversary by making an ex[illegible] next fall of the State's resources.

THE Legislature, "Correspondent" is assured, will be confined to a consideration of the pleuro-pneumonia, assessment and appropriation bills. It will assemble on the 28th instant.

MR. RANDALL will be of greater service to the administration as chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and on the floor of the House, than he would be as Speaker; therefore he will not be a candidate.

IF what Count Vassali says is true, the Queen of England ought to subscribe for the New York *Police Gazette* and the *Day's Doings*. Their blood-and-thunder stories are illustrated, and their pages reek with nasty details.

THE London letter by telegraph, that has for some weeks been a feature of the Associated Press reports on Sunday, is this morning especially interesting. It reviews the political and social position in Europe fully and thoroughly, and omits nothing in the least degree interesting.

THERE are forty-five papers in Mississippi for Lowry's re-election; five for Featherstone's nomination for Governor by the Democratic State Convention; three for Walker, and one for Pat Darden. About twenty papers have expressed no preference, ten not which, however, are opposed to Lowry.

THE West Tennessee Insane Asylum Commissioners cannot do better than locate the buildings of the proposed institution in Memphis. The existence of our medical school, of our city and county hospitals, and the Federal Marine Hospital are all so many arguments in favor of this suggestion.

COUNT VASSALI, as will be seen from our dispatches elsewhere, has devoted himself with the conscientiousness of a real newspaper to gathering the gossip of London touching people in high places from the Queen, who he says, is overfond of *Newgate Calendar* news, and Gladstone, who has a weakness for Miss Langtry, down to Dike, who has a female tit-bit he indulges on the sly, thus consulting the conveniences.

SOME facts, given by the Boston *Advertiser*, raises grave questions of what is to become of more than one-third of the Massachusetts towns. Of the 345 at the last census, 143 were losing in population. A correspondent informs the *Advertiser* that they have just shut up the school-house of his boyhood because there were only six pupils, and two of these were from outside the district, where he in his boyhood days was one of the noisy crowd of fifty or sixty.

THE Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that "mere moral obliquity of perception" should not protect a person from punishment for a deliberate act, and that "moral insanity" is not a sufficient defence unless it be shown that it is potent enough to "subjugate the intellect, control the will, and render it impossible to do otherwise than yield." In other words, a man may labor under delusion, hallucination, or partial insanity, yet if he understands the nature of his act and knows that it is wrong, he must be held responsible.

THE war cloud has been again dispelled. England has notified Russia that she would regard a movement or threat of movement on Herat as furnishing occasion for a declaration of war, and Russia has responded to this that she has no designs upon Herat, therefore there will not be any war just now. In the meantime it is well to bear in mind that the Czar has honored Gen. Komaroff for getting so near to Herat as Penjdeh is, and that plainly gives the lie to thoseatement that Russia does not menace or want Herat.

BROTHER JONES, if he has not converted Nashville—a feat perhaps beyond even his great powers as a revivalist—has captured it. The *Union* admits that in "less than one week he has brought all the churches together and for the time, at least, made the preachers forget their creeds; he has made bankers and merchants and lawyers and doctors talk religion; the infidels and atheists have retired. He has so impressed the value of a good life on the community that the moral tone of public sentiment and business life has been stimulated. The foibles of women and the faults of men have been spread out so that no one can go round them. The good wife, the kind husband, the loving children and the Christian neighbor have been held up as one would hold up and show a grand painting."

EX-GOV. GILBERT WALKER, who died of consumption in New York City on Monday, was a Union soldier during the war and rose to the rank of brigadier-general. He was a native of Binghamton, N. Y. For several years he was a partner of Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, now of Brooklyn, in the law firm of Warner, Tracy & Walker, at Owego, Tioga county, N. Y. Then he removed to Chicago, where he practiced his profession. He removed to Virginia in 1865, at the close of the war, and settled in Norfolk, where he established the law firm of Chandler & Walker, and later the National Exchange Bank of Norfolk, of which he was elected president. While filling this position he was nominated for and elected Governor of Virginia in 1869, and served four years—from January 1, 1870, to January 1, 1874. He was subsequently elected to Congress from the Third (Metropolitan) District for two terms by the Democrats. When his second term expired he removed to New York and entered upon the practice of law.

THE LONDON LETTER

The Quarrel in the British Cabinet Over the Irish Crimes Act—The Parnellites

Indignant Over What They Consider a Breach of Faith—The Dublin Archbishopric.

Scandalous Attacks on the Private Character of Gladstone and Members of His Cabinet.

The Premier's Alleged Fondness for Women—The Prince of Wales and the Fair Sex.

The Relations Between England and Russia—The Agreement Generally Regarded as Final.

LONDON, May 16.—The Cabinet over the advisability of renewing the quarrel in the Irish crimes act come to a head this evening. A minority of the Ministers, headed by the Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, chairman of the Board of Trade, advocated the abandonment of the act. This minority was finally overborne, and the government have decided to propose a renewal for two years of the act in a modified form. The Parnellites are this evening indignant at the government for this decision. They have privately warned the Ministers that the effect of any attempt to renew the act, even in a greatly mitigated form, will be the throwing of the influence of the home-rule vote on the English constituencies with the opposition. Considerable arrangements have been made to bring the Parliamentary session to a close at the middle of the coming July at the farthest. In all likelihood this intention will be thwarted by the determination of Mr. Parnell's followers to resist the passage of the renewal bill. Mr. Parnell is a master of parliamentary tactics, and if the renewal bill be objectionable to his party, there can be no doubt that he will so obstruct its passage as to prolong the session uncomfortably. He may be able to extend the session for several weeks, and then tire out the government.

THE DUBLIN ARCHBISHOPRIC.

There is another course of estrangement between the Parnellites and Ministerialists, and this is the interference of the government, through Mr. Errington, the special British agent at the Vatican, in the appointment of a Catholic archbishop for the diocese of Dublin to succeed the late Cardinal McCabe. The home-rulers desire Dr. Walsh, of Maynooth College. He is eminently worthy to succeed the late cardinal in the principal See in Ireland, and besides has national sympathies, besides the Catholic clerical conclave which met in Dublin to elect nominees for the place, elected Dr. Walsh as first choice of the three candidates. *United Ireland*, the organ of Mr. Parnell, who is himself an Episcopalian, speaks with the voice of the whole Irish party, when it laments the success Errington has achieved with the Holy Father, and says the rejection by the Vatican, through Mr. Errington's influence, of Dr. Walsh's name and the substitution of that of Mr. Moran is a blow struck at the independence of the Irish episcopacy and of Irish clerical rights. "The prayers and longings of the Irish prelates, priests and people seem," says *United Ireland*, "unavailing at Rome against the secret machinery of the English government." Mr. Gladstone's promises to give Ireland certain schemes for the extension of local self-government and to facilitate land purchases in Ireland have failed to office Irish opposition to his policy concerning the Irish crimes act. They will accept nothing short of an abandonment of the whole crimes bill.

POLITICAL STRENGTH OF THE WORKINGMEN.

The approach of the general election campaign is bringing forward an unexpected political strength amongst the British workingmen. The workingmen are concentrating everywhere upon labor candidates for Parliamentary seats. This is noticeable particularly in many of the larger boroughs, such, for instance, as Glasgow, Newcastle and other centers of manufacturing industries. The workingmen in these places are actively engaged in the work of raising subscriptions for the purpose of sending workingmen to Parliament. There can hardly be a doubt that the reasons why there are at present so few representatives of the poor men in the British Parliament to-day lies in the fact that no man without a secured livelihood can afford to accept an unsalaried Parliamentary seat, and few labor constituencies can afford to furnish salaries by subscription. If the members were to-day salaried like American Congressmen the House of Commons would soon be revolutionized in its character. Mr. Joseph Arch, the agricultural laborer's candidate, has consented to contest the constituency of West Norfolk, and is supported in his determination by the Liberal leaders. There is a movement organized in parallel lines to raise a number of workmen to the magisterial bench in Lancashire and Yorkshire, and several members of trades associations have already been offered magisterial appointments.

MR. GLADSTONE'S WEAKNESS FOR WOMEN.

Parliamentary circles are greatly excited over the attacks on the private character of Mr. Gladstone, Sir Charles Dilke, Colonial Secretary, and the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of War, made in the letter sent to the *Nouvelle Revue* by Count Paul Vassali. Advance sheets of the letters have been supplied to a number of the English papers, and the count's letters give a number of scandals against the three gentlemen named. Some of these scandals are old, but many of them are new. It will, perhaps, be news to most American readers that Mr. Gladstone is vulnerable to gossip, especially to gossip concerning women. But Count Paul Vassali refers circumstantially to the Premier as having been engaged in a not very creditable intrigue with a loving woman described as "Laura B," who is known to many, and who is described in the count's letter as a woman who has contracted some very respectable debts in Paris society, "the only thing about her," says Vassili, "which can be called respectable." The count, in that part of his literature in which he associated the name of the British Premier with that of Laura B., declares that the beauty named had occasion to send her portrait to her old admirer, and Mrs. Gladstone, who jealously watches over the whims and fancies of her husband, sent the portrait back." Continuing the same subject Count Paul Vassili says: "Among other things, I cannot tell you whether 'the grand old man,' with Mrs Langtry, have ever sleeped beyond the bounds of a certain sentimentalism, but I can tell you that he has not ceased to pay his court to women. He has a passion for *bel et doux*, and even from his seat in Parliament he sends notes to one of his beautiful assistants, which often handed to discreet messengers, under the eyes of Mr Gladstone are suppressed." Commenting upon the rumors about Mr. Gladstone's alleged relations with Mme. Novikoff, the editor of the *Nouvelle Revue*, which is publishing Count Vassili's letters, declares as a friend of the lady, that the reports are false. He adds, however, that he cannot affirm that a woman of such intelligence as that possessed by Mme. Novikoff is not flattered by the sentiments with which she inspires Mr. Gladstone, but he denies that she has ever responded even with a shadow of flirtation.

LORD HARTINGTON'S FLAME.

Count Paul Vassili refers to Lord Hartington's alleged long connection with a celebrated duchess. The count says the marquis does not attempt to please any other woman. "She governs him entirely," the count says, "and is discreet enough to respect the proprieties of society which, thankful for this concession, closes its eyes."

GLOWS WITH A GENTLE FLAME.

Equally unscrupulous is Vassili's reference to Sir Charles Dilke. "An advocate of cremation," the count says, "he had his young wife cremated, and another woman alive makes him glow with a gentle flame. Fair, intelligent, distinguished, the friend of Sir Charles is still not as grand a lady as the friend of the Marquis of Hartington, but she still takes him away from the vulgar life. Being married, she will break the ties which enchain her to share a life which she has conquered."

Count Vassili relates no scandals about the Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, president of the Board of Trade. Count Vassili's style is bright and entertaining. He convinces his readers that he knows what he is writing about, and he exercises a remarkable talent of telling by suggestion a great deal more than he appears desirous to make known. This second letter is principally about the English royal court.

A TERRESTRIAL PURGATORY.

Concerning the court itself, Count Vassili says: "The very air about the royal residence is filled with envy, hatred and malice. The 931 persons attached to the court are all in a terrestrial purgatory. Those immediately attached to the Queen are the greatest sufferers. Nothing can be compared to the bondage of the chief lady-in-waiting. She must sacrifice her habits, her personal taste and even her opinions. Alas, for her, if she happens to be a better musician or more skillful draughtswoman than the Queen. A mere observation of some kind, Count Paul has this to say of her majesty: 'The Queen's favorite topics of conversation are somber, lugubrious!' Fearful maladies, shocking deaths, funerals, everything belonging to the dominion of the horrible, here [illegible] her majesty adores, and good-relishing stories about murders, executions and suicides. Thus a young American lady who one day during dinner described graphically the suffering and death of President Garfield, became at once a favorite of the Queen, who made the young lady her guest for three weeks."

THE PRINCE OF WALES

comes into Count Vassili's letter for a great deal of space. In one paragraph about a prominent characteristic of his royal highness, the author has the following: "The Prince of Wales' graciousness toward pretty women amounts to weakness. His mother's court is the gayest court in Europe. The Prince himself allows his fair friends any familiarity which they may choose to take, and he often overlooks very striking liberties. His incomparable tact helps him to get out of the most delicate positions. The Prince knows how to remain the grand signeur amid all the roguishness of pretty woman." It is rumored that steps will be taken to suppress the publication of Count Vassili's letters in the English papers.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN TREATY.

A dispatch from Madrid announces that Mr. Foster, the American Minister to Spain, arrived at the Spanish capital yesterday to renew negotiations for the completion of a commercial treaty between Spain and the United States. The political coalition between the Liberal Spanish Republicans and the dynastic Liberals has been dissolved, owing to the retirement from it of the dynastic Liberals through fear that the alliance might bring about the success of the Republicans. Senor Castellar, the Republican leader, has called a convention of delegates of the Republican section of the Liberal party to form a platform or basis for the future action of the independent Liberals. The rupture of the coalition has emboldened the Spanish conservatives, who no longer question the prospect of a change in the Spanish Ministry.

FROM ST. PETERSBURG

come the news that the Russian government has decided upon Russianizing the German provinces along the Baltic. To accomplish this the Czar has issued a ukase that hereafter the Russian language shall be taught in all schools in these provinces, and shall entirely replace the German language in those schools wherein heretofore it has been taught. A similar edict has been issued in Warsaw in the official journal. This edict makes the Russian language the sole language to be taught in all the elementary schools throughout Russian Poland. It announces that as soon as the Anglo-Russian difficulty is adjusted the Czarina will visit the Princess of Wales in London. The Duke of Edinburgh will succeed Admiral Sir John Hay in the command of the British fleet in the Mediterranean, if peace is definitely secured. The Prince George of Wales is to be appointed a lieutenant on his uncle's flagship.

MR. PARNELL,

since his marriage, has taken to keeping a carriage, and he now resides in a fine villa at Beechburth and receives but a few of his old friends.

THE PENIAN EX-HEAD CENTER.

Admirers of Mr. James Stephens, ex-head center of the Fenians, are urging him to return to Ireland and take part in Irish politics. He will be made the recipient of a competency raised for him by public donations. The intention of his friends is to render him as independent, financially, that he can afford to practically defy the government.

THE REVISED OLD TESTAMENT.

The rush for press and authentic copies of the revised Old Testament is unprecedented in England. The *Pall Mall Gazette* states this evening that the London correspondent of a great New York newspaper offered $50 for simply a sight of an advance copy of the Revised Old Testament at one of the University publishing houses. The offer was having the printing in charge somewhat obdurate in refusing to accede to the correspondent's obstinate request. The correspondent, the *Gazette* says, was authorized by his paper to spend $250 in telegraphing the main features of the new version. The first orders for the issue of the revision amounts to over 1,000,000 copies.

THE PARISIAN THEATRICAL SEASON

now closing has not been propitious. The deficit at the Grand Opera-house will amount to $30,000. At the Opera Comique there has been a profit during the entire season amounting to just $20. The Odeon has made a deficit which is said to be very great. "*Denise*" was the only success produced during the season at the Theatre Francaise.

Dion Boucicault's new play "*Gilt*" has been given a series of private performances at a minor theatre in London for the purpose of securing an English copyright. The critics pronounce the play a poor rehash of former dramas by Boucicault.

Marion Terry, it is now understood, lost every shilling of his savings by the recent failure of the defaulting stock-broker, Goldschmid.

The Young Tramp is the title of Willis's new drama, which has been bought by Mrs. Langtry.

The Shaughraun, the last work of Henry Byron, deceased, was produced to-day at Toole's Theater. It achieved partial success.

THE FRENCH IN CHINA.

A dispatch from Paris this evening states that Gen. Brierre De Lisle telegraphs, under to-day's date, from Hanoi, as follows: "Chinese emissaries state that the evacuation of Thuyanquam is now actively proceeding. The rebels are arriving at the out camp and tendering submission."

REACHED A SETTLEMENT.

The British government to-day issued diplomatic papers which state that her majesty's government will be compelled to regard as a hostile act any movement by Russia toward Herat. On the other hand, it is announced that Russia has spontaneously disclaimed any menacing intentions toward Herat. The British government is, therefore, favorably inclined to consider that the question at issue between England and Russia has reached a settlement satisfactory to both countries. The documents submitted to Parliament to-day covering the Anglo Russian dispute up to the time of the Penjdeh incident, tend to show agreement on the part of the Russian government upon the Ameer's territory, of which Herat is the salient point.

DRAW POKER is much dearer than a draw at an Opera Puff Cigarette 5 cents for 10.

Shot by Her Husband.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 16.—Gertrude Seibert, living at 2337 McNair avenue, was shot and killed mysteriously at an early hour this morning while in bed. Her husband was arrested on suspicion, but he claims that his wife shot herself accidentally. Her life was insured for $5,000. The neighbors say the couple lived very happily together.

OPERA PUFF CIGARETTES are now sold at the popular price 5 cents for 10; 10 cents for 20.

Gen. Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Gen. Grant did not sleep till late last night, being somewhat restless with pain, but he slept until 9 or 10 o'clock this morning. When dressed he said he felt brighter and better. Col. Grant said he should, if possible, prevent his father from working on his book to-day, though he seemed better, as the work is virtually finished.

SALVATION OIL is the greatest pain destroyer of any age or clime. For the cure of neuralgia, rheumatism and wounds occasioned by accidents, such as cuts, bruises, sprains, burns and frost-bites it has no equal. Price only twenty-five cents a bottle.

LOUISVILLE RACES.

A Large Attendance and Interesting Sport at the Third Day of the Spring Meeting.

The Kentucky Oaks, for Three-Year-Old Fillies, Won by Lizzie Dwyer in 2:40¾, and

The Fairview Stakes, for Two Year Olds, Results in a Dead Heat Between Katrina and Hattie D. H.

LOUISVILLE, May 16.—The third day's racing of the Louisville Jockey Club was well attended. The weather was fair and the sport interesting, the track being in excellent condition.

FIRST RACE.

In the first race the Fairview Stake, for two-year-old fillies, three-quarters of a mile, hotella, Eastlake, Bordelaise, Alfaretta, Juliet, Pure Rye, Hattie D. H., Kalooian, Prima Donna, Katrina, May Lady and Red Girl, each carrying 107 pounds, started. A miserable start was made, and Hattie D. H. and Katrina ran a dead heat for first place, Alfaretta second. Time—1:18.

Pari Mutuals—Katrina, place, $34; Hattie D. H., place, $33.

SECOND RACE.

Young Crowley, 89 pounds; Kenan, 85 pounds; Belle B., 110 pounds; Actor, 95 pounds; Glendon, 89 pounds; Roger Eastman 89 pounds; King Troubler, 95 pounds, and Boreas, 105 pounds, ran a poor race in the selling purse, mile dash. Boreas claimed a foul at the finish, but Belle B was given the race; Boreas second, King Troubler third. Time—1:44¾.

Mutuals—Belle B., straight, $20; place, $80; Boreas, place, $8 90.

THIRD RACE.

The Kentucky Oaks, for three-year-old fillies, one and a half miles, brought out Ida Hope, Lizzie Dwyer, Eileen, Constellation and Exile. Eileen set the pace and ran far in the lead to the home-stretch. Here she quit, Lizzie Dwyer running in easily; Constellation second, Exile third. Time—2:40¾. Ida Hope broke a blood-vessel at the half-mile post and broke down, coming in covered with blood.

Mutuals—Lizzie Dwyer, straight, $20; place, $8 50; Constellation, $164 30.

FOURTH RACE.

The fourth race, $400 purse, $100 to second, one and one-fourth miles, had seven starters, Leman, 119 pounds; Troubadour 102 pounds; Buchanan, [illegible] pounds; Bob Miles, 118 pounds; Lepanto, 97 pounds; Tambourine, 103 pounds; Sovereign Pat, 119 pounds; Revoke, 119 pounds, and Vintage Times, 103 pounds. Troubadour and Buchanan made a rush for the first place, but the former won handily; Buchanan, second; Lepanto, third. Time—2:08¼.

Mutuals—Troubadour, $8 40; place, $6 40; Buchanan, $8.

FIFTH RACE.

The fifth race, selling purse, horses to be sold, one mile dash, with Embargo, 170 pounds; Springer, 95 pounds; Little Rufus, 112 pounds; Diamond, 93 pounds; Mary Hamilton, 90 pounds; Pell-whipsy, 109 pounds; Ultimatum, 108 pounds; John Henry, 117 pounds; Banana, 87 pound, as starters, was won by Banana; Mary Hamilton second, Ultimatum third. Time 1:48¾.

Mutuals—Banana, straight, $18 40; place, $13 10; Mary Hamilton, place, $44 60.

THE DYNAMITERS' TRIAL.

The Case Adjourned to Monday—Addresses of Counsel.

LONDON, May 16.—On the resumption of the trial of Cunningham and Burton this morning Mr. Richards, counsel for Cunningham, began his address to the jury. He concluded that he witnesses who had testified that Cunningham was one of the three men traveling in the guards' brake, from whence the dynamite bomb was thrown which caused the explosion on the underground railway, on the night of January 24, near Gower street, were mistaken in their identity of the men. Mr. Richards declared that his client was totally ignorant in regard to the detonator found in the brown trunk and, in fact, knew nothing of the working of a detonator.

The attorney-general, in his reply, said Burton's statement was only after hearing the evidence, making a conspiracy palpable.

On the conclusion of the attorney-general's remarks the case was adjourned till Monday.

Mr. Richards, in his argument for the defense, insisted that it was highly improbable that Cunningham would stand by when his trunk was being first searched by the police without making some effort to secure the detonator if it had been there in the trunk, and that it was equally improbable that the police were so negligent as not to find this detonator if it had been in the trunk either in that search or in a second one, and not until they subsequently searched the same trunk a third time.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Adjournment of the Supreme Lodge to Monday—Steamboat Excursion.

ST. LOUIS, May 16.—The Supreme Lodge of Knights of Honor resumed their sessions to-day and continued the discussion of the law as to the Supreme Lodge original jurisdiction in all cases of offense against that body. After considerable debate and the adoption of several amendments to the substitute mentioned in these dispatches last night, the law was perfected and passed. The lodge then adjourned till Monday, and the delegates went on a pleasure excursion down the river on two steamers this afternoon.

ON AND OFF 'CHANGE.

RAIN needed.

SALES of cotton, 600 bales.

THE new moon indicates rain.

COTTON is steady in New York.

COTTON closed ⅛c higher in Chicago.

COTTON quiet and steady, middling 10⅛c.

IMPORTS and exports were light yesterday.

MEMPHIS got it in the neck at New Orleans.

CORN and wheat closed lower in St. Louis.

WARM sunshine tempered with pleasant breezes.

COTTON closed dull and 1-16d lower in Liverpool.

PROVISIONS were quiet and unchanged in St. Louis.

MAY cotton closed firm and unchanged in Liverpool.

FUTURE cotton closed 6 to 8 points higher in New York.

WHEAT was ½@¾c higher at the close in Chicago yesterday.

COAL imports yesterday, 11,500 bushels; exports, 9687 bushels.

COTTON receipts yesterday 88 bales, against 78 bales last Saturday.

THE Confederate decoration ceremonies kept many away from the Exchange.

THE Union Stock Yard and Fertilizer Company reports receipts of 3 car-loads of cattle.

OFFERS of ten to one on the Chicks were declined all day yesterday, and the offerer is happy.

ST. LOUIS reports by telegraph yesterday indicated little or no change in breadstuffs and produce.

R. A. SPICER, Bartlett; S. Daltroff, Wittenburg; A. W. Fisher, Covington, visited the Cotton Exchange.

LOUIS GOLDSMITH, of the Manhattan Bank, has returned from his summer voyage around the world.

THE Grain Elevator reported in store yesterday 41,856 bushels and 2514 sacks of corn, and 149 sacks of oats.

RECEIPTS of cotton at the ports yesterday 1411 bales, against 850 bales same day last year, and 4361 bales the year before.

CORN started business fractionally higher in Chicago yesterday morning. Wheat was also up, but began easing off before noon.

WHEN CANNON's corn mills are running night and day, turning out 4000 barrels cornmeal a week, and not able to keep up with orders.

MESSRS. J. W. FULMER, chairman; W. W. Schoolfield, R. F. Patterson and G. T. Curtis were appointed by President W. J. Crawford, of the Cotton Exchange, as delegates to the National Commercial Convention to be held at Atlanta, Ga., May 19th, 20th and 21st.

PROVISIONS were firm and a shade higher for pork in Chicago all day yesterday. Lard sold higher all day, but closed with fractional declines.

THE Merchants' Exchange yesterday designated the following members as delegates to the National Commercial Convention at Atlanta: M. Gavin, chairman; M. E. Carter, James Phelan and E. L. Guthman.

THE Cotton Exchange Building Company adopted the code of by-laws recommended by the committee, and the election for permanent officers will be held at the Cotton Exchange rooms next Wednesday from 10 to 2 o'clock.

PERSONALS.

COL. JAMES ELDER was in New York last week.

HARRY E. COFFIN and wife are in New York.

WM. KATZENBERGER and wife are in New York.

MISS LOUISE ANDREWS is in New York and will not return until fall.

MR. JAMES REILLY, our ex-County Court clerk, was in New York last week.

MRS. M. J. ANDREWS is in New York and will remain there until September.

MISS LILLIE ECKERLY, of St. Louis, is in the city, on a visit to relatives and friends.

JOHN BRADLEY, of the Chancery clerk's office, returned home from New Orleans yesterday.

GEN. L. COLMAN left last afternoon with his bride for Sylvalia, Miss., on a visit to friends and relatives.

CHARLES S. DAVIS, of the *Tribune*, Junction City, Ks., was in the city yesterday, going to New Orleans.

F. H. DEMOS's latest work, a portrait in crayon, of Mr. J. C. Johnson, is on exhibition at Henochsburg's.

MISS LULU PENNINGTON, of Little Rock, is in the city, visiting her friend Miss Nannie E. Parks, 540 Shelby.

COL. WOFFORD and family have returned to the city after a pleasant visit to New Orleans and the World's Fair.

MISS CLAUDE COCKE has returned from New Orleans, where she spent a week with friends, visiting the World's Fair.

E. L. GOLDBAUM, of Zellner & Co., went straight through to New York without stopping on the way. Don't ask him why, or you will make him blush.

AMONG the arrivals from New Orleans yesterday were H. A. Montgomery, Wm. Gaw, Andrew Gaw and wife, Russell Godwin, John Polk and Julie Pollock and wife.

S. I. MCDOWELL, clerk and master of the Chancery Court, accompanied by his wife, left last night for Hurricane Springs, for the benefit of his health. He will be absent several weeks.

MR. J. S. MENKEN sailed on the steamer Servia, which left New York for Liverpool yesterday. Mr. Menken intends visiting all the principal cities of Europe, and will remain abroad for several months.

DR. J. H. LOWREY, a graduate of the Homœopathic Medical College, of Cincinnati, has permanently located in this city. He formerly resided at Center Point, Ia., and contemplated removing to Nebraska. On his way to New Orleans he stopped here to see his sister, Mrs. George Hook, and was so favorably impressed with the city that he concluded to remain. The following from the Cedar Rapids *Standard* explains itself: "Dr. J. H. Lowrey has decided to remove from Center Point, where he has been engaged in practice for a couple of years. He will settle in Columbus Neb., for which place he will depart about February 1st. The Doctor is a thorough and capable physician, and deserves the best of success." Dr. Lowrey's office is at 318 Main street.

REV. C. A. DISSMORE, of Lexington, (Ky.) University will preach morning and evening at the Christian church to-day. Originally he is from Dartmouth College, Mass. After leaving college he came west with a United States survey company, and while surveying here became acquainted with Rev. D. Sweeney, of the Christian church, and by him was converted from infidelity to Christianity. Dissmore saw his rich natural endowments and thorough education and personal outlook, and persuaded him to enter the ministry. And now, after two years in the ministry, he returns to preach to morrow for Dr. Sweeney, whom at present he is visiting. His many friends will give him a hearty welcome to-day, morning and evening, at the Christian church. He is said to be a natural born orator.

MISS HERON, of Miss Higbee's school, and her associate, Miss Hood, have leased Martin Female College, Pulaski, Tenn., and are making careful preparations for opening their school in September. The choice of location is certainly to be commended. Pulaski lies on the main line of travel North and South, is easily accessible from points East and West, and is in one of the finest and richest counties in Middle Tennessee. The college itself is among the most beautiful school properties of the State, and has, both with and without, ample and pleasant accommodations for eighty young ladies. Its large pleasure grounds, handsomely ornamented and shady walks and extensive galleries, furnish attractive inducements to outdoor exercise. A large endowment fund protects this institution against the fluctuations to which such schools are liable and preserves to it the opportunity of perseverance in a uniform line of work. These ladies bring to their undertaking a ripened experience, and will undoubtedly accomplish a fine work for girls. Each department is carefully provided for, a trained teacher presiding in just so. No care or expense will be spared to make this one of the first educational forces of the South.

A Skeleton.

It is unpleasant to have a skeleton in the family, although it is said such things are very common. But it is still more unpleasant to be a skeleton. And it is even worse to be a skeleton full of senna leaves. This is just what Mr. P. H. Car-on, of Santa Fe, Fla., says he was. But in writing about it he says: "Brown's Iron Bitters restored my health." Take the hint from his improvement. To put flesh on your bones, drive out neuralgia and invigorate your system, take Brown's Iron Bitters.

A Protest Against Georgia Bonds.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Henry Clews, banker and broker, has addressed a letter to the Chairman of the Committee on Admission of Securities on Stock Exchange, protesting against the listing of the new issue Georgia bonds. Clews has suffered to the extent of several million dollars by Georgia's bad faith in unwarrantably repudiating bonds which have as full right to an equal standing, as representing the credit of the State, as the new bonds, and he protests against the admission of any new securities until Georgia's repudiated bonds are recognized and provided for.

The King of Floor Cloths.

The new and artistic designs brought out this season in "Linoleum" will give this popular article an increased sale. It is the only floor covering combining in the highest degree the quality of elegance, comfort, elegance and economy. Inferior foreign imitations are on the market, but the superiority of the American make is beyond controversy. All carpet dealers keep it.

DR. BERNHARDT, the oculist and optician, will close his office at the Peabody Hotel May 30th. He can be consulted until that date.

Anybody Can Do It.

"He caught a cold." The slowest pedestrian, the most unskillful fisherman can catch a cold. A cold may make only a short week's visit, or it may take a notion to stay longer. In the latter case it selects a favorable location, and makes a home there. Then it becomes what we call a "settled" cold. First it is full of discomfort, next it is full of danger. How shall we dislodge one of these cold and rid our bodily house of it? Permit us to introduce the following good people who will say half a dozen words on this topic:

"For pain in the chest and lungs, resulting from cold, Benson's Capcine Plasters have afforded me the speediest relief."—F. Edward Cramer, "Bee Hive Store," Chicago.

"I caught a cold, had pains in my lungs, coughed all last winter (1882-3), used all kinds of cough syrups without benefit, was cured by Benson's Capcine Plasters."—John Burns, Kansas City, Mo.

"I say to my friends, 'If you have a cold in the chest as I had, use Benson's Capcine Plasters, and they will cure you as they cured me.'"—E. C. Stone, 846 West Jackson street, Chicago.

"A cold settled on my chest. One Benson's plaster cured me of this troublesome squatter."—A. Bodenlein, 120 Dearborn street, Chicago.

"I had a severe pain in my breast and side. Benson's Capcine Plaster gave quick and complete relief."—A. C. Warner, Kansas City, Mo.

"I used several Benson's plasters for pain in the back, caused by a severe cold. I pronounce them good. People who try Benson's plasters will never touch ointments again."—O. Zinn, 312 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Ask to see the Three Red Seals. Imitations of Benson's plasters are sold under similar names. When buying Benson's, examine the plaster yourself before it is wrapped up. The genuine has the Three Red Seals trade-mark on its face. Look for the Three Red Seals.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Special and Extraordinary Bargains This Week!

The readiness with which Ladies have made their purchases during the past week, and their outspoken admiration of our Goods, convinces us that our Prices and Styles cannot be matched elsewhere, and it will well repay those living in the city or country to call and see these Wonderful Bargains!

Silks.

100 Dress Patterns of Summer Silk, at 22½c a yard—formerly 50c.
30 pieces all Pure Silk Surah at 65c a yard—formerly $1 25—all leading Spring Shades.

Dress Goods Department.

150 pcs. Wool Dress Goods, worth three times the price, at 7½c, 10c and 15c.

White Embroidered Robes.

Put up in boxes, full quantity of material, and embroidery in each robe at $2 40, $3, $3 50 and $4. These are below anybody's prices.

Black Goods.

9c—Black All-Wool Bunting, 22 inch wide, 9c a yard—regular price 20c.
25c—46-inch Black Lace Striped Grenadine at 25c a yard; regular price 40c.

Hosiery.

75c—Ladies' Lisle Novelties in black and cream grounds, with broad, pure silk stripes, only 75c a pair; cheap at $1 25.
$1 25—Gent's Cotton Half-hose, full regular made pair and fancy—real English goods—at $1 25 for a box of 6 pairs.

Suit Department.

Ladies' all linen Dusters, 95c.
Ladies' Mohair Dusters, $1 60.
Imported Beaded Jerseys, $5; former price, $12.
Imported Novelty Jerseys, $5, former price, $12.
Misses' and Children's Jerseys, 75c.

Cassimeres.

50c—All-Wool Twilled Suitings, in Gray and Brown, for boys' wear, 50c a yard.
75c—All-Wool Cassimeres, Spring Styles, at 75c; good value at $1.

Buttons.

10c—100 gross half ball Pearl Buttons, at 10c a dozen. Well worth 25c.
10c—100 gross fancy metal Buttons, all shades, at 10c a dozen. Good value at 25c.

Nottingham Lace Curtains.

Reduced to $1 25 a pair from $1 75.
Reduced to $1 65 a pair from $2 50.
Reduced to $2 25 a pair from $4 00.
Reduced to $5 00 a pair from $6 75.
Reduced to $5 50 a pair from $6 75.
Reduced to $7 00 a pair from $8 50.

Sash Ribbons.

50c—Wide Ottoman, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, in the leading colorings, such as Cream, Pink, Cardinal and Blue—handsome goods, well worth $1 a yard—we offer them at 50c.

Shoe Department.

In our Shoe Department we are making a specialty of Newport, Button and Oxford Ties, French kid, finest quality, in widths from A to E last, at $3 75 per pair.

Sheeting and Domestic.

16½c—Two more cases of 10-4 Bleached Sheeting at 16½c; regular price, 22½c goods.
12½c—Special attention is invited to our No. 150 36-inch Cambric at 12½c a yard; well worth 20c a yard.

We have named prices above that, considering the quality of the goods, have never been equaled, and are far below the cost of manufacture.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

DIED.

CROWELL—In this city, Saturday, May 16, 1885, at the residence of her parents, No. 32 Poplar avenue, Ida, daughter of H. M. and Alice Crowell, aged twelve years.

Funeral from the residence this (SUNDAY) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited.

HARRE—At the residence of his parents, No. 30 Avery street, of consumption, CLIFTON HARRE, aged about twenty years, lacking a few days.

Funeral from residence this (SUNDAY) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

Apollinaris
NATURAL MINERAL WATER
"Issues from a spring deeply embedded in a rock, and is therefore of ABSOLUTE ORGANIC PURITY."
Oscar Liebreich,
Regius Professor, University of Berlin.
"The only water safe for the traveller to drink is a NATURAL MINERAL WATER."
Sir Henry Thompson, F.R.C.S. Lond. England.
ANNUAL SALE, 10 MILLIONS.
Of all Grocers, Druggists, & Min. Wat. Dealers.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

POOL ROOMS
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
The Memphis Driving Club
And Blood Horse Association,
No. 33 Monroe Street
Pools sold and Combination Books made on all Races run on all prominent tracks. Reports on events received by telegraph direct from Racing tracks.
No. 33 Monroe Street
In rear of Lenhrman's Terrace Garden.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

NOTICE.

THE adjourned meeting of the Woman's Christian association will be held